

BIL/SE/2021-22

2nd August, 2021

To,
BSE Limited
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers
Dalal Street
Mumbai – 400 001

National Stock Exchange of India Ltd
5th Floor, Exchange Plaza
Bandra Kurla Complex
Bandra (E), Mumbai 400 051

Scrip Code: 502355

Trading Symbol: BALKRISIND

Dear Sir/Madam,

Sub: Newspaper Advertisement - Regulation 47 of SEBI (listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

Pursuant to Regulation 47 of the SEBI (listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we are enclosing a copy of newspaper advertisement published in the Newspaper of Business Standard and Sakal on 31st July, 2021, towards intimation of fixation of record date i.e Saturday, 14th August, 2021 for the purpose of ascertaining the eligibility of the shareholders for payment of 1st Interim Dividend on equity shares for the financial year 2021-22 to be declared at the Board Meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, the 6th August, 2021, if any.

The same has been made available on the Company's Website www.bkt-tires.com

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,
For **Balkrishna Industries Limited**


Vipul Shah
Director & Company Secretary
DIN: 05199526

Encl: a/a

BOOK REVIEW

An economist's selective notes

Kaushik Basu offers an engaging account of his days at North Block and World Bank but steers clear of controversial issues

A K BHATTACHARYA

Imagine you have just joined the Indian government as chief economic advisor (CEA) in the ministry of finance. You are given the final draft of the Mid-Year Economic Review, which your predecessor has prepared and which you now have to approve before the finance minister (FM) tables it in Parliament. You take that copy along to read on your flight from New Delhi to Kolkata, and after reading it, place it in the magazine pouch in front of your seat — but absentmindedly leave it behind while disembarking. You realise your folly only when you reach home. What would you do?

All kinds of thoughts would come to mind: what if the copy was picked up by the next passenger? What if that passenger happened to be a senior officer in the government? Or a businessperson who might hand it over to a television channel or inform someone in the government? Or worse, what if that passenger was a journalist?

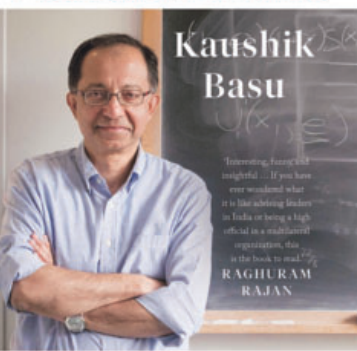
This is precisely what happened to Kaushik Basu, who was, a week after taking charge as CEA on December 8, 2009, flying to Kolkata with the final draft of the Review that Pranab Mukherjee was to present in Parliament three days later. Having lost the document, a worried Basu even thought of resigning if it got leaked to the media. But good sense prevailed. He called the Kolkata airport and said he had left a precious document, his "research paper", on the plane. He was told the plane had already departed for Mumbai.

Distressed, Basu realised the only thing he could now count on was luck. So he went to sleep. And indeed, he got a call from Kolkata airport early morning. A sweeper had found the "research paper". That, in a way, marked Basu's entry into the world of policymaking, heralding many more such episodes that were as funny as they were insightful.

Basu's latest book, *Policymaker's Journal — From New Delhi to Washington D.C.*, is laced with such riveting stories. The book is based on the diary he maintained during the seven years when he took a break from teaching, spending about three years as CEA and four as the chief economist at the World Bank.

Basu's prose is elegant and lucid. His

POLICYMAKER'S



JOURNAL
From New Delhi to Washington D.C.

POLICYMAKER'S JOURNAL — FROM NEW DELHI TO WASHINGTON D.C.

Author: Kaushik Basu

Publisher: Simon & Schuster

Price: ₹699

Pages: 375+XV

ability to pepper his stories with the skill of an accomplished raconteur makes the book an easy read. He also appears streetwise as he does not take long to deal with the idiosyncrasies of bureaucracy. He respects the Indian media for its independence but is also mildly irritated by its intrusive behaviour and ill-informed interpretation, of which he is a victim on more than one occasion.

The diary entries also reveal Basu's propensity to land himself in trouble. On a trip to the US with Mukherjee, his comment on European politics is misinterpreted by the Indian media as an observation that there is no hope of fresh reforms in India till the elections. That happened in April 2012 and the Manmohan Singh government was already seen to be suffering from a paralysis of decision making.

The next day Basu is asked to meet Mukherjee in his hotel suite at 7 am to explain. After the necessary clarification is issued, Basu also meets the Prime Minister on his return to explain how he was a victim of misreporting. Manmohan Singh brushes aside Basu's

concerns and politely tells him how Indira Gandhi's principal secretary, P N Haksar, had "summed it all up when he wrote that in India, growth and reforms have to be delivered 'by stealth'".

That says a lot about Basu but perhaps reveals a lot more about Singh. Indeed, the recounting of Basu's many meetings with Singh are a highlight of the book. They show Singh's innate goodness and his statesmanlike qualities but expose how politically weak and resigned to indecisiveness he had become even by 2012.

Basu does not brush under the carpet the many embarrassing moments during his stint in North Block. On two occasions, he plans to resign — once when the FM asks him to join him at a meeting with the Reserve Bank of India governor in Mumbai on a day he has already scheduled one of his lectures in Guwahati. He walks into Mukherjee's room, who takes one look at him and allows him to go for his Guwahati lecture.

The second is when Basu uploads his research paper on the finance ministry website, arguing how the corruption law in India should be amended to absolve the bribe giver of any guilt. This, in his view, would break the conspiracy of silence that both the bribe receiver and giver enter into because the law treats them both as guilty. This became a major political controversy, with demands for the paper to be withdrawn from the website. Basu decides if he is forced to do so, he would resign. Much to his relief, the FM issues no such instruction to him. More importantly, the PM disagrees with his views but allows him to retain the paper on the website and speak to a television channel to explain his stance. It is a different matter that so overwhelmed is Basu by their cool and mature response that he chooses not to speak to the channel.

The only area that creates some tense moments for Basu seems to be monetary policy management. His diary entries show that he admires the independence of the RBI, but there is also a hint of the stress all his meetings on monetary policy with the RBI governor and the FM generate. Even his assessment that inflation cannot be reined in just by interest rate tightening is opposed by the RBI and others in the government. Basu seems to be a lonely voice here.

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Though Basu's tenure at the World Bank was longer than the time he spent in the finance ministry, the diary entries of his North Block days are more detailed and substantive. His World Bank entries are largely focused on globe-trotting (he visited 20 countries in about a year) and fighting turf battles within the Bank, or failing to find acceptance for his idea to launch a Living Life Index to measure the ease of living for the common people.

But he tastes success in forcing the publication of an annual data series to compare how nations fare in terms of the bottom 40 per cent of their populations; and in refocusing the World Development Report to examine how economic development depends also on non-economic issues. Towards the fag end of his tenure, Basu also succeeds in shifting the direction of deliberations in the World Bank. As an alternative to the widely accepted Washington Consensus, he bats for the Stockholm Statement that underlines that economics is not just about free trade, deficit control and GDP growth, but also about inequality and sustainable growth.

It also seems Basu provided key inputs for Barack Obama's famous advice to Narendra Modi in 2015 on the need to uphold the country's values of freedom, guaranteed by the Constitution. And that Arun Jaitley should visit former prime minister Manmohan Singh before he presents his first Budget

in 2014 was an idea Basu mooted during his meeting with the finance minister.

The problem with the book, however, is that unlike the promise of the blurb, Basu does not offer any special insights into how he advised the Indian government or the World Bank leadership on critical policy issues. None of his entries takes you into the nitty-gritty of preparing budgets, the thinking behind controversial proposals like the Vodafone tax or how the Singh government managed the fallout of the many corruption controversies.

That makes you wonder if the diary entries were carefully selected or sanitised by Basu before he decided to expand them into a book. In that respect, Basu's efforts are no patch on the famous diary entries published many years ago by B N Tandon, a joint secretary in Indira Gandhi's secretariat during the Emergency years.



P V Sindhu reacts after her quarter-final win against Japan's Akane Yamaguchi on Friday. REUTERS

Medal for Lovlina; Sindhu closes in

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 30 July

Debutant boxer Lovlina Borgohain (69kg) provided the spark that India's Olympic campaign desperately needed with a medal-clinching quarterfinal win, while ace shuttler PV Sindhu reconfirmed her status as one of the greats of the sport as the country enjoyed a largely successful day 7 at the Games on Friday.

Borgohain, all of 23 and already a two-time world championship medallist, took a big step in making her own space in the Indian women's boxing landscape, which has been largely dominated by the iconic M C Mary Kom.

She defeated former world champion Nien-Chin Chen of Chinese Taipei to become the first among nine Indian boxers in fray here to be assured of at least a bronze.

"*Isi ladki se 4 baar haarchuki hum* (I had lost to her four times earlier), all I wanted to do was prove a point to myself by being fearless against her. I was just looking for revenge," she said with a wide grin after a fantastic win that triggered celebrations across India.

Later in the day, Sindhu overcame a draining challenge from Japan's Akane Yamaguchi to prevail in straight games, the scoreline not quite reflecting the remarkable duel.

"For me it's time to go back, relax and get ready for the next match. I'm happy but I need to prepare for the next match," was her typically business-like response to the 21-13 22-20 win.

Another win will set her up for at least a silver, which she had also won in the 2016 edition.

The hockey teams had a good day too. Already assured of a quarterfinal berth, the men

were clinical in their 5-3 thrashing of Japan in their final group match. They will face Great Britain in the last-eight stage.

The women too kept their hopes of moving ahead alive with Navneet Kaur scoring a late winner against Ireland for a 1-0 win.

World number one Deepika Kumari's quest for an Olympic medal ended in disappointment for the third time as she surrendered tamely to Korean top seed An San in straight sets in the quarterfinals. It was all over in six minutes.

There was little to celebrate in athletics as well with Avinash Sable shattering his own 3000m steeplechase national record being the only bright moment. But he failed to qualify for the final, while sprinter Dutee Chand produced a below-par performance — she clocked 11.54 seconds in 100m, well outside her national record of 11.17 seconds — to make an exit from the Games.

M P Jabir also brought up the rear in men's 400m hurdles while the mixed 4x400m relay team finished eighth and last in the second heat race.

The golf course was not a particularly happy place either as Anirban Lahiri endured an erratic day and was even-par after 16 holes before the second round was suspended due to persistent thunderstorms over the east course of the Kasumigaseki Country Club. India's other golfer, Udayan Mane (69), shot 2-under 69 with the help of three birdies on the back nine after being 1-over for the front nine. He is Tied-57th. In shooting, Manu Bhaker and Rahi Sarnobat crashed out of the 25m pistol qualifications (rapid fire stage) finishing outside the top-8. The pistol shooters will return home empty-handed for the second straight time at the Olympics.

COFFEE WITH BS ▶ ABDUL BASIT | FORMER HIGH COMMISSIONER OF PAKISTAN TO INDIA

Walking a tightrope

New Delhi is a dream posting for any Pakistani diplomat, Basit tells Chintan Girish Modi

Getting to speak with a Pakistani diplomat is a rare opportunity for an Indian writer. So I want to make the most of my Zoom call with Abdul Basit, who served as Pakistan's high commissioner to India from 2014 to 2017. This period, which forms the first three years of the Narendra Modi government, are chronicled in his new book, *Hindlity: A Diplomat's Diary on Pakistan-India Relations*, published by HarperCollins. It also includes his reflections on bilateral relations after his tenure.

The title is forbidding and I hope the meeting will be friendly. I rarely dress up for online meetings but I make a special effort for this one. A gorgeous blue kurta calls out from my wardrobe. I had purchased it on a short trip to Lahore in 2012 as part of the Exchange for Change programme that brought together educators and students from India and Pakistan.

Basit, who joins me online from Islamabad, is pleased to hear that I have visited Pakistan. He is seated in a library in the basement of his house. What has he been reading lately? Turkish writer Mustafa Akyol's *The Islamic Jesus: How the King of the Jews Became a Prophet of the Muslims* (2017), India's External Affairs Minister S Jaishankar's *The India Way: Strategies for an Uncertain World*, and former US President Barack Obama's *A Promised Land*.

He gave up on the last one because he "lost interest" but read the sections on India and Pakistan.

I show him my coffee mug, a present given to all the Indian delegates by a school in Lahore. Basit is in a jovial mood. When I ask if I am the only one with the beverage, he assures me, "I have my coffee. I will keep sipping it. Don't worry." Prior to Delhi, he has served in Moscow, New York, Sana'a, Geneva, London and Berlin. What, according to him, is the most important quality required to be an effective diplomat? He thinks for a few seconds, and says, "Cool-headedness! It allows you to look at things more carefully and objectively; then you can formulate your responses and make decisions in a rational manner."

His first posting in Moscow and the last one in Delhi were the most memorable, he says. He recalls the excitement of being a young diplomat who was the only Russian-speaking officer in the Pakistani embassy back in 1985, the year I was born. Given the relationship between Pakistan



ILLUSTRATION: BINAY SINHA

and the Soviet Union at that time, it was a tough environment.

Speaking of the similarities between Moscow and Delhi, he says, "I ended my career in India, where there is bonhomie at many levels but there is also hostility. It is certainly a dream posting for any Pakistani diplomat. I was there at a very interesting time for India and Pakistan, when the Bharatiya Janata Party won the election and Prime Minister Modi came to power."

Though he enjoyed Delhi the most, he also visited other cities including Jaipur, Hyderabad, Shimla, Kolkata and Lucknow. In his book, he writes warmly about the many Indian friends that he and his wife made here.

Basit says he is enormously satisfied with his work as a Pakistani diplomat in India. He tells me that he still receives invitations from colleges and universities to address students via webinars. "Some people may have thought that I was very hawkish in my outlook. Despite that false image, I enjoy a good friendship with many Indians. We exchange greetings and thoughts on several issues."

If he gets along so well with Indians, why is he perceived as hawkish? Among other things, he met Hurriyat leaders

despite then Indian foreign secretary Sujatha Singh's clear message to avoid doing so since it could undermine constructive diplomatic engagement between the two countries. In his book, Basit also expresses the feeling that Pakistan's former Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif came across as too soft on the Kashmir issue, and kept "pandering to India" in a way that he should not have.

Basit tells me that one of his fondest recollections of India is a visit to the house of cinema legend Dilip Kumar (who died earlier this month). Basit was scheduled to be in Mumbai for work. Sharif, who is a great fan of the actor, urged Basit to meet him and spend some time with him.

"When I told Dilip Kumar that I am from Peshawar, he got so excited. He started talking in Hindko, which is my mother tongue," he says. "I was supposed to be there only for 30 minutes but stayed for three hours. He did not let me go. I even offered evening prayers with him." Basit also met actor Amitabh Bachchan in Mumbai, and says he was touched by his "warm hospitality".

Does he think that Pakistan and India might re-open their consulates in Mumbai and Karachi? He is hopeful but measured in his words. "If the two countries re-engage with each other formally, there is now a possibility to reopen consulates. Whether Pakistan is willing to drop the demand to get Jinnah House, I don't know," he says, adding that "many other things need to be settled first."

Acknowledging the importance of both Mumbai and Karachi in order to expand trade and cultural relations, he says the road to peace in South Asia goes via Kashmir. Without resolving the conflict between India and Pakistan over Kashmir, the mistrust is unlikely to melt away.

"Kashmir is the main issue between the two countries. We have not been able to resolve it bilaterally. As the two major countries in South Asia, we have to go back to the drawing board and start engaging. Do we want to continue to live in this pattern or try something new so that we can put our relationship on an irreversible trajectory of positive and mutually helpful relations?" he says.

After his stint in Delhi, he served as president of a think tank called the Islamabad Policy Research Institute, which focuses on matters of national security, international relations and public policy. Currently, he heads the Pakistan Institute for Conflict and Security Studies. He also taught university students for a semester but says the job did not suit his temperament. Grading students was a challenge for him. "I was too hard and strict. The management thought that nobody would be able to pass. I could not reconcile myself, so I stopped."

Before we conclude, I ask if I could say hello to his dog, Oreo, who appears in his book. Oreo is not around, and neither is Basu's companion, Brownie. As we bid goodbye to each other, Basit says, "Optimism and the aspiration for peace must be kept alive."

BKT **balkrishna industries limited**
CIN No. L99999MH1981PLC012185
Regd. Office: - B-66, Waluj MIDC, Waluj Industrial Area, Aurangabad - 431136, Maharashtra, India.
Tel No. +91 22 6666 3800 Fax: +91 22 6666 3898/99
Website: www.bkt-tires.com E-mail: shares@bkt-tires.com

NOTICE
Notice is also hereby given pursuant to Section 91 of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable rules thereunder and Regulation 42 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has fixed **Saturday, 14th August, 2021** as record date for the purpose of ascertaining the eligibility of the shareholders for payment of 1st Interim Dividend on equity shares for the financial year 2021-22 to be declared at the Board Meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, the 6th August, 2021, if any. The said 1st Interim Dividend shall be credited/discharged within 30 days from the date of declaration as per applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013 to such Shareholders as on record date. The said notice may be accessed on the Company's website at www.bkt-tires.com and also on the Stock Exchanges website at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com.

For Balkrishna Industries Limited
Sd/-
Vipul Shah
Director & Company Secretary
DIN. 05199526

Place: Mumbai
Date: 30th July, 2021

बैंक ऑफ बरौदा
Bank of Baroda

www.bankofbaroda.in

REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL

Bank of Baroda invites Tenders for Selection of Vendor for Supply, Installation & Maintenance of Network Hardware at Data Centre.

Details are available under Tenders section on Bank's website: www.bankofbaroda.in

"Addendum", if any, shall be issued on Bank's website under tenders section i.e. on www.bankofbaroda.in. Bidder should refer the same before final submission of the proposal.

Last date for submission of the above tender will be on 28th August 2021 by 03:00 PM.

Place: Mumbai
Date: 31.07.2021

Chief Technology Officer

LODHA BUILDING A BETTER LIFE

MACROTECH DEVELOPERS LIMITED
CIN : U45200MH1995PLC093041
Registered Office: 412, Floor-4, 17G, Vardhaman Chamber, Cawasji Patel Road, Horniman Circle, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001
Corporate office: Lodha Excelus, L 2, N M Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai - 400011
Tel : +9122 61334400; Fax No: +9122 23024550; Email : shares@lodhagroup.com

EXTRACT OF UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2021
(₹ in Crore)

Sr. No.	Particulars	For the Quarter ended		For the year ended	
		30.06.2021 Unaudited	31.03.2021 Audited	30.06.2020 Unaudited	31.03.2021 Audited
1	Total Income from Operations	1,712.36	2,611.17	572.53	5,771.65
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before Tax and Exceptional items	219.56	554.50	(230.52)	495.91
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before Tax after Exceptional items	219.56	554.50	(230.52)	33.16
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after Tax after Exceptional items	160.75	312.19	(133.43)	47.89
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [(Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after Tax)]	158.93	313.71	(134.39)	54.37
6	Equity share capital (Face Value of ₹ 10 each)	447.32	395.88	395.88	395.88
7	Other Equity (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance sheet of the previous year				3,772.69
8	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of ₹ 10 each)				
	Basic (not annualised for the quarter)	3.66	7.84	(3.40)	1.01
	Diluted (not annualised for the quarter)	3.65	7.84	(3.40)	1.01

Notes: The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Result filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the websites of BSE Limited i.e. www.bseindia.com, National Stock Exchange Limited i.e. www.nseindia.com and of the Company i.e. www.lodhagroup.in.

(₹ in Crore)

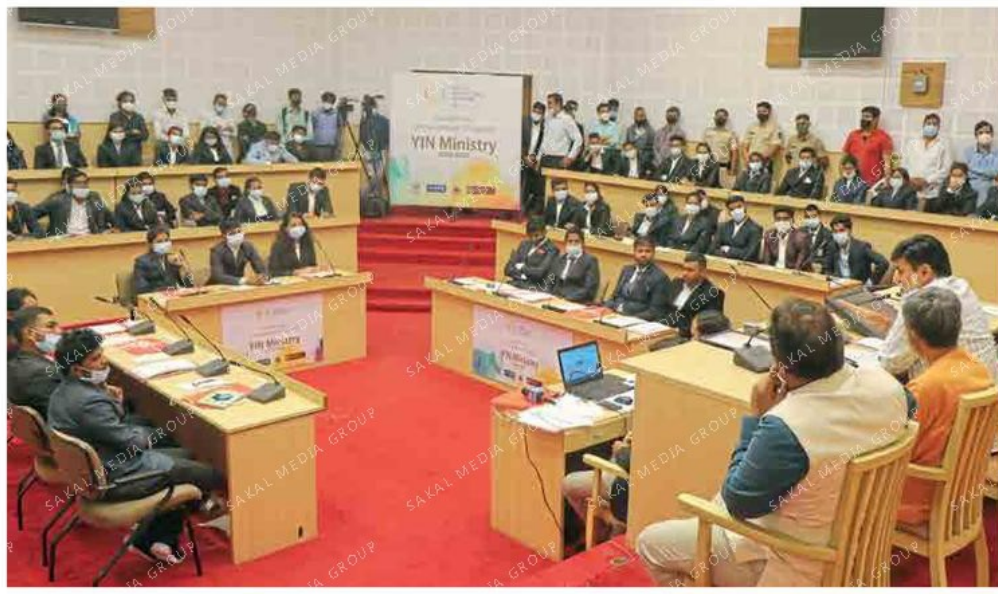
Sr. No.	Particulars	STANDALONE		For the year ended	
		30.06.2021 Unaudited	31.03.2021 Audited	30.06.2020 Unaudited	31.03.2021 Audited
1	Total Income from Operations	1,563.17	2,751.76	268.52	4,445.98
2	Net Profit / (Loss) before Tax after Exceptional items	243.56	688.34	(276.85)	(203.65)
3	Profit / (Loss) after Tax	180.73	399.63	(178.85)	(185.72)
4	Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss)	179.99	400.81	(179.28)	(184.47)

For Macrotech Developers Limited
Sd/-
Abhishek Lodha
Managing Director and CEO
DIN: 00266089

Place: Mumbai
Date: 30.07.2021



‘सकाळ’ माध्यम समूहाच्या ‘यंग इन्स्पिरॅटर्स नेटवर्क’च्या (यिन) अधिवेशनाला शुक्रवारी (ता.३०) नाशिकमध्ये उत्साहात सुरुवात झाली. यशवंतराव चव्हाण महाराष्ट्र मुक्त विद्यापीठाच्या ‘यश-इन’ सभागृहात उद्घाटन झाल्यावर मान्यवरांनी ‘यिन’च्या शॅडो कॅम्बिनेटशी संवाद साधला. अधिवेशनाची काही क्षणचित्रे.



नाशिक : ‘सकाळ’ माध्यम समूहाच्या ‘यिन’ अधिवेशनात यशवंतराव चव्हाण महाराष्ट्र मुक्त विद्यापीठातील ‘यश-इन’ सभागृहात शुक्रवारी बोलाताना उच्च व तंत्रशिक्षण मंत्री उदय सामंत, शेजारी डावीकडून आमदार सरोज अहिरे, आमदार सुहास कांदे, विद्यापीठाचे कुलगुरू प्रा. डॉ. ई. वायुनंदन, ‘सकाळ’ माध्यम समूहाचे संपादक संचालक श्रीराम पवार, कुलसचिव डॉ. दिनेश बोडे आदी.



नाशिक : यशवंतराव चव्हाण महाराष्ट्र मुक्त विद्यापीठातील ‘यश-इन’ सभागृहात ‘यिन’ अधिवेशनात शुक्रवारी ‘यिन’च्या शॅडो कॅम्बिनेटशी संवाद साधताना उच्च व तंत्रशिक्षण मंत्री उदय सामंत, शेजारी डावीकडून आमदार सरोज अहिरे, आमदार सुहास कांदे, मुक्त विद्यापीठाचे कुलगुरू प्रा. डॉ. ई. वायुनंदन, ‘सकाळ’ माध्यम समूहाचे संपादक संचालक श्रीराम पवार, कुलसचिव डॉ. दिनेश बोडे आदी.

आजी-माजी मुख्यमंत्री कोल्हापुरात आमनेसामने उद्भव ठाकरे - देवेंद्र फडणवीस यांची भेट

कोल्हापूर, ता. ३० : मुख्यमंत्री उद्भव ठाकरे आणि विरोधी पक्षनेते देवेंद्र फडणवीस शाहूपुरी कुंभार गल्लेत शुक्रवारी आमनेसामने आले. यापुढे तेथे मोठी गर्दी झाली आणि तणाव निर्माण झाला. अखेर फडणवीस आणि ठाकरे यांनी एकमेकांशी संवाद साधला आणि दोघेही त्यांच्या पृथ्वील दौऱ्यास रवाना झाले.

माजी मुख्यमंत्री देवेंद्र फडणवीस यांचा ताफा दुपारी शाहूपुरी कुंभार गल्लेत असतानाच तेथे मुख्यमंत्री उद्भव ठाकरे यांचा ताफा पोचला. यापुढे एकच गोंधळ उडाला. ‘वाघ आला रे वाघ...’ अशी घोषणाबाजी सुरू होताना, मुख्यमंत्री ठाकरे यांनी सर्वोपल शांत केले. नाईक कॅम्पनीसमोरही कॅम्पनीसमोरही



श्रीवर्धन नगरपरिषद, श्रीवर्धन
जाहीर ई निविदा सूचना क्र. ई-२०/२०२१-२२
(पहिली मुदतवाढ)

श्रीवर्धन नगरपरिषदे दिनांक १२/०७/२०२१ रोजी www.mahatenders.gov.in या संकेतस्थळावर आणि दिनांक १४/०७/२०२१ रोजीच्या ई. सकाळ आणि ई. रायगडचा आवाज या वृत्तपत्रांमध्ये जाहीर ई-निविदा सूचना क्र. ई-१०/२०२१-२२ प्रसिद्ध करून गावठाण नं. १, वि. नं. १४ मधील श्री. सोमबाबेची मीटर हे तोथेक्षेत्र विकसित करण्याच्या कामासाठी ऑनलाईन निविदा मागविल्या आहेत. नैसर्गिक आपत्तीमुळे आणि प्रशासकीय कारणातून निविदापूर्वी बैठक विहित तारखेस येणे शक्य नसल्यामुळे कामाची निविदापूर्वी बैठक आणि त्या अनुषंगाने निविदा सादर करणेची अंतिम तारीख बदलणे भाग पडत आहे. या कामासाठी फॉर्म विक्री, स्वीकृती आणि निविदा उघडण्याची कार्यवाही खालीलप्रमाणे होईल.

- निविदापूर्वी बैठक दिनांक ०९/०८/२०२१ रोजी सकाळी ११.०० वा.
- निविदा फॉर्म ऑनलाईन उघडण्या दिनांक ०९/०८/२०२१ पासून दिनांक १६/०८/२०२१ रोजी दुपारी १.०० वापर्यत.
- निविदा फॉर्म ऑनलाईन स्वीकृती दिनांक ०९/०८/२०२१ पासून दिनांक १६/०८/२०२१ रोजी दुपारी १.०० वापर्यत.
- निविदा फॉर्म उघडण्याची कार्यवाही दिनांक १७/०८/२०२१ रोजी दुपारी १.०० वाजल्यापासून सुरू करण्यात येईल.

जाहीर निविदा सूचना क्र. ई-२०/२०२१-२२ मधील सर्व अटी व शर्ती बंधनकारक राहतील.

सही :-
मुख्याधिकारी,
श्रीवर्धन नगरपरिषद कार्यालय, श्रीवर्धन
दि. रायगड, दिनांक २९/०७/२०२१

गणपतराव देशमुख यांना मान्यवरांची आदरांजली विधिमंडळाने विद्यापीठ गमावले!

मुंबई, ता. ३० : शेकापचे ज्येष्ठ नेते, सांगोला (जि. सोलापूर) मतदारसंघातून ११ वेळा निवडून येण्याचा विक्रम करणारे गणपतराव देशमुख यांच्या निधनावहल सर्वपक्षीय नेत्यांनी दुःख व्यक्त केले. आदर्श लोकप्रतिनिधी असलेल्या देशमुख यांच्या निधनामुळे कष्टकऱ्यांचा तत्त्वनिष्ठ नेता हपला. विधिमंडळाने विद्यापीठ गमावले, अशा शब्दांत राज्यपालांसह नेत्यांनी त्यांना श्रद्धांजली वाहिली.

राज्याच्या विधानसभेचे सर्वाधिक काळ सदस्य राहिलेले शेतकरी कामगार पक्षाचे ज्येष्ठ नेते गणपतराव देशमुख यांच्या निधनाचे वृत्त समजून अतिशय दुःख झाले. आदर्श लोकप्रतिनिधी असलेल्या देशमुख यांनी शेतकरी, कष्टकरी व जनसामान्यांसाठी आपली बांधिलकी शेटवतच जपली. साधी राहणी त्यांची ओळख होती. शांत, संयमी तरीही लढवय्ये असलेले देशमुख अजातशत्रू होते. त्यांच्या निधनाने राज्य विधिमंडळाने एक चालते बोलते विद्यापीठ गमावले आहे.

- भगवतसिंह कोश्यारी, राज्यपाल

राजकारणात येण्याचा नव्या पिढीने निःस्वार्थी भावनेने कसे काम करावे तसेच तत्वांशी तडजोड न करता राजकारणात राहता येते, हा एक वेगळा आदर्श गणपतराव देशमुख यांनी महाराष्ट्राला दाखवला.

- अश्विनी देकर, विरोधी पक्षनेते, विधानपरिषद

ज्येष्ठ नेते गणपतराव देशमुख यांच्या निधनाने सामान्य माणसाचे असामान्य नेतृत्व हरपले आहे. विधानसभेने एक अतिशय चांगला मार्गदर्शक गमावला आहे. माझे त्यांच्याशी अतिशय जवळचे संबंध होते. त्यामुळे त्यांचे जाणे ही माझी वैयक्तिक हानी आहे. गरीब, शेतकरी, शेतमजुरांसाठी त्यांनी संघर्ष केला. दुष्काळी भागासाठी कायम संघर्ष केला. त्यांची भाषणे ऐकून आम्हाला महाराष्ट्र समजला. इतकी वर्षे राज्य विधानसभेत काम करताना त्यांनी कधीही आपल्या विचारांशी प्रतारणा केली नाही. गणपतराव देशमुख यांच्या भाषणांचा एक वेगळा प्रभाव असायचा. संपूर्ण सभागृह त्यांचे भाषण तन्मयतेने ऐकायचे. ते भाषण म्हणजे एक शिकवण असायची. त्यांनी माझ्यावर खूप प्रेम केले. दुसरे गणपतराव देशमुख आता होणे नाही. त्यांना भावपूर्ण श्रद्धांजली.

- देवेंद्र फडणवीस, विरोधी पक्षनेते

आबासाहेबांच्या जाण्याने आमच्या देशमुख कुटुंबाला मोठा धक्का बसला आहे. राजकारणामध्ये ज्यांनी त्यांच्यासोबत काम केले त्यांच्या सर्वांसाठी हा मोठा धक्का आहे. त्यांच्या जाण्याने राजकारणातील वटवृक्ष हरपला आहे. त्यांचे विचार, आचरण, त्यांचा वारसा यापुढे नेण्याचे काम शेतकरी कामगार पक्ष, कार्यकर्ते आम्ही जोमाने पुढे नेऊ.

- डॉ. अनिकेत देशमुख (नातू)

कष्टकऱ्यांचे आबा गेले..!

पान १ वरून जिकल्यामुळे वर्ल्ड गिनीज बुकमध्ये आबांच्या कारकिर्दीची नोंद झाली आहे. विधानसभेची २०१९ची निवडणूक त्यांनी प्रकृती अस्वास्थ्य्याच्या कारणामुळे लढविली नव्हती.

विद्यार्थिदशेपासूनच ते विविध आंदोलनांत सक्रिय होते. १९९०, २००४ व २००९ साली विधानसभेचे हंगामी अध्यक्ष म्हणूनही त्यांनी काम केले होते. त्यांच्या कार्याचा गौरव म्हणून आबांना महाराष्ट्र विधिमंडळाचा जीवनगौरव पुरस्कार, वखोद्योग महर्षी पुरस्कार, लोकनेते बाळासाहेब पाटील समाजभूषण पुरस्कार, यशवंतराव चव्हाण स्मृती पुरस्कार, सावित्रीबाई फुले स्मृती पुरस्कार, रयत माऊली सौ. लक्ष्मीबाई पाटील पुरस्कार, भारती विद्यापीठ पुणेचा जीवन सधना गौरव पुरस्कार आदींनी त्यांना गौरविण्यात आले होते.

बहुतांगी काळ विरोधी बाकांवरच
गणपतराव देशमुख (आबा) हे बहुतांगी काळ विरोधी बाकांवरच होते. मात्र १९७८ मध्ये शरद पवार यांनी फुले सरकार स्थापने, तेव्हा आणि १९९९ मध्ये शेकापचे कॅप्टिस आघाडी सरकारला पाठिंबा दिला तेव्हा, अशा दोन वेळा ते मंत्री होते. एकाच मतदारसंघातून, एकाच पक्षातून तब्बल अकरा वेळा निवडून येण्याची किमया आबांनी करून दाखविली होती.

चळवळीतील आमदार म्हणूनही ओळख
आयुष्यभर आबासाहेब दुष्काळी सांगोला तालुक्याला पाणी मिळाले पाहिजे, यासाठी संघर्ष करीत राहिले. तत्त्वनिष्ठ राजकारणामुळे त्यांनी शेकाप पक्ष सोडून इतर कोणत्याही पक्षाचा विचार केला नाही. त्यामुळे नेहमी विरोधी बाकावर असणारे म्हणून आबांना महाराष्ट्र विधिमंडळाचा जीवनगौरव पुरस्कार, वखोद्योग महर्षी पुरस्कार, लोकनेते बाळासाहेब पाटील समाजभूषण पुरस्कार, यशवंतराव चव्हाण स्मृती पुरस्कार, सावित्रीबाई फुले स्मृती पुरस्कार, रयत माऊली सौ. लक्ष्मीबाई पाटील पुरस्कार, भारती विद्यापीठ पुणेचा जीवन सधना गौरव पुरस्कार आदींनी त्यांना गौरविण्यात आले होते.

बहुतांगी काळ विरोधी बाकांवरच
गणपतराव देशमुख (आबा) हे बहुतांगी काळ विरोधी बाकांवरच होते. मात्र १९७८ मध्ये शरद पवार यांनी फुले सरकार स्थापने, तेव्हा आणि १९९९ मध्ये शेकापचे कॅप्टिस आघाडी सरकारला पाठिंबा दिला तेव्हा, अशा दोन वेळा ते मंत्री होते. एकाच मतदारसंघातून, एकाच पक्षातून तब्बल अकरा वेळा निवडून येण्याची किमया आबांनी करून दाखविली होती.

नवी मुंबई महानगरपालिका, समाजविकास विभाग

जाहीर आवाहन
भूखंड क्र.१, किल्ले गांवठाण जवळ, पामबीच जंक्शन, सेक्टर १५ ए, सी.बी.डी., बेलापूर, नवी मुंबई - ४००६१४.

नमुंमपा क्षेत्रातील विद्यार्थ्यांकरिता राबविण्यात येणाऱ्या शिष्यवृत्ती योजना

अ. क्र.	योजनेचे नांव
१.	विधवा/घटस्फोटित महिलांच्या मुलांना तसेच मुलांना शिष्यवृत्तीचे वितरण करणे.
२.	आर्थिक व दुर्बल घटकातील शाळेत जाणाऱ्या इयत्ता १ली ते महाविद्यालयीन पर्यंतच्या विद्यार्थ्यांना शिष्यवृत्तीचे वितरण करणे.
३.	इयत्ता १ली ते महाविद्यालयीन पर्यंतच्या शिक्षणसाठी गुणवत्ता प्राप्त मागासवर्गीय विद्यार्थ्यांना शिष्यवृत्तीचे वितरण करणे.
४.	नवी मुंबई क्षेत्रातील स्थानिक प्रकल्पयंत्रांच्या कुटुंबातील इयत्ता १ली ते महाविद्यालयीन शिक्षण घेणा-या मुलांना शिष्यवृत्तीचे वितरण करणे.
५.	नवी मुंबई क्षेत्रातील मनपा आस्थापनेवरील सफाई कामगार व कंत्राटी पध्दतीवर असलेल्या कामगारांच्या मुलांना शिष्यवृत्तीचे वितरण करणे.
६.	नवी मुंबई क्षेत्रातील दगडखाना/बांधकाम/रेती/नाका कामगारांच्या मुलांना शिष्यवृत्तीचे वितरण करणे.

उक्त विविध घटकांतर्गत राबविण्यात येत असलेल्या शिष्यवृत्ती योजनांकरिता विहित नमुन्यातील अर्ज आवश्यक त्या कागदपत्रांसह दि. ३१/०८/२०२१ पर्यंत सर्व विभाग कार्यालये, नमुंमपा संघलित सर्व ग्रंथालय, समाज विकास विभाग, बेलापूर भवन, १ सा मजला, से. ११, सी.बी.डी., बेलापूर व नवी मुंबई महानगरपालिका मुख्यालय भूखंड क्र.१, किल्ले गांवठाण जवळ, पामबीच जंक्शन, सेक्टर १५ ए, सी.बी.डी., बेलापूर, नवी मुंबई - ४००६१४. या ठिकाणी शासकीय व सार्वजनिक सुट्ट्या वागळून कार्यालयीन वेळेत जमा करावेत. अंतिम दिनांकांतर म्हणजेच दि.३१/०८/२०२१ रोजी सायं.६.१५ नंतर प्राप्त अर्जांचा विचार करण्यात येणार नाही. महानगरपालिकेमार्फत राबविण्यात येणा-या शिष्यवृत्ती योजनांचा महानगरपालिका क्षेत्रातील गरजू लाभार्थ्यांनी जास्तीत जास्त लाभ घ्यावा असे आवाहन नवी मुंबई महानगरपालिकेच्या वतीने करण्यात येत आहे.

सही:-
(अभिजीत बांगर)
आयुक्त तथा प्रशासक
नवी मुंबई महानगरपालिका

1" CORRIGENDUM to E-TENDER

It is informed that, Corrigendum to be issued against Extension of date of Submission of e-Tender for Appointment of Financial Consultant (Tender No. CGM/CF/FIN/21-22/T01). Please refer to Company's website- <https://etender.mahadiscom.in/eatApp/> for other details.

'HO PR 303 dt.22-07-2021'

पश्चिम रेल्वे
वांद्रे टर्मिनस ⇌ गोरखपूरदरम्यान ग्रीष्म विशेष गाडीच्या सेवा विस्तारित आहे.

गाडी क्र.	प्रारंभिक स्थानक व गंतव्य स्थानक	सेवांचे दिवस	विस्तारित सेवांचे दिवस
०५३०२	वांद्रे टर्मिनस- गोरखपूर	शनिवार	०७.०८.२०२१, १४.०८.२०२१ व २१.०८.२०२१
०५३०१	गोरखपूर- वांद्रे टर्मिनस	शुक्रवार	०६.०८.२०२१, १३.०८.२०२१ व २०.०८.२०२१

थांब्यांच्या वेळा व रचनेसंदर्भातील विस्तृत माहितीकरिता प्रवाशांनी कृपया www.enquiry.indianrail.gov.in येथे भेट द्यावी.

- केवळ निश्चित तिकिटे असलेल्या प्रवाशांनाच सदर विशेष गाड्यांमध्ये प्रवेश करण्याची परवानगी असेल.
- प्रवाशांनी कृपया गाडीत प्रवेश करतवेळी, प्रवास करतवेळी व गंतव्य स्थानी पोहोचल्यावर कोव्हिड-१९ शी संबंधित सर्व निकष, एसओपीज यांचे पालन करावे.

गाडी क्र. ०५३०२ करिताची बुकिंग दि. ०१.०८.२०२१ पासून निर्देशित पीआरएस काउंटरवर व आयआरसीटीसी वेबसाइट वर खुली आहे. वरील गाडी विशेष शुल्कर पूर्णतः आरक्षित गाडी म्हणून धावे.

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पंचनामा पीकविम्याचा : उत्तरार्ध

विमा तक्रार निवारण व्यवस्थेची 'ऐशी तैशी'

पारदर्शकता नसल्याने विमा कंपन्यांचे फावले

मनोज कापडे : सकाळ वृत्तसेवा

पुणे, ता. ३० : पीकविमा योजनेबाबत शेतकऱ्यांच्या तक्रारांची निपटारा होण्यासाठी गट किंवा तालुका पातळीपर्यंत तक्रार निवारण यंत्रणा उभारली. तसेच, शेतकऱ्यांची तक्रार तालुका किंवा जिल्हा स्तरावरून सात दिवसात निकाली काढावी, अशा सूचना केंद्र शासनाच्या नियमावलीत आहेत. मात्र, राज्यात तक्रार निवारणाची जटिल व पारदर्शक व्यवस्थाच उभारली न गेल्याने विमा कंपन्यांचे फावले, अशी माहिती सुत्रांनी दिली.

सर्व जिल्हांत, प्रत्येक तालुक्यांत शेतकऱ्यांसाठी पीकविमा तक्रार निवारण समितीचे गटन झाले आहे. का. या समितीमध्ये शेतकरी प्रतिनिधी नेमलेत. का. या समितीकडे किती तक्रारी आल्या, किती तक्रारी निपटारा झाल्या याविषयी कृषी विभागात किंवा विभागाच्या संकेतस्थळावर माहिती उपलब्ध नाही. हीच बाब जिल्हा स्तरावरील समितींनी आहे. सध्या जिल्हा समितींच्या शेतकरी प्रतिनिधींची संख्याही तयार करून राज्यस्तरीय संकेतस्थळावर प्रसिध्द केली गेलेली नाही. पीकविम्यासाठी विभागीय किंवा राज्य पातळीवरील व्यवस्थापन

सरकारी संकेतस्थळ टाळले जाते

विम्यासंबंधी कोणतीही तक्रार, शंका उपस्थित झाल्यांतर कृषी विभागाचे स्वतःच्या संकेतस्थळावर स्वतंत्र टोल-फ्री क्रमांक तसेच तक्रार अपलोड करण्याबाबत सुविधा देणे आवश्यक होते. ही तक्रार कृषी विभागाकडून कंपन्यांकडे जाणे, कंपन्यांनी ही तक्रार सोडविली की नाही याचे उत्तर पुढा कृषी विभागाकडून शेतकऱ्यांना कळविणे, ही प्रक्रिया हेतूत टाळली गेली आहे.

आठ हजार कोटींचा घसघशीत नफा

गेल्या पाच वर्षांत विमा कंपन्यांनी विमा हप्त्याची २३ हजार कोटी रुपये गोळा केले आहेत. यात या कंपन्यांना आठ हजार कोटींचा घसघशीत नफा झाला आहे.

समिती किंवा तक्रार निवारण समिती यांचे नेमके कामकाज, आदेश, इतिवृत्त अशी मोलाची माहिती जाहीर केली जात नाही. कृषी विभागाची ही सरकारी गोपनीयताच विमा कंपन्यांना पोसते आहे, अशी माहिती एका वरिष्ठ अधिकार्याने दिली.