

August 22, 2019

To,
The BSE Limited,
Listing Department,
P.J. Towers, 1st Floor,
Dalal Street, Fort,
Mumbai - 400 001

**Scrip Code: 521149** 

Dear Sir(s),

Sub: Compliance under Regulation 47 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations")

Pursuant to Regulation 47 of the Listing Regulations, please find enclosed copies of Un-audited financial results of the Company (Standalone and Consolidated) for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 published in the following newspapers on August 6, 2019:

- i. Business Line
- ii. Malai Murasu

This is for your information and records.

Yours faithfully,

For Prime Urban Development India Limited

Krunal Shah

Senior Manager- Legal and Company Secretary

Encl: As above



DEVELOPMENT INDIA LTD.
(A PATODIA GROUP COMPANY)

Registered Office: 110, Avinashi Road, Gandhinagar P.O., Tirupur - 641 603. (T.N.)
Ph.: (0) 91-421-4307800 / 4307821. Our Website: www.ptlonline.com / www.primeurban.in
GST No: 33AABCP9571D1ZH PAN NO: AABCP9571D CIN No: L70200 TZ1936 PLC 000001.
Corporate Office: 106, Mittal Chambers 10th Floor 228, Natiman Point, Mumbai - 400 021.

Corporate Office: 106, Mittal Chambers 10th Floor 228, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 921.

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## For SMEs, funds and marketing are big challenges 4 steps that can help

'Need to innovate on financials, systems, manpower and invest in human resources'

Coimbatore, August 5 Though SMEs are considered the growth engines of any economy, including India, the challenges and opportunities the sector faces are far larger than their size - from quality to compliance, manpower to funding,

branding to marketing. "But the biggest challenge for SMEs is growth, was the unanimous note that ICICI Bank speakers struck at a panel discussion on 'Tapping into Global Trade Challenges and Opportunities,' organised BusinessLine in association with ICICI Bank here last week.

S Soundararajan, Managing Partner, Falcon Toolings, said emphatically that "growth is crucial for SMEs. For this, we have to find the means; the sector will need to innovate

on financials, innovate on systems, quality, manpower and above all invest in human resource personnel.

"All this would be possible only if the owner motivates himself. And that could be the biggest challenge." However, to grow, the sector needs funds and for this, it depends mainly on banks, which according to

> Codissia President Ramamurthy,

nevei proposition. **SMEs** enormous po-

But apply the same lending norms for both large corporates small enter-

prises. This has to change in the present scheme of things. Access to funds is a serious issue. We have sought a separate MSME policy.



(from left) Suresh Mutyala, Zonal Head, ICICI Bank; Prakash Seshadri, co-founder and CEO, See Change Consulting; R Ramamurthy, President, Codissia; Prabhu Damodharan, Convenor, Indian Texpreneurs Federation; S Soundararajan, Managing Partner, Falcon Toolings; and N Madhavan, Associate Editor, BusinessLine at SME Growth Summit in Coimbatore on Friday M PERIASAMY

nimble, make money by embra-

cing technology, keep financial

Prabhu Damodharan, Con-

venor, Indian Texpreneurs Fed-

eration, said: "Financial man-

agement is core to any business

and so is market intelligence.

The enterprise will have to

papers clean and think big."

At this juncture, S Prakash, of See Change Consulting, intervened, pointing out that SMEs by and large managed with support from friends and family.

Suresh Mutyala, Deputy General Manager, Elite Trade Relationship Group, ICICI Bank, cited that inefficiencies in SMEs' balance-sheet made access to bank finance difficult for them. "Bank debt is not the only source of finance at present; there are

other options such as venture factor in future disruptions, incapital funds, private equity and fuse technology and be open to so on. SMEs should explore all co-operative competition". options. A business needs to be

Marketing challenges As much as funds, marketing

Prakash did not mince words when he said that "it is a non-existent component among MSMEs. The sector is rich tech-

nically, but lacks marketing

knowledge, has no clear succes-

also was a challenge for SMEs.

ing capability." He felt that there were eight key areas that SMEs should focus on for sustained growth such as converting profit centres into SBUs (strategic business units), looking for low-cost funds, marketing, HR, process, products, succession plan and export value

sion plans or leadership build-

Stating that his enterprise had benefited immensely from participating in trade fairs, Soundararajan said that "giving the right product and tapping the right market is the key.'

Ramamurthy conceded that SMEs were unable to brand their products in the international market due to lack of knowledge and expertise on export procedures. While Codissia is helping SMEs tackle such issues, the ITF Convenor said that the Federation created a market intelligence platform to aid members share data, collaborate and usher a change in their mindset.

ing that "systems for SMEs should evolve in a better way". NMadhavan, Associate Editor,

their counsels.

The panelists signed off stat-

BusinessLine, moderated the

# small units go global

global.

While going global can be a Herculean task for an SME, it is unachievable. without such disruptions as demonetisation and trade barriers, the journey has never been smooth. Yet, a number of SMEs have managed to go

SMEs need to internalise and improve efficiencies, share knowledge without inhibition and, finally, understand the nuances of marketing, according to Srihari Balakrishnan, Managing Dir-

"Starting from demonetisation to economic slowdown to the many trade barriers, we have witnessed disruptions, from smooth to multiple cross-flows," he said.

ector, KG Denim.

"There is more confusion and knee-jerk reaction to the happenings around us. Do not react to each and every news. Remain calm," he said.

He listed four specific tasks that he undertook to take his



Srihari Balakrishnan, MD, KG Denim the HINDU

organisation to the next level of growth. "Internalise; look inwards," Balakrishnan said. before pointing out how the appointment of a 'coach' at the spinning and weaving divisions helped improve performance and curb waste. The resultant impact 'fantastic'.

"Use of LinkedIn to market our brand gave us professional insights. Then, we did a complete overhaul of our marketing network before joining with our peers to create infrastructure, share knowledge. Marketing is the key," he said adding, "nothing can beat us if we do these four things".

### How online grocery Grofers keeps vendors well-provisioned

TERAJA SIMHAN

Online grocery retailer Grofers does not just source products from its vendors but also empowers them by providing funds, manpower assistance and R&D — a win-win for both the vendor and the company.

"Working with smaller manufacturers enables the company to acquire new consumers and to sell more with attractive pricing," said Saurabh Kumar,

Grofers, which in May raised \$200 million in a funding round led by SoftBank Vision Fund, advances money so that manufacturers can finance purchase of raw material, packaging material, set up R&D units and factories

"We give revolving credit up

Saurabh Kumar

to ₹5 lakh for eligible manufacturers," Kumar told Business-Line. Grofers has added value to a number of businesses. A Mumbai-based manufacturer's turnover grew from ₹1.2 lakh to ₹1.2 crore after being associated with Grofers. Another manufacturer from Bengaluru saw its annual business grow four-fold and now sells units over ₹2 crore, he said. Some of the beneficiaries are food processing units, agri commodity processors, traders and vegetable farmers. "Our aim is to add at least 300 more small manufacturers to make our private label by the end of 2019," he said.

Kapil Oberoi, a Mumbaibased small manufacturer and one of the beneficiaries, said, "In just one year of being associated with Grofers, I have made additional ₹1.5 crore just from Grofers' business. I was also able to give employment to 30-35 people."

Grofers uses technology platform to manage its 5,000 partner-stores and delivers over 25 million products every month. A majority of these products are sold under the company's own brands like Grofers Happy Day and Grofers Happy Home. Kumar said that Grofers has

been associated with over 250 manufacturers across metros and smaller markets. The company helps small enterprises introduce their products to a wider consumer segment across India. Apart from financial support, the company also provides manpower assistance to help vendors find skilled workers for their factories.

On R&D, Kumar said that the company helps them understand industry trends and what's working in the market currently

With the increase in the business of small manufacturers, "over 2,500 people have been employed additionally across these 250 manufacturers' factories, and over 100 manufacturing units have been added within a year," said Kumar.

## 'Blaming a PE for the misfortunes of an entrepreneur is misplaced'

SANGEETHA CHENGAPPA

In his letter to the Cafe Coffee Enterprises board and employees, Chairman and Managing Director V G Siddhartha had said that he could not take any more pressure from one of the PE partners forcing him to buyback shares. In an interview to BusinessLine, PM Devaiah, Partner & Group General Counsel at Everstone Capital Advisors, said blaming one's PE investor is a case of witch hunting. Excerpts:

Siddhartha's suicide has cast a shadow on the role of PE firms in an entrepreneur's life. What's your take as a PE professional? Regulators, lenders, government and PE investors have emerged as the villains on the block

This bogey of PE investors' pressure is a case of witch hunting by a few entrepreneurs... funds have a time

by a unilatclamation of the citizens... I think this is unfortunate... The PEs, I am sure, have negotiated

gagement in mutual contheir investors and cannot sultation with advice from hold on to a portfolio in perpetuity. As a result, most PE investments

To complain of negotiated terms post will have a mutually facto is like an ineffiagreed 'exit watercient carpenter blamfall', that is, a preing his tools. No one agreed way a PE inforced CDE to seek PE fundvestor could sell its investment in a time bound manner. Promoter buyback is

At what point in the investment lifecycle does a PE firm starts to pressure an entrepreneur to start buying back shares

of the company?

followed by PE firms to recover their investment when a company they have invested in is in the doldrums? Unlike a loan, equity is not re-

one among the various such

exit mechanisms and entre-

preneurs have the freedom

What is the code of conduct

not to agree to such terms.

covered but sold. The terms of investment by a PE firm and a recipient company is preceded by protracted due dili-

Most PE investments have a strategy, like promoter buyback, and entrepreneurs have the freedom not to agree to such terms

PM DEVAIAH Partner & Group General Counsel at Everstone Capital Advisors

sometimes run into months/ vears. When a company is in a bad shape, some are rehabilitated, some undergo restructuring, some PE firms do further rounds of investments where there is potential for growth and also write off investments if the business has genuinely not performed. In some situations, when the bad situation is due to mismanagement or fraud, then the law takes its course.

... in this case...

By Siddhartha's own admission in his letter to the board, dated July 27, 2019, his assets outweigh his liabilities. Private Equity is one of the most compliant capital pooling and deployment businesses which bring about global best practices to companies. Intense anti-money laundering compliances, anti-bribery codes, environmental and social practices, etc., are followed by institutional investors.

Siddhartha was a seasoned businessman with best-inclass resources at his disposal. Economic downturn affects everyone. Why should PE firms be blamed for the unintended consequences of his entrepreneurship?

### + Gati Ltd's Q1 net down 64%

**OUR BUREAU** 

Hvderabad, August 5 Express distribution and supply chain solutions provider Gati Ltd's consolidated net profit decreased to ₹2.03 crore in the first quarter ended June 30, 2019, compared to ₹5.61 crore in the corresponding quarter of previous vear.

That is a 64 per cent drop in net while total revenue remained almost flat at ₹460 crore. "The GDP growth in the first quarter has reportedly slowed to a five-year low. Some of our key customer verticals namely automobile, healthcare, e-commerce and telecom, showed a sluggish growth and even a de-growth in the quarter resulting in a direct impact on Gati," said Mahendra Agarwal, founder and CEO, Gati.

### Work starts on ₹9,800-cr expansion of Delhi airport; to be finished mid-2022

**OUR BUREAU** 

The Delhi airport will spend ₹9,800 crore for capex till June 2022 including building the fourth runway, expanding parking stands for aircraft to 82 from the current 55 and increasing the airport's handling capacity to 140 million passengers annually.

"We have already gone into international bonds," I Prabhakara Rao, Deputy Managing Director, GMR Group, said at a press conference here on Monday when asked about the source of funds.

At the moment, it is not clear as to how the airport,

which is the busiest in the country, will recover the money. Rao declined to get into the details saying just posed an arrival and departure tax on passengers to recover its investments.

The Delhi airport is run by the Delhi International Airport Ltd (DIAL), which is a consortium of the GMR Group, the Airports Authority of India and Franport. The consortium has the mandate to finance, design, build, operate and maintain the airport for 30 years with an option to extend it by a

further 30 years. In the proposed new plan,

the entire T1 apron will be demolished and a new and expanded structure constructed to provide for 82 that 'the funding was clear'. aircraft stands. The progress-Earlier, the airport had im- ive completion of the T1 apron will be from July 2020 to June 2022. Besides, the arrival and departure terminal in T1 will be integrated under one roof.

Plans are also afoot to build a flyover at the aerocity metro station junction to reduce the travel time between Terminal 1 and Terminal 3.

L&T has been entrusted with the entire EPC work in the latest phase of development and work has already started.



### PRIME URBAN DEVELOPMENT INDIA LIMITED

CIN L70200TZ1936PLC000001

Asher Nagar, Tirupur-641 603, Tamil Nadu, India

Rs. in lakhs except per share data

Place: Mumbai

Date: August 5, 2019

### HINDUSTAN OIL EXPLORATION COMPANY LIMITED

Registered Office: 'HOEC House', Tandalja Road, Off Old Padra Road, Vadodara-390 020. Website: www.hoec.com Email: hoecshare@hoec.com CIN: L11100GJ1996PLC029880

Extract of Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results (Unaudited) for the Quarter ended June 30, 2019

									(₹ in Lacs )	
S. No.	Particulars		Stand	lalone		Consolidated				
		Quarter Ended 30-06-2019	Quarter Ended 31-03-2019	Quarter Ended 30-06-2018	Year Ended 31-03-2019	Quarter Ended 30-06-2019	Quarter Ended 31-03-2019	Quarter Ended 30-06-2018	Year Ended 31-03-201	
		Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited	
1	Total Income from Operations	4,935.27	7,141.64	3,506.08	23,689.41	5,666.92	7,734.68	4,234.51	26,514.07	
2	Net Profit for the period before tax and exceptional items	3,077.62	4,796.18	2,196.24	14,758.75	3,339.13	4,905.31	2,324.52	15,424.64	
3	Net Profit for the period before tax after exceptional items	3,077.62	4,796.18	2,426.93	14,989.44	3,339.13	4,936.78	2,555.21	15,686.80	
4	Net Profit for the period after tax after exceptional items	3,077.62	4,796.18	2,333.95	14,896.46	3,266.17	4,932.76	2,549.21	15,674.31	
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	3,073.58	4,792.07	2,329.93	14,880.29	3,262.13	4,928.65	2,545.19	15,658.14	
6	Equity Share Capital	13,050.93	13,050.93	13,050.93	13,050.93	13,050.93	13,050.93	13,050.93	13,050.93	
7	Reserves				38,182.76				40,972.80	
8	Earnings Per Share of ₹ 10/- each (not annualized) Basic EPS ₹ Diluted EPS ₹	₹ 2.36 ₹ 2.34	₹ 3.68 ₹ 3.65	₹1.79 ₹1.77	₹11.42 ₹11.32	₹ 2.50 ₹ 2.48	₹ 3.78 ₹ 3.75	₹ 1.95 ₹ 1.94	₹ 12.01 ₹ 11.91	

The above is an extract of detailed format of Quarterly financial results filed with the stock exchanges under regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing obligations and disclosure requirements) regulation 2015. The full format of the Quarterly financial results is available on the stock exchange websites www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com and Company's website www.hoec.com

R. Jeevanandam

Director & CFO

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD For Hindustan Oil Exploration Company Limited

Managing Director

Place: Tirupur Dated: 05.08.2019

Registered Office: Door No. 83, 3rd Floor, Plot No. 4, Avinashi Main Road, Near Petrol Bunk,

Email: companysecretary@ptlonline.com, website: www.ptlonline.com, Phone No. 0421-4242061

EXTRACT OF STANDALONE AND CONSOLIDATED UN-AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2019										
		Standalone Results Consolidated Results								
SI. No.	Particulars	For the Quarter ended 30.06.2019	For the Quarter Ended 31.03.2019	For the Corresponding Quarter Ended 30.06.2018	For the Year Ended 31.03.2019	For the Quarter ended 30.06.2019	For the Quarter Ended 31.03.2019	For the Corresponding Quarter Ended 30.06.2018	For the Year Ended 31.03.2019	
		Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited	
1	Total income from Operations and other income	2,409.09	3,807.20	3,490.29	15,358.46	2,117.71	3,840.77	3,490.59	15,354.36	
2	Net Profit/ (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(117.37)	40.02	111.29	(252.04)	(122.18)	43.83	106.74	(274.76)	
3	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(117.37)	40.02	111.29	(252.04)	(122.18)	43.83	106.74	(274.76)	
4	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(117.37)	32.46	71.89	(278.46)	(122.18)	36.27	67.34	(302.84)	
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period {Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and other Comprehensive income (after tax)}	(117.18)	43.63	71.70	(267.85)	(121.99)	47.44	67.15	(292.23)	
6	Equity Share Capital (Face Value Rs.2/-)	532.87	532.87	532.87	532.87	532.87	532.87	532.87	532.87	
7	Reserves (Excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the audited balance sheet of previous year				913.10		-	-	544.63	
8	Earnings per share (Face value of Rs. 2/- each) - not annualised									
	a. Basic/Diluted EPS before extraordinary items	(0.44)	0.12	0.27	(1.05)	(0.46)	0.14	0.25	(1.14)	
	b. Basic/Diluted EPS after extraordinary items	(0.44)	0.12	0.27	(1.05)	(0.46)	0.14	0.25	(1.14)	
Note	es :									

The Unaudited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement Principles provided in Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS 34), the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), as applicable and guidelines issued by the

Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, as amended. 2 The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Unaudited Financial Results (Standalone and Consolidated) filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Unaudited Financial Results (Standalone and Consolidated) is available on the Stock Exchange Website (www.bseindia.com) and on Company's website

3 The above results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their Meeting held on August 5, 2019. The Statutory Auditors have carried out a Limited Review of the aforesaid results in terms of Regulation 33 of of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations. 2015

5 In terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, the Company has disclosed

6 The figures for the corresponding previous period/year's have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary, to make them comparable. The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 are the balancing figures between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the published year to date figures up to the third quarter for the relevent financial year which were subjected to Limited Review by the Statutory Auditors

> For and on behalf of the Board **PURUSOTTAMDAS PATODIA** CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR DIN: 00032088

3 முறை திட்ட மதிப்பீடு 3 முறை திட்ட மதிப்படு தயாரிக்கப்பட்டு அரசி<mark>ன்</mark> கவ னத்திற்கு அனுப்பி வைத்த மாவட்ட நிர்வாகம் உடனடி யாக திட்டத்தை நிறைவேற்ற நடவடிக்கை எடுக்கவேண் பிறகும் திட்டம் நடைமு டும். றைக்கு வரவில்லை. இத்

இவ்வாறு அவர்கள் கூறி னர்.

மேற்படி நீதிமன்றத்தில் மேற்படி மேற்படி நீகிமன்றக்கில் பிரதிவாதியாகிய தாங்கள் ஆஜராகி எதிர்மனுதாரராகிய ஆட்சேபனையை தங்கள**து** ஆஜராகி ஆட்சேப தெரிவிக்காவிடில் ஒருதலைப்பட்ச தெரிவிக்காவிடில் தீர்ப்பாகும் என்பதை அறியவும். தீர்ப்பாகும் என்பதை அறியவும். R.வெங்கடேசன்.B.Sc..B.L. R.வெங்கடேசன்.B.Sc.B.L. வழக்கறிஞர், கோவை வழக்கறிஞர், கோவை

மணிக்கு மேற்படி நீதிமன்றத்தில் மேற்படி பிரதிவாதியாகிய தூங்கள் தங்களது ஆட்சேபணையை தெரிவிக்கா விடில் ஒருதலைப்பட்சமாக தீர்ப்பாகும் என்பதை அறியவும். S.செல்லத்துரை வழக்கறிஞர், கோவை,



திட்டம் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்டால்

#### பிரைம் அர்பன் டெவலப்மைன்ட இந்தியா லிமிடைட

CIN: L70200TZ1936PLC000001

பதிவு அலுவலகம்: கதவு நெ. 83, பிளாட் எண். 4, 3வது தளம், பெட்ரோல் பங்க் அருகில், அவினாசி ரோடு, ஆஷர் நகர், தீருப்பூர் - 641 603, கமிழ்நாடு, இந்தியா E-mail: companysecretary@ptlonline.com, Web: www.ptlonline.com, Ph: 0421-4242061

30.06.2019 அன்று முடிவடைந்த காலாண்டிற்காள தனித்த மற்றும் ஒருங்கிணைந்த தணிக்கை செய்யப்படாத நிதி முடிவுகளின் சுருக்கம்

( ஒரு பங்கீன் வருமானம் தவிர மற்ற தொகைகள் யாவும் ₹ இலட்சங்களில் )

		1 1	Standal	one Results		Consolidated Results				
வ. ஸ்ர	collupraise et	காலாண்டு முடிவு 30.06.2019 Unaudited	காலாண்டு முடிவு 31.03.2019 Audited	தொடர்புடைய காலாண்டு முடிவு 30.06.2018 Unaudited	இறுதியாண்டு முடிவு 31.03.2019 Audited	காலாண்டு முடிவு 30.06.2019 Unaudited	காலாண்டு' முடிவு 30.03.2019 Audited	தொடர்புடைய காலாண்டு முடிவு 30.06.2018 Unaudited	இறுதியாண் முடிவு 31.03.2019 Audited	
1	செயல்பாடுகளின் மூலம் நீகர் வருமானம் மற்றும் இதர வருமானம்	2,409.09	3,807.20	3,490.29	15,358.46	2,117.71	3,840.77	3,490.59	15,354.36	
2	வரிக்கு முன்பு உள்ள நிகர லாயம் / (நஷ்டம்) (மற்ற அரதாரண செலவினங்களுக்கு முன்)	(117.37)	40.02	111.29	(252.04)	(122.18)	43.83	106.74	(274.76)	
3	வரிக்கு முன்பு உள்ள நிகர லாயம் / (நீஷ்டம்) (மற்ற அளதாரண செலவினங்களுக்கு பின்)	(117.37)	40.02	111.29	(252.04)	(122.18)	43.83	106.74	(274.76	
4	வரிக்கு பின்பு உள்ள நிகர லாபம் / (நஷ்டம்) (அளதாரண செலவினங்களுக்கு பின்)	(117.37)	32.46	71.89	(278.46)	(122.18)	36.27	67.34	(302.84	
5	கீகாலத்தீற்கான மொத்த விரிவான வருமானம் (இக்காலத்தீற்கான வரிக்கு பின் நீகர லாபம் மற்றும் வரிக்கு பிற்தைய ஏனைய விரிவா வருமானமும் உள்ளட்டது)	(17.18)	43.63	71.70	(267.85)	(121.99)	47.44	67.15	(292.23	
6	செறுத்தப்பட்ட ஈக்விட்டி பங்குத்தொகை (ஒரு பங்கீற்கு ரூ.2/- முக மதிப்பு)	532.87	532.87	532.87	532.87	532.87	532.87	532.87	532.8	
7	ரிசர்வுகள் (மறுமதிப்பீடு ரிசர்வுகள் நீங்கலாக) கடந்த ஆண்டு நிதிநிலை அறிக்கையில் உள்ளது போன்ற)		•	100	913.10			····	544.6	
8	ஒரு பாங்கீன் வருவாய் (Face Value of Rs.2/- each) not annualised)		yes .	A STATE OF	1		1.0	V av		
	அ. ஒரு பாங்கீற்கான வருவாய் அசுநாரண அயிட்டங்களுக்கு முன்பாக	(0.44)	0.12	0.27	(1.05)	(0.46)	0.14	0.25	0.14	
1	ஆ. ஒரு பங்கீற்கான வருவாய் அசாநாரண அயிட்டங்களுக்கு பின்பாக	(0.44)	0.12	0.27	(1.05)	(0.46)	0.14	0.25	().14	

1. தணிக்கை செய்யப்படாத தனித்த மற்றும் ஒருங்கிணைத்த நீதி முடிவுகள் இந்தியன் கணக்கியல் தரநிலைகளில் (Ind An 34) நிறுவனங்கள் சட்டம் 2013-ன் வீதிகள் பொருந்தக்கூடிய மற்றும் SEBI (Listing Obligation

2. மேலே குறிப்பிட்டுள்ள தணிக்கை செய்யப்படாத காலாண்டு நீதிநீலை முடிவுகள் விரிவுபடுத்தப்பட்ட வடிவத்தின் ஒரு பிரிவாகும். பாங்குகளின் பரிமாற்றத்தில் நிதிநீலை முடிவுகள் Stock Exchange under Regulations 33 of SEBI (Listing and other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015-ன் பங்கு பரிவர்த்தனை மூலம் சமற்பிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது. மேற்குறிப்பிட்ட விரிவான காரைண்டிற்கான தணிக்கை முடிவுகள் Stock Exchange website (www.bseindia.com) மற்றும் Company's website (www.ptlonline.com) என்ற இணைய தளத்திலும் பார்க்கரைம்.

and Disclosure Requirements) வீதிமுறைகள் 2015 இன் பத்தீரங்கள் மற்றும் வழிகாட்டுதல்களால் வழங்கப்பட்ட அங்கோரம் மற்றும் அளவீடுகளுக்கு ஏற்ப தயாரிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளன.

3. மேலே குறிப்பிடப்பட்டுள்ள முடிவுகளை தணிக்கை குழு மதிப்பாய்வு செய்து 2019ம் ஆண்டு ஆகஸ்ட் 5ம் தேதீ நடைபெற்ற கூட்டத்தில் இயக்குனர் குழுவினால் அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்டது. இந்த முடிவானது சட்டப்பூர்வ தணிக்கையாளர்களால் வரையறுக்கப்பட்ட மதிப்பாய்வு.

4. இந்திறுவனம் ரியாலிட்டி வர்த்தகம் மற்றும் நூல் வர்த்தக வணிகம் ஆகியவற்றில் ஈடுபட்டுள்ளது மற்றும் இரண்டு அறிக்கையிடப்படும் பிரிவுகளில் i.e and AS 108வது விகிப்படி ரியாலிட்டி அண்ட டெக்ஸ்டைல் பெயரில் உள்ளது.

5. SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) விதிமுறைகள் 2015 இன் ஒழுங்குமுறை 33-ன் படி, திருத்தப்பட்ட நிறுவனம் 2019 ஜுன் 30 ஆம் தேதியுடன் முடிவடைந்த தற்போதைய காலாண்டில் இருந்து

ஒருங்கிணைந்த காலாண்டு முடிவுகளை வெளியிட்டுள்ளது. 6.தொடர்புடைய முந்தைய கால்க்ட்டம்/ஆண்டின் புள்ளிவிவரங்கள் ஒப்பிடத்தக்க வகையில், தேவையான இடங்களில் மீண்டும் தொகுக்கப்பட்டனுமறுவகைப்படுத்தப்பட்டுள்ளன. மார்ச் 31, 2019 உடன் முடிவடைந்த காலாண்டின் புள்ளி விவரங்கள் முழு நீதியாண்டு மற்றும் வெளியிடப்பட்ட ஆண்டு முதல் தணிக்கை செய்யப்பட்ட புள்ளிவிபரங்களுக்கிடையிலான சமநிலை புள்ளிவிவுரங்கள், தற்போதுள்ள நீதியாண்டிற்கான மூன்றாம் காலாண்டு வரையிலான புள்ளிவிவுரங்கள் சட்டரீதியான தணிக்கையாளர்களால். வரையறுக்கப்பட்ட மதிப்பாய்வுக்கு உடபடுத்தப்பட்டுள்ளன.

(For and on behalf of the Board)

புளுகோத்தம் தால் பட்டோடியா தலைவர் மற்றும் நீர்வாக கயக்குளர் DIN 00032088

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