

GLOBAL OFFSHORE SERVICES LTD.

Regd. Office: 3rd Floor, Prospect Chambers, D. N. Road, Fort, Mumbai - 400001. Tel. +91 22 35481800 CIN No.: L61100MH1976PLC019229

Ref.: GOSL/2024/110

September 03, 2024

Scrip Code : 501848

BSE Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001

Dear Sirs,

Sub.: Annual Report - 2023-24.

Pursuant to Regulation 34(1)(a) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find enclosed Annual Report for the year 2023-24 (including Notice for the Annual General Meeting scheduled on Friday – 27th September, 2024).

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

for GLOBAL OFFSHORE SERVICES LIMITED

A.C.CHANDARANA COMPANY SECRETARY &

PRESIDENT - LEGAL & ADMIN.

Encl.: As above.



E-mail: info@globaloffshore.in Website: www.globaloffshore.in



GLOBAL OFFSHORE SERVICES LIMITED

46TH ANNUAL REPORT 2023-24

GLOBAL OFFSHORE SERVICES LIMITED

FOUNDER: THE LATE PADMA BHUSHAN - ABASAHEB GARWARE

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

ADITYA GARWARE - CHAIRMAN

MANEESHA SHAH

ANIL K. THANAVALA (Expired on 9/11/2023)

SAYEED Y. MULANI

(Ceased to be Director w.e.f. 31/3/2024)

FAISY VIJU

JISUPRIYA M. GUHATHAKURTA (appointed w.e.f. 5/2/2024)

SMITA D. GAUR

(appointed w.e.f. 29/3/2024)

MUKUND M. HONKAN - WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR

COMPANY SECRETARY & PRESIDENT - LEGAL & ADMIN

A. C. CHANDARANA

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

P. S. SHAH

PRESIDENT - COMMERCIAL

K. S. DAVE

PRESIDENT - OPERATIONS & HSSE & BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT (DPA & CSO)

CAPT. S. KANWAR

PRESIDENT - TECHNICAL

V. MOHILE

BANKERS

State Bank of India IDBI Bank Punjab National Bank

SECURED LENDER

Phoenix ARC Private Ltd.

AUDITORS

MESSRS. D. KOTHARY & CO. Chartered Accountants

REGISTERED OFFICE

Prospect Chambers, 3rd Floor, D.N. Road, Fort, Mumbai – 400001. Tel. No. 022 - 3548 1800

REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

BIGSHARE SERVICES PVT. LTD.

Office No. S6-2, 6th floor, Pinnacle Business Park, Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (East) Mumbai - 400 093.

Tel. No.: 022-62638200

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORT

The Indian Offshore Support Vessel (OSV) market is expanding due to the growth of deepwater projects, increasing exploration and production activities, and increased investments by major oil and gas companies. Technological advancements are expected to play a significant role, with vessels increasingly equipped with sophisticated navigation capabilities, dynamic positioning systems, and eco-friendly features. As the industry adopts digitalization and automation, the efficiency and safety of offshore operations are expected to improve. Due to the continued push to increase domestic oil and gas production, offshore exploration activities are expected to continue expanding along India's extensive coastline. The rising energy demand and the commitment to renewable energy projects including offshore wind farms, will further contribute to driving the growth of India's OSV market.

THE INDUSTRY:

- The global OSV market was valued at US\$ 12.72 billion in 2023 and is anticipated to reach US\$ 20.11 billion by 2030, witnessing a CAGR
 of 6.7% during the period 2024-2031.
- ii) It is estimated that oil price may average about \$80/bbl in 2024.
- iii) As of February 2024, there were a total of 4364 vessels in the OSV fleet. This included 1544 Platform Supply Vessels (PSV) of more than 1000 dwt, alongwith 1812 Anchor handling Tug Cum Supply Vessel (AHTSVs) of more than 4000 BHP.
- iv) OSV demand progress continued in 2023, with the number of active vessels reaching 2,467 units at the end of 2023 up 25% since the start of 2021. Although gains in the active vessel count moderated last year (+2%,), given the challenges sourcing easily receivable tonnage from lay-up, underlying OSV demand has remained strong.
- v) OSV utilization is expected to firm upto 76% by end of 2024 and 79% by end of 2025. With the pool of long-term lay ups still significant, markets may be considered tighter than overall utilization suggests. Offshore Markets have strengthened during the year of 2023. Sentiments remains generally positive (recent scaling back of some Saudi investments aside) with increasing project investment expected to generate further incremental demand gains and alongside continued fleet supply constraints, point to a light market balance.
- vi) The global OSV service market size is set to account for a valuation of USD 14.35 billion in 2024 and forecasted to reach USD 29.03 billion by 2034 end expanding at robust 7.3% CAGR between 2024 and 2034.
- vii) AHTS (>4000 BHP) demand was up by 7% at the peak of the 2023 season, relative to a year earlier and as at February 2024 was up 3%.
- viii) Global demand for medium sizes PSVs by Q3 of 2023 was up 7% y-o-y and by February 2024, the seasonal low, was 2% up. The market outlook for medium PSV sector continues to firm with demand continuing to grow on a global basis and keeping utilization and day rates strong.
- ix) Moreover, OSV demand is expected to increase further in the next 12 18 months, driven by a continued pick-up in drilling and field development activity. Overall, OSV demand is projected to grow by 4% in 2024 and 3% in 2025. In turn, OSV utilization is expected to firm to 76% by the end of this year (11 pp above the 10 year average).

Source : Clarksons Research & Google websites

OPPORTUNITIES & THREAT:

Increasing exploration and production activities for Oil and Gas are expected to propel the growth of the OSV market. A substantial presence of proven Oil reserves in various countries is set to increase production activities. Innovations from such reserves are transforming into demand for well drilling and production activities, which, in turn, are maintaining the OSV market growth.

However, Government policies and regulations are pivotal drivers shaping the market for OSV's, particularly in the context of addressing pressing environmental challenges and advancing sustainable transportation agendas. Across the globe, Governments are increasingly recognizing the urgent need to curb greenhouse gas emissions and mitigate the impacts of climate change. In response they are enacting stringent regulations aimed at reducing vehicle emissions and promoting the adoption of low-emission alternatives.

As stated above, Government regulations and policies related to offshore exploration, environmental protection and maritime safety can influence the demand for Offshore Supply Vessel by shaping Industry standards and requirements.

OUTLOOK:

The OSV market size has once again, grown in recent years.

The growth in the future is premised on focus on decommissioning activities, environmental regulations and compliance, increasing offshore infrastructure investment, global energy demand, oil price dynamics. Major trends include advance dynamic positioning systems, offshore wind energy project, fuel efficient and eco-friendly designs, digitalization and automation technologies, crew salary and common features, multipurpose and versatile vessels.

The anticipated surge in global energy demand and oil price dynamics stands as a primary driver propelling the growth trajectory of the OSV market. As the need for energy continues its upward trend on a global scale, there's a corresponding necessity for expanded exploration activities in offshore territories. OSV's assume a pivotal role in facilitating these endeavors by efficiently transporting personnel, essential equipment, and supplies to and from offshore rigs and platforms.

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE:

During the year under review, Vessel M.V. Poorna was sold, leaving the Company with 2 Vessels – M.V. Kamet and M.V. Mahananda. The average age of the Company's fleet stands at just over 15 years. Both the vessels are on long term Contracts expiring in December, 2024 and March 2025 respectively.

As regards Netherlands subsidiary, viz. Global Offshore Services BV (GOSBV), the Company ceased to be a subsidiary w.e.f. 26th March, 2024.

Your Company is keenly aware of the need to ensure that costs are monitored closely and monies are spent prudently in order to be able to obtain the highest value out of all maintenance and repairs, while at the same time conserving precious funds.

FINANCIAL RATIOS:

Pursuant to the Provisions of Schedule V – Part B, Clause I, Sub-Clause (i) & (j), the details of the significant changes in the financial ratios (i.e. change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year) are as follows:

- 1] Debtors turnover Ratio has decreased by 49% due to decrease in average debtors, while sales have remained approximately the same.
- 2] The change in Inventory Turnover Ratio: N.A.
- 3] Interest Coverage Ratio has improved by 91% due to considerable improvement in operating margin.
- 4] Current Ratio has decreased by 25.49% due to considerable decrease in Current Assets and Asset held for sale.
- 5] Debt Equity Ratio has increased by 40.86% due to reduction of equity in view of the loss on sale of investment and provision for impairment in investments.
- 6] Operating Profit Margin has improved due to reduction in operating losses.
- 7] Net Profit Margin Ratio has decreased by 168% in view of loss of sale of investment and impairment in investments.
- 8] Return on Net worth is reduced by 159.05% due to losses as a result of the loss of sale of Vessel as well as loss and impairment in investments.

RISKS & CONCERNS:

Oil prices wield significant influence over the demand for Offshore Support Vessels (OSVs), as they impact the economics of Oil and Gas operations. Fluctuations in oil prices directly affect the installation costs and profitability of Oil and Gas ventures. The day rates charged for OSVs are intricately linked to oil prices, as also the need for exploration and production for some Countries, necessitating substantial capital investment for the deployment of new vessels. The cyclical nature of oil prices can be attributed to fluctuations in crude demand and the production levels of both OPEC and non-OPEC nations. Furthermore, competition within the oil and gas market, particularly between the US and OPEC countries alongwith the re-emergence of shale could lead to a surplus in supply and to a downward pressure on oil prices, as the industry experienced in 2014/15 for a period of approximately 5/6 years. The only difference this time around is that the number of Vessels under construction and due to be delivered in the next 24 months is very low.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND ADEQUACY:

Your Company continues to emphasize the importance of the set-up of suitable systems which would drive the performance of its various "verticals". A regular audit of systems and processes is carried out and findings help your Company improve continuously.

Cost management is an important issue for the Company and the Technical, Procurement and Health & Safety teams are continuously exploring ways and means to be able to manage assets at optimal costs – but never at the expense of safety.

HUMAN RESOURCES AND PEOPLE:

The Employees of the Company continue to be the most important and valuable asset of your Company. Special attention is being paid to this in order that your Company is able to retain good talent.

Registered Office: By Order of the Board

3rd Floor, Prospect Chambers, D. N. Road, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001. Sd/-Aditya A. Garware Chairman Din: 00019816

Date: 09th August, 2024. Place: Mumbai.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Forty Sixth Annual General Meeting of the Members of Global Offshore Services Limited will be held on **Friday**, **27**th **September**, **2024** at **11.30** a.m. IST through Video Conferencing ("VC")/ Other Audio Visual means ("OAVM"), to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To consider and adopt:
 - (a) the Audited Standalone Financial Statement of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 and the reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon; and
 - (b) the Audited Consolidated Financial Statement of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 and the report of Auditors thereon.
- To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Aditya A. Garware (DIN: 00019816), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment..

Registered Office: By Order of the Board

3rd Floor, Prospect Chambers,

D. N. Road, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001 CIN: L61100MH1976PLC019229

Sd/-

A. C. Chandarana

Company Secretary & President - Legal & Admin.

Date: 09th August, 2024. Place: Mumbai.

NOTES

- 1. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has vide its circular dated May 5, 2020 read together with circulars dated April 8, 2020 and April 13, 2020 collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") permitted convening the Annual General meeting ("AGM" / "meeting") through Video Conferencing ("VC") or other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"), without the physical presence of the members at a common venue. In accordance with the MCA Circulars, provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), the AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM. The deemed venue for the AGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company.
- 2. Since the AGM will be held through VC/ OAVM, the route map of the venue of the meeting is not annexed hereto.
- 3. Detail of Director(s) retiring by rotation / seeking appointment / re-appointment at this meeting is provided in the "Annexure" to the Notice.
- 4. DISPATCH OF ANNUAL REPORT THROUGH ELECTRONIC MODE:
 - In compliance with the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2020, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2023-24 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2023-24 will also be available on the Company's website www.globaloffshore.in, website of the Stock Exchange, i.e., BSE Limited: www.bseindia.com.
- 5. For receiving all communication (including Annual Report) from the Company electronically:
 - a) Members holding shares in physical mode and who have not registered / updated their email address with the Company are requested to register / update the same by writing to the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent viz. Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd. with details of Folio Number and attaching a self-attested copy of PAN Card to them by email: lawoo@bigshareonline.com.
 - b) Members holding shares in dematerialised mode are requested to register / update their email addresses with their relevant Depository Participant.
- 6. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
- 7. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on first come first served basis.
- The attendance of the members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.



9. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or Body Corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.

In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.globaloffshore.in. The Notice can also be accessed from the website of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evoting@cdslindia.com.

THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING VIRTUAL MEETINGS ARE AS UNDER:

- Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.
- Step 2 : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.
- (i) The voting period begins on <Date and Time> and ends on <Date and Time>. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of <Record Date> may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.
 - Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.
 - In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.
- Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.
- (iv) In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab.
Depository	2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.
	3) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option.
	4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository

- If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
- If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com.
 Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp
- 3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting

Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants (DP) You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at : 022 - 4886 7000 and 022 - 2499 7000

Step 2 : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.
 - 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
 - Click on "Shareholders" module.
 - 3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID.
 - Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
 - Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
 - 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
 - 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)
	Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.
OR Date of Birth (DOB)	If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.

- (vi) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (ix) Click on the EVSN for the relevant <Company Name> on which you choose to vote.
- (x) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xi) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xvi) There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.

(xvii) Additional Facility for Non - Individual Shareholders and Custodians -For Remote Voting only.

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to <u>www.evotingindia.</u>
 <u>com</u> and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.</u> com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
- It is Mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required mandatory to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together
 with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at
 the email address viz; investorredressal@globaloffshore.in (designated email address by company), if they have voted from individual
 tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM/EGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM/ EGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
- The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
- Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM/EGM.
- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- 5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance atleast 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 10 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions
 through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the
 EGM/AGM.

10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the EGM/AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders may be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

- For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company/RTA email id.
- 2. For Demat shareholders -, Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)
- 3. For Individual Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.
- If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to <u>helpdesk</u>. <u>evoting@cdslindia.com</u> or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911
- All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL,)
 Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call toll free no. 1800 21 09911.
- 6. Mr. Taher Sapatwala, Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No.8029 & C.P No.16149) is appointed as the Scrutinizer for conducting the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- 7. The Scrutinizer will submit his report of the votes polled through e-voting and physical voting, to the Chairman. The Chairman will, or in his absence, any other person so authorized by him will, announce the results of Voting on 29th September, 2021 immediately upon receipt from the Scrutinizer. The Scrutinizer's decision on the validity of the votes cast through E-voting and Electronic voting on the day of the meeting shall be final.
- 8. The Scrutinizer's Report, shall be placed on the Company's website: www.globaloffshore.in within two (2) working days of passing of the resolution and communicated to the Stock Exchange where the shares of the Company are listed, viz. BSE Ltd.
- 9. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act, the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Act, and the relevant documents referred to in the notice will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM
- 10. Members seeking any information with regard to the accounts or any matter to be placed at the AGM, are requested to write to the Company on or before Thursday, September 22, 2022 through email on investorredressal@globaloffshore.in. The same will be replied by the Company suitably.
- 11. Shareholders who have not yet encashed their dividend warrants as per provisions of Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 may approach to the "Investor Education & Protection Fund" (IEPF) of the Central Government.

The details of last Dividend declared by the Company and transfer of unclaimed dividend to IEPF are as under:

Financial Year	Type of Dividend	Dividend Declaration Date (AGM/ BM date for interim)	Date of transfer
2013-14	Final Dividend	25.09.2014	13.11.2021

- 12. Any person who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@cdslindia.com. However, if he / she is already registered with CDSL for remote e-voting then he / she can use his / her existing user ID and password for casting the vote.
- 13. Members holding shares in demat mode who have not registered their email addresses are requested to register their email addresses with their respective depository participants and members holding shares in physical mode are requested to update their email address with the Company's RTA, Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd. at email id lawoo@bigshareonline.com to receive copies of the Annual Report 2021-22 in electronic mode.
- 14. SEBI has mandated the submission of the Permanent Account No.(PAN) by every participant in the securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore requested to submit their PAN to their depository participant(s). Members holding shares in physical form are requested to submit their PAN details to the RTA.

Registered Office:

3rd Floor, Prospect Chambers, D.N. Road, Fort, Mumbai - 400001 CIN: L61100MH1976PLC019229 By Order of the Board sd/-A. C. Chandarana Company Secretary & President - Legal & Admin.

Date: 09th August, 2024.

Place : Mumbai.

Annexure to Notice

Details of Director seeking Appointment / Re-appointment as required under Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard (SS2) are as follows:

Name	Mr. Aditya A Garware
Date of Birth	11.02.1971
DIN	00019816
Date of appointment on Board	31.05.1993
Relationship with other Directors inter-se.	Brother of Mrs. Maneesha S Shah
Qualifications	M.B.A.
Experience in specific function area.	Industrialist
Directorship held in other companies	 Garware Marine Industries Ltd. Garware Goa Nets Ltd. Adsu Trading & Investment Company Pvt. Ltd. Masu Trading & Investment Company Pvt. Ltd. Mauve Trading Company Pvt. Ltd. Shesu Trading & Investment Co. Pvt. Ltd. Universal Investment Services Pvt. Ltd. Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Ltd
Membership/ Chairmanship of Committee in other public limited companies (includes only Audit & Shareholders'/ Stakeholders' Committee).	Audit Committee - Member Stakeholders Relationship Committee - Member
Shareholding, if any, in the Company	828353 (As on 09th August, 2024)

Registered Office:

3rd Floor, Prospect Chambers, D.N. Road, Fort, Mumbai - 400001 CIN: L61100MH1976PLC019229

Date: 09th August, 2024. Place: Mumbai. By Order of the Board sd/-A. C. Chandarana Company Secretary & President - Legal & Admin.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2024.

TO,

THE MEMBERS,

Your Directors present their report as under:

1] FINANCIAL RESULTS:

PARTICULARS	Rs.	in Crores.
	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024.	March 31, 2023
Income from Operations	29.96	29.61
Other Income	7.69	0.09
Gross Income	37.65	29.70
Expenses for the period	27.74	46.35
Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA).	9.91	(16.65)
Finance cost	2.03	3.15
Depreciation	12.27	24.14
(Loss) / Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax	(4.39)	(43.94)
Exceptional Items (Debit)	(114.59)	217.28
(Loss) / Profit Before Tax	(118.98)	173.34
Provision for Taxation		
Current Tax	0.60	0.27
Reversal of MAT Credit.		0.89
Tax for earlier years.	1.37	0.19
Net Profit (Loss) / After Tax	(120.95)	171.99
Add : Balance of Profit /(loss) brought forward from previous year	(52.33)	(224.32)
Balance carried forward.	(173.28)	(52.33)

2] The Annual Accounts of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS). The impact of the IND AS is stated in the Notes to the Accounts.

Income from Operations for the year ended 31.03.2024 stood at Rs.29.96 crores, as against Rs.29.61 crores for the previous year. The revenue mainly consisted of earnings of two of the Company's vessels for a substantial period of the year. Other Income for the year stood at Rs.7.69 crores as against Rs.0.09 crore in the previous year, which comprised mainly of Reversal of Interest of Rs.4.97 Crores on account of write back of unsecured loan and reversal on account of settlement / pre-payment of debt to the tune of Rs. 2.54 crores.

The Expenses for the year stood at Rs.27.74 crores as against Rs.46.35 crores on account of the reduction in the Company's fleet. As a result, EBIDTA for the year stood at Rs.9.91 crores as against (Rs.16.65) Crores for the previous year. EBIDTA improved substantially due to the substantial decrease in operating expenses of the Company. Finance charges for the year stood at Rs.2.03 crores as against Rs.3.15 crores for the previous year. Depreciation for the year stood at Rs.12.27 crores as against Rs.24.14 crores for previous year – lower due to the reduction of the Fleet. While the Company was EBIDTA positive, the Loss before Exceptional items and Tax stood at Rs.4.39 crores in view of the depreciation of the existing fleet, as opposed to a loss of Rs.43.34 crores for the previous year (a decrease in loss of Rs.38.95 crores).

Exceptional item (loss) of Rs.114.59 crores for the year consisted mainly of a "one time" loss in the sale of 40% of the Company's holding in its Partially held subsidiary in the Netherlands and Impairment in the remaining Investment thereof. This substantial loss was "offset" to a minor extent with the Profit made on the sale of the Company's Office premises. As a result, Net Loss for the year stood at Rs.120.95 crores as opposed to a Profit of Rs.171.99 crores for the previous year.

3] OPERATIONS:

During the year under review:

- i] The Vessels M.V. Mahananda and M.V. Kamet continued to work on East Coast of India and West Coast of India respectively.
- ii] The Vessel M.V. Poorna lay idle for part of the year under review, until "she" was sold in May 2023.
- During the year the Company repaid the Working Capital Facility granted by Punjab National Bank in full. In the case of the Bank Guarantee (BG) facility provided by the said Bank, the Company has placed deposit in excess of 100% against the same.
- iv] During the year, the Company settled the unsecured working capital loan with Axis Bank Ltd.

4] STATUS OF SETTLEMENT WITH PHOENIX ARC PRIVATE LIMITED:

The outstanding settlement amount at the end of the year ended under review was Rs.96.96 Lakhs and the Company continues to be "regular" in its payments under the said settlement.

5] DIVIDEND:

In view of the losses incurred, your Directors regret their inability to recommend any Dividend.

6] PREFERENTIAL ALLOTMENT OF CONVERTIBLE WARRANTS:

Pursuant to the authority granted by the Shareholders at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting (EGM) of the Company held on 30th May, 2024 and also pursuant to the "In Principle" approval granted by BSE Limited vide their letter No.LOD/PREF/DA/FIP/391/2024-25 dated June 06, 2024 for the issue of 15,62,500 convertible warrants (to be converted to equivalent number of shares), the Shares / Warrants Allotment Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company allotted the said Warrants on 13th June, 2024.

Post this, upon receipt of the balance amount from some of the Warrant Holders, the Company has, till the date of this report, in tranches allotted an aggregate 13,39,285 number of Equity Shares.

Pursuant to Regulation 32(A) of Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, it is hereby declared that there is no variation / deviation in the use of proceeds from the objects stated in the explanatory statement to the Notice for the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on 30th May, 2024.

7] PAID UP SHARE CAPITAL:

As on the date of the report, the paid up Share Capital stands increased to Rs.26.07 Crores consisting of 2,60,68,078 Equity Shares from Rs.24.73 consisting of 2,47,28,793 Shares.

8] FUTURE EXPANSION AND OUTLOOK:

The outlook for the Offshore Support Vessel (OSV) sector has improved over the past 12 months and remains positive. Underlying demand remains strong, while, given challenges reactivating long-term lay-ups and limited new building activity, supply-side constraints are also set to tighten markets further as the sector improves.

Offshore Oil is projected peak at 31m bpd in 2035 (31% of global oil production), growing at a CAGR of 1.6% across 2024-35 (total oil output is expected to peak in 2030). Meanwhile, offshore gas output is projected to grow at a CAGR of 2.9% to reach 180bn cfd by 2035 (37% of global gas production), peaking in c.2045 (total gas output is expected to peak in c.2040). Global Offshore wind capacity is projected to rise by a CAGR of 17% to 430 GW by 2035.

The Indian OSV market is also projected to grow over the next 7/8 years. The market was valued at USD 427.2 million in F.Y. 2023 and is estimated to reach USD 984.49 million in F.Y. 2031.

India, with its expanding Offshore Oil and Gas projects in the Bay of Bengal and Arabian Sea as well as its growing focus on renewable energy drives the demand for versatile Vessels equipped with advanced feature such as dynamic positioning (DP2) systems and firefighting equipment.

Factors such as expansion of deep-water exploration and production activities, increasing installation of offshore wind farms, and technological advancements like dynamic positioning systems and satellite communications will drive the market growth.

While the Company has not yet "cemented" its plans for growth, it is seriously considering the upgrade of one Vessel and also looking out for opportunities to acquire additional "tonnage". The Company has also recently concluded the statutory Dry Docking of one of its Vessels post the year under review which will enable the Vessel to work continuously (subject to being awarded work) for the next 24 to 36 months.

9] SUBSIDIARY / WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY:

A) Global Offshore Services B.V. - The Netherlands (GOSBV):

Pursuant to the authority granted by the Shareholders to the Board of Directors, the Board at its meeting held on 26th March, 2024 resolved to sell part of its stake in GOSBV. Accordingly, the Company sold a total of 40% of the equity of GOSBV, for a value of USD 5000 (equivalent to approx INR 4.17 Lakhs) translating into Rs.0.04 per share, which was substantially higher than the valuation of Rs. (– 30.33) per share computed in accordance with Internationally Accepted Pricing Methodology (Net Asset Value Method) as provided by Registered Valuers. As a result, the Company's holding in GOSBV reduced from 68% to 28%.

Consequent to the above, GOSBV ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company w.e.f. 26th March, 2024.

Further, the Company has given effect of consolidation of GOSBV financials in the Company's account till 26th March, 2024.

The Management believes that despite holding 28% of GOSBV, the Company does not hold significant influence in the affairs of the erstwhile Subsidiary. The Company neither has any participation in the Board of Directors of GOSBV nor has any involvement in the Management of the Company. Furthermore in the absence of any transactions with GOSBV, consolidation of such an associate would fall out of the purview of IND AS 110 and IND AS 28.

B) Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Ltd. – Singapore (GOISPL):

The Company's Wholly Owned Subsidiary GOISPL based in Singapore had no operating income. Other income during the year was USD 0.06 mn as against USD 0.024 mn for the previous year. The Company has made a net profit of USD 0.05 mn as against a loss of USD 0.187 mn in the previous year.

Though, there was no activity in GOISPL during the year, it is seeking opportunities of revenue generation and is aggressively pursuing recovery of outstanding debts, while at the same time trying to minimize costs.

101 AUDITORS' REPORT:

A. STANDALONE ACCOUNTS

There are no Qualifications in the Standalone Auditors' Report. However, the Auditors have enumerated "Emphasis of Matter" for the attention of the Shareholders which have been dealt with by the Management.

1) Impairment of Investment.

During the year, the Company has reduced its stake in one of its subsidiaries Global Offshore Services B.V. from 68% to 28%, resulting in a loss of control under IND AS 110 as on March 31, 2024. Accordingly there will be a realized loss of Rs.6,661.77 lakhs due to the sale of 40% stake. Also considering the fair value of the erstwhile subsidiary, the Company has made an impairment provision of Rs.4,666.16 lakhs for the balance 28% stake.

Management View:

During the year the Company sold a 40% stake in its subsidiary, Global Offshore Services B.V. reducing its holding from 68% to 28%. The additional charge of Rs.6661.77 Lakhs, beyond the previous year's impairment provision has been recorded as a loss. Based on the fair market value (and not on Sales realisation value) the Company impaired its remaining 28% investment, making an additional provision of Rs.4666.16 Lakhs.

2) In view of the Axis Bank loan settlement, the Company has written back its balance outstanding loan of Rs.131 Lakhs and interest payable of Rs.496.77 Lakhs during the guarter (also refer note 4).

Management View:

During the year, the Company settled a working capital loan with Axis Bank. The difference between the liability and the settlement amount was recorded as a gain under other income.

As regards observation of the Auditors in Annexure A to the Auditors' Report, the Board of Directors clarify as under:

Clause ii (a) of Annexure A to the Auditors' Report regarding varication of Physical inventory: The Board clarifies that Management representatives on the vessel have carried out the physical verification of the inventories and the same have been confirmed by them. The Auditors have relied on the report of management since it is impractical for them to carry out Physical verification of the inventory as this would lead to a substantial loss of charter hire which is something the Company cannot afford.

B. CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS

No qualifications have been made by the Auditors' in the Consolidated Auditors' Report to the Shareholders. However, the Auditors have laid Emphasis of Matter on the following:

a. During the year, the Company has ceded the control over its subsidiary Global Offshore Services B.V. from 68% to 28% and accordingly the gain on deconsolidation of Rs.4,688.00 Lakhs has been accounted for.

Management View:

During the year the Company sold a 40% stake in its subsidiary, Global Offshore Services B.V. reducing its holding from 68% to 28%. The additional charge of Rs.6661.77 Lakhs beyond the previous year's impairment provision, has been recorded as a loss. Based on the fair market value (and not on Sales realisation Value) the Company impaired its remaining 28% investment, making an additional provision of Rs.4666.16 Lakhs. In addition, as result of the above, and since GOSBV, ceded to be subsidiary and the Company has no control on operations of GOSBV anymore, the gain of deconsolidation has also been accounted for.

b. We draw attention that the net worth in the financial statements of Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Limited has been eroded and is negative Rs. 2,092.14 Lakhs, that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Management View:

While the networth of Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Ltd. (GOISPL), had eroded, the Company has limited activity and no recurring costs. In fact for the year under review, the Company has declared a profit of USD 48,971.

- The Auditors' of the subsidiary Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Limited have given a qualified opinion on the following points due to lack of sufficient audit evidence –
 - Income Tax Refundable from Rio De Janeiro State of Brazil Rs.132.33 Lakhs (USD 1587,699).
 - Loan payable to third parties Rs.780.07 Lakhs (USD 935,894).

Management View:

GOISPL, has already won the case against State of Brazil for tax refund for Rs.132.33 Lakhs. However, as per the rules of the Brazil Government, this amount can be paid over a period. Confirmation of balances have not been received from the said party. In any case, Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Ltd. (GOISPL), will attempt to arrive at a settlement with these parties at a later stage.

11] LISTING FEES TO STOCK EXCHANGE:

The Company has paid the Listing Fees for the year 2024-25 to BSE Limited.

12] FIXED DEPOSITS:

During the year under review, no Deposits were accepted under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013 and hence the details relating to deposits and details which are not in compliance under Chapter V of the Act are "NOT APPLICABLE".

131 RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

The Directors confirm:

- a) That in the preparation of the Annual Accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and that no material departures (save and except as stated in the Directors' Report) have been made from the same.
- b) That they have selected such Accounting Policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the State of Affairs of the Company at the end of the year and the Loss of the Company for the year ended on 31.03.2024.
- c) That they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for safe-guarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- d) That they have prepared the Annual Accounts on a going concern basis.
- That they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed and that such financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- f) That they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

14] INSURANCE:

All the Vessels owned and operated by the Company and its subsidiary have been insured for Hull & Machinery and Protection & Indemnity (P & I) claims.

15] DIRECTORATE:

Mr. A. K. Thanavala – Independent Director passed away on 09th November, 2023. He was associated with the Company for over four decades and also served on the Board of the Company since January 2004. The Board places on record his valuable contributions made during his tenure as an Independent Director as also for his long association with the Company.

Mr. S. Y. Mulani ceased to be a Director w.e.f. 31st March, 2024 in accordance with the Provisions of Section 149(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company and Board places on record, its gratitude for all the support provided by him during his tenure as a Director.

Mr. Jisupriya Guhathakurta was appointed as an Independent Director for a tenure of 5 consecutive years w.e.f 05th February, 2024.

Ms. Smita D. Gaur was appointed as an Independent Director for a tenure of 5 consecutive years w.e.f. 29th March, 2024.

The Shareholders vide Postal Ballot granted their approval to the appointment of Mr. Jisupriya Guhathakurta and Ms. Smita D. Gaur as Independent Directors.

The Board welcomes both the Independent Directors and looks forward to their valuable contribution on the lines of their expertise for the betterment of the Company

Mr. Aditya A. Garware retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. Members are requested to re-elect him as a

The Company has formulated a Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management Personnel and the same has been complied with.

The Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management is available on the Company's website www.globaloffshore.in.

161 PERSONNEL:

The relations with Employees of the Company, have been cordial. Your Directors wish to express their appreciation of the services rendered by devoted employees, which has helped the Company to sustain operations during these extremely difficult times.

17] DEMATERIALISATION OF SHARES:

The Company's shares continue to be traded in Electronic Form. As per Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) requirement, 100% of the shares held by the Promoters / Persons Acting in Concert category are in Electronic Form.

18] ANNUAL RETURN:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Return has been uploaded on the Company's website: www.globaloffshore.in.

19] STATEMENT OF DECLARATION GIVEN BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The Independent Directors of the Company viz. Mr. Jisupriya Guhathakurta, Ms. Smita D. Gaur and Mrs. Faisy Viju have given a declaration that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in Sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Further all Independent Directors have complied with the Code for Independent Directors prescribed in Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013.

20] NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS:

During the year under review Seven (7) Board Meetings were held as detailed below:

(i) 30th May, 2023, (ii) 10th August, 2023, (iii) 07th September, 2023 (iv) 10th November, 2023 (v) 05th February, 2024 (vi) 26th March, 2024 and (vii) 29th March, 2024.

21] BOARD EVALUATION:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and provision of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015, the Company has put in place a framework for the evaluation of the Board, its Directors, the Chairman and all the Committees, with the approval of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The evaluations for the Directors, the Board and the Committees is carried out through circulation of questionnaires to the Independent Directors and the Committees, respectively. The performance of the Board is assessed on select parameters related to roles, responsibilities and obligations of the Board, relevance of Board discussions, attention to strategic issues, performance on key areas, providing feedback to Executive Management and assessing the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company Management and the Board. The evaluation criteria for the Directors is based on their participation, contribution, offering guidance to and understanding of the areas which were relevant to them in their capacity as Members of the Board. The evaluation criteria for the Chairman of the Board, besides the general criteria adopted for assessment of all Directors, focuses on leadership abilities, effective management of meetings and preservation of the interest of stakeholders. The evaluation of the Committees is based on the assessment of the clarity with which the mandate of the Committee is defined, effective discharge of the terms and reference of the Committees and assessment of effectiveness of contribution of the Committee's deliberation / recommendations to the functioning / decisions of the Board. The overall performance evaluation process was completed to the satisfaction of the Board.

22] FAMILARISATION PROGRAMME FOR DIRECTORS:

At the time of appointment on the Board, each Independent Director is issued a formal letter of appointment, which inter alia explains the role, function, duties and responsibilities expected of him/her as a Director of the Company. All the Directors have been provided with a deep insight into the business of the Company including the working of the subsidiaries. Vessel-wise details have also been furnished to them. The Directors have also received a detailed explanation on the Compliances required from him/her under the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and other relevant regulations and affirmation taken with respect to the same

23] DETAILS OF LOANS GRANTED / INVESTMENTS MADE / GUARANTEES PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 186 OF COMPANIES ACT 2013:

The details of the Loans/Investment/Guarantees, during the year under review is enclosed as Annexure A.

24] PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENT WITH RELATED PARTIES:

The details of contracts/arrangement with related parties is enclosed as Annexure B.

25] STATEMENT ON DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF RISKS MANAGEMENT POLICY:

Risk Management is a key aspect of the "Corporate Governance Principles and Code of Conduct" which aims to improve the governance practices across all Company activities. Risk Management Policy and processes will enable the Company to proactively manage uncertainty and changes in both internal and external environments in an attempt to capitalize on opportunities and limit negative impacts.

The Risk Management Policy of the Company identifies, evaluates, monitors and minimizes identifiable risks.

26] CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR):

During the year under review, the Company did not undertake any CSR activity. Kindly refer to Annexure C.

27] SIGNIFICANT & MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS:

There was no significant and material order passed by Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the future operations or the "going concern" status of the Company.

28] INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL:

In the opinion of Board of Directors, there is adequate Internal Financial Control with respect to the preparation and presentation of the Financial statements which form a part of this Annual Report.

291 SECRETARIAL AUDITOR:

The Board has appointed Mr. Rajkumar R. Tiwari, FCS as Secretarial Auditor.

The Secretarial Auditor carried out the Secretarial Audit and submitted his Report pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, enclosed as **Annexure D** to the Directors' Report.

There are no adverse remarks in the Report furnished by the Secretarial Auditor.

30] DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT. 2013:

The Company has in place an Anti Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. An Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary) are covered under the policy.

No sexual harassment complaint was received during the year.

31] VIGIL MECHANISM:

Pursuant to provisions of Section 173(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has established Vigil Mechanism. The Vigil Mechanism Policy is posted at the Company's website www.globaloffshre.in

32] CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

A separate report on Corporate Governance along with the Auditors' Certificate on its compliance is given separately in the Annual Report.

33] CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The required details are enclosed as Annexure E.

341 SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURE OR ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

During the year under review, there were no Companies which became a subsidiary, joint venture or an associate Company. Global Offshore Services B.V., the Netherlands ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company w.e.f. 26th March, 2024 and was reclassified as Associate Company.

35] DETAILS RELATING TO REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL AND EMPLOYEES:

The information required under Section 197 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 in respect of employees of the Company and Directors is furnished as Annexure - F.

36] DETAILS OF DIRECTORS OR KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL / SR. MANAGEMENT APPOINTED OR RESIGNED DURING THE YEAR:

There was no change in Key Managerial Personnel / Sr. Management during the year.

As regards Directors, the following changes took place:

- Mr. A. K. Thanavala passed away on 09th November, 2023 and ceased to be an Independent Director.
- Mr. Jisupriya Guhathakurta was appointed as Independent Director for a period of 5 consecutive years w.e.f. 05th February, 2024.
- Ms. Smita Durgadatt Gaur was also appointed as Independent Director for a period of 5 consecutive years w.e.f. 29th March, 2024.
- Pursuant to the Provisions of Section 149(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. S. Y. Mulani ceased to be an Independent Director w.e.f. 31st March, 2024.

371 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

The Board wishes to thank the Office of Directorate General of Shipping, Mercantile Marine Department, Shipping Master, and The Indian Register of Shipping, for their continued support and co-operation during the year.

The Board and the Company's Management wishes to extend a special thanks to Phoenix ARC Pvt. Ltd., who exhibited a great deal of faith in the Company and its Management for which the Board and its management are forever greatful.

> By Order of the Board Sd/-Aditya A. Garware Chairman

Din: 00019816

Place: Mumbai. Dated: 09th August, 2024.

ANNEXURE - A

Particulars of Loans, Guarantees and Investments made in Equity Shares under Section 186 of Companies Act, 2013 during the Financial Year 01st April, 2023 to 31st March, 2024.

SR. NO.	DATE	NAME OF PARTY	LOAN	GUARANTEE	INVESTMENT IN EQUITY
		55	NIL	V	29

By Order of the Board

Sd/-Aditya A. Garware

Chairman Din: 00019816

Place: Mumbai.

Dated: 09th August, 2024.

ANNEXURE - B TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

FORM NO. AOC.2

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in subsection(1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transactions under third proviso thereto.

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014).

Sr. No.	Name of Related Party.	Nature of Contract / Arrangement / Transaction.	Amount	Salient Features.	Date of Board approved.	Amount paid as advance.	Remarks.
1	Garware Marine Industries Ltd.	Availing of Ship repair services.	Upto Rs.3 crores per year.	Ongoing contract.	13.02.2023	NIL	
2	Aditya A. Garware.	Receipt of Unsecured Loan by the Company.	Upto Rs.8.25 Crores.	 Interest rate payable by the Company and the Repayment terms of loan shall be based on fund availability and mutual agreement. 	30.05.2023	NIL	OTTE:
3	Garware Marine Industries Ltd.	Receipt of Rent for Office premises.	Rs.20,000/- per month.	Area: 200 sq.ft. Rent: 1st year Rs.20,000/ Thereafter increase in proportion of rent payable under the said agreement. Duration: 5 years with lock-in period of 3 years. Electricity and outgoing to be shared proportionately	10.08.2023	NIL	(222
4	Universal Investment Services Pvt. Ltd.	Availing of Inter Corporate Deposit.	Upto Rs.5 Crores.	Rate of Interest at prevailing market rate not exceeding 14% p.a. Duration 12 months; which may be extended mutually. Repayment by way of mutual convenience.	13.08.2021	NIL	
5	Mauve Trading and Investment Co. Pvt. Ltd.	- do -	Upto Rs.5 Crores.	Same as above.	13.08.2021	NIL	and the same
6	Adsu Trading and Investment Co. Pvt. Ltd.	- do -	Upto Rs.50 Lakhs.	Same as above.	13.08.2021	NIL	(****)
7	Faisy Viju.	Consultancy Services related to HR matters.	Rs.3,000/- per hour.	Payable as and when services availed.	14.02.2022	NIL	Only enabling Resolution taken. No services availed yet.

By Order of the Board

Aditya A. Garware Chairman

Din: 00019816

Place: Mumbai. Dated: 09th August, 2024.



ANNEXURE "C" TO DIRECTORS' REPORT.

REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES.

1.	Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.	The Company strives to actively contribute to the Social and Economic development of the community in which it operates.
		The Company will undertake all or any of the activities specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time & other activities enumerated in its CSR policy. Kindly refer CSR policy of the Company at www. globaloffshore.in.

2.	Composition of CSR Committee:					
Sr. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year		
i)	Mr. M.M. Honkan	Whole-Time Director	NIL	NIL		
ii)	Mr. Jisupriya Guhathakurta.	Independent Director	NIL	NIL		
iii)	Mrs. Faisy Viju	Independent Director	NIL	NIL		

3.	Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects www.globaloffshore.in approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.		
4.	Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of subrule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report).	ACC-27770000	
5.	Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any.	1000000000	

Sr. No.	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	ncial Year	Amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in Rs)	Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any (in Rs).
			N.A.	
6.	Avera	age net profit	of the Company as per section 135(5).	Rs. (366.72) Lakhs
7.	(a)	Two percen	t of average net loss of the company as per section 135(5)	Rs. (7.33) Lakhs
	(b)	Surplus aris	sing out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous ars.	N.A.
	(c)	Amount req	uired to be set off for the financial year, if any.	N.A.
	(d)	Total CSR o	bligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c).	N.A.

8.(a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year: NotApplicable.

Total Amount		Ar	mount Unspent (in Rs	.)			
Spent for the Financial Year, (in Rs.)	Total Amount tra Account as per s	insferred to Unspent CSR section 135(6).	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedu VII as per second proviso to section 135(5).				
(III KS.)	Amount.	Date of transfer.	Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer.		

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year: Not Applicable.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		(11)
Sr. No.	Name of the project.	Item from the list of activities in	Local area (Yes / No.).		on of the ject.	Project duration.	Amount allocated for the	Amount spent in t h e	A Amount transferred to unspent	Mode of implementation direct (Yes/No).	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	mplementation ementing agency
		schedule VII to the Act.		State.	District		project (in Rs.).	current financial Year (in Rs.).	csR account for the project as per section 135(6) (in Rs.).		Name	CSR Registration Number.
								-				

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year: NotApplicable.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)		(8)
Sr. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities	Local area (Yes/ No).	Location	of the project.	Amount spent for the project	Mode of implementation	Mode of implementation -Through implementing age	
		in schedule VII to the Act.		State.	District.	(in Rs.).	Direct (Yes/No).	Name.	CSR registration number.

- (d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: ----
- (e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable : ----
- (f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year: ----

(8b+8c+8d+8e)

(g) Excess amount for set off, if any: Not Applicable

Sr. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	(
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	-
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programms or activities of the previous financial years, if any	
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	(*****

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: NotApplicable.

Sr. No.	Preceding Financial Year.	Amount transferred to	Amount spent in the Reporting	schedule vii	red to any fund spec as per section 135(6		Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding
		Unspent CSR Account under Section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	Financial Year (in Rs.).	Name of the Fund	Amount (in Rs).	Date of transfer.	financial years, (in Rs.)
	va v	9		************			

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s): NotApplicable.

Amount spent on Cumulative amount Satus of the
the project in the reporting financial Year (in Rs). spent at the end of project comple / ongoing. year (in Rs.)
).

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year

(asset-wise details).

(a)	Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s).	1	N.A.
(b)	Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset.	: [N.A.
(c)	Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.	900	N.A.
(d)	Provide details of the capital asset(s) created pr acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset).	:	N.A.

11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5):

In view of losses incurred by the Company and the non-repayment of debt, the Company did not spend on CSR.

Sd/(Whole Time Director)

Sd/(Chairman CSR Committee)

ANNEXURE - D TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

FORM NO. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st March, 2024

(Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel Rules, 2014)

To, The Members, Global Offshore Services Limited 3rd Floor, Prospect Chambers, D.N.Road, Fort, Mumbai-400001.

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Global Offshore Services Limited (CIN:L61100MH1976PLC019229)** (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conduct/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-Processes and compliances- mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") including amendments thereof and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ("SCRA") and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI Act"):
 - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period);
 - d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 (being the erstwhile Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period);
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non- Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 and the erstwhile The SEBI (Issue and Listing of debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period);
 - f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period);
 - g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period);
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period);
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;

- (vi) Specific laws applicable as mentioned hereunder:
 - a) The Merchant Shipping Act, 1958;
 - b) The Seamen's Provident Fund Act

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of Secretarial Standards1 and 2, issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to Board and General Meetings under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

During the year under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

I further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The Changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the year under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Resolutions have been approved by majority while the dissenting members', if any, views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the year under review, pursuant to the authority granted by the Company's Shareholders vide their Postal Ballot resolution passed on 16.12.2020, the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 26.03.2024 sold Company's 11,326,500 equity shares (out of 19,255,381 shares) held in its material subsidiary viz. Global Offshore Services B.V. (GOSBV), The Netherlands to a Dutch Citizen for a Consideration of USD 5,000 and as a result Global Offshore Services B.V. (GOSBV), The Netherlands ceased as a Subsidiary of the Company.

I further report that during the audit period there were no instances of (i) Public/ Rights/ Preferential issue of Shares / Debentures / Sweat Equity, (ii) Buy-back of securities, (iii) Redemption of Preference shares/ Debentures, (iv) Merger/Amalgamation/ reconstruction etc.(v) Foreign technical collaborations.

Place: Mumbai. Date: 01st August, 2024. Signature: CS Rajkumar R. Tiwari Company Secretary in Practice FCS No. 4227 C.P. No. 2400 P.R. No. 2041/2022 UDIN:F004227F000870906

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure-A

To, The Members, Global Offshore Services Limited 3rd Floor, Prospect Chambers, D.N.Road, Fort, Mumbai-400001.

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
- 2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test bases to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- 3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Where ever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The Compliance of the Provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Place: Mumbai. Date: 01st August, 2024. Signature: CS Rajkumar R. Tiwari Company Secretary in Practice FCS No. 4227 C.P. No. 2400 P.R. No. 2041/2022 UDIN:F004227F000870906

ANNEXURE - E TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

STATEMENT REGARDING CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGOAS REQUIRED UNDER CLAUSE (M) OF SUB-SECTION (1) OF SECTION 134 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 IN THE COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014.

Item No.	Par	ticulars	Remark / Amount
Α	COI	NSERVATION OF ENERGY	
	(a)	Steps taken and impact on conservation of Energy.	Being a Shipping Company, taking of energy conservation steps does not arise and the impact is not Applicable.
	(b)	Steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy.	NIL
	(c)	The capital investment on energy conservation on equipments	NIL
В	TEC	HNOLOGY ABSORPTION	
	(i)	Efforts made towards technology absorption.	NIL
	(ii)	Benefits derived like Product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution etc.	NIL
	(iii)	In case of imported technology (imported during the last 5 years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year) following information may be furnished.	NIL
		a) Technology Imported.	-
	S X	b) Year of Import.	-
		c) Has technology been fully absorbed?	-
		 d) If not fully absorbed, Areas where absorption has not taken place and reasons thereof. 	₽
	(iv)	Expenditure on R & D	NIL
C	FOF	REIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO	
	(a)	Foreign exchange earned in terms of actual inflow (on account of charter hire earnings and interest etc.).	Rs. 1,849.62 Lakhs
	(b)	Foreign exchange outgo in terms of actual outflow. Operating expenses and interest payment etc.	Rs. 423.84 Lakhs

By Order of the Board Sd/-Aditya A. Garware Chairman Din: 00019816

Place : Mumbai. Dated : 09th August, 2024.

ANNEXURE - F TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

Information pursuant to Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

i] The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2023-2024:

Name of Director	Ratio of remuneration to median remuneration of Employees
Mr. M. M. Honkan – Whole Time Director	5.61:1

ii] The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary in the financial year 2023-2024:

Name of Key Managerial Personnel:	% increase in remuneration in the financial year.
Mr. M. M. Honkan – Whole Time Director	0%
Mr. A. C. Chandarana – Company Secretary, President – Legal & Admin.	0%
Mr. P. S. Shah - Chief Financial Officer.	0%

- iii] The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year: 0% on an annualized basis.
- iv] The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company: 20 (as on 31st March, 2024).
- v] Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the Managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the Managerial remuneration and justification thereof and any exceptional circumstances if any, for increase in the managerial remuneration:
 - Average decrease in remuneration of employees: Excluding KMPs effectively 2% on an annualized basis (in view of reduction of employees).
 - Average decrease in remuneration of KMPs: NIL.
 - KMP salary increases are decided based on the Company's performance and need, individual performance, inflation, prevailing industry trends and benchmarks:
- vi] Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

The Company affirms that remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

vii] Details of top ten employees in terms of remuneration drawn during the financial year 2023-24

Sr. No.	Name of Employee & Designation.	Salary drawn during the year Rs. in lakhs	Remarks
1.	Mr. V.P. Mohile - President - Technical	54.00	
2.	Mr. K. S. Dave – President (Commercial)	53.83	4.
3.	Mr. M. M. Honkan – Whole-Time Director	52.62	
4.	Mr. A. C. Chandarana - Company Secretary - President - Legal & Admin.	48.63	()
5.	Mr. S. Kanwar – President – Operations & HSSE	48.05	
6.	Mr. P. S. Shah – Chief Financial Officer.	45.57	*****
7.	Mr. P. T. Malap – General Manager – Accounts	15.65	7. 200.200 5
8.	Mr. M. S. Kudalkar – Senior Manager – HR & Admin.	11.87	
9.	Ms. Sarita Desa – Manager – Business Development.	10.91	
10.	Mr. A. U. More – Manager Technical.	10.31	2002

viii] Statement of particulars of employees pursuant to the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

There is no employee whose salary exceeded Rs.8.50 Lakhs per month or Rs.1.02 Crore p.a.

By Order of the Board Sd/-Aditya A. Garware Chairman Din: 00019816

Place: Mumbai. Dated: 09th August, 2024.

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

1. STATEMENT ON COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE:

Corporate Governance encompasses a set of systems and practices to ensure that the Company's affairs are being managed in a manner which ensures accountability, transparency and fairness in all transactions in widest sense.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

During the year under review, the Board of the Company comprised of professionally well-qualified individuals and consisted of seven members. Mr. Aditya A. Garware, is the Non-Executive Chairman and Mr. M.M. Honkan is Whole-Time Director. Except Mr. M. M. Honkan, all Directors are Non-Executive Directors.

During the year under review seven Board Meetings were held as detailed below. The maximum time gap between two Board Meetings did not exceed 120 days.

Sr. No.	Dates of the Meeting	
i)	30th May, 2023.	
ii)	10th August, 2023.	
iii)	07th September, 2023.	
iv)	10th November, 2023.	
V)	05th February, 2024.	
vi)	26 th March, 2024.	
vii)	29th March, 2024.	

Name of Directors	No. of Attendance Board at last	Category of Director	No. of other Committee Directorship		No. of other Directorships	No. of Shares	
	Meetings Attended	AGM		Chairman	Member		held.
Mr. Aditya Garware – Chairman	7	Yes	Promoter – non Whole Time Director	(-)	1	8*	7,83,703
Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah	7	Yes	Promoter – non- Whole Time Director	2 4 2	9	4	1,20,988
Mr. A. K. Thanavala (expired on 09.11.2023).	4	Yes	Independent Director	7.70	5	-	100
Mr. S. Y. Mulani (Ceased w.e.f. 31.03.2024.)	7	Yes	Independent Director	-	-	-	-
Mrs. Faisy Viju	6	Yes	Independent Director	320	=	1	-
Mr. Jisupriya Guhathakurta (appointed as a Director w.e.f. 05.02.2024.)	3	NA	Independent Director	-	=	*	-
Ms. Smita D. Gaur (appointed as a Director w.e.f. 29.03.2024.)	1	NA	Independent Director	· *	=	-	-
Mr. M. M. Honkan	7	Yes	Whole-Time Director	(-)	-	· ·	1,000

^{*} includes Directorship of one Listed Company viz. Garware Marine Industries Ltd., - Non-Executive - Promoter Director.

Mr. Aditya A. Garware and Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah are related to each other. None of the other Directors are related to each other or to Mr. Aditya A. Garware and Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah.

As stipulated under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, no Director is a member of more than 10 Committees or the Chairman of more than 5 Committees across all the Companies in which he/she is a Director. (Committees being Audit Committee and the Shareholders' Grievance Committee only).

3. AUDIT COMMITTEE:

Composition:

The Company's Board of Directors has constituted an Audit Committee comprising of Non-Executive and Independent Directors. The Members of this Committee are well versed with Finance & Accounts / Legal matters and general business practices. The members of the Audit Committee are: i) Mr. A. K. Thanavala (ceased to be a Member and Chairman of the Audit Committee w.e.f. 9th November 2023 in view of his demise). ii) Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah, iii) Mr. S.Y. Mulani (appointed as Chairman of the Committee w.e.f. 10th November 2023 and ceased to be a member w.e.f. 31.3.2024), iv) Mrs. Faisy Viju, v) Mr. Jisupriya Guhathakurta (appointed as a Member w.e.f. 05th February, 2024) and vi) Ms. Smita D. Gaur (appointed as a Member w.e.f. 29th March, 2024).

Mr. A. C. Chandarana - Company Secretary, President - Legal & Admin. acts as Secretary to the Committee.

Terms of Reference:

The Committee's composition meets with the requirements of Section 177 of Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Members of Audit Committee possess financial / accounting expertise/exposure.

i) Power of Audit Committee :

- To investigate any activity within its terms of reference.
- 2. To seek information from any employee.
- 3. To obtain outside legal or other professional advice.
- 4. To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if considered necessary.

ii) Role of Audit Committee:

- Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statements are correct, sufficient and credible;
- 2. Recommendation for appointment of Auditors of the Company including payment of remuneration and other terms;
- Approval of payment to Statutory Auditors for any other services rendered by them;
- 4. Reviewing (with the Management if required), the Annual Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - a. Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement in the Board's report in terms of Clause (c) of Sub-Section 3 of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013.
 - b. Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same.
 - c. Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by Management.
 - d. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings.
 - e. Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements.
 - f. Disclosure of any related party transactions.
 - g. Qualifications in the draft Audit Report.
- 5. Reviewing, with the Management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
- 6. Reviewing, with the Management, the statement of use/application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take steps in this matter;
- 7. Review and monitor the Auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of Audit process;
- 8. Approval of any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
- Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- 10. Valuation of undertaking or assets of the Company, whenever necessary;
- 11. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems; and
- 12. Reviewing, with the Management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;

Meetings:

Four Audit Committee Meetings were held during the financial year 2023-2024 as detailed below: -

Date of Audit	Names of the Members of Audit Committee & Attendance					
Committee Meetings	Mr. A. K. Thanavala (Chairman)	Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah	Mr. S.Y. Mulani	Mrs. Faisy Viju	Mr. Jisupriya M. Guhathakurta	
30.05.2023	V	V	V	V		
10.08.2023	V	V	V	V		
10.11.2023		V	√	~		
05.02.2024		V	V	V	٧	

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors comprises of Independent Directors namely; Mr. A. K. Thanavala acted as Chairman (ceased to be Chairman w.e.f. 9th November, 2023 in view of his demise), Mr. S.Y. Mulani (appointed as Chairman w.e.f. 10th November, 2023 and ceased to be a member w.e.f. 31st March, 2024), Mrs. Faisy Viju, Mr. Jisupriya Guhathakurta (who was appointed on the Committee as Member w.e.f. 05th February, 2024) and Ms. Smita D. Gaur (who was appointed as Member w.e.f. 29th March, 2024).

The broad terms of reference of the Committee includes:

- To lay down criteria and terms and conditions with regard to identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors (Executive
 and Non-Executive) and persons who may be appointed in Senior Management and Key Managerial positions and to determine their
 remuneration.
- To determine remuneration based on the Company's size and financial position and trends and practices on remuneration prevailing
 in peer companies, in similar industries as that of the Company.
- To carry out evaluation of the performance of Directors, including Independent and non Independent Directors, as well as Key Managerial and Senior Management Personnel.
- To provide employees rewards linked directly to their effort, performance, dedication and achievement relating to the Company's operations.
- To retain, motivate and promote talent and to ensure long term sustainability of talented managerial persons and create competitive advantage.

Meetings:

Two Nomination & Remuneration Committee Meetings were held during the financial year 2023-2024 as detailed below: -

Date of Meeting	Names of the Members of N & R Committee & Attendance			
	Mr. S. Y. Mulani (Chairman)	Mrs. Faisy Viju	Mr. Jisupriya Guhathakurta	
05.02.2024	N.	√		
29.03.2024	√	MANUEL CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY	V	

4. REMUNERATION PAID TO NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS :

A. Board Meeting Fees:

Sitting Fees, per meeting attended, paid to Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors for attending Meetings of the Board of Directors is Rs.25,000/-.

B. Committee Meeting Fees:

Sitting Fee for Meetings of Audit Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee and Credit/ Borrowing Committee Meetings attended is Rs.6,000/-.

C. Consultancy Fees:

Mr. Aditya A. Garware was paid Consultancy Fees amounting to Rs.1,00,20,000/- for the year.

D. The total Sitting Fees paid to Non-Executive Directors during the year are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Sitting Fees Rs.
1.	Mr. A. A. Garware	1,75,000
2.	Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah	1,99,000
3.	Mr. A. K. Thanavala (expired on 9.11.2023)	87,000
4.	Mr. S. Y. Mulani	2,36,000
5.	Mrs. Faisy Viju	1,80,000
6.	Mr. Jisupriya Guhathakurta (appointed w.e.f. 5.2.2024)	1,06,000
7.	Ms. Smita D. Gaur (appointed w.e.f. 29.3.2024)	25,000
	Total	10,08,000

Kindly refer to the Company's website: www.globaloffshore.in for the Nomination & Remuneration Policy.

E. REMUNERATION PAID TO EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR:

Mr. M. M. Honkan was paid remuneration as per details given below:

PARTICULARS	Amount (Rs.)
Salary	50,66,400.00
Leave Encashment	-
Meal Coupons	30,000.00
Medical	
PF	1,65,600.00
Monetary Value of Perquisites	
Stock Option	
Sweat Equity	
Commission	
- as % of profit	-
- others, specify	-
Total	52,62,000.00

F. STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:

The Members of the said Committee are Mr. S. Y. Mulani (ceased to be a member w.e.f 31st March, 2024), Mr. Aditya A. Garware and Mr. M. Honkan. Mr. S. Y. Mulani acted as Chairman of the Committee for the year.

Mr. Jisupriya Guhathakurta was appointed as member w.e.f 29th March, 2024.

Mr. A. C. Chandarana - Company Secretary, President - Legal & Admin. acts as Compliance Officer.

Number of Shareholders complaints received during the year: 3.

Number of complaints resolved: 3. Number of pending complaints: 0.

G. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:

The details of the date, time and location for the last three Annual General Meetings (AGM) are as follows:

Financial Year	Date	Time	Location
2022 - 2023	29 th September, 2023.	11:30 a.m.	By Video Conferencing/ OAVM
2021 - 2022	29 th September, 2022.	11:30 a.m.	By Video Conferencing/ OAVM
2020 - 2021	29 th September, 2021.	11.00 a.m.	By Video Conferencing/ OAVM

The details of Special Resolution passed in previous three Annual General Meetings are as follows:

a) At the AGM held on 29.09.2023: NILb) At the AGM held on 29.09.2022: NILc) At the AGM held on 29.09.2021: NIL

Postal Ballot:

During the year the following Special Resolutions were passed by Postal Ballot:

- Appointment of Additional Independent Director Mr. Jisupriya Guhathakurta (DIN: 10306595) of the Company for a period of 5 consecutive years w.e.f. 05th February, 2024.
- Appointment of Additional Independent Director Ms. Smita D. Gaur (DIN: 10564597) of the Company for a period of 5 consecutive years w.e.f. 29th March, 2024.

Messrs. Taher Sapatwala & Associates - Company Secretaries (represented by Mr. Taher S. Sapatwala - Practising Company Secretary) was appointed as Scrutinizer for conducting the Postal Ballot proceedings.

Procedure for Postal Ballot:

The Scrutinizer followed procedures for conducting the Postal Ballot in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed under the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time and the circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs from time to time in this regard.

Further there is no item on the agenda of the ensuing Annual General Meeting that needs approval by Postal Ballot.

H. DISCLOSURE / CONFIRMATION:

- a) There were no Related Party Transactions, which had potential conflict with the interest of the Company.
- b) There has been no instance of non-compliance by the Company on any matter related to capital markets during the last three years. No penalty or strictures have been imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchange or SEBI or any statutory authority during F.Y. 2023-24 in this regard.
- No person has been denied access to the Audit Committee to report concerns about unethical behavior under the Whistle Blower Policy.
- d) The Statutory Auditors' Certificate on compliance of the Corporate Governance requirement is enclosed.
- e) Weblinks:
 - i] Policy for determining "material" subsidiaries at www.globaloffshore.in.
 - ii] Policy on dealing with related party transactions at www.globaloffshore.in.
 - iii] Details of familiarization programs imparted to Independent Director at www.globaloffshore.in.
- f) Disclosure of Commodity Price Risk and Commodity Hedging Activities is Not Applicable.
- g) There are no Shares of the Company lying in Demat Suspense Account/Unclaimed Suspense Account.
- h) No funds were raised through Preferential Allotment during the year under review. However, after the year under review, a Preferential Allotment of 15,62,500 Warrants (to be converted into equivalent number of Shares) was made by the Company to Promoters and Non Promoters.
- The Company has complied with Corporate Governance Requirements specified in Regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i)
 of Sub- Regulation (2) of Regulation 46 and paragraphs C, D & E of Schedule V as applicable of SEBI (Listing Obligations and
 Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015.
- j) The Board confirms that the Independent Directors fulfill the conditions specified in SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015 and are independent of the Management.
- k) There is no instance, where the Board of Directors had not accepted any recommendation of any Committee of Directors which is mandatorily required, in the relevant financial year.
- No complaints were filed during the year in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at work place (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

I. AUDIT FEES DETAILS :

During the year fees paid for all services provided by the Statutory Auditors are as follows:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Rs. in Lakhs
1.	Statutory Fees.	5.00
2	Certification charges.	0.20
	TOTAL	5.20

CHART / MATRIX SETTING OUT THE SKILLS /EXPERTISE / COMPETENCE OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Board has identified the following skill set with reference to its business and industry which are available with the Board:

Name of the Director	Designation	Skills/ Expertise in specific functional area	
Mr. Aditya A. Garware	Chairman, Non- Independent / Non-Executive Director	Industrialist in the "domain" of Offshore and Shipping services. Expertise and Experience in Business Strategy, Financial and Corporate Management	
Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah	Non-Independent / Non- Executive Director	Legal & Administration.	
Mr. A. K. Thanavala (ceased w.e.f. 10 th November, 2023.)	Independent Director	Legal, Secretarial and Finance.	
Mr. S.Y. Mulani (ceased w.e.f. 31st March, 2024)	Independent Director	Legal - Practicing Lawyer at High Court & other Court	
Mrs. Faisy Viju	Independent Director	Human Resource Development	
Mr. Jisupriya Guhathakurta (appointed w.e.f. 5 th February, 2024)	Independent Director	Marketing.	
Ms. Smita D. Gaur (appointed w.e.f. 29th March, 2024)	Independent Director	Human Resource Development.	
Mr. M. M. Honkan	Whole-Time Director	Finance & Business.	

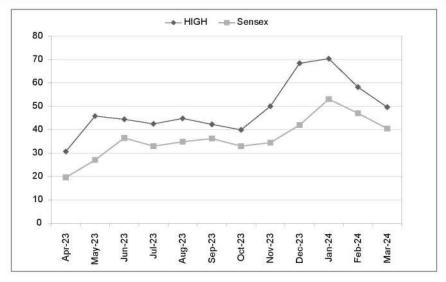


J. No Disqualification Certificate From Company Secretary In Practice:

A Certificate from Messrs. Taher Sapatwala & Associates - Company Secretaries (represented by Mr. Taher S. Sapatwala - Practising Company Secretary) has been obtained confirming that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Board / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority as stipulated under Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

K. SHARE PRICE - HIGH AND LOW ON THE BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE LTD. FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2024

Month	B	SE
	HIGH	LOW
April 2023	30.69	19.60
May 2023	45.84	27.05
June 2023	44.46	36.51
July 2023	42.49	33.00
August 2023	44.84	34.85
September 2023	42.30	36.26
October 2023	39.97	33.00
November 2023	50.05	34.50
December 2023	68.42	42.01
January 2024	70.39	53.10
February 2024	58.23	47.05
March 2024	49.65	40.51



L. GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' INFORMATION

46 th AGM Date Time / Venue	27th September, 2024 11.30 a.m. by Video Conferencing / OAVM.
Financial Year	The Company follows April-March as its financial year. The Unaudited Results for every quarter/s, June, Sept. Dec. are declared within 45 days of the end of the quarter. The Audited Results for the last quarter are declared within 60 days of the end of the financial year.
Dividend Payment Date	N.A.
Corporate Identification No.	L61100MH1976PLC019229.
Listing on Stock Exchange	The Company's shares are presently listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd. (BSE) only. The Company has paid Listing fees for the year 2024-25 to BSE.
Stock Code	Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd 501848
Demat ISIN Number for NSDL & CDSL	INE 446C01013

Registrar and Transfer Agents	Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd. Office No S6-2, 6th floor, Pinnacle Business Park, Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai – 400093, India, Tel.: 022 62638200 (Board Line) Email: info@bigshareonline.com Website: www.bigshareonline.com
Auditors' Certificate on Corporate Governance Report	As required under the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, the Auditors" certificate is given as an Annexure to the Corporate Governance Report.
Distribution of Shareholding & Category-wise distribution	Please Refer Annexure A.
Dematerialisation of shares and liquidity	As on 31st March, 2024, 97.43% of total paid up Equity Capital has been Dematerialised. 100% of the shares held by Promoters are in "demat" mode.
Share Transfer System.	Fortnightly.
The Quarterly Unaudited Financial Results were published in	English – Free Press Journal. Marathi – Nav Shakti. Website : www.globaloffshore.in
GDRS / ADRS	Not Applicable
Plant Location	Not Applicable
Address for Correspondence	Global Offshore Services Ltd. 3rd Floor, Prospect Chambers, D. N. Road, Fort, Mumbai 400001, Tel: 022 35481800 Email: investorredressal@globaloffshore.in
Email address for Investor Complaints	investorredressal@globaloffshore.in

M. CEO/ CFO CERTIFICATION:

The Company has obtained, from the Whole Time Director and Chief Financial Officer, a Certificate Pursuant to Provision of Part D of Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015.

N. CODE OF CONDUCT:

The Company has prescribed and affirmed Code of Conduct for the Board of Directors and Senior Management of the Company. A Declaration duly signed by Chairman is obtained by the Company.

By Order of the Board Sd/-Aditya A. Garware Chairman

Din: 00019816

Place : Mumbai. Dated : 09th August, 2024.

ANNEXURE - `A' THE DISTRIBUTION OF EQUITY SHAREHOLDING AS ON 31ST MARCH, 2024 IS AS FOLLOWS:

NO. OF EQUITY SHARES HELD	NO. OF SHARE- HOLDERS	% OF TOTAL SHARE-HOLDERS	NO. OF SHARES	% OF TOTAL PAID- UP CAPITAL
1 - 500	15,749	87.09	17,64,533	7.14
501-1000	987	5.46	8,08,039	3.27
1001-2000	528	2.92	8,13,699	3.29
2001-3000	239	1.32	6,09,543	2.46
3001-4000	105	0.58	3,79,788	1.54
4001-5000	107	0.59	5,09,463	2.06
5001 -10000	158	0.88	11,77,820	4.76
10001 - 99999999	210	1.16	1,86,65,908	75.48
Total	18,083	100.00	2,47,28,793	100.00

SHAREHOLDING PATTERN AS ON 31ST MARCH, 2024 IS AS FOLLOWS:

Sr. No.	Category	No. of Shares held.	% of Total Paid up Capital
a)	Promoters Holding (including Persons/Corporations Acting in Concert with Promoters)		
	Individuals/HUFs	19,62,132	7.93
	Bodies Corporates (Holding Co./Subsidiaries & Affiliates)	42,94,686	17.37
	Individuals (NRI)	7,83,703	3.17
	Foreign Bodies Corporates	11,90,745	4.82
	Total – Promoters holding	82,31,266	33.29
b)	Non-Promoters Holding		
	Institutional Investors :		
	a. Banks	10,550	0.04
	b. State Government	160	0.00
	c. Mutual Funds	30,050	0.12
	Sub Total	40,760	0.16
	2. Foreign Holding:		
	a. FII's/Foreign Portfolio Investors	1,02,350 12,47,584	0.41
	b. NRIs		5.05
	Sub Total	13,49,934	5.46
_	3. Other BODIES Corporates	25,59,356	10.35
	4. Indian Public	1,18,64,434	47.98
	5. Others-Trusts	3,71,828	1.50
	6. IEPF	3,11,215	1.26
	Sub Total	1,51,06,833	61.09
	Total – Non Promoters Holding	1,64,97,527	66.71
	Grand Total	2,47,28,793	100.00

NOTE:

Total Foreign Shareholding is 33,24,382 shares i.e. 13.45%.

Independent Auditors' Certificate on Compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance under SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To,

The Members of Global Offshore Services Ltd

 We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Global Offshore Services Ltd ('the Company'), for the year ended March 31, 2024, as per Regulation 17 to 27, Clause (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and Paragraph C, D, and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations').

2. Managements' Responsibility

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control and procedures to ensure the compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance in the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Auditor's Responsibility

- Our examination has been limited to a review of the procedures and implementations thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statement of the Company.
- 4. We conducted our examination in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes (Revised 2016) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). The Guidance Note requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.
- 5. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of historical Financial Information, and other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

Opinion

- 6. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us and based on the representations made by the Directors and Management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in Regulation 17 to 27, Clause (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and Paragraph C, D, and E of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, as applicable.
- We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness
 with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Restrictions on use

This certificate is issued solely for the purpose of complying with the aforesaid Regulations and may not be suitable for any other purpose

For D. Kothary & Co.

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration no. 105335W)
Sd/Deepak O Narsaria
(Partner)
Membership No. 121190
UDIN: 241211908KB0UX8192

Place: Mumbai. Date: 9th August, 2024.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of

Global Offshore Services Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **Global Offshore Services Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2024, the loss and other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. There are no key audit matters to be disclosed.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following point: -

1) Impairment of Investment

- During the year, the Company has reduced its stake in one of its subsidiary Global Offshore Services B.V. from 68% to now 28%, resulting in a loss of control under Ind AS 110 as of March 31, 2024. Accordingly there will be a realized loss of Rs. 6661.77 lakhs due to the sale of 40% stake. Also, considering the fair value of the erstwhile subsidiary, the Company has made an impairment provision of Rs. 4666.16 lakhs for the balance 28% stake. (also refer note 28.5)
- 2) In view of the Axis Bank Loan Settlement, the Company has written back its balance outstanding Loan of Rs. 131 lakhs and Interest payable of Rs. 496.77 lakhs during the quarter. (also refer note 22)

Our report is not modified in respect of the above matter.

Information Other than the Standalone financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report, Corporate Governance Report, and Shareholder Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the standalone financial position, standalone financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal standalone financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's standalone financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our
 opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal standalone financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of subsection (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these standalone financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B" to this report.
 - (g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended 31st March, 2024 has been paid/ provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company has disclosed the pending litigations which has impact on its financial position in its financial statements Refer Note 35 to the standalone financial statements.



- The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31st March, 2024.
- iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in Note 36(v) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in Note 36(vi) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. Dividend has not been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has widely used Tally Prime as its accounting software for maintaining its books of account, but the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not enabled during the financial year.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirement for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024.

For D. Kothary & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 105335W)

Deepak O. Narsaria (Partner) Membership No. 121190 UDIN: 24121190BKBOTE9763

Place: Mumbai Date: May 29, 2024

Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the members of the Company of even date)

- i. Property, Plant and Equipment:
 - a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and right of use assets.
 - (B) The Company does not have any intangible assets.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of Property, plant and equipment and right of use assets by which all Property, Plant and Equipment and right of use assets of the Company are being verified in a phased manner over period of 3 years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its business. Pursuant to the program, certain property, plant and equipment and right of use assets has been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
 - According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right-of-use assets) during the year;
 - According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, there
 are no proceedings initiated and are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions
 (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder;

ii Inventory

- a) We are unable to attend the physical inventory count at the year end to determine the actual quantity of the inventory included in the standalone financial statement due to the impracticality to attend the physical inventory count at the end of the standalone financial year. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and coverage and procedure of such verification is appropriate and no material discrepancies were noticed.
- b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of `. 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the company has not made investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to any other entity during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(iii)(a) to clauses 3(iii)(f) of the order is not applicable to the company
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not entered into any transaction covered under section 185 and section 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iv) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- v. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the company and hence clause (vi) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

vii. Statutory Dues:

- (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of accounts in respect of undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Duty of Custom or Cess or other statutory dues applicable to the Company have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities.
 - Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Duty of Custom or Cess or other statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company on account of any dispute.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

ix. Loans, Borrowings

- a) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

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- c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no unutilised term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause (ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used for long term purposes.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiary.
- f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary.
- x. Initial Public Offer, Further Public Offer:
 - a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(x) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the order is not applicable

xi. Fraud:

- a) To the best of our knowledge, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- b) To the best of our knowledge, no report under Sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
- c) As represented to us by the Management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year and up to the date of this report.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. Internal Audit:
 - a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system as per the provisions of section 138 of the Act which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - b) We have considered, the internal audit reports issued to the Company during the year and covering the period upto 31st March, 2024.
- xv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

xvi. RBI Act:

- a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- b) According to the information and explanation provided to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the group (as per the provisions of the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any Core Investment Company and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year covered by our audit but it has incurred cash losses of Rs. 1,980.35 lakhs (prior to exceptional items) in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. The provisions of section 135 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.

For D. Kothary & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 105335W)

Deepak O. Narsaria (Partner) Membership No. 121190 UDIN: 24121190BKBOTE9763

Place: Mumbai Date: May 29, 2024

Annexure - B

(Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"))

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Global Offshore Services Limited** ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2024, in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets
 of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For D. Kothary & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 105335W)

Deepak O. Narsaria (Partner) Membership No. 121190 UDIN: 24121190BKBOTE9763

Place: Mumbai Date: May 29, 2024

Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2024

D-	rticulars	Note	As at	(Rs. in lakhs) As at
Pa	rticulars	Note	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
_	ASSETS	140.	0 13t March 2024	OTST WATCH 2020
1	Non-current assets			
	(a) Property, plant and equipment	5A	11,740.93	12,878.68
	(b) Right of Use Assets	5B	271.18	, in the second
	(c) Financial assets			
	(i) Investments			
	(a) Investments in subsidiaries	6A	-	11,332.10
	(b) Other investments	6B	13.72	7.76
	(ii) Loans	7	•	-
	(iii) Other financial assets	8A 9		-
	(d) Deferred Tax Assets	10A	35.52	12.72
	(e) Other non - current assets Total non-current assets	IUA	12,061.35	24,231.26
2	Current assets		12,001.33	24,231.20
_	(a) Inventories	11	957.07	1,110.25
	(b) Financial assets	28/28	557.51	1,110.20
	(i) Trade receivables	12	459.12	361.16
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	13	322.79	16.98
	(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	14	208.46	608.46
	(iv) Other financial assets	8B	15.89	3.41
	(c) Other current assets	10B	58.84	116.15
	(d) Income tax assets		58.80	687.90
	(e) Assets classified as held for sale		-	1,340.25
	Total current assets		2,080.97	4,244.56
	Total Assets		14,142.32	28,475.82
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		14, 142.02	20,473.02
	EQUITY			
	(a) Equity share capital	15	2,472.88	2,472.88
	(b) Other equity		7,389.95	19,484.60
	Total Equity		9,862.83	21,957.48
	LIABILITIES			V- 307E- 100000000
1	Non-current liabilities			
	(a) Financial liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	16A		383.83
	(ii) Lease Liability	16C	234.11	
	(iii) Other financial liabilities	17A	2.00	0.00
	(b) Provisions Total non-current liabilities	18A	236.11	0.90 384.73
2	Current liabilities		230,11	304.73
_	(a) Financial liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	16B	2,118.96	3,530.29
	(ii) Lease Liability	16C	45.40	-
	(iii) Trade payables	19		
	- Total outstanding dues of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises		-	
	 Total outstanding dues of creditor's other than Micro, Small and 		753.05	1,220.38
	Medium Enterprises			
	(iv) Other financial liabilities	17B	948.93	1,245.49
	(b) Provisions	18B	7.32	
	(c) Other current liabilities	20	169.72	137.45
-	Total current liabilities		4,043.38	6,133.61
10	tal Equity and Liabilities		14,142.32	28,475.82

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements
As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of the Board

For D. Kothary & Co. Aditya Garware J. M. Guhathakurta M. M. Honkan **Chartered Accountants** Wholetime Director Director Chairman Firm Reg. No. 105335W DIN: 00019816 DIN: 10306595

DIN: 08392886 Deepak O. Narsaria P. S. Shah A. C. Chandarana Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary Membership No. 121190 & President - Legal & Admn.

Mumbai, 29th May 2024 Mumbai, 29th May 2024

UDIN: 24121190BKBOTE9763

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2024

(Rs. in lakhs)

Parti	iculars	Note	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
1	Revenue from operations	21	2,995.83	2,960.94
II	Other income	22	768.79	8.67
Ш	Total income (I + II)		3,764.62	2,969.61
IV	Expenses			
	Fleet operating expenses	23	1,683.16	3,575.72
	Employee benefits expense	24	428.96	450.93
	Finance costs	25	203.23	315.48
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	26	1,226.65	2,413.65
	Other expenses	27	661.63	607.83
	Total expenses (IV)		4,203.63	7,363.61
v	Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax		(439.01)	(4,394.00)
VI	Add/ (Less) Exceptional items	28	(11,459.17)	21,728.17
VII	Profit / (Loss) before tax		(11,898.18)	17,334.17
VIII	Tax expense			
	Current tax - Debit/(Credit)	29	60.00	26.86
	Reversal of MAT Credit		-	89.09
	Tax for earlier years - Debit/(Credit)		137.03	18.65
			197.03	134.60
IX	Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations after tax (VII - VIII)		(12,095.21)	17,199.57
X	Other comprehensive income			
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans : Gain / (Loss)		(5.40)	3.98
	Fair value of investment through other comprehensive income		5.96	(7.32)
	Other comprehensive income for the year (X)		0.56	(3.34)
ΧI	Total comprehensive income for the year (IX + X)		(12,094.65)	17,196.23
XII	Earnings /(Loss) per equity share of Rs. 10 each (for continuing operations)			
	Basic / Diluted	32	(48.91)	69.55

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of the Board

For D. Kothary & Co.

Chartered Accountants
Chairman
Director
Firm Reg. No. 105335W

Aditya Garware
Chairman
Director
DIN: 00019816

DIN: 10306595

M. M. Honkan
Wholetime Director
DIN: 08392886

Deepak O. NarsariaP. S. ShahA. C. ChandaranaPartnerChief Financial OfficerCompany SecretaryMembership No. 121190& President - Legal & Admn.UDIN: 24121190BKBOTE9763

Mumbai, 29th May 2024 Mumbai, 29th May 2024



Standalone Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31st March 2024

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024	Year ended 31st March, 2023
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit / (Loss) for the year (before tax)	(11,898.18)	17,334.17
Adjustments for:		
Finance costs recognized in profit and loss	203.23	315.48
Interest income recognized in profit and loss	(14.96)	(8.67)
Profit on sale of property plant and equipments	(174.62)	(420.53)
Depreciation and amortisation of non-current assets	1,226.65	2,413.65
Provision for impairment of property, plant and Equipment		4,174.66
Provision for impairment of Investments	4,666.16	-
Loss on Sale of Investments	6,661.77	-
Loss on sale of assets	282.03	15,960.34
Reversal of Loan and related financial liability		(41,496.04)
Exchange loss on loan and interest restatement/(gain)	23.83	53.40
	975.91	(1,673.54)
Movements in working capital:		
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	(97.96)	487.40
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	153.18	334.69
(Increase)/Decrease in other assets	27.13	(85.08)
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	(467.33)	505.58
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	3.02	3.58
Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities - current	193.38	339.86
Increase/(Decrease) in other liabilities	32.26	65.46
Cash generated from operations	819.59	(22.05)
Less: Income taxes paid/Refund recevied including Interest on Income tax refund (net)	433.16	(78.83)
Net cash generated from operating activities (A)	1,252.75	(100.88)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest received	1.39	0.01
Payments for property, plant and equipment and capital work-in-progress	(478.68)	(1,104.77)
Proceeds from disposal of Investments	4.17	-
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,670.47	7,706.54
Net cash generated/(used in) from investing activities (B)	1,197.35	6,601.78
Cash flows from financing activities		
Short term borrowings (net of receipts)	(572.29)	(569.23)
Long term borrowing (net of receipts)	(1,239.86)	(6,161.18)
Lease Liability Payments	(32.14)	-
Interest paid	(700.00)	(198.75)
Net cash used in financing activities (C)	(2,544.29)	(6,929.16)
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(94.19)	(428.26)
AMERICAN AND TO A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF T		7 (2-2-2)

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of the Board

For D. Kothary & Co.Aditya GarwareJ. M. GuhathakurtaM. M. HonkanChartered AccountantsChairmanDirectorWholetime DirectorFirm Reg. No. 105335WDIN : 00019816DIN : 10306595DIN : 08392886

Deepak O. Narsaria
Partner
Chief Financial Officer
Membership No. 121190

A. C. Chandarana
Company Secretary
& President - Legal & Admn.

625.44

531.25

1,053.70

625.44

Mumbai, 29th May 2024 Mumbai, 29th May 2024

UDIN: 24121190BKBOTE9763

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31st March 2024

(Rs. in lakhs)

Α	Equity share capital	
	Balance as at 1st April 2022	2,472.88
	Changes in equity share capital during the year	
	Balance as at 31st March 2023	2,472.88
	Changes in equity share capital during the year	
	Balance as at 31st March 2024	2,472.88

(Rs. in lakhs)

	Particulars		Reserves and Surplus				Items of other comprehensive income		Total
		Securities Premium Account	Tonnage Tax Reserves U/s. 115VT of Income Tax Act	Tonnage Tax Reserve (Utilised)	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	Equity Instrument through Other Com- prehensive Income	Remea- surement of Defined Benefit Plans	
В	Other equity								
	Balance as at 1st April 2022	8,659.78	610.00	7,267.00	8,190.09	(22,433.11)	(22.59)	17.20	2,288.37
	Profit / (Loss) for the year			-		17,199.57	-	-	17,199.57
	Other Comprehensive Income/ (Loss) (net of tax)		-	2	-	•	(7.32)	3.98	(3.34)
	Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss)for the year	2		-21	1041	17,199.57	(7.32)	3.98	17,196.23
	Transactions during the year	2	-	-	-		_		12
	Balance as at 31 March 2023	8,659.78	610.00	7,267.00	8,190.09	(5,233.54)	(29.91)	21.18	19,484.60
	Profit / (Loss) for the year	-		-	/e-	(12,095.21)	-	-	(12,095.21)
	Other Comprehensive Income/ (Loss) (net of tax)		-	2	1-		5.96	(5.40)	0.56
	Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year	2	<u>.</u>	.20	1921	(12,095.21)	5.96	(5.40)	(12,094.65)
	Transactions during the year	2	-	-	-		<u> </u>	-	12
	Balance as at 31st March 2024	8,659.78	610.00	7,267.00	8,190.09	(17,328.75)	(23.95)	15.78	7,389.95

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board

For D. Kothary & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 105335W Aditya Garware Chairman DIN: 00019816 J. M. Guhathakurta Director DIN: 10306595 M. M. Honkan Wholetime Director DIN: 08392886

Deepak O. Narsaria Partner

Membership No. 121190 UDIN: 24121190BKBOTE9763 P. S. Shah Chief Financial Officer A. C. Chandarana Company Secretary & President - Legal & Admn.

Mumbai, 29th May 2024

Mumbai, 29th May 2024

1 General Information

Global Offshore Services Limited, is engaged in the business of Owning, Operating and chartering offshore support vessels. The Company is engaged in providing offshore support services to exploration and production Companies. The Company's vessels support oil and gas exploration activities as well as offshore projects.

2 Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements (on standalone basis) of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time.

Accounting polices are consistently applied except where new issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in accounting policy hitherto in use.

2.2 Overall consideration

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.

The standalone financial statement has been prepared considering all Ind AS notified by MCA till reporting date i.e. 31st March 2024. The significant accounting policies used in preparing the financial statements are set out in note 3 of the notes to the standalone financial statement.

2.3 Functional and Presentation currency

The financial statements are prepared in Indian Rupees which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts are rounded to the nearest rupee in lakhs.

2.4 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal market or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. The fair value hierarchy is described as below:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted price in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of fair value hierarchy.

Fair values have been determined for measurement and / or disclosure purpose using methods as prescribed in "Ind AS 113 Fair Value Measurement".

2.5 Use of significant accounting estimates, judgements and assumptions

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as on the date of financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses for the periods presented. The Company bases its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

Key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Significant estimates and critical judgement in applying these accounting policies are described below:

i) Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on industry practice, Company's past history and existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

ii) Contingencies

Management judgement is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of contingencies / claim / litigations against the Company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy.

iii) Measurement of defined benefit plan & other long term benefits

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan / other long term benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation / other long term benefits are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation / other long term benefits is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

iv) Impairment of investment in subsidiaries

In the opinion of the management, investments/ advances in subsidiaries are considered long term and strategic in nature. However the management has evaluated the impairment test for each of investment in subsidiary considering all the external and internal factors. Accordingly an impairment provision has been made in the financial statement. The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors.

v) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of a) fair value of assets less cost of disposal and b) its value in use. Value in use is the present value of future cash flows expected to derive from an assets or Cash-Generating Unit (CGU).

Based on the assessment done at each balance sheet date, recognised impairment loss is further provided or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. After recognition of impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss as applicable, the depreciation charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life. If the conditions leading to recognition of impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased, impairment losses recognised are reversed to the extent it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined after considering depreciation / amortisation had no impairment loss been recognised in earlier years.

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

3.1 Presentation and disclosure of standalone financial statement

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the division II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 for a Company whose financial statements are made in compliance with the Companies (India Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

Based on the nature of service and the time between rendering of services and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, 12 months has been considered by the Company for the purpose of current / non-current classification of assets and liabilities

3.2 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government and discounts given to the customers.

3.2.1 Time Charter earnings

Revenue is net of GST, rebates and other similar allowances. Revenue from the sale of service is recognized when the services are delivered, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- · the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company;
- · the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

3.2.2 Dividend and interest income

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the Company's right to receive payment has been established.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

3.3 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

3.4 Taxation

3.4.1 Current tax

Provision of current income-tax is made on the basis of the assessable income under the income tax Act, 1961. Income from shipping activities is assessed on the basis of deemed tonnage income of the Company.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) Credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

3.4.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applicable in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting year.

3.4.3 Current and deferred tax for the year

During the year, the Company has not recognised any deferred tax asset in the absence of reasonable certainty of profits in the future.

3.5 Property, plant and equipment

For transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of its property, plant and equipment recognized as at 1st April 2016 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.

Cost includes purchase price, inward freight, taxes and expenses incidental to acquisition and installation, up to the point the asset is ready for its intended use.

When an asset is scrapped or otherwise disposed, the cost and related depreciation are removed from the books and the resultant profit or loss (including capital profit), if any, is reflected in the statement of profit and loss.

The estimated useful life and residual value is reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

The economic useful life of vessels is 27 years.

3.6 Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment

3.6.1 On fleet

Depreciation has been arrived at on straight line method at the rate arrived at so as to provide 95% of the total cost of each vessel over its balance economic useful life. For this purpose the economic useful life of vessels is estimated as 27 years. Any additions or extensions to existing vessels which forms an integral part of the vessels is depreciated by 95% over the remaining useful life of the vessels.

3.6.2 On Motor Vehicles

Depreciation is arrived at on straight line method at 25% p.a. of the cost, based on the estimated useful life of 4 (four) years for the motor vehicles

3.6.3 On Other Assets

Depreciation on other assets is charged in the accounts on the Straight Line method at the rates prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

3.7 Inventories

- (a) The Stock of stores and spares on board the ships is valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. (FIFO Basis)
- (b) The Stock of fuel and lubes owned by the Company is valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. (FIFO Basis)

The Cost comprises of cost of purchases, duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable) and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition. Cost of inventories is arrived at after providing for cost of obsolescence.

3.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

3.9 Investment in subsidiaries

The Company has availed the optional exemption under Ind AS 101 and accordingly it has used the carrying value as at the date of transition i.e. 1st April 2016 as the deemed cost for investment in subsidiaries. The Company's investment in instruments of subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment loss if any.

3.9.1 Investment in Associate

Investments in associates are initially recognized at cost, which includes transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Subsequently, these investments are measured using the equity method, where the carrying amount is adjusted for the investor's share of the associate's profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Any dividends received from the associate reduce the carrying amount of the investment. The investment is tested for impairment whenever there is an indication that the investment may be impaired, in line with Ind AS 36.

3.10 Financial asset

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and de-recognized on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognized financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

3.10.1 Financial assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit and loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit and loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'Other Income / Other expenses' line item. Dividend on financial assets at FVTPL is recognized when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

3.10.2 Financial Assets at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets at FVTOCI are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in Other Comprehensive Income.

3.10.3 Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies the expected credit loss model (ECL) for recognising impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost, trade receivables, other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset, and financial guarantees not designated as at

For trade receivables or any contractual rights to receive cash or another financial assets that results from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 18, the Company always measures their allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivable, the Company has used a practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

3.10.4 Derecognition of financial assets

The Company de-recognizes a financial asset when contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognizes its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

3.11 Foreign Exchange Transaction

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the standard exchange rates determined monthly. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency, remaining unsettled at the period end are re-stated at closing rates. The difference in translation of monetary assets and liabilities and realised gains and losses on foreign currency transactions (including those relating to acquisition of depreciable assets) is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

Foreign Exchange gain or loss on restatement of long term foreign currency borrowing is recognised in the profit and loss.

In the previous GAAP the Company has created Foreign Exchange Hedge Reserve and any foreign exchange gain or loss on restatement were transfer to this account and subsequently on actual realisation of exchange gain / loss, such amount is transfer to the profit and loss account. Under Ind-AS-21 -The effects in changes in foreign exchange rates, exchange gain / loss on such restatement of foreign currency loans needs to charge to profit and loss account. Accordingly on transition date i.e. 01/04/2016, debit balance in Hedge Reserve Account amounting to Rs. 3735.90 lakhs have been transferred to retained earnings.

3.12 Leases

In accordance with Ind-AS 116, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, in case of short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

In case of long-term leases, the right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates. The lease liability is subsequently re-measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

A lease liability is re-measured upon the occurrence of certain events such as a change in the lease term or a change in an index or rate used to determine lease payments. The remeasurement normally also adjusts the leased assets. Lease liability and ROU assets are separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments are classified as financing cash flows.

3.13 Employee benefits

The Defined benefit plan

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed periodically by an independent qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements. Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income (OCI). Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

3.14 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost or at FVTPL.

3.14.1 Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognized in profit and loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit and loss is included in the 'Other Income / Other expenses' line item.

3.14.2 Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held for trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost.

3.14.3 Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company de-recognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired.

3.15 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are segregated.

3.16 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the events for bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue to existing shareholders, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares). Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3.17 Segment Reporting

The Company is engaged in only one type of business i.e. ownership/charter of offshore support vessels. There are no separate reportable segments.

3.18 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the management of the Company is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

4 Amendment to Existing issued Ind AS

Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended 31st March, 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

5A - Property, Plant and Equipment

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Office	Fleet	Office	Furniture	Vehicles	Computers	Total
	Premises		equipment	& fixtures			
Gross Carring Value	V525	3				3	
Balance as at 31st March 2022	1,241.45	58,339.34	3.36	59.75	43.21	24.48	59,711.59
Additions	-	1,101.90	0.69	(50)		2.18	1,104.77
Disposals	(738.24)	(32,285.60)		(C=)	(34.51)	:=:	(33,058.35)
Transfer to Assets held for disposal		(8,327.65)	-	-		-	(8,327.65)
Balance as at 31st March 2023	503.21	18,827.99	4.05	59.75	8.70	26.66	19,430.36
Additions	-	477.61	14	(4)	-	1.07	478.68
Disposals	(503.21)		(4.05)	(59.75)	-	-	(567.01)
Balance as at 31st March 2024	-	19,305.60	-	0.00	8.70	27.73	19,342.03
Accoumulated Depreciation, Amortisation & Impairment		**************************************					
Balance as at 31st March 2022	132.80	16,508.45	2.91	59.75	43.21	15.64	16,762.76
Depreciation expense	20.29	2,390.91	1.14		-	1.32	2,413.66
Disposals	(95.70)	(9,681.79)	_	2043	(34.51)		(9,812.00)
Impairment	-	4,174.66		(+)	-	-	4,174.66
Transfer to Assets held for disposal		(6,987.40)		-	-	:-	(6,987.40)
Balance as at 31st March 2023	57.39	6,404.83	4.05	59.75	8.70	16.96	6,551.68
Depreciation expense	8.19	1,165.99	-	-	-	4.62	1,178.80
Disposals	(65.58)	_	(4.05)	(59.75)		(-)	(129.38)
Balance as at 31st March 2024	-	7,570.82			8.70	21.58	7,601.10
Carrying / net block amount)
Balance as at 31st March 2023	445.82	12,423.16		65.0	-	9.70	12,878.68
Balance as at 31st March 2024		11,734.78	-	-		6.15	11,740.93

⁵A.1(a) The title deeds of all the immoveable properties (other than properties where the Company is a lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Company.

5A.1(b) The Company has not carried out any revaluation of its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.

5B - Right to Use (ROU)

Particulars	Amount
THE PARTY OF THE P	(Rs. In lakhs)
Gross Carring Value	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Balance as at 31st March 2022	-
Additions	
Disposals	
Transfer to Assets held for disposal	
Balance as at 31st March 2023	(1 4)
Additions	319.03
Disposals	75
Balance as at 31st March 2024	319.03
Accoumulated Depreciation, Amortisation & Impairment	
Balance as at 31st March 2022	
Depreciation expense	701
Disposals	
Balance as at 31st March 2023	(B)
Depreciation expense	47.85
Disposals	
Balance as at 31st March 2024	47.85
Balance as at 31st March 2023	-
Balance as at 31st March 2024	271.18

⁽a) The Company has applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in a similar economic environment. Consequently, the Company has recorded its lease liability and ROU (Right-of-Use) asset using the present value of remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial recognition.

The ROU value also includes any initial direct payments made towards the lease and the value of unwinding interest on security deposits, if any. Such ROU assets have been amortized over the lease period and accounted for as depreciation on ROU assets.

⁽b) The Company does not recognize ROU assets and lease liabilities for leases with less than twelve months of lease term or within the normal business operating cycles and low-value assets on the date of initial application.

6 - Investments (Rs. in lakhs)

	Par	ticulars	As at 31st N	larch 2024	As at 31st M	arch 2023
	-0.00000	607 (A) (B) 609 (B) (A)	Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
	Nor	n- current				
6A	Inve	estment in subsidiaries (fully paid)				
	Und	quoted (all fully paid)				
	Equ	uity instruments (at cost)				
	(i)	Garware Offshore International Services Pte Limited (Face Value of Equity Shares of US\$ 1 each)	4,870,001	2,273.58	4,870,001	2,273.58
		Less : Provision for diminution in value of investment		(2,273.58)		(2,273.58)
		Total		- 1		2
	(ii)	Global Offshore Services B. V. (Face Value EURO 1 /- each) (subsidiary till 26th March, 2024)	19,255,381	18,183.57	19,255,381	18,183.57
		Less : Provision for diminution in value of investment		(6,851.47)		(6,851.47)
			19,255,381	11,332.10	19,255,381	11,332.10
		Less : Sale of Investment	11,326,500	4.17		4
		3	7,928,881	11,327.93		11,332.10
		Less : Loss on sale of Investment		(6,661.77)		
			×-	4,666.16		11,332.10
		Less : Provision for Impairment of Investment		(4,666.16)		× 5
		Total	7,928,881		19,255,381	11,332.10
6B	Oth	ner Investments			100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	Que	oted (fully paid)				
		uity instruments (fair value through other comprehensive ome)				
	Gar	rware Marine Industries Limited (Face Value of Rs. 10/- each)	129,330	13.72	129,330	7.76
		Total		13.72		7.76

- During the year, the Company reduced its holding in Global Offshore Services B. V. by 58.82%, resulting in a reclassification of the
 investment from a subsidiary to an associate. Given the ongoing financial challenges, including continuous losses and a negative net worth
 of the associate, the Company has recognized an impairment provision for the remaining investment in the associate.
- 2. The non-current investments in unquoted equity shares of subsidiaries are stated at amortised cost less impairment if any.
- 3. The Company has made provision for diminution in value of investment for :
 - (i) Garware Offshore International Services Pte Ltd. due to negative net worth and future uncertainty in terms of operations.
 - (ii) Global Offshore Services B.V., erstwhile subsidiary and the financial condition of the same
- 4. The fair value of other investments (Non-current and Current) as at 31st March 2024 and 31st March 2023 have been arrived at on the basis of closing market price of the said quoted investments on a recognized stock exchange.

7 - Loans (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Non-Current			
(Unsecured, Considered Good, unless otherwise stated)			
Loan to subsidiary Company		-	1,185.88
Less: Provision for doubtful loans and advances		•	(1,185.88)
	Total	:=:	

The Company has made provision for loans and advances recoverable from subsidiaries.

7.1 Reconciliation of Loan Provision as below

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particular	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Opening Provision	1,185.88	1,785.88
Less : Write off made during the year	1,185.88	600.00
Closing Balance		1,185.88

During the year, the Company has written off Loans amounting to 1,185.88 (Previous year Rs. 600.00 lakhs) receivable from Global Offshore Services B.V.



		(Rs. in lakhs)
	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Non-current total	-	*
	0.25	0.25
	15.64	3.16
Current total	15.89	3.41
Total	15.89	3.41
	Current total	Non-current total -

For the financial assets that are measured at amortised cost, the fair values are not materially different from their carrying amounts, since they are either of short term nature or interest receivable is close to current market rates.

9- Deferred Tax Assets/Liabilities		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Deferred Tax Assets		
MAT Credit Entitlement		
Opening Balance	t -	136.64
Add: Recognition of earlier year MAT credit in the current year	-	-
Less: Utilisation of MAT credit for payment of taxes	3 .5 .	(47.55)
Less : Charge off of Excess MAT credit		(89.09)
Closing Balance		

The Company, with effect from financial year 2022-2023 has chosen to exercise the option of lower tax rate of 25.17% (inclusive of surcharge and cess) under Section 115BAA of the Income- tax Act 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) ordinance 2019. Accordingly outstanding MAT liability has been written off.

10 - O	ther Assets			(Rs. in lakhs)
Partic	culars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
10A	Non-current			
	Security Deposits		27.02	4.22
	Deposits with Customs, Port Trust and Court of law.		8.50	8.50
		Non-current total	35.52	12.72
10B	Current			
	Advances to Suppliers		19.20	61.54
	Prepaid expenses		7.05	7.02
	GST & Other taxes recoverable		32.59	47.59
		Current total	58.84	116.15
		Total	94.36	128.87

- Inventories			(Rs. in lakhs)
nrticulars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
ventories (lower of cost and net realisable value)			
ock of Stores, Spares & Consumables		957.07	1,110.25
	Total	957.07	1,110.25
	Total	957.0)7

Loan assigned to the Asset Restructuring Company by Company's erstwhile Term Lenders, is secured by way of first charge on inventories. Mode of valuation is mentioned in note 3.7.

12 - Trade receivables			(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Unsecured, considered doubt full for more than six months		1,151.94	1,151.94
Unsecured, considered good - others		459.12	361.16
Less : Expected Credit Loss		(1,151.94)	(1,151.94)
	Total	459.12	361.16

Trade receivables are recognized at their original invoiced amounts which represent their fair values on initial recognition. Trade receivables are considered to be of short duration and are not discounted. The carrying values are equivalent to their fair values. All trade receivables are reviewed and assessed for default on a regular basis. Trade receivables are generaly from customers having high credit quality and strong financials. In determining the allowances for doubtful trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on historical credit loss experience which is adjusted for forward looking information.

Trade Receivable Ageing :		(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Considered good		
Undisputed		
- Less than 6 months	363.72	208.68
- 6 months – 1 years	<u> </u>	34.74
- 1-2 years	-	1.47
-2-3 years	-	
- More than 3 years	_	13
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	363.72	244.89
Disputed		
- Less than 6 months	-	
- 6 months – 1 years		
- 1-2 years	95.40	116.27
-2-3 years		33.53
- More than 3 years	_	82
- More than 5 years	95.40	116.27
	30.40	110.27
Considered doubful		
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Undisputed		
- Less than 6 months		-
- 6 months – 1 years	-	2
- 1-2 years		
-2-3 years		S-
- More than 3 years	1,151.94	1,151.94
	1,151.94	1,151.94
Disputed		
- Less than 6 months	-	-
- 6 months – 1 years		ä
- 1-2 years	·-	-
-2-3 years	-	1-
- More than 3 years	N=	
		5=
Reconcilation of expected credit loss provision		
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Opening Balance	1,151.94	1,151.94
Additional provision made during the year		
Write back during the year	•	2
Write off during the year		
	1,151.94	1,151.94

13 - Cash and cash equivalents			(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Cash on hand		13.75	7.47
Balances with Banks			
In current accounts		309.04	9.51
	Total	322.79	16.98

14 - Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalents (Rs. in lakhs) Particulars As at 31st March 2024 As at 31st March 2023 Deposits with Banks on Margin Account 208.46 208.46 Deposit with Bank 400.00 Total 208.46 608.46

Deposits with Bank on Margin Account are 100% (+) deposits kept with the bank against guarantees issued on behalf of the Company to charterers.

15 - Equity Share capital	(Rs. in lakhs)
---------------------------	----------------

Particulars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Authorised			
3,20,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each		3,200.00	3,200.00
1,50,000 Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each		150.00	150.00
1,50,000 Cumulative Convertible Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each		150.00	150.00
	Total	3,500.00	3,500.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up			
2,47,28,793 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each, fully paid up		2,472.88	2,472.88
	Total	2,472.88	2,472.88

	Particulars	No. of shares	Rs. in lakhs
15A	Fully paid equity shares		
	As at 1 April 2022	24,728,793	2,472.88
	Issued during year	i e	-
	As at 31 March 2023	24,728,793	2,472.88
	Issued during year	€	-
	As at 31 March 2024	24,728,793	2,472.88

	Particulars _	As at 31st March 2024		As at 31st March 2023		
		Number of shares held in the Company	Percentage of shares held	Number of shares held in the Company	Percentage of shares held	
15B	Shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares					
	Fully paid equity shares					
	Sushma Ashok Garware	17,88,418	7.23%	17,88,418	7.23%	
	Garware Marine Industries Ltd.	14,51,886	5.87%	14,51,886	5.87%	
	Universal Investments Services Pvt Ltd.	14,37,838	5.81%	14,37,688	5.81%	
	Total	46,78,142	18.91%	46,77,992	18.91%	

15C Disclosure of shareholding of promoters / persons acting in concert as at March 31, 2024 is as follows:

Part	iculars	As at 31st March 2024		As at 31st March 2023		% of changes	% of changes
		Number of shares held in the Company	Percentage of Total share	Number of shares held in the Company	Percentage of Total share	during the year	during the previous year
1	Sushma Garware	1,788,418	7.23	1,788,418	7.23	0.00%	14.03%
2	Garware Marine Ind.Ltd.	1,451,886	5.87	1,451,886	5.87	0.00%	0.00%
3	Universal Investment Services Pvt. Ltd.	1,437,838	5.81	1,437,688	5.81	0.01%	-13.40%
4	Rondor Overseas Ltd.	1,190,745	4.82	1,190,745	4.82	0.00%	0.00%
5	Aditya Garware	783,703	3.17	783,703	3.17	0.00%	0.00%
6	Adsu Trading Investment Co. Pvt. Ltd.	525,181	2.12	525,181	2.12	0.00%	0.00%
7	Mauve Trading & Investment Co. Pvt. Ltd.	368,706	1.49	368,556	1.49	0.04%	0.68%
8	Shesu Trading & Investment Co Pvt. Ltd.	327,750	1.33	327,750	1.33	0.00%	0.00%
9	Masu Trading & Investment Co. Pvt. Ltd.	180,900	0.74	180,750	0.74	0.08%	0.00%
10	Maneesha Shatul Shah	120,988	0.49	120,988	0.49	0.00%	0.00%
11	A. B. Garware Huf	30,506	0.13	30,506	0.13	0.00%	0.00%
12	Shefali Bajaj	17,000	0.07	17,000	0.07	0.00%	0.00%
13	Ashesh Chandarana	3,607	0.01	3,607	0.01	0.00%	0.00%
14	Garware Goa Nets Ltd.	2,425	0.01	2,425	0.01	0.00%	0.00%
15	Narendra S. Surve	200	0.00	200	0.00	0.00%	-69.47%
16	Sheela Shashikant Garware	551	0.00	551	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
17	Shashikant B Garware	551	0.00	551	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
18	Keyur S. Dave	100	0.00	100	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
19	Pradip S Shah	100	0.00	100	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
20	Anita Chandrkant Garware	51	0.00	51	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
21	Shyamsunder V Atre	50	0.00	50	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
22	Ajay C. Gandhi	10	0.00	10	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
	Total	8,231,266	33.29	8,230,816	33.29		

15D Terms / Rights attached to equity shares

- The Company has only one class of equity shares having face value of Rs. 10 per share. The equity shares rank pari passu in all respects including voting rights and entitlement of dividend.
- ii) In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any, in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

16 - Financial liabilities (Rs. in lakhs)

	Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
16A	Non- Current Borrowings		
	Phoenix ARC Private Limited	96.96	1,319.83
	(Refer note below)		300000 - 1000 -
	Total Non-Current Borrowings	96.96	1,319.83
	Less: Current maturities of Long term borrowings	96.96	936.00
	Non- Current Borrowings (as per balance sheet)	.=	383.83

Terms and Conditions

The amount payable to Phoenix ARC Private Limited is secured by way of :

- 1. Exclusive charge on the vessels (1 AHTSV and 1 PSV) owned by the Company.
- 2. First charge on all current assets including stores, spares, lube oil and Book debts.

(Rs. in lakhs)

			V
		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
16B	Current Borrowings		
	Unsecured loan from banks	7.E	1,423.51
	Intercorporate Deposits	1,197.50	1,170.78
	Current maturities of long term debts	96.96	936.00
	Unsecured loan from Others	824.50	i e
	Total Current Borrowings	2,118.96	3,530.29

- The Company during the year, has sold its remaining Office Premises. From the sale proceeds, the Company has utilised part of the Proceed to pay/prepay to Phoenix ARC Pvt. Ltd.
- (ii) The Company, during the year, has arrived at a settlement of an Unsecured Demand Loan facility from one lender and has repaid the same in its entirety. Necessary entries have been passed in the books.

_	(Rs. in lakhs)		
		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
	Lease Liability		
	Non Current Lease Liability	234.11	
		234.11	
	Current Lease Liability	45.40	
		45.40	
	Total Lease Liability	279.51	
	Reconciliation of Lease Liability	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
	Opening Lease Liability		
	Addition during the year	311.64	
	Accrual of Interest during the year	21.87	
	Repayment of Lease Liability during the year	54.00	
	Closing Lease Liability	279.51	1
	Maturity analysis of lease liabilities - Contractual undiscounted cash flows		
_	Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
2555		31st March 2024	
750	Particulars Less than One Year One to Five Years	31st March 2024 45.40	As at 31st March 2023
	Less than One Year	31st March 2024	
	Less than One Year One to Five Years	31st March 2024 45.40	
	Less than One Year One to Five Years More than five years	31st March 2024 45.40 234.11	
	Less than One Year One to Five Years More than five years Current	31st March 2024 45.40 234.11 -	
	Less than One Year One to Five Years More than five years Current Non Current	31st March 2024 45.40 234.11 - 45.40 234.11 For the year ended	31st March 2023 For the year ended
	Less than One Year One to Five Years More than five years Current Non Current Amounts recognised in Profit and Loss Account Particulars	31st March 2024 45.40 234.11 45.40 234.11 For the year ended 31st March 2024	31st March 2023 For the year
	Less than One Year One to Five Years More than five years Current Non Current Amounts recognised in Profit and Loss Account	31st March 2024 45.40 234.11 - 45.40 234.11 For the year ended	31st March 2023 For the year ended

	Particulars				As at	As at
	5.00.000.000.00				31st March 2024	31st March 2023
17A	Non-current					0
				Non-current total		: ::
17B	Current					
	Interest Accrued and due on E	Borrowings			138.73	489.93
	Other payables				810.20	755.56
				Current total	948.93	1,245.49
				Total	948.93	1,245.49
	current financial liabilities that a ey are of short term nature.	re measured at amortised	d cost, the fair v	alues are not materia	ally different from the	ir carrying amounts
8 - Pro	ovisions					(Rs. in lakhs
	Particulars				As at	As at
					31st March 2024	31st March 2023
18A	Non-current					
	Provision for employee benefits					
	Gratuity (refer note no. 24)				2.00	0.90
				Non-current total	2.00	0.90
	Current					
	Provision for employee benefits					
	Gratuity (refer note no. 24)				7.32	3
				Current total	7.32	3
				Total	9.32	0.90
19 - Tra	de payables					(Rs. in lakhs
Partic	ulars				As at	As at
A2					31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Trade	payables					
Due	e to Micro, Small and Medium E	nterprises			-	3
Oth	er than Micro, Small and Mediu	m Enterprises			753.05	1,220.38
				Total	753.05	1,220.38
rade p	ayables ageing as on 31st Marc	h 2024				
Descri	ption	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	ars Tota
Undis	outed		1000			
Payab	le to MSME	(4)	*	*		*
Payab	le to Other	478.34	203.09	28.89	42	.73 753.05
Disput	ed					
Payab	le to MSME	: €3	끝	#		≅ s
Payab	le to Other	₩	₽	2:		2 3
Total		478.34	203.09	28.89	42	.73 753.05
rade p	ayables ageing as on 31st Marc	h 2023				
Descri	ption	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	ars Tota
Undis	outed	22				
Payab	le to MSME	170	-	#		
	le to Other	1,042.81	111.15	60.96	5	46 1,220.38
Disput		69.				Ø.
	le to MSME	(- 6))	=			¥ 8
Sales person	le to Other	*	-	-		¥ :
	WAS TO STATE THE STATE OF THE S					

1,042.81

111.15

60.96

Total

1,220.38

5.46

20 - Other liabilities			(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars		As at	As at
		31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Current			
Deferred Income			-
Statutory Dues		169.72	137.45
	Total	169.72	137.45
21 - Revenue from Operations			(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars		Year ended	Year ended
		31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Sale of Services			
Fleet Chartering Earnings (Net of GST)		2,995.83	2,960.94
	Total	2,995.83	2,960.94
22 - Other income			(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars		Year ended	Year ended
		31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Interest on Bank deposits		13.87	3.17
Interest received on IT Refund		1.09	5.50
Miscellaneous Income		3.20	-
Reversal of Interest		496.77	-
Reversal for Settlement/Prepayment of debt		253.86	-
	Total	768.79	8.67

During the current year, the Company settled its unsecured debt obligations with a lender. Consequently, interest amounting to Rs. 496.77 lakhs and principal amounting to Rs. 131 lakhs (net) has been recognized as other income in the financial statements.

Additionally, during the year, the Company made prepayments on the amount of settlement arrived at with the ARC. The gain of Rs. 122.86 lakhs arising from this prepayments has been recognized as other income in the financial statements.

23 - Fleet operating Expenses

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars		Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Crew Cost		762.49	1,435.69
Travelling Expenses		26.84	46.22
Fuel, Oil & Water		103.61	543.33
Port & Canal dues		6.65	90.06
Repairs		104.90	335.46
Stores & Victualling		132.46	583.97
Insurance Charges & Protecting Club Fees		68.05	134.55
Telecommunication Charges		44.28	63.29
Professional Fees		56.95	90.90
Agency fees		75.32	167.40
Sundry Operating expenses		301.61	84.85
	Total	1,683.16	3,575.72
24 - Employee henefits expense			(Rs in lakhs)

24 - Employee benefits expense

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars		Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Salaries, wages and Fees		411.76	430.07
Contribution to Provident Funds and other funds		11.34	13.93
Gratuity expenses (Refer Note below)		3.33	4.01
Staff welfare expenses		2.53	2.92
	Total	428.96	450.93

Employee benefit plans

24A Defined contribution plans

The Company makes contribution towards provident fund to a defined contribution benefit plan for qualifying employees. Under the plan, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the contribution plan to fund the benefits. The provident fund plan is operated by the Government administrated employee provident fund. Eligible employees receive the benefits from the said Provident Fund. Both the employees and the Company make monthly contributions to the Provident Fund plan equal to specific percentage of the covered employee's salary. The Company has no obligations other than this to make the specified contribution.

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the statement of Profit and Loss.

			(Rs. in lakhs)
Partculars		Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Contribution to Employees Provident Fund		10.74	13.15
Contribution to Seamen's Provident Fund		10.36	26.81
	Total	21.10	39.96

24B

(A) Defined benefit plans

The Company earmark liability towards Gratuity and provide for payment under Group Gratuity Scheme administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC).

(a) Characteristics of defined benefit plan

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan in India (funded). The Company's defined benefit gratuity plan is a final salary plan for employees, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. The fund is managed by a trust which is governed by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees are responsible for the administration of the plan assets and for the definition of the investment strategy.

(b) Risks associated with defined benefit plan

Gratuity is a defined benefit plan and Company is exposed to the Following Risks:

Interest rate risk: A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the G. Sec. Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending on the duration of asset.

Salary Risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability.

Investment Risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

Asset Liability Matching Risk: The plan faces the ALM risk as to the matching cash flow. Since the plan is invested in lines of Rule 101 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, this generally reduces ALM risk.

Mortality risk: Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longevity risk

Concentration Risk: Plan is having a concentration risk as all the assets are invested with the insurance Company and a default will wipe out all the assets. Although probability of this is very less as insurance Companies have to follow regulatory guidelines.

(c) Characteristics of defined benefit plans

The Company has the benefit scheme in line with Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, for those employees who are getting benefit as per Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Change in liability (if any) due to this scheme change is recognised as past service cost.

(d) A separate trust fund is created to manage the Gratuity plan and the contributions towards the trust fund is done as guided by rule 103 of Income Tax Rules, 1962.

(B) Other Disclosures

Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Type of Benefit	Gratuity	Gratuity
Country	India	India
Reporting Standard	Indian Accounting Standard 19 (IndAS 19)	Indian Accounting Standard 19 (IndAS 19)
Funding Status	Funded	Funded
Starting Period	01-Apr-23	01-Apr-22
Date of Reporting	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Period of Reporting	12 Months	12 Months

Assumptions (Previous Period)

Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Expected Return on Plan Assets	7.46%	6.98%
Rate of Discounting	7.46%	6.98%
Rate of Salary Increase	5	5.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	2.00%	2.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)
Mortality Rate After Employment	N.A.	N.A.

Assumptions (Current Period)

Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Expected Return on Plan Assets	7.19%	7.46%
Rate of Discounting	7.19%	7.46%
Rate of Salary Increase	5.00%	5.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	2.00%	2.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)
Mortality Rate After Employment	N.A.	N.A.

Change in the Present Value of Projected Benefit Obligation

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Particulars	3 IST March, 2024	31st Warch, 2023
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Period	42.73	50.25
Interest Cost	3.19	3.50
Current Service Cost	3.25	3.92
(Gains)/ Losses on Curtailment	-	-
Benefit Paid From the Fund	(3.38)	(10.53)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Demographic Assumptions		=
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Financial Assumptions	0.31	(0.78)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience	4.50	(3.62)
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period	50.60	42.73

Change in the Fair Value of Plan Assets

Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the Period	41.73	48.95
Interest Income	3.11	3.42
Contributions by the Employer	0.20	0.43
Benefit Paid from the Fund	(3.38)	(10.53)
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	(0.39)	(0.54)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End of the Period	41.27	41.73

Amount Recognized in the Balance Sheet

Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the Period	(50.60)	(42.74)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the Period	41.27	41.84
Funded Status (Surplus/ (Deficit))	(9.33)	(0.90)
Net (Liability)/Asset Recognized in the Balance Sheet	(9.33)	(0.90)

Net Interest Cost for Current Period		(Rs. in lakh:
Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Period	42.73	50.2
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the Period	(41.73)	(48.95
Net Liability/(Asset) at the Beginning	1.00	1.3
Interest Cost	3.19	3.5
Interest Income	(3.11)	(3.41
Net Interest Cost for Current Period	0.08	0.0
Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Current Period		
Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Current Service Cost	3.25	3.9
Net Interest Cost	0.08	0.0
(Gains)/Losses on Curtailments And Settlements	-	
Expenses Recognized	3.33	4.0
Expenses Recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for Current I	Period	
Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 202
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligation For the Period	4.80	(4.41
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	0.39	0.4
Net (Income)/Expense For the Period Recognized in OCI	5.19	(3.98
Balance Sheet Reconciliation		
Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Opening Net Liability	1.01	1.30
Expenses Recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss	3.33	4.0
Expenses Recognized in OCI	5.18	(3.87
Employer's Contribution	(0.20)	(0.43
Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet	9.32	1.0
Category of Assets		
Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Insurance fund	41.27	41.8
Other		
Total	41.27	41.8
Other Details	7.177	
Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
No. of Active Members	15	19
Per Month Salary For Active Members	7.32	9.78
Weighted Average Duration of the Projected Benefit Obligation	3	
Average Expected Future Service	6	
Projected Benefit Obligation	50.60	42.7
Prescribed Contribution For Next Year (12 Months)	7.32	4.26
Net Interest Cost for Next Year		
Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period	50.60	42.7
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End of the Period	(41.27)	(41.73
Net Liability/(Asset) at the End of the Period	9.33	1.0
Interest Cost	3.64	3.1
Interest Income	(2.97)	(3.11
Net Interest Cost for Next Year	0.67	0.0

Maturity Analysis of the Benefit Payments: From the Fund

(Rs. in lakhs)

Projected Benefits Payable in Future Years From the Date of Reporting

Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Ist Following Year	20.57	1.14
2nd Following Year	5.02	1.26
3rd Following Year	10.64	20.40
4th Following Year	5.83	10.50
5th Following Year	4.76	5.27
Sum of Years 6 To 10	7.09	11.28
Sum of Years 11 and above	8.20	10.24

Sensitivity Analysis

Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	50.60	42.74
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	(1.10)	(1.54)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	1.19	1.67
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	1.21	1.69
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	(1.14)	(1.59)
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	0.10	0.14
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	(0.11)	(0.15)

The sensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the projected benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the projected benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same method as applied in calculating the projected benefit obligation as recognised in the balance sheet. There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

25 - Finance costs (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars		Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Interest on Borrowings		162.30	312.99
Interest on Lease Liability		21.87	-
Other Interest costs		19.06	2.49
	Total	203.23	315.48

26 - Depreciation and amortisation expenses

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars		Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment		1,178.80	2,413.65
Depreciation of ROU Assets		47.85	45
	Total	1,226,65	2.413.65

27 - Other expenses

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Office repairs and maintenance	10.18	3.99
Insurance	0.36	0.53
Rates and Taxes	3.89	2.71
Bank Charges	4.05	7.89
Travelling Expenses	54.47	63.99
Director Sitting Fees	10.08	10.64
Postage, Telephone and Fax	6.98	9.69
Legal, Professional and Consultancy Charges	425.49	385.93
Miscellaneous Expenses	146.13	122.46
То	al 661.63	607.83

Rs.		

	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
		31st March 2024	31st March 2023	
27A	Legal and professional expenses include:			
	Auditors' remuneration and expenses			
	Statutory Audit fees	5.00	11.50	
	Certification charges	0.20	0.20	
	Payments to tax auditors			
	Tax audit fees	0.60	0.60	

28 - Exceptional Items (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Foreign Exchange (loss)/gain on restatement of long term loans (Refer Note 28.1 below)	(23.83)	(53.40)
Reversal of Loan Liability on account of settlement (loss)/gain) (Refer Note 28.2 below)	-	32,196.00
Reversal of Interest Liability on account of settlement (loss)/gain) (Refer Note 28.2 below)	-	9,300.04
Loss on sale of Vessels (Refer Note 28.3 below)	(282.03)	(15,960.34)
Provision for impairment of property, plant and Equipment (Refer Note 28.4 below)	-	(4,174.66)
Provision for impairment of Investment (Refer Note 28.5 below)	(4,666.16)	* <u>*</u>
Loss on sale of Investment (Refer Note 28.5 below)	(6,661.77)).
Profit on sale of office premisese and other assets (Refer Note 28.6 below)	174.62	420.53
Write off for loan to subsidiaries Rs.1185.88 less Provision made earlier Rs.1185.88, (P.Y Write off of Loan Rs. 600 lakhs Less provision made earlier Rs. 600 lakhs)	ŭ	80
Exceptional items (Debit)/Credit	(11,459.17)	21,728.17

Note:

- 28.1 As per the guidelines provided under Ind AS 101- first time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, the Company has decided to change its accounting policy related to hedge accounting. Under Ind AS, the Company will follow Ind AS -21- The effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, under which restated gain or loss on such foreign currency borrowing will be charged to profit and loss account for the respective period.
- 28.2 In the previous year, the Company has executed a settlement agreement with Phoenix ARC Private Ltd. Accordingly loan outstanding of Rs. 32,196 lakhs and interest outstanding of Rs. 9,300.04 lakhs has been written back.
- 28.3 The Company sold 1 Vessel during the year. Accordingly the loss of Rs. 282.03 lakhs (Previous year Rs. 15,960.34 lakhs) on sale of vessels has been accounted. Major portion of the proceeds from the sale of vessels has been used towards prepayment of settelment arrived at with Phoenix ARC Pvt. Ltd.
- 28.4 In the previous year, subsequent to balance sheet date, the Company sold one vessel. The diffrence between the WDV as on 31st March 2023 and Net Sales value has been accounted as impairment loss of Rs. 4,174.66 lakhs.
- 28.5 During the year, the Company sold a 58.82% of its stake of 68% in the partly owned subsidiary, Global Offshore Services B.V. This amounted to 40% of the entire subsidiary equity. The loss on sale (over and above the impairment provision from the previous year) has been accounted in the current year, amounting to Rs. 6,661.77 lakhs.
 - Based on the fair market value for the remaining 28%, the Company has decided to impair the entire remaining investment amount. Accordingly, the Company has made an additional impairment provision of Rs. 4,666.16 lakhs
- 28.6 During the year, the Company has sold its remaining office premises and a vehicle. Accordingly profit of Rs. 174.62 lakhs (previous year Rs. 420.53 lakhs) has been accounted. Majority of the proceeds from the sale of office premises has been used for the prepayment of the settelment amount arrived at with Phoenix ARC Pvt. Ltd.

29 - Income taxes relating to continuing operations

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Tax expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current tax		
In respect of current year	60.00	26.86
Tax for earlier year	-	-
Total current tax	60.00	26.86
Deferred tax		
In respect of earlier year	137.03	18.65
In respect of earlier year - MAT Credit entitlement		_
Total deferred income tax (credit) / expense	137.03	18.65
Total income tax expense	197.03	45.51

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars		Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Profit before tax (Continuing & Discontinued business)		(11,898.18)	17,334.17
Income tax expenses calculated (refer note below)		-	13
Differences due to:			
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes (14A disallowance)			82 -
Income exempt from Income taxes (Dividend)		4	Si=
Others		197.03	45.51
	Total income tax expense	197.03	45.51

The Company is liable to pay tonnage tax and hence normal tax is not appliable to it. (Refer accounting policy note 3.4). The tax provision made is mainly on account of other income including capital gain under normal tax.

Particulars		Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income			
Current tax			
Re-measurement of defined benefit obligation		2	
1	Total deferred income tax expense	-	-

30 - Risk management

30A Capital risk management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the returns to stakeholders.

30B Financial instruments

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income & expenses are recognized, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are as disclosed in notes to financial statements.

(Rs. in lakhs)

		(Its. III lakiis)
Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Financial assets		
Measured at Cost less impairment		
Investment in subsidiary company	.	11,332.10
Measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)		
Investments	13.72	7.76
Measured at amortised cost		
Cash and bank balances	322.79	16.98
Trade receivables	459.12	361.16
Other Current Financial Assets	15.89	3.41
Other Bank Balances	208.46	608.46
Financial liabilities		
Measured at amortised cost		
Trade payable	753.05	1,220.38
Non Current Borrowings	-	383.83
Current Borrowings	2,118.96	3,530.29
Other current financial liabilities	948.93	1,245.49

The management considers that the carrying amount of financials assets & financial liabilities recognized in the financial statement are at their fair values.

30C Financial and liquidity risk management objectives

The average payment terms of creditors (trade payables) is 90-120 days. Other financial liabilities viz. employee payments, other payables are payable as and when due.

30D Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The major class of financial asset of the Company is trade receivables. For credit exposures to customer, management assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. As the Company does not hold any collateral, the maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that class of financial instruments presented on the statement of financial position.

30E Foreign Currency risk management

Since part of the revenues of the Company are denominated in US Dollars, there is a translation risk as the Company has to report its financial performance in INR. However, a small portion of the risk is "paired", as some of the Company's operating costs are incurred in US Dollars.

31 - Segment Information

The Company is engaged in only one type of business i.e. charter of offshore support vessels. There are no separate reportable segments.

32 - Earnings per share

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Basic / Diluted earnings per share		
From continuing operations attributable to the owners of the Company (Rs. Per share)	(48.91)	69.55
Total basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the company	(48.91)	69.55

Basic / Diluted earnings per share

The earnings and weighted average number of equity share used in the calculations of basic earnings per share are as follows:

		Rs. In lakhs	
Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023	
Profit/(Loss) for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	(12,095.21)	17,199.57	
Earnings/Losses used in the calculation of basic earnings per share from continuing operations	(12,095.21)	17,199.57	
Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023	
Weighted average number of equity shares for the purpose of basic / diluted earnings per share	2,47,28,793	2,47,28,793	

33- Ind AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures

List of related parties and their relationship

Name of Related Party		Principal place	% Shareholding and Voting Power	
		of business	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Α	Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Ltd. (Subsidiary)	Singapore	100%	100%
В	Global Offshore Services B.V. (Associate)	Netherlands	28%	68%
С	Aditya A. Garware - Chairman - Key Managerial Personnel			

Details of Transactions with Related Parties

(Rs. in lakhs)

Sr	Particulars		Year ended 31 March 2024					
No		Subsidiaries / Step down subsidiaries	Key Managerial Personnel	Other Related parties	Total			
1	Sitting Fees							
	Aditya A. Garware	1	1.75	-	1.75			
	5 S		(1.75)	-	(1.75)			
2	Consultancy Fees		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		377567307003000			
	Aditya A. Garware	1	100.20	1000	100.20			
			(100.20)		(100.20)			

Figures in the brackets are the comparative figures of the previous year

Outstanding as at 31st March, 2024

Sr	Particulars		Year ended 31 March 2024				
No	Sites State Server State Server State State Server State Server S	Subsidiaries / Step down subsidiaries	Key Management Personnel	Other Related parties	Total		
1	Consultancy Fees Aditva A. Garware		20.88		20.88		
	Aditya A. Garware		(8.35)	7.0 	(8.35)		

Figures in the brackets are the comparative figures of the previous year

34 - Financial Ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Year Ended 31st March 2024 (%)	Year Ended 31st March 2023 (%)	Change% for Current Year	Reasons for Variance
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	51%	58%	12%	
Debt-Equity Ratio	Debt =Long Term Borrowings + Long Term Provisions	Equity / Shareholders' Funds = Share Capital + Reserves and Surplus	2%	18%	89%	Substantial decrease in borrowings as compared to decrease in equity in view of loss incurred.
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Net Profit Before Tax & Depreciation, Finance Cost	Interest & Lease + Debt Repayments	-5151%	-528%	-876%	Substantial increase in net loss on account of exceptional items.
Return on Equity Ratio	Net Profit After Tax	Average Shareholder's Equity	-76%	129%	-159%	Substantial increase in net loss on account of exceptional items.
Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of Goods Sold	Average Inventory	NA	NA	NA	The Company is in a service industry and therefore this is not applicable.
Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Total Sales	Average Trade Receivables	730%	490%	-49%	Increase in average trade receivables.
Trade payables turnover ratio	Total Purchases	Average Trade Payables	238%	284%	16%	
Net capital turnover ratio	Total Sales	Working Capital Current Assets - Current Liabilities	-153%	-157%	-3%	
Net profit ratio	Net Profit After Tax	Total Income	-321%	579%	-155%	Substantial increase in net loss on account of exceptional items.
Return on Capital employed	Profit Before Interest & Taxes	Total Assets - Current Liabilities	-116%	79%	-247%	Substantial increase in net loss on account of exceptional items.
Return on investment	Net Income	Cost of Investment	NA	NA	NA	The Company does not have any investment income in the current year as well as in the previous year. Fixed deposit which are in nature of margin money deposit have not been considered as Investment.

35 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Guarantees given by the Banks*	208.46	208.46

^{*}Deposit of an excess of 100% of the Guarantee amount has been placed with the Bank.

36 Other Statutory Information

- The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- ii. The Company does not have any transactions with companies that have been struck off.
- iii. The Company has created charges in favour of an ARC which have ""stepped into the shoes" of erstwhile lenders of the Company. The Company has filed satisfaction of Charges with MMD (Mercantile Marine Department) and ROC (Registrar of Companies), in respect of dues that have been repaid. However, some old charges are still appearing in the record of MCA site for the loans that has been repaid in full. The Company is in the process to vacate the same.
- iv. The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- v. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- vi. The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- vii. The Company has no such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- viii. The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- 37 The Company does not have any material significant impact due to Ind AS 116 Leases, as all the lease arrangement are of short term nature with insignificant value.
- 38 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified, to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board

For D. Kothary & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 105335W Aditya Garware Chairman DIN: 00019816 J. M. Guhathakurta Director DIN: 10306595

M. M. Honkan Wholetime Director DIN: 08392886

Deepak O. Narsaria Partner Membership No. 121190 UDIN: 24121190BKBOTE9763 P. S. Shah Chief Financial Officer A. C. Chandarana Company Secretary & President - Legal & Admn.

Mumbai, 29th May 2024

Mumbai, 29th May 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of

Global Offshore Services Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **Global Offshore Services Limited** ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "the Consolidated Financial Statements")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31st March, 2024, and their consolidated profit, their consolidated total comprehensive income, their consolidated changes in equity and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. There are no key audit matters to be disclosed.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following points: -

- a. During the year, the Company has ceded the control over its subsidiary Global Offshore Services B.V. from 68% to 28%, and accordingly the gain on deconsolidation of Rs. 4,688.00 lakhs has been accounted for. (also refer note 3.2 & note 27 (viii))
- b. We draw attention that the net worth in the financial statements of Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Limited has been eroded and is negative Rs. 2,092.14 lakhs that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- The Auditors' of the subsidiary Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Limited have given a qualified opinion on the following points
 due to lack of sufficient audit evidence
 - Income Tax Refundable from Rio De Janeiro State of Brazil Rs. 132.33 Lakhs (USD 158,769)
 - · Loan payable to third parties Rs. 780.07 Lakhs (USD 935,894)

Our report is not modified in respect of the above matter.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report, Shareholders' Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act, that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our
 opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
 Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and
 its associates and jointly controlled entities to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the
 direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial
 statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have
 been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried
 out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditor on separate financial statements and the other financial information of a subsidiary as noted in the 'other matter' paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the report of the other auditors.
- (c) The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules there under.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31st March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, none of the directors of the Group companies are disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.



- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- (g) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the managerial remuneration for the year ended 31st March, 2024 has been paid/ provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the other financial information of the subsidiaries as noted in the "Other matter" paragraph:
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group.
 - ii. The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company during the year ended 31st March, 2024.
 - iv. (a) The respective Managements of the Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company or any of such subsidiaries to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or any of such subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The respective Managements of the Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company or any of such subsidiaries from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company or any of such subsidiaries shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us on the Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The dividend has not been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
 - vi. Based on our examination which included test checks and in accordance with requirements of the Implementation Guide on Reporting on Audit Trail under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the Holding Company has used Tally Prime as its accounting software for maintaining its books of account, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility, however the same was not enabled throughout the year.
- 2. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/ "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Company and its subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO reports

For D. Kothary& Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 105335W)

Deepak O. Narsaria (Partner) Membership No. 121190 UDIN: 24121190BKBOTF5292

Place: Mumbai Date: May 29, 2024

Annexure A

(List of entities included in the consolidated financial statements)

Name of Holding Company Global Offshore Services Limited Name of Subsidiary Company

- (I) Gareware Offshore International Services PTE Limited
- (II) Global Offshore Services BV (Subsidiary until March 26, 2024; Associate thereafter)

Annexure - B

(Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"))

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Global Offshore Services Limited** ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company, internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial control system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial control system with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Holding Company, have in all material respects, an adequate internal financial control system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2024, based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding Company, considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For **D. Kothary & Co**Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 105335W)

Deepak O. Narsaria (Partner) Membership No. 121190 UDIN: 24121190BKBOTF5292

Place: Mumbai Date: May 29, 2024



Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2024

	(Rs. in lakhs)					
Particu	lars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023		
ASSET	s					
1 No	n-current assets					
	Property, plant and equipment	5A	11,740.94	19,387.29		
(b)		5B	271.18	7,545.51,455		
	Financial assets					
(-)	(i) Investments					
	Other investments	6	13.72	7.76		
	(ii) Other financial assets	7A	50075 Vill			
(d)	Deferred Tax Assets	8		_		
1000000	Other non - current assets	9A	35.52	13.34		
. ,	Total non-current assets		12,061.36	19,408.39		
Cu	rrent assets					
(a)	Inventories	10	957.07	1,528.95		
(b)	Financial assets					
	(i) Trade receivables	11	459.12	1,076.82		
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	12	323.08	42.16		
	(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	13	208.46	608.46		
	(iv) Other financial assets	7B	16.51	3.41		
(c)	Other current assets	9B	191.17	273.85		
(d)	Income tax assets		58.80	687.90		
(e)	Assets classified as held for sale			1,340.25		
	Total current assets		2,214.21	5,561.80		
	Total Assets		14,275.57	24,970.19		
	Y AND LIABILITIES					
QUIT	Υ					
100000000	Equity share capital	14	2,472.88	2,472.88		
(b)	Other equity		5,765.94	2,275.04		
	Equity attributable to owners of the Company		8,238.82	4,747.92		
	Non controlling interest		-	(2,944.82)		
	Total equity		8,238.82	1,803.10		
IABIL						
	Non-current liabilities					
(a)	Financial liabilities			000 10		
	(i) Borrowings	15A	547.81	923.49		
	(ii) Lease Liability	15C	234.11	75		
4.5	(iii) Other financial liabilities	16A		-		
(b)	Provisions The Language of the little of the	17A	2.00	0.90		
	Total non-current liabilities Current liabilities		783.92	924.39		
(a)		15B	2,909.28	14,736,06		
	(i) Borrowings (ii) Lease Liability	15C	45.40	14,736.06		
	(ii) Lease Liability (iii) Trade payables	18	45.40	-		
	- Total outstanding dues of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	10	_	020		
	- Total outstanding dues of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises		1,036.75	3,459.06		
	(iv) Other financial liabilities	16B	1,084.36	3,813.01		
(b)	Provisions	17B	7.32	3,013.01		
(c)		176	1.32	58.00		
0.000	Other current liabilities	19	169.72	176.57		
(u)	Total current liabilities	15	5,252.83	22,242.70		
	Total Equity and Liabilities		14,275.57	24,970.19		
	iotai Equity and Elabinics		14,210.01	24,310.13		

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of the Board

For D. Kothary & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 105335W

Deepak O. Narsaria Partner

Mumbai, 29th May 2024

Membership No. 121190 UDIN: 24121190BKBOTF5292 DIN: 00019816

P. S. Shah
Chief Financial Officer

Aditya Garware

Chairman

J. M. Guhathakurta
Director
DIN: 10306595

M. M. Honkan
Wholetime Director
DIN: 08392886

A. C. Chandarana Company Secretary & President - Legal & Admn.

UDIN. 24121190BKB01F529.

Mumbai, 29th May 2024

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2024

(Rs. in lakhs)

				(143: 111 144113)
	Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
ı	Revenue from operations	20	3,921.07	5,101.44
11	Other income	21	767.74	18.52
Ш	Total income (I + II)		4,688.81	5,119.96
IV	Expenses			
	Fleet operating expenses	22	2,612.30	4,985.22
	Employee benefits expense	23	512.25	495.02
	Finance costs	24	600.03	870.99
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	25	1,467.33	3,115.29
	Other expenses	26	926.60	974.80
	Total expenses (IV)		6,118.51	10,441.32
V	Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax		(1,429.70)	(5,321.36)
VI	Add: Exceptional items	27	5,394.46	43,714.13
VII	Profit / (Loss) before tax		3,964.76	38,392.77
VIII	Tax expense	28		
	Current tax -Debit/ (Credit)		60.54	27.91
	Reversal of MAT Credit			89.09
	Tax for earlier years -Debit/ (Credit)		137.03	18.65
			197.57	135.65
IX	Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations after tax (VII - VIII)		3,767.19	38,257.12
X	Other Comprehensive Income			
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans : Gains \ (Loss)		(5.40)	3.98
	Fair value of Investment through Other comprehensive income		5.96	(7.32)
	(ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Exchange differences in translating the financial statements of a foreign operations		(134.29)	(1,885.29)
	Other comprehensive income for the year (X)		(133.73)	(1,888.63)
ΧI	Total comprehensive income for the year (IX + X)		3,633.46	36,368.49
XII	Total comprehensive income attributable to			
	- Owners of the parent		3,490.90	30,288.01
	- Non Controling interest		142.56	6,080.48
	Of the total comprehensive income above,			
	Profit for the year attributable to			
	- Owners of the parent		3,583.43	31,566.94
	- Non controling interest		183.76	6,690.18
	Of the total comprehensive income above			
	Other comprehensive income for the year attributable to			
	- Owners of the parent		(92.53)	(1,278.91)
	- Non Controling interest		(41.20)	(609.72)
XIII	Earnings / (Loss) per equity share of Rs. 10 each (for continuing operations))	25
	Basic / Diluted	31	14.49	127.65

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements As per our report of even date attached For and on beha For and on behalf of the Board

For D. Kothary & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 105335W

Deepak O. Narsaria Partner Membership No. 121190 UDIN: 24121190BKBOTF5292 DIN: 00019816 P. S. Shah Chief Financial Officer

Aditya Garware

Chairman

J. M. Guhathakurta M. M. Honkan Director Wholetime Director DIN: 08392886 DIN: 10306595

> A. C. Chandarana Company Secretary & President - Legal & Admn.

Mumbai, 29th May 2024 Mumbai, 29th May 2024



Consolidated Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31st March 2024

Rs. In lakhs			
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023	
Cash flows from operating activities		72.572.572	
Profit for the year (before tax)	3,964.76	38,392.77	
Adjustments for:		Wasanan anas	
Finance costs recognized in profit and loss	600.03	870.99	
Interest income recognized in profit and loss	(14.96)	(8.67)	
Depreciation and amortisation of non-current assets	1,467.33	3,115.29	
Profits/gains related to deconsolidation due to sale of control	(4,688.00)	9	
Earlier Provision for doubtful debts write back	(171.99)	2000	
Provision for impairment of property, plant and Equipment	-	4,174.66	
Profit on settlement of loan and write back of financial liabilities	(37.47)	(63,482.00)	
Profit/(Loss) on sale of Property Plant and Equipments	(520.83)	15,539.81	
Exchange loss on loan restatement	23.83	53.40	
	660.17	(1,343.75)	
Movements in working capital:		W. 3N. 3N	
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	721.87	256.76	
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	575.40	373.50	
(Increase)/Decrease in other financial assets	-	(0.01)	
(Increase)/Decrease in other assets	52.52	(104.64)	
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	(1,163.13)	713.29	
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	3.02	3.58	
Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities - current	(95.06)	912.64	
Increase/(Decrease) in other liabilities	27.19	41.61	
Cash generated from operations	781.98	852.98	
Less: Income taxes paid	433.16	(41.38)	
Net cash generated from operating activities (A)	1,215.14	811.60	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received	1.39	0.01	
Proceeds from disposal of Investments net of cash foregone	(1.94)	0.01	
Payments for property, plant and equipment and capital work-in-progress	(478.68)	(1,246.25)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	8,621.41	7,706.54	
Net cash generated/(used in) from investing activities (B)	8,142.18	6,460.30	
Cash flows from financing activities	0, 142. 10	0,400.30	
	(1 220 06)	(6 161 19)	
Non Current Loan payment (net of receipts)	(1,239.86)	(6,161.18)	
Short term borrowings (net of receipts)	(6,963.63)	(689.26)	
Lease Liability Payments	(32.14)	(000.70)	
Interest paid	(1,203.56)	(833.76)	
Net cash used in financing activities (C)	(9,439.19)	(7,684.20)	
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(119.34)	(412.30)	
Add/Less: Exchange diffrence on cash and cash equivalents	0.26	0.98	
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(119.08)	(411.32)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	650.62	1,061.94	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	531.54	650.62	

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of the Board

For D. Kothary & Co. **Chartered Accountants** Firm Reg. No. 105335W

Deepak O. Narsaria Partner

Membership No. 121190 UDIN: 24121190BKBOTF5292 Aditya Garware Chairman DIN: 00019816

P. S. Shah Chief Financial Officer J. M. Guhathakurta Director

DIN: 10306595

M. M. Honkan Wholetime Director DIN: 08392886

A. C. Chandarana Company Secretary & President - Legal & Admn.

Mumbai, 29th May 2024

Mumbai, 29th May 2024

Consolidated Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31st March 2024

Equity share capital
Balance as at 31st March 2022
Changes in equity share capital during the year
Balance as at 31st March 2023

(Rs. in lakhs)
2,472.88
2,472.88

Changes in equity share capital during the year Balance as at 31st March 2024

2,472.88

Particulars		100000000000000000000000000000000000000									Total Other
		Reserves and Surplus				Items of other comprehensive income			Other	Other	Equity
	Securities Premium Account	Tonnage Tax Reserves U/s. 115VT of Income Tax Act	Tonnage Tax Reserve (Utilised)	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	Equity Instrument through Other Com- prehensive Income	Remea- surement of Defined benefit plans	Exchange Differences on Translation of Financial Statement of Foreign Operations	owners of the parent	Equity attributable to Non controlling interest	
B Other equity											
Balance as at 1st April 2022	11,697.08	610.00	7,267.00	8,190.09	(52,687.11)	(22.59)	17.20	(3,084.65)	(28,012.99)	(15,499.10)	(43,512.08)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	31,566.94	-		-	31,566.94	6,690.18	38,257.12
Other Comprehensive Income/ Loss (net of tax)	-	-	:	*	*	(7.32)	3.98	(1,275.57)	(1,278.91)	(609.72)	(1,888.63)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-			31,566.94	(7.32)	3.98	(1,275.57)	30,288.03	6,080.46	36,368.49
Transactions during the year			-		20	-	-		-		-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	11,697.08	610.00	7,267.00	8,190.09	(21,120.17)	(29.91)	21.18	(4,360.22)	2,275.04	(9,418.64)	(7,143.59)
Profit for the year		*			3,583.43	-			3,583.43	183.76	3,767.19
Other Comprehensive Income/ Loss (net of tax)		*		-	=	5.96	(5.40)	(93.09)	(92.53)	(41.20)	(133.73)
Transfer of Realised Exchange loss due to sale of control over subsidiary		*		э	(2,314.82)			2,314.82	*		
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		-			1,268.61	5.96	(5.40)	2,221.73	3,490.90	142.56	3,633.46
Transactions during the year		9			28		2		· s		
Deconsolidation of subsidiary	12									9276.08	9276.08
Balance as at 31st March 2024	11,697.08	610.00	7,267.00	8,190.09	(19,851.56)	(23.95)	15.78	(2,138.49)	5,765.94	2	5,765.94

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board

For D. Kothary & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 105335W

Deepak O. Narsaria Partner Membership No. 121190 UDIN: 24121190BKBOTF5292

Mumbai, 29th May 2024

Aditya Garware
Chairman
DIN: 00019816

J. M. Guhathakurta
Director
DIN: 10306595

P. S. Shah Chief Financial Officer M. M. Honkan Wholetime Director DIN: 08392886

A. C. Chandarana Company Secretary & President - Legal & Admn.

Mumbai, 29th May 2024

1 General Information

Global Offshore Services Limited and its two subsidiaries (Collectively referred as "Group"), is engaged in owning, operating and chartering of offshore support vessels. The Group is engaged in providing offshore support services to exploration and production companies. The Group's vessels support oil and gas exploration activities, as well as offshore projects. As on 31st March, 2024, none of the subsidiaries owned / operated any vessel. Infact, Global Offshore Services B. V. ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company with effect from 26th March, 2024.

2 The Group has adopted Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs with effect from 1st April 2017, with a transition date of 1st April 2016.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- 1) certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value;
- 2) assets held for sale measured at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell;
- 3) defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value;

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Consolidation

3.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. The financial statements of the Group have been consolidated using uniform accounting policies.

3.2 Basis of consolidation

The financial statements incorporate the consolidated financial statements of the Group, both unilaterally and jointly.

(a) Accounting for subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Company has control. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statement from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year. The financial statements of the Group have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, after eliminating intra-group balances, intra-group transactions and profits/losses, unless cost/revenue cannot be recovered.

The details of subsidiaries consolidated are as follows:

Name of the subsidiaries	Principal Place of Business	% of shareholding		
		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023	
Garware Offshore International Services Pte Ltd -	Singapore	100%	100%	
Global Offshore Services B. V.*	The Netherlands	28%	68%	

^{*}The Holding Company ceded control of Global Offshore Services B.V. due to the sale of shares on 26th March 2024.

The Holding Company held a 68% stake in Global Offshore Services B.V. (""GOSBV""). During the year, the Company sold 58.82% of its stake in GOSBV (amounting to 40% of total equity of GOSBV), resulting in cessation of control. In accordance with Ind AS 110 - Consolidated Financial Statements, the financial position has been consolidated only up to the date of loss of control. On this date, deconsolidation entries were recorded, and the gain/loss on loss of control was recognized as an exceptional item in the consolidated financial statements.

Following the transfer of control, the Holding Company's shareholding reduced from 68% to 28%, making GOSBV an associate under Ind AS 28 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures. However, since the entire investment is already provided for in the Holding Company's standalone financial statements (in view of the GOSBV's negative net worth) and especially since the Company no longer has any control over the management/operation of GOSBV, the Holding Company will not consider GOSBV in consolidation, henceforth.

The Subsidiaries of Global Offshore Services B.V. which has been consolidated in GOSBV are as follows:-

Name of the step down subsidiaries	Name of the Country where it is Incorporated	Date of Incorporation	% of shareholding
Makalu Shipping B.V. (+)	The Netherlands	17.10.2016	100%
Shergar Chartering B.V. (*)	The Netherlands	17.10.2016	100%

⁽⁺⁾ No operations in view of sale of vessel during the year.

^(*) Inactive

(b) Non controlling interests (NCI)

NCI are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable asset at the date of acquisition. Changes in the Group's equity interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

Non-controlling interest is presented separately from the liabilities or assets and the equity of the shareholders in the consolidated Balance Sheet. Non-controlling interest in the profit or loss of the Group is separately presented.

(c) Transaction eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intragroup transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

3.3 Functional and Presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the functional currency of the parent Company. All financial information presented in Indian rupees has been rounded to the nearest lakhs, except otherwise indicated

3.4 Fair value measurement

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. The fair value hierarchy is described as below:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted price in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the consolidated financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of fair value hierarchy.

Fair values have been determined for measurement and / or disclosure purpose using methods as prescribed in "Ind AS 113 Fair Value Measurement.

3.5 Use of significant accounting estimates, judgements and assumptions

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as on the date of consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses for the periods presented. The Group bases its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

Key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Significant estimates and critical judgement in applying these accounting policies are described below:

i) Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on industry practice, Group's past history and existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

ii) Contingencies

Management judgement is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of contingencies / claim / litigations against the Company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy.

iii) Measurement of defined benefit plan & other long term benefits

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan / other long term benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation / other long term benefits are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation / other long term benefits is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

iv) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of a) fair value of assets less cost of disposal and b) its value in use. Value in use is the present value of future cash flows expected to derive from an assets or Cash-Generating Unit (CGU).

Based on the assessment done at each balance sheet date, recognised impairment loss is further provided or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. After recognition of impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss as applicable, the depreciation charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life. If the conditions leading to recognition of impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased, impairment losses recognised are reversed to the extent it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined after considering depreciation / amortisation had no impairment loss been recognised in earlier years.

3.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

3.6.1 Presentation and disclosure of Consolidated financial statement

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per Group's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the division II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 for a Group whose consolidated financial statements are made in compliance with the Companies (India Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

Based on the nature of service and the time between rendering of services and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, 12 months has been considered by the Group for the purpose of current / non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

3.6.2 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government and discounts given to the customers.

3.6.3 Time Charter earnings

Revenue is net of GST, rebates and other similar allowances. Revenue from the sale of service is recognized when the services are delivered, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- · the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group;
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

3.6.4 Dividend and interest income

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the Group's right to receive payment has been established.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

3.6.5 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

3.6.6 Taxation

(a) Current tax

Provision of current income-tax is made on the basis of the assessable income under the income tax Act, 1961 for the Holding company and respective tax laws of countries in which the Subsidiaries are domiciled. Income from shipping activities is assessed on the basis of deemed tonnage income.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) Credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting year.

(c) Current and deferred tax for the year

During the year, the Group has not recognised any deferred tax asset in the absence of reasonable certainty of profits in the future.

3.6.7 Property, plant and equipment

For transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of its property, plant and equipment recognized as at 1st April 2016 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date

Cost includes purchase price, inward freight, taxes and expenses incidental to acquisition and installation, up to the point the asset is ready for its intended use.

When an asset is scrapped or otherwise disposed, the cost and related depreciation are removed from the books and the resultant profit or loss (including capital profit), if any, is reflected in the statement of profit and loss.

The estimated useful life and residual value is reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

3.6.8 Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment

(a) On fleet

Depreciation has been arrived at on straight line method at the rate arrived at so as to provide 95% of the total cost of each vessel over its balance economic useful life. Any additions or extensions to existing vessels which forms an integral part of the vessels is depreciated by 95% over the remaining useful life of the vessels.

(b) On Motor Vehicles

Depreciation is arrived at on straight line method at 25% p.a. of the cost, based on the estimated useful life of 4 (four) years for the motor vehicles

(c) On Other Assets

Depreciation on other assets is charged on the Straight Line method at the rates prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

3.6.9 Inventories

- (a) The Stock of stores and spares on board the ships is valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. (FIFO Basis)
- (b) The Stock of fuel and lubes owned by the Group is valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. (FIFO Basis)

The Cost comprises of cost of purchases, duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable) and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition. Cost of inventories is arrived at after providing for cost of obsolescence.

3.6.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

3.6.11 Financial asset

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and de-recognized on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognized financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

(a) Financial assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit and loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit and loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'Other Income / Other expenses' line item. Dividend on financial assets at FVTPL is recognized when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

(b) Financial Assets at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets at FVTOCI are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in Other Comprehensive Income.

(c) Impairment of financial assets

The Group applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost, lease receivables, trade receivables, other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset, and financial guarantees not designated as at FVTPL.

For trade receivables or any contractual rights to receive cash or other financial assets that results from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 18, the Group always measures their allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivable, the Group has used a practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

(d) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group de-recognizes a financial asset when contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognizes its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

3.6.12 Foreign Exchange Transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the standard exchange rates determined monthly. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency, remaining unsettled at the period end are re-stated at closing rates. The difference in translation of monetary assets and liabilities and realised gains and losses on foreign currency transactions (including those relating to acquisition of depreciable assets) is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

Foreign Exchange gain or loss on restatement of long term foreign currency borrowing is recognised in the profit and loss.

In case of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the parent company's functional currency, the assets and liabilities of such foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising upon acquisition, are translated to the reporting currency at exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of such foreign operations are translated to the reporting currency at the average exchange rates prevailing during the year. Resulting foreign currency differences are recognized in other comprehensive income/ (loss) and presented within equity as part of FCTR. When a foreign operation is disposed of, in part or in full, the relevant amount in the FCTR is reclassified to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss as a part of gain or loss on disposal.

3.6.13 Leases

In accordance with Ind-AS 116, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, in case of short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

In case of long-term leases, the right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates. The lease liability is subsequently re-measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

A lease liability is re-measured upon the occurrence of certain events such as a change in the lease term or a change in an index or rate used to determine lease payments. The remeasurement normally also adjusts the leased assets. Lease liability and ROU assets are separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments are classified as financing cash flows.

3.6.14 Employee benefits

The Defined benefit plan

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed periodically by an independent qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements. Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income (OCI). Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. The Group recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

3.6.15 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost or at FVTPL.

(a) Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognized in profit and loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit and loss is included in the 'Other Income / Other expenses' line item.

(b) Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held for trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost.

(c) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group de-recognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired.

3.6.16 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are segregated.

3.6.17 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the events for bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue to existing shareholders, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares). Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3.6.18 Segment Reporting

The Group is engaged in only one type of business i.e. ownership/charter of offshore support vessels. There are no separate reportable segments.

3.6.19 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the management of the Group is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

4 Amendment to Existing issued Ind AS

Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended 31st March, 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

Particulars	Office Premises	Fleet	Office	Furniture &	Vehicles	Computers	Total
Balance as at 31st March 2022	1,241.45	96,329.59	equipment 18.93	fixtures 59.75	43.21	24.48	97,717.41
Additions	1,241.40	1.243.38	0.69	00.70	70.21	2.18	1,246.25
Disposals	(738.24)	(32,285.60)	0.09		(34.51)	2.10	(33,058.35)
Adjustments FCTR	(730.24)	3.061.12	1.19	1	(54.51)	1	3,062.31
Transfer to Assets held for disposal		(8,327.65)	1.15	_	_		(8,327.65)
Balance as at 31st March 2023	503.21	60,020.84	20.81	59.75	8.70	26.66	60,639.97
Additions		477.61		-	1.07		478.68
Disposals	(503.21)	(40,583.04)	(4.05)	(59.75)	-	2	(41,150.05)
Transfer to Assets held for disposal	(000.2.)	(10,000.0.7)	0.24	(000)	_	2	0.24
Balance as at 31st March 2024	-	19,915,41	17.00	-	9.77	26.66	19,968.84
Depreciation, Amortisation & Impairme	nt	,	1				,
Balance as at 31st March 2022	132.80	47,954.59	18.48	59.75	43.21	15.63	48,224.46
Depreciation expense	20.29	3,092.55	1.14	-	-	1.32	3,115.30
Disposals	(95.70)	(9,681.79)	0-	-	(34.51)	- 1	(9,812.00)
Impairment (refer note no.27)	1 ' -1	4,174.66	_	2	, 1	<u>-</u>	4,174.66
Adjustments FCTR		2,536.47	1.19	-	-		2,537.66
Transfer to Assets held for disposal	-	(6,987.40)					(6,987.40)
Balance as at 31st March 2023	57.39	41,089.08	20.81	59.75	8.70	16.95	41,252.68
Depreciation expense	8.19	1,406.59	-	-	-	4.62	1,419.40
Disposals	(65.58)	(34,315.04)	(4.05)	(59.75)	-	-	(34,444.42)
Adjustments FCTR	-		0.24	-	-	- 1	0.24
Balance as at 31st March 2024	11-	8,180.63	17.00	5 <u>2</u> 7	8.70	21.57	8,227.90
Carrying /net block amount							
Balance as at 31st March 2023	445.82	18,931.76	-		- 2	9.71	19,387.29

^{5.1(}a) The title deeds of all the immoveable properties (other than properties where the Company is a lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Company.

11,734.78

1.07

5.09

11,740.94

5B - Right to Use (ROU)

Balance as at 31st March 2024

Particulars	Amount
	(Rs. In lakhs)
Gross Carring Value	20: 37
Balance as at 31st March 2022	*
Additions	¥
Disposals	≅
Transfer to Assets held for disposal	
Balance as at 31st March 2023	
Additions	319.03
Disposals	<u>≥</u> 3
Balance as at 31st March 2024	319.03
Accumulated Depreciation, Amortisation & Impairment	÷
Balance as at 31st March 2022	(1)
Depreciation expense	
Disposals	
Balance as at 31st March 2023	
Depreciation expense	47.85
Disposals	5
Balance as at 31st March 2024	47.85
Balance as at 31st March 2023	(-
Balance as at 31st March 2024	271.18

⁽a) The Company has applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in a similar economic environment. Consequently, the Company has recorded its lease liability and ROU (Right-of-Use) asset using the present value of remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial recognition.

^{5.1(}b) The Company has not carried out any revaluation of its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.

The ROU value also includes any initial direct payments made towards the lease and the value of unwinding interest on security deposits, if any. Such ROU assets have been amortized over the lease period and accounted for as depreciation on ROU assets.

⁽b) The Company does not recognize RoU assets and lease liabilities for leases with less than twelve months of lease term or within the normal business operating cycles and low-value assets on the date of initial application.

6 - Investments (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024		As at 31st March 2023	
	Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
Quoted (fully paid)				
Equity instruments (fair value through other comprehensive income)				
Garware Marine Industries Limited (Face Value of Rs. 10/- each)	129,330	13.72	129,330	7.76
Total		13.72		7.76

The fair value of Other Investments (Non-current and Current) as at 31st March 2024 have been arrived at on the basis of closing market price of the said investments on a recognized stock exchange.

7 - Other Financial Assets (Rs. in lakhs)

	Particulars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
7A	Non-current			
	Security Deposits		=	S2
		Non-current total	-	縹
7B	Current			
	Interest receivable		15.64	3.16
	Other Deposits		0.87	0.25
		Current total	16.51	3.41
		Total	16.51	3.41

For the financial assets that are measured at amortised cost, the fair values are not materially different from their carrying amounts, since they are either of short term nature or interest receivable is close to current market rates.

8 - Deferred Tax Assets/Liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Deferred Tax Assets		
MAT Credit Entitlement		
Opening Balance	-	136.64
Less: Utilisation of MAT credit for payment of taxes	₹	47.55
Charge off excess MAT credit	•	89.09
Closing Ba	lance -	

The Company, with effect from financial year 2022-2023 has chosen to exercise the option of lower tax rate of 25.17% (inclusive of surcharge and and cess) under Section 115BAA of the Income- tax Act 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) ordinance 2019. Accordingly outstanding MAT liability has been written off.



9 -	Other Assets (Rs. in lakhs)								
		Particulars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023				
	9A	Non-current							
		Security Deposits		27.02	4.84				
		Deposits with Customs, Port Trust and Court of law.		8.50	8.50				
			Non-current total	35.52	13.34				
	9B	Current							
		Advances to Suppliers		19.20	90.25				
		Prepaid expenses		7.05	7.37				
		Taxes recoverable		164.92	176.23				
			Current total	191.17	273.85				
			Total	226.69	287.19				
10 -	Inventories (Rs. in lak								
	Parti	culars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023				
	Inver	ntories (lower of cost and net realisable value)							
	Stock	of Stores, Spares & Consumables		957.07	1,528.95				
		5 21	Total	957.07	1,528.95				
11 -	Trade	Trade receivables (Rs. in la							
	Parti	culars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023				
	Unse	cured, considered good for more than six months		1,219.22	1,839.72				
	Unse	cured, considered good - others		363.72	999.04				
	Less	: Expected Credit Loss		(1,123.82)	(1,761.94)				
			Total	459.12	1,076.82				

Trade receivables are recognized at their original invoiced amounts which represent their fair value on initial recognition. They are also considered to be of short duration and are not discounted. The carrying values are equivalent to their fair values. All trade receivables are reviewed and assessed for default on a regular basis. Trade receivables are mainly from customers having appropriate credit quality and strong financials. In determining the allowances for doubtful trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on historical credit loss experience and is adjusted for forward looking information.

Trade Receivable Ageing :		(Rs. in lakhs	
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023	
Considered good			
Undisputed			
- Less than 6 months	363.72	900.29	
- 6 months – 1 years	0 = 2	43.49	
- 1-2 years	•	16.77	
-2-3 years	· -	*	
- More than 3 years	,	676	
	363.72	960.55	
Disputed			
- Less than 6 months		-	
- 6 months – 1 years	N = 1	116.27	
- 1-2 years	95.40	·	
-2-3 years	·	-	
- More than 3 years	_g ve	-	
	95.40	116.27	

Partic	culars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Undis	puted			
- Less	than 6 months		-	
- 6 mc	onths – 1 years		(<u>-</u>	
- 1-2 y	vears			-
-2-3 y				2
	e than 3 years		1,123.82	1,761.94
	500000 886 450 -4 869 888 450		1,123.82	1,761.94
Dispu	ited			× -
	than 6 months			-
- 6 mc	onths – 1 years			-
- 1-2 y				_
-2-3 y			-	-
	e than 3 years		-	2
			-	
Cash a	and cash equivalents			(Rs. in lakhs
Partic	ulars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Cash	on hand		13.87	7.76
Balan	ces with Banks			
In cur	rent accounts		309.21	34.40
		Total	323.08	42.16
Bank l	palances other than Cash and cash equivalents			(Rs. in lakhs
Partic	ulars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Margi	n Money (Against issuance of Bank Guarantee)		208.46	208.46
	deposits with Banks		-	400.00
		Total	208.46	608.46
Equity	Share capital			(Rs. in lakhs
Partic	ulars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Autho	prised			
3,20,0	0,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each		3,200.00	3,200.00
1,50,0	000 Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each		150.00	150.00
1,50,0	000 Cumulative Convertible Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each		150.00	150.00
			3,500.00	3,500.00
Issue	d, subscribed and fully paid up			
2,47,2	8,793 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each, fully paid up		2,472.88	2,472.88
		Total	2,472.88	2,472.88
	Particulars	· ·	No. of shares	Rs. in lakhs
14A	Fully paid equity shares			
	As at 31 March 2023		24,728,793	2,472.88
	As at 31 March 2024		24,728,793	2,472.88

Particulars		As at 31st	March 2024	As at 31st March 2023		
		Number of shares held in the Company	Percentage of shares held	Number of shares held in the Company	Percentage of shares held	
14B	Shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares					
	Fully paid equity shares					
	Sushma Ashok Garware	17,88,418	7.23%	17,88,418	7.23%	
	Garware Marine Industries Ltd.	14,51,886	5.87%	14,51,886	5.87%	
	Universal Investments Services Pvt Ltd.	14,37,838	5.81%	14,37,688	5.81%	
	Total	46,78,142	18.91%	46,77,992	18.91%	

14C Disclosure of shareholding of promoters / persons acting in concert as at March 31, 2024 is as follows:

Particulars		As at 31st March 2024		energy server (1994)	s at irch 2023	% of changes	% of changes
		Number of shares held in the Company	Percentage of Total share	Number of shares held in the Company	Percentage of Total share	during the year	during the previous year
1	Sushma Garware	1,788,418	7.23	1,788,418	7.23	0.00%	14.03%
2	Garware Marine Ind.Ltd.	1,451,886	5.87	1,451,886	5.87	0.00%	0.00%
3	Universal Investment Services Pvt. Ltd.	1,437,838	5.81	1,437,688	5.81	0.01%	-13.40%
4	Rondor Overseas Ltd.	1,190,745	4.82	1,190,745	4.82	0.00%	0.00%
5	Aditya Garware	783,703	3.17	783,703	3.17	0.00%	0.00%
6	Adsu Trading Investment Co. Pvt. Ltd.	525,181	2.12	525,181	2.12	0.00%	0.00%
7	Mauve Trading & Investment Co. Pvt. Ltd.	368,706	1.49	368,556	1.49	0.04%	0.68%
8	Shesu Trading & Investment Co Pvt. Ltd.	327,750	1.33	327,750	1.33	0.00%	0.00%
9	Masu Trading & Investment Co. Pvt. Ltd.	180,900	0.74	180,750	0.74	0.08%	0.00%
10	Maneesha Shatul Shah	120,988	0.49	120,988	0.49	0.00%	0.00%
11	A. B. Garware Huf	30,506	0.13	30,506	0.13	0.00%	0.00%
12	Shefali Bajaj	17,000	0.07	17,000	0.07	0.00%	0.00%
13	Ashesh Chandarana	3,607	0.01	3,607	0.01	0.00%	0.00%
14	Garware Goa Nets Ltd.	2,425	0.01	2,425	0.01	0.00%	0.00%
15	Narendra S. Surve	200	0.00	200	0.00	0.00%	-69.47%
16	Sheela Shashikant Garware	551	0.00	551	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
17	Shashikant B Garware	551	0.00	551	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
18	Keyur S. Dave	100	0.00	100	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
19	Pradip S Shah	100	0.00	100	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
20	Anita Chandrkant Garware	51	0.00	51	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
21	Shyamsunder V Atre	50	0.00	50	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
22	Ajay C. Gandhi	10	0.00	10	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
	Total	8,231,266	33.29	8,230,816	33.29		

14D Terms / Rights attached to equity shares

- The Company has only one class of equity shares having face value of Rs. 10 per share. The equity shares rank pari passu in all respects including voting rights and entitlement of dividend.
- ii) In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any, in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

15 - Financial liabilities (Rs. in lakhs)

	Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
15 A	Non- Current Borrowings		
	Secured Loans		
	Foreign Currency Loan	-	6,363.53
	Rupee debt payable	96.96	936.00
	Unsecured		
	From Others	547.81	923.49
	Total Non-Current Borrowings	644.77	8,223.02
	Less : Current maturities of Long term borrowings	96.96	7,299.53
	Non- Current Borrowings (as per balance sheet)	547.81	923.49

(a) Re. : Parent Company

Terms and Conditions

ARC loan is secured by way of :

- 1. Exclusive charge on the vessels (1 AHTSV and 1 PSV) owned by the Company.
- 2. First charge on all current assets including stores, spares, Oil and Book debts.

(b) Re: Subsidiaries

Global Offshore Services BV, Netherlands

As disclosed in Note 27 and Note 3, there is no Holding-subsidiary relationship as of 31st March 2024 due to the loss of control. Accordingly, the Company has not disclosed the borrowing details pertaining to the subsidiary, and hence the previous year's numbers will not be comparable.

(c) Debt Reconcilation

For the Year ended 31st March 2024

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particular	Opening Balance	Receipts	Repayment	Write Back	Loan Transfer to ARC	Other Adjustment*	Closing Balance
Secured Loan	11,745.43	×=	(7,101.62)	-	-	(3,305.68)	1,338.13
Unsecured Loan	1,423.51	824.50	(1,290.65)	(132.86)	-		824.50
Debt payable to Phoenix ARC Pvt. Ltd.	1,319.83	-	(1,101.87)	(121.00)	-	-	96.96
Intercorporate Deposits and Others	1,170.78	128.50	(101.78)	_	_	94	1,197.50
Total	15,659.55	953.00	(9,595.92)	(253.86)	-	(3,305.68)	3,457.09

For the Year ended 31st March 2023

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particular	Opening Balance	Receipts	Repayment	Write Back	Loan Transfer to ARC	Other Adjustment*	Closing Balance
Secured Loan	66,723.46	10	(120.84)	(14,441.16)	(39,527.44)	(888.59)	11,745.43
Unsecured Loan	1,315.85	-	=	-	-	107.66	1,423.51
Debt payable to Phoenix ARC Pvt. Ltd.	-		(7,331.17)	(32,196.00)	40,847.00	-	1,319.83
Intercorporate Deposits	-	1,137.00	(1.00)	-	-	34.78	1,170.78
Working Capital Loan	1,847.67	-	(528.11)	-	(1,319.56)	52	===
Total	69,886.98	1,137.00	(7,981.12)	(46,637.16)	-	(746.15)	15,659.55

^{*}Other adjustment includes changes in the financial liabilities due to foreign exchange (gain)/loss and reduction of loan due to deconsolidation of foreign subsidiary.



	B-451				(Rs. in lakhs)
	Particulars			As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
15B	Current Borrowings				
	Unsecured Ioan				
	From Bank			-	1,423.51
	Current maturities of long term debt			96.96	7,299.53
	Loan from others			2,812.32	6,013.02
	Total Current Borrowings			2,909.28	14,736.06
					(Rs. in lakhs
				As at	As at
				31st March 2024	31st March 2023
15C	Lease Liability				
	Non Current Lease Liability			234.11	
	*			234.11	8-
	O THE STATE OF THE			45.40	-
	Current Lease Liability			45.40	-
				45.40	-
	Total Lease Liability			279.51	12
			_	As at	As at
Reco	ncilation of Lease Liability			31st March 2024	31st March 2023
	ing Lease Liability			-	-
	on during the year			311.64	-
	al of Interest during the year			21.87	
Repa	yment of Lease Liability during the year			54.00	×
Closir	ng Lease Liability			279.51	2
Maturi	ty analysis of lease liabilities - Contractual undiscounted cash f	lows			
Partic	culars			As at	As at
				31st March 2024	31st March 2023
	than One Year			45.40	:*
	o Five Years			234.11	-
	than five years			45.40	-
Curre	nt Current			45.40 234.11	-
	100000000000000000000000000000000000000			234.11	
	nts recognised in Profit and Loss Account				
Partio	culars				For the year ended
Intoro	st on lease liabilities			31st March 2024 21.87	31st March 2023
	st on lease liabilities			47.85	-
2.0	nses relating to short term leases and leases of low value assets			14.65	-
	financial liabilities				(Rs. in lakhs)
	Particulars			As at	As at
	Tarrisdiais			31st March 2024	31st March 2023
16A	Non-current				
	Other long term liabilities	Non aument t	-4-1		34
16B	Current	Non-current to	otai	•	-
IOD	Interest Accrued and due on Borrowings			117.42	702.93
	Other payables			966.94	3,110.08
	outer payables	Current to	otal	1,084.36	3,813.01
			otal	1,084.36	3,813.01
			Jiai	1,004.30	3,013.01

For the current financial liabilities that are measured at amortised cost, the fair values are not materially different from their carrying amounts, since the they are of short term nature.

16 -

17 -	Provis	sions						(Rs. in lakhs)
		Particulars				31st	As at March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
	17A	Non-current						
		Provision for employee benefits						
		Gratuity					2.00	0.90
		Delif York Vestor • 17		Non-curre	ent total		2.00	0.90
	17B	Current						
		Provision for employee benefits						
		Gratuity					7.32	
		Gratuity		•				(**)
				Curre	ent total		7.32	
					Total		9.32	0.90
18 -	Trade	payables						(Rs. in lakhs)
	Partie	culars				31st	As at March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
	Trade	e payables						
	Due t	o Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises						040
	Other	r than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises					1,036.75	3,459.06
					Total		1,036.75	3,459.06
					N. C.			50, 150, 150
	Trade	e payables ageing as on 31st March 2024						(Rs. in lakhs)
	Desc	ription	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 ye	ars	More than 3 years	Total
	Undi	sputed						
	Paya	ble to MSME		l-		-		
	Paya	ble to Other	660.11	280.26		39.87	56.5	1 1,036.75
	Disp	uted						
	Paya	ble to MSME		re,		-		
	Paya	ble to Other		-		-	V.	- :-
	Total		660.11	280.26		39.87	56.5	1,036.75
	Trade	e payables ageing as on 31st March 2023						
	Desc	ription	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 ye	ars	More than 3 years	Total
		sputed						
	Paya	ble to MSME	-	÷		-		-
		ble to Other	976.19	1,069.81	3	349.18	1,063.8	8 3,459.06
	Disp	METERS AND						
	Paya	ble to MSME	-	i-		-		-
	Paya	ble to Other				-	9	- :-
	Total		976.19	1,069.81		49.18	1,063.8	8 3,459.06
19 -	Other	liabilities						(Rs. in lakhs)
	Partic	culars				31st	As at March 2023	As at 31st March 2023
	Curre							
		red Income						25
	Statu	tory Dues					169.72	176.57
					Total		169.72	176.57



20 - Revenue from Operations

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars		Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Sale of Services			
Fleet Chartering Earnings and related services (Net of GST)		3,209.49	5,101.44
	Total	3,209.49	5,101.44
Other operating revenue	ĺ		
Other reimbursements include fuel reimbursements		711.58	
	Total	711.58	
	Total	3,921.07	5,101.44

21 - Other income

Particulars		Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Interest income earned on financial assets not designated as at FVTPL			
Bank deposits		13.87	3.17
Interest received on IT Refund		1.09	5.50
Reversal of Interest (Refer note)		496.77	-
Reversal for Settlement/Prepayment of debt		253.86	-
Exchange gain		2.15	10 -
Miscellaneous Income		-	9.85
	Total	767.74	18.52

During the current year, the Company settled its unsecured debt obligations with an lender. Consequently, interest amounting to Rs. 496.77 lakhs and principal amounting to Rs. 131 lakhs (net), has been recognized as other income in the financial statements.

Additionally, during the year, the Company made prepayments on the amount of settlement arrived at with the ARC. The gain of Rs. 122.86 lakhs arising from this prepayments has been recognized as other income in the financial statements.

22 - Fleet operating Expenses

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Crew Cost	1,009.45	2,050.01
Travelling Expenses	56.26	114.87
Fuel, Oil, Stores & Water	157.95	679.90
Port & Canal dues	20.71	112.65
Repairs	542.98	375.83
Stores & Victualling	161.65	705.32
Insurance Charges & Protecting Club Fees	63.59	193.34
Telecommunication Charges	53.27	113.06
Professional Fees	178.54	270.26
Agency Fees, Brokerage & Commission	57.71	275.86
Sundry Operating expenses	310.19	94.12
т	otal 2,612.30	4,985.22

23 - Employee benefits expense

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars		Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Salaries, wages and Fees		493.78	373.49
Contribution to Provident Funds and other funds		11.34	113.06
Gratuity expenses		3.33	4.01
Staff welfare expenses	12	3.80	4.46
	Total	512.25	495.02

Employee benefit plans

23A Defined contribution plans

In the books of parent Company

The Company makes contribution towards provident fund to a defined contribution benefit plan for qualifying employees. Under the plan, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the contribution plan to fund the benefits. The provident fund plan is operated by the Government administrated employee provident fund. Eligible employees receive the benefits from the said Provident Fund. Both the employees and the Company make monthly contributions to the Provident Fund plan equal to specific percentage of the covered employee's salary. The Company has no obligations other than this to make the specified contribution.

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the statement of Profit and Loss.

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Contribution to Employees Provident Fund	10.74	13.15
Contribution to Seamen's Provident Fund	10.36	26.81
Total	21.10	39.96

23B (A) Defined benefit plans

The Company earmark liability towards Gratuity and provide for payment under Group Gratuity Scheme administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC).

(a) Characteristics of defined benefit plan

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan in India (funded). The Company's defined benefit gratuity plan is a final salary plan for employees, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. The fund is managed by a trust which is governed by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees are responsible for the administration of the plan assets and for the definition of the investment strategy.

(b) Risks associated with defined benefit plan

Gratuity is a defined benefit plan and Company is exposed to the Following Risks:

Interest rate risk: A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the G. Sec. Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending on the duration of asset.

Salary Risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability.

Investment Risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

Asset Liability Matching Risk: The plan faces the ALM risk as to the matching cash flow. Since the plan is invested in lines of Rule 101 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, this generally reduces ALM risk.

Mortality risk: Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longevity risk.

Concentration Risk: Plan is having a concentration risk as all the assets are invested with the insurance Company and a default will wipe out all the assets. Although probability of this is very less as insurance Companies have to follow regulatory guidelines.

(c) Characteristics of defined benefit plans

The Company has the benefit scheme in line with Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, for those employees who are getting benefit as per Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Change in liability (if any) due to this scheme change is recognised as past service cost.

(d) A separate trust fund is created to manage the Gratuity plan and the contributions towards the trust fund is done as guided by rule 103 of Income Tax Rules, 1962.



(B) Other Disclosures

Other Disclosures		
Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Type of Benefit	Gratuity	Gratuity
Country	India	India
Reporting Standard	Indian Accounting	Indian Accounting
ad the address the difference to extend the state of the	Standard 19 (IndAS 19)	Standard 19 (IndAS 19)
Funding Status	Funded	Funded
Starting Period	01-Apr-23	01-Apr-22
Date of Reporting	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Period of Reporting	12 Months	12 Months
Assumptions (Previous Period)		
Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
Expected Return on Plan Assets	7.46%	6.98%
Rate of Discounting	7.46%	6.98%
Rate of Salary Increase	5.00%	5.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	2.00%	2.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives	Indian Assured Lives
9016-94-00018-86-3-5-00-00-1-1-1-000001777-9-0-1-1-150-07-6-0-0-0-0-1	Mortality (2012-14)	Mortality (2012-14)
2 MAN - PLAN 10 8100 - MAN - 288 - 20 - 20	(Urban)	(Urban)
Mortality Rate After Employment	N.A.	N.A.
Assumptions (Current Period)		
Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
Expected Return on Plan Assets	7.19%	7.46%
Rate of Discounting	7.19%	7.46%
Rate of Salary Increase	5.00%	5.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	2.00%	2.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives	Indian Assured Lives
	Mortality (2012-14)	Mortality (2012-14)
Marketh, Data After Francisco	(Urban)	(Urban)
Mortality Rate After Employment	N.A.	N.A.
Change in the Present Value of Projected Benefit Obligation		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Period	42.73	50.25
Interest Cost	3.19	3.50
Current Service Cost	3.25	3.92
(Gains)/ Losses on Curtailment	-	(10.50)
Benefit Paid From the Fund	(3.38)	(10.53)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Demographic Assumptions	,	85
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Financial Assumptions	0.31	(0.78)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience	4.50	(3.62)
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period	50.60	42.74
Change in the Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the Period	41.73	48.95
Interest Income	3.11	3.42
Contributions by the Employer	0.20	0.43
Benefit Paid from the Fund	(3.38)	(10.53)
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	(0.39)	(0.43)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End of the Period	41.27	41.84

Amount Recognized in the Balance Sheet	0-4-3	(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the Period	(50.60)	(42.74)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the Period	41.27	41.84
Funded Status (Surplus/ (Deficit))	(9.33)	(0.90)
Net (Liability)/Asset Recognized in the Balance Sheet	(9.33)	(0.90)
Net Interest Cost for Current Period		
Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Period	42.73	50.25
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the Period	(41.73)	(48.95)
Net Liability/(Asset) at the Beginning	1.00	1.30
Interest Cost	3.19	3.50
Interest Income	(3.11)	(3.41)
Net Interest Cost for Current Period	0.08	0.09
Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Current Pe	eriod	
Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
Current Service Cost	3.25	3.92
Net Interest Cost	0.08	0.09
(Gains)/Losses on Curtailments And Settlements	(3)	172
Expenses Recognized	3.33	4.01
Expenses Recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for C	urrent Period	
Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligation For the Period	4.80	(4.41)
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	0.39	0.43
Net (Income)/Expense For the Period Recognized in OCI	5.19	(3.98)
Balance Sheet Reconciliation		
Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
Opening Net Liability	1.01	1.30
Expenses Recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss	3.33	4.01
Expenses Recognized in OCI	5.18	(3.87)
Employer's Contribution	(0.20)	(0.43)
Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet	9.32	1.01
Category of Assets		
Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
Insurance fund	41.27	41.84
Other		S=
Total	41.27	41.84
Other Details		
Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
No. of Active Members	15	19
Per Month Salary For Active Members	7.32	9.78
Weighted Average Duration of the Projected Benefit Obligation	3	55
Average Expected Future Service	6	9
Projected Benefit Obligation	50.60	42.74
, rejected belieful obligation	50.00	74.17



Net Interest Cost for Next Year

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period	50.60	42.74
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End of the Period	(41.27)	(41.84)
Net Liability/(Asset) at the End of the Period	9.33	
Interest Cost	3.64	3.19
Interest Income	(2.97)	
Net Interest Cost for Next Year	0.67	0.08

Maturity Analysis of the Benefit Payments : From the Fund

Projected Benefits Payable in Future Years From the Date of Reporting

Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
Ist Following Year	20.57	1.14
2nd Following Year	5.02	1.26
3rd Following Year	10.64	20.40
4th Following Year	5.83	10.50
5th Following Year	4.76	5.27
Sum of Years 6 To 10	7.09	
Sum of Years 11 and above	8.20	10.24

Maturity Analysis of the Benefit Payments: From the Employer

Sensitivity Analysis

Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	50.60	42.74
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	(1.10)	(1.54)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	1.19	1.67
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	Salary Increase 1.21	
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	crease (1.14)	
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	0.10	0.14
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	(0.11)	(0.15)

The sensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the projected benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the projected benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same method as applied in calculating the projected benefit obligation as recognised in the balance sheet. There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

24 - Finance costs (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars		Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Interest on Borrowings		559.10	868.50
Interest on Lease Liability		21.87	Y-2
Other borrowing costs		19.06	2.49
	Total	600.03	870.99

25 - Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment	1,419.48	3,115.29
Depreciation of ROU Assets	47.85	-
Tota	1,467.33	3,115.29

26 - Other expenses (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars		Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Office Repairs and Maintenance		10.18	3.99
Rent		14.65	12.80
Insurance		0.36	0.53
Rates and Taxes		3.89	2.71
Bad debts written off		4.05	97.90
Bank Charges		14.07	17.90
Travelling Expenses		71.11	72.68
Director Sitting Fees		10.08	10.64
Postage, Telephone and Fax		6.98	9.71
Legal, Professional and Consultancy Charges		644.76	604.03
Miscellaneous Expenses		146.47	141.91
	Total	926.60	974.80

	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
		31st March 2024	31st March 2023
26A	n		
	Auditors' remuneration and expenses		
	Statutory Audit fees	17.14	39.25
	Certification Charges	0.20	0.20
	Payments to tax auditors		
	Tax audit fees	0.60	0.60

27 - Exceptional Items (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Profit on settlement of loan and write back of financial liabilities [Refer Note 27 (i)]	37.47	54,181.96
Profit on sale of office premises [Refer Note 27 (ii)]	174.62	420.53
Earlier Provision for doubtful debts write back	171.99	-
Profit on Deconsolidation of subsidiary [Refer Note 27 (viii)]	4,688.00	:=
Profit on sale of assets/Reversal of impairment losses (Net) [Refer Note 27 (vii)]	628.24	(2)
Accrual of Interest Liability which was written back earlier [Refer Note 27 (iii)]	o. e.	9,300.04
Total exceptional income	5,700.32	63,902.53
Foreign Exchange loss on long term loans [Refer Note 27 (iv)]	23.83	53.40
Loss on Sale of Assets. [Refer Note 27 (v)]	282.03	15,960.34
Provision for impairment of property, plant and Equipment [Refer Note 27 (vi)]		4,174.66
Total exceptional expenditure (B)	305.86	20,188.40
Exceptional items (net)	5,394.46	43,714.13

Note:

- (i) During the year one of Company's subsidairy has settled a financial liability and accordingly the net gain on settlement of Rs. 37.47 lakhs has been accounted.
 - Note for Previous Year: The Parent Company has signed the final settlement letter with Phoenix ARC Private Ltd, accordingly loan outstanding of Rs. 32,196 lakhs has been write back during the year. The Management of Global Offshore Services B V has written back debt of Rs. 21,800.82 lakhs in view of settlement proposals and based on discussions held with the lenders as also the views expressed by one of the lenders that recovery efforts could be "futile". Rs. 185.14 lakhs consists of write off of expenses and write back of suppliers credit balance in case of Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Ltd.
- (ii) During the year, the Company has sold an office premises and a vehicle, accordingly profit of Rs. 174.62 (P.Y Rs. 420.53 lakhs) has been accounted. The proceeds from the sale of office premises have been used mainly for the settlement arrived at with the ARC.
- (iii) Note for Previous Year: The Parent Company has signed a final settlement letter with Phoenix ARC Private Ltd, accordingly interest liability of Rs. 9,300.00 lakhs has been write back during the year.

- (iv) As per the guidelines provided under Ind AS 101- first time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, the Company has decided to change its accounting policy related to hedge accounting. Under Ind AS, the Company will follow Ind AS -21- The effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, under which restated gain or loss on such foreign currency borrowing will be charged to profit and loss account for the respective period.
- (v) The Company sold 1 Vessel (Previous year 3 vessels). Accordingly the loss of Rs. 282.03 lakhs (Previous year Rs. 15,960.34 lakhs) on sale of vessels has been accounted. Major portion of the proceeds from the sale of vessels has been used towards prepayment of settlement arrived at with Phoenix ARC Pvt. Ltd.
- (vi) Subsequent to balance sheet date, the Company has sold one vessel. The diffrence between the WDV as on 31st March 2023 and Net Sale value have been accounted as impairment loss of Rs. 4,174.66 lakhs.
- (vii) During the year, the Company sold a vessel that had previously been impaired. Accordingly, the net excess amount received over the impaired value has been recognized under Profit on sale of assets/Reversal of impairment losses (Net).
- (viii) As outlined in Note 3(i) during the year, the holding company sold 58.82% of its stake in a foreign subsidiary (40% of the subsidiary's total equity). Accordingly, the excess amount over the net investment has been recognized as a deconsolidation gain in the consolidated financial statements. This gain results from the fact that the accumulated losses recognized in the consolidated financial statements exceeded the net investment.

28 - Income taxes relating to continuing operations

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Tax expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current tax		
In respect of current year	60.54	27.91
In respect of prior year	(/*:	-
Tax for earlier year	1970	£5
Total current tax	60.54	27.91
Deferred tax		
In respect of earlier year	137.03	18.65
In respect of earlier year - MAT Credit entitlement	5 -	89.09
Total deferred income tax (credit) / expense	137.03	107.74
Total income tax expense	197.57	135.65

The income tax expense for the year not been reconciled to accounting profit due to :

Provision of current income-tax is made on the basis of the assessable income under the income tax Act, 1961 (for India) and for the respective subsidiaries as per the local tax laws of the county of operations. Income from shipping activities is assessed on the basis of deemed tonnage income of the Company at respective entities. Accordingly no reconcilation prepared.

29 - Risk management

29A Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the returns to stakeholders.

29B Financial instruments

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income & expenses are recognized, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are as disclosed in notes to financial statements.

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Financial assets		
Measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)		
Other Investments (refer note 3.4)	13.72	7.76
Measured at amortised cost		
Cash and bank balances	323.08	42.16
Trade receivables	459.12	1,076.82
Other Non Current financial assets	7.	
Other Bank Balances	208.46	608.46
Other financial assets - current	16.51	3.41
Financial liabilities		
Measured at amortised cost		
Trade payable	1,036.75	3,459.06
Other non current financial liabilities	7.	
Non current borrowings	547.81	923.49
Current borrowings	2,909.28	14,736.06
Other current financial liabilities	1,084.36	3,813.01

The management considers that the carrying amount of financials assets & financial liabilities recognized in the financial statement approximate their fair values.

29C Financial and liquidity risk management objectives

- The average payment terms of creditors (trade payables) is 90-180 days. Other financial liabilities viz. employee payments, other payables are payable within one year.
- ii) Liquidity risk may arise from inability to meet financial obligations, including loan repayments and payments for vessel acquisitions.

29D Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The major class of financial asset of the Group is trade receivables. For credit exposures to customer, management assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. As the Group does not hold any collateral, the maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that class of financial instruments presented on the statement of financial position.

29E Foreign Currency risk management

Since part of the revenues of the Group are denominated in US dollars, there is a translation risk as the Group has to report its financial performance in INR. However, this exposure is partly hedged by replacement of its debt servicing obligations in U.S. Dollars and incurring some of its operating and repair costs in foreign currency.

29 F Maturity profile of all material financial liability including borrowings have been disclosed with respective notes.

30 - Segment Information

The Group is engaged in only one type of business i.e. ownership/charter of offshore support vessels. There are no separate reportable segments.

31 - Earnings per share

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Basic / Diluted earnings / (loss) per share		
From continuing operations attributable to the owners of the Company (Rupees per share)	14.49	127.65
Total basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company	14.49	127.65

Basic / Diluted earnings per share

The earnings and weighted average number of equity share used in the calculations of basic earnings per share are as follows:

(Rs. in lakhs)

		(1.10.111.1411110)
Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	3,583.43	31,566.94
Earnings used in the calculation of basic earning per share	3,583.43	31,566.94
Loss for the year from discontinued operations attributable to the owners of the Company	-	2
Earnings used in the calculation of basic earnings per share from continuing operations	3,583.43	31,566.94
B. C. L.		

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Weighted average number of equity shares for the purpose of basic / diluted earnings per share in lakhs	2,47,28,793	2,47,28,793

32- Ind AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures

Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP")

Aditya A. Garware - Chairman

Details of Transactions with Related Parties

Rs. In lakhs

	Particulars	Key Management Personnel
1	Sitting Fees	
	Aditya A. Garware	1.75
		(1.75)
2	Consultancy Fees	
	Aditya A. Garware	100.20
		(100.20)

Figures in the brackets are the comparative figures of the previous year

Outstanding as at 31st March, 2024

Rs. In lakhs

	Particulars	Key Management Personnel
1	Consultancy Fees	
	Aditya A. Garware	20.88
		(8.35)

Figures in the brackets are the comparative figures of the previous year

33. Additional Information as required under Schedule III to the Companies act, 2013 pursuant to para 2 of general instructions for the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

As on 31st March, 2024

Name of Entity	Net Assets	in %	Shares in profit and Loss	in %	Share in Other comprehensive income	in %	Share in Total comprehensive income	in %
Parent								
Global Offshore services Limited	9,862.83	126.92%	(12,095.21)	100.25%	0.56	-1.82%	(12,094.65)	99.99%
Foreign Subsidiary								
Global Offshore Services B.V.		W						
Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Ltd.	(2,092.14)	-26.92%	30.51	-0.25%	(31.38)	101.82%	(0.87)	0.01%
Total	7,770.69	100.00%	(12,064.70)	100.00%	(30.82)	100.00%	(12,095.52)	100.00%
Non-controlling interest	[
Adjustment arising out of consolidation	468.13	5:	15,831.89		(164.55)		15,667.34	
Grand Total	8,238.82		3,767.19		(133.73)		3,633.46	

Parent								
Global Offshore services Limited	21,957.48	205.91%	17,199.57	44.96%	(3.34)	0.18%	17,196.23	47.28%
Foreign Subsidiary								
Global Offshore Services B.V.	(9,202.59)	-86.30%	20,906.82	54.65%	(1,718.34)	90.99%	19,188.48	52.76%
Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Ltd.	(2,091.28)	-19.61%	150.75	0.39%	(166.88)	8.84%	(16.13)	
Total	10,663.61	100.00%	38,257.14	100.00%	(1,888.56)	100.00%	36,368.58	100.00%
Non-controlling interest	(2,944.10)	·x	(=)				-	
Adjustment arising out of consolidation	(5,915.69)		1)#				-	
Grand Total	1,803.10		38,257.14		(1,888.56)		36,368.58	

34 - Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31st March 2024	31st March 2023	
Guarantees given by the Banks*	208.46	208.46	

^{*}Deposit of an excess of 100% of the Guarantee amount has been placed with the Bank.

35 Other Statutory Information

- The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- ii. The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- iii. The Company has created charges in favour of an ARC which have ""stepped into the shoes" of erstwhile lenders of the Company. The Company has filed satisfaction of Charges with MMD (Mercantile Marine Department) and ROC (Registrar of Companies), in respect of dues that have been repaid. However, some old charges are still appearing in the record of MCA site for the loans that has been repaid in full. The Company is in the process to vacate the same.
- iv. The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

- v. The Company/Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- vi. The Company/Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- vii. The Company has no such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- viii. The Company/Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- 36 The holding Company does not expose itself to any material significant impact due to Ind AS 116 Leases, as all the lease arrangement are of short term nature with insignificant value.
- 37 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified, to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

As per our report of even date attached

For D. Kothary & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 105335W

Mumbai, 29th May 2024

Deepak O. Narsaria Partner Membership No. 121190 UDIN: 24121190BKBOTF5292 For and on behalf of the Board

Aditya Garware Chairman DIN: 00019816

P. S. Shah Chief Financial Officer J. M. Guhathakurta M. M. Honkan
Director Wholetime Director
DIN: 10306595 DIN: 08392886

A. C. Chandarana
Company Secretary
& President - Legal & Admn.

Mumbai, 29th May 2024

Notes

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