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# Corporate Information

### Chairman

Mr. Vivek Gupta (Non Executive & Independent Director)

# **Managing Director**

Mr. Ajay Kumar Swarup

# **Joint Managing Director**

Mr. Shekhar Swarup

# **Executive Directors**

Mr. Vijay Kumar Rekhi Mr. Manik Lal Dutta Dr. Bhaskar Roy

# **Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Richard Piliero.

# **Non-Executive & Independent Directors**

Mr. Sunil Chadha.

Mr. Santosh Kumar Bishwal

Mr. Kunal Agarwal Ms. Ruchika Bansal

# **Key Managerial Personnel**

Mr. Santosh Kumar Pattanayak : Company Secretary

Mr. Ajay Kumar Goyal : CFO

### **Auditors**

M/s Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants, 7th Floor, Building: 10, Tower B, DLF Cyber City Complex, DLF City Phase-II, Gurgaon-122002, Haryana

### Bankers

State Bank of India, HDFC Bank, Axis Bank, SVC Co-operative Bank, Standard Chartered Bank

# Registered office:

F-0, Ground Floor, The Mira Corporate Suites, Plot No.1&2, Ishwar Nagar, Mathura Road, New Delhi – 110065

# **Registrar & Share Transfer Agents**

Link Intime India Private Limited Noble Heights, 1st Floor, Plot No. N.H-2, LSC, C-1 Block, Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri, New Delhi-110058

**Stock Exchanges where** : 1) Bombay Stock Exchange **the Company is listed** : 2) National Stock Exchange

**Website** : www.globusspirits.com







# ENAbling Excellence

Through our commitment to performance we have been

.....ENAbling **Product excellence** by producing and using highest quality of "ENA" or Extra Neutral Alcohol

.....ENAbling **Marketing excellence** by pioneering branding at the bottom of the pyramid 'IMIL' market as well as creating innovative 'IMFL' brands

......ENAbling **Organizational excellence** achieved through our unique 360° business model, allowing for high capacity utilization

.....ENAbling **Manufacturing excellence** by establishing world-class, fully integrated, earth-friendly distilleries that produce reliable products at better efficiencies

# ENAbling Product Excellence

The Extra Neutral Alcohol that is fractioned in our multipressure columns assures higher purity than conventional re-distillation techniques thereby providing safer and better tasting beverages, In addition, stringent controls over the natural fermentation process ensures that every batch of ENA is ENAbling excellence, day after day.

In fact, we were the 1st company to use this high quality ENA for producing IMIL even before the Government started to mandate it.



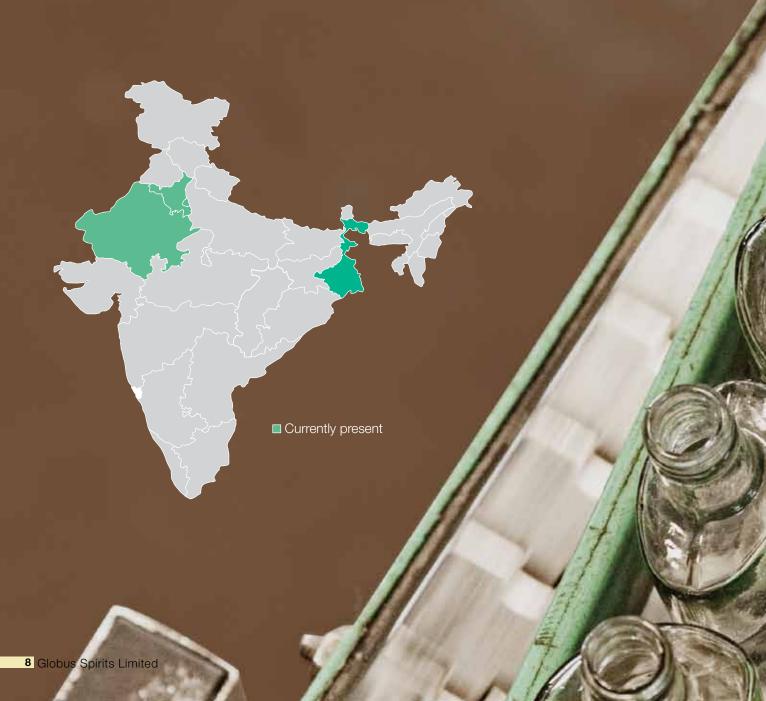


# ENAbling Marketing Excellence

Our product excellence has ENAbled us to pioneer branding in the IMIL space with launch of India's 1st ENA based country liquor brand—Nimboo. As a first for the industry, we gave the bottom of the pyramid consumer a better tasting product, along with superior packaging that the consumers otherwise expect from other FMCG lines. This has led to a higher value perception of our brands. Little wonder then, that every day we are redefining 'country liquor' in India.

# ENAbling PAN India IMIL leadership

We envisage ourselves as becoming PAN India IMIL leaders, making the most of opportunities emerging in new markets.





# ENAbling Organizational Excellence

Led by a blend of experience-led wisdom and youthful exuberance, Globus Spirits operates with high standards of Corporate Governance creating value for all of its stakeholders.

# **RIGHT STRATEGY**

Our unique 360° business model has been perfected over two decades. Our approach allows for greater control on quality of our consumer products and higher utilization of ENA facilities enabling us to generate healthy returns.

# RIGHT PARTNERS

We believe strong partnerships, whether it be in the form of relationships with customers, employees or investors, are critical in growth of a company. We have tirelessly worked towards building the right kind of partnerships and have established deep relationships with stakeholders.

# RIGHT VALUES

We operate on high standards of governance, fair and transparent in all our dealings whether internally or with our customers, suppliers, and dealers. We encourage a culture of participation and truthfulness.

# **RIGHT TEAM**

A strong team, unified in its vision, is critical to the success of any organisation. Over the years, we have built a dynamic and robust team backed by deep industry experience, reflected in a well defined and effective organisation structure.







# ENAbling Manufacturing Excellence

Our manufacturing facilities are ENAbling excellence by maximising yields from raw material. Our fully operational production units allow us to maximise alcohol yield while maximising production of by products leading to complete utilisation of the raw material.

These facilities are also ENAbling a clean environment with a zero pollution footprint and cogeneration of power using renewable biomass as fuel.

ENAbled excellence in our manufacturing facilities helped us achieve:

- ~145 million litres of production with zero discharge
- End to end production of ~15 million cases of bottled beverages
- ~91% utilization of operating capacity, ~34% used in-house for value added products
- Over 5 years of relationship with India's top 2 IMFL companies







# ENAbling Excellence at Unibev

Our premium IMFL venture, Unibev, is ENAbling excellence by creating a disruption in the market with a robust portfolio of differentiated brands having an age claim. Unibev is a collaborative beverage alcohol start up led by Vijay Rekhi, former President of United Spirits and a liquor industry veteran.

Unibev is focusing on high margin, low volume fast growing premium IMFL segment which has hitherto been dominated by a few select brands. The sharp rise in discretionary spends, increasing number of aspiring consumers and lack of options for consumers makes this category particularly attractive. Unibev, backed by an experienced team having a strong track record of creating successful brands, is poised to leverage these trends.

Unibev's L'Affaire Napoleon Premium French brandy, created with 3 Year Old matured grape spirit, was launched in Puducherry in December 2017. Since then, Unibev has launched Governor's Reserve whisky created with 12 Year Old matured scotch and Oakton Barrel Aged whisky created with 18 Year Old matured scotch. Unibev is now present in 10 markets in India mainly in South India and parts of East and West India.

# 360° EXPANSION IN FY19

01

MAINTAINED
SIGNIFICANT
MARKET SHARE IN
IMIL IN STATES OF
PRESENCE WITH
TOTAL SALES OF
~11 MN CASES

02

STEADY
PERFORMANCE
OF IMFL
FRANCHISEE
BUSINESS WITH
VOLUMES AT
~4MN CASES

03

ACHIEVED ROBUST PERFORMANCE IN BULK ALCOHOL PRODUCTION WITH VOLUME CAGR OF 16.3% DURING FY15 TO FY20

Sustained high utilization levels due to 360° approach

Total capacity of ~160mn Bulk Litres of alcohol



04

LEADING IMIL
PLAYER WITH
FOOTPRINT IN 4
STATES

05

# FORAYING INTO PREMIUM IMFL

Unibev, premium IMFL venture, present in 10 markets with a portfolio of 3 brands

06

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS\*

Strong growth of 17.7% to reach total income (net of excise duty) of  $\sim ₹ 11.68$ bn

EBITDA of ₹ 1,379mn and PAT of ₹ 593 mn

Sound balance sheet position with debt-equity ratio of 0.38x

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# Chairman's Message

Dear Shareholder.

On behalf of Globus Spirits Limited, it is my sincere pleasure to address you on the closure of Financial Year (fiscal) 2019-20 of your company. The past fiscal has underscored the perseverance of the team and coupled with capacity expansion, proficient technical know-how and financial discipline; your Company continued the momentum it has built to deliver a stellar performance.

During the year under review, your Company reported total income (net of excise duty) of Rs.1,168 crore, a growth of 17.7% over the previous year. EBITDA grew by 35% to reach Rs. 137.6 crore and net profit increased from Rs. 30.6 crore in fiscal 2019 to Rs. 59.3 crore in fiscal 2020, translating into an EBITDA margin of 11.8% and net profit margin of 5.1%. Profitability improvement was driven by higher realizations in both bulk and consumer businesses combined with enhanced capacity utilization. Your Company also enhanced its operational efficiencies through a slew of measures. Furthermore, de-leveraging and re-structuring of high cost debt aided the efforts to strengthen the balance sheet.

The Biofuel Policy 2018 had fixed a target of achieving 20% ethanol blending with petrol by 2030, with the current blending at around 7-8% and the Government is working hard to reach the first target of 10% to be achieved by 2022. Given this continued focus, the overall industry environment remained buoyant, as reflected in the price hike for Ethanol. As a result, the trend of shift of manufacturing capacity from ENA to Ethanol continued in the past fiscal as well. With the demand-supply mismatch continuing, ENA realizations remained firm.

To capitalize on this huge supply deficit for ENA, your Company, at the beginning of the year, enhanced the capacity at the Rajasthan Behror facility by 10 million liters via debottlenecking through the proficient Technical & Engineering Team. This helped in bringing your Company's bulk alcohol capacity to 160 million liters against 150 million liters. The Bihar facility too was operational at its optimum utilization levels throughout the past fiscal.; enabling the Company to report robust growth of 14.2% in alcohol production volumes during fiscal 2020. Consequently, favorable market dynamics and internal proficiencies helped the manufacturing segment to report a stellar performance during fiscal 2020.

The consumer business posted a healthy performance driven by growth in realizations as a result of price hikes announced by the Haryana and Rajasthan Government during June 2019. The Rajasthan Government recently launched a new mid-segment IMIL, and your Company has been able to develop several products to add to the IMIL product portfolio. This sector looks promising and early efforts by your Company in this segment should yield promising results.

UNIBEV, your Company's pillar for generating the next leg of growth, witnessed several green shoots during the past fiscal. In keeping with the strategy to expand geographical footprint, Unibev is now present in ten states.

The recent incidence of the Covid-19 pandemic and resultant lockdown in last week of March 2020 has had a deep impact on everyone's way of life. Your Company too, has had to adjust the way we operate and our sincere gratitude to the entire team of Globus Spirits who is adapting to the new normal. In support of the fight against Covid-19 and to ensure continuity of operations, your Company revamped its manufacturing facilities to cater to the increased demand for hand sanitizers. As the lockdown began easing, during the second week of May, your Company resumed operations at all its manufacturing facilities albeit at lower capacity to comply with social distancing and all prescribed safety measures. While closed liquor shops resulted in muted demand in the last week of March 2020, the pent-up demand should return as states begin relaxing the Covid-19 related restrictions.

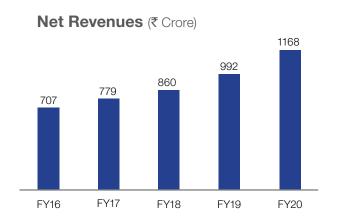
Over the years your Company has survived and emerged stronger from various challenges and has always looked towards capitalizing on opportunities and strengthening fundamentals. Various measures were undertaken in previous fiscal too with a focus on enhancing operational efficiencies and improving profitability that have been demonstrated in the financial performance. With a strong balance sheet position and cashflow, we believe that your Company is capable of meeting the emerging challenges. Strong demand of bulk alcohol in domestic as well as export markets, rise in country liquor consumption combined with the increase in demand for hand sanitizers along with a strong portfolio of IMFL brands will be the pillars to build the next phase of growth for your Company.

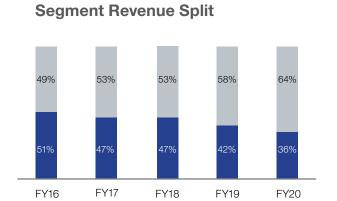
I would like to extend my heartfelt gratitude to the entire family of Globus Spirits including our valued employees, business partners, vendors as well as other stakeholders who continue to repose their trust in us and offer us unwavering support during these globally challenging times. I would also like to thank our Shareholders who have continued to remain with us and offer us continued support for our journey.

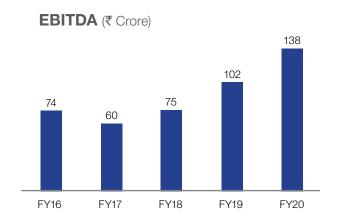
Sd/-Chairman

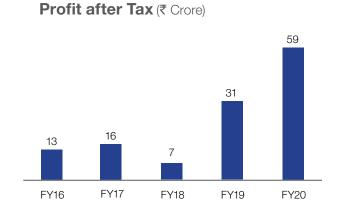
# Historical Financials

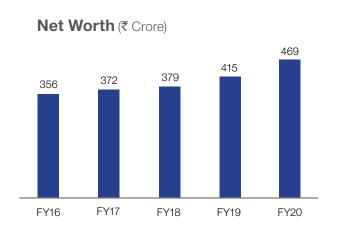
# (Standalone)













**Debt-Equity Ratio (x)** 

# Board's Report

To the Members

Your Board of Directors are pleased to present the Twenty-seventh Annual Report and Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2020.

### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	Current Ye	ear (2019-20)	Previous Year (2018-19		
	Standalone	Consolidated	Standalone	Consolidated	
Total Revenue	125933.44	127116.77	108142.08	108778.72	
Total Expenses	118282.05	120426.57	104166.09	105487.58	
Profit before Explanatory items & Tax	7651.39	6690.20	3975.99	3291.14	
Less: Provision for taxation including Deferred tax	1720.18	1720.08	919.16	919.16	
Profit/ (Loss) after tax	5931.21	4970.12	3056.83	2371.98	
Basic EPS	20.60	17.33	10.64	8.26	
Diluted EPS	20.60	17.33	10.64	8.26	

# PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW

During the year under review the company reported a growth of 16% in net revenue as compare to previous year and PBT has been increased by ₹ 36.75 crores from the previous year and also PAT has been increased by ₹ 28.74crores from the previous year. The Basic and Diluted EPS of the Company is ₹ 20.60/- as compared to ₹ 10.64/- in the previous year.

# THE YEAR IN PERSPECTIVE

The fiscal year 2019-20 was characterised by global headwinds and subdued domestic growth. While the economic slowdown and outbreak of coronavirus impacted consumer demand, the year was mostly positive for the distillery sector. The Government of India maintained its focus on ethanol blending and with an upsurge in world-wide demand for alcohol driven by higher requirements of disinfectants/ sanitizers, the realizations moved up. This combined with price hikes in multiple states particularly the ones in which your company is present contributed to healthy profitable growth.

In FY19-20, your Company reported a growth of 17.7% in net revenues to reach ₹ 1167.9 crore and 151bps increase in EBITDA margins to reach 11.8% levels. Net profit grew 93% from ₹30.6 crore in FY18-19 to ₹59.3 crore in the year under review. Profitability improved significantly driven by higher realizations in both manufacturing and consumer businesses. The fourth quarter performance was impacted by lockdown which led to closure of plants.

The revenue growth was led by manufacturing business which grew by 31% during the year driven by higher realizations in bulk alcohol and DDGS combined with higher production volumes. Capacity augmentation by de-bottlenecking in Rajasthan contributed to volume growth. ENA realizations continued to trend upwards as large part of distillery capacitiies were focused on ethanol production and consequently ENA remained short in supply. DDGS prices also improved as prices of alternate protein products stayed at high levels.

Driven by strong performance of bulk alcohol, the proportion of manufacturing business in revenues grew from 58% in FY18-19 to 64% in the year under review.

The consumer business comprising IMIL grew by 0.7% during the year which was driven by price hikes. Dip in volumes partly offset the higher realizations. Increased competition both in Haryana and Rajasthan led to volume declines, albeit our market share in Rajasthan was at 29% just marginally lower than the previous year.

Your Company's premium IMFL venture, Unibev also made big strides as it expanded its presence to reach 10 states.

# **DIVIDEND**

Your Directors are pleased to recommend dividend of ₹ 1/-, i.e. 10% per equity share of the company for the year 2019-20.

# **PUBLIC DEPOSITS**

The Company has not accepted or invited deposits covered under the provisions of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules 2014 from any person during the year under Report.

# **DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

During the year Mr. Joginder Singh Dhamija, have resigned from the Board of Directors of the company w.e.f. 03rd August 2019. The Directors place on record his appreciation of the valuable contribution made by him. Mr. Vivek Gupta have been inducted in the Board of Directors w.e.f. 03rd August 2019 and he has also been appointed as Chairman of the Board of Directors of the company on the same date.

Mr. Manik Lal Dutta, Executive Director of the company and Dr. Bhaskar Roy, Director of the Company, retire by rotation and being eligible offer themselves for re-appointment. The Board recommends their re-appointment.

### SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

Your Company has one subsidiary viz., M/s Unibev Limited (formerly known as M/s Uber Blenders & Distillers Limited) (Indian subsidiary).

In terms of proviso to sub section (3) of Section 129 of the Act, the salient features of the financial statement of the subsidiary is set out in the prescribed form AOC-1, which forms part of the annual report.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

As per requirement of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a Compliance Report on Corporate Governance has been annexed as part of the Annual Report.

# **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)**

The CSR Policy of the Company and the details about the initiatives taken by the Company on CSR during the year as per the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 have been disclosed in Annexure-II to this Report. Further details of composition of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and other details are provided the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this report. The policy on Corporate Social Responsibility as approved by the Board of Directors is available on the website of the Company www. globusspirits.com.

# NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

The Nomination & Remuneration Policy as approved by the Board on recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee is available on website of the Company www. globusspirits.com.

# **AUDITORS**

The Company, in terms of Section 139 (1) and (2) of the Act 2013, have appointed M/s Deloitte Haskins & Sells, Firm Regn No. 015125N, Chartered Accountants, having their office at 7th Floor, Building 10, DLF Cyber City Complex, DLF City Phase-II, Gurgaon-122002, Haryana as statutory auditors for 2nd term of their remaining four years vide AGM dated 03rd September 2020.

# **AUDITORS' REPORT**

The notes on accounts appearing in the schedule and referred to in the Auditors Report are self-explanatory and therefore do not call for any further comments or explanations. There are no adverse remarks/qualifications in the auditor's report.

# **COST AUDIT**

The board subject to the approval of the Central Government, if required, has appointed M/s JSN & Co., Cost Accountants, having Firm's registration no. 455, its office at 462/1, 1st Floor, Old MB Road, Lado Sarai, New Delhi-110030, as Cost Auditor for conducting the Cost Audit for the financial year 2020-21. The audit committee recommended his appointment and remuneration. The Company has also received necessary certificate under Section 141 of the Act 2013 conveying his eligibility for re-appointment. The remuneration fixed by the board, based on the recommendation of the audit committee is required to be ratified by the members at the AGM as per the requirement of Section 148(3) of the Act 2013.

# SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Secretarial Audit Report has been annexed herewith & forms part of the Annual Report.

# **PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES**

Statement pursuant to u/s 197 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the particulars of top ten employees are as follows:-

# **Particulars of Top Ten Employees:**

Name	Designation	Nature of Employment	Age	Date of Joining	Qualifications & Experience	Previous Employment	%age of Equity shares held	Gross Remuneration
Ajay Kumar Swarup	Managing Director	Permanent	61	16-Jan-1993	PGDBM (35 years of experience)	M/s SVP Industries Ltd.	6.68%	17500000
Shekhar Swarup	Joint Managing Director	Permanent	34	27-Oct-2008	Degree in Business & N.A.  Management (9 years of experience)		2.82%	15000000
Bhaskar Roy	Executive Director & COO	Permanent	58	04-Oct-2005	Mcom, FCA, PHD(31 years of experience)	M/s Saraya In- dustries Limited	0.00%	7560010
Ajay Goyal	Chief Financial Officer	Permanent	50	18-Mar-2015	CA (22 years of experience)	M/s Toyoda Gosei Minda India Pvt. Ltd.	0.00%	5500010
R.K. Malik	President (Operation-North)	Permanent	63	15/Aug/2000	MBA (42 years of experience)	M/s Golden Bottling	0.00%	4950009
Manik Lal Dutta	Executive Director	Permanent	74	01-Aug-2006	M.Tech, PGDBM (46 years of experience)	M/s United Spirits Limited	0.007%	4944000
Jasbeer Singh	Vice President – Exports	Permanent	62	01-Oct-2014	BSc., MBA(over 17 years of experience)	N.A.	0.00%	4195541
Amitabh Singh	Vice President	Permanent	53	16-Apr-2013	B.Sc. Engineering (29 years of experience)	M/s Radico Khaitan Limited	0.00%	4180002
Pankaj Tyagi	Vice President	Permanent	47	14-May-2015	B.Sc. Engineering (22 years of experience)	M/s Brahama- putra Biochem Pvt. Ltd.	0.00%	3915838
Deepak Saroha	Vice President	Permanent	46	01-Jul-2007	B.Sc. Engineering (20 years of experience)	N.A.	0.00%	3364514

Notes: 1. The percentage of equity share holding mentioned as above is as on 31st March 2020.

2. None of the Directors or employees are inter related to each other except Sh. Ajay K. Swarup, Managing Director of the company is the father of Sh. Shekhar Swarup, Joint Managing Director of the company.

# CONSERVATION OF ENERGY / TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION / RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT ETC.

Particulars as required under Rule 8 (3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are given in Annexure I and form part of this report.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Report has been annexed & forms part of the Annual Report.

# **DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

Pursuant to the requirement under Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, with respect to Directors Responsibility Statement, it is hereby confirmed

- That in preparation of the Annual Accounts for the financial year 2019-20, the applicable Accounting Standards have been followed along with explanation relating to material departures, if any.
- 2. That the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a

true and fair view of the State of Affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2020 and of the results of the Company for that period.

- That the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- That the directors had prepared the Annual Accounts for the financial year 2019-20 on a going concern basis.
- That they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and operating properly; and
- That they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

# **EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN**

The extract of Annual Return as provided under Sub-Section (3) of Section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") is enclosed at Annexure-III in the prescribed form MGT-9 and forms part of this Report.

# NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

5 meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company were held during the year. For detail of the meetings, please refer to the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Report.

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Composition and other details pertaining to Audit Committee has been disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report.

### INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

Mr. Santosh Kumar Bishwal, Mr. Vivek Gupta, Mr. Kunal Agarwal and Mr. Sunil Chadha, who are Independent Directors, have submitted a declaration that each of them meets the criteria of independence as provided in Sub-Section (6) of Section 149 of the Act and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Further, there has been no change in the circumstances which may affect their status as independent director during the year.

# POLICY OF DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION

Company's policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a director and other matters provided under section 178(3) of the Act are covered in Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Report. Further, information about elements of remuneration package of individual directors is provided in the extract of Annual Return as provided under Section 92(3) of the Act, is enclosed at Annexure-III in the prescribed form MGT-9 and forms part of this Report and can be accessed on the company's website www.globusspirits. com.

# CODE OF CONDUCT FOR DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The Directors and members of Senior Management have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management of the Company. A declaration to this effect has been signed by the Managing Director and forms part of the Annual Report.

### RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DIRECTORS INTER-SE

None of the Directors are related to each other within the meaning of the term "relative" as per Section 2(77) of the Act and SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 except Sh. Shekhar Swarup (Joint Managing Director) is the son of Sh. Ajay Kumar Swarup (Managing Director) of the Company.

# **ANNUAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION**

The company has a mechanism for annual performance evaluation of every Individual Directors and the Board as a whole as well as its various committees.

# PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

There have been no loans, guarantees and investments under Section 186 of the Act during the financial year 2019-20 except to its Subsidiary M/s Unibev Limited (formerly known as M/s Uber Blenders & Distillers Limited).

# SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

All the provisions of Secretarial standards has been complied by the Company during Financial Year 2019-20.

### TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company has entered into contract / arrangements with the related parties in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. The details are mentioned in the notes to accounts of the financial statements. Policy on materiality of Related Party Transactions can be accessed on the company's website www. globusspirits.com.

# INTERNAL CONTROL

The information about internal controls is set out in the Management Discussion & Analysis report which is attached and forms part of this Report.

### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Company has a Risk Management Committee & also it has in place a Risk Management Policy to deal with various risks arising in the course of business. The key responsibilities of Risk Management Committee are namely, Identification of risks, Implementing and monitoring the risk management plan for the Company and reframe the risk management plan and policy as it may deem fit, lay down procedures to inform Board members about the risk assessment and minimization procedures, Monitoring and reviewing of the risk management plan from time to time and activities as may be required to be done under the Companies Act 2013 or SEBI listing Regulations.

# **VIGIL MECHANISM**

The Company has established a vigil mechanism for Directors and employees to report their genuine concerns.

# PERFORMANCE AND FINANCIAL POSITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

Financial position of the subsidiary M/s Unibev Limited (Formerly known as M/s Uber Blenders & Distillers Ltd.) is provided in a separate statement AOC-1, attached to the Financial Statement pursuant to first proviso to Section 129(3) of the Act.

# PARTICULARS OF REMUNERATION

The information required under section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under, in respect of employees of the Company, is follows:-

The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company

Executive Directors	Ratio to the Median Remuneration*
Executive Directors	Ratio to the Median Remuneration*
Mr. Ajay Kumar Swarup	69.60
Mr. Shekhar Swarup	59.66
Mr. Manik Lal Dutta	19.66
Dr. Bhaskar Roy	30.07
Non-Executive Directors (Sitting Fees only)	
Sh. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	0.84
Sh. Vivek Gupta	0.60
Sh. Kunal Agarwal	0.48
Sh. Sunil Chadha	0.18
Ms. Ruchika Bansal	0.24

<sup>\*</sup> for the purpose of comparison 12 months salary has been considered for all the employees even though any employee has worked for less than 12 months

(b) The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year

Name of the Person	% increase in Remuneration
Mr. Ajay Kumar Swarup (Managing Director)	35%
Mr. Shekhar Swarup (Joint Managing Director)	50%
Mr. Manik Lal Dutta (Executive Director)	10%
Dr. Bhaskar Roy (Executive Director)	8%
Sh. Ajay Kumar Goyal (CFO)	10%
Sh. Santosh Kumar Pattanayak (Company Secretary)	6%

(c) The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year 10% (Since there is lot of

- variation in the no. of employees during the current year as compare to previous year, comparison of the exact median remuneration may not be accurate.)
- (d) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company as on 31/03/2020: 519
- (e) The average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration

The average increase in salaries of employees other than managerial personnel in 2019-20 was 10% approximately. Percentage increase in the managerial remuneration for the year was also approximately 19.75%.

The affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company

The Company's remuneration policy is driven by the success and performance of the individual employees and the Company. Through its compensation package, the Company endeavors to attract, retain, develop and motivate a high performance staff. The Company follows a compensation mix of fixed pay, benefits and performance based variable pay. Individual performance pay is determined by business performance and the performance of the individuals measured through the annual appraisal process. The Company affirms remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.

PECUNIARY RELATIONSHIP OR TRANSACTIONS OF NON-**EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS** 

During the year, the Non-Executive Directors of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company.

# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The Board wishes to place on record its appreciation for the wholehearted support and valuable co-operation extended to the Company by the Central & the State Governments, Bankers, Suppliers, Associates, Contractors, employees and shareholders

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Dr. Bhaskar Roy) **Executive Director & COO** 

(Ajay K. Swarup) **Managing Director** 

(Santosh Kumar Pattanayak) **Company Secretary** 

(Ajay Goyal) **Chief Financial Officer** 

Place: New Delhi

Date: August 24, 2020

# Annexure I to the Directors' Report 2019-20

Particulars required under Rule 8 (3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

# (A) Conservation of Energy

Conservation of energy is a high priority area for the Company and the Company has proper system for reduction of consumption of energy.

- a) Energy Conservation Measures Taken:
  - 1) Setting up evaporators for all plants to concentrate effluent which will give value addition of final product as cattle feed, zero discharge for environmental protection and water availability as hot condensate for process reuse, saving on use of fresh cold water and heat/energy saving.
  - 2) Recycle of hot high temperature spent lyes and hot condensate streams for process/boiler and saving fresh cold DM water and energy in terms of heat saving with hot spent lyes.
  - 3) Lowering the steam pressure in jet cookers to enable generation of power from steam used and reduce steam consumption to 50% of the present usage.
- b) Additional Investments & Proposals, if any, being implemented for reduction of consumption of Energy:
  - 1) Increasing alcohol percentage in fermentation thereby lowering effluent quantity generation and production at lower steam consumption per liter of product.
  - 2) Reconfiguration of high temperature streams to reduce steam consumption in process such as liquefaction & evaporation.
- c) Impact of measures at (a) & (b) above for reduction or energy consumption & consequent impact on the cost of production of goods:
  - -As mentioned in point (a)

# (B) Technology Absorption

### FORM - B

(Form for Disclosure of Particulars with respect to Absorption.)

- (i) The Company's plants are based on indigenous technology which has been fully absorbed.
- (ii) The Company does not have separate Research & Development Section. However, steps are being taken continuously for:
  - a Improvement in product quality
  - b Improvement in productivity
  - c Improvement in cost effectiveness
- (iii) Expenditure of R & D .....Nil
- (C) Foreign Exchange earnings & Outgo 2019-2020 2018-2019
  Foreign Exchange earnings (Export Sale) INR19.82crores
  Foreign Exchange used (Import of Machine) NIL NIL

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Dr. Bhaskar Roy) (Ajay K. Swarup) **Executive Director & COO**Managing Director

Place: New Delhi (Santosh Kumar Pattanayak) (Ajay Goyal)
Date: August 24, 2020 (Company Secretary Chief Financial Officer

# **ANNEXURE -II** CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

# Corporate Social Responsibility Policy - Overview

The Company has its CSR Policy within broad scope laid down in Schedule VII to the Act, as projects / programmes / activities, excluding activities in its normal course of business.

# The Composition of the CSR Committee.

The constitution of the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee is as under:-

Name of the Members	Designation	Designation in Company
Mr. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	Chairman	Independent Director
Mr. Vivek Gupta	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Shekhar Swarup	Member	Executive Director
Dr. Bhaskar Roy	Member	Executive Director

# Terms of reference of the CSR Committee are:

- 1. Formulate and recommend to the board, a CSR policy indicating the activity or activities to be undertaken by the company as specified in Schedule VII of the Act;
- 2. Recommend the amount to be spent on these activities; and
- 3. Monitor the company's CSR policy periodically.
- 4. Institution of transparent monitoring mechanism for the implementation of CSR projects.

# Average net profit of the company for last three financial years: ₹ 19,00,02,667/-Prescribed CSR Expenditure (two percent of the Average net profit): ₹ 38,00,053/-

Details of CSR spent during the financial year. During the FY 2019-20, the company spent ₹ 30lakhs in the following manner. The rest of the amount could not be spent because during the time period, the company was able to evaluate & undertake only one project by donating ₹ 30lakhs to M/s India Paryavaran Sahayak Foundation which is solely engaged in executing various CSR related projects in environment sector.

# Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year is detailed below.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
S. No	CSR project or activity identified.	Sector in which the Project is covered	Projects or programs (1)Local area or other (2) Specify the State and district where projects or programs was undertaken	Amount outlay (budget) project or programs wise	Amount spent on the projects or Programs Subheads: (1)Direct expenditure on projects or programs. (2) Overheads:	Cumulative expenditure upto to the reporting period	Amount spent: Direct or through implementing agency
1	Engaged in eradicating environment pollution	Engaged in eradicating environment pollution	North India especially in Punjab sector	Rs.30 lakhs	₹ 30 lakhs	₹ 30 lakhs	Through Implementing Agency M/s India Paryavaran Sahayak Foundation

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: New Delhi Date : August 24, 2020

(Dr. Bhaskar Roy) **Executive Director** 

(Ajay K. Swarup) **Managing Director** 

(Santosh Kumar Bishwal) (Chairman-CSR Committee)

# **ANNEXURE -III**

# FORM NO. MGT 9

Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Company (Management & Administration ) Rules, 2014.

# **EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN AS ON FY ENDED ON 31/03/2020**

# **REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:**

•	HEGISTHATION & OTHER DETAILS.	
i	CIN	L74899DL1993PLC052177
ii	Registration Date	16th February 1993
iii	Name of the Company	M/s Globus Spirits Limited
iv	Category of the Company	Manufacturing & Marketing of Alcoholic Beverages
V	Address of the Registered office & contact details	
	Address:	F-0, The Mira Corporate Suites, Plot No.1&2, Ishwar Nagar
	Town / City:	Mathura Road, New Delhi - 110065
	State:	Delhi
	Country Name :	India
	Telephone (with STD Code) :	011-66424600
	Fax Number :	011-66424629
	Email Address:	corporateoffice@globusgroup.in
	Website, if any:	www.globusspirits.com
vi	Whether listed company	Yes
Vii	Name and Address of Registrar & Transfer Agents (	RTA ):-
	Name of RTA:	M/s Link Intime India Private Limited
	Address :	Noble Heights, 1st Floor, Plot No. N.H-2, LSC, C-1 Block,
	Town / City :	Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri, New Delhi-110058
	State :	Delhi
	Pin Code:	110028
	Telephone :	011-41410592
	Fax Number :	011-41410593
	Email Address :	delhi@linkintime.co.in

### PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITY OF THE COMPANY II.

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover

SI. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product / service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Potable Alcohol (RS/ENA/IMIL/IMFL) (UNDNATRD ETHYL ALCHL WTH<80% ALCHL STRNGTH; SPRTS, LIQRS & OTHR SPRTOUS BVRGS;COMPND ALCHL PRPN FOR MNUFCTRE OF BVRGS)	2208	99.61%

### III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES -

S. No.	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE COMPANY	CIN/GLN	HOLDING/ SUBSIDIARY /ASSOCIATE	% of shares held	Applicable Section
1	M/S Unibev Limited (Formerly known as M/s Uber Blenders & Distillers Limited)	U15122DL2014PLC273878	Subsidiary	97.94%	2 (87)

# IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

# i. Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (01.04.2019)				No. of Shares held at the end of the year (31.03.2020)				% Change during
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	the year
A. Promoter s									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/ HUF	3850776	0	3850776	13.37%	4274042	0	4274042	14.84%	10.99%
b) Central Govt	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0.00%
c) State Govt(s)	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0.00%
d) Bodies Corp.	11832007	0	11832007	41.08%	11779994	0	11779994	40.90%	-0.44%
e) Banks / Fl	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0.00%
f) Any other	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0.00%
Sub-total (A) (1):-	15682783	0	15682783	54.46%	16054036		16054036	55.74%	
(2) Foreign									
a) NRI - Individual/	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0%	0%
b) Other - Individual/	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0%	0%
c) Bodies Corp.	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0%	0%
d) Banks / FI	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0%	0%
e) Any Others	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0%	0%
Sub-total (A) (2):-	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0%	0%
				3.337					
Total shareholding of Promoter (A)= (A)(1)+(A)(2)	15682783	0	15682783	54.46%	16054036	0	16054036	55.74%	
D. Darbija Obranak aldinan									
B. Public Shareholding  1. Institutions									
	0	0	0	0.000/	0		0	0.000/	0.000/
a) Mutual Funds	42749	0	42749	0.00% 0.15%		0	102824	0.00%	0.00% 140.53%
b) Banks / FI c) Central Govt	42749	0	42749	0.15%	102824	0	102824	0.36%	0.00%
d) State Govt(s)	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0.00%
e) Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0.00%
f) Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0.00%
g) Flls	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0.00%	0.00%
h) Foreign Investors	134458	0	134458	0.47%	223000	0	223000	0.77%	65.85%
i) Others	290000	0	290000	0%	276000	0	276000	0.96%	0.00%
Sub-total (B)(1):-	467207	0	467207	0.62%	601824	0	601824	2.09%	0.0070
2. Central / State Govt.	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0.00%	100.00%
(B-2)		_	_			_			
3. Non-Institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.	957412	0	957412	3.32%	447358	0	447358	1.55%	-53.27%
b) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 2 lakh	3837549	1969	3839518	13.33%	4000620	1964	4002584	13.90%	4.25%
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs 2 lakh c) Others (specify)	1867379	0	1867379	6.48%	1514190	0	1514190	5.26%	-18.91%
Clearing Member	143125	0	143125	0.50%	109462	0	109462	0.38%	-23.52%
NRI (Repat)	228175	0	228175	0.30%	310979	0	310979	1.08%	36.29%
NRI (Non-Repat)	47084	0	47084	0.16%	99611	0	99611	0.35%	111.56%
Foreign Companies	5038168	0	5038168	17.49%	5038168	0	5038168	17.49%	0.00%
Others	528417	0	528417	1.83%	621056	0	621056	2.16%	17.53%
Sub-total (B)(3):-	12647309	1969	12649278	43.92%	12141444	1964	12143408	42.17%	11.0070
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+ (B)(2) + (B)(3)	13114516	1969	13116485	44.54%	12743268	1964	12745232	44.26%	
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0	0.00%	0%
Grand Total (A+B+C)	28797299	1969	28799268	100%	28797304	1964	28799268	100%	

# ii Shareholding of Promoters & Promoters group

SI No.	Shareholder's Name	Shareholding	g at the begin (01.04.2019	ning of the year	Share hold	ling at the ei (31.03.202	% change in share	
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	holding during the year
1	Chandbagh Investments Limited	11293153	39.21%	0%	11209140	39.21%	0%	-0.74%
2	Ajay Kumar Swarup	1619820	5.62%	0%	1924254	5.62%	0%	18.79%
3	Ms. Surabhi Bishoi and Mr. Ajay Kumar Swarup	1426860	0.00%	0%	1426860	4.95%	0%	100.00%
	(Trustees holding on behalf of Surabhi Family Trust)							
4	Anoop Bishnoi	192960	5.62%	0%	192960	0.67%	0%	0.00%
5	Globus Infosys Pvt. Ltd.	538854	1.87%	0%	538854	1.87%	0%	0.00%
6	Shekhar Swarup	610776	1.88%	0%	729608	2.12%	0%	19.46%
7	Rambagh Facilities Services LLP	0	0.00%	0%	32000	0.11%	0%	0.11%
8	Bhupendra Kumar Bishnoi	90	0.00%	0%	90	0.00%	0%	0.00%
9	Roshni Bishnoi	90	0.00%	0%	90	0.00%	0%	0.00%
10	Madhav Kumar Swarup	60	0.00%	0%	60	0.00%	0%	0.00%
11	Madhavi Swarup	60	0.00%	0%	60	0.00%	0%	0.00%
12	Saroj Rani Swarup	60	0.00%	0%	60	0.00%	0%	0.00%
	TOTAL	15682783	54.21%	0%	16054036	54.56%	0%	

# iii Change in Promoters' Shareholding

During the year, the holding of 32000 equity shares has been added by M/s Rambagh Facilities Services LLP.

Further during the year, the holding of Mr. Ajay Kumar swarup and Mr. Shekhar Swarup has been increased by 304434 shares and 118832 shares respectively and these shares has been purchased through open market in various transactions.

Further during the year M/s Chandbagh Investments Ltd has sold 84013 shares through open market in various transactions.

### iv Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

SI. No.: 1 For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	beginning	lding at the g of the year 04/2019)	Change in Shareholding during the year		Shareholding at the end of the year (31/03/2020)	
	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
TEMPLETON STRATEGIC EMERGING MARKETS FUND IV LDC	5038168	17.49%	0	0.00%	5038168	17.49%
SRIKANTH DHULIPALA	320000	1.11%	64384	0.22%	384384	1.33%
MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY	0	0.00%	223000	0.77%	223000	0.77%
BODEPUDI JEEVAN KISHORE	190000	0.66%	0	0.00%	190000	0.66%
VIKRAM PRATAPBHAI KOTAK	365000	1.27%	-193000	-0.67%	172000	0.60%
VELURU GIRINATHA PRAKASH	109986	0.38%	56722	0.20%	166708	0.58%
PERPETUITY HEALTH TO WEALTH FUND	150000	0.52%	0	0.00%	150000	0.52%
RAVI SHANKARAN	0	0.00%	140000	0.49%	140000	0.49%
MICRO STRATEGIES FUND	140000	0.49%	-14000	-0.05%	126000	0.44%
ICICI BANK LIMITED	0	0.00%	102374	0.36%	102374	0.36%

The above details are given as on 31 March, 2020. The Company is listed and 99.99% shareholding is in dematerialized form. Hence, it is not feasible to track movement of shares on daily basis. The aforesaid holdings by top ten shareholders is due to market operations. Further, Company has not allotted/transferred or issued any bonus or sweat equity shares during the year.

# v Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

During the year there is no change in the shareholdings the Directors and Key Mangerial Personnel of the company except the holdings of Mr. Ajay Kumar Swarup & Mr. Shekhar Swarup as explained in the promoter shareholding section.

# V INDEBTEDNESS

# $Indebtedness\ of\ the\ Company\ including\ interest\ outstanding/accrued\ but\ not\ due\ for\ payment$

				(Amount in Lacs)
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year (01.04.2019)	Secured Loans	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total
	excluding deposits			Indebtness
i) Principal Amount	22,970.29	0	0	22970.29
ii) Interest due but not paid	0	0	0	0
Total (i+ii+iii)	22970.29	0	0	22970.29
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year	Secured Loans	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtness
	excluding deposits			
* Addition	(4,931.69)	0	0	(4931.69)
* Reduction	0	0	0	0
Net Change	(4,931.69)	-	-	(4,931.69)
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year (31.03.2020)	Secured Loans	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total
	excluding deposits			Indebtness
i) Principal Amount	18,038.60	0	0	18038.60
ii) Interest due but not paid	0	0	0	0
Total (i+ii+iii)	18,038.60	-	-	18,038.60

# VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

# A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

SI. no.	Particulars of Remuneration	Sh. Ajay Kumar Swarup	Sh. Shekhar Swarup	Sh. Manik Lal Dutta	Dr. Bhaskar Roy	Total Amount	
1	Gross salary	Managing Director	Executive Director	Executive Director	Executive Director & COO	(₹ in Lacs)	
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	170.57	145.75	48.18	73.99	267.92	
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Incometax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-	-	
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-	-	
2	Stock Option	-	-	-	-	-	
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-	-	
4	Commission	-	-	-	-	-	
	- as % of profit	-	-	-	-	-	
	- others, specify	-	-	-	-	-	
5	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-	
	Total (A)	170.57	145.75	48.18	73.99	267.92	

# B. Remuneration to other directors:

SI. no.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors				Total Amount	
1	Independent Directors	Sh. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	Sh. Vivek Gupta	Sh. Sunil Chadha	Sh. Kunal Agarwal	(₹ in Lacs)	
	Fee for attending board committee meetings	2.10	1.50	1.20	1.20	6.00	
	Commission	-	-	-	-	-	
	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-	
	Total (1)	2.10	1.50	1.20	1.20	6.00	
2	Other Non-Executive Directors	Ms. Ruchika Bansal					
	Fee for attending board committee meetings	0.60				0.60	
	Commission						
	Others, please specify						
	Total (2)	0.60				0.60	
	Total (B)=(1+2)	2.70	1.50	1.20	1.20	6.60	
	Total Managerial Remuneration						

# C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

SI.	Particulars of Remuneration		Key Managerial Personnel		Total	
no.		CEO	Company Secretary	CFO	Amount	
1	Gross salary				(Rs. in lacs)	
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	-	16.51	55.00	71.51	
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-	
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-	
2	Stock Option	-	-	-	-	
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-	
4	Commission	-	-	-	-	
	- as % of profit	-	-	-	-	
	- others, specify	-	-	-	-	
5	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	
	Total	-	16.51	55.00	71.51	

# VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

During the year there was no penalty/punishment/compounding of offences has been executed against the company nor any of its directors/KMPs

# Secretarial Audit Report

# For the financial year ended 31 March, 2020

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

The Members. **Globus Spirits Limited** CIN: L74899DL1993PLC052177

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s Globus Spirits Limited (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2020, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2020 according to the provisions of:

- The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made thereunder, as
- The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder:
- The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder:
- Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'), wherever applicable :-
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
  - The Securities and Exchange Board Of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act 2013 and dealing with client;
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 and;
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018;

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance except wherever a meeting was duly called on shorter notice as per the prescribed procedure, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period, the Company has decided to amalgamate its subsidiary, Unibev Limited (formerly Uber Blenders and Distillers Limited) into and with itself. Except this event, the Company has not undertaken any such events as public or rights or preferential issue of shares, debentures or sweat equity; redemption or buy-back of securities; major decisions by the Members in pursuance to Section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013; reconstruction: Foreign Technical Collaboration or any other like event(s)/action(s) having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, et cetera.

### For SKP & Co.

Company Secretaries

(CS Sundeep K. Parashar) No.: FCS 6136 C.P. No.: 6575

UDIN: F006136B000610267

Annexure-A

The Members, Globus Spirit Limited, CIN: L74899DL1993PLC052177

Date: August 24, 2020

Place: Vaishali

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.

- We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial record and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- Wherever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

### For SKP & Co.

Company Secretaries

(CS Sundeep K. Parashar) No.: FCS 6136 C.P. No.: 6575

UDIN: F006136B000610267

Date: August 24, 2020 Place: Vaishali

# **CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS**

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V, Para C, Sub-clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To. The Members Globus Spirits Limited New Delhi

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Globus Spirits Limited having CIN L74899DL1993PLC052177 and having registered office at F-0, Ground Floor, The Mira Corporate Suites, Plot No. 1&2, Ishwar Nagar, Mathura Road New Delhi-110065 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V, Para-C, Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications, including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in, as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we, hereby, certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2020 has been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN
1.	Mr. Ajay Kumar Swarup	00035194
2.	Mr. ShekharSwarup	00445241
3.	Mr. ManikLalDutta	00769308
4.	Ms. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	01098021
5.	Mr. Vivek Gupta	00035916
6.	Mr. KunalAgarwal	02416218
7.	Mr. Bhaskar Roy	02805627
8.	Mr. RuchikaBansal	06505221
9.	Mr. Richard Andrew Cornish Piliero	07720542
10.	Mr. Sunil Chadha	00401305

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these, based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

> ForSKP & Co. Company Secretaries

(CS Sundeep K. Parashar) M. No. : FCS 6136 C.P. No.: 6575

UDIN:F006136B000583713

Place: Vaishali Date: 19.08.2020

# FORM-AOC-1

# Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries

# Part "A": Subsidiaries

	Particulars	Amount (in INR Lakh)			
S.No.	Name of the Subsidiary	M/s Unibev Limited (formerly known as Uber Blenders & Distillers Limited)			
1	Reporting Period	1st April 2019 - 31st March, 2020			
2	Reporting Currency	Amount (in INR- lakhs)			
3	Share Capital	690.86			
4	Reserves & Surplus	(194.39)			
5	Total Assets	1,559.76			
6	Total Liabilities	1,559.76			
7	Investments	-			
8	Turnover	1,294.30			
9	Profit/(Loss) before taxation	(961.08)			
10	Provision for taxation	-			
11	Profit/(Loss) after taxation	(961.08)			
12	Proposed Dividend	-			
13	% of shareholding	97.94%			

# Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

There is no Associates and Joints Ventures of the company

# For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajay K. SwarupShekhar SwarupManaging DirectorJoint Managing DirectorDIN-00035194DIN-00769308

Ajay Goyal
Chief Financial Officer

Bhaskar Roy Santosh Kumar Pattanayak
Executive Director Company Secretary
DIN-02805627 ACS-18721

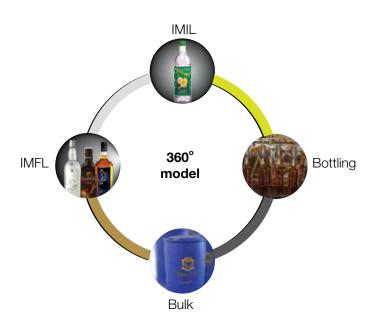
Place : New Delhi Date : August 24, 2020



# Management Discussion & Analysis

The fiscal year 2019-20 was characterised by global economic slowdown with the impact being even more pronounced in some of the developing economies including India. The real GDP growth in India declined from 6.8% in fiscal year 2018-19 to 5.0% in fiscal year 2019-20 as challenges in the financial sector which began towards end of 2018 continued into 2019. The year ended on a particularly weak note with the outbreak of COVID and consequent lockdowns leading to weak consumer sentiment and onset of recessionary-like conditions.

Consumption sector slowed down considerably in fiscal year 2019 driven by a multitide of factors including rising unemployment, liquidity crunch and lower government spend



in rural India. Just as there were some greenshoots of recovery, the onset of Covid situation completely derailed all efforts with discretionary spend plummeting to new lows.

Despite overall weak macro environment, the year held several positives for the distillery sector. The government continued to stress on ethanol blending as a a means to become less import dependent and alcohol realizations moved up worldwide as demand for disinfectants and sanitizers increased. Policy environment continued to be stable for alcoholic beverages and there were price hikes in multiple states including the ones in which your company is present.

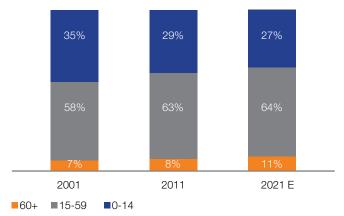
#### **Indian Spirits Industry**

With consumption sector facing headwinds, the Indian spirits industry too was characterised by low growth. There were several challenges that additionally impacted the industry, mainly the general elections and soaring input prices.

Having said that, favourable demographic trends and structural positives in the Indian economy hold promise for the liquor consumption story in India in the medium to long term.

Amongst a multitude of demographic and socio-economic factors driving growth, India's young demographic profile and low level of alcohol penetration are key growth drivers for the sector. In 2020, India will have one of the youngest populations in the world with average age at 29, compared to 37 in China, 45 in Western Europe and 48 in Japan.

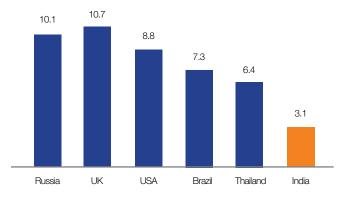
#### Increasing drinking age population



Source: State of Urban Youth 2012, Office of Registrar General 2006

India remains one of the most under-penetrated markets, indicating ample scope to grow further.

#### Per capita (15+ years) alcohol consumption In Bulk litre (2014)



Source: WHO; Estimate for India



The Indian Spirits industry consists of two distinctive markets differentiated on the basis of target audience, product characteristics and distribution network:

- 1. Indian Made Indian Liquor (IMIL)
- 2. Indian Made Foreign Liquor (IMFL)

	IMIL	IMFL
Likely Consumer Segment differs in size and status	Socio-economic D, comprising ~40% of population excluding below poverty line population	More affluent, socioeconomic sections C and upwards
Growth is more in sync with population growth	~11% CAGR** for households with Household premiumness indes (HPI) * between 6-10 (~SEC D)	Higher growth in IMFL with increasing affluence in India: e.g. ~14%+ CAGR for households with HPI >10 (SEC C+)
Taste Preference	Local fruit flavor dominated market, varies with states	North India - Whisky, East India - Rum, South India - Brandy & Rum
Point of Purchase	State Government Regulated vends; Banned in Southern India, apart from dry states	Standalone retail outlets, department stores and Government owned shops in some states like Delhi
Excise Control	Highly regulated: Distillery must for selling in the state of sale Excise of ₹15 per Proof Litre	Less restricted than IMIL, but higher excise duties of minimum of ₹ 40 per Proof Litre
Alcohol Content	~30% on average Earlier made from Rectified Spirits, now increasingly trending towards ENA	42.8% IMFL is made from ENA (higher purity 96%)
Min Retail Price	₹ 30-40 per nip (smallest size)	Starts from Rs 80 per nip (economy brands)
Brand Loyalty	Low with high distributor power and price sensitive consumer; now changing in line with increasing brand consciousness	High with multiplicity of purchase options and more affluent consumer

#### **IMIL Industry**

IMIL is evolving from a restricted quota-based, commoditized market to a consumer driven brand based industry. The main attractiveness of this market lies in its sizable base, comprising SEC-D and below which could translate into ~40% of total population (excluding Below Poverty Line).

The growth in this segment is expected to be driven by growing consumer base, rising rural incomes and consumption, conversion from illicit/ toddy to IMIL with increasing awareness about health and quality, conducive regulatory policies and aided by growth in population. In the short run, the IMIL industry could benefit from lower discretionary incomes, which would push up the demand for lower priced liquor.

WHO, in 2010, estimated the illicit and unreported segment at ~75% of the reported market. Though this percentage may have reduced since then, it would still be sizable representing a large opportunity for the IMIL industry. The State Governments are expected to play an important role in this conversion. While they are developing the organized IMIL market to prevent hooch tragedies, the excise revenue potential is also significant.

#### IMFL Industry

After experiencing rapid growth during 2001 to 2011 period, growth in the IMFL segment slowed down significantly and has been flat for the last few years. The mass segment has borne the brunt with volumes declining though this has been partly offset by growth in the premium segment.

Nonetheless, the market at present is still dominated by strong national brands at low price points.

The 300+ million cases market is undergoing a transformation with newer entrants, challenging the traditional labels and more so in the higher price points. There are high potential niche opportunities that are emerging in the space.

#### **Business Overview**

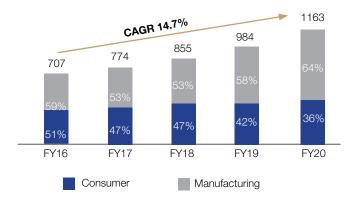
In fiscal year 2019-20, your company posted total income (net of excise duty) of ₹ 1167.9 crore up from ₹ 992.3 crore in the previous year, translating to healthy growth at 18%. EBITDA was at ₹ 137.9 crore up from ₹ 102.2 crore in fiscal year 2018-19 and net profit after tax was at ₹ 59.3 crore up from ₹ 30.6 crore. The

growth in total income was led by manufacturing vertical which was boosted by capacity augmentation in Rajasthan through de-bottlenecking and higher realizations. Profitability was driven by higher realizations in both consumer and manufacturing business while volume growth was driven by bulk alcohol.

The manufacturing vertical experienced healthy growth with share in net revenues increasing from 58% to 64% to reach ₹ 748.3 crore, translating to growth of 31%. The consumer business grew by 1% to reach ₹ 414.7 crore in revenue. Due to relatively lower growth, its share in revenues declined from 42% to 36%.

#### **Net Revenue Breakup**

(Revenues in Rs Crore)



#### **Manufacturing Business**

The manufacturing business revenue, comprising (a) bulk alcohol manufacturing and (b) franchisee IMFL (third party bottling), grew by 31% to reach ₹ 748.3 crore during FY2019-20.

The bulk alcohol division is the backbone of your company's 360° business model and provides high quality Extra Neutral Alcohol to the other divisions, ensuring a sustainable competitive advantage. During the year, bulk alcohol production was at 14.5 crore litres up from 12.7 crore litres in the previous year and capacity utilization was flat at 91% in the year under review. ~33% of the production was used for value added products, i.e., consumer business and franchisee bottling, balance remaining thereafter being sold externally.

Bulk alcohol revenues grew by 35% to reach ₹ 575.2 crore driven by volume growth of 18%.

The by-product revenue growth came in at 23% despite an overall increase of ~14% in production volumes as DDGS realizations showed healthy growth. The market prospects for DDGS remain promising and while offtake is not a concern, prices are volatile due to linkage to soya which is an agricultural commodity.

Franchisee IMFL volumes witnessed 11% decline - they stood at 40 lakh cases impacted by consumption slowdown. Your company's relationships with its customers remain strong backed by robust quality management and performance reporting systems which coupled with captive high quality Extra Neutral Alcohol (ENA) gives unmatched value to top IMFL companies.

Your Company has bottling contracts with ABD India in the state of Rajasthan and with United Spirits in the states of Haryana and West Bengal to manufacture their flagship brands.

#### **Consumer Business**

The consumer business comprising largely Indian Made Indian Liquor reported 0.7% growth in FY2019-20 to reach revenues of ₹ 414.7 crore. This was driven by higher realizations partly offset by 7.3% volume decline. Rajasthan, which comprises, ~80% of the overall volumes witnessed a volume decline of 6.5%. West Bengal volumes declined by 4.1% while Haryana volumes were almost flat. Your company decided to exit the Delhi market due to unfavourable pricing and low profitability.

Your company is amongst the largest IMIL players having >5% market share all-India. Through its efforts to reinvent a traditional and commoditized market, it has established itself as a leading player in 2 of the large North Indian markets - Haryana and Rajasthan. With competitive intensity increasing, your Company has decided to focus on building strong brands with unique value proposition for the bottom of the pyramid consumer.

The consolidated IMIL sale stood at 11 million cases in FY2019-20.

#### **IMIL Brand Portfolio**



1st IMIL brand in India positioned as awesome mix of natural lemon flavor with strong yet smooth blend profile



#### Popular dark spirits' brand

Positioned as refreshing and juicy as Orange



#### 1st mixed fruits blend in IMIL Latest launch

Smooth palette with an explosion of mixed fruits flavour in its aftertaste. A refreshing blend inspired by the local fruits of Haryana.



Heer Ranjha

Tribute to the most popular romantic tales of the region. Smooth blend to enjoy straight up.



Tribute to Rajasthani folk dance;

Blend popular in the harsh winter months of the desert region

#### Premium IMFL - Unibev

Your Company forayed into premium IMFL business through its subsidiary Unibev Ltd which is led by Mr Vjay Rekhi, former President of United Spirits and a liquor industry veteran.

Unibev Ltd is focusing on providing a unique value proposition to the discerning consumers of premium IMFI and launched its first brand in December 2017 - L'Affaire Napoleon Premium French brandy, created with 3 Year Old matured grape spirit, in Puducherry. The brand has received excellent response from consumers and channel partners. Since then Unibev has launched two whisky brands - Governor's Reserve whisky created with 12 Year Old matured scotch and Oakton Barrel Aged whisky created with 18 Year Old matured scotch. Unibev has expanded to 10 markets during the year and now is present in Southern markets of Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Telangana and Pondicherry, Eastern markets of Assam, West Bengal, Chhattisgarh and Odisha and Western markets of Maharashtra and Goa.

Unibey operates on an asset lite model with contract manufacturing arrangements. The company aims to disrupt the premium IMFL market with a robust portfolio of differentiated brands with an age claim.

The size of the semi premium whisky segment is 20 million cases, whereas premium whisky is 8.5 million cases and super premium whisky is 1 million cases annually. The segments present a significant opportunity to Unibev growing year on year at a rate of 7% and 9% respectively.

Guided by an exceptional leader and a strong and experienced team, your Company believes this can provided the much needed impetus to creating a strong premium franchise.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- Net Revenues at ₹ 1,167.9 crore, up by 17.9% y-o-y
- EBITDA at ₹ 137.9 crore with EBITDA margin of 11.8%
- PAT at ₹ 59.3 crore, with margin of 5.1%.

#### **Environmental Compliance**

Your Company is a zero waste water discharge company. We care for the environment as we believe in the philosophy of sustainable development. Air pollution is controlled through the installation of relevant control devices like ESPs which help in brining air discharge to within permissible limit. Following are the steps we have undertaken in the new expanded capacity:

#### Air Pollution

- Step forward to achieving zero discharge (explained below)
- b) Air Pollution control through installation of the relevant Control devices with ESPs
- Air pollution control through collection, purification and sale of CO2. All Carbon dioxide generated in fermentation shall be collected purified and sold to buyers including soft drink manufacturers and others thus abating air pollution.
- d) Proper disposal of all effluent related products such as spent grain and fly ash. Spent Grain shall be sold as cattle feed (see below) and fly ash/ash disposed off for land fill or for brick making.

#### **Details of Zero Discharge - Liquid Discharges**

Achieved through the following steps

- 1. Separation of spent grain from spent wash: The spent wash emerging from distillation (waste) would be passed through suitable equipment for the separation of spent grain.
- 2. Evaporation of Spent Wash: The lean spent wash would then be evaporated and concentrated to syrup in an evaporator specially put for the purpose which is integrated with the Distillation plant. This would be required to enable its drying later.
- 3. Mixing the concentrated spent wash with spent grain: The syrup spent wash and the spent grain obtained would be mixed to form Wet Grain which can be disposed as cattle feed.
- 4. Drying the same to powder: To improve on the quality of the Wet grain produced above the same would be dried and sold as dried cattle feed.

#### **Water Management**

- 1. All water re-circulated to process with or without treatment thus no discharge of any water stream
- 2. Surplus water used in make ups or in the boiler and cooling towers after treatment
- 3. Condensate from process reused in the boiler as boiler feed water

- 4. Condensate from evaporator reused in the process after treatment
- 5. All cooling water is through recirculation
- 6. All bottle washing water reused after treatment in the process or used for horticulture

Thus, achievement of zero discharge on all streams as per requirement of the Pollution Boards.

#### R&D Activities in Globus (Technology)

- a) Higher efficiencies of conversion: The expansion was done with the state of the art latest technologies to get the best conversions to alcohol at the highest efficiencies. This would be in line with the best practices being followed. We are also working on improving conversions not only of starch but also to alcohol with new strain enzymes and yeasts.
- b) Improving Distillation techniques and translating that to the plant in the expansion – Multi-pressure: To improve both on quality and energy consumption the distillation plant shall be of the multi-pressure design which would give us the benefit of both. The quality would be matched with the best alcohol available in the country.
- c) Looking at alternate disposals of spent grain: To keep in line with the requirements of government regulations we would look at the waste as cost center and are looking at alternative markets in the cattle feed segment for its best disposal at the best price. Branding of the product is also being examined.
- d) Looking at better blends as final product diversification: With better quality alcohol available we are moving to higher segments in the potable alcohol sector with better blends and brands and would be launching further brands in the future to build our market.

#### **Risk Management**

The nature of our business is such that it is subject to certain risks at different points of time. Some of these include escalation in the cost of raw materials and other inputs, increasing competitive intensity from other players, changes in regulation from central and state governments, changes in supplier-distributor relationship, labor shortage. Your company has always had a proactive approach when it comes to risk management where it periodically reviews the risks and strives to develop appropriate risk mitigation measures for the same. To enhance this focus, your company has formed a Risk Management Committee to frame, implement and monitor risk management plan.

#### **Internal Control Systems**

Your Company has ensured that stringent and comprehensive controls are put in place to ensure the optimal and efficient utilization of resources and to ensure safety and protection of all assets from unauthorized use. An extensive program of of internal, external audits along with periodic reviews by the management is carried out to ensure compliance with the best practices.

#### **Human Capital Overview**

Your Company considers human capital a core area for sustainable growth and has been making conscious efforts to engage and develop human capital at all levels. The Human Resource Department of your Company is highly focused on enhancing stakeholder value by ensuring a fit between the management of an organization's employees, and the overall strategic direction of the company. Over the years your Company has been able to build a team of qualified, dedicated & motivated professionals. The working atmosphere provided to the employees is aimed at creating a sense of ownership which helps them to shoulder greater responsibilities. As on 31st March 2020, the employee (excluding casual) count for the company stood at 519 compared to 412 on 31st March 2019.

#### Disclaimer

Certain statements in this MDA may be forward looking within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results may differ from those expressed or implied. Important developments that could affect the Company's operations include a downtrend in domestic industry, significant changes in the political environment, changes in tax laws & excise duties, litigation and labour relations.

# Report on corporate governance

## for the year ended march 31, 2020

Your Company believes in conducting its affairs with the highest levels of integrity, with proper authorizations, accountability, disclosure and transparency. The Company strongly believes in maintaining a simple and transparent corporate structure driven solely by business needs. Shareholders' interests are on utmost priority and the management is only a trustee to carry out the activities in a truthful and fruitful manner.

The details of the Corporate Governance compliance by the Company as stipulated in the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the below mentioned period are as under:

Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and para C and D of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the Listing Regulations) for the period from April 01, 2019 to March 31, 2020.

#### COMPANY'S **PHILOSOPHY** ON CODE OF **GOVERNANCE**

Corporate Governance is the system by which companies are directed and managed. A good corporate governance structure encourages companies to create value (through entrepreneurism, innovation, development and exploration) and provide accountability and control systems commensurate with the risks involved.

Globus Spirits Ltd. believes in adopting and carrying out sound corporate governance practices to build the trust of the stakeholders in the company. It strives to observe superior corporate governance principles in each activity it undertakes. The company follows cardinal principles of corporate performance, transparency, integrity and accountability in order to maximize the shareholders' long term wealth while simultaneously achieving the goal of shareholder protection.

#### 1.1 Key Board activities during the year

The Board provides and critically evaluates strategic direction of the Company, management policies and their effectiveness. Their main function is to ensure that long-term interests of the stakeholders are being served. The agenda for Board's review / strategic review includes a detailed analysis and review of annual strategic and operating plans and capital allocation and budgets. Frequent and detailed interaction sets the agenda and provides the strategic roadmap for future growth of the Company. Voluntary Corporate Governance Guidelines of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India broadly outlines a framework for corporate sector on

important parameters like appointment of directors, guiding principles to remunerate directors, responsibilities of the Board, risk management, the enhanced role of Audit Committee and conduct of Secretarial Audit.

#### 1.2 Role of the Company Secretary in Overall Governance **Process**

The Company Secretary ensures that all relevant information, details and documents are made available to the directors for effective decision making at the meetings. He is primarily responsible to ensure compliance with applicable statutory requirements and is the interface between the Company and the regulatory authorities.

#### 1.3 Selection and Appointment of New Directors on the **Board**

Considering the requirements of the skill-sets on the Board, eminent persons having an independent standing in their respective field/profession and who can effectively contribute to the Company's business and policy decisions are considered by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee for appointment of new Directors on the Board. The number of directorships and memberships in various committees of other companies by such persons is also considered.

#### 1.4 Familiarization Program of Independent Directors

The Independent directors of our Company are eminent personalities having wide experience in the field of business, finance, education, industry, commerce and administration. Their presence on the Board has been advantageous and fruitful in taking business decisions. Independent Directors with management expertise and wide range of experience are appointed as per the Governance guidelines of the Company. The new Board members are also requested to access the necessary documents / brochures, Annual Reports and internal policies available at our website (www.globusspirits. com) to enable them to familiarize with the Company's procedures and practices. Updates on relevant statutory changes encompassing important laws are regularly intimated to the Independent Directors.

#### 1.5 Prevention of Insider Trading

Pursuant to the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading and Code of Corporate Disclosure Practices for prevention of insider trading is in place. The objective of the Code is to prevent purchase and / or sale

of shares of the Company by an insider on the basis of unpublished price sensitive information. Under this Code, Designated persons (Directors, Advisors, Officers and other concerned employees / persons) are prevented from dealing in the Company's shares during the closure of Trading Window. All the designated employees are also required to disclose related information periodically as defined in the Code. The aforesaid Code is available at the website of the Company (www.globusspirits.com).

#### 1.6 Vigil Mechanism

Your Company has established a mechanism called 'Vigil Mechanism' for directors and employees to report to the appropriate authorities of unethical behavior, actual or suspected, fraud or violation of the Company's code of conduct or ethics policy and provides safeguards against victimization of employees who avail the mechanism. The policy permits all the directors and employees to report their concerns directly to the Management/Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Company. The policy has been communicated to the employees by uploading the same on the website of the Company (www.globusspirits.com). The employees can directly contact on the email address as mentioned in the 'Vigil Mechanism Policy' uploaded at the website of the Company. During the year under review no personnel was denied access to the Audit Committee.

#### 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### Composition

The Board of Directors of the Company consists of an optimal mix of Executive and Non-Executive & Independent Directors.. The present Board consists of 10 Directors comprising one Chairman who is a Non-Executive-Independent Director, one Managing Director, one Joint Managing Director, two Executive cum whole-time Directors, three Independent Directors, one Non-Executive Director and one Non-Executive-Independent Woman Director.

The Directors have in-depth knowledge of business and bring with them their respective expertise in the fields of strategy, management, finance and economics among others. The Board provides leadership, strategic guidance, objective and independent view to the Company's management while discharging its fiduciary responsibilities, thereby ensuring that management adheres to high standards of ethics, transparency and disclosure.

The Board also meets the requirement of the minimum number of Independent Directors being not less than one third of the Total Directors. The size and composition of the Board conforms to the requirements of Regulation 17 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The Company issued letter of appointment to the Independent Director as per Schedule

IV to the Companies Act, 2013 and the terms and conditions of their appointment have been disclosed on the website of the Company (www.globusspirits.com).

None of the Directors hold Chairmanship of more than 5 Committees or Membership in more than 10 committees across all Public Limited Companies.

#### **Board Functioning & Procedure**

Globus Spirits Ltd. believes that at the core of its corporate governance practice is the Board, which oversees how the management serves and protects the long-term interests of all stakeholders of the Company. An active, well-informed and independent board is necessary to ensure the highest standards of Corporate Governance.

Globus Spirits Ltd. believes that composition of board is conducive for making decisions expediently, with the benefit of a variety of perspectives and skills, and in the best interests of the Company as a whole rather than of individual shareholders or interest groups.

In accordance with the provisions of Regulation 17 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board meets at least once in every quarter to review the quarterly results and other items of agenda. The agenda is sent in advance to the Directors along with the draft of relevant documents and explanatory notes.

The Company is under the process of development and implementation of the plans for orderly succession for appointment to the Board of Directors and to senior management.

During the financial year 2019-20, 5 (Five) Board Meetings were held on May 07, 2019, August 03, 2019, November 11, 2019, February 07, 2020 and March 12, 2020. The maximum gap between any two Board Meetings was less than one hundred and twenty days. All material information was circulated to the directors before the meeting or placed at the meeting, including minimum information required to be made available to the Board as prescribed under Part A of Schedule II of Regulation17 of the Listing Regulations. During the year, separate meeting of the Independent Directors was held on February 07, 2020 without the attendance of non-independent directors and members of the management. The Company has proper systems to enable the Board to periodically review compliance reports of all laws applicable to the Company, as prepared by the Company as well as steps taken by the Company to rectify instances of non-compliances.

The Composition of Board of Directors as on March 31, 2020, their qualifications, attendance during the year at the Board meetings and the last Annual General Meeting, Number of other Directorships, Committee memberships and Chairmanships held by them are given below:

Director	Qualification & Expertise	No. of Shares held as on March 31, 2020	Category of Director	Atten	dance	Comr	other Directorsl mittee Member airmanships he	ships/
				Board Meetings during the Financial Year 2019-20	Last AGM on September 03, 2019	Director- ships	Committee Member- ships	Committee Chairman- ships
Sh. Ajay K. Swarup	He graduated in B.A.(Honours) Economics from St. Stephens College, Delhi University and PGDBM from the Indian Institute of Management, Kolkata and having more than 35 years of expertise in Alcohol Industry	1,924,254	MD-P	5	Yes	6	-	-
Sh. Shekhar Swarup	He has completed his schooling from The Doon School, Dehradun and is a graduate in Business Management from the University of Bradford, UK. He is a Charter Member of TiE, New Delhi and having more than 10 years of experience.	729,608	E-P	5	Yes	6	-	-
Sh. Manik Lal Dutta	He is a M. Tech from Calcutta University and a Post Graduate Diploma in Business Management from Calcutta Institute of Management and has over 36 years of experience in the alcohol industry in the areas of project execution, commissioning, plant optimization, plant operation, development of IMFL blends and brands, maintenance and production planning and, quality control at various stages of liquor manufacture.	2,100	Е	5	Yes	-	-	-
Dr. Bhaskar Roy	He is a Chartered Accountant and Doctorate in Commerce and has over 30 years of experience in the areas of Strategic Financial Planning, Fund Management, Accounts, Auditing, Budgeting and MIS. He has expertise in designing internal control systems for accomplishment of corporate business goals, is a keen analyst with relationship management skills and has ability to liaison with Banks, Financial Institutions and other external agencies.	100	E	4	No	3	-	-
Sh. Vivek Gupta	He is a B com(Hons) from Delhi University and has about 25 years of experience in senior position in Industry.	Nil	NE-I-C	4	Yes	7	2	-
Sh. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	He is a B.Sc. (Mechanical Engg) from REC, Rourkela and M.Tech.(Industrial Engineering & Operations Research) from IIT, Kharagpur. Mr. Bishwal has about 40 years of experience	Nil	NE-I	4	No	2	1	-
Sh. Kunal Agarwal	He holds a B.A. (Honours) degree in Economics from Harvard College. He is having various exposures in Food and logistics industries.	Nil	NE-I	4	No	1	-	-
Sh. Sunil Chadha	He has got vast experience in running of large Thermal Power Stations and been consultants for various power stations/ projects. He has done ISC from The Doon School, Dehradun in 1975 and BA Hons. Economics from Shri Ram College of Commerce, Delhi University in 1979 Masters in Business Administration from Faculty of Management Studies, Delhi University in 1981.	Nil	NE- I	4	No	-	-	-

Ms. Ruchika Bansal	Ruchika Bansal is a management consultant with over 12 years of work experience, specializing in corporate finance and business strategy.	Nil	NE -W	4	No	-	-	-
Mr. Richard Piliero	Mr. Piliero holds a B.A. Magna cum laude, in Business Economics and International Relations from Brown University. He also spent a year at Oxford University, Worcester College in the Politics, philosophy and economic program. Prior to Joining Franklin Templeton in 2001, Mr. Piliero was with Investor Growth Capital in New York (the Private Equity Division of Investor AB of Sweden) and Bears Stearns & Co., in the Investment Banking Department. He was also co-founder of Aigis Ventures LLC, a seed-stage venture capital company in the United States. He entered the financial services industry in 1996.	Nii	NE- N	1	No	-	-	-

C = Chairman, MD = Managing Director, E = Executive, NE= Non-Executive Director, P = Promoter,

- Mr. Vivek Gupta has been inducted in the Board of Directors of the Company w.e.f. 03rd August 2019.
- Mr. Joginder Singh Dhamija has resigned from the Board of Directors of the Company w.e.f. 03rd August 2019.

Private Limited Companies, Foreign Companies and companies under Section 8 of The Companies Act, 2013 are excluded for the above purposes.

Sh. Shekhar Swarup, the Joint Managing Director of the Company is the son of Sh. Ajay K. Swarup, the Managing Director of the Company and none of the other director is related to inter-se with any other Director on the Board in terms of the definition of "relative" given under the Companies Act, 2013.

It is further being confirmed by the Board of Directors that the Independent Directors fulfill the conditions specified in these regulations and are independent of the Management.

#### Skill Matrix of the Board

The Board has identified the following skills/ expertise/ competencies fundamental for effective functioning of the Company which are currently available with the Board:

Strategic Leadership Skills	Appreciation of long-term trends, strategic choices and experience in guiding and leading management teams
Financial and Risk Management	Wide-ranging financial skills, accounting and reporting, corporate finance and internal controls, including assessing quality of financial controls.
	Identify the key risks to the Company and monitor the effectiveness of the risk management framework and practices
Governance	Experience in developing governance practices, serving the best interest of all stakeholders, maintaining board and management accountability, effective stakeholder engagements and commitment to highest standards of corporate ethics and values.
Health, Safety, environment and sustainability	Experience and knowledge of working on environment, health, safety, sustainability and corporate social responsibility activities directly or as a part of operational responsibility for long term value creation.
Industry and sector experience or knowledge	Knowledge and experience to provide strategic guidance to the management.

**Directors seeking re-appointment:** As required by Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, details of Directors seeking re-appointment / appointment are forming part of the notice of 27thAnnual General Meeting.

#### **CODE OF CONDUCT & CODE OF ETHICS**

The Board of Directors has adopted the Code of Conduct and Ethics for Directors and Senior Management personnel. The Code is available on the Company's website (www.globusspirits.com).

A declaration signed by the Managing Director of the Company is given below:

This is to certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, for the financial year ended on March 31, 2020, all Board members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management respectively.

> Sd/-Ajay K. Swarup Managing Director DIN - 00035194

August 24, 2020

I = Independent, N-Nominee Director, W-Woman Director

<sup>\$</sup> Represents Directorships and Committee Memberships/Chairmanships in Indian Public Limited Companies only and it only covers the Membership/Chairmanship of Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee.

#### 3. AUDIT COMMITTEE

#### **BROAD TERMS OF REFERENCE**

The terms of reference of this Committee covers the matters specified for Audit Committee under Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as well as in Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are as under:

- Recommendation for the appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
- Reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence, auditor's performance and the effectiveness of the audit process:
- iii. Examining the financial statements and the auditors' report thereon:
- iv. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
- Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- vi. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- vii. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- viii. Monitoring the end use of funds raised through public offers and related matters;
- ix. The Audit Committee shall have authority to investigate into any matter in relation to the items specified in (i) to (viii) above or referred to it by the Board and for this purpose shall have power to obtain professional advice from external sources and have full access to information contained in the records of the Company;
- The Audit Committee may call for the comments of the auditors about internal control systems, the scope of audit, including the observations of the auditors and review of financial statement before their submission to the Board and may also discuss any related issues with the internal and statutory auditors and the management of the Company;
- xi. Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- xii. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- xiii. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
  - (a) Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;

- (b) Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
- (c) Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
- (d) Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
- (e) Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
- Disclosure of any related party transactions; and
- (g) Qualifications in the draft audit report
- xiv. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval:
- xv. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
- xvi. Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- xvii. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit, reporting structure, coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- xviii. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on:
- xix. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;
- xx. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- xxi. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- xxii. To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower/Vigil mechanism. Chairperson of the Audit Committee shall be directly accessible in appropriate or exceptional cases;
- xxiii. Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e., the wholetime Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;

- xxiv. Carrying out any other function as may be required by the Companies Act, 2013, rules made thereunder and Listing Agreements with the Stock Exchanges or otherwise referred by the Board from time to time; and
- xxv. The Audit Committee shall mandatorily review the following information:
  - a) Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
  - Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the Audit Committee), submitted by the management;
  - Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
  - Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
  - e) The auditors of the Company and the key managerial personnel shall have a right to be heard in the meetings of the Audit Committee when it considers the auditor's report but shall not have the right to vote.
  - f) Reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision.

#### COMPOSITION

The Present members in the Audit Committee as on 31st March 2020 are as follows:-

SI.	Name of Member	Designation in Committee	Designation in Company
1	Sh. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	Chairman	Independent Director
2	Sh. Vivek Gupta	Member	Independent Director
3	Sh. Kunal Agarwal	Member	Independent Director
4	Sh. Sunil Chadha	Member	Independent Director
5	Sh. Shekhar Swarup	Member	Joint Managing Director
6	Sh. Richard Piliero	Member	Non-Executive Nominee Director

The company secretary is the secretary to the Committee.

Note:-Sh. Joginder Singh Dhamija has resigned from the Audit Committee w.e.f. 03rd August 2019 and Mr. Vivek Gupta has been inducted in the committee on the same date.

The minutes of the Audit Committee Meetings are noted by the Board of Directors at the subsequent Board Meeting.

During the Financial Year 2019-20, 5 (Five) Audit Committee Meetings were held on May 07, 2019, August 03, 2019, November 11, 2019, February 07, 2020 and March 12, 2020. The attendance of Audit Committee meeting is as follows:

Members	Designation	No. of Meetings attended
Sh. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	Chairman	4
Sh. Vivek Gupta	Member	4
Sh. Richard Piliero	Member	1
Sh. Kunal Agarwal	Member	4
Sh. Shekhar Swarup	Member	5
Sh. Sunil Chadha	Member	4

# 4. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are as under:

- a) Identify persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down. Recommend the identified persons to the Board for their appointment and removal. and shall carry out evaluation of every director's performance;
- Formulate criteria for the evaluation of every director's performance which includes determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director;
- c) Recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration for the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees and while formulating such policy, the committee shall ensure that:
  - i. the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the Company successfully;
  - ii. relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks;
  - iii. remuneration to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.
- d) Devise a policy on Board diversity;
- e) Fix the Salary and Perquisites of Executives of the Company;
- f) Consider and grant annual and special increments to the executives of the Company and to confirm the adhoc special increments granted to staff and executives of the Company;
- g) To consider the adequacy of profits of the Company and to consider remuneration payable to the Managerial persons as per requirement of the Companies Act and Schedules of the Companies Act;
- To approve the remuneration payable to the managerial personnel of the Company in case of inadequacy of the profits; and
- i) To take all other consequential and incidental actions that may arise due to requirements under the Companies Act, 2013 and any amendment thereto,

Listing Regulations and guidelines/circular issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India from time to time.

Recommend to the Board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.

#### Performance evaluation criteria

The company has a devised an evaluation form which is to be required to be filled by directors to rate the functioning of Board of Directors, its Committees and individual directors. The criteria to evaluate independent directors include Participations at Meetings, Managing Relationships, Knowledge and Skill, Personal Attributes and Criteria of Independence. All independent directors are rated out of 5 on these basis.

#### **COMPOSITION**

The constitution of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is as under:-

SI. No.	Name of the Members	Designation	Designation in the Company
1	Sh. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	Chairman	Independent Director
2	Sh. Vivek Gupta	Member	Independent Director
3	Sh. Richard Piliero	Member	Non-Executive Nominee Director

#### Remuneration Policy:

Remuneration Policy relating to remuneration for This the directors has been formulated by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board of Directors.

#### a) Payment Terms for Executive Directors

- Salary shall not exceed limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.
- Revision from time to time depending upon performance of the Company, individual Director's performance and prevailing Industry norms.
- No sitting fees.

#### b) Payment Terms for Non-Executive Directors

- Sitting fees shall not exceed limits prescribed under the Companies Act. 2013.
- The remuneration payable to Non Executive Directors is decided by the Board of Directors.

During the Financial Year 2019-20, 1 (One) Remuneration Committee Meetings were held on November 11, 2019. The attendance of Remuneration Committee meeting is as follows:

Members	Designation	No. of Meetings attended
Sh. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	Chairman	1
Sh. Vivek Gupta	Member	1
Sh. Richard Piliero	Member	1

#### **Details of Directors Remuneration:**

The details of remuneration paid to the Managing/Executive/Whole-time Directors of the Company during the financial year ended March 31, 2020 are as under:

S. No.	Name	Designation	Fixed Salaries and Allowance (₹)	Variable Portion (₹)	Others (including Arrears) (₹)	Commission & Other Benefits (₹)	Total (₹)
1.	Sh. Ajay K. Swarup	Managing Director	1,40,00,004	25,37,500	5,20,000	Nil	1,70,57,504
2.	Sh. Manik Lal Dutta	Executive Director	42,31,935	4,55,341	1,31,611	Nil	48,18,886
3.	Sh. Shekhar Swarup	Joint Managing Director	1,20,00,000	21,75,000	4,00,000	Nil	1,45,75,000
4.	Dr. Bhaskar Roy	Executive Director	60,48,012	10,96,201	2,55,092	Nil	73,99,306

The tenure of the appointment of Sh. Aiay K. Swarup, Managing Director has been for a period of 5 years w.e.f. December 01, 2016. Sh. Shekhar Swarup and Ms. Ruchika Bansal who retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

The Company does not have any stock option scheme.

The Non-Executive Directors are paid by way of sitting fees for each meeting of the Board of Directors and its Committees attended by them. The details of sitting fees paid to Non-Executive Directors during financial year 2019-20 are as under:

Name of the Non-Executive & Independent Director	Sitting Fees (₹)
Sh. Vivek Gupta	1,50,000
Sh. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	2,10,000
Sh. Sunil Chadha	1,20,000
Sh. Kunal Agarwal	1,20,000
Ms. Ruchika Bansal	60,000

None of the Non-Executive Directors had any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company during the year ended March 31, 2020 except getting sitting fees for the meeting attended by them.

#### 5. STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE COMPOSITION

The constitution of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee is as under:-

Name of the Members	Designation	Designation in the Company
Sh. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	Chairman	Independent Director
Sh. Vivek Gupta	Member	Independent Director
Sh. Shekhar Swarup	Member	Joint Managing Director
Dr. Bhaskar Roy	Member	Executive Director

#### **COMPLIANCE OFFICER**

Shri Santosh Kumar Pattanayak, Company Secretary of the Company has been appointed as the Compliance Officer.

# DETAILS OF SHAREHOLDERS' / INVESTORS' COMPLAINTS RECEIVED AND ATTENDED

Number of Shareholders'/Investors' Complaints	2
received during the period April 01, 2019 to March	
31, 2020	
Number of Complaints attended/resolved	2
Number of Complaints not resolved to the satisfaction	Nil
of shareholders	
Number of pending complaints as on March 31, 2020	Nil

# 6. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) COMMITTEE:

#### COMPOSITION

The constitution of the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee is as under:-

Name of the Members	Designation	Designation in the Company
Sh. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	Chairman	Independent Director
Sh. Vivek Gupta	Member	Independent Director
Sh. ShekharSwarup	Member	Joint Managing Director
Dr. Bhaskar Roy	Member	Executive Director

Terms of reference of the CSR Committee are:

- Formulate and recommend to the Board, a CSR policy indicating the activity or activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013;
- 2. Recommend the amount to be spent on these activities;
- 3. Monitor the Company's CSR policy periodically; and
- 4. Institution of transparent monitoring mechanism for the implementation of CSR projects.

The Company has adopted a policy on Corporate Social Responsibility as required under section 135 of The Companies Act, 2013 which is also available at the website of the Company (www.globusspirits.com). During the year, one CSR Committee meetings was held on May 07, 2019.

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE:

#### COMPOSITION

The constitution of the Risk Management Committee is as under:-

Name of the Members	Designation	Designation in the Company
Sh. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	Chairman	Independent Director
Sh. Vivek Gupta	Member	Independent Director
Sh. Shekhar Swarup	Member	Joint Managing Director
Dr. Bhaskar Rov	Member	Executive Director

Terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee are:

- 1. Framing, implementing and monitoring the risk management plan for the Company;
- 2. Laying down procedures to inform Board members about the risk assessment and minimization procedures;

- Monitoring and reviewing of the risk management plan from time to time; and
- Activities as may be required to be done under the Companies Act 2013.

#### 8. SUBSIDIARY COMPANY:

Your Company has one subsidiary M/s Unibev Limited (formerly known as M/s Uber Blenders & Distillers Limited).

#### 9. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

Details of the last three Annual General Meetings:

Date of Meeting	Location of the Meeting	Time	Whether any Special Reso- lution Passed in previous three AGM
03.09.2019	Auditorium of IETE, 2,	11:30 A.M.	Yes
25.09.2018	Institutional	11:30 A.M.	Yes
26.09.2017	Area, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003	11:00 A.M.	Yes

Details of Special Resolutions passed through Postal Ballots during the financial year 2019-20:

 Special Resolution under the provisions of Section(s) 196, 197, 203 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 for approval of remuneration of Sh. Ajay Kumar Swarup, Managing Director of the company. The said postal ballot resolution was carried out by the scrutinizer, Sh. Sundeep K. Parashar and the voting details are as follows:-

No. of valid votes casted (through E-voting and postal ballot forms): 21351070

Total votes casted in favor of resolution: 21350945 Total votes casted against the resolution: 125

2) Special Resolution under the provisions of Section(s) 196, 197, 203 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 for approval of remuneration of Sh. Shekhar Swarup, Joint Managing Director of the company. The said postal ballot resolution was carried out by the scrutinizer, Sh. Sundeep K. Parashar and the voting details are as follows:-

No. of valid votes casted (through E-voting and postal ballot forms): 21351070

Total votes casted in favor of resolution: 21350445 Total votes casted against the resolution: 625

3) Special Resolution under the provisions of Section(s) 196, 197, 203 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 for approval of remuneration of Dr. Bhaskar Roy, Executive Director of the company. The said postal ballot resolution was carried out by the scrutinizer, Sh. Sundeep K. Parashar and the voting details are as follows:-

No. of valid votes casted (through E-voting and postal ballot forms): 21351070

Total votes casted in favor of resolution: 21350970
Total votes casted against the resolution: 100

4) Special Resolution under the provisions of Section(s) 196,

197, 203 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 for approval of remuneration of Mr. Manik Lal Dutta, Executive Director of the company. The said postal ballot resolution was carried out by the scrutinizer, Sh. Sundeep K. Parashar and the voting details are as follows:-

No. of valid votes casted (through E-voting and postal ballot forms): 21351070

Total votes casted in favor of resolution: 21350470 Total votes casted against the resolution: 600

#### 10. DISCLOSURES Made By the Management to the **Board**

#### i) Related Party Transactions

There have been related party transactions as reflected in Note 43 to the consolidated financial statements but none of them are not in conflict with the interest of the Company. The Company has formulated a policy on materiality of Related Party Transactions and also on dealing with Related Party Transactions. The said policy is also available on the website of the Company (www. globusspirits.com).

#### ii) Details on Non-Compliance

The equity shares of the Company are listed on BSE as well as on NSE and the Company has complied with all the applicable requirements of capital markets and no penalties or strictures have been imposed on the Company by Stock Exchanges, SEBI or any other statutory authority, on any matter relating to the capital markets, during the last three years.

#### iii) Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy

The Company has a Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy as required under the Companies Act, 2013.). The purpose of this policy is to provide a framework to promote responsible whistle blowing by employees. It provides protection to those employees who wish to raise a concern about serious irregularities, unethical behavior and/or actual or suspected fraud within the Company. The mechanism under the Policy has been appropriately communicated within the organization and the Company has not denied access to any personnel, to approach the management/Audit Committee on any

#### iv)CEO/CFO Certification

The Managing Director, Sh. Ajay Kumar Swarup and CFO Mr. Ajay Kumar Goyal have certified to the Board of Directors, inter alia, the accuracy of financial statements and adequacy of internal controls for the financial reporting purpose as required under Regulation 17 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, for the year ended March 31, 2020.

#### v) Compliance with Mandatory Requirements

The Company has submitted to stock exchange on quarterly basis the compliance status of all the Mandatory Requirements pursuant to Part C of Schedule V of Regulation 34(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

#### vi)Policy for determining material subsidiaries

The Company has duly posted the policies with respect to determining material subsidiaries at its website (www. globusspirits.com).

#### vii) Consolidated fees paid to statutory auditor

Total fees for all services paid by the Company and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditors and all entities in the network firm/network entity for FY 2019-20 of which it is a part is as reflected in Note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

- viii) With respect to disclosure in relation to Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:
  - a. number of complaints filed during the financial year-
  - b. number of complaints disposed of during the financial year-Nil
  - c. number of complaints pending as on end of the financial vear-Nil

#### 11. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The Company's financial results are communicated forthwith to both the Stock Exchanges with whom the Company has listing arrangements as soon as they are approved and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company. Thereafter the results are normally published in The Financial Express and Regional newspapers. The Financial Results, Press Releases and Presentations made to institutional investors are also available under Investors section on the Company's website (www.globusspirits.com).

Designated Exclusive e-mail ID: The Company has designated the following e-mail ID exclusively for investor grievance redressal:-

corporateffice@globusgroup.in; santoshp@globusgroup.in; ir@globusgroup.in

#### 12. GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION

#### a) Annual General Meeting:

Date & Time	:	Monday, 28th September 2020 at 01.00PM through Audio Visual conference mode.	
Venue	:	At the Registered office of the company at F-0, Mira Corporate Suites, Ishwar Nagar, Mathura Road, New Delhi	
b) Financial Year	:	April 01, 2019 to March 31, 2020	
c) Book Closure	:	From 22nd September 2020 to 28th September 2020 (both days inclusive)	
d) Dividend	:	10% dividend is proposed on paid up equity share capital of the company.	

e) Listing on Stock Exchanges: w.e.f. September 23, 2009 The Equity Shares of the Company are listed at the following Stock Exchanges:

- Bombay Stock Exchange Limited, 25th Floor, PhirozeJeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai-400 001.
- National Stock Exchange of India Limited, 'Exchange Plaza', Bandra - Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai- 400 051.

f) Stock Code: BSE 533104 NSE **GLOBUSSPR** 

> NSDL/CDSL-ISIN INE615I01010

g) Stock Market Price Data for the year 2019-20

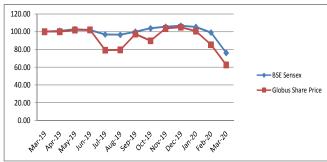
	BSE PRICE		NSE	PRICE
Month	High	Low	High	Low
Apr-19	156.50	130.00	156.25	133.00
May-19	147.80	130.65	148.75	130.00
Jun-19	144.70	122.25	145.10	122.20
Jul-19	139.40	103.75	139.55	103.60
Aug-19	111.45	92.55	118.95	92.15
Sep-19	145.55	104.70	145.40	105.70
Oct-19	133.00	112.00	133.95	111.00
Nov-19	160.50	119.75	160.95	119.25
Dec-19	144.50	125.95	144.40	123.95
Jan-20	150.10	131.50	150.50	131.20
Feb-20	157.65	114.00	157.80	114.15
Mar-20	122.00	60.75	122.05	60.75

(Source: www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com)

The Company had paid Annual Listing Fees for the Financial Year 2019-20.

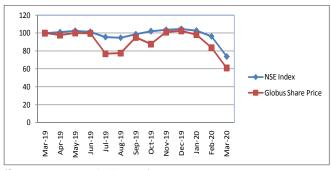
#### Performance in comparison with Indices (BSE/NSE) Base is 100 as at March 31, 2019

#### **BSE**



(Source: www.bseindia.com)

#### **NSE**



(Source: www.nseindia.com)

#### Distribution of Equity shareholding as on March 31, 2020

No. of Equity Shares held	No. of Share- holders	% of Share- holders	No. of Shares held	% of Share- holding
Up to 500	14,337	89.07	15,58,075	5.41
501 to 1000	936	5.81	7,57,938	2.63
1001 to 2000	396	2.46	5,93,303	2.06
2001 to 3000	137	0.85	3,48,249	1.21
3001 to 4000	64	0.40	2,28,047	0.79
4001 to 5000	60	0.37	2,86,712	1.00
5001 to 10000	90	0.56	6,69,575	2.33
10001 & above	77	0.48	2,43,57,369	84.58
Grand Total	16,097	100.00	2,87,99,268	100.00

#### Registrar and Share Transfer Agents (STA):

Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd.

Noble Heights, 1st Floor, Plot No. N.H-2, LSC, C-1 Block, Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri, New Delhi-110058

#### **Share Transfer System:**

Company's shares are transferable both in Demat and Physical mode. The transfers of shares in case of dematerialization form are being conducted through Depository Participant (DP). For the transfer of physical shares Company's Registrar at above mentioned address is to be contacted. Further Share transfer requests received in physical form are registered within 21 days from the date of receipt and demat requests are normally confirmed within the prescribed time from the date of receipt.

#### Investor correspondence address

Shareholders correspondence should be addressed to the Registrars and Transfer Agents at the address given here above.

Shareholders holding shares in dematerialized form should address all their correspondence to their respective Depository Participants.

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of subregulation (2) of Regulation 46 of the Listing Regulations.

#### Shareholding Pattern as on March 31, 2020:

	Category	No. Of Share Held	% Of Holding
Eq	uity:		
A.	Promoter & Promoter Group		
	1. India	1,60,54,036	55.74
	2. Foreign	-	-
	Total (A)	1,60,54,036	55.74
B.	Public		
	1.Institutions	6,01,824	2.09
	2.Non-Institutions	1,21,43,408	44.25
	Total (B)	12,745,232	44.26
	Grand Total (A+B)	28,799,268	100

#### **Dematerialization of Shares and Liquidity**

The Company's shares are compulsorily traded in dematerialized form. As on March 31, 2020, 99.993% (28,797,299 shares out of total 28,799,268 equity shares) shares were held in dematerialized form.

#### **Credit Rating**

The Company has been rated by CARE A- Positive (single A Minus: Outlook Negetive) for its various working capital and term loan credit facilities availed by the company from various bankers.

#### **Outstanding GDR/ADRs/Warrants or any Convertible** instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity:

There is no outstanding GDR/Warrants and Convertible Bonds

#### **Address for Correspondence:**

- 1) Registered office Address: M/s Globus Spirits Limited, F-0, The Mira Corporate Suites, Ishwar Nagar, Mathura Road, New Delhi-110065, E-mail: corporateoffice@globusgroup.in
- 2) Address of Registrar and Share Transfer Agent: M/s Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd., Noble Heights, 1st Floor, Plot No. NH-2, LSC, C-1 Block, Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri, New Delhi-110058

#### Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities

During the year 2019-20, the Company had managed the foreign exchange risk and entered into forward contracts to the extent considered necessary for minimizing the risk of foreign exchange fluctuations. The details of foreign currency exposure are disclosed in Note No. 41 of the financial statements.

- Plant Locations : 1) Vill: Shyampur, Tehsil: Behror, Dist: Alwar. Raiasthan
  - : 2) 4K.M., Chulkana Road, Vill: Samalkha, Dist: Panipat, Haryana
  - : 3) National Highway, Hisar Bye-pass, Hisar, Haryana
  - : 4) Vill: Duduha, Tehsil : Jandaha, Dist: Vaishali, Bihar
  - : 5) Plot B-7, Panagarh Industrial Area, Panagarh, Dist: Burdwan, West Bengal

#### **DISCRETIONARY REQUIREMENTS**

#### (1) CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors of the Company has a Chairman who is a Non-Executive & Independent Director.

#### (2) SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

As the Company's quarterly results are published in leading English newspapers having circulation all over India and in a Hindi newspaper widely circulated in the region, the same are not sent to each household of shareholders.

#### (3) MODIFIED OPINIONS IN AUDIT REPORT

There is no qualification contained in Audit Report.

#### (4) SEPARATE POST OF CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING **DIRECTOR**

The Company has separately appointed Chairman and Managing Director.

#### (5) REPORTING OF INTERNAL AUDITOR

The Internal Auditors reports directly to the Audit Committee.

#### **REQUEST TO SHAREHOLDERS**

#### **Demat of Shares:**

Shareholders are requested to convert their physical holding to demat/ electronic form through any of the DPs to avoid any possibility of loss, mutilation etc., of physical share certificates and also to ensure safe and speedy transaction in securities.

#### **Consolidation of Multiple Folios:**

Shareholders, who have multiple folios in identical names and order are requested to apply for consolidation of such folios and send the relevant share certificates to the Company.

#### **Registration of Nominations:**

Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 provides facility for making nominations by shareholders in respect of their holding of shares. Such nomination greatly facilitates transmission of shares from the deceased shareholder to his / her nominee without having to go through the process of obtaining succession certificate / probate of the will, etc. It would therefore be in the best interest of the shareholders holding shares in physical form registered as a sole holder to make such nominations. Shareholders, who have not availed nomination facility, are requested to avail the same by submitting the nomination form to the Company or STA. This form will be made available on request. Investors holding shares in demat form are advised to contact their DPs for making nominations.

#### **Updation of address:**

Shareholders are requested to update their addresses registered with the Company, directly through the STA, to receive all communications promptly. Shareholders, holding shares in electronic form, are requested to deal only with their DPs in respect of change of address, furnishing bank account number,

#### **GREEN INITIATIVE IN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

In compliance with the provisions of section 20 of the companies act, 2013, permits circulation of Annual Report through electronic means to such of the members whose e-mail addresses are registered with NSDL or CDSL or with the Company to receive the documents in electronic form and physical copies to those shareholders whose e-mail addresses have not been either registered with the Company or with the DPs. To support this green initiative of the Government, members are requested to register their e-mail addresses and also intimate changes, if any, with the DPs, in case shares are held in dematerialized form and with the STA, in case the shares are held in physical form.

#### Compliance

The Certificate dated 24th August 2020 obtained from our statutory auditors DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS, Gurgaon forms part of

# Auditor's Certificate on Corporate Governance

THE MEMBERS OF **GLOBUS SPIRITS LIMITED** 

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

- 1. This certificate is issued in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated October 07, 2019.
- We, Deloitte Haskins & Sells, Chartered Accountants, the Statutory Auditors of Globus Spirits Limited ("the Company"), have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by the Company, for the year ended on March 31, 2020, as stipulated in regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and para C and D of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the Listing Regulations).

#### Managements' Responsibility

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control and procedures to ensure the compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance stipulated in Listing Regulations.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

- Our responsibility is limited to examining the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
- We have examined the books of account and other relevant records and documents maintained by the Company for the purposes of providing reasonable assurance on the compliance with Corporate Governance requirements by the Company.
- We have carried out an examination of the relevant records of the Company in accordance with the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance issued by the Institute of the Chartered Accountants of India (the ICAI), the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act 2013, in so far as applicable for the purpose of this certificate and as per the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes issued by the ICAI which requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.
- We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

#### **Opinion**

- Based on our examination of the relevant records and according to the information and explanations provided to us and the representations provided by the Management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and para C and D of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations (as amended) during the year ended March 31, 2020.
- We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 015125N)

Rajesh Kumar Agarwal (Partner) (Membership No. 105546) UDIN: 20105546AAAAABI1748

Place: New Delhi Date: August 24, 2020 CEO and CFO Certification

In terms of Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulation, 2015, we, Ajay Kumar Goyal, CFO and Ajay K. Swarup, Managing Director hereby certify that:

We have reviewed financial statements for the period ending 31st March 2020 and that to the best of our knowledge and

(1) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that

might be misleading;

these statements together present a true and fair view of the listed entity's affairs and are in compliance with existing

accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.

В. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the listed entity during the year which

are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the listed entity's code of conduct.

C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have

evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the listed entity pertaining to financial reporting and we have

disclosed to the auditors and the audit committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any,

of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.

D. We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit committee

significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year; (1)

significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to

the financial statements: and

instances of significant fraud of which they have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the

management or an employee having a significant role in the listed entity's internal control system over financial

reporting. (No Instance of any kind of fraud has been detected)

Place: New Delhi

(Ajay Goyal)

(Ajay K. Swarup)

Date: August 24, 2020

CFO

Managing Director

# Business Responsibility Report

Environment, Society and Governance are very vital for us. Pursuant to Regulation 34(2)(f) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015, we provide below our Business Responsibility Report describing the initiatives taken by the Company ("Globus Spirits Limited") from an environmental, social and governance perspective during the financial year ended March 31, 2020.

On each of the nine Principles governing this Business Responsibility Report, Globus Spirits Limited has been at the frontline to follow the same in letter and spirit. Our initiatives in this regard for each of the principles are highlighted below in the prescribed format.

# SECTION A: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COMPANY

- Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Company -L74899DL1993PLC052177
- 2. Name of the Company GLOBUS SPIRITS LIMITED
- 3. Registered address F-0, Ground Floor, The Mira Corporate Suites, Plot No. 1 & 2, Ishwar Nagar, Mathura Road, New Delhi 110065
- 4. Website www.globusspirits.com
- 5. E-mail id corporateffice@globusgroup.in
- 6. Financial Year reported April 01, 2019 to March 31, 2020
- 7. Sector(s) that the Company is engaged in (industrial activity code-wise) Manufacturing and marketing of alcohol and alcoholic beverages (NIC Code –2208)
- List three key products/services that the Company manufactures/provides (as in balance sheet)

   Indian Made Indian Liquor, Indian Made Foreign Liquor, Bulk Alcohol
- 9. Total number of locations where business activity is undertaken by the Company
  - (a) Number of International Locations Nil
  - (b) Number of National Locations Five (5)
- Markets served by the Company Local/State/National/ International
  - (a) National: The Company's products are marketed in the states of Haryana, Rajasthan, Delhi, West Bengal and Bihar

(b) International: During the year under review, the Company exported to abroad as well.

# SECTION B: FINANCIAL DETAILS OF THE COMPANY (as per standalone financials for the year ended March 31, 2020)

- 1. Paid up Capital (INR) Rs. 2879.93lakhs
- 2. Total Turnover (INR) -Rs.125933.44lakhs
- 3. Total profit after taxes (INR) Rs.5931.21lakhs
- 4. Total Spending on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Rs.30lakhs
- List of activities in which expenditure in 4 above has been incurred:- mainly engaged in eradicating environment pollution.

#### **SECTION C: OTHER DETAILS**

1. Does the Company have any Subsidiary Company/ Companies?

Yes. The Company has one (1) subsidiary company, namely, M/s Unibev Limited (formerly known as M/s Uber Blenders & Distillers Limited) (Indian subsidiary).2. Do the Subsidiary Company/Companies participate in the BR Initiatives of the parent Company? No. 3. Do any other entity/entities (e.g. suppliers, distributors etc.) that the Company does business with, participate in the BR initiatives of the Company? If yes, then indicate the percentage of such entity/entities? [Less than 30%, 30-60%, More than 60%] – No.

#### **SECTION D: BR INFORMATION**

#### 1. Details of Director / Directors responsible for BR:

 a. Details of the Director / Director responsible for implementation of the BR policy / policies as on March 31, 2020.

SI. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Designation
1	Mr. Ajay Kumar Swarup	00035194	Managing Director
2	Mr. Shekhar Swa- rup	00445241	Joint Managing Director
3	Mr. Manik Lal Dutta	00769308	Executive Director
4	Dr. Bhaskar Roy	02805627	Executive Director
5	Mr. Vivek Gupta	00035916	Non-Executive Independent Director

6	Mr. Santosh Kumar Bishwal	01098021	Non-Executive Independent Director
7	Mr. Kunal Agarwal	02416218	Non-Executive Independent Director
8	Mr. Sunil Chadha	00401305	Non-Executive Independent Director
9	Ms. Ruchika Bansal	0650542	Non-Executive Independent Director
10	Mr. Richard Piliero	07720542	Non-Executive - Nominee Director

Details of the BR head:

Overall review of BR is with the Board of Directors and the implementation with the Management.

#### 2. Principle-wise (as per NVGs) BR Policy/Policies\*

a. Details of compliance (Reply in Y/N)

No.	Questions	
1	Do you have a policy/ policies for Code of Business Conduct and Ethics	Yes
2	Has the policy being formulated in consultation with the relevant stakeholders?	All the policies have been formulated in consultation with the Management of the Company and is approved by the Board of Directors. The policies have been framed considering the best interest of the stakeholders.
3	Does the policy conform to any national/international standards? If yes, specify? (50 words)	Yes, the policies are based on 'National Voluntary Guidelines on Social, Environmental and Economic Responsibil- ity of Business'
4	Has the policy being approved by the Board? Is yes, has it been signed MD / owner /CEO / appropriate Board Director?	Yes, the Policies have been approved by the Board of Directors and signed by the Managing Director & CEO on behalf of the Board of Directors of the Company.
5	Does the Company have a specified com- mittee of Board/ Direc- tor / Official oversee the implementation of the policy?	Yes . The specified officials does monitor the implementation of policy.

6	Indicate the link for the policy to be viewed online?	www.globusspirits.com
7	Has the policy been formally communicated to all relevant internal and external stake-holders?	Yes, the policies have been posted on the Company's website and communicated to all internal stakeholders.
8	Does the Company have in house structure to implement the policy / policies.	The Company intends to do the same in due course.

#### 3. Governance related to BR

a. Indicate the frequency with which the Board of Directors, Committee of the Board or CEO to assess the BR performance of the Company. Within 3 months, 3-6 months, Annually, More than 1 year.

Annually.

b. Does the Company publish a BR or a Sustainability Report? What is the hyperlink for viewing this report? How frequently it is published?

Published annually as part of the Annual Report.

#### Principle 1: Company's efforts in the area of Ethics, Transparency and Accountability

1. Does the policy relating to ethics, bribery and corruption cover only the Company? Yes / No. Does it extend to the Group /Joint Ventures / Suppliers / Contractors / NGOs / Others?

The company and its employees and directors follows Code of Conduct and Ethics.

2. How many stakeholder complaints have been received in the past financial year and what percentage was satisfactorily resolved by the management? If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.

All the Internal Grievances received and solved

#### Principle 2: Company's efforts to provide goods and services that are safe and contribute to sustainability throughout their life cycle.

1. List up to 3 of your products or services whose design has incorporated social or environmental concerns, risks and/or opportunities.

All our products and processes are environment friendly and our plants are equipped for zero pollution discharge

- 2. For each such product, provide the following details in respect of resource use (energy, water, raw material etc.) per unit of product (optional):
  - a. All our plants generate more than 3MW power from the wastes of the company.

- 3. Does the Company have procedures in place for sustainable sourcing (including transportation)? If yes, what percentage of your inputs was sourced sustainably? Also, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so:- The company is in the process of implementing the same.
- 4. Does the Company have a mechanism to recycle products and waste? If yes what is the percentage of recycling of product and waste (separately as <5%, 5-10%, >10%). Also, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.

All our plants generate more than 3MW power from the wastes of the company.

#### Principle 3: Company's efforts to promote the wellbeing of all employees

a. Please indicate the total number of employees:

We have 529 employees including Executive, permanent workmen and staff.

b. Please indicate the total number of employees hired on temporary/contractual/casual basis:

We have also hired contract or temporary employees and retainers/consultants.

c. Please indicate the number of permanent women employees:

d. Please indicate the Number of permanent employees with disabilities:

e. Do you have an employee association that is recognized by management?

No

f. What percentage of your permanent employees is members of this recognized employee association?

N.A

g. Please indicate the number of complaints relating to child labour, forced labour, involuntary labour, sexual harassment in the last financial year and pending, as on the end of the financial year:

Sr. no.	Category	No. of complaints filed during the financial year	No. of complaints pending as on end of the financial year
1	Child labour, forced labour, involuntary labour	NIL	NIL
2	Sexual harassment	NIL	NIL
3	Discriminatory employment	NIL	NIL

h. What percentage of your employees were given safety and skill upgradation training in the last year?

As and when it is required, the training has been given

Principle 4: Company's efforts to respect the interests of, and be responsive towards all stakeholders, especially those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized.

The company is in the process of implementing the same.

#### Principle 5: Company's efforts to promote human rights

Does the policy of the company on human rights cover only the Company or extend to the Group / Joint Ventures / Suppliers / Contractors / NGOs / Others?

The Code of Business Conduct & Ethics (CoBCE) is the key policy governing the compliance and ethics framework of the Company and extends to the Group / Joint Ventures / Suppliers / Contractors / NGOs.

The Code of Business Conduct & Ethics (CoBCE) is the key policy governing the compliance and ethics framework of the Company and extends to the Group / Joint Ventures / Suppliers / Contractors / NGOs. Globus Spirits subsidiary UNIBEV also, is covered by CoBCE.

How many stakeholder complaints have been received in the past financial year and what percent was satisfactorily resolved by the management?

During the year, there were no cases reported concerning human rights.

#### Principle 6: Company's efforts towards environment protection

Does the policy related to Principle 6 cover only the company or extends to the Group/Joint Ventures/Suppliers/ Contractors/NGOs/others.

The company will adopt the policy very soon

Does the Company have strategies/ initiatives to address global environmental issues such as climate change, global warming, etc.? Y/N. If yes, please give hyperlink for webpage etc.

The company will frame the policy for such purpose very

Does the Company identify and assess potential environmental risks? Y/N

If yes, does the Company have any project related to Clean Development Mechanism(CDM)? If so, provide details there of, in about 50 words or so. Also, if Yes, whether any environmental compliance report is filed?

Your Company is committed to Carbon footprint reduction. Globus Spirits has reduced carbon emission with respect to 2007 baseline through implementation of mul-

- tiple projects to meet demand of operation through inhouse power generation. Your Company developed a strategy to increase Steam Turbine Power generation in factories.
- Has the company undertaken any other initiatives on clean technology, energy efficiency, renewable energy, etc.? Y/N. If yes, please give hyperlink for web page etc.
  - The company is using bio-mass based fuel and for this purpose the company is getting various subsidy from MNRE
- 5. Are the Emissions/Waste generated by the Company within the permissible limits given by CPCB/SPCB for the financial year being reported?
  - The company adopt the practice of zero pollution label dis-
- 6. Number of show cause / legal notices received from CPCB/ SPCB which are pending (i.e. not resolved to satisfaction) as on end of Financial Year.
  - There are no Pending notices which are not responded properly and not resolved to satisfaction as at the end of the financial year.

#### Principle 7: Company's efforts to responsibly engage while influencing public and regulatory policy

- Is your company a member of any trade and chamber or association? If Yes, name only those major ones that your business deals with:
  - The company is a member of PHD chamber of commerce and all india distillery association.
- Have you advocated/lobbied through above associations for the advancement or improvement of public good? Yes/ No; if yes specify the broad areas (drop box: Governance and Administration, Economic Reforms, Inclusive Development Policies, Energy security, Water, Food Security, Sustainable Business Principles, Others)

As and when on requirement basis.

#### Principle 8: Company's efforts to support inclusive growth and equitable development

Does the Company have specified programmes / initiatives / projects in pursuit of the policy related to Principle 8? If yes details thereof

The company is taking steps to implement the same

Are the programmes/projects undertaken through in-house team/own foundation/external NGO/government structures/any other organization?

The company is taking steps to implement the same

- Have you done any impact assessment of your initiative? The company is taking steps to implement the same
- What is your Company's direct contribution to community development projects-

The company will contribute very soon

5. Have you taken steps to ensure that this community development initiative is successfully adopted by the community? Please explain in 50 words, or so.

N.A.

#### Principle 9: Company's efforts to engage with and provide value to their customers and consumers in a responsible manner

- What percentage of customer complaints/consumer cases are pending as on the end of financial year.
  - In this financial year, There were no consumer complaints registered against the Company with the respective Forums.
- Does the Company display product information on the product label, over and above what is mandated as per local laws? Yes/ No/N.A. / Remarks (additional information)

Yes. Generally we have front and back label for few brands and few have a single label.

#### For the Labels - We print following mandatory details

- 1. Branding
- MRP
- 3. Manufacturing unit address
- 4. Reg. office address
- FSSAI License number
- Customer care phone number and Mail ID.
- 7. Ingredients
- Quantity and strength declarations
- Batch number and date of manufacturing
- 10. Bar code
- 11. Excise mandates as per state excise regulation.
- 12. Country of Origin.
- Is there any case filed by any stakeholder against the company regarding unfair trade practices, irresponsible advertising and/or anti-competitive behaviour during the last five years and pending as on end of financial year. If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.

Nil

4. Did your Company carry out any consumer survey/ consumer satisfaction trends? No.

# Independent Auditor's Report Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### To The Members of Globus Spirits Limited Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Globus Spirits Limited ("the Parent"/ "the Holding Company") Parent/ Holding Company and its and its subsidiaries, (the subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2020, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ('Ind AS') and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2020, and their consolidated profit, their consolidated total comprehensive income, their consolidated cash flows and their consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143 (10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Parent's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial **Statements**

The Parent's Board of Directors responsible in 134(5) matters stated section of with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated changes in equity of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Parent, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the respective entities to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate their respective entities or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated **Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Parent has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities/ joint ventures to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Parent and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Other Matters

Due to COVID-19 related lockdown, we were not able to attend the Management's year end physical verification of inventory. Consequently, we have performed alternate procedures to audit the existence of inventory as per the guidance provided in SA 501 "Audit Evidence-Specific Consideration for Selected Items" and have obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence to issue our opinion on these Consolidated Financial Results.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements is not modified in respect of the above matter.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report, to the extent applicable that:

- We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial
- In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books, returns and the reports of the other auditors.
- The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Parent as on 31st March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company none of the directors of the Group companies is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A" which is based on the auditors' reports of the Parent and subsidiary company incorporated in India. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of internal financial controls over financial reporting for the reasons stated therein.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended,
  - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Parent to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group. Refer Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.
- The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts. Refer Note 41 (c) to the consolidated financial statements.
- iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Parent and there were no amounts which were to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by its subsidiary company incorporated in India. Refer Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 015125N)

Rajesh Kumar Agarwal (Partner) (Membership No. 105546) UDIN: 20105546AAAAABI1748

Place: New Delhi Date: 16 June 2020

#### ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2020, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Globus Spirits Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Parent") and its subsidiary companies as of that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Parent and its subsidiary company are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Parent and its subsidiary company, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to

obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Parent and, its subsidiary company, which are companies incorporated in India.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Parent and its subsidiary company, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 015125N)

Rajesh Kumar Agarwal (Partner) (Membership No. 105546) **UDIN: 20105546AAAABI1748** 

Place: New Delhi Date: 16 June 2020

# Consolidated Balance Sheet

as at March 31, 2020

	March 31, 2020		An of	(₹ in Lacs
Part	culars	Note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
AS	SETS			
1	Non - current assets  (a) Property, plant and equipment  (b) Right to Use of Assets  (c) Capital work-in-progress	2 3 4	55,417.27 1,474.49 2,893.52	57,366.24 - 1,176.00
	(d) Intangible assets under development (e) Financial assets (i) Investments	5 6	61.29 0.30	61.29 0.30
	(ii) Loans (iii) Others financial assets (f) Income tax assets (net) (a) Other non current assets	7 (a) 8 (a) 9 10 (a)	778.68 1,053.94 2.95 610.50	302.06 1,193.37 153.24 1,505.47
	Total non-current assets	10 (a)	62,292.94	61,757.97
2	Current assets (a) Inventories (b) Financial assets	11	10,628.13	7,777.53
	(i) Trade receivables (ii) Cash and cash equivalents (iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	12 13 (a) 13 (b)	3,381.50 1,998.46 0.66	4,908.56 160.12 90.74
	(iv) Loans (v) Others financial assets (c) Other current assets	7 (b) 8 (b) 10 (b)	104.78 178.30 1,344.61	609.06 99.96 1,516.70
	Total current assets		17,636.44	15,162.67
-	OUITY AND LIABILITIES TOTAL ASSETS		79,929.38	76,920.64
1	Equity (a) Equity share capital (b) Other equity Equity attributable to owners of the Company	14 SOCE	2,879.93 41,850.17 <b>44,730.10</b>	2,879.93 36,908.26 <b>39,788.19</b>
	(C) Non-controlling interest	SOCE	(90.18)	(71.79)
2	Liabilities  Non - current liabilities  (a) Financial liabilities		44,639.92	39,716.40
	(i) Borrowings (ii) Lease Liability (b) Provisions	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a)	13,279.61 143.96 278.02	16,953.67 - 171.60
	(c) Deferred tax liabilites (net) (d) Other non current liabilities	18 19 (a)	2,826.34 226.52	2,414.97 248.93
	Total non-current liabilities		16,754.45	19,789.17
3	Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables	15 (b) 20	447.58	3,141.63
	-Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises -Total Outstanding dues to creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises (iii) Other financial liabilities	21	43.01 10,805.89 4,519.06	9,465.94 3,645.15
	(iv) Lease Liability (b) Provisions (c) Other current liabilities (d) Current tax tiabilities (net)	16 (b) 17 (b) 19 (b) 22	145.27 535.91 1,969.59 68.70	164.88 895.69 101.78
	Total current liabilities		18,535.01	17,415.07
	Total liabilities		35,289.46	37,204.24
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		79,929.38	76,920.64

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements In terms of our report attached.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number - 015125N

Rajesh Kumar Agarwal Partner

Membership No. 105546

Place : New Delhi Date : June 16, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajay K. Swarup Managing Director DIN-00035194

Bhaskar Roy Executive Director DIN-02805627 Shekhar Swarup Joint Managing Director DIN-00445241

Santosh Kumar Pattanayak Company Secretary ACS-18721

Place : New Delhi Date : June 16, 2020

# Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

for the year ended March 31, 2020

(₹ in Lacs)

	Particulars	Note	For the year ended	For the year ended
	Particulars	Note	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
I	Revenue from operations	23	126,743.10	108,069.98
II	Other income	24	373.67	708.74
Ш	Total income (I + II)		127,116.77	108,778.72
IV	Expenses:			
	(a) Cost of materials consumed	25	74,291.90	60,204.28
	(b) Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock in trade and work in progress	26	(2,534.07)	(301.82)
	(c) Excise duty on sale of goods	27	9,861.45	9,479.10
	(d) Employee benefits expense	28	3,428.06	2,773.15
	(e) Finance costs	29	2,355.39	2,630.53
	(f) Depreciation expense	30	3,802.04	3,611.72
	(g) Other expenses	31	29,221.80	27,090.62
	Total expenses (IV)		120,426.57	105,487.58
٧	Profit before tax (III - IV)		6,690.20	3,291.14
VI	Tax expense:			-
	(a) Current tax	32 (a)	1,273.02	932.46
	(b) Deferred tax	32 (b)	435.00	520.53
	(c) Tax relating to previous year	02 (6)	12.06	(533.8)
	(b) Tax telating to previous year		1,720.08	919.16
VII	Profit for the year (V VII)		4,970.12	2,371.98
	Profit for the year (V - VI)		4,970.12	2,371.90
VIII	Other comprehensive income (OCI)			
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	32 (c)	(67.62)	11.46
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		23.63	(3.97)
	Other comprehensive income		(43.99)	7.49
IX	Total comprehensive income for the year (VII + VIII)		4,926.13	2,379.47
	Profit for the year attributable to:			
	-Owners of the Company		4,989.92	2,434.25
	-non-controlling interest		(19.80)	(62.26)
			4,970.12	2,371.98
	Other comprehensive income for the year attributable to:			
	-Owners of the Company		(43.99)	7.49
	-Non-controlling interest		_	0
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(43.99)	7.49
	Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:			
	-Owners of the Company		4,945.93	2,441.74
	-Non-controlling interest		(19.80)	(62.26)
	•		4,926.13	2,379.47
X	Earnings per share (of ₹ 10 each):			
	Basic (in ₹)		17.33	8.26
	Diluted (in ₹)		17.33	8.26

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements In terms of our report attached.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration Number - 015125N

Rajesh Kumar Agarwal

Membership No. 105546

Place : New Delhi

Date : June 16, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajay K. Swarup Managing Director DIN-00035194

Santosh Kumar Pattanavak **Company Secretary** 

ACS-18721

Place : New Delhi Date : June 16, 2020 Bhaskar Roy **Executive Director** DIN-02805627

Shekhar Swarup Joint Managing Director DIN-00445241

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow

for the year ended March 31, 2020

ın	Lacs

Pa	articulars	For the ye March 3		For the year ended March 31, 2019	
Р	Cash flow from operating activities rofit for the year djustments for: Income tax expense recognised in profit and loss Depreciation expense Amortisation of non current assets Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipments Impairment loss Finance cost Interest income Net foreign exhange (gain) / loss Liabilities written back Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances Others	1,720.08 3,802.04 - 0.22 7.10 2,355.39 (155.38) (15.76) (83.06) 15.13 200.39	4,970.12 7,846.15	919.16 3,611.72 10.72 0.36 - 2,630.53 (150.78) - (175.75) 0.10 392.06 (4.61)	2,371.98 7,233.49
	Operating profit before working capital changes Movement in working capital: (Increase)/decrease in inventories (Increase)/decrease in trade receivables (Increase)/decrease in other assets Increase/(decrease) in trade payables Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities and provisions	(2,850.60) 1,742.58 327.50 1,284.13 1,392.39	12,816.27	(1,739.39) (409.74) (3,420.34) (5.95) (104.02)	9,605.47
In	Cash generated from operations accome taxes paid		<b>14,712.27</b> (1,167.87)		<b>3,926.03</b> (868.33)
<b>B. C</b> P P P Ir	let cash flow (used) / from operating activities (A)  Cash flow from investing activities layment for Property, plant and equipment roceeds from government grants roceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipments layment to aquire financial assets leterest received flovement in bank balances not considered as cash and cash equivalents let cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B)	(3,903.29) - - - 229.85 6.86	(3,666.58)	(2,999.87) 1,320.46 12.65 (0.30) 238.45 30.37	3,057.70
P R Ir P Ir	ash flow from financing activities roceeds from borrowings (Net) lepayment of borrowings Interest on lease liability roceeds from issue of share capital Interest and other borrowing cost paid roceeds from issue of share capital Interest and other borrowing cost paid roceeds from issue of share capital Interest cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C)	8,099.67 (13,441.57) - (141.71) (2,553.26) (2.62)	(8,039.48)	989.86 - - - - (2,660.99)	(1,671.13)
С	let increase / (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) eash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year eash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		<b>1,838.34</b> 160.12 <b>1,998.46</b>		(11.67) 171.79 160.12
-	leconciliation of cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents (Refer note 13(a)) let cash and cash equivalents		1,998.46 <b>1,998.46</b>		160.12 <b>160.12</b>

Note: Bank deposits held as margin money for bank guarantees and others is included in cash flow from investing activity

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements In terms of our report attached.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration Number - 015125N

Rajesh Kumar Agarwal **Partner** 

Membership No. 105546

Place : New Delhi Date : June 16, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajay K. Swarup Managing Director DIN-00035194

Santosh Kumar Pattanayak **Company Secretary** ACS-18721

Place : New Delhi Date : June 16, 2020 Bhaskar Rov **Executive Director** DIN-02805627

Shekhar Swarup Joint Managing Director DIN-00445241

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### **Equity share capital**

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at March 31, 2018	2,879.93
Changes in equity share capital during the year (refer note 13)	-
Balance as at March 31, 2019	2,879.93
Changes in equity share capital during the year (refer note 13)	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	2,879.93

#### Other equity

(₹ in Lacs)

	Other equity								
	Res	erves and sur	plus						
Particulars	Securities premium account	General reserve	Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss	Attributable to owners of the Parent	Non controlling interests	Total			
Balance as at March 31, 2018	14,894.92	1,415.65	18,146.45	34,466.53	(9.54)	34,457.02			
1. Profit for the year		-	2,371.98	2,434.25	(62.26)	2,371.98			
2. Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	7.49	7.49	-	7.49			
3. Share of loss in Associate									
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	2,379.47	2,441.74	(62.26)	2,379.47			
Balance as at March 31, 2019	14,894.92	1,415.65	20,525.92	36,908.28	(71.80)	36,836.49			
Profit for the year	-	-	4,970.12	4,989.92	(19.80)	4,970.12			
2. Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	(43.99)	(43.99)		(43.99)			
3. Share of loss in Associate	-	-	-	-	-	-			
4. Share issue expense	(4.05)	-	-	(4.05)	-	(4.05)			
4.New share alloment to minorities	-	-	-	-	1.42	-			
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	4,926.13	4,941.88	(18.38)	4,922.08			

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements In terms of our report attached.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number - 015125N

Rajesh Kumar Agarwal

Membership No. 105546

Place: New Delhi Date : June 16, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajay K. Swarup **Managing Director** DIN-00035194

Santosh Kumar Pattanayak **Company Secretary** 

Place: New Delhi Date : June 16, 2020 **Executive Director** DIN-02805627

Shekhar Swarup **Joint Managing Director** DIN-00445241

## Notes forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### Note 1 - General information and Significant Accounting Policies

#### Note 1.1 - General information

Globus Spirits Limited (the Group) is primarily engaged in the business of manufacture and sale of Indian Made Indian Liquor (IMIL), Indian Made Foreign Liquor (IMFL), Bulk Alcohol hand sanitizer and Franchise Bottling.

#### Note 1.2 - Statement of compliance

These consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015

#### Note 1.3 Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and subsidiary as below:

Name of the entity	Relation- ship	Country of incor- poration	Sharehold- ing as on March 31, 2020	Sharehold- ing as on March 31, 2019
Unibev Limited (Formerly known as M/s Uber Blenders &	Subsidiary	India	97.94%	90.91%
Distillers Limited)				

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has power over the entity, is exposed, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns by using its power over entity. Power is demonstrated through existing rights that give the ability to direct relevant activities, those which significantly affect the entity's returns.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains the control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit and loss from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary

The financial statements of India Paryavaran Sahayak Foundation (IPSF), a company incorporated under section 8 of Companies Act, 2013 have not been considered for consolidation given the objective of investment in this company is not to obtain economic benefits from its activities.

Profit or loss and each component of the other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interest. Total comprehensive income of the subsidiary is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiary to bring their accounting policies into in with the Company's accounting policies.

All intra Company assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses, and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Company are eliminated in full on consolidation.

#### Note 1.4 - Significant Accounting Policies

#### I Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis,

except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36. In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date; Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

#### Revenue recognition

#### Sale of goods

The Group derives revenue from manufacture and sale of Indian Made Indian Liquor (IMIL), Indian Made Foreign Liquor (IMFL), Bulk alcohol and Franchisee Bottling.

The Group has applied Ind AS 115 'Revenue from contracts with customers' with effect from 1 April 2018, using the retrospective method with restatement of comparative period. Upon application of Ind AS 115, Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised goods to the customers. The point at which control passes is determined by each customer arrangement when there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of goods.

At contract inception, the group assesses its promise to transfer products or services to a customer to identify separate performance obligations. Where the contracts include multiple performance obligations, the transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation based on the standalone selling

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price i.e. the consideration to which the group expects to be entitled from a customer, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates. Revenue includes both fixed and variable consideration. Variable consideration arises on the sale of goods as a result of discounts and allowances given and accruals for estimated future returns and rebates. Revenue is not recognised in full until it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. The methodology and assumptions used to estimate rebates and returns are monitored and adjusted regularly in the light of contractual and legal obligations, historical trends and past experience. Once the uncertainty associated with the returns and rebates is resolved, revenue is adjusted accordingly. Revenue includes excise duty but excludes goods and services tax.

#### Revenue from manufacture and sale of products from tie-up manufacturing arrangements

The subsidiary has entered into arrangements with tie-up manufacturers (TMU), where-in TMUs manufacture and sell on behalf of the Company. Accordingly, the transactions of the tie-up units under such arrangements have been recorded on gross basis as if they were transactions of the subsidiary.

#### **Critical judgements**

Judgement is required to determine the transaction price for the contract

Transaction Price: The transaction price could either be a fixed amount of customer consideration or variable consideration with elements such as discounts and incentives. The estimated amount of variable consideration is adjusted in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur and is reassessed at the end of each reporting period.

#### Rendering of services

Revenue from bottling contracts with brand franchise is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered and related costs are incurred in accordance with the agreement between the parties.

#### Other Operating income

Income from export incentives are recognised on an accrual basis.

#### Other income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses.

#### III Property, plant and equipment

i. Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

All items of property, plant and equipment have been measured at fair value at the date of transition to Ind-AS. The Group has opted for such fair valuation as deemed cost as at the transition date i. e. April 01, 2016.

Cost is inclusive of inward freight, duties and taxes and incidental expenses related to acquisition or construction. All upgradation / enhancements are charged off as revenue expenditure unless they bring similar significant additional benefits. An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Depreciation of these assets commences when the assets are ready for their intended use which is generally on commissioning. Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated in a manner that amortizes the cost (or other amount substituted for cost) of the assets after commissioning, less its residual value, over their useful lives as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 on a

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Government Grants related to purchase of property, plant & equipments are presented in the balance sheet as a deduction from the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment.

- ii. Machinery spares which can be used only in connection with an item of fixed asset and whose use is expected to be irregular are capitalised and depreciated over the useful life of the principal item of the relevant assets.
- iii. Capital work-in-progress

Projects under which tangible fixed assets are not yet ready for their intended use are carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable interest.

#### IV Intangible assets:

#### Intangible assets under development

Development costs that are directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable and unique software products controlled by the Group will be recognised as intangible assets when the following criteria are met:

- (i) it is technically feasible to complete the software so that it will be available for use
- (ii) management intends to complete the software and use or sell it
- (iii) there is an ability to use or sell the software
- (iv) it can be demonstrated how the software will generate probable future economic benefits
- (v) adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the software are available, and
- (vi) the expenditure attributable to the software during its development can be reliably measured.

Expenditure on intangible assets eligible for capitalisation are carried as Intangible assets under development where such assets are not yet ready for their intended use.

#### V A. Depreciation / amortisation

i. Depreciation has been provided on the cost of the assets less their residual values on straight line method on the basis of estimated useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Estimated useful lives of the assets is as given below:

Asset	Useful Life
Buildings (including roads)	10-60 years
Plant and machinery	5-25 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Computers and data processing units	3-6 years
Electrical installations and equipment	10 years
Vehicles	8 years
Office equipments	5 years

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value.

#### **B.** Impairment

#### (i) Financial assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss for the financial assets which are not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss.

#### (ii) Non - financial assets

#### Tangible and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the fair value less cost of disposal and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). An impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The Group reviews at each reporting date if there is any indication that an asset may be impaired.

Non financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

#### VI Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded on initial recognition at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of transaction.

Monetary items (i.e. trade receivables) denominated in foreign currency are reported using the closing exchange rate on each balance sheet date.

The exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting these items at rates different from rates at which these were initially recorded / reported in previous financial statements are recognised as income / expense in the period in which they arise.

#### VII Financial instruments

#### Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of financial asset or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

#### Subsequent measurement

- (i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost: A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- (ii) Financial assets carried at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI): A financial asset is subsequently measured at FVTOCI if it is held not only for collection of cash flows arising from payments of principal and interest but also from the sale of such assets. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value being recognised in other comprehensive
- (iii) Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories (i.e. amortised cost or through other comprehensive income) are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.
- (iv) Financial liabilities: Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

#### **VIII Inventories**

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (weighted average basis) and the net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses, where considered necessary.

Cost includes all charges in bringing the goods to the point of sale, including octroi and other levies, transit insurance and receiving charges. Work-inprogress and finished goods include appropriate proportion of overheads and, where applicable, excise duty.

#### IX Employee benefits

The Group has various schemes of employee benefits such as provident fund, employee state insurance scheme and gratuity fund, which are dealt with as under:

- i. The Group's contribution to provident fund and employee state insurance scheme are considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.
- ii. For defined benefit plans in the form of gratuity fund the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur.
- iii. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related
- iv The Group use updated assumptions to determine current service cost and net interest for the remainder of the period after a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement and to recognize in profit or loss as part of past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, any reduction in a surplus, even if that surplus was not previously recognized because of the impact of the asset ceiling

The cost of short-term compensated absences is accounted when the absences occur.

#### X Contingent assets/liabilities and provisions

Contingent assets are not recognised. However, when realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, and is recognised as an asset.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed after evaluation of the facts and legal aspects of the matter involved, in line with the provisions of Ind AS 37. The Group records a liability for any claims where a potential loss probable and capable of being estimated and discloses such matters in its financial statements, if material. For potential losses that are considered possible, but not probable, the Group provides disclosures in the financial statements but does not record a liability in its financial statements unless the loss becomes probable.

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal/ constructive) as a result of a past event, for which it is probable that a cash outflow may be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

#### XI Leases

#### The Company as a lessee

From 1 April 2019, leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in -substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable.
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date.
- amounts expected to be payable by the Company under residual value guarantees.

- iv the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising that option

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If the rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Company:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Company, which does not have recent third-party financing, and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

The Company is exposed to potential future increases in variable lease payments based on an index or rate, which are not included in the lease liability until they take effect. When adjustments to lease payments based on an index or rate take effect, the lease liability is reassessed and adjusted against the right-of-use asset.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Variable lease payments that depend on sales are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the condition that triggers those payments occurs.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Company is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying assets useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit and loss account. Short term leases are the leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipments and small items of office furniture.

#### XII Earnings per share

Basic earnings / (loss) per share is calculated by dividing the net profit / (loss) for the current year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The number of shares used in computing diluted earnings per share comprises the weighted average share considered for calculating basic earnings / (loss) per share, and also the weighted average number of shares, which would have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### XIII Income taxes

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss i.e. in other comprehensive income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Group.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts at the reporting date. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the Group has a legally enforceable right for such set off. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit and loss is recognised outside statement of profit and loss i.e. in other comprehensive income. when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. current and deferred tax asset or liability shall be recognized and measured by applying the requirements in Ind AS 12 based on the taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates determined by applying this appendix. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

#### XIV Use of estimates and judgement

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amountsof revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the grouping disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

#### (i) Useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets:

Useful life and residual value are determined by the management based on a technical evaluation considering nature of asset, past experience, estimated usage of the asset, vendor's advice etc and same is reviewed at each financial year end.

#### (ii) Impairment of investments:

The Group has reviewed its carrying value of long term investments in equity of subsidiary carried at cost at the end of each reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for.

#### (iii) Deferred tax assets:

The Group has reviewed the carrying amount of deferred tax assets including MAT credit entitlement at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

#### (iv) Transaction Price - Sale of goods:

The transaction price could either be a fixed amount of customer consideration or variable consideration with elements such as discounts and incentives. The estimated amount of variable consideration is adjusted in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur and is reassessed at the end of each reporting period.

#### XV Operating cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Group and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Group has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

#### XVI Government grants, subsidies and export incentives

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants and subsidies are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the costs for which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis.

Government grants related to purchase of property, plant and equipments are presented in the balance sheet as a deduction from the carrying amount of property, plant and equipments.

#### XVII Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred. Costs in connection with the borrowing of funds to the extent not directly related to the acquisition of qualifying assets are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss over the tenure of the loan. Borrowing costs, allocated to and utilised for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset up to the date of capitalisation of such asset are added to the cost of the assets. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted.

#### XVIII Derivative contracts

The Group enters into derivative contracts in the nature of foreign currency forward contracts with an intention to manage its exposure to foreign currency rate risks. Further details of derivative financial instruments are disclosed in note 40.

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

#### XIX Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### XX Business Combination:

Ind AS 103 - Business Combinations Business combinations arising from transfers of interests in entities that are under the common control.

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control shall be accounted for using the pooling of interests method. The assets and liabilities acquired are recognised at their carrying amounts. The identity of the reserves is preserved as they appear in the financial statements of the Company in the same form in which they appeared in the financial statements of the acquired entities. The difference, if any, between the consideration and the amount of share capital of the acquired entities is treated as capital reserve. Transaction costs are expensed as they are incurred in respective periods.

Note 2 - Property, plant and equipment as at March 31, 2020

(₹ in Lacs)

		Gross carr	ying amount			Accumulated	depreciation		Net carryi	ng amount
Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	Additions	Disposals / adjustment of assets (Refer note 1)	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	Depreciation for the year	Eliminated on disposal / adjustment of assets	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
LAND										
Freehold land	2,907.33	-	-	2,907.33	-	-	-	-	2,907.33	2,907.33
	2,907.33	-	-	2,907.33	_	-	-	-	2,907.33	2,907.33
BUILDINGS										
Factory buildings	10,018.44	250.33	-	10,268.77	995.23	383.81	-	1,379.04	8,889.73	9,023.21
	10,018.44	250.33	-	10,268.77	995.23	383.81	-	1,379.04	8,889.73	9,023.21
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT										
Plant and machinery	53,168.36	1,533.36	6.15	54,695.57	8,487.82	3,126.52	-	11,614.34	43,081.23	44,680.53
Electrical installations	356.65	1.33	-	357.98	77.13	35.84	-	112.97	245.01	279.52
and equipment										
Computer	48.72	14.97	0.59	63.10	33.04	11.23	0.37	43.90	19.20	15.68
	53,573.73	1,549.66	6.74	55,116.65	8,597.99	3,173.59	0.37	11,771.21	43,345.44	44,975.73
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES										
Furniture and fixtures	151.25	16.53	-	167.78	60.61	21.54	ı	82.15	85.62	90.65
	151.25	16.53	-	167.78	60.60	21.54	-	82.15	85.62	90.65
VEHICLES										
Owned	248.44	46.62	29.77	265.29	95.46	33.67	0.26	128.87	136.43	152.98
Taken under finance lease*	217.49	-	217.49	-	66.43	-	66.44	(0.01)	0.01	151.06
	465.93	46.62	247.26	265.29	161.89	33.67	66.70	128.86	136.44	304.04
OFFICE EQUIPMENT										
Office equipment	115.02	11.68	0.95	125.75	49.74	23.30	0.00	73.04	52.71	65.28
	115.02	11.68	0.95	125.75	49.74	23.30	0.00	73.04	52.71	65.28
Total	67,231.70	1,874.82	254.95	68,851.57	9,865.44	3,635.91	67.08	13,434.30	55,417.27	57,366.24

For lien / charge against property, plant and equipment refer note 15 (a) and 15 (b)

#### Note 3 Right to use of Assets

(₹ in Lacs

		Gross car	rying amount		Accumulated depreciation				Net carrying amount	
Particulars	As at April 1, 2019	Additions	Disposals / adjustment of assets (Refer note 1)	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 1, 2019	Amortisation for the year	Eliminated on disposal / adjustment of assets	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 1, 2019
Leasehold landi	1,006.47	_	-	1,006.47	-	10.72	-	10.72	995.75	-
Motor Vehicleii	180.56	138.45	-	319.01	-	39.10	-	39.10	279.91	-
Other iii	261.65	53.49	-	315.14	-	116.31	-	116.31	198.83	-
	1,448.68	191.94	-	1,640.62	-	166.13	-	166.13	1,474.49	-

- Advance towards leasehold land of ₹ 1,006.47 as on 1 April, 2019 now reclassified as Right of use (refer note 1 (XI) & note 38)
- (ii) Motor Vehicles taken under finance lease WDV of Rs 180.56 as on 1 April , 2019 now reclassifed as Right of use . (refer note 1 (XI) & note 38)
- (iii) Prepaid portion of security deposit and Building on lease reclassifed as Right of use (refer note 1 (XI) & note 38)

#### Note 4- Capital work-in-progress

(₹ in Lacs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Capital work-in-progress	2,893.52 <b>2,893.52</b>	1,176.00 <b>1,176.00</b>

#### Note 5 - Intangible Assets

(₹ in Lacs

			(* 2000
	Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Intangible assets under development1		61.29	61.29
		61.29	61.29

Note: 1. Intangible assets under development represents ERP software implementation cost which is not ready for its intended use upto the date of financial statements.

<sup>\*</sup> Motor Vehicles taken under finance lease now reclassifed as Right of use as per IndAs 116 ( refer note 1 (XI) & note 38 )

Note 2 - Property, plant and equipment as at March 31, 2019

(₹ in Lacs)

		Gross car	rying amount		Accumulated depreciation				Net carrying amount		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2018	Additions	Disposals / adjustment of assets (Refer note 1)	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	Depreciation for the year	Eliminated on disposal / adjustment of assets	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	
LAND											
Freehold land	2,907.33	-	-	2,907.33	-	-	-	-	2,907.33	2,907.33	
	2,907.33	-	-	2,907.33	-	-	1	-	2,907.33	2,907.33	
BUILDINGS											
Factory buildings	9,920.19	98.25	-	10,018.44	618.84	376.39	-	995.23	9,023.21	9,301.35	
	9,920.19	98.25	-	10,018.44	618.84	376.39	-	995.23	9,023.21	9,301.35	
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT											
Plant and machinery	53,217.22	1,285.41	1,334.27	53,168.36	5,405.28	3,082.54	-	8,487.82	44,680.53	47,811.94	
Electrical installations and equipment	309.15	49.03	1.53	356.65	45.92	31.21	1	77.13	279.52	263.23	
Computer	39.41	9.31	-	48.72	22.76	10.28	1	33.04	15.68	16.65	
	53,565.78	1,343.75	1,335.80	53,573.73	5,473.96	3,124.03	-	8,597.99	44,975.73	48,091.82	
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES											
Furniture and fixtures	146.28	4.97	-	151.25	39.67	20.93	1	60.60	90.65	106.61	
	146.28	4.97	-	151.25	39.67	20.93	-	60.60	90.65	106.61	
VEHICLES											
Owned	252.35	-	3.91	248.44	68.53	38.82	11.89	95.46	152.98	183.82	
Taken under finance lease	239.27	-	21.78	217.49	38.83	30.28	2.68	66.43	151.06	200.44	
	491.62	-	25.69	465.93	107.36	69.10	14.57	161.89	304.04	384.26	
OFFICE EQUIPMENT											
Office equipment	93.04	21.98	-	115.02	28.47	21.27	-	49.74	65.28	64.57	
	93.04	21.98	-	115.02	28.47	21.27	-	49.74	65.28	64.57	
Total	67,124.24	1,468.95	1,361.49	67,231.70	6,268.30	3,611.72	14.57	9,865.44	57,366.24	60,855.93	

For lien / charge against property, plant and equipment refer note 15 (a) and 15 (b)

Note 1: The Group has received capital subsidy amounting to ₹ 1,320.46 lacs from Bihar state government during the current year on account of plant and machinery used for carry out of manufacturing operations at Bihar unit. The same has been deducted from the carrying amount of plant and machinery in accordance with Ind AS 20.

#### Note 6 - Non-current investments

(₹ in Lacs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	Qty (in nos)	Amount	Qty (in nos)	Amount
Investment in equity instruments (valued at cost)				
(Unquoted)				
(i) India Paryavaran Sahayak Foundation 3,000 shares (As at March 31, 2019: 3,000 Shares ) of Rs.10 each fully paid up	3,000	0.30	3,000.00	0.30
[Refer Note 1]				
Total investments in others		0.30		0.30
Total (A)+(B)		0.30		0.30
		0.30		0.30

Note:

Investments in India Paryavaran Sahayak Foundation (a company incorporated under section 8 of companies Act, 2013) are made with no objective to obtain economic benefits from its activities.

#### Note 7 - Loans

(₹ in Lacs

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
(a) Non-current				
Security deposits				
Unsecured-Considered Good		778.68	302.06	
Doubtful		25.49	-	
		804.17	302.06	
Less: Provision for the doubtful Securities		(25.49)	-	
		778.68	302.06	
	Total	778.68	302.06	
b) Current				
Loan to employees				
Unsecured-Considered Good		6.29	14.50	
Security deposits				
Unsecured-Considered Good		98.49	562.23	
	Total	104.78	576.73	

#### Note 8 - Others financial assets

(₹ in Lacs

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Non Current Other bank balances - balance held as margin money against guarantee *		1,053.94	1,193.37
(b) Current	Total	1,053.94	1,193.37
Interest accrued on deposits Other bank balances - balance held as margin money against guarantee *		88.76 89.54	99.96 89.54
	Total	178.30	189.50

<sup>\*</sup> Margin for bank guarantees and others

## Note 9 - Income tax assets (net)

(₹ in Lacs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Tax Assets  Advance tax including TDS receivables and TDS refund (net of provision of ₹ 1,273.02 lacs as at March 31, 2020, ₹ 932.46 as at March 31, 2019)	2.95	153.24
Total	2.95	153.24

## Note 10 - Other assets

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Non Current			
Capital advances			
Unsecured, considered good		515.06	412.49
Doubtful		11.89	0.48
		526.95	412.97
Less: Provision for doubtful Capital advances		(11.89)	(0.48)
		515.06	412.49
Advances to brand franchisee		50.00	50.00
Advance towards leasehold land**		-	995.75
Balance with government authorities *		-	42.45
Prepaid expenses		42.38	0.09
Deferred Lease - Security Deposit		3.06	4.69
	Total	610.50	1,505.47
(b) Current			
Advances to vendors		222.06	436.78
Less: Provision for doubtful advances to vendors		(56.02)	
		166.04	436.78
Amount recoverable from customer		125.01	_
Less: Provision for amount recoverable from customer		(125.01)	-
		-	-
Advance towards leasehold land**			10.72
Balance with government authorities *		485.54	331.57
Prepaid expenses		688.03	699.80
other advances		5.00	-
	Total	1.344.61	1.147.30

<sup>\*</sup> includes GST receivable and other receivable
\*\*Advance to leasehold land reclassified as Right to use as per IndAS 116 (refer note 1(XI) & note 38)

#### Note 11 - Inventories \*

(₹ in Lacs

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
)	Raw Materials	1,518.75	1,519.73
)	Work In progress	262.80	394.59
	Finished Goods	6,992.42	4,458.35
	Packing Material	515.90	351.95
)	Fuel, Chemicals, Stores and spares	1,338.26	1,052.91
	Tota	10,628.13	7,777.53

<sup>\*</sup> For parri passu charge against Inventories refer note 15 (a) & 15(b).

#### Note 12 - Trade receivables

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Trade receivables considered good- Secured	-	-
Trade receivables considered good- Unsecured	3,381.50	4,908.55
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Trade receivables- credit impaired	0.41	374.53
	3,381.91	5,283.09
Less: Loss Allowance	(0.41)	(374.53)
Total	3,381.50	4,908.56

<sup>(</sup>i) For parri passu charge against trade receivables refer note 15 (a) & 15(b).

Of the trade receivable, balance as at March 31, 2020 of ₹ 590.18 lacs (March 31, 2019 of ₹ 756.79 lacs) is due from United Spirits Limited and Age of Receivables ₹ 949.51 lacs (March 31, 2019 of ₹ 1,165.74 lacs) is due from Rajasthan State Ganga Sugar Mills. There are no other customers who represent more than 10% of the total balances of trade receivables.

Age of Receivables	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
1-30 days past due	2,407.43	4,090.17
31-60 days past due	407.07	436.32
61-90 days past due	151.09	124.19
More than 90 days past due	416.32	632.42

Movement in the expected credit loss allowance	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	374.53	38.33
Movement in the expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables calculated at lifetime expected credit losses	374.12	336.20
Balance at the end of the year	0.41	374.53

## Note 13 - Cash and cash equivalents

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a)	Cash on hand Balances with banks	7.83	0.17
	(i) In current accounts (ii) Bank deposits	694.63 1,296.00	159.95 -
(b)	Total (a) Bank balances other than (a) above	1,998.46	160.12
	Other bank balances Unpaid dividend account	0.66	1.20
	Total (b)	0.66	1.20

The mode of valuation of inventories has been stated in note 1.3 (  $\mbox{VIII}$  ).

## Note14 (i) - Equity share capital

	As at Mar	ch 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount (Rs. In Lacs)	Number of shares	Amount (Rs. In Lacs)
(a) Authorised				
Equity shares of ₹10 each with voting rights	35,000,000	3,500.00	35,000,000	3,500.00
Cumulative compulsorily convertible preference shares (CCCPS) of ₹ 140 each	5,100,000	7,140.00	5,100,000	7,140.00
	40,100,000	10,640.00	40,100,000	10,640.00
(b) Issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
Equity shares of ₹10 each with voting rights	28,799,268	2,880	28,799,268	2,879.93
Total	28,799,268	2,879.93	28,799,268	2,879.93

#### (a) Changes in equity share capital during the year :

	As at Marc	ch 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Particulars	Number of Amount shares (₹ In Lacs)		Number of shares	Amount (₹ In Lacs)
Equity shares with voting rights				
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	28,799,268	2,879.93	28,799,268	2,879.93
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	28,799,268	2,879.93	28,799,268	2,879.93

## (b) Shareholder holding more than 5 percent shares :

	As at Mar	ch 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019		
Particulars	No. of shares held	% of holding	No. of shares held	% of holding	
Fully paid equity shares with voting rights					
		00.000/		00.040/	
Chandbagh Investments Limited	11,209,140	38.92%	11,293,153	39.21%	
Templeton Strategic Emerging Markets Fund IV	5,038,168	17.49%	5,038,168	17.49%	
Mr. Ajay Kumar Swarup	1,924,254	6.68%	1,619,820	5.62%	

Rights, preferences and restrictions on equity shares:

## Note 14 (ii) - Non-controlling interest

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Balance at beginning of year		(71.79)	(9.54)
Share of profit/(loss) for the year		(19.80)	(62.25)
Additional non-controlling interest arising on disposal of interest			-
	Total	(91.59)	(71.79)

## Note 14 (iii) - Other Equity

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Securities Premium	14,894.92	14,894.92
General Reserve	1,415.65	1,415.65
Retained Earnings	25,496.04	20,518.43
Other Comprehensive Income	(43.99)	7.49
Total	41,762.62	36,836.49

The Group has only one class of equity shares of ₹10 each entitled to one vote per share.

<sup>(</sup>i) Securities Premium: Securities Premium consists of premium on issue of shares.
(ii) General Reserve: General Reserve was created by transfer of surplus in statement of profit and loss.

Note 15 (a) - Non - current financial liabilities - Borrowings (at amortised cost)

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Secured		
(a) Term loans *		
from banks (refer note (i) below)	13,278.97	12,856.45
From Other parties (financial institution)	-	4,000.00
(b) Long term maturities of finance lease obligations (refer note (ii) below) from banks	-	72.22
Unsecured		
from others parties	0.64	25.00
To	tal 13,278.97	16,953.67

<sup>\*</sup> There has been no breach of financial covenants mentioned in the loan agreements during the reporting periods.

## Notes :-

(i) Term loan from HDFC Bank of ₹ 450.00 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 875.00 lacs) is secured by first pari passu charge on all movable fixed assets of the Group and equitable mortgage of factory land & building of both the plants at Behror and Samalkha and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Group and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loans carry interest ranging from 10.25% to 11.30%.

Repayment term: -₹ 100 lacs repayable in 4 quarterly installment of ₹ 25 lacs each.

Repayment term :- ₹ 262.50 lacs repayable in 7 quarterly installment of ₹ 37.50 lacs each

Repayment term: -₹87.5 lacs repayable in 7 quarterly installment of ₹12.50 lacs each.

Term loan from Lakshmi Vilas Bank ₹NIL (March 31, 2019 ₹4,500 Lacs) is secured by first pari passu charge on all the fixed assets of the Group including equitable mortgage of factory land & building of Behror, Samalkha, Bihar and West Bengal and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Group and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loans carry interest ranging from 10.90% to 11.70%.

Term Loan from Lakshmi Vilas Bank taken over by Standard Chartered Bank on October 21, 2019

Term loan from Standard Chartered Bank ₹ 3,587.21 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ NIL) is secured by first pari passu charge on all the fixed assets of the Group including equitable mortgage of factory land & building of Behror, Samalkha, Bihar and West Bengal and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Group and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loans carry interest of 10.10%.

Repayment term: -₹3,062.50 lacs repayable in 14 quarterly installment of ₹218.75 lacs each.

Repayment term: -₹ 524.71 lacs repayable in 7 quarterly installment of ₹ 37.48 lacs each

Repayment started from February 2020

Term loan from Axis Bank of ₹ 7,706.24 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 8,456.24 lacs) is secured by first pari passu charge on all the fixed assets of the Group including equitable mortgage of factory land & building of Behror, Samalkha, Bihar and West Bengal and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Group and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loans carry interest ranging from 10.20% to 11.50%.

Repayment term: -₹750 lacs repayable in 3 quarterly installment of ₹250 lacs each.

Repayment term: -₹ 4,800 lacs repayable in 8 quarterly installment of ₹ 600 lacs each

Repayment term :- ₹ 1,650 lacs repayable in 3 quarterly installment of ₹ 550 lacs each

Repayment term: -₹506.24 lacs repayable at once in Dec 2023

As per RBI circular no RBI/2019-20/220, Group has opted the moratorium, According to this March 2020 month principle amount of ₹250 lacs will be paid in June 2020. Interest shall continue to accrue on the outstanding portion of the term loans during the moratorium period

Term loan from Avendus Finance Pvt Ltd of ₹ NIL (March 31, 2019 ₹ 4,000.00) is secured by first pari passu charge on all the fixed assets of the Group including equitable mortgage of factory land & building of Behror, Samalkha, Bihar and West Bengal and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Group and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loan carries interest ranging from 13.05% to 13.45%.

Term Loan from Avendus finance Pvt Ltd taken over by SVC Co-operative limited on October 31, 2019

Term loan from SVC Co-operative Bank Limited of Rs. 4,000.00 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ Nil) is secured by first pari passu charge on all the fixed assets of the Group including equitable mortgage of factory land & building of Behror, Samalkha, Bihar and West Bengal and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Group and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loan carries interest of 9.80%.

Repayment term: -₹3,558.40 lacs repayable in 32 monthly installment of ₹111.20 lacs each.

Repayment term :- ₹ 332.70 lacs repayable in 3 monthly installment of ₹ 110.90 lacs each.

Repayment term: -₹ 108.90 lacs repayable at once in July 2023

Repament term will start from August 2020

Term loan from HDFC Bank of ₹ 1,577.81 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 1,900) is secured by first pari passu charge on all movable fixed assets of the Group and equitable mortgage of factory land & building of both the plants at Behror and Samalkha and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Group and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loans carry interest ranging from 10.25% to 11.30%.

Repayment term:-₹77.81 lacs repayable in 1 quarterly installment of ₹77.81 lacs each

Repayment term: - ₹ 1,317.90 lacs repayable in 15 quarterly installment of ₹ 87.86 lacs each

Repayment term :- ₹ 182.10 lacs repayable in 15 quarterly Installment of ₹ 12.14 lacs each

As per RBI circular no RBI/2019-20/220, Group has opted the moratorium, According to this March 2020 month principle amount of ₹ 100 lacs will be paid in June 2020. Interest shall continue to accrue on the outstanding portion of the term loans during the moratorium period

Long term maturities of finance lease obligations from banks of ₹ 105.86 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 72.22 lacs) reclassified as non current lease liability on motor vehicles as per Ind AS 116 (refer note no 1 (XI), 16(a) & 38)

Repayment term: - Payable on equivalent monthly installments basis, carrying interest rate in the range of 4.33 % to 10.63% per annum.

Repayment term :- Payable on equivalent monthly installments basis, carrying interest rate in the range of 4.33 % to 10.63% per annum.

#### Note 15 (b) - Non - current financial liabilities - Borrowings (at amortised cost)

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars Particulars Particulars Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Secured borrowings Indian currency cash credit* Overdraft  Tot	110.49 337.09 <b>447.58</b>	2,494.80 646.83 <b>3,141.63</b>

- Working capital demand loan including cash credit of ₹ 110.49 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 2,494.80 lacs) are from following banks:-
- SBI Working Capital Demand loan of ₹ NII (March 31, 2019 ₹ 1,500 lacs) and cash credit of ₹ 110.49 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 994.81 Lacs) is secured by first pari passu charge by way of hypothecation of entire present and future current assets including stocks and book debt and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the fixed assets of the Group including equitable mortgage of factory land & building at Behror and Samalkha.
- Overdraft of ₹ 337.09 lacs is hypothecated against fixed deposits from Axis Bank (March 31, 2019 ₹ 646.83 lacs) carrying interst rate in range of 7.75% to 8.55% p.a

#### Note 16 - Lease Liability

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Non current		
Lease liability on motor vehicles	105.86	-
Other lease liability	38.10	-
(b) Current	143.96	-
Lease liability on motor vehicles	59.69	_
Other lease liability	85.58	-
Total	145.27	=

#### Note

Finance lease obligations on Motor Vehicles from banks of ₹ 165.55 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 108.76 lacs), reclassified as lease liability on motor vehicles as per IndAs 116. (refer note no 1 (XI), 15(a)(b), 21 & 38)

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Non-current Provision for gratuity (refer note 40)		278.02	171.60
(b) Current  Dravition for great the (refer pate 40)	Total	278.02	171.60
Provision for gratuity (refer note 40) Other provisions	Total	115.89 420.02 <b>535.91</b>	98.74 66.14 <b>164.88</b>

## Note 18 - Deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets (net)

(₹ in Lacs)

		(VIII Lacs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Deferred tax assets	5,000.22	4,923.31
Deferred Tax liabilities	7,826.55	(7,338.28)
Total	12,826.77	(2,414.97)
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets		
MAT credit entitlement	4,752.54	3,840.03
Provision for employee benefits	190.88	104.77
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	32.78	137.00
Deferred tax assets on loss carry forward	(12.39)	841.51
Others	36.42	-
Total	5,000.22	4,923.31
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liability		
Property plant & equipment	7,826.65	7,337.93
Others	-	0.35
Total	7,826.65	7,338.28
Write back of previous year deferred tax liability Total	0.10	-
·		
Deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets (net)	(2,826.34)	(2,414.97)

The MAT Credit entitlement as at 31 March 2020 is valid upto finacial raging from year ending March 31, 2027 to March 31, 2036

## Note 19 - Other liablities

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Non current			
Subsidy received from ministry of new and renewable energy		68.00	83.19
Import duty grants		158.52	165.74
	Total	226.52	248.93
(b) Current			
Advances from customers		1,304.79	227.68
Subsidy received from ministry of new and renewable energy		15.20	15.20
Statutory liabilities		638.96	651.05
Other liabilities		10.64	1.77
	Total	1.969.59	895.69

## Note 20 - Trade payables

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Outstanding dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (Refer note 34) Outstanding dues to parties other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	43.01 10,805.89	- 9,465.94
Total	10,848.90	9,465.94

#### Note 21 - Other financial liabilities

(₹ in Lacs)

			( TIT E000)
Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Current			
Security deposits from customers		69.08	120.76
Payables towards purchase of fixed assets		371.98	443.96
Current maturities of long-term borrowings from banks		4,042.29	2,875.00
Current maturities of finance lease obligations		-	36.54
Overdrawn book balance		-	6.97
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings		33.01	148.98
Other financial liabilities		2.70	12.94
	Total	4,519.06	3,645.15

Current maturities of finance lease obligations from banks of ₹ 59.69 lacs (March 31, 2019 36.54 lacs), reclassified as current lease liability on motor vehicles as per Ind As 116. (refer note no 1 (XI), 16(b) & 38)

#### Note 22 - Current tax liabilities (net)

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Current tax liabilities			
Provision for taxation (net of advance tax including TDS receivable of Rs 1,204.32 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 838.05 lacs)		68.70	101.78
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Total	68.70	101.78

## Note 23 - Revenue from operations

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Revenue from Contract with customers  (a) Sale of goods  (including excise duty of ₹ 9861.45 lacs for the year ended March 31, 2020 and ₹ 9479.10 lacs for the year ended March 31, 2019)	124,636.34	107,414.64
(b) Rendering of services  Bottling Charges	2,067.53	550.48
Other operating Revenue		
(a) Duty drawback and other export incentives	39.23	104.86
Revenue from operations	126,743.10	108,069.98

#### Note:

The Group derives revenue from contracts with customers, which has been disaggregated on the basis of major product lines into Industrial alcohol contributing ₹ 57,517.25 lakhs to the revenue from operations and Indian made indian liquor contributing ₹ 50,809.89 lakhs (net of discount) to the revenue from operations.

#### Note 24 - Other income

(₹ in Lacs)

Partio	culars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Ir	nterest income  nterest income earned on financial assets that are not designated as at Fair value are not profit or loss:  On financial assets carried at amortised cost	155.38	150.71
(b) (a) (b) (c) (d)	Net foreign exchange gain/(loss) Income on EPCG and duty grants on property plant & equipment	15.76 92.38 110.15	(0.36) 17.64 365.00 175.75
	Total	373.67	708.74

## Note 25 - Cost of material consumed

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Raw materials and packing materials		
Opening stock	1,871.68	1,864.04
Add: Opening work in progress	394.59	388.76
Add: Purchases	74,323.08	60,953.10
	76,589.35	63,205.90
Less: Closing stock	(2,034.65)	(1,871.68)
Less :Closing work in progress	(262.80)	(394.59)
Cost of materials const	umed 74,291.90	60,939.63

## Note 26 - Changes in inventory of finished goods

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars		For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Add: Opening stock Finished goods		4,458.35	3,695.96
Less: Closing stock Finished goods		6,992.42	3,997.78
	Net (increase) / decrease in inventory of finished goods	(2,534.07)	(301.82)

## Note 27- Excise Duty

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Excise duty on sale of goods	9,861.45	9,479.10
	9,861.45	9,479.10

## Note 28 - Employee benefits expense

Particulars		For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Salaries and wages, including bonus Contribution to provident funds & other funds Gratuity expenses		3,213.52 115.40 71.05	2,624.09 79.17 46.63
Staff welfare expenses	Total	28.09 <b>3,428.06</b>	23.26 <b>2,773.15</b>

## Note 29 - Finance cost

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
(a) Interest expense on		
Interest on term loan	2,069.64	2,477.85
Interest on working capital	118.16	
Interest expense on lease liability	29.08	3.39
Others	-	
(b) Other borrowing costs:		
Bank charges	138.51	149.29
Total	2,355.39	2,630.53

## Note 30 - Depreciation expense

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Depreciation for the year  Amortisation of right of use assets for the year	3,635.91 166.13	3,611.72
Total	3,802.04	3,611.72

## Note 31 - Other expenses

Particulars         For the year ended March 31, 2020         For the year ended March 31, 2020         For the year ended March 31, 2020           Consumption of lab chemicals and enzymes Increase / (decrease) of excise duty on inventory         161.63         (114.40)           Power and fuel         11,504.75         10,897.62           Bottling expenses/fees         6,678.66         6,754.05           Excise license, establishment and supervision fees         711.34         692.99           Security expenses         198.89         179.70           Effluent disposal         72.72         63.46           Flour and pet coke feeding         443.53         365.19           Pent including lease rentals         302.59         344.74           Repairs and maintenance - buildings         140.15         64.67           Repairs and maintenance - machinery         1,540.45         984.56           Repairs and maintenance - others         97.74         58.28           Insurance         126.09         71.25           Rates and taxes         40.63         41.93           Communication         39.30         35.77           Travelling and conveyance         39.734         277.40           Printing and stationery         19.66         20.88           Freight a			(< III Lacs)
Increase / (decrease) of excise duty on inventory   161.63	Particulars	ended March	ended March
Increase / (decrease) of excise duty on inventory   161.63			
Power and fuel   11,504.75   10,897.62   80ttling expenses/fees   6,678.66   6,754.05   Excise license, establishment and supervision fees   711.34   692.99   Security expenses   198.89   179.70   198.89   179.70   17	·	,	· '
Bottling expenses/fees         6,678.66         6,754.05           Excise license, establishment and supervision fees         711.34         692.99           Security expenses         198.89         179.70           Effluent disposal         72.72         63.46           Flour and pet coke feeding         443.53         365.19           Rent including lease rentals         302.59         344.74           Repairs and maintenance - buildings         140.15         64.67           Repairs and maintenance - machinery         1,540.45         984.56           Repairs and maintenance - others         97.74         58.28           Insurance         97.74         58.28           Rates and taxes         40.63         41.93           Communication         39.30         35.77           Travelling and conveyance         19.66         20.88           Freight and handling charges         2,573.94         2,818.69           Business promotion and marketing         575.76         384.07           Donations and contributions         2.84         1.98           Legal and professional         250.10         231.51           Payments to auditors (refer note 37)         66.32         46.46           Liquidation damages	, ,		, ,
Excise license, establishment and supervision fees         711.34         692.99           Security expenses         198.89         179.70           Effluent disposal         72.72         63.46           Flour and pet coke feeding         443.53         365.19           Rent including lease rentals         302.59         344.74           Repairs and maintenance - buildings         140.15         64.67           Repairs and maintenance - machinery         1,540.45         984.56           Repairs and maintenance - others         97.74         58.28           Insurance         126.09         71.25           Rates and taxes         40.63         41.93           Communication         39.30         35.77           Travelling and conveyance         307.34         277.40           Printing and stationery         19.66         20.88           Freight and handling charges         2,573.94         2,818.69           Business promotion and marketing         575.76         384.07           Donations and contributions         2.84         1.98           Legal and professional         250.10         231.51           Payments to auditors (refer note 37)         66.32         46.46           Liquidation damages <t< td=""><td>Power and fuel</td><td>,</td><td>10,897.62</td></t<>	Power and fuel	,	10,897.62
Security expenses         198.89         179.70           Effluent disposal         72.72         63.46           Flour and pet coke feeding         443.53         366.19           Rent including lease rentals         302.59         344.74           Repairs and maintenance - buildings         140.15         64.67           Repairs and maintenance - machinery         1,540.45         984.56           Repairs and maintenance - others         97.74         58.28           Insurance         126.09         71.25           Rates and taxes         40.63         41.93           Communication         39.30         35.77           Travelling and conveyance         307.34         277.40           Printing and stationery         19.66         20.88           Freight and handling charges         2,573.94         2,818.69           Business promotion and marketing         575.76         384.07           Donations and contributions         2.84         1.98           Legal and professional         250.10         231.51           Payments to auditors (refer note 37)         66.32         46.46           Liquidation damages         127.95         -           Subscription books & periodicals         36.80 <t< td=""><td></td><td>6,678.66</td><td>6,754.05</td></t<>		6,678.66	6,754.05
Effluent disposal         72.72         63.46           Flour and pet coke feeding         443.53         365.19           Rent including lease rentals         302.59         344.74           Repairs and maintenance - buildings         140.15         64.67           Repairs and maintenance - machinery         1,540.45         984.56           Repairs and maintenance - others         97.74         58.28           Insurance         126.09         71.25           Rates and taxes         40.63         41.93           Communication         39.30         35.77           Travelling and conveyance         307.34         277.40           Printing and stationery         19.66         20.88           Freight and handling charges         2,573.94         2,818.69           Business promotion and marketing         575.76         384.07           Donations and contributions         2.84         1.98           Legal and professional         250.10         231.51           Payments to auditors (refer note 37)         66.32         46.46           Liquidation damages         127.95         -           Subscription books & periodicals         36.80         50.78           Director's sitting fee         7.46	Excise license, establishment and supervision fees	711.34	692.99
Flour and pet coke feeding   A43.53   365.19   Rent including lease rentals   302.59   344.74   Repairs and maintenance - buildings   140.15   64.67   Repairs and maintenance - machinery   1,540.45   984.56   Repairs and maintenance - others   97.74   58.28   Insurance   126.09   71.25   Rates and taxes   126.09   71.25   Rates and taxes   40.63   41.93   71.25	Security expenses	198.89	179.70
Rent including lease rentals         302.59         344.74           Repairs and maintenance - buildings         140.15         64.67           Repairs and maintenance - machinery         1,540.45         984.56           Repairs and maintenance - others         97.74         58.28           Insurance         126.09         71.25           Rates and taxes         40.63         41.93           Communication         39.30         35.77           Travelling and conveyance         307.34         277.40           Printing and stationery         19.66         20.88           Freight and handling charges         2,573.94         2,818.69           Business promotion and marketing         575.76         384.07           Donations and contributions         2.84         1.98           Legal and professional         250.10         231.51           Payments to auditors (refer note 37)         66.32         46.46           Liquidation damages         127.95         -           Subscription books & periodicals         36.80         50.78           Director's sitting fee         7.46         5.38           Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off         15.13         21.70           Loss all	Effluent disposal	72.72	63.46
Repairs and maintenance - buildings       140.15       64.67         Repairs and maintenance - machinery       1,540.45       984.56         Repairs and maintenance - others       97.74       58.28         Insurance       126.09       71.25         Rates and taxes       40.63       41.93         Communication       39.30       35.77         Travelling and conveyance       307.34       277.40         Printing and stationery       19.66       20.88         Freight and handling charges       2,573.94       2,818.69         Business promotion and marketing       575.76       384.07         Donations and contributions       2.84       1.98         Legal and professional       250.10       231.51         Payments to auditors (refer note 37)       66.32       46.46         Liquidation damages       127.95       -         Subscription books & periodicals       36.80       50.78         Director's sitting fee       7.46       5.38         Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off       15.13       21.70         Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances       200.39       392.06         Expenditure on corporate social responsibility       30.00	Flour and pet coke feeding	443.53	365.19
Repairs and maintenance - machinery       1,540.45       984.56         Repairs and maintenance - others       97.74       58.28         Insurance       126.09       71.25         Rates and taxes       40.63       41.93         Communication       39.30       35.77         Travelling and conveyance       307.34       277.40         Printing and stationery       19.66       20.88         Freight and handling charges       2,573.94       2,818.69         Business promotion and marketing       575.76       384.07         Donations and contributions       2.84       1.98         Legal and professional       250.10       231.51         Payments to auditors (refer note 37)       66.32       46.46         Liquidation damages       127.95       -         Subscription books & periodicals       36.80       50.78         Director's sitting fee       7.46       5.38         Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off       15.13       21.70         Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances       200.39       392.06         Expenditure on corporate social responsibility       30.00       136.58         Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off	Rent including lease rentals	302.59	344.74
Repairs and maintenance - others         97.74         58.28           Insurance         126.09         71.25           Rates and taxes         40.63         41.93           Communication         39.30         35.77           Travelling and conveyance         307.34         277.40           Printing and stationery         19.66         20.88           Freight and handling charges         2,573.94         2,818.69           Business promotion and marketing         575.76         384.07           Donations and contributions         2.84         1.98           Legal and professional         250.10         231.51           Payments to auditors (refer note 37)         66.32         46.46           Liquidation damages         127.95         -           Subscription books & periodicals         36.80         50.78           Director's sitting fee         7.46         5.38           Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off         15.13         21.70           Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances         200.39         392.06           Expenditure on corporate social responsibility         30.00         136.58           Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off         -	Repairs and maintenance - buildings	140.15	64.67
Insurance       126.09       71.25         Rates and taxes       40.63       41.93         Communication       39.30       35.77         Travelling and conveyance       307.34       277.40         Printing and stationery       19.66       20.88         Freight and handling charges       2,573.94       2,818.69         Business promotion and marketing       575.76       384.07         Donations and contributions       2.84       1.98         Legal and professional       250.10       231.51         Payments to auditors (refer note 37)       66.32       46.46         Liquidation damages       127.95       -         Subscription books & periodicals       36.80       50.78         Director's sitting fee       7.46       5.38         Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off       15.13       21.70         Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances       200.39       392.06         Expenditure on corporate social responsibility       30.00       136.58         Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off       -       25.48         Miscellaneous expenses       237.29       183.06         Design services and brand development       16.29 <td>Repairs and maintenance - machinery</td> <td>1,540.45</td> <td>984.56</td>	Repairs and maintenance - machinery	1,540.45	984.56
Rates and taxes       40.63       41.93         Communication       39.30       35.77         Travelling and conveyance       307.34       277.40         Printing and stationery       19.66       20.88         Freight and handling charges       2,573.94       2,818.69         Business promotion and marketing       575.76       384.07         Donations and contributions       2.84       1.98         Legal and professional       250.10       231.51         Payments to auditors (refer note 37)       66.32       46.46         Liquidation damages       127.95       -         Subscription books & periodicals       36.80       50.78         Director's sitting fee       7.46       5.38         Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off       15.13       21.70         Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances       200.39       392.06         Expenditure on corporate social responsibility       30.00       136.58         Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off       -       25.48         Miscellaneous expenses       237.29       183.06         Design services and brand development       16.29       -	Repairs and maintenance - others	97.74	58.28
Communication         39.30         35.77           Travelling and conveyance         307.34         277.40           Printing and stationery         19.66         20.88           Freight and handling charges         2,573.94         2,818.69           Business promotion and marketing         575.76         384.07           Donations and contributions         2.84         1.98           Legal and professional         250.10         231.51           Payments to auditors (refer note 37)         66.32         46.46           Liquidation damages         127.95         -           Subscription books & periodicals         36.80         50.78           Director's sitting fee         7.46         5.38           Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off         15.13         21.70           Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances         200.39         392.06           Expenditure on corporate social responsibility         30.00         136.58           Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off         -         25.48           Miscellaneous expenses         237.29         183.06           Design services and brand development         16.29         -	Insurance	126.09	71.25
Travelling and conveyance       307.34       277.40         Printing and stationery       19.66       20.88         Freight and handling charges       2,573.94       2,818.69         Business promotion and marketing       575.76       384.07         Donations and contributions       2.84       1.98         Legal and professional       250.10       231.51         Payments to auditors (refer note 37)       66.32       46.46         Liquidation damages       127.95       -         Subscription books & periodicals       36.80       50.78         Director's sitting fee       7.46       5.38         Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off       15.13       21.70         Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances       200.39       392.06         Expenditure on corporate social responsibility       30.00       136.58         Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off       -       25.48         Miscellaneous expenses       237.29       183.06         Design services and brand development       16.29       -	Rates and taxes	40.63	41.93
Printing and stationery Freight and handling charges Business promotion and marketing Donations and contributions Legal and professional Payments to auditors (refer note 37) Liquidation damages Subscription books & periodicals Director's sitting fee Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances Expenditure on corporate social responsibility Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off Miscellaneous expenses Design services and brand development  19.66 20.88 2,573.94 2,818.69 80,407 Donations and contributions 22.84 1.98 250.10 231.51 Payments to auditors (refer note 37) 250.10	Communication	39.30	35.77
Printing and stationery Freight and handling charges Business promotion and marketing Donations and contributions Legal and professional Payments to auditors (refer note 37) Liquidation damages Subscription books & periodicals Director's sitting fee Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances Expenditure on corporate social responsibility Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off Miscellaneous expenses Design services and brand development  19.66 20.88 2,573.94 2,818.69 80,407 Donations and contributions 22.84 1.98 250.10 231.51 Payments to auditors (refer note 37) 250.10	Travelling and conveyance	307.34	277.40
Freight and handling charges Business promotion and marketing Donations and contributions Legal and professional Payments to auditors (refer note 37) Liquidation damages Subscription books & periodicals Director's sitting fee Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances Expenditure on corporate social responsibility Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off Miscellaneous expenses Design services and brand development  2,573.94 2,818.69 384.07 384.07 384.07 261.98 1.98 1.98 1.98 1.98 1.98 1.98 1.98	g ,	19.66	20.88
Donations and contributions  Legal and professional  Payments to auditors (refer note 37)  Liquidation damages  Liquidation books & periodicals  Director's sitting fee  Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off  Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances  Expenditure on corporate social responsibility  Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off  Miscellaneous expenses  Design services and brand development  2.84  1.98  250.10  231.51  26.32  46.46  127.95  -  -  -  Subscription books & periodicals  36.80  50.78  5		2,573.94	2,818.69
Legal and professional250.10231.51Payments to auditors (refer note 37)66.3246.46Liquidation damages127.95-Subscription books & periodicals36.8050.78Director's sitting fee7.465.38Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off15.1321.70Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances200.39392.06Expenditure on corporate social responsibility30.00136.58Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off-25.48Miscellaneous expenses237.29183.06Design services and brand development16.29-	Business promotion and marketing	575.76	384.07
Payments to auditors (refer note 37)  Liquidation damages  Subscription books & periodicals  Director's sitting fee  Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off  Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances  Expenditure on corporate social responsibility  Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off  Miscellaneous expenses  Design services and brand development  66.32  46.46  127.95  -  20.78  Design services and other receivables, loans and advances written off  15.13  21.70  200.39  392.06  200.39  392.06  237.29  183.06	·	2.84	1.98
Payments to auditors (refer note 37)  Liquidation damages  Subscription books & periodicals  Director's sitting fee  Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off  Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances  Expenditure on corporate social responsibility  Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off  Miscellaneous expenses  Design services and brand development  66.32  46.46  127.95  -  20.78  Design services and other receivables, loans and advances written off  15.13  21.70  200.39  392.06  200.39  392.06  25.48  Miscellaneous expenses  237.29  183.06	Legal and professional	250.10	231.51
Liquidation damages  Subscription books & periodicals  Director's sitting fee  Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances  Expenditure on corporate social responsibility Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off Miscellaneous expenses  Design services and brand development  127.95  - 36.80  5.38  7.46  5.38  21.70  2200.39  392.06  200.39  392.06  230.00  136.58  25.48  Miscellaneous expenses  237.29  183.06		66.32	46.46
Subscription books & periodicals  Director's sitting fee  Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances  Expenditure on corporate social responsibility Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off Miscellaneous expenses Design services and brand development  36.80 50.78 5.38 21.70 200.39 392.06 200.39 392.06 200.39 392.06 237.29 183.06 25.48 237.29 183.06	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	127.95	_
Director's sitting fee  Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances  Expenditure on corporate social responsibility Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off Miscellaneous expenses Design services and brand development  7.46 5.38 21.70 200.39 392.06 200.39 392.06 200.39 392.06 200.39 392.06 200.39 392.06 200.39 392.06 200.39 392.06 200.39 392.06 200.39 392.06 200.39 392.06 200.39 392.06 200.39 200.39 392.06 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.39 200.6 200.39 200.6 200.39 200.6 200.39		36.80	50.78
Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances  Expenditure on corporate social responsibility Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off Miscellaneous expenses Design services and brand development  15.13 21.70 200.39 392.06 200.39 136.58 25.48 183.06 25.48 183.06	·		
Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances  Expenditure on corporate social responsibility  Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off  Miscellaneous expenses  Design services and brand development  200.39  392.06  230.00  136.58  25.48  237.29  183.06  16.29  -			
Expenditure on corporate social responsibility  Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off  Miscellaneous expenses  Design services and brand development  30.00  136.58  25.48  237.29  183.06  16.29			
Loss on fixed assets sold / scrapped / written off Miscellaneous expenses 237.29 183.06 Design services and brand development 16.29 -	·		
Miscellaneous expenses237.29183.06Design services and brand development16.29-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
Design services and brand development 16.29 -	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	237.29	
	·		-
	Total	29,221.80	27.090.62

#### Note 32 - Tax expense

	. 5., 6.5.		(₹ in Lacs)
	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
(a)	Current tax		
	Current tax expense ( under MAT )	1,273.02	932.46
		1,273.02	932.46
(b)	Deferred tax charge / (credit)		
	In respect of current year	1,347.50	1,452.99
	MAT credit entitlement	(912.50)	(932.46)
	Tax adjustments related to earlier years	-	-
		435.00	520.53
(c)	Tax adjustments related to earlier years [Refer Note below]		
(0)	Current tax expense	12.06	162.72
	Deferred tax charge/(credit)	_	(696.55)
		12.06	(533.83)
Inco	ome tax recognised in profit and loss	1,720.08	919.16
	income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the ounting profit as follows:-		
	Profit before tax	6,690.20	3,291.14
	Income tax expense calculated at 34.944% (PY 34.608%)	2,337.82	1,150.06
	Effect of items that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	17.23	33.86
	Tax adjustments related to earlier years [refer note below]	12.06	(533.83)
	Effect of tax benefit on exempted income	(980.61)	239.32
	Others	(2.21)	29.76
Inco	ome tax expense recognised in statement of profit and loss	1,384.30	919.16
(d)	Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI)		
` '	Measurement of defined benefit liabilities	(67.62)	11.46
	Tax adjustment in respect of remeasurement of defined benefit liabilities	23.63	(3.97)
		23.63	(3.97)

Tax Adjustments related to earlier year include MAT credit entitlement of ₹ Nil (March 31, 2019 ₹ 696.55 lacs, net of ₹162.72 lacs written off in respect of earlier years) recognised in respect of earlier year.

#### Note 33 - Contingent liabilities and commitments

(₹ in Lacs)

Particula	ars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Claims Excise Sales ta	ngent liabilities* against the company not acknowledged as debts duty matters ax matter e tax and other matters	180.81 409.50	180.81 120.54 -
(b) Comn Estimat	nitees by bank on behalf of Group**  nitments  ted amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not ed for (net of capital advances)	60.00 <b>650.31</b> 837.17	191.38 <b>492.73</b> 1,142.00
	Total	1,487.48	1,634.73

Note: Based on the legal opinion obtained by the management and inspections carried out by the PF authorities for the FY 2014-2019, at one of the manufacturing locations of the Group, the management is of the view that the recent Supreme Court order dismissing the review petition filed by M/s Surya Roshni Limited, is not likely to have material impact on the Group for the purpose of determining contribution to provident fund under the Employees Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.

There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Parent and there were no amounts which were to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by its subsidiary company incorporated in India.

#### Note 34 - Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

There are no dues to enterprises as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006). Further no interest has been paid under the terms of MSMED Act, 2006. Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management.

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year	43.01	-
Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year	-	-
The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the year	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	-	-
The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid	-	-

## Note 35 - Corporate social responsibility expenditure

The gross amount required to be spent by the Group for CSR expenditure during the year is ₹ 44.85 lacs (previous year ₹ 21.14 Lacs); and the amount spent (already paid for purposes other than construction / acquisition of any asset) is ₹ 30.00 lacs (previous year ₹ 21.70 lacs). The Group was unable to spend the rest of the amount during the year. There were no amount spent for construction / acquisition of any asset.

## Note 36 - Earning per share

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars		For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Profit for the year attributable to equity shares	₹ in Lacs	4,989.92	2,434.25
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	Numbers	28,799,268	28,799,268
Basic earnings per share (face value - ₹ 10 per share)	Rupees	17.33	8.26
Diluted earnings per share (face value - ₹ 10 per share)	Rupees	17.33	8.26

## Note 37 - Auditors' remuneration (excluding taxes)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Services as statutory auditors (including limited reviews)	54.43	44.50
For other services	8.93	-
Reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses	2.96	1.96
Total	66.32	46.46

#### Note 38: Leases

The Group leases land, offices, and motor vehicles. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 03 years to 08 years, but may have extension options. Land has a lease term of 99 years.

The Group has adopted Ind AS 116, effective annual reporting period beginning April 1, 2019 and applied the standard to its leases, retrospectively, with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognized on the date of initial application (April 01, 2019). Accordingly, the Group has not restated comparative information.

On adoption of Ind AS 116, the Group recognised lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as 'operating leases' under the principles of Ind AS 17, Leases. These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate as of 1 April 2019. The weighted average lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied to the lease liabilities on 1 April 2019 was 11%.

For leases previously classified as finance leases the entity recognised the carrying amount of the lease asset and lease liability immediately before transition as the carrying amount of the right of use asset and the lease liability at the date of initial application. The measurement principles of Ind AS 116 are only applied after that date.

#### Practical expedients applied

In applying Ind AS 116 for the first time, the Group has used the practical expedients permitted by the standard:

- applying a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics
- relying on previous assessments on whether leases are onerous as an alternative to performing an impairment review there were no onerous contracts as at 1st April 2019.
- iii accounting for operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at 1 April 2019 as short-term leases
- excluding initial direct costs for the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application, and
- using hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

The Group has also elected not to reassess whether a contract is, or contains a lease at the date of initial application. Instead, for contracts entered into before the transition date the Group relied on its assessment made applying Ind AS 17 and Appendix C to Ind AS 17, Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease.

## Measurement of lease liabilities

Particulars	(₹ in Lacs)
Operating lease commitments disclosed as at March 31, 2019	-
Add: finance lease liabilities recognised as at March 31, 2019	108.76
Add/(less): adjustments as a result of a different treatment of extension and termination options	133.49
Lease liability recognised as at April 01, 2019	242.25

#### Measurement of right-of-use assets

The associated right-of-use assets for property leases were measured on a modified retrospective basis with ROU assets equal to lease liability on the date of transition.

#### Adjustments recognised in the balance sheet on April 01, 2019

The implementation of Ind AS 116 has resulted in recognizing a lease liability of ₹ 101.35 lakhs and 'Right to use' (RoU) assets of ₹ 228.37 lakhs (including prepaid portion of interest free security deposit) as at April 01, 2019. Further, in respect of leasehold land which were classified as operating leases applying Ind AS 17, an amount of ₹ 1,006.47 lakhs has been reclassified from other current / non-current assets to RoU assets, and in respect of leases that were classified as finance leases applying Ind AS 17, an amount of ₹ 180.56 lakhs has been reclassified from property, plant and equipment to RoU assets.

Also, an amount of ₹ 36.54 lakhs and Rs.72.22 lakhs has been reclassified to lease liability from current financial liabilities and non current borrowings respectively.

There was no impact on the retained earnings as at 01-April-2019.

In the statement of profit and loss for the current period, the nature of expenses has changed from lease rent in previous periods to depreciation on the RoU assets and finance cost in respect of interest accrued on lease liability.

The changes to ROU assets for the year ended March 31, 2020 are as follows:

#### (₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
Right-of-use assets		
Land leases	995.75	1,006.47
Motor Vehicle leases	279.91	180.56
Building leases	198.83	261.65
Total	1,474.49	1,448.68

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
Lease liabilities			
Current		145.27	80.19
Non-current		143.96	162.06
	Total	289.23	242.25

#### Note:-

In the previous year, the Group only recognised lease assets and lease liabilities in relation to leases that were classified as finance leases under Ind AS 17, Leases. The assets were presented in property, plant and equipment and the liabilities as part of the Group's borrowings and other financial liabilities.

Additions to the right-of-use assets during the current financial year were INR 191.94 lacs.

## Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss

The statement of profit or loss shows the following amounts relating to leases:

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
Depreciation charge on right-of-use assets			
Land leases		10.72	-
Building leases	30	116.31	-
Motor vehicle leases		39.10	-
Total		166.13	-

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Interest expense (included in finance costs)	29	29.08	-

The total cash outflow for leases for the year ended 31 March 2020 was INR 141.71 lacs.

Rent expense recorded for short-term leases was ₹ 302.59 lacs for the year ended March 31, 2020.

The details of contractual maturities of lease liabilities as at March 31, 2020 on an undiscounted basis are as follows:

(₹ in Lacs)

F	Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
1.	Payable not later than 1 year	159.19	-
2.	Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	161.48	-
		-	
	Total	320.67	-

## **Extension and termination options**

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property and equipment leases across the Group. These are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Group's operations. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor.

#### Finance leases under IAS 17

#### Minimum lease payments

(₹ in Lacs)

F	Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
1.	Payable not later than 1 year	-	59.98
2.	Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	-	100.49
	Total	-	160.47

### Future interest in outstanding lease payments

(₹ in Lacs)

F	Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
1.	Payable not later than 1 year		-	7.79
2.	Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		-	7.25
		Total	-	15.04

## Present value of minimum lease payments

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
1. Payable not later than 1 year		-	36.54
2. Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		-	72.22
	Total	-	108.76

#### Note 39 - Financial instruments by categories

The criteria for recognition of financial instruments is explained in significant accounting policies note 1.

(₹ in Lacs)

	As	at March 31, 202	20	As	at March 31, 20	19
Particular	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI
Financial assets						
Investments *						
- Equity investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	3,381.50	-	-	4,908.56	-	-
Loans	883.46	-	-	911.12	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	1,998.46	-	-	160.12	-	-
Other bank balances	0.66	-	-	90.74	-	-
Other financial assets	1,232.24	-	-	1,293.33	-	-
Total financial assets	7,496.32	-	-	7,363.87	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings	17,769.48	-	-	23,006.85	-	-
Trade payables	10,848.90	-	-	9,465.94	-	-
Other financial liability	476.77	-	-	733.61	-	-
Lease liability	289.23	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	29,384.38	-	-	33,206.40	-	-

#### Note 40 - Capital management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that the Group will be able to continue as a going concerns while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes equity capital, securities premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity shareholders.

The Group Risk management committee reviews the capital structure on a quarterly basis. The committee considers the cost of capital and risks associated with the capital.

**Gearing Ratio** (₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Non current borrowings	15 (a)	13,279.61	16,928.67
Current maturities of non current borrowings	21	4,042.29	2,911.54
Current borrowings	15 (b)	447.58	3,148.60
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	13(a)	1,998.46	160.12
Less: Other bank balance	13(b)	0.66	90.74
Net Debt (a)		15,770.36	22,737.95
Equity share capital	14	2,879.93	2,879.93
Other Equity	SOCE	41,850.17	36,908.26
Total Capital (b)		44,730.10	39,788.19
Gearing Ratio (a/b)		0.35	0.57

#### Note 41 - Financial risk management

The Group is exposed to various financial risks arising from underlying operations and finance activities. The Group is primarily exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

Financial risk management within the Group is governed by policies and guidelines approved by the senior management and board of directors. These policies and guidelines cover foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

#### (a) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group if the counterparty defaults on its obligations.

The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities, primarily trade receivables.

To manage trade receivables, the Group periodically assessess the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial conditions, economic trends, analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of such receivables.

The Group also makes general provision for lifetime expected credit loss based on its previous experience of write off in previous years.

The movement in credit loss allowance is as under:

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Trade receivables
Opening balance	374.52
Loss allowances-	
Trade receivables - credit impaired	126.92
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-
Written off during the year	(501.03)
Balance at the end	0.41

#### (b) Liquidity risk management

(i) The Group manages liquidity by ensuring control on its working capital which involves adjusting production levels and purchases to market demand and daily sales of production and low receivables. It also ensures adequate credit facilities sanctioned from bank to finance the peak estimated funds requirements. The working capital credit facilities are continuing facilities which are reviewed and renewed every year. The Group also ensures that the long term funds requirements are met through adequate availability of long term capital (Debt & Equity).

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Total committed working capital limits from Banks	4,700.00	4,900.00
Utilized working capital limit	447.58	3,141.63
Unutilized working capital limit	4,252.42	1,758.37

#### (ii) Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities. The amount disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flow.

				(VIII Lacs)
Particulars	Upto 1 year	Between 1 year to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
As at March 31, 2020				
Non-derivatives				
Borrowing *	4,489.87	13,279.61	-	17,769.48
Trade payable	10,848.90	-	-	10,848.90
Other financial liabilities	476.77	-	-	476.77
Lease Liability	145.27	143.96		289.23
Total non-derivatives liabilities	15,960.81	13,423.57	-	29,384.38
As at March 31, 2019				
Non-derivatives				
Borrowing *	6,053.17	16,593.67	-	23,006.84
Trade payable	9,465.94	-	-	9,465.94
Other financial liabilities	733.62	-	-	733.62
Total non-derivatives liabilities	16,252.73	16,593.67	-	33,206.40

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes utilized working capital limited disclosed above under liquidity risk management.

#### (c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument that will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprise of three types of risk i.e interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk.

Financial instruments affected by market risk include trade receivables and advances.

The Group enters into derivative contracts to manage its exposure to foreign currency risk.

#### Foreign Currency risk management

Foreign currency risk also known as Exchange Currency Risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk in the Group is attributable to Group's operating activities.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period demoninated in Rupees are as follows:

	Asse	Assets		Liabilities	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
USD	-	31.75	261.52	-	
Total	-	31.75	261.52	-	

Foreign currency senstivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to USD.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 1% increase and decrease in the Rupee against the foreign currency. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary item as tabulated above and adjusts their translation at the period end for 1% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number indicates an increase in profit before tax or vise-versa.

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the yea March 31		For the year ended March 31, 2019	
raruculars	strenthens by w		strenthens by 1%	weakens by 1 %
Impact on profit / (loss) for the year * USD	(2.73)	2.73	0.32	(0.32)

<sup>\*</sup> Holding all other variable constant

#### Forward foreign exchange contracts

The Group uses derivative financial instruments exclusively for hedging financial risks that arise from its commercial business. The Group manages its foreign currency risk by hedging transactions that are expected to occur within of 2 to 3 months for hedges of forecasted sales. When a derivative is entered into for the purpose of being a hedge, the Group negotiates the terms of those derivatives to match the terms of the hedged exposure. For hedges of forecast transactions, the derivatives cover the period of exposure from the point the cash flows of the transactions are forecasted up to the point of settlement of the resulting receivable that is denominated in the foreign currency. All identified exposures are managed as per the policy duly approved by the Board of Directors.

The following table details the foreign currency derivatives contracts outstanding at the end of the reporting period:

Outstanding Contracts	No of deals		Foreign Currency ( FCY (\$) lacs )		Nominal Amount (Rs lacs )	
Outstanding Contracts	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
USD/INR buy forward	7	3	9.21	3.57	688.29	247.19

<sup>\*</sup> Sensitivity on the above derivatives contracts in respect of foreign currency exposure is insignificant

## Note 42 - Employee benefits plans

## **Defined benefits plans**

Gratuity scheme - The Group makes contributions for gratuity for qualifying employees. The scheme provides for a lumpsum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment.

(₹ in Lacs)

		Gratuity (CIT Lacs		
		<del>, '</del>		
	Current year	Previous year		
Movement in the present value of defined benefit obligation (A)				
1. Present value of obligation as at the beginning of the year	270.34	252.05		
2. Current service cost	50.38	27.09		
3. Past service cost	-	-		
4. Interest cost	20.68	19.43		
5. Actuarial (gain) / losses arising from change in Demographic Assumption	0.23	-		
6. Actuarial (gain) / losses arising from change in Financial Assumption	73.73	0.89		
7. Actuarial (gain) / losses arising from change in Experience Adjustments	(6.34)	(12.35)		
8. Benefits paid	(15.11)	(16.77)		
9. Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	393.91	270.34		
Liability recognized in the financial statement (A-B)	393.91	270.34		
Main actuarial assumption				
Discount rate	6.79%	7.65%		
Expected rate of increase in compensation levels	8.00%	5.50%		
Mortality rates inclusive of provision for disability (100% of Indian Assured Lives Mortality (IALM) (2006-08):-				
Age upto 30 years	3.00%	3.00%		
Age from 31 to 44 years	2.00%	2.00%		
Age above 44 years	1.00%	1.00%		
nge above 44 years	1.00%	1.00%		
Retirement age (years)	58	58		

## Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

(₹ in Lacs)

Year	Gratuity Amount
0 to 1 year	115.89
1 to 2 year	22.29
2 to 3 year	17.34
3 to 4 year	10.47
4 to 5 year	7.07
5 to 6 year	10.66
6 year onwards	210.19

	Gra	tuity
	Current year	Previous year
Cost for the period		
1. Current service cost	50.38	27.09
2. Past service cost	-	-
3. Net interest cost	20.68	19.43
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	71.06	46.52
Re-measurements recognised in Other comprehensive income		
1. Actuarial (gain) / losses arising from change in demographic assumption	0.23	-
2. Actuarial (gain) / losses arising from change in financial assumptions	73.73	0.89
3. Actuarial (gain) / losses arising from change in experience adjustments	(6.34)	(12.35)
Total re-measurements included in Other Comprehensive Income	67.62	(11.46)
Total amount recognised in statement of profit and loss	138.68	35.06

#### Sensitivity analysis of the defined benefit obligation

The significant actuarial assumption for the determination of defined benefit obligations are discount rate and expected salary increase.

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Gratuity
a) Impact of the change in discount rate *	
Present value of Obligation at the end of the year	393.91
i). Impact due to increase of 0.50%	(14.24)
ii). Impact due to decrease of 0.50%	15.47
	-
b) Impact of the change in salary increase *	-
Present value of Obligation at the end of the year	388.61
i). Impact due to increase of 0.50%	14.65
ii). Impact due to decrease of 0.50%	(13.62)

<sup>\*</sup> Holding all other variable constant

#### **Defined contribution Plans**

The Group makes contribution towards employees' provident fund and employees' deposit linked insurance scheme for qualifying employees. Under the schemes, the Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost, as specified in the rules of the schemes, to these defined contributions chemes.

The Group has recognised for contributions to these plans in the statement of profit and loss as under:

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Group's contribution to provident and pension fund	115.40	79.17
	115.40	79.17

#### Note 43 - Segment reporting

The Group is engaged in the business of manufacture and sale of Indian Made Indian Liquor (IMIL), Indian Made Indian Foregin Liquor (IMFL), Ethanol, Bulk Alcohol and Franchise Bottling. This is the only activity performed and is thus also the main source of risks and returns. The Group's segments as reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) does not result in to identification of different ways / sources in to which they see the performance of the Group. Accordingly, the Group has a single reportable segment.

## Note 44 - Information about major customer

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Sale to Rajasthan State Ganganagar Sugar Mills Limited  Total	36,712.76 <b>36,712.76</b>	45,846.43 <b>45,846.43</b>

No other single customer contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue during financial year 2019-20 and 2018-19.

#### Note 45 - Related party disclosures under Ind-AS - 24 "Related Party Disclosures"

#### Key management personnel and their relatives :

Mr. Ajay Kumar Swarup, Managing Director

Mr. Shekhar Swarup, Joint Managing director

Dr. Bhaskar Roy, Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Vijay Rakhi

Mr. Manik Lal Dutta, Executive Director

Mr. Ajay Goyal, Chief Financial Officer

### Enterprises over which key management personnel and / or their relatives exercise significant influence:

Biotech India Limited

GRAS education and training Services Private Limited

Himalayan Spirits Limited

Globus Spirits (Jharkhand) Limited

Globus Trois Freres India Limited

V C technologies Private Limited

Northern India Alcohol Sales Private Limited

Rajasthan Distilleries Private Limited

ADL Agrotech Limited (Formerly known as Assocaited Distilleries Limited)

Rambagh facility services LLP

India Paryavaran Sahayak Foundation

## (i) Transactions with related parties:

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Rent & Maintenance paid		
Rajasthan Distilleries Private Limited	82.53	74.13
Biotech India Limited	66.19	64.86
ADL Agrotech Limited	6.00	6.00
Rambagh facilitiy service LLP	24.00	-
Security deposit given		
Rajasthan Distilleries Pvt Ltd	38.05	-
Rambagh Facility Services LLP	12.00	-
Biotech India Limited	30.52	-
Purchase/ (Sale) of assets		
GRAS education and training Services Private Limited	8.20	-
CSR amount paid		
India Paryavaran Sahayak Foundation	30.00	-
Payments made on behalf of		
GRAS education and training Services Private Limited	1.51	1.59
Allotment of sweat equity shares		
Vijay Kumar Rekhi	_	12.79

### Closing balances with related parties:

(₹ in Lacs)

As at	A n ni
March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
464.94	464.94
38.05	-
12.00	-
30.52	-
0.26	0.26
_	0.54
_	255.74
1.70	1.59
0.30	0.30
-	12.79
	464.94 38.05 12.00 30.52 0.26 - - 1.70

## (ii) Transactions with key managerial personnel and their relatives:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Managerial remuneration		
Mr. Ajay Kumar Swarup	170.58	120.25
Mr. Shekhar Swarup	145.75	90.98
Dr. Bhaskar Roy	73.99	64.75
Mr. Vijay Rakhi	-	94.35
Mr. Manik Lal Dutta	48.19	43.31
Mr. Ajay Goyal	51.98	50.00

#### Note 46- Fair value hierarchy

None of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table presents fair vale hierarchy of financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

(₹ in Lacs)

		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
As at March 31, 2020					
Financial assets					
Investment in equity instruments at FVTPL		-	-	-	-
	Total financial assets	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2019					
Financial assets					
Investment in equity instruments at FVTPL		-	-	-	-
	Total financial assets	-	-	-	-

During the period ended March 31, 2020, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfes in to and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the assets or liability.

#### Note 47 Scheme of Amalgmation

On March 12, 2020, the Board of Directors of Globus Spirits Limited ("Transferee company") approved a Scheme of amalgamation ("the Scheme") between transferee company and its subsidiary Unibev Limited ("Transferor Company"), their respective shareholders and creditors subject to obtaining requisite regulatory and other approvals. The Scheme of amalgamation has been filed by the Company with the National Stock Exchange (NSE) and Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE).

With effect from the Appointed Date, i.e. April 01, 2019 (as per the Scheme), the Transferee Company shall stand amalgamated with transferor Company. All assets and liabilities and the entire business of the Transferor Company shall, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, without any further act, instrument, deed, matter or thing be and stand transferred to and vested in Transferee Company, as a going concern so as to become, the undertaking of Company by virtue of and in the manner provided in the Scheme.

#### Note 48 Impact of COVID 19 on business

On account of COVID-19 pandemic, the Government of India ordered a nationwide lockdown on March 24, 2020 which resulted in limited movement of the entire population of India as a preventive measure against the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Group has made an internal assessment of the impact of COVID-19 on the operations, financial position and liquidity of the Group and believes that the impact is likely to be short term in nature. The Group has considered internal sources of information which includes operational plan and cash flow forecasts in determining the impact on various elements of its financial statements and considered external sources of information like economic forecasts and consensus estimates from market sources on expected future performance.

The Management has made an assessment of the impact of the pandemic on going concern and believes that the impact will be temporary. This assessment is not based on any mathematical model but an assessment of budgets and financial projections considering the nature of products and considering the impact of consumer consumption trend immediately seen in the demand outlook and the financial strength of the business.

Management believes that it has taken into account all the possible impact of known events arising from COVID-19 pandemic in the preparation of these financial statements. The associated economic impact of the pandemic is highly dependent on variables that are difficult to predict. The impact assessment of COVID 19 is a continuing process given the uncertainities associated with its nature and duartion and actual results may differ materiality from these estimates. The Group will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions and any significant impact of these changes would be recognized in the financial statements as and when these material changes to economic condition arise.

#### Note 49 - Physical verification of inventory

The Group had planned physical count of its inventory near end of March 31, 2020. However, on March 24, 2020 Government of India announced countrywide lock down due to COVID-19 pandemic and accordingly, the Management of the Group carried out such physical count subsequent to year ended March 31, 2020. The Management of the Group has also carried out physical count for inventory lying with third parties. No material discrepancies has been observed by Management of the Group on such physical verification.

#### Note 50 - Approval of financial statements

The standalone financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on June 16, 2020

# Independent Auditor's Report

## Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF GLOBUS SPIRITS LIMITED Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Globus Spirits Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2020, and its profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone financial statements.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note 6.1 to the standalone financial statements, regarding the management's assessment of recoverability of its investment of ₹ 2,744.63 lacs made in its subsidiary, viz. Unibev Limited that has been considered good and recoverable based on the future operational plans and cash flows and that no provision towards impairment has been made at this stage for the reasons stated therein.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

#### **Key Audit Matter**

#### Carrying value of investment in its subsidiary

The Company holds investment in subsidiary amounting to INR 2,744.63 as at March 31, 2020 (Refer Note 6 of Standalone Financial Statements)

#### Auditor's Response

#### We have performed the following procedures:

Evaluated the design implementation and the operating effectiveness of the controls over the basis of estimation and management's assessment considered for the impairment evaluation.

In addition to the above:

Company has undertaken an annual indicators assessment of of impairment in respect of the investment in subsidiary as mentioned in Note 6 of standalone financial statements

To assess the recoverability of the investment in subsidiary, management is required to make significant estimates and assumptions related to forecast of future revenue, operating margins, growth rate and selection of the discount rates. The Company used the discounted cash flow approach to determine the recoverable value of investments. These assumptions are of particular importance due to the level of uncertainties and judgment involved, thus changes in these assumptions could have a significant impact on the recoverable value of the investments. Hence this is considered as a key audit matter.

- Evaluated the competency the external specialist used by the Management for determining the recoverable value of the Assessed investment. appropriateness of the valuation model used by the external valuer to determine the recoverable amount.
- Challenged the key assumptions used determining recoverable amount assessed the reasonableness of the future cash flow projections, the growth rates and the discount
- Performed an assessment of the reasonableness of the previously prepared projections to determine management's ability to forecast adequately and understand the reason for material variances.
- Checked mathematical accuracy of the model.
- Considered sensitivity reasonable possibility of changes in the key assumptions and inputs to determine the effect on the recoverable amount
- Assessed the adequacy of related disclosures in the notes to the standalone financial statements and their compliance with Ind AS.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other informa-

- The other information comprises the information included in the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to the Board Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.
- Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon
- In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- · Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial state-

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### Other Matters

Due to COVID-19 related lockdown, we were not able to attend the Management's year end physical verification of inventory. Consequently, we have performed alternate procedures to audit the existence of inventory as per the guidance provided in SA 501 "Audit Evidence - Specific Considerations for Selected Items" and have obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence to issue our opinion on these Standalone Financial Results.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report, to the extent applicable that
  - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
  - The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting for the reasons stated therein.
  - With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended.
    - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
  - With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given
    - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements; Refer Note 33 to the financial statements.
    - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material

- foreseeable losses. Refer Note 41(c) to the financial state-
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company. Refer Note 33 to the financial state-
- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

#### For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

**Chartered Accountants** (Firm's Registration No. 015125N)

Rajesh Kumar Agarwal (Partner) (Membership No. 105546) UDIN: 20105546AAAABH9068

Place: New Delhi Date: 16 June 2020

### ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

#### Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Globus Spirits Limited("the Company") as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has maintained, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as of 31 March 2020, based on the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

#### For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 015125N)

Rajesh Kumar Agarwal (Partner) (Membership No. 105546) UDIN: 20105546AAAABH9068

Place: New Delhi Date: 16 June 2020

#### ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### (Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- In respect of the Company's fixed assets:
  - (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - (b) The fixed assets were physically verified during the year by the Management in accordance with a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, provides for physical verification of all the fixed assets at reasonable intervals. According to the information and explanation given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the confirmations obtained by us and based on the confirmation of the registered sale deed / Ikrarnama/ Shapathpatra provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all

the immovable properties of land, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date. Immovable properties of land and buildings whose title deeds have been pledged as security for loans are held in the name of the Company based on the confirmations received by us from lenders. In respect of immovable properties of land and buildings that have been taken on lease and disclosed as fixed asset in the financial statements, the lease agreements are in the name of the Company.

- (ii) As explained to us, the inventories were physically verified during the year by the Management at reasonable intervals, except in case of inventories lying with third parties, where confirmations has been obtained from third parties in respect of such inventories, and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of which:
  - (a) The terms and conditions of the grant of such loans are, in our opinion, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the above loans are receivable on demand, which as informed to us, have not been recalled by the Company. The schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has not been stipulated and in the absence of such schedule, we are unable to comment on the regularity of the repayments or receipts of principal amounts and interest.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the above loans are receivable on demand, which as informed to us, have not been recalled by the Company. Accordingly, there is no overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the balance sheet date
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit during the year. In respect of unclaimed deposits, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended prescribed by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
  - (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it to the appropriate authorities. Also, refer Note No. 33 of Standalone financial statements regarding management's assessment on certain matters relating to the provident fund.
  - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(c) Details of dues of Sales Tax and Excise Duty which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2020 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Forum where Dispute is Pending	Period to which the Amount Relates	Amount (₹ in lacs)*
Excise		High Court	1995-96,2004-10	169.69
Laws	Excise Duty	Appellate authority up to Commissioners' level	1996-97	11.11
Sales Tax	0-1 +	Supreme Court	2004-06,2007- 08,2009-10	324.68
Laws	Sales tax	Haryana Tax Tribunal	2010-15	409.50

<sup>\*</sup> Amount as per demand orders including interest and penalty wherever indicated in the Order. No amount has been paid under protest.

There were no dues of Income Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Value Added Tax and Goods and services tax which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2020 on account of disputes.

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings to financial institutions and banks. The Company has not taken any loan or borrowing from government and has not issued any debentures.
- (ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, money raised by way of term loans have been applied by the Company during the year for the purposes for which they were raised, other than temporary deployment pending application of proceeds. The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
- (x) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has paid managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the CARO 2016 Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause (xiv) of CARO 2016 is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or directors of its holding, subsidiary or associate company or persons connected with them and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

#### For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 015125N)

> Rajesh Kumar Agarwal (Partner) (Membership No. 105546)

Place: New Delhi Date: 16 June 2020 UDIN: 20105546AAAABH9068

## Standalone Balance Sheet

as at March 31, 2020

/∓	: 1	000)

	Particulars Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 201
ASSI	SETS			
	Non - current assets			
	(a) Property, plant and equipment	2	55,414.66	57,364.04
	(b) Right to use of assets	3	1,455.82	-
	(c) Capital work-in-progress	4	2,893.52	1,176.00
	(d) Intangible assets under development	5	61.29	61.29
(	(f) Financial assets			
	(i) Investments	6	2,744.93	494.93
	(ii) Loans	7 (a)	1,449.29	1,931.05
	(iii) Others financial assets	8 (a)	1,050.94	1,193.37
	(g) Income tax assets (net)	9	2.95	153.24
(	(h) Other non current assets	10 (a)	607.44	1,500.78
	Total non-current a	assets	65,680.84	63,874.67
	Current assets (a) Inventories	11	9,785.81	7,083.69
	(b) Financial assets	'''	3,700.01	7,000.00
(	(i) Trade receivables	12	2,928.04	4,755.26
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	13 (a)	1,972.14	157.13
	(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	13 (b)	0.66	1.20
	(iv) Loans	7 (b)	71.45	576.73
	(v) Others financial assets	8 (b)	178.30	189.50
(	(c) Other current assets	10 (b)	1,231.29	1,345.25
	Total current a	assets	16,167.69	14,108.76
	TOTAL AS	SSETS	81,848.53	77,983.43
	Equity			
(	(a) Equity share capital (b) Other equity	14 SOCE	2,879.93 44,008.15	38,120.94
	(b) Other equity			38,120.94
2 1			44,008.15	38,120.94
2 I	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities		44,008.15	38,120.94
2 I	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities		44,008.15	38,120.94 41,000.87
2 I	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities	SOCE	44,008.15 46,888.08	38,120.94 41,000.87
2 I	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability	15 (a) 16 (a)	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66
2 I I (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions	SOCE 15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a)	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 - 171.60
2 II (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 - 171.60 2,414.86
2   1   (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non current liabilities  Total non-current lia	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a)	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 - 171.60 2,414.86 248.95
2   1   (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non current liabilities  Total non-current lia  Current liabilities	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a)	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34 226.52	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 - 171.60 2,414.86 248.95
2   1   (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non current liabilities  (a) Financial liabilities  Current liabilities  (a) Financial liabilities	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a)	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34 226.52 16,743.83	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 - 171.60 2,414.86 248.95 19,764.07
2   1   (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non current liabilities  Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a) abilities	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34 226.52	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 - 171.60 2,414.86 248.95 19,764.07
2   1   (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non current liabilities  (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a)	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34 226.52 16,743.83	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 - 171.60 2,414.86 248.95 19,764.07
2   1   (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non current liabilities  Total non-current liabilities  (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables  -Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a) abilities	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34 226.52 16,743.83 447.58	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 - 171.60 2,414.86 248.95 19,764.07
2   1   (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non current liabilities  Total non-current liabilities  (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables  - Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises and Small	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a) abilities	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34 226.52 16,743.83	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 - 171.60 2,414.86 248.95 19,764.07
2   1   (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non current liabilities  Total non-current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables  - Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises  - Total Outstanding dues to creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a) 15(b) 20	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34 226.52 16,743.83 447.58 24.41 10,546.36	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 171.60 2,414.86 248.95 19,764.07 3,141.64
2   1   (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non current liabilities  Total non-current liabilities  (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables  - Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises - Total Outstanding dues to creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises (iii) Other financial liabilities	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a) abilities 15(b) 20	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34 226.52 16,743.83 447.58 24.41 10,546.36 4,519.06	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 171.60 2,414.86 248.95 19,764.07 3,141.64
2   1   ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (d) Other non current liabilities  Total non-current liabilities  (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables  - Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises - Total Outstanding dues to creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises (iii) Other financial liabilities (iv) Lease liability	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a) 15(b) 20	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34 226.52 16,743.83 447.58 24.41 10,546.36	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 171.60 2,414.86 248.95 19,764.07 3,141.64
2   1   ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non current liabilities  Total non-current liabilities  (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables  -Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises -Total Outstanding dues to creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises (iii) Other financial liabilities (iv) Lease liability (b) Other current liabilities	SOCE  15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a)  abilities  15(b) 20  21 16 (b)	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34 226.52 16,743.83 447.58 24.41 10,546.36 4,519.06 130.49	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 - 171.60 2,414.86 248.95 19,764.07 3,141.64 - 9,286.57 3,638.18
2 1 ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non current liabilities  Total non-current liabilities  (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables  -Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises -Total Outstanding dues to creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises (iii) Other financial liabilities (iv) Lease liability (b) Other current liabilities	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a) abilities 15(b) 20 21 16 (b) 19 (b)	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34 226.52 16,743.83 447.58 24.41 10,546.36 4,519.06 130.49 1,961.86	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 - 171.60 2,414.86 248.95 19,764.07 3,141.64 - 9,286.57 3,638.18 885.45 101.78
2 1 ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non current liabilities  Total non-current liabilities  (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables  - Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises - Total Outstanding dues to creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises (iii) Other financial liabilities (iv) Lease liability (b) Other current liabilities (c) Current tax liabilities (net)	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a) abilities  15(b) 20  21 16 (b) 19 (b) 22 17 (b)	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34 226.52 16,743.83 447.58 24.41 10,546.36 4,519.06 130.49 1,961.86 68.70	38,120.94 41,000.87 16,928.66 - 171.60 2,414.86 248.95 19,764.07 3,141.64 - 9,286.57 3,638.18 - 885.45 101.78 164.87
2 1 ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	(b) Other equity  Liabilities  Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease liability (b) Provisions (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non current liabilities  Total non-current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables  - Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises - Total Outstanding dues to creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises (iii) Other financial liabilities (iv) Lease liability (b) Other current liabilities (c) Current tax liabilities (net) (d) Provisions	15 (a) 16 (a) 17 (a) 18 19 (a) 15(b) 20  21 16 (b) 19 (b) 22 17 (b)  bilities bilities	44,008.15 46,888.08 13,278.97 139.27 272.72 2,826.34 226.52 16,743.83 447.58 24.41 10,546.36 4,519.06 130.49 1,961.86 68.70 518.16	2,879.93 38,120.94 41,000.87  16,928.66  171.60 2,414.86 248.95 19,764.07  3,141.64  - 9,286.57 3,638.18 - 885.45 101.78 164.87 17,218.49 36,982.56 77,983.43

See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements In terms of our report attached.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants

Vijay Agarwal

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajay K. Swarup **Managing Director** DIN-00035194

Santosh Kumar Pattanayak

Company Secretary ACS-18721

Place : New Delhi Date : June 16, 2020 Bhaskar Roy **Executive Director** DIN-02805627

Shekhar Swarup Joint Managing Director DIN-00445241

Ajay Goyal Chief Financial Officer

Place : New Delhi Date : June 16, 2020

## Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss

for the year ended March 31, 2020

(₹ in Lacs)

	Particulars	Note	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
ı	Revenue from operations	23	1,25,450.52	1,07,346.87
II	Other income	24	482.92	795.21
Ш	Total income (I + II)		1,25,933.44	1,08,142.08
IV	Expenses:			
	(a) Cost of materials consumed	25	73,843.19	60,051.25
	(b) Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock in trade and work in progress	26	(2,573.49)	(301.82)
	(c) Excise duty on sale of goods	27	9,146.94	8,915.10
	(d) Employee benefits expense	28	3,111.34	2,560.80
	(e) Finance costs	29	2,352.42	2,630.53
	(f) Depreciation expense	30	3,785.96	3,610.68
	(g) Other expenses	31	28,615.69	26,699.55
	Total expenses (IV)		1,18,282.05	1,04,166.09
v	Profit before tax (III - IV)		7,651.39	3,975.99
VI	Tax expense:			
	(a) Current tax	32 (a)	1,273.02	932.46
	(b) Deferred tax	32 (b)	435.10	520.53
	(c) Tax relating to previous year	32 (c)	12.06	(533.83)
			1,720.18	919.16
VII	Profit for the year (V - VI)		5,931.21	3,056.83
VIII	Other comprehensive income (OCI)			
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	32 (d)	(67.62)	11.46
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	32 (d)	23.63	(3.97)
	Other comprehensive income		(43.99)	7.49
	onor comprehensive modific		(+0.00)	1.79
IX	Total comprehensive income for the year (VII + VIII)		5,887.22	3,064.32
х	Earnings per share (of ₹ 10 each):	36		
^	Basic (in ₹)		20.60	10.64
	Diluted (in ₹)		20.60	10.64

See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements In terms of our report attached.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants

Vijay Agarwal Partner

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajay K. Swarup Managing Director DIN-00035194

Santosh Kumar Pattanayak Company Secretary ACS-18721

Bhaskar Roy **Executive Director** DIN-02805627

Shekhar Swarup Joint Managing Director DIN-00445241

Ajay Goyal **Chief Financial Officer** 

Place : New Delhi Date : June 16, 2020

Place : New Delhi Date : June 16, 2020

## Standalone Statement of Cash Flow

for the year ended March 31, 2020

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020		For the year ended March 31, 2019	
A. Cash flow from operating activities				
Profit for the year		5,931.21		3,056.83
Adjustments for :				
Income tax expense recognised in profit and loss	1,720.18		919.16	
Depreciation expense	3,785.96		3,610.68	
Amortisation of non current assets	-		10.72	
Impairment loss	7.10		-	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipments	-		0.36	
Finance cost	2,352.42		2,630.53	
Interest income	(264.63)		(237.18)	
Liabilities written back	(83.06)		(175.75)	
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(15.76)		-	
Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off (back)	15.13		0.10	
Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances	200.39		392.06	
		7,717.73		7,150.68
Operating profit before working capital changes		13,648.94		10,207.51
Movement in working capital:				
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(2,702.12)		(1,045.55)	
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	2,042.74		(256.43)	
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	1,016.19		(1,640.81)	
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	1,185.38		(157.24)	
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities and provisions	1,378.82		(104.75)	
morease/(deorease/) in other habilities and provisions	1,070.02		(104.70)	
		2,921.01		(3,204.78)
Cash generated from operations		16,569.95		7,002.73
Income taxes paid		(1,167.87)		(868.33)
Net cash flow (used) / from operating activities (A)		15,402.08		6,134.40
B. Cash flow from investing activities				
Payment for property, plant and equipment	(3,901.20)		(2,998.50)	
Proceeds from government grants	(3,901.20)		1,320.46	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipments	_		12.65	
	(2.250.00)			
Payment to aquire financial assets Interest received	(2,250.00)		(0.30) 238.45	
	229.85			
Movement in bank balances not considered as cash and cash equivalents	6.86	(5.04.4.40)	30.37	(4 000 07)
Net cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B)		(5,914.49)		(1,396.87)
C. Cash flow from financing activities				
Proceeds from borrowings	8,099.67		-	
Repayment of borrowings	(10,509.85)		(2,169.22)	
Movement in working capital utilization	(2,694.06)		-	
Repayment of lease liability	(126.06)		_	
Interest and other borrowing cost paid	(2,442.28)		(2,574.28)	
Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C)	(2,1.2.20)	(7,672.58)	(2,020)	(4,743.50)
Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		1,815.01		(5.96)
		157.13		163.09
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year				
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		1,972.14		157.12
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents:				
- Cash and cash equivalents (Refer note 13(a))		1,972.14		157.13
Net cash and cash equivalents		1,972.14		157.13
Note: Bank denosits held as margin money for hank guarantees and others is included in cash	flow from invecting		!	

Note: Bank deposits held as margin money for bank guarantees and others is included in cash flow from investing activity

See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements In terms of our report attached.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants

Vijay Agarwal Partner

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajay K. Swarup **Managing Director** DIN-00035194

**Bhaskar Roy Executive Director** DIN-02805627

**Shekhar Swarup Joint Managing Director** DIN-00445241

Santosh Kumar Pattanayak **Company Secretary** 

ACS-18721

Place : New Delhi Date : June 16, 2020 Ajay Goyal Chief Financial Officer

## Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### **Equity share capital**

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at April 1, 2018	2,879.93
Changes in equity share capital during the year (refer note 14)	-
Balance as at March 31, 2019	2,879.93
Changes in equity share capital during the year (refer note 14)	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	2,879.93

### Other equity

(₹ in Lacs)

	Other equity					
	Re	Total				
Particulars	Securities premium account	General reserve	Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss			
Balance as at March 31, 2018	14,894.92	1,415.65	18,746.03	35,056.60		
1. Profit for the year	-	-	3,056.83	3,056.83		
2. Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	7.49	7.49		
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	3,064.32	3,064.32		
Balance as at March 31, 2019	14,894.92	1,415.65	21,810.35	38,120.93		
1. Profit for the year	-	-	5,931.21	5,931.21		
2. Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	(43.99)	(43.99)		
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	5,887.22	5,887.22		
Balance as at March 31, 2020	14,894.92	1,415.65	27,697.57	44,008.15		

See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements In terms of our report attached.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants

Vijay Agarwal **Partner** 

Place: New Delhi

Date : June 16, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajay K. Swarup **Managing Director** DIN-00035194

**Executive Director** DIN-02805627

Bhaskar Roy

Santosh Kumar Pattanayak **Company Secretary** ACS-18721

Place: New Delhi Date : June 16, 2020 **Shekhar Swarup Joint Managing Director** DIN-00445241

Ajay Goyal **Chief Financial Officer** 

# Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

## Note 1 - General information and Significant Accounting Policies

#### Note 1.1 - General information

Globus Spirits Limited (the Company) is a public Company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act. The registered office of the Company is located at F-0, Ground Floor, The Mira Corporate Suites, Plot No. 1 & 2, Ishwar Nagar, Mathura Road, New Delhi - 110065. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of manufacturing and sale of Indian Made Indian Liquor (IMIL), Indian Made Foreign Liquor (IMFL), Bulk Alcohol, Hand Sanitizer and Franchise Bottling.

#### Note 1.2 - Statement of compliance

These standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

#### Note 1.3 - Significant Accounting Policies

#### I Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period.

"Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36. In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:"

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

#### II Revenue recognition

## Revenue from contracts with customers

#### Sale of goods

The Company derives revenue from manufacture and sale of Indian Made Indian Liquor (IMIL), Bulk alcohol and Franchisee Bottling.

The Company has applied Ind AS 115 'Revenue from contracts with customers' with effect from 1 April 2018, using the retrospective method with restatement of comparative period. Upon application of Ind AS 115, Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised goods to the customers. The point at which control passes is determined by each customer arrangement when there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of goods.

At contract inception, the company assesses its promise to transfer products or services to a customer to identify separate performance obligations. Where the contracts include multiple performance obligations, the transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation based on the standalone selling prices.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price i.e. the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled from a customer, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates. Revenue includes both fixed and variable consideration. Variable consideration arises on the sale of goods as a result of discounts and allowances given and accruals for estimated future returns and rebates. Revenue is not recognised in full until it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. The methodology and assumptions used to estimate rebates and returns are monitored and adjusted regularly in the light of contractual and legal obligations, historical trends and past experience. Once the uncertainty associated with the returns and rebates is resolved, revenue is adjusted accordingly. Revenue includes excise duty but excludes goods and services tax.

#### Critical judgements

Judgement is required to determine the transaction price for the contract

Transaction Price: The transaction price could either be a fixed amount of customer consideration or variable consideration with elements such as discounts and incentives. The estimated amount of variable consideration is adjusted in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur and is reassessed at the end of each reporting period.

## Rendering of services

Revenue from bottling contracts with brand franchise is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered and related costs are incurred in accordance with the agreement between the parties.

#### Other Operating income

Income from export incentives are recognised on an accrual basis.

#### Other income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses.

#### III Property, plant and equipment

i. Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation and impairment

All items of property, plant and equipment have been measured at fair value at the date of transition to Ind-AS. The Company has opted for such fair valuation as deemed cost as at the transition date i. e. April 01, 2016.

Cost is inclusive of inward freight, duties and taxes and incidental expenses related to acquisition or construction. All upgradation / enhancements are charged off as revenue expenditure unless they bring similar significant additional benefits. An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Depreciation of these assets commences when the assets are ready for their intended use which is generally on commissioning. Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated in a manner that amortizes the cost (or other amount substituted for cost) of the assets after commissioning, less its residual value, over their useful lives as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 on a straight line basis.

Subsequent costs are included in the assets's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Govt Grants related to purchase of property , plant & equipments are presented in the balance sheet as a deduction from the carrying amount of property ,plant and equipment.

ii. Machinery spares which can be used only in connection with an item of fixed asset and whose use is expected to be irregular are capitalised and depreciated over the useful life of the principal item of the relevant assets.

### iii. Capital work-in-progress

Projects under which tangible fixed assets are not yet ready for their intended use are carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable interest.

### IV Intangible assets:

Intangible assets under development

Development costs that are directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable and unique software products controlled by the company will be recognised as intangible assets when the following criteria are met:

- (i) it is technically feasible to complete the software so that it will be available for use
- (ii) management intends to complete the software and use or sell it
- (iii) there is an ability to use or sell the software
- (iv) it can be demonstrated how the software will generate probable future economic benefits
- (v) adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the software are available, and

vi) the expenditure attributable to the software during its development can be reliably measured.

Expenditure on intangible assets eligible for capitalisation are carried as Intangible assets under development where such assets are not yet ready for their intended use.

#### V A. Depreciation / amortisation

Depreciation has been provided on the cost of the assets less their residual values on straight line method on the basis of estimated useful life of the assets as presecribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Estimated useful lives of the assets is as given below:

Asset	Useful Life
Buildings (including roads)	10-60 years
Plant and machinery	5-25 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Computers and data processing units	3-6 years
Electrical installations and equipment	10 years
Vehicles	8 years
Office equipments	5 years

ii. Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value.

#### **B.** Impairment

#### (i) Financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss for the financial assets which are not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss.

#### (ii) Non - financial assets

#### Tangible and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the fair value less cost of disposal and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). An impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The Company reviews at each reporting date if there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. Non financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

#### VI Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded on initial recognition at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of transaction.

Monetary items (i.e. trade receivables) denominated in foreign currency are reported using the closing exchange rate on each balance sheet date.

The exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting these items at rates different from rates at which these were initially recorded / reported in previous financial statements are recognised as income / expense in the period in which they arise.

#### VII Financial instruments

#### Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of financial asset or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

#### Subsequent measurement

- (i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost: A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- (ii) Financial assets carried at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI): A financial asset is subsequently measured at FVTOCI if it is held not only for collection of cash flows arising from payments of principal and interest but also from the sale of such assets. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value being recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (iii) Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories (at amortised cost or through other comprehensive income) are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.
- (iv) Investment in subsidiary: Investment in subsidiary is carried at cost less impairment, if any, in the separate financial statements.
- (v) Financial liabilities: Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

#### VIII Impairment of investments

The Company reviews its carrying value of long term investments in equity shares of subsidiary carried at cost at the end of each reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for.

#### IX Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (weighted average basis) and the net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses, where considered necessary.

Cost includes all charges in bringing the goods to the point of sale, including octroi and other levies, transit insurance and receiving charges. Work-in-progress and finished goods include appropriate proportion of overheads and, where applicable, excise duty.

#### X Employee benefits

The Company has various schemes of employee benefits such as provident fund, employee state insurance scheme and gratuity fund, which are dealt with as under:

- i. The Company's contribution to provident fund and employee state insurance scheme are considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.
- ii. For defined benefit plans in the form of gratuity fund the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur.
- iii. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service.
- iv The Company's use updated assumptions to determine current service cost and net interest for the remainder of the period after a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement and to recognize in profit or loss as part of past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, any reduction in a surplus, even if that surplus was not previously recognized because of the impact of the asset

The cost of short-term compensated absences is accounted when the absences occur.

#### XI Contingent liabilities and provisions

Contingent liabilities are disclosed after evaluation of the facts and legal aspects of the matter involved, in line with the provisions of Ind AS 37. The Company records a liability for any claims where a potential loss probable and capable of being estimated and discloses such matters in its financial statements, if material. For potential losses that are considered possible, but not probable, the Company provides disclosures in the financial statements but does not record a liability in its financial statements unless the loss becomes probable. Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal / constructive) as a result of a past event, for which it is probable that a cash outflow may be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

#### XII Leases

### The Company as a lessee

From 1 April 2019, leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in -substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable.
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date.
- iii amounts expected to be payable by the Company under residual value guarantees.
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and
- v Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising that option

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If the rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Company:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Company, which does not have recent third-party financing, and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

The Company is exposed to potential future increases in variable lease payments based on an index or rate, which are not included in the lease liability until they take effect. When adjustments to lease payments based on an index or rate take effect, the lease liability is reassessed and adjusted against the right-of-use asset.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Variable lease payments that depend on sales are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the condition that triggers those payments occurs.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- i the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- ii any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- iii any initial direct costs, and
- iv restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally amortised over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Company is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying assets useful

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit and loss account. Short term leases are the leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipments and small items of office furniture.

#### XIII Earnings per share

Basic earnings / (loss) per share is calculated by dividing the net profit / (loss) for the current year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The number of shares used in computing diluted earnings per share comprises the weighted average share considered for calculating basic earnings / (loss) per share, and also the weighted average number of shares, which would have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### XIV Income taxes

Provision for current taxation is ascertained on the basis of assessable profits computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

"Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts at the reporting date. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the Company has a legally enforceable right for such set off. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit and loss is recognised outside statement of profit and loss i.e. in other comprehensive income when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. The current and deferred tax asset or liability shall be recognized and measured by applying the requirements in Ind AS 12 based on the taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates determined by applying this appendix. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised."

#### XV Use of estimates and judgement

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in future are:

- i Useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets: Useful life and residual value are determined by the management based on a technical evaluation considering nature of asset, past experience, estimated usage of the asset, vendor's advice etc and same is reviewed at each financial
  - ii Impairment of investments: The Company has reviewed its carrying value of long term investments in equity of subsidiary carried at cost at the end of each reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for.
  - iii Deferred tax assets: The Company has reviewed the carrying amount of deferred tax assets including MAT credit entitlement at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.
  - iv Transaction Price Sale of goods: The transaction price could either be a fixed amount of customer consideration or variable consideration with elements such as discounts and incentives. The estimated amount of variable consideration is adjusted in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur and is reassessed at the end of each reporting period.

#### XVI Operating cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

#### XVII Government grants, subsidies and export incentives

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the company will comply with all attached conditions

"Government grants and subsidies are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the costs for which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Government grants related to purchase of property, plant and equipment's are presented in the balance sheet as a deduction from the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment's."

#### **XVIII** Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest and amortisation of ancillary costs incurred. Costs in connection with the borrowing of funds to the extent not directly related to the acquisition of qualifying assets are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as and when incurred. Borrowing costs, allocated to and utilised for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset up to the date of capitalisation of such asset are added to the cost of the assets. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted.

#### XIX Derivative contracts

The Company enters into derivative contracts in the nature of foreign currency forward contracts with an intention to hedge its existing assets and liabilities and highly probable transactions in foreign currency. Derivative contracts which are closely linked to the existing assets and liabilities are accounted as per the policy stated for Foreign currency transactions and translations.

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

#### XX Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash comprises of cash on hand and bank. Cash equivalents are short term balances, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### XXI Business Combination:

Ind AS 103 - Business Combinations" Business combinations arising from transfers of interests in entities that are under the common control.

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control shall be accounted for using the pooling of interests method. The assets and liabilities acquired are recognised at their carrying amounts. The identity of the reserves is preserved as they appear in the financial statements of the Company in the same form in which they appeared in the financial statements of the acquired entities. The difference, if any, between the consideration and the amount of share capital of the acquired entities is treated as capital reserve. Transaction costs are expensed as they are incurred in respective periods.

Note 2 - Property, plant and equipment as at March 31, 2020

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Gross carrying amount				Accumulated depreciation				Net carrying amount		
	As at March 31, 2019	Additions	Disposals / adjustment of assets	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	Deprecia- tion for the year	Eliminated on disposal / adjustment of assets	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
LAND											
Freehold land	2,907.33	-	-	2,907.33	-	-	-	-	2,907.33	2,907.33	
	2,907.33	-	-	2,907.33	-	-	-	-	2,907.33	2,907.33	
BUILDINGS											
Factory buildings	10,018.44	250.33	-	10,268.77	995.23	383.81	-	1,379.04	8,889.73	9,023.21	
	10,018.44	250.33	-	10,268.77	995.23	383.81	-	1,379.04	8,889.73	9,023.21	
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT											
Plant and machinery	53,168.36	1,533.36	6.15	54,695.57	8,487.83	3,126.52	-	11,614.35	43,081.22	44,680.53	
Electrical installations and equipment	356.65	1.33	-	357.98	77.13	35.84	-	112.97	245.01	279.52	
Computer	44.30	12.88	-	57.18	30.85	9.74	-	40.59	16.59	13.45	
	53,569.31	1,547.57	6.15	55,110.73	8,595.81	3,172.10	-	11,767.91	43,342.82	44,973.50	
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES											
Furniture and fixtures	151.25	16.53	-	167.78	60.60	21.54	-	82.14	85.64	90.65	
	151.25	16.53	-	167.78	60.60	21.54	-	82.14	85.64	90.65	
VEHICLES											
Owned	248.44	46.62	29.77	265.29	95.45	33.67	0.26	128.86	136.43	152.99	
Taken under finance lease*	217.49	-	217.49	-	66.44	-	66.44	-	-	151.05	
	465.93	46.62	247.26	265.29	161.89	33.67	66.70	128.86	136.43	304.04	
OFFICE EQUIPMENT											
Office equipment	115.02	11.68	0.95	125.75	49.74	23.30	0.00	73.04	52.71	65.28	
	115.02	11.68	0.95	125.75	49.74	23.30	0.00	73.04	52.71	65.28	
Total	67,227.28	1,872.73	254.36	68,845.65	9,863.27	3,634.42	66.70	13,430.99	55,414.66	57,364.01	

For lien / charge against property, plant and equipment refer note 15 (a) and 15 (b)

#### Note 3 Right to use of Assets

Particulars		Carrying	amount		Accumulated depreciation				Net carrying amount	
	As at April 1, 2019	Additions	Disposals / adjustment of assets	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 1, 2019	Amortisation for the year	Eliminated on disposal / adjustment of assets	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 1, 2019
Leasehold landi	1,006.47	-	-	1,006.47	-	10.72	-	10.72	995.75	-
Motor Vehicleii	180.56	138.45		319.01	-	39.10		39.10	279.91	-
Other iii	228.38	53.49	-	281.87	-	101.72	-	101.72	180.15	-
	1,415.41	191.94	-	1,607.35	-	151.54	-	151.54	1,455.81	-

<sup>(</sup>i) Advance towards leasehold land of ₹ 1,006.47 as on 1 April, 2019 now reclassified as Right of use (refer note 1 (XII) & note 38)

<sup>\*</sup> Motor Vehicles taken under finance lease now reclassifed as Right of use as per IndAs 116 (refer note 1 (XII) & note 38)

<sup>(</sup>ii) Motor Vehicles taken under finance lease WDV of ₹ 180.56 as on 1 April , 2019 now reclassifed as Right of use . (refer note 1 (XII) & note 38)

<sup>(</sup>iii) Prepaid portion of security deposit and Building on lease reclassifed as Right of use (refer note 1 (XII) & note 38)

#### Note 4- Capital work-in-progress

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Capital work-in-progress	2,893.52	1,176.00
	2,893.52	1,176.00

# Note 5 - Intangible Assets under development

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Intangible assets under development1	61.29	61.29
	61.29	61.29

#### Note:

Note 2 - Property, plant and equipment as at March 31, 2019

(₹ in Lacs)

		Gross carrying amount		Accumulated depreciation			Net carryi	ng amount		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2018	Additions	Disposals / adjustment of assets (Refer note 1)	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	Deprecia- tion for the year	Eliminated on disposal / adjust- ment of assets	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
LAND										
Freehold land	2,907.33	-	-	2,907.33	-	-	-	-	2,907.33	2,907.33
	2,907.33	ı	-	2,907.33	-	-	-	-	2,907.33	2,907.33
BUILDINGS										
Factory buildings	9,920.19	98.25	-	10,018.44	618.84	376.39	-	995.23	9,023.21	9,301.35
	9,920.19	98.25	-	10,018.44	618.84	376.39	-	995.23	9,023.21	9,301.35
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT										
Plant and machinery	53,217.22	1,285.41	1,334.27	53,168.36	5,405.28	3,082.55	-	8,487.83	44,680.53	47,811.94
Electrical installations and equipment	309.15	49.03	1.53	356.65	45.92	31.21	-	77.13	279.52	263.23
Computer	36.33	7.97	-	44.30	21.61	9.24	-	30.85	13.45	14.72
	53,562.70	1,342.41	1,335.80	53,569.31	5,472.81	3,123.00	-	8,595.81	44,973.50	48,089.89
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES										
Furniture and fixtures	146.28	4.97	-	151.25	39.67	20.93	-	60.60	90.65	106.61
	146.28	4.97	-	151.25	39.67	20.93	-	60.60	90.65	106.61
VEHICLES										
Owned	252.35		3.91	248.44	68.53	38.81	11.89	95.45	152.99	183.82
Taken under finance lease	239.27		21.78	217.49	38.83	30.28	2.67	66.44	151.05	200.44
	491.62	-	25.69	465.93	107.36	69.09	14.56	161.89	304.04	384.26
OFFICE EQUIPMENT										
Office equipment	93.04	21.98	-	115.02	28.47	21.27	-	49.74	65.28	64.57
	93.04	21.98	-	115.02	28.47	21.27	-	49.74	65.28	64.57
Total	67,121.16	1,467.61	1,361.49	67,227.28	6,267.15	3,610.68	14.56	9,863.27	57,364.01	60,854.01

For lien / charge against property, plant and equipment refer note 15 (a) and 15 (b)

Note 1: The Company has received capital subsidy amounting to ₹ 1,320.46 lacs from Bihar state government during the current year on account of plant and machinery used for carry out of manufacturing operations at Bihar unit. The same has been deducted from the carrying amount of plant and machinery in accordance with Ind AS 20.

<sup>1.</sup> Intangible assets under development represents ERP software implementation cost which is not ready for its intended use upto the date of financial statements.

#### Note 6- Non-current investments

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020		1, 2020 As at March 31, 2019	
	Qty (in nos)	Amount	Qty (in nos)	Amount
Investment in equity instruments (valued at cost)				
(Unquoted, in subsidiary companies)				
(i) Unibev Limited	6,766,501	2,744.63	1,278,695	494.63
67,66,501 shares (As at March 31, 2019: 12,78,695) of ₹ 10 each fully paid up				
[Refer Note 6.1 below & Note 47]				
Total investments in subsidiaries (A)		2,744.63		494.63
Investment in equity instruments (valued at cost)				
(Unquoted)				
(i) India Paryavaran Sahayak Foundation 3,000 shares (As at March 31, 2019: 3,000 Shares ) of ₹ 10 each fully paid up	3,000	0.30	3,000	0.30
[Refer Note 6.2]				
Total investments in others (B)		0.30		0.30
Total (A)+(B)		2,744.93		494.93
Aggregate carrying value of unquoted investments		2,744.93		494.93
		2,744.93		494.93

#### Note:

- 6.1 In the opinion of the management, considering the future operational plans and cash flows pertaining to its subsidiary, vi.z Unibev Limited, its investment as at March 31, 2020 of ₹ 2,744.63 lakhs, included above, are good and recoverable and no provision towards impairment is considered necessary at this stage based on the below assessment.
  - The subsidiary has incurred losses over the years and has a net worth of ₹ 496.47 lakhs as at March 31, 2020. The Management is in the process of developing and establishing four IMFL brands and is also in the process of establishing partnership / franchisee arrangements with bottlers / manufacturers across various states in line with the Company's business plans and is incurring expenditure for obtaining necessary approvals and business promotions, in line with the Company's business plans.
  - The operational performance of Unibev has improved over the last year and management has assessed the recoverability of the investments on the basis of expected cash flows and future projections of Unibev (key assumptions used include the sales growth rate, EBITDA margins, terminal growth rate and the riskadjusted discount rates). The discount rates are derived from the Companys weighted average cost of capital, taking into account the cost of capital adjusted to market-related premium. These projections and assumptions have been adjusted for the current estimated impact arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. Therefore, on the basis of expected cash flows, future projections, market expansion plans, and the credentials of the person associated with Unibev, the management is of the view that this investment would give adequate returns and is confident that this long-term investment being strategic in nature, currently no provision is required for diminution in value of investment in Unibev.
- 6.2 Investments in India Paryavaran Sahayak Foundation (a company incorporated under section 8 of companies Act, 2013) are made with no objective to obtain economic benefits from its activities.

# Note 7 - Loans

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Non-current			
Loans to related parties (refer note 45)			
Unsecured-considered good *		734.27	1,681.84
Security deposits			
Unsecured-considered good		715.02	249.21
Doubtful		25.49	-
		740.51	249.21
Less: Provision for the doubtful security deposits		(25.49)	-
		715.02	249.21
	Total	1,449.29	1,931.05
(b) Current			
Loan to employees			
Unsecured-considered good		6.29	14.50
Security deposits			
Unsecured-considered good		65.16	562.23
	Total	71.45	576.73

<sup>\*</sup> Refer footnote 1 to note 6

# Note 8 - Others financial assets

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Non Current		
Other bank balances - balance held as margin money against guarantee*	1,050.94	1,193.37
Tota	1,050.94	1,193.37
(b) Current		
Interest accrued on deposits	88.76	99.96
Other bank balances - balance held as margin money against guarantee*	89.54	89.54
Tota	I 178.30	189.50

<sup>\*</sup> Margin for bank guarantees and others

# Note 9 - Income tax assets (net)

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Tax Assets		
Advance tax including TDS receivables and TDS refund (net of provision of ₹ 1,273.02 lacs as at March 31, 2020, ₹ 932.46 as at March 31, 2019)	2.95	153.24
Total	2.95	153.24

# Note 10 - Other assets

			( <b>C</b> III Ed03)
Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Non Current			
Capital advances			
Unsecured, considered good		515.06	412.49
Doubtful		11.89	0.48
		526.95	412.97
Less: Provision for doubtful capital advances		(11.89)	(0.48)
		515.06	412.49
Advances to brand franchisee		50.00	50.00
Advance towards leasehold land**		-	995.75
Balance with government authorities *		-	42.45
Prepaid expenses		42.38	0.09
	Total	607.44	1,500.78
(b) Current			
Advances to vendors		140.36	385.34
Less: Provision for doubtful advances to vendors		(56.02)	(82.18)
		84.34	303.16
Amount recoverable from customer		125.01	-
Less: Provision for amount recoverable from customer		(125.01)	-
		-	-
Advance towards leasehold land**		-	10.72
Balance with government authorities *		470.04	331.57
Prepaid expenses		676.91	699.80
	Total	1,231.29	1,345.25

<sup>\*</sup> includes GST receivable and other receivable
\*\*Advance to leasehold land reclassified as Right to use as per IndAS 116 (refer note 1(XII) & note 38)

# Note 11 - Inventories\*

(valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)

(₹ in Lacs)

	Particulars Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a)	Raw materials	1,097.58	1,286.46
(b)	Work in progress	262.80	394.59
(c)	Finished goods	6,571.27	3,997.78
(d)	Packing material	515.90	351.95
(e)	Fuel, Chemicals, Stores and spares	1,338.26	1,052.91
	Total	9,785.81	7,083.69

<sup>\*</sup> For parri passu charge against Inventories refer note 15 (a) & 15(b).

The mode of valuation of inventories has been stated in note 1.3 (IX).

#### Note 12 - Trade receivables

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Current		
Trade receivables considered good- Secured	-	-
Trade receivables considered good- Unsecured	2,928.04	4,755.26
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Trade receivables- credit impaired	0.41	374.53
	2,928.45	5,129.79
Less: Loss Allowance	(0.41)	(374.53)
Tota	al 2,928.04	4,755.26

<sup>(</sup>i) For parri passu charge against trade receivables refer note 15 (a) & 15(b).

(₹ in Lacs)

Age of Receivables	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
1-30 days past due	2,374.02	4,078.06
31-60 days past due	367.70	409.40
61-90 days past due	51.55	73.97
More than 90 days past due	135.18	568.36

(₹ in Lacs)

Movement in the expected credit loss allowance	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	374.53	38.33
Movement in the expected credit loss allowance on trade	(374.12)	336.20
receivables calculated at lifetime expected credit losses		
Balance at the end of the year	0.41	374.53

# Note 13 - Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash on hand		7.76	0.16
Balances with banks			
(i) In current accounts		668.38	156.97
(ii) Bank deposits		1,296.00	<u> </u>
	Total (a)	1,972.14	157.13
(b) Bank balances other than (a) above			
Other bank balances			
Unpaid dividend account		0.66	1.20
	Total (b)	0.66	1.20

<sup>(</sup>ii) Of the trade receivable, balance as at March 31, 2020 of ₹ 590.18 lacs (March 31, 2019 of ₹ 756.79 lacs) is due from United Spirits Limited and ₹ 949.51 lacs (March 31, 2019 of ₹ 1,165.74 lacs) is due from Rajasthan State Ganganagar Sugar Mills Limited. There are no other customers who represent more than 10% of the total balances of trade receivables.

#### Note 14 - Equity share capital

(₹ in Lacs)

	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount (₹ In Lacs)	Number of shares	Amount (₹ In Lacs)
(a) Authorised				
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each with voting rights	35,000,000	3,500.00	35,000,000	3,500.00
Cumulative compulsorily convertible preference shares (CCCPS) of ₹140 each	5,100,000	7,140.00	5,100,000	7,140.00
	40,100,000	10,640.00	40,100,000	10,640.00
(b) Issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each with voting rights	28,799,268	2,879.93	28,799,268	2,879.93
Total	28,799,268	2,879.93	28,799,268	2,879.93

#### (a) Changes in equity share capital during the year :

	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
Particulars Particulars	Number of Amount (₹ In Lacs)		Number of shares	Amount (₹ In Lacs)
Equity shares with voting rights				
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	28,799,268	2,879.93	28,799,268	2,879.93
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	28,799,268	2,879.93	28,799,268	2,879.93

# (b) Shareholder holding more than 5 percent shares :

	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
Particulars Particulars	No. of shares held	% of holding	No. of shares held	% of holding
Fully paid equity shares with voting rights				
Chandbagh Investments Limited	11,209,140	38.92%	11,293,153	39.21%
Templeton Strategic Emerging Markets Fund IV	5,038,168	17.49%	5,038,168	17.49%
Mr. Ajay Kumar Swarup	1,924,254	6.68%	1,619,820	5.62%

#### Rights, preferences and restrictions on equity shares:

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 each. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held and carry a right to dividend. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company, in proportion to their shareholding.

# (c) Other Equity (₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Securities Premium	14,894.92	14,894.92
General Reserve	1,415.65	1,415.65
Retained Earnings	27,741.56	21,802.86
Other Comprehensive Income	(43.99)	7.49
	44,008.14	38,120.92

<sup>(</sup>i) Securities Premium: Securities Premium consists of premium on issue of shares.

<sup>(</sup>ii) General Reserve: General Reserve was created by transfer of Surplus in Statement of profit and loss.

Note 15 (a) - Non - current financial liabilities - Borrowings (at amortised cost)

(₹ in Lacs)

	Particulars Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Sec	ured		
(a)	Term loans * (refer note (i) below)		
	from banks	13,278.97	12,856.44
	from other parties (financial institution)	-	4,000.00
(b)	Long term maturities of finance lease obligations (refer note (ii) below)		
	from banks	-	72.22
	Total	13,278.97	16,928.66

<sup>\*</sup> There has been no breach of financial covenants mentioned in the loan agreements during the reporting periods.

#### Notes :-

(i) Term loan from HDFC Bank of ₹ 450.00 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 875.00 lacs) is secured by first pari passu charge on all movable fixed assets of the Company and equitable mortgage of factory land & building of both the plants at Behror and Samalkha and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Company and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loans carry interest ranging from 10.25% to 11.30%.

Repayment term: -₹100 lacs repayable in 4 quarterly installment of ₹25 lacs each.

Repayment term: -₹262.50 lacs repayable in 7 quarterly installment of ₹37.50 lacs each

Repayment term: -₹87.5 lacs repayable in 7 quarterly installment of ₹12.50 lacs each.

Term loan from Lakshmi Vilas Bank ₹ NIL (March 31, 2019 ₹ 4,500 Lacs) is secured by first pari passu charge on all the fixed assets of the Company including equitable mortgage of factory land & building of Behror, Samalkha, Bihar and West Bengal and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Company and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loans carry interest ranging from 10.90% to 11.70%.

Term Loan from Lakshmi Vilas Bank taken over by Standard Chartered Bank on October 21, 2019

Term loan from Standard Chartered Bank ₹3,587.21 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹NIL) is secured by first pari passu charge on all the fixed assets of the Company including equitable mortgage of factory land & building of Behror, Samalkha, Bihar and West Bengal and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Company and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loans carry interest of 10.10%.

Repayment term: -₹3,062.50 lacs repayable in 14 quarterly installment of ₹218.75 lacs each.

Repayment term: -₹524.71 lacs repayable in 7 quarterly installment of ₹37.48 lacs each

Repayment started from February 2020

Term loan from Axis Bank of ₹7,706.24 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹8,456.24 lacs) is secured by first pari passu charge on all the fixed assets of the Company including equitable mortgage of factory land & building of Behror, Samalkha, Bihar and West Bengal and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Company and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loans carry interest ranging from 10.20% to 11.50%.

Repayment term: -₹750 lacs repayable in 3 quarterly installment of ₹250 lacs each.

Repayment term: -₹4,800 lacs repayable in 8 quarterly installment of ₹600 lacs each

Repayment term: -₹1,650 lacs repayable in 3 quarterly installment of ₹550 lacs each

Repayment term: -₹506.24 lacs repayable at once in Dec 2023

As per RBI circular no RBI/2019-20/220, Company has opted the moratorium, According to this March 2020 month principle amount of ₹ 250 lacs will be paid in June 2020. Interest shall continue to accrue on the outstanding portion of the term loans during the moratorium period

Term loan from Avendus Finance Pvt Ltd of ₹ NIL (March 31, 2019 Rs. 4,000.00) is secured by first pari passu charge on all the fixed assets of the Company including equitable mortgage of factory land & building of Behror, Samalkha, Bihar and West Bengal and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Company and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loan carries interest ranging from 13.05% to 13.45%.

Term Loan from Avendus finance Pvt Ltd taken over by SVC Co-operative limited on October 31, 2019

Term loan from SVC Co-operative Bank Limited of ₹ 4,000.00 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ Nii) is secured by first pari passu charge on all the fixed assets of the Company including equitable mortgage of factory land & building of Behror, Samalkha, Bihar and West Bengal and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Company and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loan carries interest of 9.80%.

Repayment term: -₹3,558.40 lacs repayable in 32 monthly installment of ₹111.20 lacs each.

Repayment term: -₹ 332.70 lacs repayable in 3 monthly installment of ₹ 110.90 lacs each.

Repayment term: -₹ 108.90 lacs repayable at once in July 2023

Repament term will start from August 2020

Term loan from HDFC Bank of ₹ 1,577.81 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 1,900) is secured by first pari passu charge on all movable fixed assets of the Company and equitable mortgage of factory land & building of both the plants at Behror and Samalkha and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the current assets of the Company and letter of comfort by Chandbagh Investments Limited. The loans carry interest ranging from 10.25% to 11.30%.

Repayment term: -₹77.81 lacs repayable in 1 quarterly installment of ₹77.81 lacs each

Repayment term:- ₹ 1,317.90 lacs repayable in 15 quarterly installment of ₹ 87.86 lacs each

Repayment term: -₹ 182.10 lacs repayable in 15 quarterly Installment of 12.14 lacs each

As per RBI circular no RBI/2019-20/220, Company has opted the moratorium, According to this March 2020 month principle amount of ₹ 100 lacs will be paid in June 2020. Interest shall continue to accrue on the outstanding portion of the term loans during the moratorium period

(ii) Long term maturities of finance lease obligations from banks of ₹ 105.86 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 72.22 lacs) reclassified as non current lease liability on motor vehicles as per Ind AS 116 (refer note no 1 (XII), 16(a) & 38)

Repayment term :- Payable on equivalent monthly installments basis, carrying interest rate in the range of 4.33 % to 10.63% per annum.

# Note 15 (b) - Current financial liabilities - Borrowings (at amortised cost)

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Secured borrowings		
Indian currency cash credit*	110.49	2,494.81
Overdraft **	337.09	646.83
Total	447.58	3,141.64

- \* Working capital demand loan including cash credit of ₹ 110.49 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 2,494.81 lacs) are from following banks:-
- SBI Working Capital Demand loan of ₹ NII (March 31, 2019 ₹ 1,500 lacs) and cash credit of ₹ 110.49 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 994.81 Lacs) is secured by first pari passu charge by way of hypothecation of entire present and future current assets including stocks and book debt and second pari passu charge by way of extension of charge on all the fixed assets of the Company including equitable mortgage of factory land & building at Behror and Samalkha.
- \*\* Overdraft of ₹ 337.09 lacs is hypothecated against fixed deposits from Axis Bank (March 31, 2019 ₹ 646.83 lacs) carrying interst rate in range of 7.75% to 8.55% p.a

## Note 16 - Lease liability

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Non current		
Lease liability on motor vehicles Other lease liability	105.86 33.41	-
(b) Command	139.27	-
(b) Current Lease liability on motor vehicles	59.69	-
Other lease liability	70.80	-
Total	130.49	

# Note

Finance lease obligations on Motor Vehicles from banks of ₹ 165.55 lacs (March 31, 2019 ₹ 108.76 lacs), reclassified as lease liability on motor vehicles as per IndAs 116. (refer note no 1 (XII), 15(a)(b), 21 & 38)

## Note 17 - Provisions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Non-current	070.70	171.00
Provision for gratuity (refer note 42)  Total	272.72 <b>272.72</b>	171.60 <b>171.60</b>
(b) Current		
Provision for gratuity (refer note 42)	115.89	98.73
Other provisions	402.27	66.14
Total	518.16	164.87

# Note 18 - Deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets (net)

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Deferred tax assets		5,000.22	4,923.31
Deferred tax liabilities		(7,826.55)	(7,338.17)
	Total	(2,826.34)	(2,414.86)
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets			
MAT credit entitlement		4,752.54	3,840.03
Provision for employee benefits		190.88	104.77
Provision for doubtful debts and advances		32.78	137.00
Deferred tax assets on loss carry forward		-	841.51
Others		24.02	-
	Total	5,000.22	4,923.31
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liability			
Property plant & equipment		7,826.55	7,337.82
Others		-	0.35
	Total	7,826.55	7,338.17
	Deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets (net)	(2,826.34)	(2,414.86)

The MAT Credit entitlement as at 31 March 2020 is valid upto finacial raging from year ending March 31, 2027 to March 31, 2036

Note 19 - Other liablities

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Non current		
Subsidy received from ministry of new and renewable energy	68.00	83.20
Import duty grants	158.52	165.75
	226.52	248.95
(b) Current		
Advances from customers	1,304.79	227.68
Subsidy received from ministry of new and renewable energy	15.20	15.20
Statutory liabilities	631.23	640.80
Other liabilities	10.64	1.77
Total	1,961.86	885.45

# Note 20 - Trade payables

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Outstanding dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (Refer note 34)	24.41	-
Outstanding dues to parties other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	10,546.36	9,286.57
Total	10,570.77	9,286.57

# Note 21 - Other financial liabilities

		( TIT E000)
Particulars Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Current		
Security deposits from customers	69.08	120.76
Payables towards purchase of fixed assets	371.98	443.96
Current maturities of long-term borrowings from banks	4,042.29	2,875.00
Current maturities of finance lease obligations*	-	36.54
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	33.01	148.98
Other financial liabilities	2.70	12.94
Total	4,519.06	3,638.18

<sup>\*</sup> Current maturities of finance lease obligations from banks of ₹ 59.69 lacs (March 31, 2019 36.54 lacs), reclassified as current lease liability on motor vehicles as per Ind As 116. (refer note no 1 (XII), 16(b) & 38)

# Note 22 - Current tax liabilities (net)

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Current tax liabilities  Provision for taxation (net of advance tax including TDS receivable of ₹ 1,204.32 lacs		68.70	101.78
(March 31, 2019 ₹ 838.05 lacs)	Total	68.70	101.78

# Note 23 - Revenue from operations

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Revenue from Contract with customers		
(a) Sale of goods	123,343.76	106,691.53
(including excise duty of $\P$ 9,146.94 lacs for the year ended March 31, 2020 and $\P$ 8,951.10 lacs for the year ended March 31, 2019)		
(b) Rendering of services		
Bottling Charges	2,067.53	550.48
Other operating Revenue		
(a) Duty drawback and other export incentives	39.23	104.86
Revenue from operations	125,450.52	107,346.87

Note:

The company derives revenue from contracts with customers, which has been disaggregated on the basis of major product lines into Industrial alcohol contributing ₹ 57,517.25 lakhs and Indian Made Indian Liquor contributing ₹ 50,809.89 lakhs (net of discount) to the revenue from operations.

Note 24 - Other income (₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
(a) Interest income		
Interest income earned on financial assets that are not designated as at Fair value through profit or loss:		
On financial assets carried at amortised cost	264.63	237.18
(b) Other non-operating income		
(a) Gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipments	-	(0.36)
(b) Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)	15.76	17.64
(c) Income on EPCG and duty grants on property plant & equipment	92.38	365.00
(d) Others	110.15	175.75
Total	482.92	795.21

# Note 25 - Cost of material consumed

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Raw materials and packing materials		
Opening stock	1,638.41	1,522.04
Add: Opening work in progress	394.59	388.76
Add: Purchases	73,686.48	60,173.45
	75,719.48	62,084.25
Less: Closing stock	(1,613.48)	(1,638.41)
Less :Closing work in progress	(262.80)	(394.59)
Cost of materials consumed	73,843.19	60,051.25

# Note 26 - Changes in inventory of finished goods

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Add: Opening stock		
Finished goods	3,997.78	3,695.96
Less: Closing stock		
Finished goods	6,571.27	3,997.78
Net (increase) / decrease in inventory of finished goo	ods (2,573.49)	(301.82)

# Note 27- Excise Duty

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Excise duty on sale of goods	9,146.94	8,915.10
	9,146.94	8,915.10

# Note 28 - Employee benefits expense

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Salaries and wages, including bonus	2,902.73	2,412.68
Contribution to provident funds & other funds	115.40	79.17
Gratuity expenses	65.75	46.63
Staff welfare expenses	27.46	22.32
Total	3,111.34	2,560.80

# Note 29 - Finance cost

	Particulars Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
(a)	Interest expense on		
	Interest on term loan	2,069.64	2,258.71
	Interest on working capital	118.16	219.14
	Interest expense on lease liability	26.11	-
	Others	-	3.39
(b)	Other borrowing costs:		
	Bank charges	138.51	149.29
	Total	2,352.42	2,630.53

# Note 30 - Depreciation expense

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Depreciation for the year	3,634.42	3,610.68
Amortisation of right of use asets for the year	151.54	-
Total	3,785.96	3,610.68

# Note 31 - Other expenses

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
i ai tiodiai 3	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Consumption of lab chemicals and enzymes	2,696.06	2,054.79
Increase / (decrease) of excise duty on inventory	222.95	(114.40)
Power and fuel	11,504.75	10,897.62
Bottling expenses/fees	6,678.66	6,754.05
Excise license, establishment and supervision fees	711.34	692.99
Security expenses	198.89	179.70
Effluent disposal	72.72	63.46
Flour and pet coke feeding	443.53	365.19
Rent including lease rentals	291.52	327.88
Repairs and maintenance - buildings	140.15	64.67
Repairs and maintenance - machinery	1,540.45	984.56
Repairs and maintenance - others	97.74	58.28
Insurance	126.09	71.25
Rates and taxes	40.63	41.93
Communication	39.30	35.77
Travelling and conveyance	266.04	253.03
Printing and stationery	19.66	20.88
Freight and handling charges	2,423.82	2,782.41
Business promotion and marketing	306.14	290.10
Donations and contributions	2.84	1.98
Legal and professional	149.84	199.34
Payments to auditors (refer note 37)	54.33	40.96
Liquidation damages	127.95	-
Subscription books & periodicals	36.80	50.78
Director's sitting fee	7.46	5.38
Credit impaired trade and other receivables, loans and advances written off	15.13	0.10
Loss allowance on credit impaired trade receivables and advances	200.39	392.06
Expenditure on corporate social responsibility (refer note 35)	30.00	21.70
Miscellaneous expenses	170.51	163.09
Total	28,615.69	26,699.55

#### Note 32 - Tax expense

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
(a) Current tax		
Current tax expense (under MAT)	1,273.02	932.46
	1,273.02	932.46
(b) Deferred tax charge / (credit)		
In respect of current year	1,347.60	1,452.99
MAT credit entitlement	(912.50)	(932.46)
Tax adjustments related to earlier years		-
	435.10	520.53
(c) Tax adjustments related to earlier years [Refer Note below]		
Current tax expense	12.06	162.72
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	-	(696.55)
	12.06	(533.83)
Income tax recognised in profit and loss	1,720.18	919.16
The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:-		
Profit before tax	7,651.39	3,975.99
Income tax expense calculated at 34.944% (PY 34.944%)	2,673.70	1,389.37
Effect of items that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	17.23	33.86
Tax adjustments related to earlier years [refer note below]	12.06	(533.83)
Effect of tax benefit on exempted income	(980.61)	-
Others	(2.21)	29.76
Income tax expense recognised in statement of profit and loss	1,720.17	919.16
(d) Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI)		
Measurement of defined benefit liabilities	(67.62)	11.46
Tax adjustment in respect of remeasurement of defined benefit liabilities	23.63	(3.97)
	23.63	(3.97)

Note: Tax Adjustments related to earlier year include MAT credit entitlement of ₹ Nil (March 31, 2019 ₹ 696.55 lacs, net of ₹ 162.72 lacs written off in respect of earlier years) recognised in respect of earlier year.

# Note 33 - Contingent liabilities and commitments

(₹ in Lacs)

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a)	Contingent liabilities*		
	Claims against the company not acknowledged as debts		
	Excise duty matters	180.81	180.81
	Sales tax matter	409.50	120.54
	Guarantees by bank on behalf of Company**	60.00	191.38
		650.31	492.73
(b)	Commitments		
	Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of capital advances)	747.17	1,142.00
	Total	1,397.48	1,634.73

## Note:

Based on the legal opinion obtained by the management and inspections carried out by the PF authorities for the FY 2014-2019, at one of the manufacturing locations of the Company, the management is of the view that the recent Supreme Court order dismissing the review petition filed by M/s Surya Roshni Limited, is not likely to have material impact on the Company for the purpose of determining contribution to provident fund under the Employees Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.

There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

\*The above disclosure excludes an amount of ₹ 324.68 lakhs, wherein the demand is in respect of sales made by the company on behalf of its brand franchisees, and contractually, these brand franchisees are required to reimburse the company for the liability, if any.

\*\* Guarantees by bank on behalf of company as on March 31, 2020 are excluding performance guarantees amounting to ₹ 587.90 lakhs.

#### Note 34 - Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

There are no dues to enterprises as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006). Further no interest has been paid under the terms of MSMED Act, 2006. Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management.

(₹ in Lacs

		(VIII Lacs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year	24.41	
Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year	-	-
The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made	-	-
to the supplier beyond the appointed day		
The amount of interest due and payable for the year	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year  The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until	-	-
such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid	-	-

#### Note 35 - Corporate social responsibility expenditure

The gross amount required to be spent by the Company for CSR expenditure during the year is ₹ 44.85 lacs (previous year ₹ 21.14 Lacs); and the amount spent (already paid for purposes other than construction / acquisition of any asset) is ₹ 30.00 lacs (previous year ₹ 21.70 lacs). The Company was unable to spend the rest of the amount during the year. There were no amount spent for construction / acquisition of any asset.

# Note 36 - Earnings per share

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Profit for the year attributable to equity shares ₹. In Lscs	5,931.21	3,056.83
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding Numbers	28,799,268	28,799,268
Basic earnings per share (face value - ₹ 10 per share) Rupees	20.60	10.64
Diluted earnings per share (face value - ₹. 10 per share) Rupees	20.60	10.64

# Note 37 - Auditors' remuneration (excluding taxes)

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Services as statutory auditors (including limited reviews)	44.00	39.00
For other services	8.00	-
Reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses	2.33	1.96
Total	54.33	40.96

### Note 38: Leases

"The Company leases land, offices, and motor vehicles. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 03 years to 08 years, but may have extension options. Land has a lease term of 99 years.

The Company has adopted Ind AS 116, effective annual reporting period beginning April 01, 2019 and applied the standard to its leases, retrospectively, with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognized on the date of initial application (April 01, 2019). Accordingly, the company has not restated comparative information.

On adoption of Ind AS 116, the Company recognised lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as 'operating leases' under the principles of Ind AS 17, Leases. These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate as of April 01, 2019. The weighted average lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied to the lease liabilities on April 01, 2019 was 11%.

For leases previously classified as finance leases the entity recognised the carrying amount of the lease asset and lease liability immediately before transition as the carrying amount of the right of use asset and the lease liability at the date of initial application. The measurement principles of Ind AS 116 are only applied after that date.

## Practical expedients applied

- In applying Ind AS 116 for the first time, the Company has used the practical expedients permitted by the standard:
- i applying a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics
- ii relying on previous assessments on whether leases are onerous as an alternative to performing an impairment review there were no onerous contracts as at April 01, 2019.
- iii accounting for operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at April 01, 2019 as short-term leases
- iv excluding initial direct costs for the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application, and
- vusing hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

The Company has also elected not to reassess whether a contract is, or contains a lease at the date of initial application. Instead, for contracts entered into before the transition date the Company relied on its assessment made applying Ind AS 17 and Appendix C to Ind AS 17, Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease.

#### Measurement of lease liabilities

Particulars	(₹ in Lacs)
Operating lease commitments disclosed as at March 31, 2019	-
Add: finance lease liabilities recognised as at March 31, 2019  Add/(less): adjustments as a result of a different treatment of extension and termination options	108.76 101.35
Lease liability recognised as at April 01, 2019	210.11

#### Measurement of right-of-use assets

The associated right-of-use assets for property leases were measured on a modified retrospective basis with ROU assets equal to lease liability on the date of transition.

# Adjustments recognised in the balance sheet on April 01, 2019

"The implementation of Ind AS 116 has resulted in recognizing a lease liability of ₹ 101.35 lakhs and 'Right to use' (RoU) assets of ₹ 228.37 lakhs (including prepaid portion of interest free security deposit) as at April 01, 2019. Further, in respect of leasehold land which were classified as operating leases applying Ind AS 17, an amount of ₹ 1,006.47 lakhs has been reclassified from other current / non-current assets to RoU assets, and in respect of Motor Vehicle leases that were classified as finance leases applying Ind AS 17, an amount of ₹ 180.56 lakhs has been reclassified from property, plant and equipment to RoU assets.

The changes to ROU assets for the year ended March 31, 2020 are as follows:

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
Right-of-use assets		
Land lease	995.75	1,006.47
Motor Vehicle leases	279.91	180.56
Building leases	180.15	228.38
Total	1,455.81	1,415.41

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
Lease liabilities			
Current		130.49	67.52
Non-current		139.27	142.59
	Total	269.76	210.11

In the previous year, the Company only recognised lease assets and lease liabilities in relation to leases that were classified as finance leases under Ind AS 17, Leases. The assets were presented in property, plant and equipment and the liabilities as part of the Company's borrowings and other financial liabilities.

Additions to the right-of-use assets during the current financial year were INR 191.94 lacs.

#### Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss

The statement of profit or loss shows the following amounts relating to leases:

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
Depreciation charge on right-of-use assets			
Land leases		10.72	-
Building leases	30	101.72	-
Motor vehicles leases		39.10	-
Total		151.54	-

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
Interest expense (included in finance costs)	29	26.11	-

The total cash outflow for leases for the year ended March 31, 2020 was INR 126.06 lacs.

Rent expense recorded for short-term leases was ₹ 291.52 lacs for the year ended March 31, 2020.

The details of contractual maturities of lease liabilities as at March 31, 2020 on an undiscounted basis are as follows:

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
			-
1. Payable not later than 1 year		142.96	-
2. Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		156.69	
	Total	299.65	-

# **Extension and termination options**

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property and equipment leases across the Company. These are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Company's operations. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Company and not by the respective lessor.

#### Finance leases under IAS 17

#### Minimum lease payments

(₹ in Lacs)

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
	Double estistanting tuess		44.33
1.	Payable not later than 1 year	-	44.33
2.	Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	-	79.47
	Total	-	123.80

# Future interest in outstanding lease payments

(₹ in Lacs)

	Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
1.	Payable not later than 1 year		-	7.79
2.	Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		-	7.25
		Total	-	15.04

# Present value of minimum lease payments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
1. Payable not later than 1 year	-	36.54
2. Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	-	72.22
Total	-	108.76

# Note 39 - Financial instruments by categories

The criteria for recognition of financial instruments is explained in significant accounting policies note 1.

(₹ in Lacs)

	As	at March 31, 202	20	As	at March 31, 20	19
Particular	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI
Financial assets						
Investments *						
- Equity investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	2,928.04	-	-	4,755.26	-	-
Loans	1,520.74	-	-	2,507.78	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	1,972.14	-	-	157.13	-	-
Other bank balances	0.66	-	-	1.20	-	-
Other financial assets	1,229.24	-	-	1,382.87	-	-
Total financial assets	7,650.82	-	-	8,804.24	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings	13,726.55	-	-	20,070.30	-	-
Trade payables	10,570.77	-	-	9,286.57	-	-
Other financial liability	4,519.06	-	-	3,638.18	-	-
Lease liability	269.76	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	29,086.14	-	-	32,995.05	-	-

Note: Investment value excludes investment in subsidiaries of ₹ 2,744.63 lacs (Rs. 494.63 lacs as at March 31, 2019) which are shown at cost in balance sheet as per Ind AS 27 "Separate Financial Statements".

# Note 40 - Capital management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as a going concerns while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes equity capital, securities premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity shareholders.

The Company Risk management committee reviews the capital structure on a quarterly basis. The committee considers the cost of capital and risks associated with the capital.

**Gearing Ratio** (₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Non current borrowings	15 (a)	13,278.97	16,928.66
Current maturities of non current borrowings	21	4,042.29	2,911.54
Current borrowings	15 (b)	447.58	3,141.64
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	13(a)	1,972.14	157.13
Less: Other bank balance	13(b)	0.66	90.74
Net Debt (a)		15,796.04	22,733.97
Equity share capital	14	2,879.93	2,879.93
Other Equity	SOCE	44,008.15	38,120.94
Total Capital (b)		46,888.08	41,000.87
Gearing Ratio (a/b)		0.34	0.55

#### Note 41 - Financial risk management

The Company is exposed to various financial risks arising from underlying operations and finance activities. The Company is primarily exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

Financial risk management within the Company is governed by policies and guidelines approved by the senior management and board of directors. These policies and guidelines cover foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

#### (a) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company if the counterparty defaults on its obligations.

The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities, primarily trade receivables.

To manage trade receivables, the Company periodically assessess the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial conditions, economic trends, analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of such receivables.

The Company also makes general provision for lifetime expected credit loss based on its previous experience of write off in previous years.

The movement in credit loss allowance is as under:

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Trade receivables
Opening balance	374.52
Loss allowances-	
Trade receivables - credit impaired	126.92
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-
Written off during the year	(501.03)
Balance at the end	0.41

#### (b) Liquidity risk management

"(i) The Company manages liquidity by ensuring control on its working capital which involves adjusting production levels and purchases to market demand and daily sales of production and low receivables. It also ensures adequate credit facilities sanctioned from bank to finance the peak estimated funds requirements. The working capital credit facilities are continuing facilities which are reviewed and renewed every year. The Company also ensures that the long term funds requirements are met through adequate availability of long term capital (Debt & Equity)."

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Total committed working capital limits from Banks	4,700.00	4,900.00
Utilized working capital limit	447.58	3,141.64
Unutilized working capital limit	4,252.42	1,758.36

#### (ii) Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities. The amount disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flow.

Particulars	Upto 1 year	Between 1 year to 5	Over 5 years	Total
r ai ticulai s		years		
As at March 31, 2020				
Non-derivatives				
Borrowing *	4,489.87	13,278.97	-	17,768.84
Trade payable	10,570.77	-	-	10,570.77
Other financial liabilities	476.77	-	-	476.77
Lease Liability	130.49	139.27		269.76
Total non-derivatives liabilities	15,667.90	13,418.24	-	29,086.14
As at March 31, 2019				
Non-derivatives				
Borrowing *	6,053.18	16,928.66	-	22,981.84
Trade payable	9,286.57	-	-	9,286.57
Other financial liabilities	726.64	-	-	726.64
Total non-derivatives liabilities	16,066.39	16,928.66	-	32,995.05

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes utilized working capital limited disclosed above under liquidity risk management.

#### (c) Market risk

"Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument that will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprise of three types of risk i.e interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk.

Financial instruments affected by market risk include trade receivables and advances.

The Company enters into derivative contracts to manage its exposure to foreign currency risk."

#### Foreign Currency risk management

Foreign currency risk also known as Exchange Currency Risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk in the Company is attributable to Company's operating activities.

The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period demoninated in Rupees are as follows:

(₹ in Lacs)

		Asse	Assets		Liabilities	
Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
USD		-	31.75	261.52	-	
	Total	-	31.75	261.52	-	

Foreign currency senstivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to USD.

The following table details the Company's sensitivity to a 1% increase and decrease in the Rupee against the foreign currency. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary item as tabulated above and adjusts their translation at the period end for 1% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number indicates an increase in profit before tax or vise-versa.

(₹ in Lacs)

Postinulare	For the year ended March 31, 2020			
Particulars Particulars	strenthens by 1%	weakens by 1 %	strenthens by 1%	weakens by 1 %
Impact on profit / (loss) for the year * USD	(2.73)	2.73	0.32	(0.32)

<sup>\*</sup> Holding all other variable constant

#### Forward foreign exchange contracts

The Company uses derivative financial instruments exclusively for hedging financial risks that arise from its commercial business. The Company manages its foreign currency risk by hedging transactions that are expected to occur within of 2 to 3 months for hedges of forecasted sales. When a derivative is entered into for the purpose of being a hedge, the Company negotiates the terms of those derivatives to match the terms of the hedged exposure. For hedges of forecast transactions, the derivatives cover the period of exposure from the point the cash flows of the transactions are forecasted up to the point of settlement of the resulting receivable that is denominated in the foreign currency. All identified exposures are managed as per the policy duly approved by the Board of Directors.

The following table details the foreign currency derivatives contracts outstanding at the end of the reporting period:

Outstanding Contrasts	No of deals Foreign Currency (FCY (\$) lacs )					
Outstanding Contracts	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
USD/INR buy forward	7	3	9.21	3.57	688.29	247.19

<sup>\*</sup> Sensitivity on the above derivatives contracts in respect of foreign currency exposure is insignificant

# Note 42 - Employee benefits plans

# **Defined benefits plans**

Gratuity scheme - The Company makes contributions for gratuity for qualifying employees. The scheme provides for a lumpsum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment.

(₹ in Lacs)

	Grat	uity
	Current year	Previous year
Movement in the present value of defined benefit obligation (A)		
1. Present value of obligation as at the beginning of the year	270.34	252.05
2. Current service cost	45.08	27.09
3. Past service cost	-	-
4. Interest cost	20.68	19.43
5. Actuarial (gain) / losses arising from change in Demographic Assumption	0.23	-
6. Actuarial (gain) / losses arising from change in Financial Assumption	73.73	0.89
7. Actuarial (gain) / losses arising from change in Experience Adjustments	(6.34)	(12.35)
8. Benefits paid	(15.11)	(16.77)
9. Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	388.61	270.34
Liability recognized in the financial statement (A-B)	388.61	270.34
Main actuarial assumption		
Discount rate	6.79%	7.65%
Expected rate of increase in compensation levels	8.00%	5.50%
Mortality rates inclusive of provision for disability (100% of Indian Assured Lives Mortality (IALM) (2006-08):-		
Age upto 30 years	3.00%	3.00%
Age from 31 to 44 years	2.00%	2.00%
Age above 44 years	1.00%	1.00%
Retirement age (years)	58	58

# Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

(₹ in Lacs)

Year		Gratuity Amount
0 to 1	/ear	115.89
1 to 2 y	/ear	22.29
2 to 3	/ear	17.34
3 to 4	/ear	10.47
4 to 5	/ear	7.07
5 to 6	/ear	10.67
6 year	onwards	204.89

	Grat	tuity
	Current year	Previous year
Cost for the period		
1. Current service cost	45.08	27.09
2. Past service cost	-	-
3. Net interest cost	20.68	19.43
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	65.76	46.52
Re-measurements recognised in Other comprehensive income		
1. Actuarial (gain) / losses arising from change in demographic assumption	0.23	-
2. Actuarial (gain) / losses arising from change in financial assumptions	73.73	0.89
3. Actuarial (gain) / losses arising from change in experience adjustments	(6.34)	(12.35)
Total re-measurements included in Other Comprehensive Income	67.62	(11.46)
Total amount recognised in statement of profit and loss	133.38	35.06

#### Sensitivity analysis of the defined benefit obligation

The significant actuarial assumption for the determination of defined benefit obligations are discount rate and expected salary increase.

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Gratuity
a) Impact of the change in discount rate *	
Present value of Obligation at the end of the year	388.61
i). Impact due to increase of 0.50%	(14.24)
ii). Impact due to decrease of 0.50%	15.47
b) Impact of the change in salary increase *	-
Present value of Obligation at the end of the year	388.61
i). Impact due to increase of 0.50%	14.65
ii). Impact due to decrease of 0.50%	(13.62)

<sup>\*</sup> Holding all other variable constant

#### **Defined contribution Plans**

The Company makes contribution towards employees' provident fund and employees' deposit linked insurance scheme for qualifying employees. Under the schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost, as specified in the rules of the schemes, to these defined contribution schemes.

The Company has recognised for contributions to these plans in the statement of profit and loss as under:

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Group's contribution to provident and pension fund	115.40	79.17
	115.40	79.17

#### Note 43 - Segment reporting

The Company is engaged in the business of manufacture and sale of Indian Made Indian Liquor (IMIL), Indian Made Foreign Liquor (IMFL), Ethanol, Bulk Alcohol and Franchise Bottling. This is the only activity performed and is thus also the main source of risks and returns. The Company's segments as reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) does not result in to identification of different ways / sources in to which they see the performance of the Company. Accordingly, the Company has a single reportable segment.

# Note 44 - Information about major customer

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Sale to Rajasthan State Ganganagar Sugar Mills Limited  Total	36,712.76 <b>36,712.76</b>	45,846.43 <b>45,846.43</b>

No other single customer contributed 10% or more to the company's revenue during financial year 2019-20 and 2018-19.

#### Note 45 - Related party disclosures under Ind-AS - 24 "Related Party Disclosures"

## Key management personnel and their relatives :

Mr. Ajay Kumar Swarup ,Managing Director

Mr. Shekhar Swarup , Joint Managing director

Dr. Bhaskar Roy, Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Manik Lal Dutta, Executive Director

Mr. Ajay Goyal , Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Santosh Kumar Pattanayak, Company Secretary

# Enterprises over which key management personnel and / or their relatives exercise significant influence:

Biotech India Limited

GRAS education and training Services Private Limited

Himalayan Spirits Limited

Globus Spirits (Jharkhand) Limited

Globus Trois Freres India Limited

V C technologies Private Limited

Northern India Alcohol Sales Private Limited

Rajasthan Distilleries Private Limited

ADL Agrotech Limited (Formerly known as Associated Distilleries Limited)

Rambagh facility services LLP

India Paryavaran Sahayak Foundation

# (i) Transactions with related parties:

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Rent & Maintenance paid		
Rajasthan Distilleries Private Limited	82.53	74.13
Biotech India Limited	66.19	64.86
ADL Agrotech Limited	6.00	6.00
Rambagh facilitiy service LLP	24.00	-
Security deposit given		
Rajasthan Distilleries Pvt Ltd	38.05	-
Rambagh Facility Services LLP	12.00	-
Biotech India Limited	30.52	-
Loan given		
Unibev Limited	1,203.08	1,452.50
Investment in Equity Shares #		
Unibev Limited	2,250.00	-
Interest income		
Unibev Limited	110.39	86.69
Purchase/ (Sale) of assets		
GRAS education and training Services Private Limited	8.20	-
CSR amount paid		
India Paryavaran Sahayak Foundation	30.00	-
Payments made on behalf of		
GRAS education and training Services Private Limited	1.51	1.59

<sup>#</sup> includes conversion of loan of ₹ 2,250 lacs into equity investment.

# Closing balances with related parties:

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Security deposit given		
ADL Agrotech Limited	464.94	464.94
Rajasthan Distilleries Pvt Ltd	38.05	-
Rambagh Facility Services LLP	12.00	-
Biotech India Ltd.	30.52	-
Other receivable / (payable)		
Globus Trois Freres India Limited	0.26	0.26
Himalayan Spirits Limited	-	0.54
Globus Spirits (Jharkhand) Limited	-	255.74
GRAS education and training Services Private Limited	1.70	1.59
Loans and advances		
Unibev Limited	734.27	1,681.84
(for the purpose of promoting the business of subsidiary)		
Investment outstanding		
Unibev Limited	2,744.63	494.63
(for the purpose of promoting the business of subsidiary)		
India Paryavaran Sahayak Foundation	0.30	0.30

# (ii) Transactions with key managerial personnel and their relatives:

Particulars	For the year ended Marci 31, 2020	
Managerial remuneration		
Mr. Ajay Kumar Swarup	170.58	120.25
Mr. Shekhar Swarup	145.75	90.98
Dr. Bhaskar Roy	73.99	64.75
Mr. Vijay Rakhi	48.19	43.31
Mr. Manik Lal Dutta	16.15	15.58
Mr. Ajay Goyal	51.98	50.00

### Note 46- Fair value hierarchy

None of the company's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table presents fair vale hierarchy of financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

(₹ in Lacs)

		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
As at March 31, 2020					
Financial assets					
Investment in equity instruments at FVTPL		-	-	-	-
Total	financial assets	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2019					
Financial assets					
Investment in equity instruments at FVTPL		-	-	-	-
Total	financial assets	-	-	-	-

During the period ended March 31, 2020, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfes in to and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the assets or liability.

## Note 47 Scheme of Amalgmation

On March 12, 2020, the Board of Directors of Globus Spirits Limited ("Company") approved a Scheme of amalgamation ("the Scheme") between the Company and its subsidiary Unibev Limited ("transferor Company"), their respective shareholders and creditors subject to obtaining requisite regulatory and other approvals. The Scheme of amalgamation has been filed by the Company with the National Stock Exchange (NSE) and Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE).

With effect from the Appointed Date, i.e. 1 April 2019, the Company shall stand amalgamated with transferor Company. All assets and liabilities and the entire business of the Transferor Company shall, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, without any further act, instrument, deed, matter or thing be and stand transferred to and vested in Company, as a going concern so as to become, the undertaking of Company by virtue of and in the manner provided in the Scheme.

# Note 48 Impact of COVID 19 on business

"On account of COVID-19 pandemic, the Government of India ordered a nationwide lockdown on March 24, 2020 which resulted in limited movement of the entire population of India as a preventive measure against the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Company has made an internal assessment of the impact of COVID-19 on the operations, financial position and liquidity of the Company and believes that the impact is likely to be short term in nature. The Company has considered internal sources of information which includes operational plan and cash flow forecasts in determining the impact on various elements of its financial statements and considered external sources of information like economic forecasts and consensus estimates from market sources on expected future performance .

The Management has made an assessment of the impact of the pandemic on going concern and believes that the impact will be temporary. This assessment is not based on any mathematical model but an assessment of budgets and financial projections considering the nature of products and considering the impact of consumer consumption trend immediately seen in the demand outlook and the financial strength of the business.

Management believes that it has taken into account all the possible impact of known events arising from COVID-19 pandemic in the preparation of these financial statements. The associated economic impact of the pandemic is highly dependent on variables that are difficult to predict. The impact assessment of COVID 19 is a continuing process given the uncertainities associated with its nature and duartion and actual results may differ materiality from these estimates. The Company will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions and any significant impact of these changes would be recognized in the financial statements as and when these material changes to economic condition arise.

#### Note 49 - Physical verification of inventory

The Company had planned physical count of its inventory near end of March 31, 2020. However, on March 24, 2020 Government of India announced countrywide lock down due to COVID-19 pandemic and accordingly, the Management of the Company carried out such physical count subsequent to year ended March 31, 2020. The Management of the Company has also carried out physical count for inventory lying with third parties. No material discrepancies has been observed by Management of the Company on such physical verification.

## Note 50 - Approval of financial statements

The standalone financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on June 16, 2020