



**SHL/SEC/2024**

**May 30, 2024**

**The Bombay Stock Exchange Limited  
Listing Department,  
1<sup>st</sup> Floor, New Trading Ring,  
Rotunda Building,  
Phiroze JeeJeeBhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Fort  
Mumbai – 400 001.**

**The Calcutta Stock Exchange Ltd.  
7, Lyons Range  
Kolkata - 700 001 India**

Company Code: **537253**

Dear Sir/Ma'am,

**Sub.: Newspaper clipping regarding publication of Audited Financial Results for 04<sup>th</sup> quarter/ Financial Year 2023-24 ended March 31, 2024.**

Pursuant to Regulation 47 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has published **Audited Financial Results for 04<sup>th</sup> quarter/ Financial Year 2023-24 ended March 31, 2024** in newspapers viz. Pioneer on May 30, 2024 both Hindi & English edition.

In this regard, please find enclosed newspapers clipping of the result published on May 30, 2024 and oblige.

Thanking you,

Yours sincerely,

**For SUNIL HEALTHCARE LIMITED**

**SATYENDU PATTNAIK  
COMPANY SECRETARY**

F7736

Date:30.05.2024

Place: New Delhi

Encl: a/a

**Sunil Healthcare Ltd.**

38E/252-A, Vijay Tower, Opp Panchsheel Park Comm. Complex, New Delhi -110049

T: +91 -11-49435555/00, F: +91 -11-43850087 Email : info@sunilhealthcare.com, Web: www.sunilhealthcare.com

CIN No. : L24302DL1973PLC189662

# Female candidates in LS polls rise from 7 per cent in 2009 to 9.6 per cent in 2024

PIONEER NEWS SERVICE ■ NEW DELHI

From 7 per cent in 2009 to 9.6 per cent in 2024, the number of female candidates contesting the Lok Sabha elections saw a steady rise in 15 years, according to an analysis by the poll rights body Association of Democratic Reforms (ADR). This year, 797 women are in the fray, constituting 9.6 per cent of the total 8,337 candidates. This marks an increase from previous general assembly elections which recorded female representation of 9 per cent in 2019, 8 per cent in 2014, and 7 per cent in 2009, the analysis by the Association of Democratic Reforms (ADR) showed.

In the 2009 Lok Sabha elections, there were 556 female candidates, making up 7 per cent of the total 7,810 candidates. This number increased to 640 (8 per cent of 8,205) in 2014 and further to 716 (9 per cent of 7,928) in 2019.

This year, the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) leads among the major parties with 69 female Lok Sabha nominees out of 440, making up 16 per cent of its total candidates.



The Congress follows with 41 women out of 327 candidates, constituting 13 per cent. Significantly, smaller parties and regional parties exhibit higher proportions of female candidates. For instance, the Naam Tamilar Katchi has an equal gender representation with 20 out of 40 candidates being women, translating to 50 per cent. The Lok Janshakti Party (Ram Vilas) and the Nationalist Congress Party each have 40 per cent female candidates, with two out of five being women.

Among prominent parties, the All India Anna Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (AIADMK) and the All India Forward Bloc have the lowest levels of female representation at 3 per cent. Some parties with notable female representation in this year's parliamentary polls include the Jharkhand Mukti Morcha (JMM) and the Biju Janata Dal (BJD), each with 33 per cent, the Rashtriya Janata Dal (RJD) with 29 per cent. The Samajwadi Party (SP) has 20 per cent female representation, and the All India Trinamool Congress (AITC) 25 per cent.

Thirteen per cent of the Lok Sabha candidates of the Communist Party of India (Marxist) are women and the figure stands at 8 per cent for the Bahujan Samaj Party.

Parties such as the Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (DMK) and the Communist Party of India (CPI) has female representation at 14 per cent and 7 per cent, respectively.

The Janata Dal (United) (JD(U)) and Shiv Sena each have 13 per cent female candidates, while the Jharkhand Mukti Morcha has 33 per cent women nominees.

Both candidates of the Apna Dal (Sondal) are women, TDP and BRS each have 6 per cent female candidates, Shromani Akali Dal and Nationalist Congress Party-Shardchandra Pawar each have 8 per cent female contestants, while Shiv Sena (UBT) has 10 per cent. Independents, comprising a significant portion of the candidate pool, have 276 women out of 3,903 Lok Sabha nominees, representing a modest 7 per cent. Other parties collectively account for 252 women out of 2,490 candidates, which is about 10 per cent.

This is the first election since the passage of the women's reservation bill to reserve one-third of seats in Lok Sabha and state assemblies for women, reviving a bill pending for 27 years for want of consensus among parties. The bill is yet to come into effect.

The current figure of 797 female candidates in 2024 represents a 9.6 per cent

share of the total candidate pool of 8,337. Only two candidates from the third gender category are contesting the polls this year, both as independents.

During the first phase of the elections held on April 19, out of 1,618 contesting candidates, only 135 were women. This pattern continued in the subsequent phases, with women candidates remaining a small fraction of the total. The second phase held on April 26 saw 1,192 candidates of which 100 were women. The phase 3 polling on May 1 had 1,352 candidates, including 123 women.

In phase 4 on May 13, of the 1,710 contestants, 170 were women. Phase 5 on May 20 had the fewest candidates at 695, with 82 women, while the sixth phase 6 had 92 women out of 866 candidates. In the last phase scheduled for June 1, there will be 904 candidates, with only 95 women.

# ADR: 104 per cent rise in number of parties fighting LS polls from 2009 to 2024

PIONEER NEWS SERVICE ■ NEW DELHI



There has been an increase of 104 per cent in the number of political parties contesting Lok Sabha elections from 2009 to 2024, according to an analysis by poll rights body Association for Democratic Reforms (ADR). According to the analysis, 751 political parties are participating in 2024 as compared to 677 who participated in 2019, 464 in 2014, and 368 in 2009. This surge represents a staggering 104 per cent increase from 2009 to 2024.

The ADR and National Election Watch have conducted a comprehensive analysis of the self-sworn affidavits of 8,337 candidates vying for seats in the upcoming Lok Sabha 2024 elections.

Out of the total 8,360 contesting candidates, the breakdown reveals a diverse landscape of political representation: 1,333 from national parties, 532 from state parties, 2,580 from registered unrecognised parties and 3,915 independent candidates.

The analysis also sheds light on the prevalence of criminal cases among candidates. Among national parties, 443 out of 1,333 candidates have declared criminal cases, with 295 facing serious criminal charges. State parties exhibit a higher proportion, with 249 out of 532 candidates facing criminal cases and 169 facing serious charges. Registered unrecognised parties show comparatively lower figures with 401 out of 2,580 candidates having criminal cases and 316 facing serious charges. Independent candidates fall in between with 550 out of 3,915 candidates facing criminal cases and 411 facing serious charges.

Additionally, the analysis reveals financial assets of the candidates with 2,572 out of all 8,337 candidates being crorepati or millionaires. Among national parties, 906 out of 1,333 candidates are crorepati, followed by 421 out of 532 in state parties, 372 out of 2,580 in registered unrecognised parties, and 673 out of 3,915 among independent candidates.

# Unpredictable import, export policies caused losses to farmers: Congress

PIONEER NEWS SERVICE ■ NEW DELHI

The Congress on Wednesday claimed that farmers have suffered huge losses due to "unpredictable" import-export policies of the Modi Government and asserted that under an INDIA Bloc Government such policies would be decided only after consultations with farmers and their organisations.

Congress general secretary Jayram Ramesh said the Congress has given five legal guarantees to farmers -- guarantee for Minimum Support Prices (MSP), loan waiver, transforming PM Fasal Bima Yojana, new import-export policy and making farmers GST-free.

"On import-export policy, I want to say that we need to put restrictions on imports and encourage exports. We ban exports repeatedly like in favour of rice is not the ban of the farmers in Punjab and it is benefiting the farmers of Pakistan," Ramesh said in a video statement on X.

The Congress has given a guar-



antee that the import-export policy will be decided only after consultations with farmers and their organisations, the Congress general secretary said, adding imports and exports should be beneficial for farmers not traders.

In his post on X along with the video statement, Ramesh said farmers have suffered huge losses due to the "unpredictable" import-export policies of the Modi Government.

"The Congress has guaranteed that we will make a concrete law on import and export of agricultural products which will support farmers and farmer organisations and increase their income," he said.

The Congress' Lok Sabha polls manifesto has stated that it will formulate and implement a sound import-export policy for agricultural commodities, which will give paramount importance to protecting the interests and concerns of farmers.

**punjab national bank**  
...the name you can BANK upon!

CIRCLE OFFICE - SOUTH DELHI, PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPT.  
UGF, BHIKAJI GAMA PLACE

**BREAK OPEN NOTICE FOR LOCKERS**

The Punjab National Bank has retained Safe Deposit Vaults (Lockers) through its different Branches to the respective locker holders as mentioned in the table below. The lockers have been paid by holders for more than three years and there are arrears of rent against them. The Bank has issued three notices to the respective locker holders for payment of overdue locker rent in arrears, but the rent amounts have not been received.

Sl. No.	Locker No.	Customer Name	Sl. No.	Locker No.	Customer Name	Sl. No.	Locker No.	Customer Name
BO - Sarinad Marg (015300)	BO - Green Park (015900)	BO - Safdarjung Development Area (033620)	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997
1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997
1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997	1. AA00997

**PIONEER NEWS SERVICE ■ NEW DELHI**

There has been an average increase of 43 per cent over the last five years in the assets of 324 MPs who have entered the poll fray again in this Lok Sabha election, according to an analysis by a poll rights body.

The average assets of these MPs in 2019 was around Rs 21.55 crore while in the current electoral cycle, the average asset value has increased "significantly" to Rs 30.88 crore, marking an increase of Rs 9.33 crore over the past five years, the Association for Democratic Reforms (ADR) said in a report.

It analysed the financial growth among Members of Parliament (MPs) recontesting in the 2024 general elections. The counting of votes for the seven-phase polls will be taken up on June 4.

The percentage growth in assets for these 324 MPs between the 2019 and 2024 polls averages at 43 per cent, the ADR said.

The report said a comparative analysis of party-wise average assets between 2019 and 2024 further elucidates this trend.

It said among the major parties, the Bharatiya Janata Party saw a 39.18 per cent increase in the average assets of its re-contesting 183 MPs (Rs 18.40 crore to Rs 25.61 crore). It was 48.76 per cent for 36 Congress MPs (Rs 44.13 crore to Rs 65.64 crore).

For re-contesting 10 MPs of the Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam it was 19.96 per cent (Rs 30.93 crore to Rs 37.10 crore), 48.13 per cent for eight Shiv Sena MPs (Rs 19.77 crore to Rs 29.28 crore), 20.53 per cent for five Samajwadi Party MPs (Rs 20.56 crore to Rs 24.78 crore) and 84.13 per cent for eight Yuva Janshakti Rhyth Congress Party MPs (Rs 28.66 crore to Rs 52.78 crore).

**SUNIL HEALTHCARE LIMITED**  
Registered Office  
38E/252-A, Vijay Tower, Shahpuraj, New Delhi-110049  
Email: info@sunilhealthcare.com; website: www.sunilhealthcare.com  
CIN No. L24302DL1973PLC189662

**Extract of Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter and Year Ended 31st March 2024**

S.No.	Particulars	Standalone		Standalone		Consolidated		Consolidated				
		Quarter ended		Quarter ended		Quarter ended		Quarter ended				
		31st March 2024	31st March 2023	31st March 2024	31st March 2023	31st March 2024	31st March 2023	31st March 2024	31st March 2023			
1	Total Income from Operations	2,188.42	2,564.34	2,078.68	9,438.38	11,345.87	2,199.44	2,579.91	2,221.75	9,541.24	11,498.74	
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Extraordinary items)	5.04	(55.92)	0.37	(288.04)	975.86	16.62	(39.11)	51.10	(255.51)	948.33	
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Extraordinary items)	5.04	(55.92)	0.37	(288.04)	975.86	16.62	(39.11)	51.10	(255.51)	948.33	
4	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after Extraordinary items)	3.65	(36.81)	(5.42)	(210.78)	697.69	15.21	(20.00)	45.00	(178.85)	668.21	
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit/Loss for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	1,446.26	(36.81)	(9.53)	1,231.83	693.58	1,446.82	(32.80)	17.63	1,221.99	604.20	
6	Paid-up equity share capital (Face value Rs. 10/- each)	1,025.48	1,025.48	1,025.48	1,025.48	1,025.48	1,025.48	1,025.48	1,025.48	1,025.48	1,025.48	
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	-	-	6,378.90	5,147.07	-	-	-	5,796.20	4,574.21	
8	Earnings Per Share (after extraordinary items) (of Rs. 10/- each)	(a) Basic (Rs.)	0.04	(0.36)	(0.05)	(2.06)	6.80	0.15	(0.20)	0.44	(1.74)	6.52
	(b) Diluted (Rs.)	0.04	(0.36)	(0.05)	(2.06)	6.80	0.15	(0.20)	0.44	(1.74)	6.52	

**Notes:**

- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly/Year ended Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly/Year ended Financial Results are available on the Stock Exchange websites (www.bseindia.com) and the Company's website (www.sunilhealthcare.com).
- As the Company's business fall within a single primary business segment viz. sale of capsule, the disclosure requirement of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-108) "Operating Segments" prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the relevant rules issued thereunder, is not applicable.
- The figure for the quarter ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 are the balancing figures between audited figures for the full financial year and the published year to date figures for the nine months ended.
- The figures for the previous periods have been regrouped/ rearranged, wherever considered necessary, to conform current period classifications.
- The above results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors in their respective meetings held on May 28, 2024.

**Anil Khaitan**  
(Chairman cum Managing Director)  
DIN 00759951

**ASHWAN KUMAR (Advocate)**  
No. 512, Western Wing, The Hazrat Dargah  
Near Shiv Mandir, Moh. 5891200739



