

29th July, 2022

The Department of Corporate Services
BSE Limited
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,
Dalal Street,

Mumbai – 400 001 Scrip Code: 5001

Scrip Code: 500193

The Listing Department
National Stock Exchange of India Limited
Exchange-Plaza, 5th Floor,
Plot No .C/1,G block, Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400 051
Scrip Code: HLVLTD

Dear Sir,

Sub: Intimation of Annual General Meeting and E –Voting

Notice is hereby given that the 41st Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company will be held on **Wednesday, 24th August, 2022** at **11.00 AM** through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means.

The AGM will be held without the physical presence of the Shareholders at a common venue. This is in view of the continuing COVID-19 pandemic and in compliance with the General Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 5, 2020, January 13, 2021, December 8, 2021, December 14, 2021 and May 5, 2022 (collectively referred to as 'MCA Circulars') and the Circulars issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India dated May 12, 2020, January 15, 2021, and May 13, 2022 ('SEBI Circulars').

Further, in accordance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and said SEBI Circulars, the Annual Report along with the Notice of the AGM is being sent only by electronic mode to those Shareholders whose email addresses are registered with the RTA/Depository Participants. The Annual Report together with the Notice of the AGM will be sent through email to the members on or before 1st August, 2022.

In compliance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended and the provisions of Regulation 44 of the Listing Regulations, 2015, the Members are provided with the facility of e-voting to cast their vote electronically on all resolutions given in the 41st AGM Notice for which the Company has engaged the services of National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) as e-voting agency.

The remote e-voting period commences on 21st August, 2022 at 9.00 a.m. and ends on 23rd August, 2022 at 5.00 p.m. (IST). The cut-off date for determining the eligibility of members for remote e-voting shall be 17th August, 2022.

Pursuant to Regulation 34 (1) of SEBI Listing Regulations, the Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year 2021-22 including the Notice of the Annual General Meeting is enclosed herewith which is also available on the Company's website viz., www.hlvltd.com.

Please take the above information on record.

Mumbai

Thanking you, Yours faithfully, For **HLV Limited** 

Savitri Yadav
Company Secretary

Encl: as above





www.hlvltd.com

# Mission Statement

To not just satisfy our guests,
but delight them.
To show the warmth and grace
unique to Indian hospitality.
To set a new global standard
of service in which wishes are not simply
granted, but anticipated.



Lobby Lounge at The Leela Mumbai



Entrance of The Leela Mumbai

# CORPORATE INFORMATION

Website: www.kfintech.com

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENTS** KFin Technologies Limited Mr. Vinay Kapadia Chairman Selenium Tower B, Plot No. 31-32, Mr. Vijay Sharma Director Gachibowli, Financial District, Ms. Saija Nair Director Nanakramguda, Hyderabad - 500 032 Mrs. Madhu Nair Director Toll Free No. 1800 309 4001 Ms. Amruda Nair Director E-mail: einward.ris@kfintech.com Mr. Ashok Rajani Director

# **KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

Mr. Vivek Nair	Chief Executive Officer		
Mr. Dinesh Nair	Joint Chief Executive Officer	CONTENTS	
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# **SOLICITORS & ADVOCATES**

Cyril Amarchand Mangaldas

Corporate Identity Number (CIN): L55101MH1981PLC024097

41st Annual General Meeting

Date | Wednesday, 24th August, 2022

Time | 11.00 A. M.

For any assistance pertaining to • Room Reservations • Conferences • Weddings • Holiday Packages and Weekend Offers at The Leela Mumbai, please feel free to contact: T. +91 (22) 6691 1234; F. +91 (22) 6691 1212

Mail us at: reservations@theleela.com; Website: www.hlvltd.com

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **Dear Members**

Your Directors' present the 41st Annual Report on the business and operations of your Company, together with the audited accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2022.

### 1. Financial Performance

The financial performance of the Company during the year under review is summarized below:

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Financial year	Financial Year
	2021-22	2020-21
Revenue from	7,299.71	1,892.05
Operations		
Other Income	332.32	2,521.73
Total income	7,632.03	4,413.78
Less: Expenses other	9,374.96	7,190.93
than finance costs		
and depreciation /		
amortization		
Less: Finance costs	235.34	229.89
Less: Depreciation and	1,276.37	1,351.70
amortisation expenses		
Profit/(loss) before	(3,254.64)	(4,358.74)
exceptional items and		
Tax		
Exceptional items - Profit/	(996.32)	766.15
(loss) (net)		
Profit/(loss) before Tax	(4,250.96)	(3,592.59)
Tax expense	-	-
Profit/(loss) after Tax	(4,250.96)	(3,592.59)
Other comprehensive	301.66	30.27
income / (loss), net of tax		
Total comprehensive	(3,949.30)	(3,562.32)
income for the year		
Earnings Per Share	(0.66)	(0.57)
(Basic and Diluted)		

Your Company recorded a turnover of ₹7,632.03 Lakhs as against ₹4,413.78 Lakhs in previous financial year. The Company registered loss before tax of ₹4,250.96 Lakhs for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022 against a loss before tax of ₹3,592.59 Lakhs in the previous financial year.

There has been no fundamental change in the nature of business of the Company during the financial year ended 31st March, 2022.

# 2. Share Capital

During the year, pursuant to members' approval dated 18<sup>th</sup> August, 2021, the Company issued and allotted 2,87,08,133 Equity Shares of ₹ 2/- each, fully paid up at an issue price of ₹ 10.45 per share including a premium of ₹ 8.45 per share on preferential basis to M/s. Rockfort Estate Developers Private

Limited, a promoter group entity on conversion of their loan. The issued and paid up share capital of the Company stands at ₹ 131,85,19,798/- (Rupees one hundred thirty one crores eighty five lakhs nineteen thousand seven hundred ninety eight only) divided into 65,92,59,899 (sixty five crores ninety two lakhs fifty nine thousand eight hundred ninety nine) Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2/- (Rupees two only) each.

#### 3. Reserves

In view of operational losses, your Company is not able to transfer any amount to the Reserves for the year under review.

# 4. Dividend

The Directors do not recommend any dividend for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022 in view of operational losses.

#### 5. Dividend Distribution Policy

Pursuant to Regulation 43A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 [SEBI Listing Regulations], the Board of Directors of the Company had formulated a Dividend Distribution Policy ('the Policy'). The Policy is available on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors\_relations/Dividend%20Distribution%20Policy.pdf">https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors\_relations/Dividend%20Distribution%20Policy.pdf</a>

# Material Changes and Commitments affecting Financial Position of the Company having occurred since the end of the financial year and till the date of this report

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year i.e. 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 and date of this Directors' Report i.e. 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2022.

#### 7. Management Discussion and Analysis

A detailed review of the operations, performance and future outlook of the Company and its businesses is given in the Management Discussion and Analysis, which forms part of this Annual Report.

# 8. Litigations against the Company

# Litigation on the transaction with Brookfield for sale of Undertakings

ITC Limited and its subsidiary Russel Credit Limited, members of the Company holding then 8.72% (at present 8.34%) of the equity share capital, have on 22nd April, 2019 filed against the Company, a petition under Section 241 of the Companies Act, 2013 for oppression and mismanagement along with 2 applications for urgent hearing and for waiver of the requirement of minimum threshold of 10% shareholding in relation to the transaction with BSREP III India Ballet Pte. Ltd. or its affiliates ("Brookfield") for sale of hotel undertakings before the NCLT in May 2019 which is to be reheard in future as the Bench hearing the case is reconstituted. Though the case was listed from time to time, due to paucity of time the matter will be taken up in due course of time.



Two minority members i.e. ITC Limited and Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) had filed complaint with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) against the aforesaid transaction with Brookfield, alleging violation of the provisions related to related party transactions and oppression and mismanagement by the majority members against minority members. Later LIC withdrew from contesting this case. On 23<sup>rd</sup> July, 2019, SEBI passed its detailed, reasoned and speaking order in the matter of "Complaints Filed by Minority Shareholder of Hotel Leela Venture Limited".

Aggrieved by the aforesaid Order, ITC filed an appeal before the Hon'ble Securities Appellate Tribunal ("SAT") challenging the findings in the Order.

On 14<sup>th</sup> August, 2019, ITC sought interim relief in the nature of a direction from the Hon'ble SAT that till the Appeal is finally heard, the Promoters of the Company and JM Financial Asset Reconstruction Company Limited should be restrained from voting in respect of the proposed sale of the Undertakings, failing which the captioned Appeal would be rendered infructuous. The Hon'ble SAT did not find it proper to grant a stay with respect to the Postal Ballot Notice and / or the voting process. The final judgment of the Hon'ble SAT was pronounced on 26<sup>th</sup> September, 2019, wherein the appeal of ITC has been rejected. Subsequently, ITC has filed a statutory appeal in the Supreme Court of India and reply has been filed by all the respondents. The matter will be listed in due course of time.

# (ii) Litigations with Airports Authority of India

In the ongoing disputes (regarding the exorbitant demand of rentals, Royalty and Minimum Guaranteed Amount) with Airport Authority of India (AAI) regarding the Mumbai Hotel and admeasuring 18,000 sq.m and the adjacent land of 11,000 sq.m, the Company initiated Arbitration Applications in the High Court of Bombay in 2017. AAI initiated Eviction Proceedings against this which is still continuing before the Eviction Officer at Mumbai. There are several litigations in this regard pending in the Bombay High Court, Supreme Court and the Local Court in Mumbai. The cases in the Bombay High Court and the Supreme Court are yet to be admitted. Though the case was listed from time to time, due to paucity of time the matter will be taken up in due course of time.

In the meantime, the Company has approached AAI to settle the matter, which is progressing before the Settlement Advisory Committee (SAC) duly constituted by the Board of AAI since December, 2019. The Company is awaiting the outcome of the same in the near future.

### (iii) Litigations on the Company's land in Hyderabad

The Company had entered into an MOU on 9<sup>th</sup> April, 2014, with PBSAMP Projects Private Limited (PBSAMP) for sale of land owned by the Company in Hyderabad admeasuring 3 acres and 28 guntas for a consideration of ₹ 85 crores. As per the MOU, the Company had agreed to settle all pending litigations on the land and obtain permission under the Urban Land Ceiling Act (ULC) for change in land usage from hotel to residential and for

permission to alienate the land within 180 days from the date of MOU. As per the MOU, PBSAMP had advanced ₹ 15.5 crores to the Company and the Company settled two claims out of this amount. However, the Company could not settle remaining claims and could not get permission from the State Government under the Urban Land Ceiling Act (ULC) for change in land usage and to alienate the land. At present, there are five suits pending in the City Civil Court against the Company, wherein the Plaintiffs claim to be the owners of certain portion of the aforesaid land.

PBSAMP terminated the MOU on completion of 180 days from the date of MOU and demanded refund of ₹ 15.5 crores together with interest @ 21% per annum. Since the Company could not make payment, they initiated legal proceedings against the Company and secured an arbitral award in their favour. As per the arbitral award dated 8th September, 2019 an amount of ₹ 35 Crores inclusive of interest needs to be paid to the Claimant within 90 days of the award. The Company has filed an appeal under section 34 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 against the said impugned award before City Civil Court at Hyderabad.

Though the case was listed from time to time, due to paucity of time the matter will be taken up in due course of time.

In the meantime, the Company is exploring the option of selling the land "as is where is basis" wherein the purchaser shall take care of all the disputes related to the land either by way of settlement or litigation.

# Details of significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations in future

No significant and material orders have been passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations in future. However, attention of the Members is drawn to the legal proceedings pending against the Company as mentioned at Para No.8 of this Board Report.

# 10. Management

# i. Directors

As on the date of this Report, the Company has Six (6) Directors consisting of Four (4) Independent Directors and Two (2) Non-executive Directors.

# (a) Director retiring by rotation

Ms. Amruda Nair (DIN 06716791) is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and offers herself for re-appointment.

We seek approval of members for appointment of Ms. Amruda Nair (DIN 06716791) as Non-Executive Director of the Company liable to retire by rotation.

# (b) Disqualification of Directors

In terms of the provisions of section 164(2)(b) of the Companies Act 2013, any person who is or has been a Director of a Company, which has failed to repay the

deposits accepted by it or pay interest thereon or to redeem any debentures on the due date or pay interest due thereon or pay any dividend declared and such failure to pay or redeem continues for one year or more, shall not be eligible to be re-appointed as a Director of that company or appointed in other company for a period of 5 years from the date of default. Moreover, pursuant to section 167(1)(a), a director incurring the disqualification under section 164(2) has to vacate his office of director in all other companies, other than the company which is in default under that sub-section.

The Company had defaulted in payment of installments towards redemption of principal amounts due on Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures and also defaulted in payment of interest on the Debentures issued to LIC of India. Accordingly, the disqualification under the aforesaid provision got triggered on 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2017. The Company made a one-time settlement with the debenture holder in October, 2019.

Due to default as mentioned above, two of the present Directors of the Company viz. Mr. Vinay Kapadia and Mr. Vijay Sharma are disqualified under section 164(2)(b) of the Companies Act, 2013 and are serving their term of five years as Independent Directors as permitted under Section 167(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013.

# (c) Declaration by Independent Directors and statement on compliance of code of conduct

The Company has received necessary declaration from each of the Independent Directors, under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013, that he / she meets the criteria of Independence laid down in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act. 2013 ("the Act") and Regulation 16 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015. In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors fulfill the conditions of independence specified in Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 16 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015. There has been no change in the circumstances affecting their status as independent directors of the Company. The Independent Directors have also confirmed that they have complied with the Code for Independent Directors prescribed in Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013 and Company's "Code of Conduct for Board Members and Senior Management Personnel" and are serving their term of five years as Independent Directors as permitted under Section 167(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013.

In the opinion of the Board the Independent Directors possess integrity, expertise and experience.

All of the Independent Directors have passed online proficiency self-assessment test conducted by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs notified under sub-section (1) of section 150.

#### (d) Woman Director

Your Company has complied with the provisions of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 17 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 with respect to appointment of woman director. Your Company has three women directors among them one is an independent director. Ms. Saija Nair is the Women Independent Director of the Company.

# ii. Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)

The Company has following persons as Key Managerial Personnel in accordance with section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

Sr. No.	Name of the Person	Designation
1	Mr. Vivek Nair	Chief Executive Officer
2.	Mr. Dinesh Nair	Joint Chief Executive Officer
3.	Mr. Umesh Dombe	Chief Financial Officer
4.	Ms. Savitri Yadav	Company Secretary

#### iii. Meetings of the Board

Regular meetings of the Board are held to discuss and decide on various business policies, strategies and other businesses. The schedule of the Board / Committee meetings to be held in the forthcoming financial year are circulated to the Directors in advance to enable them to plan their time schedule for effective participation in the meetings.

During the Financial Year, the Board of Directors met four times i.e. on 19<sup>th</sup> June, 2021, 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2021, 12<sup>th</sup> November, 2021 and 11<sup>th</sup> February, 2022. Detailed information on the meetings of the Board is included in the 'Report on Corporate Governance', which forms part of this Annual Report.

## iv. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee met four times during the year under review. The Audit Committee is constituted in accordance with the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. As on the date of this Report, the Committee comprises of four Directors, i.e. three Independent Directors and a Non- executive Non-Independent Director as a member.

The details with respect to the composition, roles, terms of reference, etc. of the Audit Committee are given in detail in the 'Report on Corporate Governance' of the Company which forms part of this Annual Report.

There are no recommendations of the Audit Committee which have not been accepted by the Board.



#### v. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee met once during the year under review. As on the date of this Report, the Committee comprises of four Directors, i.e. three Independent Directors and a Non-Executive Non-Independent Director as members.

The details with respect to the composition, roles, terms of reference, etc. of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are given in detail in the 'Report on Corporate Governance' of the Company which forms part of this Annual Report.

#### vi. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee met once during the year under review. As on the date of this Report, the Committee comprises of four Directors, i.e. three Independent Directors and one Non Executive – Non Independent Director as members.

The details with respect to the composition, roles, terms of reference, etc. of the Committee are given in detail in the 'Report on Corporate Governance' of the Company which forms part of this Annual Report.

# vii. Risk Management Committee

The Board of Directors constituted the Risk Management Committee on 27th October, 2021 in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 21 and Part D of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The Committee met once since its constitution. The details with respect to the composition, roles, terms of reference, etc. of the Committee are given in detail in the 'Report on Corporate Governance' of the Company which forms part of this Annual Report.

#### viii. Policy on Directors' Appointment and Remuneration

The Company has formulated and adopted the Remuneration Policy in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules issued there under and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The said Policy of the Company, provides that the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall formulate the criteria for appointment of Executive Directors, Non- Executive Directors, Independent Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and persons in the Senior Management of the Company, including criteria for determining qualifications, remuneration, positive attributes, independence of a Director and other matters as provided under sub-section (3) of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The Remuneration Policy is stated in the 'Report on Corporate Governance'.

## ix. Performance Evaluation of the Board

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 17(10), 19(4) and Part D of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a Board Evaluation Policy has been framed and approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and by the

#### Board.

The Board carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the Independent Directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of the Committees of the Board. The performance evaluation of all the Directors was carried out by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors.

The purpose of the Board evaluation is to achieve persistent and consistent improvement in the governance of the Company at the Board level. The Board intends to establish and follow "best practices" in Board governance in order to fulfill its fiduciary obligation to the Company.

The Company has in place a structured questionnaire, which has been prepared after taking into consideration inputs received from the Directors, covering various aspects of the Board's functioning such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, Board culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance. The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

## 11. Directors' Responsibility Statement

Pursuant to the requirement under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors, hereby state and confirm that:

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period;
- (c) they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis:
- they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- (f) they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

### 12. Report on Corporate Governance

A Report on Corporate Governance for the year under review, as required under Regulation 34 read with Schedule V, Part C of SEBI

(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 forms part of this annual report.

# 13. Business Responsibility Report

Business Responsibility Report as Required under Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 forms part of this annual report.

# 14. Whistle Blower Policy / Vigil Mechanism

The Company has a Whistle Blower Policy / Vigil Mechanism to report genuine concerns or grievances. The details of which are available in 'Report on Corporate Governance' forming part of this Annual Report.

#### 15. Risk Management

The Board of Directors of the Company has formed a Risk Management Committee to frame, implement and monitor the risk management plan and policy for the Company. The Committee is responsible to ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company and to monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems. The Audit Committee has additional oversight in the area of financial risks and controls. The major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

The Risk Management Policy of the Company includes a framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the Company, in particular including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability, information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee, measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks and business continuity plan.

The development and implementation of risk management policy has been covered in the 'Management Discussion and Analysis', which forms part of this report.

# 16. Contracts or Arrangements with Related Parties

All Related Party Transactions entered during the year were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. During the year under review, your Company had entered into material related party transactions and these transactions too were in the ordinary course of business of your Company and were on arm's length basis, details of which are disclosed in Form AOC-2 as Annexure I pursuant to the requirements of section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013, which forms part of this Report.

The Company has developed a related party transactions framework through standard operating procedures for the purpose of identification and monitoring of such transactions. As per the policy on Related Party Transactions, the Audit Committee granted omnibus approval for the transactions which are repetitive in nature. The related party transactions were placed before the Audit Committee on quarterly basis for review, pursuant to omnibus approval.

The policy on related party transactions as approved by the board of directors has been uploaded on the website of the company. The web link of the same has been provided in the 'Report on Corporate Governance'.

# 17. Internal Financial Control Systems and their adequacy

Your Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. The Company has laid down standards, processes and structures which enable implementation of internal financial control across the organization and ensure that the same are adequate and operating effectively. Financial Controls are operative for all the business activities of the Company and no material weakness in the design or operation of any control was observed. During the year the internal financial controls as laid down are adequate and were operating effectively.

The Company has appointed M/s. Baker Tilly DHC Private Limited as Internal Auditors who review the internal control systems of the Company and report thereon. The report of the Internal Auditors is reviewed by the Audit Committee.

#### 18. Annual Return

The annual return of the Company as required under section 92 (3) and section 134 (3) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013 will be available on the website of the Company at https://www.hlvltd.com/investor relation.html.

# 19. Loans, Guarantees or Investments

During the year under review, the Company has not granted any loan or given any guarantee or made any investments under Section 186 of the Companies Act. 2013.

# Disclosure under Section 22 of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Work place (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

Your Company has zero tolerance towards any action on the part of any employee which may fall under the ambit of 'Sexual Harassment' at workplace, and is fully committed to uphold and maintain the dignity of every woman employee in the Company. The Company's policy provides for protection against sexual harassment of women at workplace and for prevention and redressal of such complaints. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. The Company has complied with provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

# 21. Auditors

# (a) Statutory Auditors and Auditors' Report

M/s. N. S. Shetty & Co., Chartered Accountants (Reg No. 110101W), were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a tenure of five years, to hold office from the conclusion of the  $36^{th}$  AGM held on  $18^{th}$  September, 2017 until the



conclusion of the ensuing 41st AGM. Their tenure of five years as Statutory Auditors concludes at this ensuing AGM. The Board of Directors of the Company on the recommendation of the Audit Committee and pursuant to Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 has re-appointed M/s. N. S. Shetty & Co., as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a second term of five years to hold office from the conclusion of the ensuing 41st AGM till the conclusion of 46th AGM of the Company to be held in the year 2027, subject to approval by the Members at the ensuing AGM.

The Board recommends to seek consent of its Members at the ensuing AGM on re-appointment of M/s. N. S. Shetty & Co., as Statutory Auditors for a further period of five years.

During the period under review, even though there are no audit qualifications or adverse remarks, there are audit observations on the financial statements. The explanation for the same has been provided in Note No. 36.1 and 36.3 of the Financial Statements. The said notes are self-explanatory and do not call for any further comments.

#### (b) Secretarial Auditors and Secretarial Audit Report

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company had appointed M/s. Kaushal Doshi & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, as its Secretarial Auditor to conduct the secretarial audit of the Company for the FY 2021-22. The report of Secretarial Auditor for the FY 2021-22 is annexed to this report as Annexure II.

The Secretarial Auditor has made certain observations in his report. Para 8 and 10 (i) (b) of the Board Report explain the status and the same may also be treated as the response to the Secretarial Auditors' observations.

#### (c) Compliance with Secretarial Standards

The Secretarial Audit Report confirms that the Company has complied with applicable Secretarial Standards.

# (d) Reporting of Frauds by Auditors

During the year under review, no frauds have been reported by the Auditors under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 requiring disclosure in the Board Report.

#### 22. Employee Remuneration

The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median employee's remuneration and other details in terms of subsection 12 of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, forms part of this report as Annexure III.

The statement containing particulars of employees as required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration

of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during working hours up to the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting. In terms of Section 136 of the Act, the Reports and Accounts are being sent to the Members and others entitled thereto, excluding the aforesaid particulars of employees. A copy of this statement may be obtained by the Members by writing to the Company Secretary.

# 23. Energy Conservation, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo and Other Disclosures

The disclosures to be made under sub-section (3) (m) of Section 134 of the Companies Act 2013 read with Rule (8) (3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 by your Company are furnished below:

# (a) Conservation of Energy

Energy Conservation, sustainability and efforts to make the hotel more "Green" have been the main drive throughout the year. Major efforts / steps taken towards this are:

- Energy-efficient lighting like LED and energy efficient electrical equipments are installed extensively.
- High efficiency HVAC systems used/retrofitted extensively have reduced electrical consumption.
- Computerized Power Monitoring is implemented to monitor and control power consumption.
- Main chiller plants and steam boilers have been tuned for best efficiency, to conserve energy.
- Hotel is equipped with solar geysers for generating hot water and the rooms are equipped with energy- saving devices during non-occupancy.
- STP treated water and Rain Water Harvesting has been implemented.
- The Company has 3 windmills with a capacity of 4.5 MW power, in the State of Maharashtra. Windmills continue to produce renewable energy for use in its own hotel.

# (b) Technology Absorption

In the opinion of the Board, the required particulars pertaining to technology absorption under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, are not applicable, as hotel is a service industry and the Company does not have any significant manufacturing operations.

# (c) Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

The foreign exchange earnings of the Company during the year stood at ₹ 763.31 lakhs (previous year ₹ 121.37 lakhs) and foreign exchange outgo during the year stood at ₹ 333.36 lakhs (previous year ₹ 25.54 lakhs).

#### 24. Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF)

For details refer para on "Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF)" in 'Report on Corporate Governance' forming part of this Annual Report.

# 25. Other Disclosures /Reporting

Your Directors' state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items as there were no transactions/ were not applicable pertaining to these items during the year under review:

- (a) The Company has not accepted or renewed any amount falling within the purview of provisions of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014 during the period under review. Hence, the requirement for furnishing the details of deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act and the details of deposits which are not in compliance with the requirement of Chapter V of the Act is not applicable.
- (b) Issue of equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- (c) Issue of shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of the Company under any scheme.
- (d) Details of Employee Stock Options
- (e) Shares held in Trust for the benefit of employees where the voting rights are not exercised directly by employees
- Issue of Debenture, Bonds or any other Convertible Securities
- (g) Issue of warrants
- (h) Receipt of remuneration or commission from any of the subsidiaries by the Executive Directors of the Company.
- During the financial year under review, your Company had no subsidiaries nor it has incorporated or acquired any company.

- (j) In terms of Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013, certain companies have to carry out CSR activities as prescribed. Since the Company does not fall within the criteria of turnover and/or profit, due to continuous losses in the preceding financial years the Company is not required to form a CSR Committee nor required to contribute to the CSR activities as mandated under the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (k) Maintenance of Cost Records as specified by the Central Government under section 148 (1) of the Companies Act 2013 is not required by the Company.

#### 26. Acknowledgements

The Board wishes to place on record its appreciation for the assistance and support received from the lenders, government, regulatory authorities, customers, business associates and vendors.

Your Directors take this opportunity to express their sincere thanks to all the members and stakeholders for the faith and confidence reposed in the Company and the management.

Your Directors attach immense importance to the contribution of the employees and sincerely thank them for sharing the Company's vision and philosophy and for the dedication and commitment.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vinay Kapadia Chairman DIN: 07958301

Mumbai, 27th May, 2022



# Annexure I

# FORM NO. AOC - 2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms' length transactions under third proviso thereto

Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis 1.

#### 2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any	Amount paid as advances, if any
Mr. Vivek Nair Promoter	Payment of Remuneration	Continual	Remuneration of ₹120 Lacs p.a. as Chief Executive Officer	30 <sup>th</sup> March, 2021	NIL
Mr. Dinesh Nair Promoter	Payment of Remuneration	Continual	Remuneration of ₹ 120 Lacs p.a. as Joint Chief Executive Officer	30 <sup>th</sup> March, 2021	NIL

<sup>•</sup> The related party transactions (RPTs) mentioned above were in the ordinary course of business and on arms' length basis.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vinay Kapadia Chairman DIN: 07958301

Mumbai, 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2022

# Annexure II

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

#### Form No. MR-3

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

#### For the financial year ended 31st March, 2022

To

#### The Members,

#### **HLV Limited**

(Formerly known as Hotel Leelaventure Limited)

Mumbai.

CIN: L55101MH1981PLC024097

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practice by HLV Limited (Formerly known as Hotel Leelaventure Limited) (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit as required under Companies Act was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March 2022 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by HLV Limited (Formerly known as Hotel Leelaventure Limited) ("the Company") for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct investment and External Commercial Borrowings; (Not applicable as there was no reportable event during the financial year under review)
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-

- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 and as amended from time to time;
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 and as amended from time to time:
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999/ The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulation 2014; (Not applicable as there was no reportable event during the financial year under review)
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; (Not applicable as there was no reportable event during the financial year under review)
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations 1993 regarding Companies Act dealing with the company;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; (Not applicable as there was no reportable event during the financial year under review)
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998; (Not applicable as there was no reportable event during the financial year under review)
- (j) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and as amended from time to time.

We have relied on the representation made by the Company and its officers for systems and mechanism formed by the Company for compliances under other applicable Acts, Laws and Regulations to the Company. The list of major heads/groups of Acts, laws and Regulations as applicable to the Company are listed below:



- a. Income Tax Act and other Indirect Tax laws:
- b. GST Act & Rules made thereunder;
- C. Indian Contract Act, 1872;
- d. Factories Act, 1948;
- e. Water (Prevention and control of pollution) Act, 1974;
- Air (Prevention and control of pollution) Act, 1981;
- Motor Vehicles Act, 1988; a.
- h. Maharashtra State Profession Tax Act, 1975 & Rules made thereunder;
- i. The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Rules, 2013;
- į. All Environmental Related Acts & Rules;
- k. The Prevention of Food Adulteration Act. 1954:
- I. Food, Safety and Standards Act, 2006 and Rules, 2011 with allied rules and regulations;
- The Legal Metrology Act, 2009; m.
- n. Hazardous Chemical Rules:
- Hazardous Waste Management Rules, 2016;
- The Legal Metrology (Packaged Commodities) Rules, 2011; p.
- Employees Compensation (Amendment) Act, 2009; q.
- Luxury Tax Act; r.
- s. Entertainment Tax;
- t. All applicable Labour Laws and other incidental laws related to Labour and employees appointed by the Company either on its payroll or on contractual basis as related to wages, gratuity, provident fund, ESIC, compensation etc;
- ш All other laws applicable to the Hospitality and Hotel industry and in particular Food & Beverages, the list of which was provided by the Company.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards in respect of Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- The Listing Agreement/SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulation, 2015 entered into by the Company with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, during the period under review, the company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors and woman Director. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. However, Company did not have any executive directors on its Board.

Adequate notices of Board and Committee Meetings have been given to all the Directors. Agenda and detailed notes were sent in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions at the meetings of Board of Directors of the Company were carried through on the basis of majority.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

The members may note that during the period under review;

- Company has issued 2,87,08,133 Equity Shares of ₹2 /- each at a premium of ₹8.45 per share on pari passu basis to M/s. Rockfort Estate Developers Private Limited, a promoter group entity on preferential basis on conversion of their loan.
- Company has passed resolution by postal ballot for approval of related party transaction for availing Inter Corporate Loans (secured or unsecured, with or without interest) from Leela Lace Holdings Private Limited (LLHPL) / Leela Fashions Private Limited (LFPL) / Rockfort Estate Developers Private Limited (REDPL) (promoter entities) in one or more tranches upto ₹150 crores.
- The Company has been in default in payment of principal amount since September, 2016 and interest since March, 2017 to LIC of India, the debenture holder. Although the payment to the debenture holder has been made as onetime settlement, the disqualification under Section 164(2) (b) of the Companies Act, 2013 continues for Mr. Vivek Nair, Mr. Dinesh Nair, Mr. Vijay Sharma and Mr. Vinay Kapadia.
  - However, Mr. Vivek Nair, Chairman & Managing Director and Mr. Dinesh Nair, Co-Chairman & Managing Director, ceased to be the Directors of the Company upon expiry of their tenure on 31st March, 2021. Mr. Vinay Kapadia and Mr. Vijay Sharma are serving their tenure of five years as Independent Directors as permitted under Section 167(1) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- Appointment of Mr. Vivek Nair as Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1st April, 2021.

- Appointment of Mr. Dinesh Nair as Joint Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1st April, 2021.
- 6. ITC Limited and its subsidiary Russel Credit Limited, shareholders of the Company, filed a petition under Section 241 of the Companies Act, 2013 for oppression and mismanagement and the matter is pending before NCLT since May 2019. Since the Bench, which heard the case earlier has been reconstituted, the matter would be taken up by the reconstituted Bench in due course of time.

Two minority shareholders i.e. ITC Limited and LIC had filed a complaint with Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) against the transaction with Brookfield for sale of hotel undertakings, alleging violation of the provisions related to related party transactions and oppression and mismanagement by the majority shareholders against minority shareholders. Later LIC withdrew from contesting this case. On 23rd July, 2019, SEBI passed its detailed, reasoned and speaking order in the matter of "Complaints Filed by Minority Shareholder of Hotel Leela Venture Limited". Aggrieved by the aforesaid Impugned Order, ITC filed an appeal before the Hon'ble Securities Appellate Tribunal ("SAT") challenging the findings in the Impugned Order, On 14th August, 2019, ITC sought interim relief in the nature of a direction from the Hon'ble SAT that till the Appeal is finally heard, the Promoters of HLVL and JMFARC should be restrained from voting in respect of the proposed sale of the Undertakings, failing which the captioned Appeal would be rendered infructuous.

The Hon'ble SAT did not find it proper to grant a stay with respect to the Postal Ballot Notice and / or the voting process. The final judgment of the Hon'ble SAT was pronounced on 26<sup>th</sup> September 2019, wherein the appeal of ITC has been rejected. Subsequently, ITC has filed a statutory appeal in the Supreme Court of India. Reply has been filed by all the respondents. The matter will be listed in due course.

7. In the ongoing disputes (regarding the exorbitant demand of rentals, Royalty and Minimum Guaranteed Amount) with Airport Authority of India (AAI) regarding the Mumbai Hotel land admeasuring 18000 sq. m. and the adjacent land of 11,000 sq. m., HLV initiated Arbitration Applications in the High Court of Bombay in 2017. AAI initiated Eviction Proceedings against this which is still continuing before the Eviction Officer at Mumbai. There are several litigations in this regard pending in the Bombay High Court, Supreme Court and the Local Court in Mumbai. The cases in the Bombay High Court and the Supreme Court are yet to be admitted. Though the case was listed from time to time, due to paucity of time the matter will be taken up in due course of time.

In the meanwhile, HLV has initiated Settlement talks with AAI since December 2019 which is progressing before the Settlement Advisory Committee (SAC) duly constituted by

the Board of AAI. The Company is awaiting the outcome of the same in the near future.

The Company had entered into an MOU on 9th April, 2014, 8 with PBSAMP Projects Private Limited (PBSAMP) for sale of land owned by the Company in Hyderabad for a consideration of ₹85 crores. As per the MOU, the Company had agreed to settle all pending litigations on the land and obtain permission under the Urban Land Ceiling Act (ULC) for change in land usage from hotel to residential and for permission to alienate the lands within 180 days from the date of MOU. As per the MOU, PBSAMP had advanced ₹ 15.5 crores to the Company and the Company settled two claims out of this amount. However, the Company could not settle remaining claims and could not get permission from the State Government under the Urban Land Ceiling Act (ULC) for change in land usage and to alienate the land. At present, there are five suits pending in the City Civil Court against the Company, wherein the Plaintiffs claim to be the owners of certain portion of the aforesaid land.

PBSAMP terminated the MOU on completion of 180 days from the date of MOU and demanded refund of ₹ 15.5 crores together with interest @ 21% per annum. Since the Company could not make payment, they initiated legal proceedings against the Company and secured an arbitral award in their favour. As per the arbitral award dated 8th September, 2019 an amount of ₹ 35 Crores inclusive of interest needs to be paid to the Claimant within 90 days of the award. The Company has filed an appeal under section 34 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 against the said impugned award before City Civil Court at Hyderabad. Though the case was listed from time to time, due to paucity of time the matter will be taken up in due course of time.

We further report that during the audit period the company has co-operated with us and have produced before us all the required forms information, clarifications, returns and other documents as required for the purpose of our audit.

For Kaushal Doshi & Associates
Company Secretary

Kaushal Doshi (Proprietor) FCS:10609/COP:13143 UDIN:F010609D000364371

Date: 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 Place: Mumbai

This report is to be read with our letter which is annexed as **Annexure I** and forms an integral Part of the Report.



# Annexure I (Integral part of Secretarial Audit Report)

To,

The Members,

## **HLV Limited**

(Formerly known as Hotel Leelaventure Limited)

CIN: L55101MH1981PLC024097

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on 1. these secretarial records based on our audit.
- We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. Verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company. 3.
- Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of 4. events etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable Laws, Rules, Regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. 5. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which 6. the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Kaushal Doshi & Associates Company Secretary

> Kaushal Doshi (Proprietor) FCS:10609/COP:13143 UDIN:F010609D000364371

Date: 27th May, 2022 Place: Mumbai

# Annexure III

# DETAILS OF RATIO OF REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median employees' remuneration and other details in terms of sub-section 12 of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014:

Sr. No.	Requirements	Disclosure
(i)	The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2021-22	Not Applicable
(ii)	The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year 2021-22	Mr. Vivek Nair, Chief Executive Officer - Not Applicable* Mr. Dinesh Nair, Joint Chief Executive Officer - Not Applicable* Mr. Umesh Dombe, Chief Financial Officer - Not Applicable Ms. Savitri Yadav, Company Secretary - Not Applicable.
(iii)	The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees	No increment was given to the employees in general during the FY 2021-22.
(iv)	The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company	There were 456 permanent employees as on 31st March, 2022.
(v)	Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration	Not Applicable, since No increment was given to the employees in the last financial year and no managerial remuneration was given during the FY 2021-22.
(vi)	Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.	Yes, it is confirmed.

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Vivek Nair, Chief Executive Officer and Mr. Dinesh Nair, Joint Chief Executive Officer were appointed w.e.f. 1st April, 2021.

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



#### 1. Overview of Industry

The year 2021-22 has been nothing short of a roller coaster ride for the Indian hotel sector. All through the year, the sector has shown resilience by navigating through uncertainty, adapting to an ever-changing environment, and persevering through the ups and downs on the rocky path to recovery. The silver lining being that the leisure segment, which was ignored in the past, is now being awarded its due focus.

More recently, difficult economic conditions posed by inflationary trends across nations, pandemic led supply side disruptions accentuated by the geopolitical situation in Europe and possibilities of new strains of a mutating virus threaten to hinder global manufacturing and trade thereby impacting the general economic sentiment. In this context, the global economy is projected to grow at 3.6% in 2022 and 2023 and Indian Economy is projected to grow at a rate of 8.2% in 2022 and 6.9% in 2023. (Source: IMF - World Economic Outlook - April 2022).

Global tourism continued to be impacted in 2021 by repeated waves of the pandemic and consequent reintroduction of travel restrictions. The UNWTO expects international tourism to continue its recovery in 2022 gradually as more destinations ease or lift travel restrictions and pent-up demand is released. It expects domestic tourism to continue driving the recovery of the travel and tourism sector for an increasing number of destinations while international tourism bounces back. However, major downside risks threaten the ongoing recovery of tourism in 2022. These being the Russia-Ukraine war, pressure on consumer purchasing power and savings caused by high energy prices, inflation in commodity prices, monetary policy interventions by central banks and travel restrictions in many destinations due to the ongoing pandemic which could delay the recovery of international tourism.

After a turbulent 2020, the year 2021 began on a promising note, with people starting to travel for short breaks, weekend getaways, staycations, and workcations, etc. encouraged by a steady drop in active COVID cases and the launch of the country's COVID vaccination campaign. As per Horwath HTL Market Report: India Hotel Market Review 2021, calendar year occupancy for 2021 was 43.5% in comparison with 32.0% in 2020 and 24.9% during the initial pandemic period of March to December 2020. The recovery from the 'second wave' of COVID-19 was guicker and demand during the period July to September 2021 was particularly strong.

During the FY 2021-22 occupancy levels at the Company's Hotel were at 62.8% as against 10.3% in the previous year. On an average, 248 rooms were sold per day. Average room rate was ₹ 3,842 in the FY 2021-22 as against ₹ 4,268 in the FY 2020-21. During the FY 2021-22 RevPAR has improved and recovered from Covid times upto ₹ 2,414 against ₹ 438 in the FY 2020-21. It indicates that markets are now on a steady path of recovery. The MICE (Meetings, Incentives, Conferences and Exhibitions) segment and Weddings segment have contributed significantly to improved revenues in food and beverages and is expected to perform better in the future.

#### **Future Outlook** 2.

The Indian hospitality industry has witnessed healthy recovery from mid-February 2022 aided by leisure, transient demand, MICE/ weddings and gradual pickup in business travel. While demand was impacted in January 2022 and for the first two weeks of February 2022 because of the Omicron wave, normalcy has returned at a much faster pace compared to that during COVID 2.0. Further, the impact on hotel demand during the third wave was relatively shorter at about 4-5 weeks compared to 10-12 weeks in COVID 2.0. While the possibility of a fourth COVID wave cannot be ruled out, the increasing vaccination coverage and reducing disruption with each COVID 19 wave provide comfort.

One trend that is clearly visible from the travellers is the increasing openness to travel and dine-out. There is willingness to undertake long-haul travel, as against drive-to travel being the preferred mode post COVID 19. As for business travel, it is likely to pick up steadily over the next few months. Overall, demand for the Indian hotel industry is likely to be healthy in future.

The hotel industry is expected to clock 60 per cent of pre-COVID revenues in FY 2022-23. Further, the industry is also likely to report operating profits in the current fiscal aided by improved operating leverage and sustenance of some of the cost-optimisation measures undertaken in FY 2021-22. Notwithstanding the potential impact on demand with further COVID waves, if any, the industry is expected to return to pre-Covid levels, both in revenues and margins, in FY 2022-23.

Financing dependence for the industry has always remained high. Lenders and investors have been cautious, especially after COVID 19, and funding is predominantly based on promoter comfort. Debt metrics are expected to return to pre-COVID levels in FY 2022-23, while Return on Capital Employed is expected to remain sub cost of capital, at least for the next few years.

#### 3. **Awards and Accolades**

The Leela Mumbai has received the following award and accolades during the financial year 2021-22:

Times Food & Nightlife Awards 2022 - Jamavar recognized as The Best Indian Restaurant - Premium Dining, March 2022

# Sales & Marketing alliances

The Company continues to enjoy the following marketing arrangement through Brookfield for which the Company pays a fee to Brookfield based on the marketing expenses:

# **Global Hotel Alliance**

Global Hotel Alliance is today the world's largest alliance of independent luxury hotel brands. Based on the airline alliance model, the alliance currently has more than 30 member brands, all with their own unique character, encompassing over 550 upscale and luxury hotels, spread across 75 countries. GHA uses a shared technology platform to operate an award winning, multibrand loyalty program, DISCOVERY. Currently the total DISCOVERY membership base has crossed 14 million worldwide members. DISCOVERY is about making your stay and travel unforgettable. Discovery program believes that rewarding members with authentic, memorable experiences is much more valuable than collecting points. With this in mind, DISCOVERY instead rewards travelers with Local Experiences. Designed by our local experts, these specially curated experiences offer members the access to a large selection of exclusive activities which are not easily available to the general public.

#### (ii) Preferred Hotels & Resorts

The Preferred Hotels & Resorts (PHR) represents over 850 independent and distinctive hotels, resorts & residences across 85 countries. Through its five global collections – Legend, LVX, Lifestyle, Connect, and Preferred Residences – Preferred Hotels & Resorts connects discerning travelers to the singular luxury hospitality experience that meets their needs and life and style preferences for each occasion. Preferred Hotels & Resorts brings strategic advantage through its Global Sales team comprising of 80 sales associates covering Corporate, Group & Leisure segments in 30 global offices.

# B. Sales, Marketing and PR Representations

The Company continues to avail the services of Sales representation companies across key geographies in the world through Brookfield. These companies are assigned the responsibility to engage with the major tour operators and retail agencies in their respective source markets. These are: Mason Rose in UK, Kartagener Associates Inc. in North America; CA-Hotel Consulting in France and other French speaking markets of Belgium and Switzerland; and H&W Enterprise, sro in Russia & CIS.

# 5. Opportunities, Threats, Risks and Concerns

The hotel business is dependent on global and domestic economic conditions. Further, your Company has the risk of heavy dependence on only one Hotel at Mumbai. There is also the risk of dependence mainly on higher luxury segment. However, the Company's hotel enjoys premium over many other competitors due to its location and service reputation.

The Company is also facing challenges in managing working capital requirements during off-seasons, for which various options are considered and efforts are being taken.

## 6. Risk Management-Leveraging our experience

Risk management is an integral part of the Company's business process. With the help of experts in this field, risks are carefully mapped and a risk management framework is evolved. Pertinent policies and methods are being reviewed and modified to mitigate such risks.

The Company has taken several measures to protect the safety and security of its customers. In addition to the physical security measures, the Company has also taken sufficient insurance cover to meet the financial obligations which may arise from any untoward incidents.

To counter the risk of competition, your Company focuses on providing exceptional services consistently.

### 7. Efficient Internal Control systems

The Company has a well-structured internal audit function. Under the guidance and supervision of an independent Audit Committee, independent and reputed firm of Chartered Accountants conduct regular audits and review adherence to control systems and procedures.

The effectiveness of internal controls is reviewed through the internal audit process.

The focus of these reviews is as follows:

- Identification of weaknesses and areas of improvement
- Compliance with defined policies and processes
- Safeguarding of tangible and intangible assets
- Management of business and operational risks
- Compliance with applicable statutes

The Audit Committee of the Board oversees the adequacy of the internal control environment through regular reviews of the audit findings and monitoring implementation of internal audit recommendations.

### 8. Human resources and industrial relations

A focused attention on attracting the best talent available in the market, which could help the Company to drive a culture oriented towards high performance and excellence. The Company has implemented an effective customer feedback system which is yielding good results. This platform helps the team to align all its efforts in delivering relevant high quality services to the guests whilst seeking to constantly improve on standards. Industrial relations throughout the year were cordial. As on 31st March, 2022, the total manpower was 688 (including contract labour and fixed term contractors).

## 9. Corporate Social Responsibility and Environmental Initiatives

Your Company recognizes the need to minimise the adverse impact of its operations, on the environment. The Company maintains large gardens in and around its hotel. The Company has made substantial investments for improving energy efficiencies and fresh and waste water management.

# 10. Health and Safety Management System

Health and Safety Management System in the Company aims to reduce, eliminate or control workplace hazards and associated



risks of illness or injuries to the employees, customers and contractors who might be affected by the Company's activities.

Your Company is committed to ensure healthy and safe working environment for all concerned and to improve the Health and Safety parameters. Under a well-designed program, the Company:

- complies with the requirements of all relevant statutory, a. regulatory and other provisions.
- b. Provides and maintains safe & healthy work place through operational procedures, safe systems and methods of work.
- Provides sufficient information, instruction, training and supervision to enable all employees to identify, minimize and manage hazards and to contribute positively to safety at work.
- d. Organizes audits and mock drills on site to ensure that operations are in compliance with health and safety management requirements and for emergency preparedness.
- ensures that appropriate resources are available to fully implement health and safety policy and continuously review the policy's relevance with respect to legal and business development.
- f. seeks continuous occupational health and safety improvements through the establishment of safety management objectives, targets and programs.

#### 11 Analysis / highlights of operating performance, financial results and Balance Sheet

The financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time.

The financial statement of your Company forms part of this annual report and the analysis / highlights are given below:

At present, the Company operates only one hotel "The Leela, Mumbai" with 394 guest rooms.

The revenue from operations was ₹7,299.71 lakhs in FY 2021-22 against ₹ 1,892.05 lakhs in FY 2020-21.

Revenue from Food & Beverages was ₹ 3,122.88 lakhs in FY 2021-22 as against ₹ 646.52 lakhs in FY 2020-21.

Room Revenue was ₹ 3,471.69 lakhs in FY 2021-22 as against ₹ 638.16 lakhs in FY 2020-21.

Other income was ₹ 332.32 lakhs in FY 2021-22 as compared to ₹ 2.521.73 lakhs in FY 2020-21.

Total revenue was ₹ 7,632.03 lakhs in FY 2021-22 against ₹ 4,413.78 lakhs in FY 2020-21.

# **Operating Expenses:**

Food & Beverages consumption was ₹ 715.46 lakhs in FY 2021-22 as against ₹ 210.85 lakhs in FY 2020-21.

Employee Benefit expenses, including contract employees cost was ₹ 2,937.74 lakhs as against ₹ 2,253.31 lakhs in FY 2020-21.

## Finance costs and interest liability:

Finance cost was ₹ 235.34 Lakhs as compared to ₹ 229.89 Lakhs in the previous year.

# **Depreciation and Amortization:**

Depreciation and amortization expenses for the year was ₹ 1,276.37 lakhs as against ₹ 1,351.70 lakhs in previous year.

#### Other expenses:

Other expenses for the year amounted to ₹ 5,721.76 lakhs as against ₹ 4,726.77 lakhs in the previous year.

# Profit/ (Loss) after Tax:

The Company incurred a loss of ₹ 4,250.96 lakhs during the FY 2021-22 as against a loss of ₹ 3,592.59 lakhs during the previous year from operations.

# Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE):

The net Property, Plant, Equipment, capital work in progress, intangible assets, investment property and assets held for sale as on 31st March, 2022 was ₹ 36,844.45 lakhs as against ₹ 43,403.02 lakhs as on the last day of the previous year.

# Secured and Unsecured Loans:

The details of the Company's debts (in ₹ lakhs) are as follows:

Particulars	31.3.2022	31.3.2021
Secured Loans:		
Long Term Debt	4,170.09	1,043.23
Current Maturities of Long Term Debt	111.31	281.34
Interest accrued on borrowings	32.72	4.20
Unsecured Loans	0	2,791.01
Total	4,314.12	4,119.78

#### Net worth:

The details of Company's net worth (in ₹ lakhs) are as follows:

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Share Capital	13,185.20	12,611.04
Free Reserves	13,195.39	13,195.39
Securities Premium Account	67,772.08	65,346.24
Total	94,152.67	91,152.67
Less:		
Accumulated Loss	71,818.11	69,585.48
Intangible Assets / Intangible Assets under development	14.99	21.14
Total	71,833.10	69,606.62
Net worth	22,319.57	21,546.05

#### Financial Ratios and Return on Net-worth:

Key financial ratios and their definitions are given in Note No. 36.13 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

The Company has reported a net operating loss for the current financial year and previous financial year. Therefore, the net-profit margin is negative. The return on net-worth is also negative.

# 12. Cautionary Statement

Statements made in the Management's Discussion and Analysis Report describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates, predictions and expectations may be 'forward-looking statements', within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. As "forward-looking statements" are based on certain assumptions and expectations of future events over which the Company exercises no control, the Company cannot guarantee their accuracy nor can it warrant that the same will be realized by the Company. The Company assumes no responsibility to publicly amend, modify or revise any forward looking statements on the basis of any subsequent developments or events or for any loss any investor may incur based on the "forward-looking statements".

# REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE



A report on compliance with the principles of Corporate Governance as prescribed by SEBI in Chapter IV read with Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is given below:

# 1. Company's Philosophy

The Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance is founded upon a rich legacy of fair, ethical, accountable and transparent governance practices. Maintaining high standards of Corporate Governance has been fundamental to the business of your Company since its inception. The Company has also implemented several best Corporate Governance practices as prevalent globally. The Company has committed itself to the philosophy of good Corporate Governance in all its dealings, utmost integrity in its conduct and in compliance with the highest standards of corporate values and ethics. The Company considers Corporate Governance as a continuous journey to provide a congenial environment to harmonise the goals of maximizing the stakeholders' value and maintaining a customer centric focus in all its dealings with the outside world, besides keeping important segments of the society adequately informed. The Code of Conduct for Board Members and Senior Management adopted by the Board of Directors in terms of Regulation 17 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 has further enhanced the standards of Corporate Governance in the Company.

# 2. Board of Directors

## 2.1 Size and Composition of the Board

As on 31st March, 2022 the Company's Board of Directors consisted of Six Directors out of which two were Non-Executive Directors and four were Independent Directors, among them the Company has three women directors, out of which one is an Independent Director.

The composition of the Board and category of directors as on 31st March, 2022 is as follows:

Name of Directors	Category
Mrs. Salini Madhu Nair	Promoter, Non-Executive Non-Independent Director
Ms. Amruda Nair	Promoter, Non-Executive Non-Independent Director
Mr. Vinay H. Kapadia	Non-Executive Independent Director
Mr. Vijay Sharma	Non-Executive Independent Director
Ms. Saija Nair	Non-Executive Independent Director
Mr. Ashok Rajani	Non-Executive Independent Director

# 2.2 Board Meetings and Attendance

During the financial year 2021-22 the Board of Directors met four times i.e. on 19<sup>th</sup> June, 2021, 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2021, 12<sup>th</sup> November, 2021 and 11<sup>th</sup> February, 2022. The intervening gap between two Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulations 17 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Meetings were scheduled well in advance and the Notice, detailed Board agenda, management reports and other explanatory Board notes were circulated well in advance and in exceptional cases tabled at the meeting to all the Board members to enable them to take informed decisions.

Attendance of each Director at the Board Meetings, at the last Annual General Meeting (AGM) and the number of other public limited Companies and Committees where they are Directors / Members are tabulated below:

Name	Attendance at Board Meetings		AGM held on Directorships	No. of Directorships	No. of Committee positions held in listed companies		No. of Shares and	Name of other Listed Company (s) in
	No. of Board	3 ,		Company)**	convertible instruments	which Director holds Directorship- Category		
	Meetings held during the tenure of the Director in 2021-22	Meetings attended during the financial year 2021-22	2021	companies as on 31st March, 2022 (including the Company)*	Committees Committees Committ		held by Directors	of Director
Mrs. Salini Madhu Nair	4	3	Yes	14	0	0	360	-
Ms. Amruda Nair	4	3	Yes	7	0	3	3,00,000	Oriental Aromatics Limited – Independent Director, Member of Audit Committee
Mr. Vinay H. Kapadia	4	4	Yes	1	2	0	0	-
Mr. Vijay Sharma	4	3	Yes	6	0	2	0	-
Ms. Saija Nair	4	4	Yes	2	0	2	0	-
Mr. Ashok Rajani	4	4	Yes	6	0	0	0	-

- \* It covers private, public and listed Companies
- \*\* "Committees" considered for this purpose are those specified in Regulation 26 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, i.e. Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

#### 2.3 Inter-se relationships among directors

Mrs. Madhu Nair and Ms. Amruda Nair are relatives. None of any other Director is related.

#### 2.4 Familiarization Program for Independent Directors

The Board has adopted a Familiarization Program for Independent Directors of the Company. The Program aims to provide insights into the Company to enable the Independent Directors to understand the industry and also the business model and business operations of the Company to enable them to contribute significantly to the Company.

This Familiarization Program is available on the Company's website <a href="https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors\_relations/Familiarisation%20">https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors\_relations/Familiarisation%20</a>
<a href="Programme%20">Programme%20</a>imparted%20to%20Indepent%20Directors.pdf.

# 2.5 Skills / expertise / competence of the Board of Directors

The Company's Board of Directors has identified the following skills / expertise / competencies to function and discharge their responsibilities effectively:

- Industry knowledge;
- Accounts and Finance;
- Corporate Governance;
- Legal and compliance;
- Strategic expertise;
- Marketing; and
- General Management.

Name of Director		Skill/ Expertise/ Competencies							
	Industry	Accounts and Finance	Corporate	Legal and	Strategic	Marketing	General		
	knowledge	and Finance	Governance	compliance	expertise		Management		
Mr. Vinay Kapadia	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	√	$\checkmark$	-	√		
Mr. Vijay Sharma	√	√	√	√	√	-	√		
Mr. Ashok Rajani	√	√	√	√	-	-	√		
Mrs. Madhu Nair	√	-	-	-	√	√	√		
Ms. Saija Nair	√	√	√	-	-	√	√		
Ms. Amruda Nair	√	√	√	-	√	√	√		

The Directors possess experience and knowledge in diverse fields, such as hoteliering, marketing, business development, banking, finance, legal, administration, corporate governance, etc. They collectively also display integrity, interpersonal skills, interest in the organisation, its business and the people and take active participation at deliberations in the meeting.

#### 2.6 Disclosures and confirmations:

- None of the Directors of the Company is serving as Director in not more than seven listed entities. None of the Executive Directors of the Company are Independent Directors of more than three listed entities.
- None of the Independent Directors of the Company are Independent Directors of more than seven listed entities.
- None of the Directors of the Board serves as member of more than ten Committees, nor is Chairman of more than five committees of Board across all listed entities, in which he/she is a Director.
- Necessary disclosures regarding Committee positions in other public companies as on 31st March, 2022, have been made by the Directors.



- In the opinion of the Board, all Independent Directors of the Company are persons of integrity and possess relevant experience and do not hold more than 2% shareholding/ voting power in the Company. They are not related to any of the promoters, Directors, holding, subsidiary or associate companies and are independent of the management.
- The Company has received necessary declaration from each of the Independent Directors, under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013, that he / she meets the criteria of independence laid down in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015.
- All the Independent Directors have been appointed for a
  period of five years and are not liable to retire by rotation
  and formal appointment letters containing the terms and
  conditions of their appointment have been issued to them
  and the said letters have been uploaded on the website of
  the Company, viz. www.hlvltd.com.
- During the year, a separate meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company was held on 11<sup>th</sup> February, 2022, which was attended by all the Independent Directors.

#### 3. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of the Board is constituted in accordance with the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, including the scope and terms of reference.

The powers and role of the Audit Committee are also in consonance with Regulation 18 and Part C of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013.

## 3.1 Composition:

As on 31st March, 2022, the Committee had four Members comprising of three Independent Directors and one Non-Executive Director. The Chairman of the Committee is an Independent Director. The members of Committee are financially literate and have experience in banking, finance, accounting and legal matters.

The Chief Executive Officer, Joint Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer were permanent invitees for the meetings during financial year 2021-22. The Statutory Auditors and Internal Auditors also attended the meetings. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Audit Committee.

The Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting held on 18th August, 2021. During the year under review, the Committee met four times i.e. on 19th June, 2021, 13th August, 2021, 12th November, 2021 and 11th February, 2022. The Committee generally meets on the day of the Board meeting, except when otherwise considered expedient.

# 3.2 Committee meetings and attendance of the members

The particulars of members of the Committee and the details of meetings attended by its members during the financial year 2021-22 are as follows:

Name of the Director	Designation	Category of Directorship		Meetings the year
			Held	Attended
Mr. Vinay H. Kapadia	Chairman	Non Executive, Independent Director	4	4
Mr. Vijay Sharma	Member	Non Executive, Independent Director	4	3
Ms. Saija Nair	Member	Non Executive, Independent Director	4	4
Ms. Amruda Nair	Member	Non Executive Director	4	3

#### 3.3 Role and terms of reference of the Audit Committee

The role and terms of reference of the Audit Committee inter-alia, include the following:

- Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible.
- ii. Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company.
- Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors.
- iv. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
  - matters required to be included in the director's responsibility statement to be included in the board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section
     (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
  - changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same:
  - major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
  - significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
  - compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
  - disclosure of any related party transactions;
  - modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report.

- Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval.
- vi. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus/ notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the board to take up steps in this matter.
- vii. Reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process.
- viii. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties.
- ix. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments.
- Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary.
- Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems.
- Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems.
- xiii. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit.
- xiv. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up thereon.
- xv. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors in to matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board.
- xvi. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.
- xvii. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors.
- xviii. To review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism.
- xix. Approval of appointment of chief financial officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate.
- xx. Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the audit committee.

- xxi. Reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/ investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision.
- xxii. Consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the listed entity and its shareholders.

The audit committee also reviews the following information:

- Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations.
- (2) Management letters/letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors.
- (3) Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses.
- (4) The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor.
- (5) Statement of deviations:
  - a. quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32 (1);
  - annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice in terms of Regulation 32 (7).

The Audit Committee also looks into the matters that are specifically referred to it by the Board of Directors besides looking into the mandatory requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013.

### 4 Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is constituted in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

# 4.1 Composition:

As on 31st March, 2022 the Nomination and Remuneration Committee consisted of three Independent Directors and one Non Executive Director. The Chairman of the Committee is an Independent Director. During the year under review, the Committee met once on 11th February, 2022. The Chairman of the Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting held on 18th August, 2021. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee.



# 4.2 Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meetings and Attendance

The particulars of members of the Committee and their attendance during the financial year 2021- 22 are as follows:

Name of the Director	Designation	Category of Directorship	No. of Meetings during the year	
			Held	Attended
Mr. Vijay Sharma	Chairman	Non Executive, Independent Director	1	1
Mr. Vinay H. Kapadia	Member	Non Executive, Independent Director	1	1
Ms. Saija Nair	Member	Non Executive, Independent Director	1	1
Ms. Amruda Nair	Member	Non- Executive Director	1	1

# 4.3 Role and terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee's role and terms of reference are in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 and Part D of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

- Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the board of directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- (2) For every appointment of an independent director, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and on the basis of such evaluation, prepare a description of the role and capabilities required of an independent director. The person recommended to the Board for appointment as an independent director shall have the capabilities identified in such description. For the purpose of identifying suitable candidates, the Committee may:
  - a. use the services of an external agencies, if required;
  - consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds, having due regard to diversity; and
  - c. consider the time commitments of the candidates.

- Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the board of directors;
- (4) Devising a policy on diversity of board of directors;
- (5) Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the board of directors their appointment and removal;
- (6) Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors;
- (7) Recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.

# 4.4 Performance Evaluation Criteria for Independent Directors

Based on the Policy of Performance Evaluation of Board, approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board, the performance evaluation criteria for independent directors are as follows:

### Role and Accountability

- Exercising Independent judgement / view on potential conflict of management, board members and the promoters and safeguarding interests of minority shareholders
- b. Understanding of nature and role of Independent Directors' position
- Offer constructive contribution to the Board's discussions and deliberations based on his / her expertise and domain knowledge

# Objectivity

- a. Non-partisan appraisal of issues
- b. Own recommendations given professionally without tending to majority or popular views

# **Personal Attributes**

- Commitment to role and fiduciary responsibilities as a Board member
- b. Attendance at the Meetings and preparedness for the meetings.

# 4.5 Remuneration Policy

In terms of the provisions of Section 178 (3) of the Act and Regulation 19(4) read with Part D of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board, upon the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration committee, has approved the remuneration policy for Directors. The said policy has broadly laid down the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees. The remuneration to the Board of Directors of the Company is broadly governed by the provisions of the Companies Act 2013. Executive Directors

and Senior Management Personnel are eligible to receive a fixed remuneration on a monthly basis. The aim of providing fixed remuneration is to attract and retain qualified and talented professionals. The fixed remuneration is determined based on market standards and the Company's specific requirements. The Board of Directors evaluates the fixed remuneration of Executive Directors annually based on the performance of the Company, the prevailing market trends and the individual performance. Apart from the fixed remuneration, the Managing Directors are eligible for commission linked to profit of the Company as may be decided by the Board, subject to adequacy of profits and approval of the shareholders. The Non-executive and Independent Directors are entitled to receive sitting fee and commission as may be recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board of Directors within the limits as laid down under the Companies Act, 2013.

The Remuneration Policy/Criteria is available on the website of the Company <a href="https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors relations/">https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors relations/</a> Policy%20on%20Remuneration%20Policy%20-%20Criteria.pdf

# Criteria for determining Qualifications, Positive Attributes & **Independence of Director**

### **Qualifications of Independent Director**

An Independent director shall possess appropriate skills, experience and knowledge in one or more fields of management, finance, law, sales, marketing, administration, corporate governance, operations or other disciplines related to the Company's business.

#### Positive attributes of Independent Directors

An independent director shall be a person of integrity, who possesses relevant expertise and experience and who shall uphold ethical standards of integrity and probity; act objectively and constructively; exercise his responsibilities in a bona-fide manner in the interests of the Company; devote sufficient time and attention to his / her professional obligations for informed and balanced decision-making; and assist the Company in implementing the best corporate governance practices.

# **Independence of Independent Directors**

An Independent director should meet the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 concerning independence of directors.

#### II. Remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and **Senior Management**

# Remuneration of Managing Directors, Executive Directors, **Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management**

The remuneration of Executive Directors are determined / reviewed on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approval by the Board of Directors and shareholders / Central Government. The remuneration is determined taking into account the Company's overall performance, individual contribution to the Company

and trends in the industry in general. In the event of losses or inadequacy of profits, the remuneration will be within the ceilings applicable under the Companies Act, 2013 or with the prior approval of the shareholders and Central Government for payment of higher remuneration. The Company at present has no stock options and hence, such instruments do not form part of their remuneration package. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel, who are members of the core management team (excluding the Board of Directors) comprising of all members of management one level below the Chief Executive Officer / Managing Director / whole time Director (including CEO/Manager, in case they are not part of the Board) including Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer, are determined / reviewed / and recommended to the Board by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee considering short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals and the market trends.

The remuneration packages of the Executive Directors comprises of salaries and allowances, contribution to provident funds, etc.

The remuneration payable, if any, to the Executive Directors would be within the ceiling approved by the shareholders and the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA). The Company is not paying any bonus, pension, performance linked incentives, etc. to the Executive Directors. The Company also does not issue any stock options to the Executive Directors.

Note: During the financial year 2021-22, the Company did not have any executive directors on its Board.

#### Remuneration of Non-Executive Directors (NEDs)

NEDs shall be paid a sitting fee of ₹ 30,000 for every meeting of the board or committee thereof attended by them as member. The Board shall have the flexibility to enhance the sitting fees up to the maximum limit allowed by the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules thereunder. The Company would pay a commission up to an aggregate amount not exceeding 1% of net profits of the Company during a financial year to the NEDs, subject to adequacy of profits and the approval of the shareholders. The payment of commission to each NED shall be at the discretion of the Board, based on the following criteria:

- Performance of the Company during the particular Financial Year
- Attendance at the meetings of the Board and Committees
- Reviewing the Industry practices and bench marks
- Adherence to Corporate Governance norms during the discussions and proceedings of the Board / Committees
- Timely guidance to the Board on important policy matters of the Company

The Company at present has no stock options plans for directors.

Non-Executive Directors are entitled to reimbursement of expenses for participation in the meetings of the Board and Committees thereof.



The details of sitting fees paid during the financial year 2021-22 are given below:

Name of the Non-Executive Directors	Sitting Fees Paid
	(₹)
Mr. Vinay H. Kapadia	360,000
Mr. Vijay Sharma	300,000
Ms. Saija Nair	330,000
Mrs. Madhu Nair	120,000
Mr. Ashok Rajani	150,000
Ms. Amruda Nair	240,000

#### Notes:

- The Company did not pay any amount to Directors by way of commission.
- The Company has not issued any stock options to its Directors.

## 5. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee has been constituted in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 20 and Part D of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, including the scope, role and terms of reference.

#### 5.1 Composition:

As on 31st March 2022, the Committee comprises of three Independent Directors and one Non-Executive Director. The Chairman of the Committee is a Non Executive, Independent Director. During the year under review, the Committee met once on 19th June, 2021. The Chairman of the Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting held on 18th August, 2021. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

# 5.2 Stakeholders' Relationship Committee Meetings and Attendance

The particulars of members and the meetings attended by the members during the financial year 2021-22 are given below:

Name of the	Designation	Category of	No. of I	Meetings
Director		Directorship	during the year	
			Held	Attended
Mr. Vinay H.	Chairman	Non	1	1
Kapadia		Executive,		
		Independent		
		Director		
Mr. Vijay	Member	Non	1	1
Sharma		Executive,		
		Independent		
		Director		
Ms. Saija	Member	Non 1 1		1
Nair		Executive,		
		Independent		
		Director		
Ms. Amruda	Member	Non 1 1		1
Nair		Executive		
		Director		

The Company Secretary acts as the Compliance Officer and has been regularly interacting with the Registrar & Share Transfer Agents (RTA), to ensure that the complaints / grievances of the shareholders / investors are attended to without delay and where deemed expedient, the complaints are referred to the Chairman of the Committee or discussed at its meetings.

During the year, the Registrar processed 50 requests for dematerialization of 74,028 shares and one request for rematerialization of 50 shares. The Company did not receive any request for transfer of shares. As such, there were no valid requests pending for share transfers at the end of the year.

# 5.3 Role and terms of reference of Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The role of the committee shall inter-alia include the following:

- 5.3.1 Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer/ transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.
- 5.3.2 Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- 5.3.3 Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
- 5.3.4 Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/ annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company.

# 5.4 Number of complaints received and redressed during the year 2021-22

Opening Balance	Received during the year 2021-22	Resolved during the year 2021-22	Closing Balance
0	9	9	0

The above complaints were related to request for documents, non-receipt of shares transferred to IEPF Authority. None of the Complaints were pending for a period exceeding 30 days.

# 6. Risk Management Committee

The Board of Directors constituted the Risk Management Committee on 27th October, 2021 in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 21 and Part D of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, including the scope, role, responsibilities and terms of reference.

## 6.1 Composition:

As on 31st March 2022, the Committee had four members comprising of two Independent Directors, one Non-Executive Director and one Senior Executive of the Company. The Company

Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Risk Management Committee and the Chief Executive Officer and Joint Chief Executive Officer are permanent invitees to the meetings of the Risk Management Committee. Since its constitution on 27th October, 2021, the Risk Management Committee met once on 11th February, 2022.

#### 6.2 Committee meetings and attendance of the Members

The particulars of members of Risk Management Committee and the meetings held and attended by the members during the financial year 2021-22 are given below:

Name of the Director	Designation	Category of Directorship	No. of Meetings during the year	
			Held	Attended
Mr. Vijay Sharma	Chairman	Non Executive, Independent Director	1	1
Mr. Vinay H. Kapadia	Member	Non Executive, Independent Director	1	1
Ms. Amruda Nair	Member	Non Executive Director	1	1
Mr. Umesh Dombe	Member	Chief Financial Officer	1	1

#### 6.3 Role and terms of reference of Risk Management Committee

The role of the committee, inter alia, includes the following:

- To formulate a detailed risk management policy which shall include:
  - A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the Company, in particular including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly, ESG related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee.
  - Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks.
  - (c) Business continuity plan.
- To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company;
- To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems;
- To periodically review the risk management policy, at least once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity;
- (5) To keep the board of directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken:
- The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Risk Officer (if any) shall be subject to review by the Risk Management Committee.

#### 7. **General Body Meetings and Postal Ballot**

Location, date and time of the Annual General Meetings (AGM) and Postal Ballot for the last 3 years are as follows:

#### **General Body Meetings** (a)

Financial	General	Date / Time	Location	Special Resolutions passed
Year	Meeting			
2020-21	40 <sup>th</sup> AGM	18.08.2021 at 11.00 a.m.	Through video conferencing at the Registered Office of the Company	Appointment of Mr. Ashok Girdharidas Rajani as an Independent Director
				Issue of Equity Shares on Preferential basis to M/s. Rockfort Estate Developers Private Limited on conversion of existing loan
2019-20	39 <sup>th</sup> AGM	21.09.2020 at 11.00 a.m.	Through video conferencing at the Registered Office of the Company	NIL
2018-19	38 <sup>th</sup> AGM	19.09.2019 at 11.00 a.m.	Rang Sharda Auditorium, K. C. Marg, Bandra Reclamation, Bandra West, Mumbai - 400 050	NIL

All the resolutions as set out in the notices were passed unanimously / by requisite majority by the Members of the Company.



#### (b) Postal Ballot

No Special Resolution was passed during the previous year through Postal Ballot. However, the Company had sought the approval of the shareholders by way of an Ordinary Resolution through postal ballot vide notice dated November 12, 2021 for approval of Related Party Transactions (authorizing the Board to enter into related party transactions for availing loans from Promoter entities and ratification of previous loans taken from promoter entities during the financial year), which was duly passed and the results of which were announced on December 20, 2021. Members were provided with the facility to cast their vote electronically through e-voting services provided by KFin Technologies Limited, on the resolution set forth in the Postal Ballot Notice. The voting rights were reckoned as per the paid-up value of the shares registered in the names of the members as on 12th November, 2021 ("Cut-Off date"). The E-Voting portal was open for voting from 20th November, 2021 to 19th December, 2021. Mr. Raghunath Bhandari, a Practicing Company Secretary (COP No. 15381), Proprietor of M/s. R. Bhandari & Co., Company Secretaries, was appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the entire postal ballot process only by voting through electronic means in a fair and transparent manner.

Sr. No.	Brief particulars of the Resolution	Total No. of valid votes	Votes in favour of the resolution		Votes against the resolution	
			No. of Shares	% of votes	No. of Shares	% of votes
1	To approve the Related Party Transactions (Ordinary Resolution)	219059748	164070851	74.8977	54988897	25.1022

The Postal ballot was carried out as per the provisions of Section 108 and 110 of the Companies Act, 2013, Rule 20 and 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and other applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules, General Circular Nos. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 read with other relevant circulars, including General Circular No. 10/2021 dated June 23, 2021, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, Secretarial Standard on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and other applicable laws, rules and regulations.

### 8. Means of Communication

The Company communicates with its shareholders through its Annual Report, General Meeting, Newspapers and the Company's web-site. Information, latest updates and announcements made by the Company can be accessed at Company's website: https://www.hlvltd.com/investor\_relation.html. It also includes inter-alia the following:

- Quarterly /Half-Yearly /Annual Financial Results
- Quarterly Shareholding Pattern
- Annual Reports
- Quarterly Corporate Governance Report
- News Releases
- Investor Presentations
- Postal Ballot Results

The financial Results of the Company are published in the prescribed proforma within 48 hours of the conclusion of the

meeting of the Board in which they are considered, at least in one English newspaper circulating in the whole or substantially the whole of India and in one Vernacular newspaper of the State of Maharashtra where the Registered Office of the Company is situated. The Company regularly publishes its financial results in Free Press Journal and Navashakti.

#### 9. General Shareholder Information

# a. Company Information

i)	CIN	L55101MH1981PLC024097
ii)	Registration Date	20 <sup>th</sup> March, 1981
iii)	Address of the Registered office and contact details	HLV Limited The Leela, Sahar, Mumbai – 400 059 Tel. +91-22-6691 1182/83 Fax +91-22-6691 1458 E-mail: investor.service@hlvltd.com; Website: www.hlvltd.com
iv)	The Company's hotel	The Leela, Sahar, Mumbai – 400 059

#### b. 41st Annual General Meeting

Day / Date	Time	Venue
24 <sup>th</sup> August, 2022	11.00 A.M.	The Company is conducting AGM through VC / OAVM without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue pursuant to the MCA and SEBI Circulars and as such there is no requirement to have a venue for the AGM. For details please refer to the Notice of this AGM.

# c. Financial Calendar for the Year

Financial Year	1st April to 31st March				
Dividend Payment	The Company has not proposed any dividend for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022.				
Book Closure Dates	Saturday, 20 <sup>th</sup> August, 2022 to Wednesday 24 <sup>th</sup> August, 2022 (both days inclusive).				
Unaudited Financial reporting for t	he quarter ending (tentative)				
30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2022	August, 2022				
30 <sup>th</sup> September, 2022	November, 2022				
31st December, 2022	February, 2023				
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2023	May, 2023				
Annual General Meeting for the year ending 31st March, 2023	August / September, 2023				

# d. Stock Exchanges

Listing	Equity Shares:
on Stock Exchanges	I) BSE Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001
	II) National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400 051
Listing Fees	The Company has paid the annual listing fees to the Stock Exchanges for the financial year 2022-23.

# e. Scrip Information – Equity Shares

Particulars	Scrip Code/ Information
BSE Limited	500193
National Stock Exchange of India Limited	HLVLTD
Demat ISIN allotted by NSDL/CDSL	INE102A01024
Face Value	₹ 2/- each

# f. Stock Market Data

The monthly high / low prices of the equity shares of the Company from 1st April, 2021 to 31st March, 2022 are given below:

Month		BS	E Limited		N	ational Stock	Exchange of India	Limited
	High (₹)	Low (₹)	Volume (Nos.)	SENSEX	High (₹)	Low (₹)	Volume (Nos.)	S&P CNX NIFTY
				(Closing)				(Closing)
Apr-21	6.36	5.15	5,64,993	48,782.36	6.40	5.05	31,05,382	14,631.10
May-21	7.50	5.74	21,16,254	51,937.44	7.50	5.70	105,69,270	15,582.80
Jun-21	12.50	7.20	62,75,773	52,482.71	12.40	7.20	335,05,973	15,721.50
Jul-21	11.11	9.15	22,35,549	52,586.84	11.10	8.80	92,00,822	15,763.05
Aug-21	10.52	7.42	12,85,756	57,552.39	10.60	7.35	57,25,080	17,132.20
Sep-21	10.76	7.88	17,87,116	59,126.36	10.70	7.80	104,65,830	17,618.15
Oct-21	12.99	9.78	46,39,407	59,306.93	13.10	9.90	179,68,228	17,671.65
Nov-21	12.34	9.55	10,84,690	57,064.87	12.30	9.65	38,27,088	16,983.20
Dec-21	10.69	9.50	9,47,538	58,253.82	10.60	9.35	33,54,409	17,354.05
Jan-22	11.58	9.52	16,38,445	58,014.17	11.45	9.85	48,68,942	17,339.85
Feb-22	11.23	8.46	12,07,211	56,247.28	11.25	8.50	35,35,831	16,793.90
Mar-22	10.71	8.58	29,71,138	58,568.51	10.70	8.45	62,00,216	17,464.75

Sources: www.bseindia.com & www.nseindia.com respective websites



#### g. Distribution of shareholding as on 31st March, 2022

Slab of Shareholding (No. of Shares)	No. of	% of Total	No. of shares held	% of Total
	Shareholders			
Upto 5,000	82,046	93.93	31,198,939	4.73
5,001 to 10,000	2,771	3.17	10,589,090	1.61
10,001 to 20,000	1,372	1.57	10,609,760	1.61
20,001 to 30,000	382	0.44	4,760,264	0.72
30,001 to 40,000	197	0.23	3,604,357	0.55
40,001 to 50,000	153	0.18	3,534,228	0.54
50,001 to 1,00,000	228	0.26	8,311,852	1.26
Above 1,00,000	195	0.22	586,651,409	88.99
TOTAL	87,344	100.00	659,259,899	100.00

# No. of Shares held in dematerialized and physical mode as on j. 31st March, 2022

Sr. No.	Particulars	No. of Shareholders	No. of Shares	% of total capital issued
1	Held in dematerialized form in NSDL	48,212	58,87,33,013	89.30
2	Held in dematerialized form in CDSL	37,452	6,61,69,343	10.04
3	Held in Physical form	1,680	43,57,543	0.66
	Total	87,344	65,92,59,899	100.00

# i. Shareholding Pattern as on 31st March, 2022

Sr. No.	Category	No. of Shares held	% of Holding
1	Promoters (including persons acting in concert)	32,67,95,207	49.57
2	Banks / Public Financial Institutions / Insurance Companies	1,43,02,663	2.17
3	Bodies Corporate / Trusts	22,76,49,367	34.53
4	Fils	5,899	0.00
5	NRIs / OCBs	71,47,001	1.08
6	Resident Individuals	8,09,19,511	12.27
7	IEPF	24,40,251	0.37
	Total	65,92,59,899	100.00

As on 31st March, 2022, the Promoters have pledged 6,00,00,000 equity shares of the Company representing 9.1% of paid up capital of the Company.

The detailed share holding pattern is posted on the Company's website (www.hlvltd.com) and also filed electronically with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

#### Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit Report

As required by the Securities & Exchange Board of India (SEBI), quarterly audit of the Company's share capital is being carried out by a Practicing Company Secretary with a view to reconcile the total share capital admitted with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and held in physical form, with the issued and listed capital. The report in regard to the same is submitted to BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited and is also placed before the Board of Directors.

# k. Share Transfer System

All activities relating to processing of share transfers or transmission in physical mode & dematerialization activities are undertaken at the Company's Registrar & Transfer Agents, M/s. KFin Technologies Limited. The approval for transfers in physical mode and confirmation to the depositories on Demat requests are given within 15 days of receipt, provided the documents are clear in all respects.

In terms of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, equity shares of the Company can only be transferred in dematerialised form. Requests for dematerialisation of shares are processed and confirmation thereof is given to the respective depositories i.e. National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services India Limited (CDSL), within the statutory time limit from the date of receipt of share certificates/ letter of confirmation after due verification.

# I. Dematerialisation of shares

The trading in equity shares of the Company is permitted only in dematerialized form. Considering the advantages of trading in demat form, members are encouraged to consider dematerialisation of their shares.

Shareholders seeking dematerialization / rematerialization of their shares need to approach their Depository Participants (DP) through whom they will send the physical share certificates to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents ("the Registrar") of the

Company. Upon receipt of the request and share certificates, the Registrar would verify the same.

The Registrar would then request National Securities Depository Ltd. (NSDL) / Central Depository Services (India) Ltd. (CDSL) to confirm the demat request. The demat account of the respective shareholder are then credited with equivalent number of shares. In case of rejection of the request, the decision is communicated to the shareholder.

In respect of rematerialization, upon receipt of the request from the shareholder, the DP generates a request and its verification is done by the Registrar. The Registrar then requests NSDL and CDSL to confirm the same. Thereafter, eligible number of shares is issued in physical form to the shareholder within 21days.

#### m. Address for correspondence

The correspondence address of the Compliance Officer and the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent are as follows:

### Compliance Officer:

Name of the Compliance Officer	Ms. Savitri Yadav, Company Secretary
Address	HLV Limited, The Leela, Sahar, Mumbai – 400 059
Telephone	+91-22-6691 1182/83
Fax	+91-22-6691 1458
Designated E-mail ID for investor grievances	investor.service@hlvltd.com

# Registrar & Share Transfer Agent for Equity Shares

KFin Technologies Limited has been appointed as one point agency for dealing with shareholders with effect from 18<sup>th</sup> June, 2016. Correspondence from Shareholders should be addressed to the Company's Registrar & Share Transfer Agent at the address mentioned below:

# KFin Technologies Limited

**Unit: HLV Limited** 

Selenium Tower B, Plot No. 31-32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad 500 032

Toll Free No: 1800 309 4001 E-mail: einward.ris@kfintech.com Website: www.kfintech.com

# 10. Disclosures

# a. Disclosures on materially significant related party transactions

During the financial year 2021-22, there have been no materially significant related party transactions that have potential conflict with the interests of Company at large.

The Policy on materiality of related party transactions and also in dealing with related party transactions as approved by the Board is available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors\_relations/Policy%20on%20Related%20">https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors\_relations/Policy%20on%20Related%20</a> Party%20Transactions.pdf

# Disclosure of Loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/ companies in which directors are interested

During the year Company has not given any loans or advances to firms/companies in which directors are interested.

# Disclosure on Non-compliances by the Company related to the Capital Markets

During the last three years, there were no strictures or penalties imposed by either the Securities and Exchange Board of India or the Stock Exchanges or any statutory authority for noncompliance of any matter related to the capital markets, except for delay in appointment of a Director to meet the requirement of six Directors in terms of Regulation 17 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for which the Company paid a fine of ₹ 7,78,800/- each to BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited during the financial year 2019-20. The Company has complied with the said requirement with effect from 10th February, 2020. The reason for delay in complying with the said requirement was due to default made by the Company towards repayment of principal and interest on debentures issued by the Company and consequent disqualification of the directors under Section 164(2) of the Companies Act. 2013. The Company made a one-time settlement with the debenture holder on 16th October, 2019.

# d. Whistle Blower Policy/Vigil Mechanism

Pursuant to Section 177(9) and (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Regulation 22 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has implemented the Whistle Blower Policy pursuant to which whistle blowers can raise concerns relating to Reportable Matters (as defined in the policy) such as fraud, bribery, corruption, illegality, health & safety, environmental issues and wastage/ misappropriation of Company's funds/assets, etc. Further, the mechanism adopted by the Company encourages the whistle blower to report genuine concerns or grievances and provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of whistle blower who avail such mechanism. The Vigil mechanism also provides direct access to the Members of the Audit Committee, including the chairman of the Audit Committee. The functioning of the Vigil Mechanism is reviewed periodically by the Audit Committee.

None of the whistle blowers have been denied access to the Audit Committee of the Board. The above policy is available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors">https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors</a> relations/Whistle%20Blower%20Policy.pdf

# e. Subsidiary Company

The Company does not have any subsidiary as on 31st March, 2022. However, the Board of Directors of the Company has adopted the policy and procedures with regard to determination of Material Subsidiaries. The Policy is available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors\_relations/Policy%20for%20Determining%20Material%20Subsidiaries.pdf">https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors\_relations/Policy%20for%20Determining%20Material%20Subsidiaries.pdf</a>



f. Outstanding ADR/ GDR/ Warrants and their impact on equity

During the financial year, the Company has not issued any ADR/ GDR/any convertible securities.

g. Commodity price risks and commodity hedging activities

The Company is not dealing in commodities and hence disclosure relating to commodity price risks and commodity hedging activities is not required.

 Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A)

The Company issued 2,87,08,133 Equity Shares to M/s. Rockfort Estate Developers Private Limited, a promoter group entity on preferential basis on conversion of their loan. Since the preferential allotment was made against the conversion of existing loan the details of utilization of funds under Regulation 32 (7A) are not applicable.

i. Recommendations of the Committees of the Board

There are no recommendations of the committees of the Board which have not been accepted by the Board.

j. Fees paid to the Statutory Auditors

M/s. N. S. Shetty & Co., Chartered Accountants, are the statutory auditors of the Company. During the financial year 2021-22, the Company has paid ₹ 8 Lakhs to the auditors as the statutory audit fee, ₹ 2 Lakhs towards tax audit fees and ₹ 7.99 Lakhs towards other services.

 Disclosure in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company has established an appropriate mechanism for dealing with complaints in relation to Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace, in accordance with the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

During the year no complaint pertaining to sexual harassment was received. As such, no complaint remained pending at the end of the year.

11. Adoption of Discretionary Requirements:

The status of adoption of discretionary requirements of Regulation 27(1) as specified under Part E of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is provided below:

- **11.1 Non-Executive Chairperson:** The Company has appointed a Non-Executive Chairperson with effect from 30<sup>th</sup> March, 2021.
- 11.2 Separate posts of Chairman and Managing Director or CEO:
  The Chairman's Office is separate from that of the CEO.
- 11.3 Shareholders' Rights: The quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial results of the Company are published in English and Marathi newspapers having wide circulation, communicated to the Stock Exchanges and are uploaded on the Company's website.

- 11.4 Modified opinion in Audit Report: The Company's financial statement for the financial year 2021-22 does not contain any modified audit opinion. However, even though there is no audit qualification, there are audit observations.
- 11.5 Reporting of Internal Auditor: The Internal auditors of the Company report to Audit Committee. Executive Summary of the Internal Audit Report is presented to the Audit Committee. The Internal Auditors are invited to attend the Audit Committee meetings for interaction with the Audit Committee members and to respond to the queries of the Audit Committee.
- 12. Compliance with corporate governance requirements specified in regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46

The Company has complied with the compliances as specified in regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 of Listing Regulations.

13. CEO / CFO Certification

The CEO and the CFO have issued the certificate as required under Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 on the Financial Statements, the Cash Flow Statement and the Internal Control Systems for financial reporting. The said certificate is annexed and forms part of the Annual Report.

14. Code of Conduct for Board Members and Senior Management

The Company has in place a detailed Code of Conduct for Board Members and Senior Management adopted by the Board of Directors in terms of Regulation 17 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The said Code of Conduct is available on the website of the Company. The members of the Board and senior management of the Company have submitted their affirmation on compliance with the code for the effective period. A declaration by the Chairman affirming compliance to the Code of Conduct is appended to this Report.

 Certificate of Compliance with Corporate Governance and disqualification of Directors

A certificate from Mr. Kaushal Doshi, Practicing Company Secretary regarding compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance forms part of this Annual Report.

A certificate from Mr. Kaushal Doshi, Practicing Company Secretary regarding disqualification of directors on the Board of the Company forms part of this Report.

16. Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading

The Company has adopted an 'Internal Code of Conduct for Regulating, Monitoring and Reporting of Trades by Designated Persons' ("the Code") in accordance with the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (The PIT Regulations).

The Code is applicable to Promoters, Member of Promoter's Group, all Directors and such Designated Employees who are expected to have access to unpublished price sensitive information relating to the Company. The Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer for monitoring adherence to the said PIT Regulations.

The Code requires pre-clearance for dealing in the Company's shares beyond threshold limits. Further, it prohibits the purchase or sale of Company's shares by the Directors and the designated employees during the period when the Trading Window is closed and while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company. The Company has also formulated "Policy for Inquiry" in case of leak of UPSI, which forms part of the Insider Trading Code.

The Company has also formulated 'The Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information (UPSI)' in compliance with the PIT Regulations. The Company has also formulated a Policy for Determination of "Legitimate Purposes" which forms part of 'The Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information (UPSI)'.

The above documents are displayed on the Company's website viz. www.hlvltd.com.

#### **Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF)** 17.

# Transfer of unpaid / unclaimed Dividend amount to Investor **Education and Protection Fund**

During the year under review, there was no unpaid/unclaimed dividend lying in the accounts of the Company which needed to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) pursuant to section 124(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund (Awareness & Protection of Investors) Rules, 2014.

# Transfer of Shares to Demat Account of Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (IEPFA) in case of unpaid/ unclaimed dividend on shares for a consecutive period of seven years

Pursuant to the provisions of section 124 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, transfer and refund) Rules, 2016 ("the rules"), all shares in respect of which dividend has not been en-cashed or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more shall be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).

The Company, after sending intimation to the shareholders, has transferred shares, in respect of which dividend was declared upto the financial year ended 31st March, 2011 and remained unclaimed, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. The particulars of shares transferred to IEPF are as follows:

Date of transfer	No. of shareholders involved	No. of shares	Dividend unpaid
7 <sup>th</sup> December, 2017	4,456	14,94,308	FY 2009-10
31st October, 2018	3,165	9,48,318	FY 2010-11

The voting rights on the shares with IEPF Authority shall remain frozen till the rightful owners of such shares claim the shares.

As there is no unclaimed dividend lying with the Company, the Company is not required to transfer any shares to IEPF Authority in future.

Shareholders may note that both the unclaimed dividend and shares transferred to the IEPF Authority can be claimed back by them after following the procedure prescribed under the IEPF

Ms. Savitri Yadav, Company Secretary, is the Nodal Officer appointed by the Company under the provisions of IEPF.

# Disclosure in respect of Equity Shares transferred to **Unclaimed Share Suspense Account**

Pursuant to Regulation 39 and corresponding Schedule VI of the Listing regulations, the Company is required to transfer shares which remain unclaimed by the shareholders to an unclaimed share suspense account.

All the corporate benefits, if any, on the above shares would also be transferred to Unclaimed Suspense Account of the Company.

After sending reminders to the shareholders at their latest available address(es) with the Company, the Company had transferred 25,98,970 unclaimed equity shares lying with the Company to "Hotel Leelaventure Limited-Unclaimed Share Suspense Account" in May, 2015.

The shareholders can make their claim with the Company / RTA. The RTA/ Company on proper verification of the shareholders' identity and other relevant documents would transfer the shares in their favour.

The disclosure as required under Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule VI of the Listing Regulations is given below:

Des	scription	No. of	No. of Equity
A)	Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares lying in the unclaimed suspense account as on 1st April, 2021.	Shareholders 2,109	Shares 13,97,695
B)	Number of shareholders who approached the Company for transfer of shares from the unclaimed suspense account during the year.	12	7,500
C)	Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares lying in the unclaimed suspense account at the year ended 31st March, 2022.	2,097	13,90,195

The voting rights on the shares in the suspense accounts shall remain frozen till the rightful owners of such shares claim the shares



# 19. Directors and Officers Liability Insurance (D&O)

As per the provisions of the Act and in compliance with the Listing Regulations, the Company has a Directors and Officers (D&O) Liability Insurance policy on behalf of all Directors including Independent Directors and selected employees of the Company for indemnifying them against any liability in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty, misstatement or errors in their managerial capacity.

# 20. Dispatch of documents in electronic form (GREEN INITIATIVE)

In terms of Section 20 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 36 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a company can send documents like notice, annual report, etc., in electronic form to its shareholders. Accordingly, the said documents are sent by e-mail to those members who have registered their e-mail addresses with their DP / the Company.

As part of "Green Initiative", Members who have not registered their e-mail addresses are requested to register their e-mail addresses, with the Depository through their concerned Depository Participants. Members who hold shares in physical form are requested to write to the Company / Registrar for registration of e-mail address.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vinay Kapadia Chairman DIN: 07958301

Mumbai, 27th May, 2022

#### DECLARATION ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CONDUCT

To,

The Board of Directors

**HLV Limited** 

(Formerly known as Hotel Leelaventure Limited)

Mumbai

I hereby confirm that all the Directors and Senior Management personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the provisions of the Code of Conduct for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022.

Vinay Kapadia Chairman DIN: 07958301

Mumbai, 27th May, 2022

#### CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To,

The Members

**HLV Limited** 

(Formerly known as Hotel Leelaventure Limited)

CIN:L55101MH1981PLC024097

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by HLV LIMITED (Formerly known as Hotel Leelaventure Limited) ('the Company'), for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022 as prescribed in Regulations 17-27, Clauses (b) to (i) of sub-Regulations (2) of Regulation 46 and paras C, D & E of Schedule V to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations').

The compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management, and our examination was limited to the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of the opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the aforesaid provision of Listing Regulations, except those reported in our Secretarial Audit report (Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013) and Secretarial Compliance Report (Pursuant to regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015) of even date.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Kaushal Doshi & Associates
Company Secretary

Kaushal Doshi

(Proprietor)

FCS:10609/COP:13143

UDIN:F010609D000364314

Date: 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 Place: Mumbai



#### CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

The Members of

#### **HLV Limited**

(Formerly Known as Hotel Leelaventure Limited)

CIN:L55101MH1981PLC024097

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of HLV LIMITED (Formerly Known as Hotel Leelaventure Limited) having CIN:L55101MH1981PLC024097 and having its registered office situated at The Leela Sahar Mumbai - 400059, (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that the following Directors on the Board of the Company for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2022 have been disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies under Section 164(2)(b) of the Companies Act, 2013 as the Company had defaulted in payment of principal amount and interest to LIC of India, the debenture holder:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in the Company		
1.	Mr. Vinay Hansraj Kapadia	07958301	07/10/2017		
2.	Mr. Vijay Sharma	00138852	09/05/2018		

We further confirm that the Company has subsequently repaid the debenture holder as a one-time settlement on 16th October, 2019.

We further certify that the following Directors on the Board of the Company for the financial year ending on 31st March, 2022 are not disqualified under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in the Company
1.	Mrs. Salini Madhu Dinesh Nair	00011223	10/02/2020
2.	Ms. Saija Ramchandran Nair	03623949	30/05/2018
3.	Ms. Amruda Nair	06716791	30/03/2021
4.	Mr. Ashok Rajani	00267748	30/03/2021

We further certify that none of the Directors of the Company has been debarred by the Securities and Exchange Board of India or by any such statutory authority.

The eligibility for the appointment/continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

> For Kaushal Doshi & Associates Company Secretary

> > Kaushal Doshi

(Proprietor)

FCS:10609/COP:13143

UDIN:F010609D000364259

Date: 27th May. 2022 Place: Mumbai

#### **CEO and CFO CERTIFICATION**

[Pursuant to Regulation 17(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

The Board of Directors

#### **HLV Limited**

(Formerly known as Hotel Leelaventure Limited)

Mumbai

- 1. We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2022 and to the best of our knowledge and belief:
  - these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
  - (ii) these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- 2. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- 3. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- 4. We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit Committee:
  - (i) significant changes, if any, in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
  - (ii) significant changes, if any, in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed to the notes to the financial statements; and
  - (iii) instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Vivek Nair Umesh Dombe
Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer

Date: 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 Place: Mumbai

#### **BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT 2021-22**



(Pursuant to Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

#### Section A: General Information about the Company

1	Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the company	L55101MH1981PLC024097
2	Name of the Company	HLV Limited (Formerly Hotel Leelaventure Limited)
3	Registered address	The Leela, Sahar, Mumbai – 400 059
4	Website	www.hlvltd.com
5	E-mail id	investor.service@hlvltd.com
7	Financial Year reported	April 1, 2021 – March 31, 2022
8	Sector(s) that the Company is engaged in (industrial activity code-wise)	Hotels- 9963/99631110
9	List three key products / services that the company manufactures / provides (as in balance sheet):	Hotel Services
10	Total number of locations where business activity is undertaken by the Company	One
11	Markets served by the Company - Local / State/ National / International	National (Mumbai)

#### Section B: Financial Details of the Company as on March 31, 2022

₹ Lakhs

Sr. No	Particulars	FY 2021-22		
1.	Paid up capital 13,185.2			
2.	Total turnover	7,632.03		
3.	Total profit / (Loss) after taxes	(4,250.96)		
4.	Total spending on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as percentage of profit after tax (%)	Not Applicable		
5.	List of activities in which expenditure in 4 above has been incurred:			
	Though the Company has been incurring losses, it has been carrying out CSR activities over the years. The opportunity protecting surrounding environment and every World Environment Day is commemorated by planting tree properties as well as adjoining areas to promote greenery and benefit surrounding communities. On the so the Company continued its involvement with nurturing underprivileged communities, conducting donation drive of charitable giving, continuing skill-based training for the youth, and providing on-going support to local are traditional craftsmanship. The Company further strengthened partnerships with local NGOs for charitable dor meals, clothing, shoes and books to underprivileged children and in old aged homes.	e saplings at the hotel cial sustainability front, wes for children as part tisans while promoting		

#### Section C: Other Details

1. Does the Company have any Subsidiary company /companies?

The Company has no subsidiary as at March 31, 2022.

2. Do the Subsidiary company / companies participate in the BR Initiatives of the parent company? If yes, then indicate the number of such subsidiary company(s).

Not Applicable

3. Do any other entity / entities (e.g. suppliers, distributors etc.) that the Company does business with; participate in the BR initiatives of the Company? If yes, then indicate the percentage of such entity / entities? [Less than 30%, 30-60%, More than 60%]

No

#### Section D: BR Information

#### Details of Director / Directors responsible for BR:

 a) Details of the Director / Directors / persons responsible for implementation of the BR policy /policies:

DIN Number	Name	Designation
Not Applicable	Mr. Vivek Nair	Chief Executive Officer
Not Applicable	Mr. Dinesh Nair	Joint Chief Executive Officer

#### b) Details of the BR head:

Sr. No	Particulars	Details
1.	DIN Number (if applicable)	Not Applicable
2.	Name	Mr. Vivek Nair
3.	Designation	Chief Executive Officer
4.	Telephone Number	022-66911234
5.	Email	viveknair@hlvltd.com

#### 2. Principle-wise (as per NVGs) BR Policy / policies

The National Voluntary Guidelines on Social, Environmental and Economic Responsibilities of Business (NVGs) released by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs are based on nine principles in the realm of Business Responsibility. These are as under:

P1	Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with Ethics, Transparency and Accountability
P2	Businesses should provide goods and services that are safe and contribute to sustainability throughout their life cycle.
P3	Businesses should promote the well-being of all employees
P4	Businesses should respect the interests of, and be responsive towards all stakeholders, especially those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized.
P5	Business should respect and promote human rights
P6	Businesses should respect, protect, and make efforts to restore the environment.
P7	Businesses, when engaged in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a responsible manner.
P8	Businesses should support inclusive growth and equitable development.
P9	Businesses should engage with and provide value to their customers and consumers in a responsible manner.

#### (a) Principle-wise (as per NVGs) BR Policy/policies (Reply in Y/N):

No.	Questions	P 1	P 2	Р3	P 4	P 5	P 6	P 7	P 8	P 9
1	Do you have a policy/ policies for	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	Υ
2	Has the policy being formulated in consultation with the relevant stakeholders?	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	N.A.	Y	Y
3	Does the policy conform to any national / international standards? If yes, specify? (50 words)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N.A.	Y	Y
4	Has the policy being approved by the Board?	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N.A.	Υ	Υ
	Is yes, has it been signed by MD/ owner/ CEO/ appropriate Board Director?	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	N.A.	Υ	Υ
5	Does the company have a specified committee of the Board/ Director/ Official to oversee the implementation of the policy?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N.A.	Y	Y
6	Indicate the link for the policy to be viewed online?	https://www.hlvltd.com/investor_relation.html *								
7	Has the policy been formally communicated to all relevant internal and external stakeholders?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N.A.	Y	Y
8	Does the company have in-house structure to implement the policy/ policies.	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	N.A.	Υ	Y

<sup>\*</sup> Few Policies being internal to the Company, communicated internally to all concerned and has not been uploaded on the website of the Company.



No.	Questions	P 1	P 2	P 3	P 4	P 5	P 6	P 7	P 8	P 9
9	Does the Company have a grievance redressal mechanism related to the policy/ policies to address stakeholders' grievances related to the policy/ policies?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N.A.	Y	Y
10	Has the company carried out independent audit/ evaluation of the working of this policy by an internal or external agency?	Ζ	N	Ζ	N	N	Ζ	N.A.	Ζ	N

- (b) If answer to the question at serial number 1 against any principle, is 'No', please explain why: (Tick up to 2 options)
  - In respect of principle No.7 referring to Policy Advocacy, we have established practices based on 'Policy advocacy in responsible manner'.
  - The company will be carrying out independent audit/ evaluation of the working of these policies internally within next 1 year.

#### 3. Governance related to BR

The Chief Executive Officer assesses the BR performance of the Company annually.

The Business Responsibility Report is a part of Annual Report and is available on the website of the Company, www.hlvltd.com.

#### Section E: Principle-wise Performance

#### PRINCIPLE 1: Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with Ethics, Transparency and Accountability

The Company's operations are based on its guiding philosophy on ethics, transparency and accountability explained in detail in the Human Resource Manual of the Company which contains "The Leela Dharmas". These Dharmas stand for what the Company firmly believes in. These Principles orient our executives and form the foundation of our code of conduct - with the company, towards each other and with internal and external stakeholders.

The Company's Code of Conduct for Board Members and Senior Management Personnel extends to the entire Company and is central to all that we do, individually and as an organisation. It binds all employees to act with honesty, integrity and ethics at all times. Every year, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel of the Company, give a written affirmation of compliance to Code of Conduct.

The Company also has a "Whistle blower Policy" which allows the Company to adhere to the highest standards of ethical, moral and legal conduct of business operations. The Policy provides a mechanism for the Directors and employees of the Company to raise concerns regarding any violations of legal or regulatory requirements, incorrect or misrepresentation of any financial statements, reports, fraud etc. The Policy enables and facilitates an employee and other stakeholders to report instances of misconduct, leakage of unpublished price sensitive information, fraud, and misdemeanour to the Chief Executive Officer or Chairperson of the Audit Committee.

The Company also has a shareholder complaint redressal mechanism to protect the interest of shareholders especially the minority shareholders. During the year under review 9 shareholders complaints were received and all were resolved.

#### PRINCIPLE 2: Businesses should provide goods and services that are safe and contribute to sustainability throughout their life cycle

The Company maintains the highest standards of safety and sustainability at all times which includes safety, security, health and environment of customers, employees and the assets of the company.

The Company takes great care in ensuring sustainable practices. Measures implemented by the Company include the following:

- All laundry chemicals are bio-degradable.
- Hotel is equipped with solar geysers for generating hot water and the rooms are equipped with energy-saving devices during non-occupancy.
- STP treated water and Rain Water Harvesting has been implemented.

Safety initiatives underpin the Company's business and operational practices. These include physical structures resilient to intrusive and/ or other damaging interventions to the extent feasible, fire-safety measures, focus on guest, employee safety, safety towards women in the workplace and overall operational safety across all functions.

The Company adheres to the standards prescribed under Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 and Rules 2011 and the prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954 and other applicable laws regarding the safety of food and services that Company delivers and it provides its employees, guests and business associates with working conditions that are clean, safe, healthy and fair.

#### PRINCIPLE 3: Businesses should promote the wellbeing of all employees

The Company is committed to making the employee experience enriching. This is done by ensuring a work culture that is caring, open and respectful and provides opportunity for learning, development and growth. Through various policies which guide employee engagement, we have fostered a culture that ensures guest centricity, high standards of personalised service and an enabling work environment.

#### Presented below are the details on human resources of the Company:

1	Total number of employees (total number of permanent employees)	456			
2	Total number of employees hired on temporary / contractual basis	232	232		
3	Number of permanent women employees.	33			
4	Number of permanent employees with disabilities	Nil			
5	List of employee associations that are recognized by management	Bhartiya Kamgar Sena - for workmen category  Hotel Leela Officers' Association – for supervisory category of employees			
6	Percentage of permanent employees who are members of recognised employee associations	Because of recognized and non-recognised employees associations in the Company, it is not possible to ascertain the exact percentage of the membership of permanent employees with the recognized employees associations.			
7	Number of complaints relating to child labor, forced l	abor, involuntary labor, sexua	al harassment in FY 2021-22		
	Category	No. of complaints filed during the Financial Year	No. of complaints pending as on end of the Financial Year		
7.1	Child labor / forced labour/ involuntary labour	We do not employ child labou	ır, forced labour or involuntary labour.		
7.2	Sexual harassment	NIL NIL			
7.3	Discriminatory employment	We do not discriminate while selecting employees			
7.4	Number of man-days of executive level training	Not Applicable			
7.5	Number of man-days of staff level training	624 days			

The Company ensures continuous improvement of skills and capabilities of our already distinguished talent pool.

# PRINCIPLE 4: Businesses should respect the interests of, and be responsive towards all stakeholders, especially those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized

The Company has mapped its internal and external stakeholders. The Company acknowledges and believes that it has a strong role to play in giving back to the communities and stakeholders it works with. The Company reaches out to stakeholders who are socially disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalised. The Company takes particular attention in ensuring that the initiatives are designed to provide adequate help and relief to the following:

- Underprivileged children, including orphans and homeless children
- Elderly people
- Local communities
- Environment- tree plantation

#### PRINCIPLE 5: Businesses should respect and promote human rights

The Company exercises utmost care in the promotion and protection of Human Rights. As already noted, "The Leela Dharma" sets in stone the Company's central philosophy towards its employees and in its outlook regarding various stakeholders across its value chain.

The company strongly values and upholds issues related to gender equality, diversity and provision of equal opportunities for all. The employees are sensitized regarding all aspects of socially inclusive behaviour and the need to have a humanitarian approach to all actions. The Company's Human Resource policies espouse these principles and these are clearly demonstrated in the recruitment policy, where nobody is discriminated on the basis of gender, caste, religion or physical disability. Any incidence of misconduct or harassment is dealt seriously within the organisation. This



helps in building a healthy and lively work place strengthened through mutual trust and ethical behaviour.

# PRINCIPLE 6: Business should respect, protect, and make efforts to restore the environment

The Company is committed to protecting the environment within which it operates. The Company places utmost importance to sustainability while conducting business. Some of the environmental initiatives are:

#### · Use of energy efficient designs and equipment:

Care is taken to ensure that the system design and equipment deployed are energy efficient. Highly efficient chillers are used for air conditioning. Pumps, fans, compressors, blowers and other equipment are selected carefully considering their energy efficiency.

Energy recovery systems and variable speed drives are used extensively to save energy.

High efficiency boilers and heaters are used with energy recovery systems to recover waste heat. Energy efficient lighting with optimal use of natural light is practised. Building Management Systems are used for monitoring and control.

#### Sustainable landscape and water use:

Rain water harvesting systems are installed at the hotel. The Company has Sewage Treatment Plants (STP). Treated water from STP gets recycled for use in horticulture and cooling towers.

Low water usage plumbing fixtures are used to reduce water consumption. Irrigation systems use automation to control water usage.

# PRINCIPLE 7: Businesses, when engaged in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a responsible manner

The Company takes up with responsibility and commitment matters concerning the hotel industry across the country through active participation in apex industry associations including the following:

- Hotel Association of India (HAI)
- Federation of Hotels and Restaurant Association of India (FHRAI)
- Federation of Associations in Indian Tourism & Hospitality (FAITH)
- Tourism & Hospitality Skills Council (THSC)
- Skills Council for People with Disability (SCPwD)

# PRINCIPLE 8: Businesses should support inclusive growth and equitable development

The Company continues to regularly identify and engage with different sections of the Communities. Please refer to Point No.5 of Section B of this Business Responsibility Report for further details.

# PRINCIPLE 9: Businesses should engage with and provide value to their customers and consumers in a responsible manner

The Company has an uncompromising and unrelenting commitment to delivering excellence and value to its guests through efficient, personalized and caring service. This is based on "The Leela Dharma".

The Company receives guest complaints that are dealt with from time to time and handled to closure but none of them have converted to a consumer complaint in the Financial Year 2021-22. As such there are no consumer cases filed for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2022.

The Company continuously seeks customer feedback post stay through internal surveys, to get a granular understanding of the experiences and perceived gaps.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Vinay Kapadia Chairman DIN:07958301

Mumbai, 27th May, 2022

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of HLV Limited (Formerly Known as Hotel Leelaventure Limited)

#### Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **HLV Limited (Formerly Known as Hotel Leelaventure Limited)** ("the Company") which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2022, and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to the following matters in notes to the financial statements: -

Note 36.1(a) relating to enhancement in lease rentals and unilateral termination of lease agreement of 18000 sq. mtrs. of land by Airports Authority of India (AAI) relating to Mumbai hotel and eviction proceedings initiated by them which the Company is legally contesting. Disputed amount not provided in the Books for the period up to 31st March, 2022 cumulatively amounts to Rs. 9,408 lakhs (Previous Year Rs. 8,000 lakhs).

Note 36.1(b) relating to the demands made by AAI relating to Rent and Minimum Guarantee Fees as royalty including interest in respect of 11000 sq. mtrs. of land in Mumbai cumulatively amounting to ₹80,705 lakhs up to 31st January, 2019 (Previously ₹28,537 lakhs up to 31st January, 2017) not provided in the Books as the liability is disputed and not crystalized as per the legal opinion and the additional cost the company may have to incur towards restoration of FSI, which is not ascertainable.

#### Matter related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note no. 36.3 in the Financial Statements regarding the preparation of financial statements on 'going concern basis' for the reasons stated therein. However, matters stated in Emphasis of Matter above indicate that there is uncertainty exists that may cast doubt on company's ability to continue as a going concern. As stated in Note no. 36.3, the appropriateness of assumption of going concern depend on getting favorable judgments and settlements in respect of disputes with Airports Authority of India including the renewal of lease and continuing the Business.

Our conclusion is not modified in respect of these matters.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matter to be communicated in our Report:

Key	audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
(a)	Contingent Liabilities in respect of claim made by Airport Authority of India (AAI) (Refer Note 36 to the financial statement)	Obtained Lease Agreements and supplementary Agreement with Airport Authority of India (AAI). Correspondence from and with AAI, eviction orders judgment of Arbitrator, Judgment of Delhi High court. Petition filed before Supreme Court and their judgment. Petition filed before Eviction officer and their revised claim, various Legal opinions, case filed before Bombay City Civil Court and Bombay High Court and interim orders of Bombay High Court, application made before Settlement Advisory Committee constituted by the Board of AAI, submissions made before them on various meetings.
(b)	Loss on sale of assets held for sale and /change in fair value of assets held for sale (Refer Note 35 to the financial statement)	Obtained purchase agreements, Board resolution dated 10 <sup>th</sup> February, 2020 which approved the sale of assets, obtained sale agreements, stamp duty value/ready reckoner value, statement of working of loss, justification from management for
	The Company had purchased some residential flats in Gurgaon in lieu of certain amounts receivable from Trade Debtors, part of which was considered as doubtful for which provision was made. The said assets were held as 'assets held for sale' and sold during the year. These assets were accounted at cost less any provision for impairment or realizable amount.	sale of assets at loss.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive Income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements

can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit
  procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk
  of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
  intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that, :
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c. The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of accounts.
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.



- e. The matter described in paragraph relating to Emphasis of Matter may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the company.
- f. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors out of six directors, two directors viz. Mr. Vinay Kapadia and Mr. Vijay Sharma are disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- As required by section 197(16) of the Act, we report that the Company has not paid/provided remuneration to its Director during the year.
- i. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements (Refer Note 36.4 to the financial statements):
  - ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts. We are informed that the company did not have any pending derivative contracts.
  - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - iv The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
    - The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either (b) individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
    - Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has (c) come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
  - The Company has neither declared nor paid the dividend during the year.

For N. S. Shetty & Co. **Chartered Accountants** FR No.: 0110101W

N. S. Shetty

Partner

M. No. 035083

UDIN: 22035083AJTDNQ8137

Place: Mumbai Date: 27th May, 2022

#### ANNEXURE - A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### (Referred to in paragraph 1 under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the financial statements of the Company and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- i. In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets
  - (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment, capital work-in-progress, investment properties and relevant details of right of use assets.
    - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
  - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which all fixed assets are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. Pursuant to the programme, certain fixed assets were physically verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
  - (c) Except disputes relating to the title deeds/renewal of lease agreement as detailed hereunder, according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties disclosed in the Financial Statements are held in the name of the Company.

Particulars	Number of cases	Carrying value as on 31⁵¹ March, 2022 (₹ In lakhs)	Remarks
Land at Hyderabad	Five	1,269.01	Title deeds are under dispute
Building constructed on leasehold land at Mumbai	One	20,818.36	Lease agreement not renewed since 11th January, 2016 (refer Note-36.1) to the Financial Statements.

- (d) The Company has not revalued it's property, plant and equipment or intangible assets during the year.
- (e) No proceedings initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under Benami Transaction (prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) The management has conducted physical verification of Inventory at reasonable intervals. In our opinion the frequency of such verification is reasonable. The discrepancies noticed on such verification between the physical stock and book records were not material and have been properly dealt in the books of account.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, at any point of time of the year, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital facility from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets, and hence reporting under clause (ii) (b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. The Company has not made investment, provided guarantee or security and granted secured or unsecured loans to Companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships, or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the act during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3 (iii) (a) to (f) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- iv. The Company has not granted any loans or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered in Section 185 of the Act. The company has complied with the provisions of Section 186 of the Act in respect of investments made.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning from Section 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules 2014 (as amended) during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- vi. The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148 (1) of the Act, for any of the services rendered by the Company.



- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us in respect of Statutory dues:
  - (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
  - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31st March, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (c) Details of disputed Sales Tax, Service Tax, Luxury Tax and Value Added Tax which have not been deposited as at 31st March, 2022 are as under:

Name of the statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (in lakhs)*	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax, Interest and penalty	2591.24	FY 2007-08 to 2011-12	CESTAT, Bangalore
Maharashtra VAT 2002	VAT with interest and penalty	342.29	2007-08,2009-10 to 2011-12 and 2013-14	Jt. Commissioner of Appeals-VAT Mumbai
Maharashtra VAT 2002	VAT	39.73	FY 2008-09	VAT Tribunal, Mumbai
Finance Act 1994	Service Tax with Penalty	122.94	July 2012 to March 2015	CESTAT, Mumbai
Kerala Tax on Luxury 1976	Luxury Tax, interest and penalty	68.88	2010-11, 2011-12	Deputy Commissioner of (Appeals), Thiruvananthapuram
KGST and KVAT Act	KGST and KVAT	46.58	FY 2011-12	Matter remanded back to the Assessing Officer by High Court.
Income Tax Act, 1961	TDS	74.83	2012-13	CIT Appeals, New Delhi

<sup>\*</sup> Net of amounts paid under protest.

- viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 during the year.
- ix. (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans / dues to banks and financial institutions.
  - (b) As explained, The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
  - (c) The company has availed term loan of ₹ 4,000 Lakhs during the year for the payment of disputed liabilities. As informed to us, the dispute is not yet settled and hence, the loan availed is temporarily invested in Mutual fund.
  - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
  - (e) The Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or associate companies.
  - (f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or associate companies. Hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix) (f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) During the year, The Company issued equity share on preferential basis by conversion of loan. Hence, there is no question of utilization of proceeds. The company has not issued any debt instrument during the year.
- xi. (a) No material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.

- (b) During the year and upto the date of this audit report, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) We have taken into consideration the whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year and provided to us, when performing our audit.
- xii. The Company is not a nidhi company. Hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- xiii. In our opinion all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, and the requisite details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.
- xiv. (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports issued to the Company during the year.
- xv. During the year the Company has not entered into non cash transaction with its directors or person connected with directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. Hence reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) to (c) of the order are not applicable.
  - (b) There is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The Company has incurred cash loss of ₹ 2,652 Lakhs during the year and ₹ 2,347 Lakhs in previous year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of statutory auditor of the Company.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, there is material uncertainty exists regarding contingent liability of Disputed trade payable as on the date of the audit report (refer para Emphasis of matter in audit report)
  - We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. The Company is exempt from complying with Sec.135 of Companies Act, 2013.

For N. S. Shetty & Co. Chartered Accountants

FR No.: 0110101W

N. S. Shetty

Partner

M. No. 035083

Place: Mumbai Date: 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2022



#### ANNEXURE - B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred in Para 2(g) under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **HLV Limited (Formerly Known as Hotel Leelaventure Limited)** ("the Company") as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For N. S. Shetty & Co. Chartered Accountants FRNo.: 0110101W

N. S. Shetty Partner M. No. 035083

Place: Mumbai Date: 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2022

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### **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2022**

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Note	As at	As at
Particulars	No.	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
ASSETS	INO.	31" Warch 2022	31° March 2021
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	25,025.70	25,823.80
Right of use assets	4	437.96	1,406.89
Capital work-in-progress	5	32.04	32.04
Investment Property	6	4,293.50	4,318.11
Intangible assets	7	14.99	21.14
Financial assets:	,	14.55	21.17
Other financial assets	8	1,665.88	1,613.95
Tax assets (net)	9	1,111.07	866.44
Other non-current assets	10	2,090.93	1,994.65
Total non-current assets	10	34,672.07	36,077.02
Current assets		<u> </u>	
Inventories	11	654.62	622.29
Financial assets		054.02	022.23
Investments	12	4,012.60	_
Trade receivables	13	488.47	283.72
Cash and cash equivalents	14	317.59	331.55
Other balances with banks	15	2,357.48	331.33
Other balances with banks Other financial assets	16	1,491.63	6,461.52
Other initial dissets Other current assets	17	4,515.19	2,660.39
Total current assets	17		10,359.47
Non current assets		13,837.58 7,478.23	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total assets		55,987.88	13,207.93 59,644.42
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		55,367.00	39,044.42
Equity	18	13,185.20	12,611.04
Equity share capital Other equity	19	28,039.69	29,563.15
' '	19	41,224.89	42,174.19
Total Equity Liabilities		41,224.09	42,174.19
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	20	4,170.09	1,043.23
Lease Liabilities	20	304.22	1,043.23
Other financial liabilities	21	195.65	1,005.57
Provisions	22	675.46	875.05
Total non-current liabilities	22	5,345.42	4,035.90
Current liabilities		5,345.42	4,035.90
Financial liabilities			
	23	111.31	3.072.34
Borrowings	23	178.09	3,072.34 379.15
Lease Liabilities Trade Payable:	24	176.09	3/9.15
Outstanding dues of MESE	24	6.13	3.06
Outstanding dues of MESE  Outstanding dues other than of MESE			
Other financial liabilities	05	5,931.21	5,068.74
Other financial liabilities Other liabilities	25 26	459.66 413.88	814.88 522.09
Provisions	26 27		
' ' - ' - ' - ' - ' - ' - ' - ' - ' -	21	278.07	338.00
Total current liabilities		7,378.35	10,198.26
Liabilities classified as held for sale		2,039.22	3,236.07
Total equity and liabilities	1 to 00	55,987.88	59,644.42
Notes forming part of the financial statements	1 to 38		

In terms of our report attached

For N. S. Shetty & Co. Chartered Accountants

Registration No : 110101W

N. S. Shetty

Partner

Membership No. 035083

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vinay Kapadia Chairman

DIN: 07958301

Vivek Nair Chief Executive Officer

Dinesh Nair Joint Chief Executive Officer

Savitri Yadav

Company Secretary

Umesh Dombe Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai, 27th May 2022

### STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2022



₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	Year ended 31st March 2021
Income			
Revenue from operations	28	7,299.71	1,892.05
Other income	29	332.32	2,521.73
Total income		7,632.03	4,413.78
Expenses			
Food and beverages consumed	30	715.46	210.85
Employee benefit expenses and payment to contractors	31	2,937.74	2,253.31
Finance costs	32	235.34	229.89
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	33	1,276.37	1,351.70
Other expenses	34	5,721.76	4,726.77
Total Expenses		10,886.67	8,772.52
Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and Tax		(3,254.64)	(4,358.74)
Exceptional items - Profit/(loss) (net)	35	(996.32)	766.15
Profit/(loss) before Tax		(4,250.96)	(3,592.59)
Tax expense		-	-
Profit after Tax (A + B)		(4,250.96)	(3,592.59)
Other comprehensive income:			
Items that may not be reclassified to the statement of profit and loss			
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan		301.66	30.27
Income tax relating to items that may not be reclassified to the statement of profit and loss		-	-
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax		301.66	30.27
Total comprehensive income for the year		(3,949.30)	(3,562.32)
Earnings per share (of ₹ 2 each):			
Basic & Diluted		(0.66)	(0.57)
Notes forming part of the financial statements	1 to 38		

In terms of our report attached

For N. S. Shetty & Co.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Registration No: 110101W

N. S. Shetty

Partner

Membership No. 035083

Mumbai, 27th May 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vinay Kapadia Chairman

DIN: 07958301

**Vivek Nair** Chief Executive Officer

Joint Chief Executive Officer **Dinesh Nair** 

Savitri Yadav

Company Secretary

**Umesh Dombe** Chief Financial Officer

### CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2022

₹ Lakhs

Par	ticulars		ended ch 2022	Year e 31 <sup>st</sup> Mar	ended ch 2021
Α	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	01 11101	011 2022	O1 Widi	011 202 1
	Net Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and Tax		(3,254.64)		(4,358.74)
	Adjustments for:		,		
	Depreciation & amortisation	1,276.37		1,351.70	
	Interest charged	235.34		229.89	
	(Profit)/Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	9.35		(85.75)	
	(Gain)/Loss on derecognition of Financial Instrument/Assets	(58.83)		-	
	Provisions/ liabilities written back	(144.07)		(36.21)	
	Change in fair value of investment	(12.80)		_	
	Concession in Lease Rental included in Other Income	_		(120.38)	
	Provision for trade & other receivables	8.51		17.49	
	Interest income	(53.00)		(235.93)	
			1,260.87		1,120.81
	Adjustments for (increase)/decrease in operating assets:				
	Inventories	(32.33)		46.51	
	Trade and other receivables	(213.26)		449.93	
	Other financial assets	(175.68)		90.21	
	Other assets	(1,951.90)		392.64	
	Adjustments for increase /(decrease) in operating liabilities:				
	Trade payables	1,009.62		(1,021.97)	
	Other financial liabilities	(1,151.83)		(2,151.07)	
	Other liabilities	(108.20)		47.27	
			(2,623.58)		(2,146.48)
	Cash generated from operating activities		(4,617.35)		(5,384.41)
	Less : Direct Tax paid (net of refunds)		(244.63)		2,469.94
	Net cash flow from operating activities		(4,861.98)		(2,914.47)
В	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
	Inflows:				
	Proceeds from Sale of Non-Current Investment		-		1.20
	Proceeds from Sale of property, plant and equipment (net of sale) (including advance receipts)		8,529.42		-
	Decrease in fixed deposits with banks		-		13.68
	Interest received		53.00		322.38
	Outflows:				
	Increase in Fixed Deposit with bank		(2,351.48)		-
	Purchase of current investment		(3,999.80)		-
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment (net of sale) (including advance receipts)		-		737.85
	Net cash flow from investing activities		2,231.14		1,075.11

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2022 (contd.)



Par	ticulars	Year ende		Year e 31 <sup>st</sup> Mar	ended ch 2021
С	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES				
	Inflows:				
	Proceeds from term borrowings		6,946.00		965.00
	Less: Outflows				
	Repayment of term borrowings		(3,780.19)		(156.48)
	Payment of Lease liability		(436.04)		(361.15)
	Interest paid		(112.89)		(94.26)
	Net cash flow from financing activities		2,616.88		353.11
	Net changes in cash and cash equivalents		(13.96)		(1,486.25)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		331.55		1,817.80
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		317.59		331.55

In terms of our report attached

For N. S. Shetty & Co.

**Chartered Accountants** Registration No: 110101W

N. S. Shetty

Partner

Membership No. 035083

Mumbai, 27th May 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vinay Kapadia Chairman

DIN: 07958301

Vivek Nair Chief Executive Officer

Joint Chief Executive Officer **Dinesh Nair** 

Savitri Yadav **Umesh Dombe** 

Company Secretary

Chief Financial Officer

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

₹ Lakhs

#### a) Equity Share Capital

As at 1st April, 2020	12,611.04
Changes in the equity share capital during the year	-
As at 31st March 2021	12,611.04
Changes in the equity share capital during the year	574.16
As at 31st March 2022	13,185.20

₹ Lakhs

#### b) Other equity

			Reserves	s and surplus		
Particulars	Capital redemption reserve	Security premium	General reserve	Retained earnings	Other comprehensive income	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2020	8,750.00	65,346.24	13,195.39	(53,970.04)	(196.12)	33,125.47
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	-	(3,592.59)	-	(3,592.59)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-	30.27	30.27
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(3,592.59)	30.27	(3,562.32)
Allocations/Appropriations						
Transferred (to)/from reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	8,750.00	65,346.24	13,195.39	(57,562.63)	(165.85)	29,563.15
Balance as at 1 April 2021	8,750.00	65,346.24	13,195.39	(57,562.63)	(165.85)	29,563.15
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	-	(4,250.96)	-	(4,250.96)
Premium on issue of equity shares	-	2,425.84	-	-	-	2,425.84
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax					301.66	301.66
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	2,425.84	-	(4,250.96)	301.66	(1,523.46)
Allocations/Appropriations						-
Transferred (to)/from reserve						
Balance as at 31 March 2022	8,750.00	67,772.08	13,195.39	(61,813.59)	135.81	28,039.69

In terms of our report attached

For N. S. Shetty & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Registration No : 110101W

N. S. Shetty Partner

Membership No. 035083

Mumbai, 27th May 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vinay Kapadia Chairman

DIN: 07958301

Vivek Nair Chief Executive Officer

Dinesh Nair Joint Chief Executive Officer

Savitri Yadav Umesh Dombe

Company Secretary

Chief Financial Officer



#### Note 1: Corporate Information

HLV Ltd. (Formerly known as 'Hotel Leelaventure Limited') ("HLVL" or the "Company") is a public limited company incorporated in India and has its registered office situated at "The Leela Mumbai". Sahar, Mumbai 400 059.

The Company is primarily engaged in the business of owning, operating & managing hotels, palaces and resorts.

The financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 27th May, 2022.

#### Note 2: Basis of Preparation, Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements, Significant Accounting Policies and Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

#### Compliance with Ind AS

These standalone financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended, and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements.

#### (ii) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- Defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value.
- ii) Certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period.
- iii) Assets held for sale (or disposal groups) -measured at lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell.

#### (iii) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires, management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements pertain to:

#### Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets:

The Company has estimated the useful life of each class of assets based on the nature of assets, the estimated usage of the asset. the operating condition of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, etc. The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets as at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

#### Impairment testing:

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets that are subject to amortisation /depreciation are tested for impairment when events occur or changes in circumstances indicate that the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than its carrying value. The recoverable amount of cash generating units is higher of value-in-use and fair value less cost to sell. The calculation involves use of significant estimates and assumptions which include turnover and earnings multiples, growth rates and net margins used to calculate projected future cash flows, risk-adjusted discount rate, and future economic and market conditions.

#### **Income Taxes:**

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is regarded as probable that deductible temporary differences can be realized. The Company estimates deferred tax assets and liabilities based on current tax laws and rates and in certain cases, business plans, including management's expectations regarding the manner and timing of recovery of the related assets. Changes in these estimates

may affect the amount of deferred tax liabilities or the valuation of deferred tax assets and thereby the tax charge in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

Provision for tax liabilities require judgements on the interpretation of tax legislation, developments in case law and the potential outcomes of tax audits and appeals which may be subject to significant uncertainty. Therefore the actual results may vary from expectations resulting in adjustments to provisions, the valuation of deferred tax assets, cash tax settlements and therefore the tax charge in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

#### (d) Litigation:

From time to time, the Company is subject to legal proceedings the ultimate outcome of each being always subject to many uncertainties inherent in litigation. A provision for litigation is made when it is considered probable that a payment will be made and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Significant judgement is made when evaluating, among other factors, the probability of unfavourable outcome and the ability to make a reasonable estimate of the amount of potential loss. Litigation provisions are reviewed at each accounting period and revisions made for the changes in facts and circumstances.

#### (e) Defined benefit plans:

The cost of the defined benefit plans and the present value of the defined benefit obligation are based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

#### (iv) Significant Accounting Policies:

#### (a) Revenue recognition:

#### (i) Income from operations

Revenue from operations is accounted on accrual, is net of indirect taxes, returns and discounts. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue comprises of sale of rooms, food and beverages and allied services. Rentals basically consists of rental revenue earned from letting of residential and commercial spaces. Revenue for rental is recognised in the period in which services are being rendered.

#### (ii) Interest:

Interest income is accrued on a time proportion basis using the effective interest rate method.

#### (b) Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Cost includes the acquisition cost or the cost of construction, expenses directly related to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for making them operational for their intended use and, in the case of qualifying assets, the attributable borrowing costs.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all property, plant and equipment recognised as at 1st April, 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

#### (c) Investment Property:

Investment Property are initially measured at cost, including transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, Investment property are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Investment Property are derecognised either when they have disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from the disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of derecognising.

Transfers to or from investment property is made when and only when there is a change in use.



On transition to Ind AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all its investment properties recognised as of April 1, 2016 measured as per previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.

#### (d) Intangible Assets:

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairments, if any. An intangible asset is recognised if it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably.

On transition to Ind AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all its intangible assets recognised as of April 1, 2016 measured as per previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.

#### (e) Capital WIP

Capital work-in-progress comprises the cost of property, plant and equipment that are not yet ready for their intended use on the reporting date and materials at site net of impairment if any.

#### (f) Depreciation and Amortisation:

The Company depreciates its property, plant and equipment and investment property over the useful life in the manner prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 under straight line method except as under:

- (i) Based on technical evaluation, the useful life of continuous process plant other than windmill has been estimated as 15 years (on a single shift basis) and that of motor boat 6 years.
- (ii) Depreciation on additions / deletions during the year are provided on pro-rata basis. Assets purchased / installed during the year costing less than ₹ 5,000 each are fully depreciated.
- (iii) Building constructed on leasehold land are depreciated at the applicable rate on the assumption that the lease would be renewed in the normal course.
- (iv) Computer Software and website is amortised in six years and other intangible assets are amortised in five years.
- (v) The useful lives of assets and residual values are reviewed at the Balance Sheet date and the effects of any changes in estimates are accounted for on a prospective basis.
- (vi) Depreciation /amortisation is not provided on non-current assets held for sale or part of the disposal group from the date of such assets are classified as held for sale or part of disposal group.

#### (g) Investments in subsidiaries:

Investment in a subsidiary is a long-term investment and is carried at cost. On transition to Ind AS, previous GAAP carrying amount as on that date, i.e. April 1, 2016 is considered as cost.

#### (h) Inventories:

Stock of food and beverages, stores and operating supplies are stated 'at cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower'. Cost comprise fair value of consideration paid including duties and taxes (other than those refundable), cost of conversion and other costs in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition computed under weighted average cost method. Due allowance is estimated and made for defective and obsolete items, wherever necessary.

#### (i) Employee benefits:

#### (i) Short-term benefits:

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised during the period when the employee renders the service.

#### (ii) Post-employment obligations

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

(a) The Company makes annual contributions to gratuity fund which is a defined benefit plan.

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in

employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

(b) Defined contribution plans such as provident fund are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as and when incurred.

#### (j) Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying assets are capitalised. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.

Interest cost for the borrowings is computed under effective interest method.

Foreign exchange difference relating to foreign currency borrowings regarded as an adjustment to borrowing cost to the extent not capitalised is disclosed under finance cost.

#### (k) Taxation:

- (i) Provision for current taxation has been made in accordance with the Income Tax laws applicable to the assessment year considering the taxable income of both continued and discontinued operations.
- (ii) Deferred tax is recognized on timing difference being the difference between taxable incomes and accounting income that originates in one period and is capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Where there is unabsorbed depreciation, or carry forward losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty of realisation of such assets.

#### (I) Impairment of assets:

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date, to assess any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of the assets exceed its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is greater of the net selling price or value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value, based on an appropriate discounting factor.

After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the assets over its remaining useful life. A previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. However, the carrying value after reversal is not increased beyond the carrying value that would have prevailed by charging usual depreciation if there was no impairment.

#### (m) Foreign currency transaction:

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of the transactions.

The monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency as at balance sheet date are translated at rates prevailing at the year-end and the resultant net gains or losses are recognized as income or expense in the year in which they arise.

#### (n) Leases:

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### Company as a lessee

The Company's leases assets mainly comprise buildings. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified assets, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.



As a lessee, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The Company has used number of practical expedients when applying Ind AS 116 - Short-term leases, leases of low-value assets and single discount rate.

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less, leases of low-value assets and lease where term of the lease is already expired and not yet renewed. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments are presented as follows in the Company's statement of cash flows:

- short-term lease payments, payments for leases of low-value assets and variable lease payments that are not included in the measurement of the lease liabilities are presented within cash flows from operating activities;
- payments for the interest element of recognised lease liabilities are included in 'interest paid' within cash flows from operating activities; and
- payments for the principal element of recognised lease liabilities are presented within cash flows from financing activities.

As practical expedient of Ind AS 116 "Leases", the company has considered Covid-19-related rent concessions not to be lease modification, hence the income towards rent concession is recognised in "Other Income" in the statement of profit and loss account.

#### Company as a lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as finance or operating lease. Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

#### **Government Grants/Incentives:** (o)

Government grants/incentives that the Company is entitled to on fulfilment of certain conditions, but are available to the Company only on completion of some other conditions, are recognised as income at fair value on completion of such other conditions.

Grants/incentives that the Company is entitled to unconditionally on fulfilment of certain conditions, such grants/incentives are recognised at fair value as income when there is reasonable assurance that the grant/incentive will be received.

#### Income from Joint Development Agreement (JDA):

Income from JDA is accounted under percentage of completion method (POCM) as per the Guidance Note on Accounting for Real Estate Transactions. Balance cost of land and other expense related to JDA is grouped under Assets held for sale.

#### (q) Accounting for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

- (i) Provisions are recognised when the Company has a binding present obligation. This may be either legal because it derives from a contract, legislation or other operation of law because the Company created valid expectations on the part of the third parties by accepting certain responsibilities. To record such an obligation it must be probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made for the amount of the obligation.
- (ii) Contingent Liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events but their existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made.
- (iii) Disclosure of the contingent assets are made when it is probable that there is an inflow of future economic benefits. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognised as an asset.

#### (r) Exceptional items:

The company discloses certain financial information both including and excluding exceptional items. The presentation of information excluding exceptional items allows a better understanding of the underlying performance of the company and provides consistency with the company's internal management reporting. Exceptional items are identified by virtue of either their size or nature so as to facilitate comparison with prior periods and to assess underlying trends in the financial performance of the company.

#### (s) Statement of Cash Flows:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/ (loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. Cash flow for the year are classified by operating, investing and financing activities.

#### (t) Earnings per Share:

Basic earnings per share is computed, by dividing the profit or loss after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share.

#### (u) Financial Instruments:

#### (1) Financial assets

#### (i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised when and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition.

#### (ii) Classification:

#### a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash comprises cash/cheques on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition, highly liquid investment that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### b. Debt Instruments

The Company classifies its debt instruments, as subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value through Other Comprehensive Income or fair value through profit or loss based on its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.



#### (i) Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from these financial assets is included as a part of the Company's income in the Statement of Profit and Loss using the effective interest rate method.

#### (ii) Financial assets at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)

Financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income if these financial assets are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Movements in the carrying value are taken through Other Comprehensive Income, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains or losses which are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in Other Comprehensive Income is reclassified from Other Comprehensive Income to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Interest income on such financial assets is included as a part of the Company's income in the Statement of Profit and loss using the effective interest rate method.

#### (iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on such debt instrument that is subsequently measured at FVTPL and is not part of a hedging relationship as well as interest income is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### c. Equity Instruments

The Company subsequently measures equity investment at cost. Dividends from such investments are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payment is established.

#### De-recognition

A financial asset is derecognised only when the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset. Where the Company has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the Company has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continued involvement in the financial asset.

#### (2) Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition.

#### Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities that are not carried at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

#### De-recognition

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (3) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and allowance for losses on such assessment is made in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (v) Recent accounting pronouncements:

#### New and Amended Standards that become effective during the year:

There are no new standards that became effective during the year. Amendments that became effective during the year did not have any material effect.

#### New Standards or Other Amendments Issued but not yet Effective:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2022.



Particulars	Land -	Buildings	Plant and	Furniture	Vehicles	Office	Total
	Ireenoid		nemdinbe	and lixtures		eduipment	
Gross carrying amount							
As at 1 April 2020	1,174.70	23,702.39	3,727.11	703.63	755.56	103.08	30,166.47
Additions	1	06.0	47.58	0.48	ı	2.25	51.21
Disposals/ discards/ adjustments	(0.82)	1	(4.93)	0.13	(132.73)	(1.71)	(140.06)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	1,173.88	23,703.29	3,769.76	704.24	622.83	103.62	30,077.62
As at 1 April 2021	1,173.88	23,703.29	3,769.76	704.24	622.83	103.62	30,077.62
Additions		ı	109.34	8.22	ı	17.45	135.01
Disposals/ discards/ adjustments		(5.99)	(558.99)	(76.99)	(23.00)	(3.38)	(665.35)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	1,173.88	23,700.30	3,320.11	635.47	599.83	117.69	29,547.28
Accumulated depreciation							
As at 1 April 2020	1	1,906.63	932.03	386.74	268.50	34.65	3,528.55
Depreciation for the year	1	477.07	256.50	53.63	53.66	6.37	847.23
Disposals/ discards/ adjustments/Reclassification	1	1	(0.02)	(0.46)	(119.29)	(2.19)	(121.96)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	•	2,383.70	1,188.51	439.91	202.87	38.83	4,253.82
As at 1 April 2021	•	2,383.70	1,188.51	439.91	202.87	38.83	4,253.82
Depreciation for the year		477.06	241.29	13.23	53.68	21.77	807.03
Disposals/ discards/ adjustments/Reclassification		(0.40)	(451.39)*	(70.17)	(17.31)	1	(539.27)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	'	2,860.36	978.41	382.97	239.24	60.59	4,521.58
Carrying Value							
As at 31 March 2021	1,173.88	21,319.59	2,581.25	264.33	419.96	64.79	25,823.80
As at 31 March 2022	1,173.88	20,839.94	2,341.70	252.50	360.59	57.09	25,025.70

Building includes cost of 25 (previous year 25) shares of ₹ 50 each in a Co-operative housing society.



Building with carrying value constructed on leasehold land where lease agreement has not been renewed is ₹ 20,818.36 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 21,316.04 lakhs). ≘

<sup>\*</sup> During the year the Company has transferred Plant and Machinary having Gross block of ₹ 133.05 Lakhs and accumulated depreciation of ₹ 55.94 Lakhs to Assets held for sale.

Note 4: Right of use assets

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Leasehold Building	Total
Gross carrying amount		
As at 1 April 2020	1,985.45	1,985.45
Additions	-	-
Disposals/ discards/ adjustments	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	1,985.45	1,985.45
As at 1 April 2021	1,985.45	1,985.45
Additions	-	-
Disposals/ discards/ adjustments	(1,124.33)	(1,124.33)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	861.12	861.12
Accumulated depreciation		
As at 1 April 2020	181.47	181.47
Depreciation for the year	397.09	397.09
Disposals/ discards/ adjustments		-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	578.56	578.56
As at 1 April 2021	578.56	578.56
Depreciation for the year	359.61	359.61
Disposals/ discards/ adjustments	(515.01)	(515.01)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	423.16	423.16
Carrying Value		
As at 31 March 2021	1,406.89	1,406.88
As at 31 March 2022	437.96	437.96

The land lease agreement with the AAI has expired and the Company is negotiating for renewal. In the absence of a definitive agreement and uncertainty about the timing of the cash flows, this lease is not included in the calculation of Right-of-Use Assets and corresponding Lease liabilities. The rental for this land continues to be provided as lease expense on a best estimate.



#### Note 5: Capital work-in-progress

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021
Capital work-in-progress	32.04	32.04
Total	32.04	32.04

#### Capital work-in-progress ageing schedule

Particulars		Amount in CWI	P for a period of		Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31st March 2022	-	-	-	32.04	32.04
As at 31st March 2021	-	-	15.73	16.31	32.04

#### **Note 6: Investment Property**

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Gross carrying amount		
As per last balance sheet	4,899.38	4,899.38
Additions	77.22	-
Disposals/adjustments	-	-
At the end of the year	4,976.60	4,899.38
Accumulated depreciation		
As per last balance sheet	581.27	481.26
Depreciation for the year	101.83	100.01
Disposals/adjustments/Reclassification		
At the end of the year	683.10	581.27
Net carrying amount	4,293.50	4,318.11

#### Fair Value:

During the year, the Company has obtained independent valuation of this property and the value of the property as per current market rate is ₹ 6088.14 lakhs.

The building is constructed on leasehold land and the lease is expiring on Nov-2024. The lease may be renewed. Depreciation on building held in Investment Property is provided at the applicable rate, on the assumption that the lease will be renewed.

Income arising from investment properties	Year ended	Year ended
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Rental income derived from investment properties (excluding rental income derived from investment properties Assets held for Sale)	422.98	517.73
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) generating rental income	85.91	109.62
Income arising from investment properties before depreciation	337.07	408.11
Depreciation	101.83	100.01
Income arising from investment properties (Net)	235.24	308.10

Note 7: Intangible assets

₹ Lakhs

	Computer software	License / franchise fees	Website	Total
Gross carrying amount				
As at 1 April 2020	59.41	49.79	26.50	135.70
Additions	2.47	-	-	2.47
Disposals/ discards/ adjustments	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	61.88	49.79	26.50	138.17
As at 1 April 2021	61.88	49.79	26.50	138.17
Additions	1.74	-	-	1.74
Disposals/ discards/ adjustments/Reclassification	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2022	63.62	49.79	26.50	139.91
Accumulated depreciation				
As at 1 April 2020	34.01	49.79	25.86	109.66
Amortisation for the year	7.26	-	0.11	7.37
Disposals/ discards/ adjustments	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	41.27	49.79	25.97	117.03
As at 1 April 2021	41.27	49.79	25.97	117.03
Amortisation for the year	7.78	-	0.11	7.89
Disposals/ discards/ adjustments/Reclassification	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2022	49.05	49.79	26.08	124.92
Carrying Value				
As at 31 March 2021	20.61		0.53	21.14
As at 31 March 2022	14.57	<u> </u>	0.42	14.99



#### Note 8: Other non-current financial assets

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Deposits with banks *	689.52	661.76
Margin money deposits with banks (refer note 15)	57.09	90.84
Security deposits - considered good	919.27	861.35
Total	1,665.88	1,613.95

<sup>\*</sup> The deposits with bank includes ₹ 237.87 Lakhs which is under dispute. The company has filed the case before Subordinate court Ernakulam and therefore the bank has not confirming the balance in deposit account. The Company is claiming as Considered Good.

#### Note 9: Tax assets (Net)

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Income Tax assets (net)		
Opening balance for the year	866.44	3,336.38
Less : Tax payable for the year	-	-
Add : Taxes deducted/collected at source	244.63	108.18
Add/(less) : Refund/adjustment for earlier years	-	(2,578.12)
Closing balance	1,111.07	866.44

#### Note 10: Other non-current assets

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Balances with Government authorities	228.70	227.52
Advance for Property, Plant & Equipment	0.60	1.40
Deposit adjustable against future rent payments	1,827.50	1,760.79
Pre-paid expenses	34.13	4.94
Total	2,090.93	1,994.65

#### Note 11: Inventories

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Food and beverages	287.65	253.96
Stores and operating supplies	366.97	368.33
Total	654.62	622.29

#### Note 12: Investments

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss		
Investment in Mutual Fund - quoted		
Aditya birla sun life liquid fund - growth	4,012.60	-
No. of units 11,69,426.166 (P.YNIL)		
Total	4,012.60	

#### Note 13: Trade receivables (unsecured)

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Receivables from related parties - considered good	14.37	65.51
Other than from related parties :		
Trade receivables - considered good	474.10	218.21
Trade receivables - credit impaired	277.90	1,380.33
	766.37	1,664.05
Less : Allowance for trade receivables - credit impaired	(277.90)	(1,380.33)
Total	488.47	283.72

#### Trade receivables ageing schedule as at 31st March, 2022 as follows:

Particulars	Outsta	Outstanding for following periods from date of transactions				
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed						
- Considered good	487.12	0.70	0.65	(0.00)	(0.00)	488.47
- Credit impaired	-	0.20	-	37.26	6.78	44.24
Disputed						
- Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	233.66	233.66
Total	487.12	0.90	0.65	37.26	240.14	766.37

#### Trade receivables ageing schedule as at 31st March, 2021 as follows:

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from date of transactions				Total	
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed						
- Considered good	185.87	15.89	72.47	4.72	4.77	283.72
- Credit impaired	-	-	18.37	13.80	3.55	35.72
Disputed						
- Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Credit impaired	-	-	403.86	455.53	485.22	1,344.61
Total	185.87	15.89	494.70	474.05	493.54	1,664.05



#### Note 14: Cash and cash equivalents

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Cash on hand	13.96	10.03
Balances with bank in current account	303.63	321.52
Short-term deposits with bank	-	-
(with original maturity less than three months)		
Total	317.59	331.55

#### Note 15: Other balances with banks

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Short term deposit with bank having maturing before 12 months from balance sheet date	2,357.48	-
Margin money deposits	57.09	90.84
	2,414.57	90.84
Less: margin money deposits classified as non-current financial assets (refer note 8)	57.09	90.84
Total	2,357.48	-

#### Note 16: Other current financial assets

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Interest receivable	35.57	35.57
Unbilled revenue	125.77	31.70
Receivable against assets held for sale	1,301.20	6,390.25
Security deposits	29.09	4.00
Total	1,491.63	6,461.52

#### Note 17: Other current assets

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Trade advances	181.50	218.60
Loans and advances to employees	7.07	8.00
Advance rentals	101.55	92.70
Insurance claim receivable	0.11	-
Pre-paid expenses	2,670.41	1,037.86
Balances with Government authorities	1,175.98	890.83
Services export incentives	373.41	407.71
Other receivables - considered good	5.16	4.69
Total	4,515.19	2,660.39

Note 18: Equity share capital

₹ Lakhs

Parti	culars	As at	As at
		31st March 2022	31st March 2021
a)	Authorised capital		
	100,00,00,000 (100,00,00,000) equity shares of ₹ 2 each with voting rights	20,000.00	20,000.00
	60,00,000 (60,00,000) Redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100 each	6,000.00	6,000.00
b)	Issued share capital		
	65,92,59,899 (63,05,51,766) equity shares of ₹ 2 each with voting rights	13,185.20	12,611.04
c)	Subscribed and fully paid up		
	65,92,59,899 (63,05,51,766) equity shares of ₹ 2 each with voting rights	13,185.20	12,611.04
		13,185.20	12,611.04

#### d) Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022		As at 31st March 2021	
	No. of shares ₹ Lakhs		No. of shares	₹ Lakhs
At the beginning of the year	630,551,766	12,611.04	630,551,766	12,611.04
Add/(Less) : Issued/(Buyback) equity shares	28,708,133	574.16	-	-
At the end of the year	659,259,899	13,185.20	630,551,766	12,611.04

During the year, 2,87,08,133 equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid up were issued to Rockfort Estate Developers Private Limited at a premium of ₹ 8.45 per equity share by conversion of the loan.

### e) Shareholders holding more than 5% shares

Particulars	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022		As at 31st March 2021	
	No. of shares	% of holding	No. of shares	% of holding
Universal Hotels and Resorts Private Limited	240,442,344	36.47	240,442,344	38.13
JM Financial Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	163,943,459	24.87	163,943,459	26.00
Rockfort Estate Developers Private Limited	84,315,308	12.79	55,607,175	8.82
ITC Limited	49,953,055	7.58	49,953,055	7.92

### f) Shareholding of Promoters

Name of the Promoters	Δ.	s at 31st March 202	2
	No. of shares	% of holding	% Change during the year
Universal Hotels and Resorts Private Limited	240,442,344	36.47	(1.66)
Rockfort Estate Developers Private Limited	84,315,308	12.79	3.97
Mr. Vivek Nair & Mr. Dinesh Nair as trustees of Leela Family Trust	792,355	0.12	(0.01)
Mr. Vivek Nair	477,460	0.07	(0.00)
Mr. Dinesh Nair	374,050	0.06	(0.00)
Ms. Amruda Nair	300,000	0.05	(0.00)
Late P V Leela Amma Nair	75,000	0.01	(0.00)
Mrs. Lakshmi Nair	18,330	0.00*	(0.00)*
Mrs. Madhu Nair	360	0.00*	(0.00)*

<sup>\*</sup> the %age is less than two decimals.



## Note 19: Other equity

₹ Lakhs

Parti	culars	As at	As at
		31st March 2022	31st March 2021
(a)	Capital redemption reserve		
	As at 1st April	8,750.00	8,750.00
	Increase/(decrease) adjustments		<u> </u>
	As at Closing	8,750.00	8,750.00
(b)	Security premium		
	As at 1st April	65,346.24	65,346.24
	Increase/(decrease) adjustments	2,425.84	<u>-</u>
	As at Closing	67,772.08	65,346.24
(c)	General reserve		
	As at 1st April	13,195.39	13,195.39
	Increase/(decrease) adjustments		<u> </u>
	As at Closing	13,195.39	13,195.39
(d)	Retained earnings		
	As at 1st April	(57,562.63)	(53,970.04)
	Add/Less: Profit/(loss) for the year	(4,250.96)	(3,592.59)
	As at Closing	(61,813.59)	(57,562.63)
(e)	Other comprehensive income		
	As at 1st April	(165.85)	(196.12)
	Add/Less: Profit/(loss) for the year	301.66	30.27
	As at Closing	135.81	(165.85)
	Total	28,039.69	29,563.15

- (i) Capital Redemption Reserve represents reserve created for redemption of Preference shares.
- Securities premium is created due to premium on issue of shares. These is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act. (ii)

#### Note 20: Non-current borrowings

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	31st March 2021
Secured		
Rupee loan from banks	-	761.84
Rupee term loan from financial institution	3,974.21	-
Rupee term loan from others	195.88	281.39
Total	4,170.09	1,043.23
Current maturities of long term debt (refer note 23)		
Rupee loan from banks	-	203.16
Rupee term loan from financial institution	25.79	-
Rupee loan from Others	85.52	78.18
Total	111.31	281.34
(shown under current borrowings)		

#### Note 21: Other non current financial liabilities

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Trade/security deposits received	195.65	1,005.57
Total	195.65	1,005.57

#### Note 22: Non current provisions

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021
Employee benefit obligations:		
- for compensated absences	207.15	179.95
- for Gratuity (net)	468.31	695.10
Total	675.46	875.05

#### Note 23: Current borrowings - Unsecured from related party

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021
Leela Lace Holdings Pvt Ltd at 0% interest	-	2,791.01
Current maturities of long term debt (refer note 18)	111.31	281.33
Total	111.31	3,072.34

During the year the Company has received temporary interest free loan of ₹ 1000 Lakhs from Leela Fashion Pvt. Ltd. for early repayment of secured loan availed from Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited. The same is utilised for the purpose for it has been taken and fully repaid back during the year.

#### Note 24: Trade payables

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021
To micro enterprises and small enterprises - others (refer note 36.5)	6.13	3.06
	6.13	3.06
To other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		
- Related parties	277.55	208.15
- Others	5,653.66	4,860.59
Total	5,931.21	5,068.74



## Ageing for trade payables outstanding as at 31st March, 2022 is as follows:

Particulars	Outstanding	Outstanding for following periods from date of transactions				
	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years		
Undisputed						
- MSME	6.13	-	-	-	6.13	
- Others	890.75	60.56	18.45	17.68	987.44	
Disputed						
- MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
- Others	1,457.07	1,164.89	2,090.81	231.01	4,943.77	
Total	2,353.95	1,225.44	2,109.26	248.69	5,937.34	

## Ageing for trade payables outstanding as at 31st March, 2021 is as follows:

Particulars	Outstanding	Outstanding for following periods from date of transactions				
	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years		
Undisputed						
- MSME	3.06	-	-	-	3.06	
- Others	1,340.39	189.34	38.71	22.54	1,590.98	
Disputed						
- MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
- Others	1,164.89	2,090.81	-	222.06	3,477.76	
Total	2,508.34	2,280.15	38.71	244.60	5,071.80	

#### Note 25 Other current financial liabilities

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Interest accrued on borrowings	32.72	4.20
Payable on purchase of property, plant and equipment	23.49	23.21
Liability for expenses	369.80	503.51
Other Liability	-	0.39
Overdrawn bank balance	-	194.92
Trade/security deposits	33.65	88.65
Total	459.66	814.88

#### Note 26: Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Statutory liabilities	157.40	234.50
Deposit adjustable against future rent income	-	-
Advance from customers	256.48	287.59
Total	413.88	522.09

#### Note 27: Current Provisions

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Employee benefit obligations:		
- for bonus	87.94	59.13
- for compensated absences	190.13	278.87
Total	278.07	338.00

#### **Details of borrowings**

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Interest rate (%) - 31 Mar 22	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	Details of security & Repayment Schedule
Rupee loan from banks				
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited	N.A	-	965.00	Refer Note A
			965.00	
Rupee loan from financial institution				
Aditya Birla Finance Ltd.	9.50%	4,000.00	-	Refer Note B & D
		4,000.00		
Rupee loan from others				
BMW Financial Services (I) Limited	8.99% & 9.15%	281.40	359.57	Refer Note C
		281.40	359.57	
Total Secured Loans		4,281.40	1,324.57	

#### Note A:

The rupee loan from Bank is secured against first and exclusive charge on current and future Current Assets (including Lease Rentals) and Fixed Assets of the Company, collateral securities of the borrowing is 2 shops and 4 offices at Leela gallaria Mumbai and 5 residential Flats at Gurgaon, personal guarantee of Mr. Dinesh Nair and corporate guarantee of Leela Fashion Private Limited.

#### Note B:

The rupee loan from financial institution is secured against present and future rent receivables from Unit No. A-14 and A-15 of Ground Floor, 2<sup>nd</sup> floor, 3<sup>rd</sup> floor, 4<sup>th</sup> floor and 5<sup>th</sup> floor of the property named Leela Galleria situated at Andheri Kurla Road, Mumbai - 400 059 held as Investment Property and Corporate guarantee of Leela Fashion Private Limited.

The loan is repayable in 156 monthly installment from the date of first disbursement.

#### Note C:

The rupee loan from others is secured against vehicles and is repayable in 60 EMI starting from April 2020.

#### Note D:

During the year the Company has received term loan of ₹ 4,000 Lakhs from Aditya Birla Finance limited for the payment of disputed payable. Since the dispute is not yet settled, the Company has temporarly invested the fund in mutual fund disclosed in current investment.



## Note 28: Revenue from operations

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended 31st March 2021
Boundary from solve of musclaste	31" Walch 2022	31" Walcii 2021
Revenue from sale of products:		
Food & beverages	3,122.88	646.52
Revenue from sale of services:		
Room revenue	3,471.69	638.16
Income from rental & related services	520.25	564.78
Other services	184.89	42.59
	4,176.83	1,245.53
Total	7,299.71	1,892.05

#### Note 29: Other income

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2022	Year ended 31st March 2021
Interest Income from Deposit with Bank	53.00	41.96
Interest from Others	-	193.97
Amortisation of interest on security deposits	51.71	47.66
Export service incentives/subsidy	-	1,959.16
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)	0.11	0.62
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	-	85.75
Gain/Loss on derecognition of Financial Instrument/Assets	58.83	-
Change in fair value of investment	12.80	-
Provisions/ liabilities written back	144.07	36.21
Miscellaneous income	11.80	156.40
Total	332.32	2,521.73

## Note 30: Food and beverages consumed

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Opening stock	253.96	284.01
Add: Purchases	749.15	180.80
	1,003.11	464.81
Less: Closing stock	287.65	253.96
Total	715.46	210.85

Note 31: Employee benefit expenses and payment to contractors

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	Year ended 31st March 2021
Salaries & wages	1,917.17	1,346.84
Contribution to provident fund and other funds	258.50	179.91
Staff welfare expenses	241.77	159.84
Labour contract	520.30	566.72
Total	2,937.74	2,253.31

#### Note 32: Finance costs

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	Year ended 31st March 2021
Interest on borrowings	134.28	63.35
Interest others	0.25	33.14
Interest on lease liabilities	93.92	131.44
Financial charges	6.89	1.96
Total	235.34	229.89

### Note 33: Depreciation and amortisation expenses

Particulars	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	Year ended 31st March 2021
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	884.26	847.23
Depreciation of right of use assets	359.61	397.09
Depreciation of investment property	24.61	100.01
Amortisation of intangible assets	7.89	7.37
Total	1,276.37	1,351.70



## Note 34: Other Expenses

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2022	Year ended
One walk of the second and the late that the late		31st March 2021
Consumption of stores and supplies including linen	411.00	133.21
Power and fuel	793.42	518.90
Rent	1,763.81	1,334.06
Repairs and maintenance		
- Buildings	227.16	156.15
- Machinery	252.73	237.92
- Others	258.67	206.87
Insurance	49.71	77.60
Rates and taxes	431.20	452.19
Other Operating expenses	105.47	92.72
Communication	34.07	34.19
Travelling and conveyance	39.50	41.83
Guest transport	103.69	51.01
Printing and stationary	31.58	13.48
Reservation fee	76.08	56.49
Sales & credit card commission	241.27	63.89
Business promotion	410.79	387.39
Legal and professional *	428.10	789.45
Directors' sitting fees	15.00	13.80
Provision/write-off of trade and other receivables	8.51	17.49
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	9.35	_
Miscellaneous expenses	30.65	48.13
Total	5,721.76	4,726.77
* includes Auditors' remuneration:		
Statutory audit	8.00	8.00
Tax audit	2.00	2.00
Other services	7.99	2.44
	17.99	12.44

## Note 35: Exceptional items - profit/(loss)

Particulars	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	Year ended 31st March 2021
Impairment of capital work in progress	-	(13.73)
Change in fair value of Assets held for sale	(380.92)	-
Profit / (Loss) on sale of Assets held for sale	(1,930.08)	-
Income from joint development of property	1,314.68	779.88
Total	(996.32)	766.15

#### 36. Additional information to the Financial Statements

#### 36.1 Disputes with Airports Authority of India (AAI)

- (a) The lease agreement with Airports Authority of India (AAI) for leasing of 18000 sq mtrs of land for Mumbai hotel was valid till 11<sup>th</sup> July 2012. AAI vide letter dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011, had offered to extend the lease for another 30 years, on the revised terms, which the Company had accepted. Pending execution of the lease agreement, AAI had been provisionally extending the lease for 3 to 6 months at a time and the latest extension was till 11<sup>th</sup> January, 2016. AAI has arbitrarily increased the lease rental payable for the Mumbai hotel, effective from 1<sup>st</sup> October 2014, the increased rentals on the basis of such arbitrary increase works out to by ₹ 9,408 lakhs for the period upto 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 (upto 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 ₹ 8,000 lakhs). The Company has objected to this increase and therefore not provided for the same. AAI has unilaterally terminated the lease and commenced eviction proceedings. The Company is legally contesting the same and Hon'ble Bombay High Court vide interim order dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2021 directed to AAI not to proceed in the matter of eviction. The final judgement in the matter of eviction is reserved on 27<sup>th</sup> October, 2021 and awaiting for final order. Depreciation on Mumbai hotel building is provided at the applicable rate, on the assumption that the lease will be renewed.
- (b) The Company had also entered into another lease agreement on 7th February, 1996 with the AAI for a land admeasuring 11,000 sqm intended for the construction of a 150-room Hotel at Mumbai. A Supplementry Agreement dated 7th February 1996 entered into between the Company and AAI. The terms of the agreements was royalty on Gross Turnover with minimum guaranteed amount (MG) for a specified period and Ground Rent. The terms and conditions specified in the Supplemental Agreement, became impossible of performance for various reasons and therefore the project could not come through and the 150 room hotel could not be constructed. The Company vide letter dated 6th April, 2017 requested AAI to take over immediate physical possession of the land pending restoration of FSI by the Company. No Provision has been made for the cost of FSI as it is not ascertainable. However, AAI commenced the eviction proceedings with their claim of MG on projected turnover and enhanced rent. As per the revised claim filed by the AAI in February 2019 before the eviction officer, the amount claimed by AAI as on 31st January 2019 is ₹ 80,705 lakhs towards royalty on projected turnover and rent including interest as against ₹ 28,537 lakhs as on 31st January 2017 claimed earlier by AAI towards royalty on projected turnover and rent including interest, which the Company is disputing. The Company is legally contesting the same and Hon'ble Bombay High Court vide it's interim order dated 30th June, 2021 directed to AAI not to proceed in the matter of eviction. The final judgement in the matter of eviction is reserved on 27th October, 2021 and awaiting for final order. According to legal opinion received, the liability is contingent in nature and hence no provision is made in the books.
- c) The above disputes are at present with the Settlement Advisory Committee duly constituted by the Board of AAI. The Company in the various meetings held with them, putforth their submisions against the demand raised by them arbitrarily and for the renewal of lease for further period. The Company is awaiting the outcome of the same shortly.
- d) In view of the above the company has not adopted IND AS-116 on the above leased transactions.
- 36.2 An appeal filed by one of the minority shareholder viz. ITC Ltd. with Supreme Court of India against the order of Securities Appellate Tribunal (SAT) in the matter of transfer of Business Undertaking to Brookfield Group is pending. Further the petition filed by the said ITC Ltd. before National Company Law Tribunal ("NCLT"), Mumbai alleging oppression and mismanagement is also pending for disposal. Matters were not taken up for the hearing till date.

#### 36.3 Going Concern Basis

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a 'Going concern basis' on the assumption that the Company shall get favourable judgements and settlements in respect of matters referred in Note No.36.1(a) and (b) including the renewal of lease and continue the business.

#### 36.4 Contingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)

Parti	iculars	Year ended	Year ended
		31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Con	tingent liabilities:		
(a)	Disputed liability with AAI		
	(i) refer note 36.1 (a)	9,408.00	8,000.00
	(ii) refer note 36.1 (b)	80,705.00	80,705.00
(b)	Other claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt	1,335.14	1,335.14
(c)	Disputed Statutory Liabilities	3,286.48	3,286.48



**36.5** The information required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties had been identified on the basis of information available with the Company in this regard.

₹ Lakhs

Parti	Particulars		Year ended
		31st March 2022	31st March 2021
(i)	Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year	6.13	3.06
(ii)	Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year	-	0.04
(iii)	The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	-	-
(iv)	The amount of interest due and payable for the year	-	0.04
(v)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	-	-
(vi)	The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid	Nil	Nil

Disclosures of payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on requests made by the Company.

#### 36.6 Employee benefit plans

#### **Defined contribution plans**

The Company makes Provident Fund contributions to defined contribution plans for qualifying employees. Under the plan, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The contributions payable under these plans by the Company are at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

#### Defined benefit plans

The Company offers the following employee benefit schemes to its employees:

#### (i) Gratuity

The Company has a tie-up under Employees' Trust Deed Group Gratuity- cum-Life Assurance Scheme of the Life Insurance Corporation of India, and has partly funded the defined benefit plan for eligible employees. The scheme provides for lump sum payment to eligible employees on retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment, of an amount equivalent to 15 days' salary payable for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of six months subject to a limit of ₹ 20 lakhs. The unfunded portion as well as the amounts in excess of the limit are to be borne by the Company, as per policy. Eligibility occurs upon completion of five years of service.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation and current service cost are measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date.

#### a) Reconciliation of Opening and Closing balances of Defined Benefit Obligation

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31st March 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021
Defined Benefit Obligation at beginning of the year	1,852.67	1,908.37
Current service cost	64.68	71.49
Past service cost	-	-
Interest cost	96.38	101.36
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(302.40)	(39.87)
Benefits paid	(123.59)	(188.69)
Liabilities assumed/(settled)	-	-
Defined Benefit Obligation at the end of the year	1,587.74	1,852.67

#### b) Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of fair value of plan assets

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of the year	1,157.56	1,259.42
Expected return of plan assets	83.50	91.45
Employer contribution	-	5.00
Benefits paid	(123.59)	(188.69)
Fair value of plan assets at year end	1,116.74	1,157.56
Assets acquired/ (settled)	-	-
Actual return on plan assets	(0.74)	(9.61)

#### c) Reconciliation of fair value of Assets and Obligations

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Fair value of plan assets	1,116.74	1,157.56
Present value of obligation	1,587.74	1,852.67
Amount recognised in balance sheet ((surplus)/deficit)	470.99	695.10

#### d) Expenses recognised during the year

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31st March 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021
In income statement		
Current service cost	64.68	71.49
Past service cost		
Interest cost	12.88	9.91
Net cost	77.55	81.40
In other comprehensive income		
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss	(302.40)	(39.89)
Return on plan assets	0.74	9.61
Net (income)/expense for the period recognised in OCI	(301.66)	(30.27)

#### (ii) Compensated absence liabilities

Present value of compensated absence liabilities (unfunded) recognised in Balance Sheet as per actuarial valuation under Projected Unit Credit Method.

#### 36.7 Segment Information

The Company has identified single reportable segment, i.e., hotel, as its business. Accordingly, disclosures relating to the segmentation under Ind AS 108, "Operating Segment" is not required.

#### 36.8 Leases

- The Company's lease asset primarily consist of lease for buildings. The Company has applied the exemption not to recognize right-ofuse assets and liabilities for leases with:
  - i) less than 12 months of lease term on the date of contract inception.
  - ii) either low value or cancellable at the option of lessee.

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- iii) lease already expired and not renewed till date.
- iv) Variable lease payments (including deposit given to the lessor) that do not depend on an index or a rate.
- v) Lease payment related to discontinued operations.
- b) The Company incurred ₹ 306.74 lakhs for the year ended 31st March, 2022 towards expenses related to either short-term leases or low value lease or variable lease.
- c) The Company incurred ₹ 1457.07 lakhs for the year ended 31st March, 2022 towards lease with AAI which is expired and not renewed.
- d) The weighted average effective interest rate applied to lease liabilities is 8%
- e) Maturity Analysis of Lease Liability

₹ In Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Less than 1 year	178.09	379.15
Between 1 and 2 years	192.88	855.33
Between 2 and 5 years	111.34	256.72
Over 5 years	-	-
Total	482.31	1,491.21

- f) The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.
- g) In 2020-21, the Company has received the Covid-19-related rent concessions for lessees amounting to ₹1.20 crores and on the basis of practical expedient as per Ind AS 116 "Leases", the same is not considered to be lease modification, hence the income towards rent concession is recognised in "Other Income" in the statement of profit and loss account.

Fransisco Hospitality Pvt Ltd.

Mr. Ashok Rajani

#### 36.9 Related party transactions

#### (i) Details of related parties:

Leela Lace Holdings Pvt Ltd.

#### Associates:

		Associates Ltd.)
Leela Fashions Pvt Ltd.	Leela Capital and Finance Ltd.	LM Realtors Pvt Ltd.
Rockfort Estate Developers Pvt Ltd.	Leela Housing Pvt Ltd.	Season Apparels Pvt. Ltd.
LSL Holdings Pvt. Ltd. (Formerly Leela Hospitality Pvt Ltd.)	Leela IT Projects Pvt Ltd.	Universal Hotels & Resorts Pvt Ltd
Doyen Hotels Pvt. Ltd.	Leela Lace Estates Pvt Ltd.	Vibgyor Leasing Pvt Ltd.
Elegant Eateries Pvt Ltd.	Leela Realty Ltd.	Zillion Hotels & Resorts Pvt Ltd.
Krishana Hotels and Resorts Pvt Ltd	Leela Krishnan Nair Foundation	L Lifestyle Services Pvt Ltd
Leela Lace Builders Pvt Ltd	Araiya Hospitality Private Ltd	
Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Non-Executive Directors	Relatives of Key Management Personnel
		(KMP)
Mr. Vinay Kapadia	Mrs. Madhu Nair	
Mr. Vinay Kapadia Mr.Vivek Nair	Mrs. Madhu Nair Ms. Amruda Nair	(KMP)
•		(KMP) Mrs. Lakshmi Nair

LSL Capital Limited (Formerly LMV

### (II) Transactions carried out with Related Parties & KMP

₹ In Lakhs

Particulars	Asso	ciates	Key Managem	ent Personnel
	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Sale of room, food, goods and other services				
LSL Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	0.42	4.93		
Leela Lace Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	0.74	-		
Sale of Flats (Assets held for Sale)				
Leela Lace Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	-	477.13		
Refund of Excess amount of Sale of Flats				
(Assets held for Sale)				
Leela Lace Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	11.88	-		
Expenses towards goods & services				
LSL Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	-	0.73		
Income from rental & related services				
Leela Lace Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	-	-		
Leela Fashions Pvt. Ltd	69.60	55.77		
LSL Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	-	-		
Expense towards lease rent				
Leela Lace Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	621.91	393.67		
Leela Fashions Pvt. Ltd	0.25	0.25		
Remunerations				
Mr.Vivek Nair			120.00	-
Mr.Dinesh Nair			120.00	-
<u>Directors' Sitting Fees</u>				
Ms. Saija Nair			3.30	3.60
Mr. Vinay Kapadia			3.60	4.20
Mr. Vijay Sharma			3.00	4.20
Mr. Ashok Rajani			1.50	0.30
Mrs. Madhu Nair			1.20	1.20
Ms. Amruda Nair			2.40	0.30
Unsecured loan received during the year				
Leela Lace Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	1,946.00	915.00		
Leela Fashions Pvt. Ltd	1,000.00	-		
Rockfort Estate Developers Pvt Ltd. (including receipt of ₹ 3,000 Lakhs assigned from Leela Lace Holding Pvt. Ltd.)	3,025.00	-		



Particulars	Associates		Key Management Personnel	
	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Repayment of unsecured loan received				
Leela Lace Holdings Pvt. Ltd. (including payment of ₹ 3,000 Lakhs assigned to Rockfort Estate Developers Pvt. Ltd.)	4,737.01	1,000.00		
Leela Fashions Pvt. Ltd	1,000.00	-		
Rockfort Estate Developers Pvt Ltd.	25.00	-		
Issue of Equity Shares				
Rockfort Estate Developers Pvt Ltd. (On conversion of Loan)	3,000.00	-		

	Associates	
Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Debit balance outstanding		
Leela Fashions Pvt. Ltd	14.37	65.51
Credit balance outstanding		
Leela Lace Holdings Pvt. Ltd	277.55	208.15
Mr.Vivek Nair	5.45	
Mr.Dinesh Nair	5.45	
Unsecured loans outstanding		
Leela Lace Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	-	2,791.01
Deposits given		
Leela Lace Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	3,000.00	2,757.96

The Company has not given any loans to the directors or to entities in which they are interested, but there are dues towards regular transactions which are repayable in the normal course of the business.

#### 36.10 Earnings per share

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021
Basic & Diluted earning per share		
Net profit/(loss) for the year (₹ Lakhs)	(4,250.96)	(3,592.59)
Weighted average number of equity shares	646,990,122	630,551,766
Par value per share (₹)	2.00	2.00
Earnings per share (₹)	(0.66)	(0.57)

- 36.11 The Company has assessed the possible impact of COVID-19 on its financial statement based on the internal and external information available upto the date of these financial statment and concluded that no adjustment is required in these financial statement. The Company continues to monitor the future economic conditions. Also, we expect that any continuing impact on the Company's operating performance would be limited or intermittent in nature. Hence, we do not foresee any material impact of the pandemic in the medium to long term on the business operations of Company.
- 36.12 Transaction with struck off companies for the year ended 31st March, 2022.

Name of the struck off company	Nature of transactions	Amount in Lakhs
Astha Gems India Pvt. Ltd	Sales of Services	0.04

#### 36.13 Disclosure of Ratios

Sr. No.	Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	% Variance	Remarks for variance more than 25%
1	Current Ratio	Current Asset	Current Liability	1.34	0.72	84.62	Current assets are due increase in current investment by ₹ 4,000 lakhs.
2	Debt-Equity Ratio	Borrowings and lease liability	Total equity	0.12	0.13	-13.08	-
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Net profit before tax + Interest cost on borrowings	Interest cost on borrowing + Principal repayment of borrowing	Negative	Negative	-	-
4	Return on Equity Ratio	Net profit after Tax	Average shareholder's fund	-10.19%	-8.17%	24.73	-
5	Inventory turnover ratio	Food and beverage consumed	Average Inventory of food and beverages	2.64	0.78	237.04	The consumption of food and beverage has increased as increase in revenue but average inventory level has remained same during the year.
6	Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Revenue from Operations	Average trade receivables	18.91	3.66	417.05	Increase in ratio mainly on account of increase in revenue and reduction of average trade receivables.
7	Trade payables turnover ratio	Purchases + other expenses	Average trade payables and	1.17	0.87	34.59	Increase in ratio on account of increase in purchase and other expenses.
8	Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from Operations	Working Capital	2.10	-0.67	-412.80	Increase in ratio on account of increase in revenue and reduction of current liabilities.
9	Net profit ratio	Net profit after Tax	Total income	-55.70%	-81.39%	-31.57	Increase in ratio on account of increase in revenue.
10	Return on Capital employed	Profit before tax + finance costs	Total equity	-9.74%	-7.97%	22.17	-
11	Return on investment	Income generated from investments	Average invested funds in investment	0.64%	0.00%	N.A.	-



#### Note 37: Fair value measurement:

- 1 The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.
- 2 The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:
  - a The fair value of trade receivables, trade payables and other current financial assets and liabilities are considered to be equal to the carrying amounts of these items due to their short-term nature. Where such items are non-current in nature, the same has been classified as Level 3.
  - b The fair value of security deposits are calculated using effective interest rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the use of unobservable inputs.
  - c Considering the contracted rate of interest, the carrying amounts of all other term borrowings that are measured at fair value are reasonable approximation of fair value.
  - d For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to their fair values.

#### 3 Analysis of fair value measurement:

- a The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:
  - Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
  - Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.
  - Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.
- b Financial Instruments by category:

Particulars	As at 31st N	/larch 2022	As at 31st N	larch 2021
	FVPL	Amortised cost	FVPL	Amortised cost
Financial assets				
Non-current:				
Investments:				
Equity investment in a subsidiary	-	-	-	-
Other equity investment	-	-	-	-
Other non current financial assets		1,665.88		1,613.95
Current:				
Investments	4,012.60	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	488.47	-	283.72
Cash & cash equivalents	-	317.59	-	331.55
Other balances with banks	-	2,357.48	-	-
Other financial assets	-	1,491.63	-	6,461.52
Total	4,012.60	6,321.05		8,690.72
Financial liabilities				
Non current:				
Borrowings	-	4,170.09	-	1,043.23
Lease liabilities	-	304.22	-	1,112.05
Other liabilities	-	195.65	-	1,005.57
Current:				
Borrowings	-	111.31	-	3,072.34
Lease liabilities	-	178.09	-	379.15
Trade payables	-	5,937.34	-	5,071.80
Other financial liabilities	-	459.66	-	814.87
Total		11,356.35		12,499.02

#### Note 38: Financial Risk Management

#### **Risk Management framework**

The activities of the Company expose it to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise, long term security deposits received, trade and other payables. The group has trade and other receivables and cash and short term deposits that arrive directly from its operations. The Company has also paid long term lease deposits.

The Company's Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risk faced by the company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the companys activities. The company's Audit Committee overseas how management monitors compliance with the company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the company.

#### A Market Risk:

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments and deposits, foreign currency, payables and loans and borrowings.

The Company manages market risks through finance department, which evaluates and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management. The finance department recommends risk management objectives and policies which are approved by the finance committee and Audit Committee. The activities of the department includes management of cash resources, borrowing strategies and ensuring compliance with market risk limits and policies.

#### - Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk changes in the market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's debt obligations which is fully repaid during the year as a part of settlement with lenders.

The borrowings in terms of fixed rate and floating rate are as follows:

₹ In Lakhs

Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Fixed rate of borrowings	281.39	359.57
Variable rate of borrowings	4,000.00	965.00
0% interest rate borrowings (refer note 23)	0.00	2,791.01
Total borrowings	4,281.39	4,115.58

As at the reporting period, the Company had the following variable average interest rate borrowing outstanding:

Particulars	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	Year ended 31st March 2021
Weighted average interest rate	9.5%	16.0%
Balance ₹ lakhs	4,000.00	965.00

#### Interest Sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonable possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit/(loss) before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

Impact on profit/(loss) ₹ In Lakhs

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Interest rates - increase by 100 basis points	(24.83)	(4.83)
Interest rates - decrease by 100 basis points	24.83	4.83



#### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to the changes in the foreign exchange rates. However, as on the date of balance sheet, the Company has no foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities except nominal trade payable which does not have any major impact on the financial statement.

#### R Credit Risk:

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counter party may not be able to settle their obligation as agreed. Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to Company's established policy, procedure and control relating to customer risk management. Further, the Company periodically assesses financial reliability of customers and other counter parties, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of financial assets. Individual risk limits are set and periodically reviewed on the basis of such information.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectations of recovery, such debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised as income in the statement of profit and

The Company measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables and advances based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. Based on the historical data the provision for loss on receivables is made.

#### Ageing of Account receivables:

₹ In Lakhs

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
0-3 months	431.41	181.30
3-6 months	55.71	2.34
beyond 6 months	1.35	100.07

#### Movement in provisions for doubtful receivables

₹ In Lakhs

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Opening provision	1,380.33	1,364.04
Add: Additional provision made	8.51	17.49
Less: Provision write off	1,110.95	-
Less: Provision reversed	-	-
Closing provisions	277.90	1,380.33

#### С Liquidity risk:

The Company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents and the cash flow that is generated from operations. Competitive intensity has adversely impacted revenue and consequent cash accruals during the year. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position to ensure that the operations of the Company are not affected adversely due to liquidity and is attempting to enhance its sources of funding by increasing cash flow generated from its operations and realisations from other proposed measures.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual obligations.

₹ In Lakhs

As at 31 March 2022	Total	Less than	6 to12	1 to 3 years	beyond
		6 months	months		3 years
Trade payables*	5,937.34	5,937.34	-	-	-
Borrowings	4,281.40	50.85	60.45	273.99	3,896.11
Lease Liability	482.31	87.27	90.82	304.22	-
Other current financial liabilities	426.93	426.93	-	-	-
Total		6,502.40	151.27	578.21	3,896.11
* Undisputed trade payables are normally payable within 60 days. However, due to COVID-19 breakdown they are paid in 180 days.					

₹ In Lakhs

As at 31 March 2021	Total	Less than	6 to12	1 to 3 years	beyond
		6 months	months		3 years
Trade payables*	5,071.81	5,071.81	-	-	-
Borrowings	4,115.58	2,930.80	141.54	704.52	338.71
Lease Liability	1,491.21	185.80	193.36	1,112.05	-
Other current financial liabilities	810.68	810.68	-	-	-
Total		8,999.09	334.90	1,816.57	338.71
* Trade payables are payable within 60 days					

#### D Capital Risk Management:

The Company aim to manages its capital efficiently so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to our shareholders and to service debt obligations, whilst maintaining maximum operational flexibility. Consistent with others in the industry, the Company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by Equity. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

₹ In Lakhs

Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Borrowings	4,392.71	4,396.91
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	317.59	331.55
Total Borrowings	4,075.11	4,065.37
Equity	41,224.89	42,174.19
Gearing Ratio	0.10	0.10

In terms of our report attached

For N. S. Shetty & Co. Chartered Accountants

Registration No : 110101W

N. S. Shetty Partner

Membership No. 035083

Mumbai, 27th May 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vinay Kapadia Chairman

DIN: 07958301

Vivek Nair Chief Executive Officer

Dinesh Nair Joint Chief Executive Officer

Savitri Yadav Umesh Dombe Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary

#### NOTICE



NOTICE is hereby given that the FORTY FIRST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (AGM) of HLV LIMITED will be held on Wednesday, 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 at 11.00 A. M. Indian Standard Time ("IST"), through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means ("VC / OAVM"), to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements
  of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022 and
  the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- To appoint a Director in place of Ms. Amruda Nair (DIN: 06716791), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for reappointment.
- 3. Re-appointment of Statutory Auditors

To consider and if though fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the rules framed there under, as amended from time to time, M/s. N. S. Shetty & Co., Chartered Accountants (Reg No. 110101W), be and are hereby re-appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office for a period of five years from the conclusion of 41st Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the 46th Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2027 and the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to fix their remuneration."

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

4. To approve Related Party Transactions for borrowings/ availing loans/advances from promoter group entities

To consider and if though fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Regulation 23 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and other applicable regulatory provisions and subject to such approvals, confirmations, no objections that may be required, approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors (which the term shall include any Committee duly authorised by the Board) of the Company to enter into material related party transaction(s) for borrowings/ availing Inter Corporate Loans/ advances (secured or unsecured, with or without interest) from Leela Lace Holdings Private Limited (LLHPL) / Leela Fashions Private Limited (LFPL) / Rockfort Estate Developers Private Limited (REDPL) (promoter group entities) in one or more tranches, on such terms, as may be approved by the Board/Committee subject to the condition that the amount of such borrowings/Inter Corporate Loans/ advances from promoter group entities shall not exceed the limit of ₹ 100 Crore (Rupees One Hundred Crore) during any financial year either singly or taken together from all promoter group entities, notwithstanding that the amount of such borrowings/ Inter Corporate Loans/ advances may exceed the materiality threshold prescribed under Regulation 23 of SEBI Listing Regulations or any other regulatory requirements and that the transactions shall be at arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business."

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to the above, the Board of Directors (including any authorised Committee thereof) be and is hereby authorized to agree, make, accept and finalize all such terms, condition(s), modification(s) and alteration(s) as it may deem fit within the aforesaid limits and the Board / Committee is also hereby authorized to resolve and settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise with regard to such transactions and to finalize and execute all agreements, documents and writings and to do all acts, deeds and things in this connection and incidental as the Board of Directors (including any authorised Committee thereof) in its absolute discretion may deem fit without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the members or otherwise to the end and intent that they shall be deemed to have been given approval thereto expressly by the authority of this resolution."

By order of the Board of Directors
For HLV Limited

Savitri Yadav
Company Secretary
ACS No. 21994

#### **Registered Office:**

The Leela, Sahar, Mumbai - 400 059 CIN: L55101MH1981PLC024097 Mumbai, 27th May, 2022

#### **EXPLANATORY STATEMENT**

[Pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and Regulation 36(5) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations")]

The following Statement sets out all material facts relating to Item No. 3 & 4 mentioned in the accompanying Notice.

#### Item No. 3:

M/s. N. S. Shetty & Co., Chartered Accountants had been appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company at 36<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting held on 18<sup>th</sup> September, 2017 to hold office for a period of five years till the conclusion of 41<sup>st</sup> Annual General Meeting. As per Section 139 of the Act, M/s. N. S. Shetty & Co., Chartered Accountants are eligible for re-appointment for a further period of five years. They have conveyed

their consent for re-appointment as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for next term of five years along with the confirmation that, their appointment, if made by the members, would be within the limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

After evaluating and considering various factors such as industry experience, competency of the audit team, efficiency in conduct of audit, independence, etc., and considering the recommendation of Audit Committee, the Board at its meeting held on 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2022, proposed the re-appointment of M/s. N. S. Shetty & Co., Chartered Accountants as Statutory Auditors for a further period of five years from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting till the Conclusion of 46<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2027.

M/s. N. S. Shetty & Co. was paid a fee of Rupees Eight Lakhs for statutory audit for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022 plus applicable taxes and out-of-pocket expenses. The fees to be paid to M/s. N. S. Shetty & Co. for the financial year ending 31st March, 2023 and onwards shall be decided by the Board in consultation with the Audit Committee.

The Board recommends the Ordinary Resolution at item no. 3 of the Notice for approval by the members of the Company.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) or relatives of directors and KMP is concerned or interested in the Resolution at Item No. 3 of the accompanying Notice.

#### Item No. 4:

Pursuant to Regulation 23 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 read with amendment thereof ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and the Company's Policy on Materiality of Related Party Transactions and also on dealing with Related Party Transactions of the Company ("the Policy"), all material related party transactions of the Company and subsequent material modifications thereof require prior approval of the members of the Company through ordinary resolution.

As per Regulation 23 of SEBI Listing Regulations, a transaction with a related party shall be considered material if the transaction(s) to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds rupees one thousand crore or ten percent of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity, whichever is lower.

Due to one-time settlement with the lenders in October 2019, the Company is unable to raise funds for working capital requirements and to meet other financial obligations from Banks / Financial Institutions. In view of the same, it may become necessary to avail secured / unsecured / interest free / interest bearing loans/advances from the promoter group entities from time to time for working capital requirements and/or other financial obligations. The Company has been availing unsecured loans/advances from the promoter group entities during last three years and has been repaying such loans/advances as and when the funds were available. The transactions for borrowings/availing loans/advances from promoter group entities may exceed the said threshold limit of

materiality. Considering the funding requirements for Company in future the approval of the members is being sought for borrowing/availing loans/ advances from promoter group entities subject to the condition that the amount of such borrowings/Inter Corporate Loans/ advances from promoter group entities shall not exceed ₹ 100 Crore (Rupees One Hundred Crore) during any financial year either singly or taken together from all promoter group entities, notwithstanding that the amount of such borrowings/ Inter Corporate Loans/ advances may exceed the materiality threshold prescribed under Regulation 23 of SEBI Listing Regulations or any other regulatory requirements.

The transactions shall be on arm's length basis, in the ordinary course of business of the Company and are not covered under Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Audit Committee and the Board of Directors have provided their approval for entering in to the aforesaid related party transactions at their meeting(s) held on 27th May, 2022 and have noted that although these transactions shall be in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length, they may qualify as material related party transactions under the SEBI Listing Regulations. Accordingly, the Board recommends the Ordinary Resolution as set out in the Notice at Item No.4 for the approval of the Members.

Information required to be disclosed in the explanatory statement pursuant to SEBI Circular dated November 22, 2021 is provided herewith:

Name of the related party and its relationship with the Company	Leela Lace Holdings Private     Limited (LLHPL) - Promoter     Group	
	Rockfort Estate Developers     Private Limited (REDPL) -     Promoter Group	
	Leela Fashions Private Limited     (LFPL) – Promoter Group	
Nature of its concern or interest (financial or otherwise)	Financial	
Type, material terms and particulars of the proposed transaction	Borrowing / Availing Inter Corporate Loans / Advances (secured or unsecured, with or without interest) in one or more tranches, on such terms, as may be approved by the Board/Committee authorized by the Board time to time.	
Tenure of the proposed transaction/s	Particular tenure of loan transactions is not possible to specify as the transactions are unanticipated and unforeseen in nature and tenure will be decided by the Board or Committee authorized by the Board at the time of actual borrowing from promoter group entities.	



Value of the proposed transaction	Borrowings shall not exceed an aggregate amount of ₹ 100 Crores during any financial year either singly or taken together from all promoter group entities			
% of value of transaction/ the Company's annual consolidated turnover for immediately preceding financial year (Based on Consolidated turnover of FY 2022)	131.02% (total percentage of loan amount either singly or taken together from all promoter group entities to the total turnover of the Company for FY 2021-22)			
Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	Due to onetime settlement with the lenders in the past, the Company may not be able to get adequate finance from Banks/ Financial Institutions and therefore, the Company is likely to borrow / avail loans / advances from promoter group entities in case of urgency to meet its financial obligations, if required.			

% of the counter-party's annual consolidated turnover that is represented by the value of the proposed RPT on a voluntary basis	Not Available
Valuation or other external party report	The valuation or other external report, if any, relied upon by the Company in relation to the proposed transactions shall be made available through the registered email address of the shareholders.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) or relatives of directors and KMP except mentioned below are concerned or interested in the Resolution at Item No. 4 of the accompanying Notice.

Nature of concern or interest of Directors/ Managers/ Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and their Relatives:

Name of the interested Directors or KMP		Nature of Concern or Interest								
		Leela Lace Holdings Private Limited		Rockfort Estate Developers Private Limited			Leela Fashions Private Limited			
		Type of association	Shareholding (%)	Shareholding of relatives and associates	Type of association	Shareholding (%)	Shareholding of relatives and associates	Type of association	Shareholding (%)	Shareholding of relatives and associates
1	Mrs. Madhu Nair, Director	Director / promoter	9%	91%	Director / promoter	-	100%	Director / promoter	5.04%	94.56%
2	Ms. Amruda Nair, Director			100%	-	-	100%	-	-	100%
3	Mr. Vivek Nair, CEO	Promoter	9%	91%	Promoter	-	100%	Promoter	5.04%	94.56%
4	Mr. Dinesh Nair, Joint CEO	Promoter	9%	91%	Promoter	-	100%	Promoter	5.04%	94.56%
5	Mr. Umesh Dombe, CFO	Director			Director	-	-	Director	-	-

By order of the Board of Directors For HLV Limited

> Savitri Yadav Company Secretary ACS No. 21994

**Registered Office:** 

The Leela, Sahar, Mumbai - 400 059 CIN: L55101MH1981PLC024097

Mumbai, 27th May, 2022

#### **IMPORTANT NOTES:**

- 1. In view of the ongoing threat posed by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') vide its Circular Nos.14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020, 2/2021 dated January 13, 2021, 19/2021 dated December, 8, 2021, 21/2021 dated December 14, 2021 and 02/2022 dated May, 5 2022 ("MCA Circulars") and the Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') vide its Circular Nos. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR /P/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020, SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated January 15, 2021 and SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022 ("SEBI Circular") has permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting ('AGM') through Video Conferencing ('VC') / Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM'), without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with these MCA and SEBI Circulars, applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') (including any statutory modifications or re-enactments thereof for the time being in force) read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended and pursuant to Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations'), the 41st AGM of the Company is being conducted through VC/OAVM Facility. The deemed venue for the 41st AGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company. The detailed procedure for participating in the meeting through VC / OAVM is annexed herewith.
- Facility of joining the AGM through VC / OAVM shall open 30 minutes before the time scheduled for AGM and shall not be closed till the expiry
  of 30 minutes after the scheduled time. The Members will be able to view the live proceedings on National Securities Depository Limited's
  ('NSDL') e-Voting website at www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- 3. Pursuant to MCA Circulars, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice. However, Corporate Members and Institutional Investors may appoint their authorized representatives pursuant to Section 113 of the Act to attend the AGM through VC or OAVM and to vote through remote e-Voting. Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM Facility, the Route Map of the venue of AGM is not annexed in this Notice.
- 4. Participation of Members through VC /OAVM will be reckoned for the purpose of quorum for the AGM as per section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").
- 5. Details of the Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting pursuant to Regulations 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings:

Name of Director	Ms. Amruda Nair			
Date of Birth (Age)	19th October, 1982 (39 years)			
Date of Appointment	30 <sup>th</sup> March, 2021			
Designation	Non Executive, Non Independent Director			
Qualifications	B. A. (Economics), Degree in Hospitality Management from Stenden University in The Netherlands and a Master's from Cornell's School of Hotel Administration, New York.			
Brief Resume and Expertise in specific functional areas	Ms. Amruda Nair possesses more than 15 years' rich and extensive experience in hospitality and asset management and have worked in around 12 countries across Europe, the United States, South East Asia and the Middle East. Ms. Nair is the Founder of Araiya Hotels & Resorts, a boutique hotel management company based in Mumbai, India.			
Chairman/Director of Other Companies	Oriental Aromatics Limited			
	2. Leela Realty Limited			
	3. L. M. Realtors Private Limited			
	4. Emmel Realtors and Developers Private Limited			
	5. L Lifestyle Services Private Limited			
	6. Araiya Hospitality Private Limited			
	7. Leela I T Projects Private Limited			



Name of Director	Ms. Amruda Nair			
Chairman/Member of the committees of	HLV Limited			
the Company and other Company(s)	- Audit Committee (M)			
	- Nomination & Remuneration Committee (M)			
	- Stakeholder's Relationship Committee (M)			
	- Risk Management Committee (M)			
	Oriental Aromatics Limited			
	- Audit Committee (M)			
	- Corporate Social Responsibility Committee (M)			
No. of meetings of the Board attended	3			
during the year				
No. of shares held	3,00,000			
Relationship with other Directors,	Ms. Amruda Nair is related to Mrs. Salini Madhu Dinesh Nair, Non-Executive Non- Independent			
Manager and other key managerial	Director, Mr. Vivek Nair, Chief Executive Officer and Mr. Dinesh Nair, Joint Chief Executive			
personnel of the Company	Officer.			

- The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Saturday, the 20<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 to Wednesday, 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 (both days inclusive).
- 7. Members are requested to send all correspondence concerning registration of transfers, transmissions, subdivision, consolidation of shares or any other shares related matters to the Company's Registrars. SEBI vide Circular dated November 3, 2021 and December 14, 2021 has mandated furnishing of PAN, KYC details (i.e., Postal Address with PIN Code, e-mail address, mobile number, bank account details, specimen signatures) and nomination details by holders of physical securities through Form ISR-1, Form ISR-2 and Form ISR-3 (as applicable) available at <a href="https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors\_relations/">https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors\_relations/</a> Information%20to%20be%20provided%20to%20RTA%20by%20 shareholders%20holding%20shares%20in%20physical%20form. pdf PAN details are to be compulsorily linked to Aadhaar by March 31, 2023 or any other date specified by Central Board of Direct Taxes. Folios wherein any of the above cited documents / details are not available, on or after April 1, 2023, shall be frozen as per the aforesaid circular. Effective from January 1, 2022, any service requests/ complaints received from a member holding physical securities will not be processed by the Registrar till the aforesaid details/documents are provided to the Registrar. Members holding shares of the Company in physical form are requested to go through the requirements on the website of the Company at https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors relations/ Information%20to%20be%20provided%20to%20RTA%20by%20 shareholders%20holding%20shares%20in%20physical%20form. pdf to furnish the abovementioned details.
- 8. Members may please note that SEBI vide its Circular dated 25th January, 2022 has made it mandatory that listed companies shall henceforth issue the securities in dematerialized form only while processing various investor service requests viz. i. Issue of duplicate securities certificate; ii Claim from Unclaimed Suspense Account; iii. Renewal / Exchange of securities certificate; iv. Endorsement; v. Sub-division / Splitting of securities certificate;

- vi. Consolidation of securities certificates/folios; vii. Transmission; viii. Transposition. Accordingly, Members are requested to make service requests by submitting a duly filled and signed Form ISR 4, the format of which is available on the Company's website at https://www.hlvltd.com/assets/investors\_relations/ISR-4.pdf.
- 2. SEBI vide notification No. SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2018/24 dated 8<sup>th</sup> June, 2018, has amended Regulation 40 of Listing Regulations, mandating transfer of securities to be carried out only in dematerialised form. Accordingly requests for transfer of securities of listed entities shall not be processed unless the securities are held in the dematerialized form with depositories. In view of the same Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialised form to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for ease of portfolio management.
- The Company has designated an exclusive email ID viz. investor.service@hlvltd.com to enable the investors to post their grievances, if any, and monitor its redressal.
  - Pursuant to applicable provisions of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("IEPF Rules"), all unclaimed dividend up to the financial year ended 31st March, 2011 has been transferred by the Company to the Investor Education & Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Central Government. Shares in respect of which dividend remained unclaimed for seven consecutive years or more have also been transferred to the IEPF Demat Account. After the Financial year ended 31st March, 2011 the Company did not declare any dividend. As on date the Company does not have any unclaimed dividend to be transferred to the Investors Education & Protection Fund (IEPF) and thus no shares are required to be transferred to IEPF Authority. The shares transferred to the IEPF authority can be claimed by the concerned members from the IEPF authority after complying with the procedure prescribed under the IEPF rules.

- 12. Electronic copy of Notice of AGM and the Annual Report for the financial year 2021-22 is being sent to all the members whose email IDs are registered with the Company / Depository Participant(s) unless any Member has requested for a physical copy of the same. The Company shall send a physical copy of the Annual Report to those Members who request for the same at investor.service@hlvltd.com mentioning their Folio No. / DP ID and Client ID.
- 13. In line with the MCA Circulars, the Notice calling the AGM along with Annual Report for financial year 2021-22 has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.hlvltd.com, the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www. nseindia.com respectively. The AGM Notice is also available on the website of NSDL at www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- 14. Members who have not registered their email addresses or who want to update their email addresses are required to register the same with the RTA/ Depository Participant to receive all communications including Annual Report, Notices and Circulars etc. from the Company electronically.
- 15. The Register of Directors' and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the Directors are interested under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be available electronically for inspection by the Members. All documents referred to in the Notice will also be available for electronic inspection without any fee by the members from the date of circulation of this Notice up to the date of 41st AGM, i.e. 24th August, 2022. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to investor.service@hlvltd.com.
- 16. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended) and the MCA Circulars, the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting and e-voting at the AGM to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting system as well as during the AGM will be provided by NSDL.
- 17. The voting rights of members shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date i.e 17th August, 2022. The remote e-voting period begins on Sunday, 21st August, 2022 at 9.00 A.M. and ends

- on Tuesday, 23<sup>rd</sup> August, 2022 at 5.00 P.M. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the Member, he shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.
- 18. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting.
- 19. Members will be provided with the facility for voting through remote e-voting system during the AGM and Members participating at the AGM, who have not already cast their vote by remote e-Voting, will be eligible to exercise their right to vote at the end of discussion on such resolutions upon announcement by the Chairman. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting 15 minutes after the conclusion of the meeting. Members who have cast their vote by remote e-Voting prior to the AGM will also be eligible to participate at the AGM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again on such resolution(s) for which the member has already cast the vote through remote e-Voting.
- 20. Mr. Kaushal Doshi, Practicing Company Secretary (FCS No.10609/COP No.13143) has been appointed as the Scrutinizer for providing facility to the members of the Company to scrutinize the entire e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- 21. The Scrutinizer shall make, not later than two working days of the conclusion of the AGM, a scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against (votes cast during the AGM and votes cast through remote e-voting), to the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing, who will countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith.
- 22. The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company www.hlvltd.com and on the website of NSDL www.evoting.nsdl.com immediately after the declaration of results by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing. The results shall also be immediately forwarded to the BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited, Mumbai.

# THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:-

The remote e-voting period begins on Sunday, 21st August, 2022 at 9.00 A. M. and ends on Tuesday, 23 August, 2022 at 5.00 P.M. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the cut-off date i.e. 17th August, 2022 may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being 17th August, 2022.



#### How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

#### Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

abovementioned website.

#### Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode A)

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method					
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	1. If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under "IDeAS" section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on options available against company name or e-Voting service provider - NSDL and you will be re-directed to NSDL e-Voting website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.					
	2. If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register					
	Online for IDeAS" Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp					
3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. you digit demat account number held with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After si authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on options against company name or e-Voting service provider - NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.  4. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App "NSDL Speede" facility by scanning the QR code m below for seamless voting experience.						
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/ myeasi/home/login or www.cdslindia.com and click on New System Myeasi.					
	<ol> <li>After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL. Click on NSDL to cast your vote.</li> </ol>					
	3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration					
	4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in www. cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. NSDL where the e-Voting is in progress.					
Individual Shareholders	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. Once login, you will be able to see e-Voting option.					
(holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository Participants	Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on options available against company name or e-Voting service provider-NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.					
Important note: Memb	pers who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at					

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL				
Login type	Helpdesk details			
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30			
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 or 022-23058542-43			

B) Login Method for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

#### How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

- Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
- Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.
- A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at https://eservices.nsdl.com/ with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

4. Your User ID details are given below:

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID
For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12******.	
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID
For example if your Beneficiary ID is 1 2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * then your user ID is 12*********	

c)	For	Members	holding	EVEN Number followed by		
	shar	es in Physical	Form.	Folio Number registered with		
				the company		
F	or exa	mple if folio n	umber is			
001*** and EVEN is 101456						
th	en use	er ID is 10145	6001***			

- Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
  - a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.
  - b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
  - c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
    - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
    - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered
- If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
  - a) Click on "Forgot User Details/Password?" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.



- Physical User Reset Password?" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting. nsdl. com.
- c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
- Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
- After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
- 8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
- After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

- After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
- Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM" link placed under "Join General Meeting".
- 3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
- Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
- Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
- You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories, RTA / Company for procuring user id and password and registration of e-mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

 In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card),

- AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to investor.service@hlvltd.com.
- 2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to investor.service@hlvltd.com. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.
- Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
- 4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

Process for those shareholders who acquired shares of the Company and became members of the Company after the notice is sent through email:

Any person holding shares in physical form and non-individual shareholders, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes member of the Company after the notice is send through e-mail and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e. 17th August, 2022, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or Issuer/RTA. However, if you are already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting, then you can use your existing user ID and password for casting your vote. If you forgot your password, you can reset your password by using "Forgot User Details/Password" or "Physical User Reset Password" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no. 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 . In case of Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e. 17th August, 2022 may follow steps mentioned in the Notice of the AGM under "Access to NSDL e-Voting system".

#### **General Guidelines for shareholders**

Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to doshikaushal20@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@

- nsdl.co.in. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-Voting" tab in their login.
- 2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/ Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- 3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting. nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 4430 or send a request to Mr. Abhijeet Gunjal at evoting@nsdl.co.in.

# THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

- 1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.
- Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM
- The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

 Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link

- of "VC/OAVM link" placed under "Join General meeting" menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/ OAVM link placed under Join General Meeting menu. The link for VC/ OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
- Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
- Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 5. Members are encouraged to submit their questions in advance with regard to the financial statements or any other matter to be placed at the AGM, from their registered email address, mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID number / folio number and mobile number, to reach the Company's email address investor.service@hlvltd.com on or before 5.00 p.m. IST on Tuesday, 16th August, 2022. Queries that remain unanswered at the AGM will be appropriately responded by the Company at the earliest post the conclusion of the AGM.
- 6. Members who would like to express their views/ask questions as a speaker at the Meeting may pre-register themselves by sending a request from their registered email address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID/folio number, PAN and mobile number at investor.service@hlvltd.com between Friday, 12<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 (9:00 a.m. IST) and Thursday, 18<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 (5:00 p.m. IST). Only those Members who have pre-registered themselves as a speaker will be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM.

## **HLV LIMITED**

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**E-mail:** investor.service@hlvltd.com **Website:** www.hlvltd.com