

September 3, 2024

BSE Limited (BSE) Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001

Dear Sir/Ma'am,

Scrip Code - 542057

Sub: Submission of Annual Report of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024

Pursuant to Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (LODR Regulations), we submit the Annual Report of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024.

This is for your information and records.

Thanking you.

Yours faithfully, For BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited

Devshree Sinha Company Secretary

(Mem No. A21786)

REGISTERED OFFICE

BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT 2023-24





Sustainable development by

Modernization of Indian Railways



BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED CIN: L51109WB1995PLC075801 Registered Office: 112 Raja Ram Mohan Roy Sarani, Kolkata – 700009 Phone No: 033 22190085/1814, 9674911100; Fax No.: 033 2241 8401 Website : www.bcril.com ; E-mail: investors@bcril.com, corp@bcril.com

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the 28th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company will be held on Thursday, the 26th day of September, 2024 at 4 pm (IST) through video conferencing (VC) or other Audio Visual Means (OAVM). The Company will conduct the meeting from Registered Office of the Company (deemed venue of the AGM) situated at 112 Raja Ram Mohan Roy Sarani, Kolkata 700009 to transact the following business.

ORDINARY BUSINESS :

To consider and, if thought fit, pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolutions as ordinary resolutions:

- 1. "RESOLVED THAT the annual financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 including the Audited Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2024 and Audited Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2024, together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports be and hereby received, considered and adopted."
- 2. "RESOLVED THAT a final dividend of Re. 0.70 per share on the paid up equity shares of Rs 10/- each of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2024, be and is hereby declared to be paid to the Members of the Company, holding shares in the dematerialized form, to those whose names appear in the list of beneficial holders furnished by respective Depositories as at the end of business hours on Thursday, 19th September, 2024.
- 3. "RESOLVED THAT Mr Aparesh Nandi (DIN: 00722439), Chairman and Director of the Company, who retires by rotation at this meeting and, being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

4. To consider and approve continuation of directorship of Mr. Swapan Kumar Chakraborty (DIN: 00458410) in terms of Regulation 17(1A) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and to pass the following resolution as Special Resolution.

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Regulation 17(1A) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) / amendment(s) / re-enactment(s) thereto) and on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors of the Company, consent of the Members be and is hereby accorded to continue and hold office of Independent Director of the Company by Mr. Swapan Kumar Chakraborty (DIN: 00458410) who will be attaining 75 years of age, till his current tenure of appointment i.e. upto March 30, 2028.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things and to sign all such documents and writings as may be necessary to give effect to this resolution and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto."



5. To consider and approve continuation of directorship of Dr. Sanghamitra Mukherjee (DIN: 07203827) in terms of Regulation 17(1A) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and to pass the following resolution as Special Resolution.

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Regulation 17(1A) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) / amendment(s) / re-enactment(s) thereto) and on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors of the Company, consent of the Members be and is hereby accorded to continue and hold office of Independent Director of the Company by Dr. Sanghamitra Mukherjee (DIN: 07203827) who will be attaining 75 years of age, till her current tenure of appointment i.e. upto March 30, 2028.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things and to sign all such documents and writings as may be necessary to give effect to this resolution and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto."

6. To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and other applicable provisions, if any, read with Rule 15 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended till date, Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and the Company's policy on Related Party transaction(s), approval of Members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company to enter into contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) with Phoenix Overseas Limited, a related party within the meaning of Section 2(76) of the Act and Regulation 2(1)(zb) of the Listing Regulations, for the purpose of export activities, on such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors may deem fit, up to a maximum aggregate value of Rs.20 Crores for the financial year 2024-25, provided that the said contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) so carried out shall be at arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to delegate all or any of the powers conferred on it by or under this resolution to any Committee of Directors of the Company and to do all acts and take such steps as may be considered necessary or expedient to give effect to the aforesaid resolution."

7. Approval to advance any loan/give guarantee/provide security u/s 185 of the Companies Act, 2013:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 185 and other applicable provisions, if any of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and subject to such approvals, consents, sanctions and permissions as may be necessary, approval of the members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as the "Board" which term shall include any Committee constituted by the Board or any person(s) authorized by the Board to exercise its powers, including the powers conferred by this Resolution), for giving loan(s) in one or more tranches including loan represented by way of book debt (the "Loan") to, and/or giving of guarantee(s), and/or providing of security(ies) in connection with any Loan taken/to be taken by any entity which is a Subsidiary or Associate or Joint Venture or group entity of the Company or any other person in which any of the Directors of the Company is deemed to be interested as specified in the explanation to sub-section 2 of section 185 of the Act (collectively referred to as the "Entities"), of an aggregate amount not exceeding Rs. 500 Crores (Rupees Five Hundred Crores Only), in its absolute discretion deem beneficial and in the best interest of the Company.



RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution, the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to negotiate, finalise and agree to the terms and conditions of the aforesaid Loans / Guarantees / Securities, and to take all necessary steps, to execute all such documents, instruments and writings and to do all necessary acts, deeds and things in order to comply with all the legal and procedural formalities and to do all such acts, deeds or things incidental or expedient thereto and as the Board may think fit and suitable."

By order of the Board Company Secretary Devshree Sinha (Mem No:A21786)

Place: Kolkata Date: 28th May, 2024

Notes:

- As you are aware, that the general meetings of the companies shall be conducted as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated 13.01.2021, Circular No. 19/2021 dated 8.12.2021, Circular No. 21/2021 dated 14.12.2021 and Circular No. 2/2022 dated 05.05.2022, read with the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/167 dated 7th October, 2023. The forthcoming AGM will thus be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM. The deemed venue of the meeting will be the registered office of the Company situated at 112 Raja Rammohan Roy Sarani, Kolkata 700009.
- 2. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
- 3. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.



- 6. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.bcril.com. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
- 7. The AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated 13.01.2021, Circular No. 19/2021 dated 8.12.2021, Circular No. 21/2021 dated 14.12.2021 and Circular No. 2/2022 dated 05.05.2022 and dated 7.10.2023.
- 8. In continuation of this Ministry's General Circular No. 20/2020, dated 05th May, 2020 and Circular No. 02/2022 dated 05.05.2022 and after due examination, it has been decided to allow companies whose AGMs were due to be held in the year 2020, or become due in the year 2021 or 2022 or 2023, to conduct their AGMs on or before 30.09.2024, in accordance with the requirements provided in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the General Circular No. 20/2020 as per MCA circular no. 02/2021 dated January,13,2021.
- 9. The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on 28th May 2024 has appointed (i) CA Sudhir Kothari, (Membership No. 053874), Chartered Accountants, (FRN 330320E) Sudhir Kothari & Associates, having its office at 10/1, Deodar Street, Kolkata- 700019, West Bengal, India as the Scrutinizer, for conducting the postal ballot process and e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner and (ii) Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) to provide e-voting facility for the postal ballot.
- 10. Relevant documents and registers are available for inspection at the Registered office of the Company during business hours on all days except Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays upto the date of Annual General Meeting subject to restrictions that may be imposed by the Government from time to time.

THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND E-VOTING DURING AGM AND JOINING MEETING THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

Step 1 : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

Step 2 : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- (i) The voting period begins on <23rd September 2024 at 9.00 am (IST) > and ends on <25th September 2024 at 5pm (IST)>. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of <19th September 2024> may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.



Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

Step 1 : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

(iv) In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode is given below:

Type of	Login Method		
shareholders			
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	 Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login</u> or visit <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/NSDL/KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration</u> Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers. 		

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.	
	 2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u>. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</u> 3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. 	
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.	

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details	
Individual Shareholders holding securities	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL	
in Demat mode with CDSL	helpdesk by sending a request at	
	helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738	
	and 22-23058542-43.	
Individual Shareholders holding securities	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL	
in Demat mode with NSDL	helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at	
	toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30	

BCPL NOTICE 2023-24 - 6



Step 2 : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- (v) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than individual shareholders holding in Demat form & physical shareholders.
 - 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website <u>www.evotingindia.com</u>.
 - 2) Click on "Shareholders" module.
 - 3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
 - 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
 - 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
 - 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Shareholders holding shares in Demat Form other than individual and	
	Physical Form	
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both	
	demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)	
	• Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant	
	are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact	
	Company/RTA.	
Dividend	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your	
Bank Details	demat account or in the company records in order to login.	
OR Date of	• If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the	
Birth (DOB)	member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction	
	(v).	

- (vi) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (ix) Click on the EVSN for the relevant <BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited> on which you choose to vote.



- (x) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xi) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xvi) There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.

(xvii) Additional Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –Remote Voting

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</u>.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; <u>investors@bcril.com</u>, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.



- 3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- 5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance atleast 7 days prior to meeting (i.e. till 5pm on 19th September, 2024) mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 7 days prior to meeting (i.e. till 5pm on 19th September, 2024) mentioning their number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 7 days prior to meeting (i.e. till 5pm on 19th September, 2024) mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- 8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- 9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to **Company/RTA email id**.

2. For Demat shareholders -, Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)

3. For Individual Demat shareholders – Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</u> or contact at toll free no. 1800 22 55 33.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</u> or call toll free no. 1800 22 55 33.



Dividend Related Information

- 15. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company shall remain closed from 20th September, 2024 to 26th September, 2024 both days inclusive.
- 16. The Final Dividend on Equity shares for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024, as recommended by the Board, if approved and declared at the AGM, will be paid within 30 days of declaration, to the Members of the Company, holding shares in the dematerialized form and whose names appear in the list of beneficial holders as at the end of the business hours as on the record date, on 19th September, 2024.
- 17. Members are informed that the bank particulars registered with the respective Depository Participants (DP), with whom they maintain their demat accounts, will be used by the Company for payment of Dividend. Members are requested to update their banking details with the respective DPs, as per the process advised by your DP.
- 18. In case the Company is unable to pay dividend to any shareholder by electronic mode, due to nonavailability of the details of the bank account, the Company shall upon normalization of the postal services dispatch the dividend warrants/cheque to such shareholders by post.
- 19. Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ('Rules') notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs effective September 7, 2016, all shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more would be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) of the Central Government. The Company has no such shares on which dividend is unpaid or unclaimed dividend for a period of seven years that is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).
- 20. Members may note that as per the Income Tax Act, 1961, as amended by the Finance Act, 2020, dividends paid or distributed by the Company after 1st April 2020, shall be taxable in the hands of the shareholders and the Company shall be required to deduct tax at source (TDS) at the prescribed rates from the dividend to be paid to shareholders, subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing AGM. The TDS rate would vary depending on the residential status of the shareholder and the documents submitted by them and accepted by the Company.
 - a. All Shareholders are requested to ensure that the below details are completed and/or updated, as applicable, in their respective demat account(s) maintained with the Depository participant(s), on or before the commencement of book closure from 20th September, 2024 to 26th September, 2024 (both days inclusive).

Please note that the following details, in case you had already registered with the Company, as available with the Company in the Register of Members/Register of Beneficial Ownership maintained by the Depositories will be relied upon by the Company, for the purpose of complying with the applicable TDS provisions:

I. Valid Permanent Account Number (PAN).

II. Residential status as per the Income Tax Act, 1961 i.e. Resident or Non-Resident for FY 2023-24. III. Category of the Shareholder viz. Mutual Fund, Insurance Company, Alternate Investment Fund (AIF) Category I and II, AIF Category III, Government (Central/State Government), Foreign Portfolio Investor (FPI)/Foreign Institutional Investor (FII): Foreign Company, FPI/FII: Others (being Individual, Firm, Trust, Artificial Juridical Person, etc.), Individual, Hindu Undivided Family (HUF), Firm, Limited Liability Partnership (LLP), Association of Persons (AOP), Body of Individuals (BOI) or Artificial Juridical Person, Trust, Domestic Company, Foreign Company, etc.

- IV. Email Address.
- V. Residential Address
- b. For Resident Shareholders, TDS is required to be deducted at the rate of 10% under Section 194 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 on the amount of dividend declared and paid by the Company in the financial year 2024-25 provided valid PAN is registered by the Shareholder. If the valid PAN is not registered,

the TDS is required to be deducted at the rate of 20% under Section 206AA of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

However, no tax shall be deducted on the dividends paid to resident individuals if aggregate dividend distributed or likely to be distributed during the financial year does not exceed \gtrless 5000. Normal dividend(s) declared in the preceding financial year would be considered as the basis to determine applicability of the said threshold for the entire financial year.

Even in the cases where the shareholder provides valid Form 15G (for individuals, with no tax liability on total income and income not exceeding maximum amount which is not chargeable to tax) or Form 15H (for individual above the age of 60 years with no tax liability on total income), no TDS shall be deducted.

c. For Non-resident shareholders, the TDS is required to be deducted at the rate of 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) under Section 195 of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Further, as per Section 90 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 the non-resident shareholder has the option to be governed by the provisions of the Double Tax Avoidance Treaty between India and the country of tax residence of the shareholder, if they are more beneficial to them. For this purpose, i.e. to avail Tax Treaty benefits, the non-resident shareholders will have to provide the following:

I. Self-attested copy of the PAN allotted by the Indian Income Tax authorities;

II. Self-attested copy of valid Tax Residency Certificate obtained from the tax authorities of the country of which the shareholder is a resident;

III. Self-declaration in Form 10F; and

IV. Self-declaration in the attached format certifying:

• Shareholder is and will continue to remain a tax resident of the country of its residence during the Financial Year 2023-24;

• Shareholder is eligible to claim the beneficial DTAA rate for the purposes of tax withholding on dividend declared by the Company;

• Shareholder has no reason to believe that its claim for the benefits of the DTAA is impaired in any manner; Shareholder is the ultimate beneficial owner of its shareholding in the Company and dividend receivable from the Company; and

• Shareholder does not have a taxable presence or a permanent establishment in India during the Financial Year 2023-24.

- d. The draft of the aforementioned documents may also be accessed from the Company's website at <u>www.bcril.com</u>.
- e. Accordingly, in order to enable us to determine the appropriate TDS / withholding tax rate applicable, we request you to provide these details and documents as mentioned above before 19th September, 2024. Kindly note that the aforementioned documents are required to be emailed to investors@bcril.com.
- f. It may be further noted that in case the tax on dividend is deducted at a higher rate in absence of receipt of the aforementioned details/ documents, there would still be an option available with the shareholder to file the return of income and claim an appropriate refund, if eligible. No claim shall lie against the Company for such taxes deducted.
- g. We shall arrange to email the soft copy of TDS certificate at your registered email ID in due course, post payment of the dividend.
- h. Effective April 1,2024, SEBI has mandated that the shareholders, who hold shares in physical mode and whose folios are not updated with any of the KYC details viz. (i) PAN (ii) Choice of Nomination (iii) Contact Details (iv) Mobile Number (v) Bank Account Details and (vi) Signature, shall be eligible to get dividend only in electronic mode. Accordingly, payment of dividend (as and when declared), subject to approval at the AGM, shall be paid to physical holders only after the above details are updated in their folios. Shareholders are requested to complete their KYC by writing to the Company's RTA, Maheshwari Datamatics Pvt.Ltd. The forms for updating the same are available at Company's website www.bcril.com and RTA www.mdp.in.



Explanatory statement pursuant to Sections 102 of the Companies Act, 2013

The following explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013, sets out all material facts relating to the business mentioned in item in the accompanying Notice of the Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Item No. 4

As per Regulation 17(1A) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), no listed company shall appoint or continue the directorship of a Non-Executive Director who has attained the age of 75 (Seventy-Five) years, unless a Special Resolution is passed to that effect and justification thereof is indicated in the explanatory statement annexed to the Notice for such appointment. The Company being a Listed Entity is required to comply with the aforesaid provision along with Regulation 16 to 27 (Corporate Governance Norms) of the Listing Regulations pursuant to amendment brought in by SEBI on September 07, 2021.

The Members of the Company, by way of postal ballot held on June 30, 2023, had granted approval for appointment of Mr. Swapan Kumar Chakraborty (DIN: 00458410) as Non- Executive, Independent Director of the Company for a term of 5 (five) years, w.e.f. March 31, 2023 up to March 30, 2028 and he is not liable to retire by rotation.

Mr. Swapan Kumar Chakraborty fulfills all conditions specified by applicable laws for the position of an Independent Director of the Company. Further, he has also confirmed that he is not disqualified from being appointed as Director under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013. A brief resume of the said Director including age, qualifications, experience, etc are separately annexed. The Members are, therefore, requested to grant their approval by way of passing Special Resolution for the continuation of directorship of Mr. Swapan Kumar Chakraborty as Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company up to March 30, 2028 not liable to retire by rotation.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives, except Mr. Swapan Kumar Chakraborty, with respect to their respective resolution, are in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the aforementioned resolutions. The Board of Directors recommends the Special Resolution set forth in Item No. 4 of the Notice for approval of the Members.

A brief justification for their continuation as Non-Executive Independent Directors on the Board of the Company is as under:

Mr. Swapan Kumar Chakraborty will be attaining the age of seventy-five (75) years and pursuant to Regulation 17(1A) of the Listing Regulations, the Special Resolution for continuation of his directorship is required to be passed. Considering the rich experience, expertise and valuable contribution made by Mr. Chakraborty to the Board of Directors of the Company, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company have recommended the continuation of Mr. Swapan Kumar Chakraborty as "Independent Director" of the Company.

Mr. Swapan Kumar Chakraborty is an Ex-banker of nationalized bank in India. Has vast experience in accounts and audit procedures. Considering the knowledge, acumen, expertise and experience his continuation of appointment on the Board of the Company as an Independent Director will be in the interest of the Company.

Item No. 5

As per Regulation 17(1A) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), no listed company shall appoint or continue the directorship of a Non-Executive Director who has attained the age of 75 (Seventy-Five) years, unless a Special Resolution is passed to that effect and justification thereof is indicated in the explanatory statement annexed to the Notice for such appointment. The Company being a Listed Entity is required to comply with the aforesaid provision



along with Regulation 16 to 27 (Corporate Governance Norms) of the Listing Regulations pursuant to amendment brought in by SEBI on September 07, 2021.

The Members of the Company, by way of postal ballot held on June 30, 2023, had granted approval for appointment of Dr. Sanghamitra Mukherjee (DIN: 07203827) as Non- Executive, Independent Director of the Company for a term of 5 (five) years, w.e.f. March 31, 2023 up to March 30, 2028 and he is not liable to retire by rotation.

Dr. Sanghamitra Mukherjee fulfills all conditions specified by applicable laws for the position of an Independent Director of the Company. Further, she has also confirmed that she is not disqualified from being appointed as Director under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013. A brief resume of the said Director including age, qualifications, experience, etc are separately annexed. The Members are, therefore, requested to grant their approval by way of passing Special Resolution for the continuation of directorship of Dr. Sanghamitra Mukherjee as Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company up to March 30, 2028 not liable to retire by rotation.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives, except Dr. Sanghamitra Mukherjee, with respect to their respective resolution, are in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the aforementioned resolutions. The Board of Directors recommends the Special Resolution set forth in Item No. 5 of the Notice for approval of the Members.

A brief justification for their continuation as Non-Executive Independent Directors on the Board of the Company is as under:

Dr. Sanghamitra Mukherjee will be attaining the age of seventy-five (75) years and pursuant to Regulation 17(1A) of the Listing Regulations, the Special Resolution for continuation of her directorship is required to be passed. Considering the rich experience, expertise and valuable contribution made by Dr. Mukherjee to the Board of Directors of the Company, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company have recommended the continuation of Dr. Sanghamitra Mukherjee as "Independent Director" of the Company.

Dr. Sanghamitra Mukherjee is an Ex-Principal of Premier College in Kolkata, West Bengal. She has vast administrative and governance experience. Considering the knowledge, acumen, expertise and experience her continuation of appointment on the Board of the Company as an Independent Director will be in the interest of the Company.

Item No. 6

Phoenix Overseas Limited (POL) is involved in the business of export of various products for the last 22 years. The promoters of POL are well experienced in this line of your Company's business segment. POL acts as a central procurement agency for BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited (BCPL) and it is treated as related parties. Since POL sources the same commodity for BCPL, your Company is able to take advantage of the large volumes at a better negotiated price for its comparatively smaller volume.

Section 188 of the Act and the applicable Rules framed thereunder provide that any Related Party Transaction will require prior approval of shareholders through ordinary resolution, if the aggregate value of transaction(s) amounts to 10% or more of the annual turnover of the Company as per last audited financial statements of the Company.

The value of proposed aggregate transactions with POL is likely to exceed the said threshold limit, and is expected to be around Rs 20 Crores during the financial year 2024-25.

Accordingly, transaction(s) entered into with BCPL comes within the meaning of Related Party transaction(s) in terms of provisions of the Act, applicable Rules framed thereunder read with the Listing Regulations.

Hence, approval of the shareholders is being sought for the said Related Party Transaction(s) proposed to be entered into by your Company with POL in the financial year 2024-25.



Pursuant to Rule 15 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended till date, particulars of the transactions with POL are as follows:

Sl.	Particulars	Remarks
1	Name of the Related Party	Phoenix Overseas Limited
2	Name of the Director or KMP who is related	Directors of POL and immediate relatives
3	Nature of Relationship	Associate company
4	Nature, material terms, monetary value and particulars of the contract or arrangement	Contract for purchase of raw material shall be on a continuous basis. Monetary value of proposed aggregate transactions during financial year 2024-25 is expected to be Rs. 20 Crore.
5	Any other information relevant or important for the members to take a decision on the proposed resolution	POL is an experienced player in the said market and can take advantage of the large volumes at a better negotiated price for its comparatively smaller volume negotiation, available with related party at a market price and justified from economies of scale point of view.

None of the other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their respective relatives except mentioned above is concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution. The Board of Directors recommends passing of the resolution as set out at item no. 6 of this Notice as an Ordinary Resolution.

Item No. 7

Pursuant to Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), a Company may advance any loan including any loan represented by book debt, or give any guarantee or provide any security in connection with any loan taken by any entity (said entity(ies) covered under the category of 'a person in whom any of the director of the Company is interested' as specified in the explanation to Section 185(2)(b) of the Companies Act, 2013, after passing a Special Resolution in the general meeting. It is proposed to make loan(s) including loan represented by way of Book Debt to, and/or give guarantee(s) and/or provide security(ies) in connection with any loan taken/to be taken by the Subsidiary Companies or Associate or Joint Venture or group entity or any other person in whom any of the Director of the Company is deemed to be interested as specified in the explanation to Section 185(2)(b) of the Act (collectively referred to as the "Entities"), from time to time, for the purpose of capital expenditure of the projects and/or working capital requirements including purchase of fixed assets as may be required from time to time for its principal business activities and other matters connected and incidental thereto, within the limits as mentioned in the Item no. 7 of the notice. The members may note that Board of Directors would carefully evaluate the proposals and provide such loan, guarantee or security through deployment of funds out of internal resources/accruals and/or any other appropriate sources, from time to time, and the proposed loan shall be at such rate of interest as agreed by the parties in the best interest of the Company and shall be used by the borrowing company for its principal business activities only. The Board of Directors recommend the resolution set forth in Item no. 7 of the notice for your approval as a Special Resolution. None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are in any way concerned with or interested, financially or otherwise in the said resolution except to the extent of their shareholding in the Company, if any.



Annexure to Items 3,4,5 of the Notice

Details of Directors seeking appointment subject to approval of the shareholders' Pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard 2 on General Meetings:

		a
Aparesh Nandı	Sanghamitra Mukherjee	Swapan Kumar
		Chakraborty
		Indian
	31 st March 2023	31 st March 2023
retire by rotation)		
Graduate	Doctorate	Post Graduate
Associated with BCPL since	Ex Principal of Premier	Ex banker of nationalized
its inception as Director of	College in Kolkata, West	bank in India. Has vast
the Company. Long term	Bengal. Has vast	experience in accounts and
experience in Electrification	administrative and	audit procedures
work, especially in technical	governance experience.	_
aspects. He is the pioneer in	-	
elevating the company to its		
current position.		
1319574 equity shares of Rs	Nil	Nil
10 each		
1 (Phoenix Overseas	1 (Phoenix Overseas	Nil
Limited)	Limited)	
,	<i>,</i>	
5 (five)	5 (five)	5 (five)
1 (Audit Committee member	1 (Audit Committee	2 (Stakeholders'
of Phoenix Overseas	member of Phoenix	Relationship Committee
Limited)	Overseas Limited)	Chairman and Audit
		Committee member)
Nil	Nil	Nil
Rs 11000/- per Board	Rs 11000/- per Board	Rs 11000/- per Board
meeting and Rs 7700/- per		meeting and Rs 7700/- per
	committee.	committee.
by him.		
	Graduate Associated with BCPL since its inception as Director of the Company. Long term experience in Electrification work, especially in technical aspects. He is the pioneer in elevating the company to its current position. 1319574 equity shares of Rs 10 each 1 (Phoenix Overseas Limited) 5 (five) 1 (Audit Committee member of Phoenix Overseas Limited) Nil Rs 11000/- per Board	IndianIndianIndianIndian26 th July 2023 (appointed on retire by rotation)31 st March 2023GraduateDoctorateAssociated with BCPL since its inception as Director of the Company. Long term experience in Electrification work, especially in technical aspects. He is the pioneer in elevating the company to its current position.Ex Principal of Premier College in Kolkata, West Bengal. Has vast administrative and governance experience.1319574 equity shares of Rs 10 eachNil1 (Phoenix Overseas Limited)1 (Phoenix Overseas Limited)5 (five)5 (five)1 (Audit Committee member of Phoenix Overseas Limited)1 (Audit Committee member of Phoenix Overseas Limited)NilNilRs 11000/- per Board meeting and Rs 7700/- perRs 11000/- per Board meeting and Rs 7700/- per

*Directorship includes Directorship of Public Companies & Committee membership includes only Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee of Public Limited Company (whether Listed or not).

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Chairman Non-Executive



Jayanta Kumar Ghosh Managing Director



Debasis Sircar Executive Director



Uday Narayan Singh Executive Director & CFO



Sudipta Kr Mukherjee Independent Director Non-Executive



Sanghamitra Mukherjee Independent Director Non-Executive



Swapan Kr Chakraborty Independent Director Non-Executive



Ranajit Kr Mondal Independent Director Non-Executive



INDEX

Content	Page No.
Message to Shareholders	3 - 4
Corporate Information	5 - 13
Five Year Financial Highlights	14 - 15
Board's Report	16 - 31
Annexures to the Board's Report	32 - 37
Secretarial Audit Report	38 - 40
Certificate on Non Disqualification of Directors'	41
Corporate Governance Report	42 - 62
Independent Auditors' Report on Corporate Governance	63
Independent Auditors' Report on Standalone Financial Statements	64 - 75
Annual Accounts - Standalone	77 - 107
Independent Auditors' Report on Consolidated Financial Statements	108 - 118
Annual Accounts - Consolidated	119 - 150



Dear Ladies and Gentlemen,

At the outset, we wish and pray that each one of you and your family members are in good health. Building trust among stakeholders, employees, vendors, and clients, has been central to our philosophy. By nurturing an emotional bond rather than a mere transactional relationship, we have been able to create a supportive and innovative environment. This atmosphere encourages our employees to think creatively, experiment and learn from failures, thereby fostering motivation and extract leadership qualities in their work. Our collective efforts ensure timely completion of projects, enduring success and a strong reputation.

Our ability to build long-term relationships with our stakeholders has also been a reason for our sustained growth. Our culture of accessibility, open communication, work-life balance, and enduring leadership qualities have been instrumental in driving and maintaining our esteemed position in the industry. Our strong cultural foundation has facilitated many successful ventures. We have demonstrated remarkable resilience in turbulent times and have collectively worked hard to our ability to perform in unprecedented circumstances, thereby, reducing the impact of inflation in input prices, transportation charges and overcome challenges resiliently. Our focus on quality of work, profitability, sustainable growth and completion of projects on time, has helped us to grow our business despite inflationary challenges.

During the FY 23-24, Railway Business of the Company has been able to perform satisfactorily in maintaining EBIDTA margin amidst overall inflationary conditions which has exerted some pressure. The top line was slightly affected because of delay in completion of procedures related with contracts under EPC system by the Railways. The top line is expected to register growth in the current fiscal year because of the newer projects and the overall buoyancy in the railways sector. The Management is taking all steps to protect the margins and is hopeful of maintaining the same because of the company's focus on key areas that may affect profitability.

BCPL's adherence to the policy of not compromising with the either the quality of work or margins has been appropriately rewarded by the market and it has been able to garner prestigious electrification projects from the Indian Railways at prices that would ensure steady growth of the Company. The Management's adept strategies and focused approach in targeting project completion has resulted in sustainability and growth.

BCPL has always adhered to the principle of serving the best quality infrastructural facility without compromise. We are one of the leading providers of

Railway Electrification infrastructure to the Indian Railways along with other large corporates, supporting and ensuring their efficient connectivity initiatives. This commitment to excellence has been the cornerstone of our success for the past 28 years.

It also gives us profound excitement to announce that the 300 TPD Rice Bran Oil Extraction project of the Company's subsidiary – BCL Bio Energy Private Limited is set to initiate its commercial operations by the later part of the calendar year 2024. Once commissioned, the plant would be a one of its kind facility in Burdwan that would be extracting both Rice Bran Oil & Rapeseed Oil from Rice Bran and Rapeseed oil cake respectively. Thus, the plant would help the small rapeseed oil mills around its vicinity to sell their byproducts of rapeseed oil cakes at better price points.

It has been a year of good progress, a year to set aside challenges and move towards considerable success – all of which we attribute to our team's diligent efforts. With the support of our stakeholders and the undaunted efforts of our employees and our strategic management abilities we have been able to achieve a steady business performance. BCPL's moto is *on time completion of projects maintaining best standard of performances.* Contributing towards promotion of green initiatives the company helps in running of trains with Electric Traction which in turn would reduce pollution and the country's dependence on imported fossil fuels.

Safety is of paramount importance in our area of work and we, at BCPL, are ever focused on improving the safety of our workers. During FY 2023-24, we have strictly implemented the 'STAY SAFE AND ZERO TOLERENCE' policy at work sites. Priority was given for establishing, maintaining, promoting, excellent safety standards and achieving 'Zero Accident' at work sites.

BCPL believes that all round development can be brought about by paying attention to regions, groups and people which are backward and have special needs and by helping citizens to acquire useful skills. To achieve this, the Company is funding all its CSR activities through 'BRIL Social Foundation' to ensure social, economic and cultural development of the weaker sections of the society, in the manner recommended by its CSR Committee, in line with the stipulations of the Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 and its CSR policy. The Company has identified CSR projects in promoting education, health care, sports development, skill development with particular emphasis on economically backward groups in areas around which the Company operates. Our CSR initiatives are also focused towards grooming freshers in the field of engineering to become industry ready through the internships conducted by BRIL Social Foundation.

We at BCPL are optimistic about the positive outcomes of the green shoots visible in the Indian Economy and especially in the Railway Infrastructure space. With this sense of optimism in mind the Board has decided to recommend payment of Dividend to the shareholders of the Company at the rate of Rs.0.70 per share for the financial year 2023-24. With these words, I would once again thank all our associates for deciding to be a part of our progressive journey.

Jayanta Kumar Ghosh Managing Director (DIN:00722445) BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited

ACHIEVING EFFICACY



Our Moto

"On time completion of projects maintaining the best standards of performances"



ENSURING ZERO ACCIDENT



MANDATORY COMPLIANCE OF SAFETY NORMS AT ALL UNITS

USE OF SAFETY GEARS
ADHERENCE TO SAFETY STANDARDS
ORGANISING OF PERIODICAL SAFETY TRAINING SESSIONS

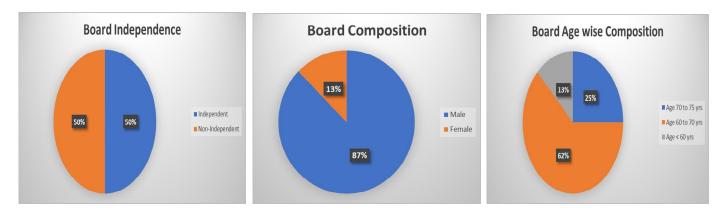
SAFETY VIGILANCE AND AUDIT
ZERO TOLERANCE TOWARDS ACCIDENTS



BCPL ANNUAL REPORT – 2023-24-6

GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK

Our fundamental corporate behaviour aims at conducting our business with integrity and the highest level of governance. We consistently uphold rigorous standards of governance that not only comply with applicable legislation but aim in serving the stakeholders considering the best standard of performances. Our governance practices prioritise maintaining an effective, well informed, and independent Board. The Board is responsible for our Company's management, strategic direction, and performance, with support from the Board Committees and the Management.



Board committees

Audit Committee	Stakeholders'	Compensation &	Corporate Social
	Relationship & Investor	Nomination &	Responsibility Committee
	Grievance Committee	Remuneration	
		Committee	
Ensure the integrity of our	Review of the	Recommending	Responsible for
Company's financial	Company's Investor	candidates for	formulating and
statements, internal	Service Standards and	directorship,	recommending a
control arrangements, and	addressing shareholders'	determining the	Corporate Social
compliance with legal and	grievances effectively.	remuneration structure	Responsibility (CSR)
regulatory requirements.		and evaluating their	Policy to the Board, in
Overseeing the statutory		performances.	terms of the applicable
auditors' performance,			laws, and overseeing its
qualifications, and			implementation.
independence.			
·			

Code of Conduct

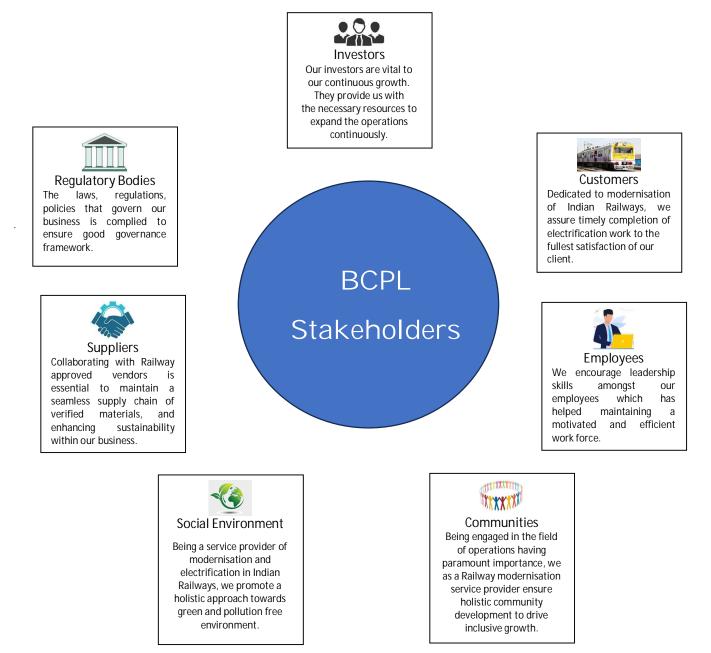
We maintain a code of conduct that applies to all Directors and senior management. The code emphasises on core values and principles while outlining expectations to act in accordance with the highest standards of integrity, independence and ethical behaviour.

Policies

The Company's policies serve as an enabling framework for realising our governance vision and ensuring transparency both within and outside the organisation. The policies may be viewed at <u>www.bcril.com</u>.

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP

We have been, in our journey, achieved numerous milestones, each creating incremental value for our stakeholders, thereby significantly impacting the industry. Building trust across our stakeholder is paramount to us. Therefore, we have embraced a comprehensive reporting approach to ensure transparency and provide stakeholders with a holistic view of our financial and non-financial performance. Our governance practices prioritise maintaining an effective, well informed, and transparent approach to ensure satisfied stakeholders with whom we enjoy longstanding ties that continue to endure. We believe that an enterprise and the society in which it operates are mutually dependent on each other and the growth of the industry is proportional to the equitable development of the country, its environment and its people, irrespective of religion, race, caste, creed and gender.



INSTALLATION OF OIL EXTRACTION PLANT

Rice Bran Oil Extraction

With profound excitement we declare that the oil extraction plant by the Company's subsidiary 'BCL Bio Energy Private Limited' is on the verge of starting its commercial production at its unit situated at Burdwan, West Bengal. The Solvent Extraction Process, when operative will extract Crude Rice Bran Oil from Rice Bran of 300 TPD and the residual cake called Deoiled Rice Bran. The Project will contribute to India's food security and Foreign Exchange Reserves as the country is a net importer of edible oils. Further the residual cake after extraction of oil is used as cattle feed and exported from India to countries like Bangladesh, Vietnam.

The management will endeavor to produce rice bran oil and rapeseed or mustard oil cake from the same plant which will ensure optimum utilization of the plant capacity. Further, the company shall have no issue regarding the selling point of the rapeseed or mustard cake since they already have a readily available overseas market. Soyabean extraction may also be taken into consideration at a later phase. This will also increase the profitability of the concern on a consolidated basis.



DISCHARGING CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES

An enterprise and the society in which it operates are mutually dependent on each other and the growth of the industry is proportional to the equitable development of the country, its environment and its people, irrespective of religion, race, caste, creed and gender. Your Company also believes that all round development can be brought about by paying attention to regions, groups and people that are backward and have special needs and by helping citizens to acquire useful skills. To this extent, your Company has directed all its funds in sourcing social activities performed by 'BRIL Social Foundation' in accordance with the provisions of law for fulfilling the aforesaid objective as laid out in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013, as recommended by its CSR Committee and approved by its Board of Directors on areas around which the Company operates.



Sports – Spreading the traditionFinancial assistance directly to trainees and 1st divisionof sports and physical fitnessfootball players of economically backward section

ENHANCING SKILL DEVELOPMENT UNDER CSR INITIATIVE

Our Social investments projects are targeted at socio-economic development for all, especially the talented yet marginalised population around our operational areas.

'OHE training' is a CSR Initiative of the Company organised in association with 'BRIL Social Foundation'. It plays a crucial role in training unskilled and semi-skilled ITI, Diploma and Bachelor degree students or students of similar trade in Electrification including 25KV overhead electrification works and other allied activities. Trainees are introduced to numerous products, procedures, techniques, soft skills and methods of interaction, design and drawings in order to increase their efficiency and earnings. They are also introduced to site working environment to give them insight into the actual on-job procedures. The training modules have been designed to provide both in-house and at site training facilities, so that the trainees can equip themselves for better opportunities in the future that will enable them to earn better. This ensures all-round betterment and growth of trainees in their profession.

Our initiative is also directed towards enhancing skills of talented youths in aiming at their socio-economic development. Our CSR initiatives are also focussed towards grooming freshers in the field of engineering to become industry ready through the internship programme conducted by BRIL Social Foundation.



BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24-11

PAN INDIA PRESENCE



On-going projectsCompleted projects

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Name of Director	DIN	Designation
Aparesh Nandi	00722439	Chairman
Jayanta Kumar	00722445	Managing
Ghosh		Director
Uday Narayan Singh	00722449	Executive
		Director & CFO
Debasis Sircar	09020911	Executive
		Director
Sanghamitra	07203827	Independent
Mukherjee		Director
Swapan Kumar	00458410	Independent
Chakraborty		Director
Sudipta Kumar	09022104	Independent
Mukherjee		Director
Ranajit Kumar	06430495	Independent
Mondal		Director

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee	
Name of Member	Designation
Sudipta Kumar Mukherjee	Chairman
Swapan Kumar Chakraborty	Member
Uday Narayan Singh	Member

Nomination & Remuneration Committee

Name of Member	Designation
Sanghamitra Mukherjee	Chairperson
Ranajit Kumar Mondal	Member
Aparesh Nandi	Member

Stakeholders Relationship & Investor Grievance Committee

Name of Member	Designation
Swapan Kumar Chakraborty	Chairman
Sudipta Kumar Mukherjee	Member
Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	Member

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

Name of Member	Designation
Swapan Kumar Chakraborty	Chairman
Sanghamitra Mukherjee	Member
Aparesh Nandi	Member

Internal Complaints Committee

Name of Member	Designation
Sanghamitra Mukherjee	Chairperson
Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	Member
Saakshi Singh	Member

AUDITORS

M/s. L B Jha & Co. B2/1, Gillander House, 8 Netaji Subhas Road Kolkata 700001

CONSORTIUM BANKERS Bank of India Bank of Baroda ICICI Bank Limited

WEBSITE www.bcril.com

INVESTOR MAIL ID investors@bcril.com

CORPORATE MAIL ID corp@bcril.com

CORPORATE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER L51109WB1995PLC075801

REGISTERED OFFICE 112 Raja Ram Mohan Roy Sarani, Kolkata 700009

GODOWN & WORKSHOP Village: Talbanda, P.O.: Jugberia, P.S. New Barrackpore, Dist 24 Parganas(North), West Bengal - 700110

REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENTS

Maheshwari Datamatics Pvt. Ltd. Registrar & Share Transfer Agent 23 R.N.Mukherjee Road 5th Floor Kolkata - 700001 Contact : 033-22482248, 2243-5029 E-mail: <u>mdpldc@yahoo.com</u>

COMPLIANCE OFFICER Ms Devshree Sinha 033-22190085, 033-22411814

LISTING OF EQUITY SHARES (Listing Fees paid)

BSE Limited

FINANCIAL YEAR

1ST April to 31st March

5 - YEAR FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS					
In ₹ Lacs (Except otherwise stated)					
Results	2023-24	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20
Operating Revenue	8793.39	12278.79	10,540.60	8290.93	12,704.04
Earnings Before Interest, Depreciation & Tax (EBIDTA)*	1038.81	1293.61	1179.91	1335.05	1,237.32
Other Income	269.64	271.29	218.54	202.72	222.28
Finance Cost	275.56	168.02	108.47	243.01	387.95
Depreciation	18.35	16.56	15.88	18.46	15.91
Profit Before Tax (PBT)	744.90	1109.03	1055.56	1,073.58	1,055.74
Тах	192.71	301.15	314.37	279.13	293.86
Profit After Tax	552.19	807.88	741.20	794.46	761.88

* Before Exceptional Items

Balance Sheet & Cash Flow Statement

Equity Capital	1672.36	1672.36	1672.36	1,672.36	1,672.36
Other Equity	7245.20	6773.26	6037.91	5377.63	4,603.38
Total Shareholders' Equity	8917.56	8445.62	7710.27	7,049.99	6,275.74
Borrowed Funds	1633.32	251.27	238.35	314.75	982.64
Return on Average Equity (%)	9.93%	10.08%	9.61%	11.92%	12.71%
Operating Cash Flow	18.03	166.63	438.00	1670.13	(555.13)

Data per share

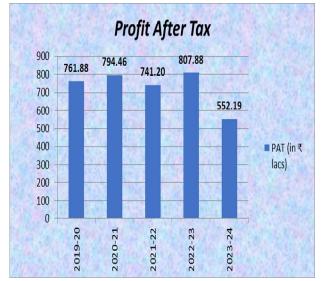
Earnings per Share (₹)	3.30	4.83	4.43	4.75	4.56
Dividend per Share (₹)**	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.60

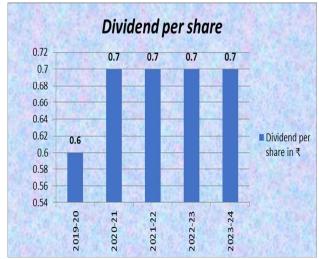
Order book position as at March closing	18062.00	14520.45	16,662.25	13,082.21	15,246.31
Market Capitalisation as at March Closing	16546.37	6268.02	6296.44	11,321.90	6,689.45
No of Employees	84	90	87	75	84

• Figures of the FY23, FY22, FY21 and FY20 is as per IND AS.

GRAPHICAL PRESENTATION OF CERTAIN KEY FINANCIAL PARAMETERS













- Your Company is listed on the BSE Limited from October, 2018.
- Figures of the FY23, FY22, FY21 and FY20 is as per IND AS and for the FY 19 is as per AS.

Board's Report - 2023 – 24

Dear Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024.

Financial Results (Standalone)

	(In ₹ Lacs)			
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23		
Profit before	1038.81	1293.61		
Exceptional Items,				
Depreciation, Finance				
cost and Tax				
Less: Depreciation and	18.35	16.56		
Amortisation expenses				
Finance cost	275.56	168.02		
Profit Before Tax	744.90	1109.03		
Less: Tax Expense	192.71	301.15		
Profit After Tax	552.19	807.88		
Add: Other	34.58	43.17		
Comprehensive				
Income (loss)				
Total Comprehensive	586.77	851.05		
income				
Key Ratios				
Earnings per share (₹)	3.30	4.83		
Dividend per share (₹)	0.70	0.70		

Performance Highlights

Consolidated Performance Highlights of the Company are as follows:

			(In ₹ Lacs)
Particulars	FY 24	FY 23	Change
Revenue	9064.36	12550.08	(-)28%
EBIDTA	1030.61	1288.92	(-)20%
EBIDTA - %	11.36%	10.27%	11%
Profit Before	728.41	1103.82	(-)34%
Тах			.,
Profit After	535.70	802.67	(-)33%
Тах	555.70	002.07	()5570

Operating Performance

The Railway Business of the Company has been able to perform satisfactorily in maintaining EBIDTA margin amidst overall inflationary conditions which has exerted some pressure. The top line was slightly affected because of delay in completion of procedures related with contracts under EPC system by the Railways. Your Company adopted a focussed approach in targeting project completion and it is of the firm view that the business of the Company would register growth in the current fiscal because of the new orders and the overall buoyancy in the railways segment. The Management is taking all steps to protect the margins and is hopeful of maintaining the same because of the company's focus on key areas that may affect the profitability.

However, the management of the Company shall continue to keep constant vigil on the present geo political situation which has emerged as a very strong risk factor in the global business environment.

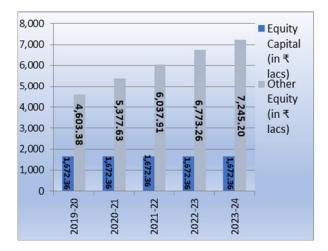
The Management of the Company is optimistic about the plans of the Government towards investment in the infrastructure sector of the country and hopes to bag significant quantum of orders from the Railways.

The inflationary trend in the global economy especially in ferrous and copper materials resulted in volatile markets. The Management has been able to sustain the adversities mainly on account of price variation claims with the Railway Authorities and the hedging techniques adopted to mitigate the inflationary pressures. Despite the inflationary pressures the business is expected to perform in line with macro-economic trends in the country. Your Company is one of the leading providers of Railway Electrification infrastructure to the Indian Railways directly and to large corporates as well, to support their efficient connectivity initiatives.

Considering the efforts and plans of the Central Government for the Railways, in construction of double, third and fourth lines along the existing routes to facilitate movement of high-speed trains, laying of new routes especially in the tough terrain of the North-Eastern part of the country and Integration of postal and railway networks, enormous opportunities in the foreseeable future may be expected for the company. New Vande Bharat Routes are being introduced at regular intervals and Dedicated Freight Corridor routes are being expanded with increased speeds. All these initiatives would entail huge investments in the Railways for practically overhauling or strengthening the existing infrastructure comprising of tracks, signaling and electrification.

Shareholders' Fund

Your Company has been able to keep increasing its member's funds despite all challenges faced during the financial year. This has been made possible because of the extreme hard work, dedication and sincerity of the Company's work force, and efficient completion of Railway Electrification Projects.



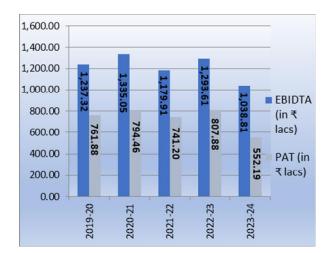
Share Capital

The Authorised Share Capital of your Company as on March 31, 2024 stood at ₹180,000,000 divided into 18,000,000 equity shares of ₹10/each. The Issued Share Capital of your Company is ₹167,236,380 divided into 16,723,638 equity shares of ₹10/- each and the subscribed and paid-up capital is ₹167,236,380 divided into 16,723,638 equity shares of ₹10/- each fully paidup.

Earnings

Despite the inflationary challenges your Company has been able to perform satisfactorily in maintaining EBIDTA margin during the FY 24.

The Management of the Company took the adversities in their stride and made all out efforts for improvement of the Company's operating efficiencies. This has been possible with the overall improvement in the productivity of the Company's work force and the initiatives taken by the Government of India to infuse liquidity in the economy by spending more in infrastructural sectors.



Dividends

The Board of Directors have recommended a final dividend of ₹ 0.70 (7%) per equity share of ₹10 each for the financial year ended 31^{st} March, 2024, subject to approval of shareholders. The outflow on account of dividend, if approved, would be ₹ 117.06 lacs.



Details of the dividend payment schedule is provided in Annexure-4. The Company has transferred ₹ 437.34 lacs to the Retained Earnings during the financial year 2023-24.

In terms of the provisions of Section 124 of the Act, till date no amount is due for transfer to the Investor Education and Protection Fund, in respect of dividend amounts lying unclaimed or unpaid for more than seven years from the date they became due.

Pursuant to the changes introduced by the Finance Act, 2020 in the Income-tax, Act 1961, the dividend paid or distributed by a Company shall be taxable in the hands of the shareholders. Accordingly, in compliance with the said provisions, your Company shall make the payment after necessary deduction of tax at source.

Management Discussion & Analysis

Economic Scenario

The world has been facing geopolitical tensions, supply chain disruptions and many other unpredictable headwinds that has been reshaping the contours of our lives and livelihoods. The global economy is continuously reshaping itself faced with multiple challenges emanating from elevated inflation, tight monetary and financial conditions, escalating geopolitical tensions, rising geoeconomic fragmentation, routes, high public debt burdens and financial instability.

The Indian Economy has shown resilience, drawing upon the innate strength of its underlying fundamentals and supported by a prudent and favourable policy mix. The supportive policy initiatives include Infrastructure development, easing of supply side bottlenecks through easier access to credit, relief to the infrastructural sector especially to MSMEs and other direct tax measures. A significant increase in capital expenditure on infrastructure by the Government to prepare the economy for a sustained long-term expansion. The Government emphasised on a strong and resilient social infrastructure through 'Aatma Nirbhar Bharat Abhiyan' packages and other sector specific initiatives aimed at reskilling population, as with building skills and providing employment and livelihood to one of the largest labour forces in the world.

Industry outlook

Projects relating to transport and logistics infrastructure in the National Infrastructure Pipeline will be aligned with PM GatiShakti framework, especially funding development projects in the North-Eastern region. The PMprogram intended GatiShakti is as transformative approach to economic growth and sustainable development driven by seven engines, namely, Roads, Railways, Airports, Ports, Mass Transport, Waterways, and Logistics Infrastructure supported and by the complementary roles of Energy Transmission, IT Communication, Bulk Water & Sewerage, and Social Infrastructure. The joint efforts of the government and the private sector is expected to create job and entrepreneurial opportunities for all, especially the youth.

Infrastructure development projects by Railways often see delay in completion and cost escalation. This shows inefficiency in project execution, which has a negative impact on budgetary requirements as well as operations. Despite facing the unprecedented delay in project completion and inflationary challenges Indian railways (IR) has not only been able to move millions of people but has also been able to keep national supply chain running. With over 68,102 route kms IR strives to provide a safe, efficient, competitive and world class transport system. IR is introducing the one-station-oneproduct concept to help local businesses and supply chains. New Vande Bharat trains are being developed and manufactured for better energy efficiency and passenger riding experience. As a part of Atmanirbhar Bharat, 2,000 km of network will be brought under Kavach, the indigenous world-class technology for safety and capacity augmentation. Further, 100 cargo terminals for multimodal logistics facilities will also be developed during the next few years.



In order to provide better amenities IR has embarked on providing Wi-Fi internet services at all stations (excluding halt stations). In addition to the above, projects connecting via difficult terrain and the rail network connecting all capitals of the north eastern states are ongoing.

The National Rail Plan lays down the road map for capacity expansion of the railway network by 2030 to cater to growth up to 2050. It envisages the creation of a future ready railway system that is able to not only meet the passenger demand but also increase the freight corridors from the present level. IRs capital expenditure includes investments for constructing new lines, procuring wagons, doubling of lines, and renewing tracks.

Opportunities and Threats

A lot of emphasis is given to Railway Electrification in recent years with a view to reduce the Nation's dependence on imported petroleum based energy and to enhance the country's energy security, with a vision of providing eco-friendly, faster and energy efficient mode of transportation, keeping in mind the huge cost savings and considerable reduction in carbon foot print. Railways will develop new products and efficient logistics services for small farmers, and small and medium enterprises. It will also take steps towards integration of postal and railway networks to provide seamless solutions for movement of parcels. 100 PM-GatiShakti Cargo Terminals for multimodal logistics facilities will be developed over the next three years. Multimodal connectivity between mass urban transport and railway stations will be facilitated on priority. New-generation Vande Bharat trains will be manufactured over the next few years. 2,000 kms of network will be brought under Kavach, the indigenous technology for safety and capacity augmentation. 'One Station-One Product' concept will be popularised to help local businesses and supply chains.

Aided by the Government policy and initiatives your Company foresees a very bright future for organisations which are providing dedicated services for the Railway Electrification Eco System. Your Company faced the bottlenecks created by uncertainties due to inflationary conditions and volatile logistic pricing thereby causing supply chain disruptions and project extensions. The inflationary trend in the global economy especially in ferrous and copper materials as well as increasing rates of freight has resulted in a volatile pricing mechanism. However, the Management has been able to overcome the adversities mainly on account price variation claims with the Railway Authorities and adept hedging strategies.

Further, issues like the inadequate availability of skilled labour at certain work sites posed a challenge for the Company. However, your Company is poised to mitigate such problems through, efficient workforce management, adept leadership qualities, quick decision making and internal control system.

To sum up, it may be stated that digitization, planning and execution coupled with skilled workforce and robust internal control system may help in mitigating the risks associated with the business.

Company's Operations

Your Company's consistent focus on transforming challenges into opportunities has been the pivot which has enabled the Company to do well even during tough times. The inherent challenges brought about by geographical tensions followed by global inflation made it imperative that we focus on our strengths and look for all available opportunities. The Company's tremendous progress over the past decade has been possible because of an organizational culture that encourages and rewards team endeavours and value to the customer. The ability of the teams to consistently craft and execute winning strategies while ensuring that the corporate governance standards are maintained at the highest levels have ensured robust and consistent growth of the Company. Despite the undeniable challenges, your company has been agile and focussed to adapt to the new normal with understanding of

the core values of business entrenched in team, technology and techniques more than ever, thus strengthening its position in the industry.

Your company has a dedicated team of inhouse design engineers, to lay out the drawings and plan of execution as per the specifications of the Indian Railways.

Your Company has a pan India presence in executing electrification projects and traction substation work under Indian Railways. It has a strong order book position with path-breaking orders in the railway electrification segment received from Indian Railways as well as the Rail Vikas Nigam Limited (RVNL), Rail Infrastructure Development Company (Karnataka) Limited (K-Ride), Military Engineering Services (MES), WEBEL (West Bengal Electronics Industry Development Corporation Limited) and Tata Steel Limited.

Subsidiary Company - BCL Bio Energy Private Limited Rice Bran Oil Extraction

Keeping in mind BCPL's objective of contributing to India's foreign exchange reserves directly or Company's subsidiary indirectly, the is endeavouring to enter the Rice Bran Oil sector for extracting oil from Rice Bran through the Solvent Extraction Process. The Project would contribute to India's food energy and Foreign Exchange Reserves as the country is a net importer of edible oils. Further the residual cake after extraction of oil is Deoiled Rice Bran, used as cattle feed and exported from India to countries like Bangladesh, Vietnam. The 300 TPD Rice Bran Oil Extraction project is set to initiate its commercial production by the later part of the of the calendar year 2024. The Management will endeavour to produce rice bran oil and rapeseed or mustard oil cake from the same plant which will ensure optimum utilization of the plant capacity. No issues shall arise regarding the selling point of the rapeseed or mustard cake since they already have a readily available overseas market.

Once operational, the plant would create a one of its kind facility in Burdwan that would be extracting both Rice Bran Oil & Rapeseed Oil from Rice Bran and Rapeseed oil cake respectively. Thus, the plant would help the small rapeseed oil mills around its vicinity to sell their products at better price points.

Details of subsidiary in Form AOC-1 is provided in Annexure 1.

Consolidated Financial Statements

The duly audited Consolidated Financial Statements as required under the Indian Accounting Standard 110, provisions of Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations and Section 136 of the Act have been prepared after considering the audited financial statements of your Company's subsidiaries and appear in the Annual Report of the Company for the FY 23-24.

Focus, Outlook and Future Projections

Your Company focus on Railway Electrification has been able to carve a niche for itself in the field, whereby it has become a highly acceptable partner for the Railways. This has been possible because of the Company's focus on efficient execution management system.

The Indian Railway ecosystem is evolving and getting upgraded with previously unimaginable pace and commitment. New Vande Bharat Routes are being introduced every passing day and Dedicated Freight Corridor routes are being expanded with increased speeds. All these initiatives would entail huge investments in the Railways for strengthening the existing infrastructure comprising of tracks, signaling and electrification so that the dream of making the Indian Railways one of the best in the world is realized sooner than later.

The North eastern region of the country is relatively backward in terms of the reach of the Railways and the Central government of the day is committed to eradicating this weakness by implementing railway projects in the North Eastern states.

Considering the efforts and plans of the central government for the Railways, the sector assumes the importance of being a sunrise sector of the present decade.

Your Company's subsidiary, BCL Bio Energy Private Limited (BCL) is at the verge of commencing its commercial production of an Edible oil production facility that will enable production of Rice Bran oil at Burdwan, West Bengal. The project is envisaged for extraction of Crude Rice Bran Oil from Rice Bran of 300 TPD and the residual cake called Deoiled Rice Bran. The Unit is located in the Burdwan District of West Bengal about 100 kms from Kolkata. The promoters are well experienced in the trade of food grains through their export business of animal feed exports. Crude Rice Bran Oil is a high demand product and is readily saleable to oil refineries. The residual product Deoiled Rice Bran is used as cattle feed will be exported to Bangladesh, Vietnam and various other countries. The Management will endeavour to produce rice bran oil and rapeseed or mustard oil cake from the same plant which will ensure optimum utilization of the plant capacity. No issues shall arise regarding the selling point of the rapeseed or mustard cake since they already have a readily available overseas market. Soyabean extraction may also be taken into consideration at a later phase. This will also increase the profitability of the concern on a consolidated basis. The project is viable considering the availability of raw material within the vicinity of the unit i.e. Burdwan District, West Bengal and the huge demand for Rice Bran Oil and Deoiled Rice Bran in the state of West Bengal. The unit is also capable of producing soya bean and rapeseed oil which are high value addition products.

The subsidiary's function will be in line with the Company's philosophy of contributing to the country's Foreign Exchange through reduced outflows and dependence on imported oil and by controlling inflation caused by price fluctuations. Hence, the benefits of such a venture may be seen as,

- Reducing significant burden on the government's exchequer
- Reducing dependence on the international market for edible oils
- Controlling price volatility of edible oil affecting both the consumers and producers.
- Encouraging use of Rice bran, a highly nutritious product that has numerous well-known health benefits.
- Encouraging MSME rapeseed oil mills around its vicinity to sell their products at better price points.

As you are aware that the availability of raw materials, Rice Bran which is a by-product of rice after its milling, is grown in abundance in Burdwan District of West Bengal. So, it is hoped that the present venture will also promote employment generation in the region.

The 300 TPD Rice Bran Oil Extraction project is set to initiate its commercial production by the later part of the of the calendar year 2024. The project is at the verge of starting its commercial operations and its working may be expected to show up in the second half accounts of FY24-25 onwards.

Risks and Concerns

The Management of the Company endeavours to identify elements of risk in different areas of operations and to develop mechanism for initiating actions required to mitigate the risks. The Management on a timely basis informs the Board about risks along with measures that they propose to take in order to mitigate the risks.

The Company has a Risk Management policy approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors. The Policy provides a framework for identification of risks inherent in the business operations of the Company, and devises mitigation methods in a dynamic manner and on a continuous basis which are periodically reviewed and modified considering the size and complexity of the business and the regulatory as well as business requirements. The hedging policy laying down the technique, guidelines and procedures to mitigate the risk from high volatile as well as high value items forms part of the Risk Management policy. This hedging tool is devised for mitigating risk due to price fluctuation. The Risk Management Policy can be viewed at the following web link: https://www.bcril.com

Due to inflationary pressures, there were some uncertainties/ disruptions in the supply chains, availability of labour and their movement. Your Company continues to provide special attention to these areas requiring flexibility of operations and quick decision making.

Operational Efficiency

Your Company is constantly directing its efforts towards efficiency enhancement in all fronts starting from administrative office to project locations.

Your Company has also started various programmes for training the work force in achieving improvements in micro level efficiency.

Your Company also encourages leadership skills amongst its employees which have helped maintaining a motivated and efficient work force.

Safety

Your Company has, as a policy, always strived to ensure safety and security of its work force. Safety is of paramount importance in our area of work and we, at BCPL, are ever focussed on improving the safety of our workers and the safety of lives. With a view to achieve this, your Company constantly organises training programmes to inform employees about the ways and means of working under strict safe conditions. Your Company procures the best safety gears comprising of helmets, safety belts and undertakes regular safety checks to ensure that the rules are followed. The Company has a dedicated safety officer to ensure compliance with rules.

We have been vigilant at site in line with the health and safety policy and rules framed thereunder and ensured strict implementation of the 'STAY SAFE' policy and the 'ZERO TOLERENCE' policy towards slackness in maintaining safety at work site. We encourage virtual meetings at site offices at all levels, be it internal and/or client or stakeholders' meetings.

Quality Control

Your Company is aware of its responsibility towards the delivery of a safe Railway Electrification Eco System for the safety of property and the masses who use the services of the Railways for meeting their transport requirements.

With a view to achieving the best standards in its construction efforts the Company has in place a system of checks and balances whereby the work performed by its employees is thoroughly checked by trained engineers in terms of safety standards set by the Railway Administration.

Your Company depends on vendors approved by RESEARCH DESIGNS & STANDARDS ORGANISATION (RDSO) for procuring equipment required in execution of projects. Further your Company has a system of identifying its vendors based on their credibility in terms of timely delivery of quality products.

Considering the ambitious plans of the Government towards Railway Electrification, timely procurement may play out as a key factor towards timely project completion. In order to address any risk involved, your Company takes further precautions by constantly developing vendor base so that in the event of a scarcity in



supply of equipment the challenge can be effectively dealt with.

Further the Board of Directors have laid down a standard procurement policy for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business. The Policy provides a framework for procurement of materials as may be required by issuing purchase orders pursuant to these standard terms and conditions, thereby devising mitigation methods for orderly supply chains and for operating standard negotiating terms. The Procurement Policy can be viewed at the following web link: <u>https://www.bcril.com</u>.

Environment

The aim of your Company is to develop business while improving its environmental performance in creating a more sustainable future. In order to achieve this, your Company continues to focus on measures for the conservation and optimal utilization of energy in all the areas of its operations. Work Sites are encouraged to consistently improve operational efficiencies, minimize consumption of natural resources and reduce water, energy consumption and carbon emissions while maximizing productivity.

Adopting the use of digitisation in our business operations is encouraged by arranging virtual meetings at all levels, be it internal with the employees and work sites or Railway personnel, client or other stakeholders.

Health of Employees

Your Company recognises the importance of maintaining health of its employees who work away from home for considerable lengths of time. With a view to providing the best medical facilities to its employees, whenever required, your Company has tied up with a Group Medical/ Accidental Insurance provider for its employees to avail the best medical attention without worrying about the cost.

In the past few years, we have learnt to be vigilant and be aware of health, hygiene and cleanliness at home and at work places. Your Company provided remote specialised training at various units through video conferencing and ensured personal hygiene, safe work habits and best practices in sanitation and disinfection in the work place.

Your Company is taking the utmost care of its staff and work force. Measures taken at all units of the Company include,

• Display of Posters regarding safety rules to be followed. Awareness at prominent places of all business units.

• Periodical conduct of safety vigilance and safety audit.

• Adopting 'Zero tolerance' for safety issues.

• Insuring employees against Accidents/injuries.

Directors' Responsibility Statement

Your Directors wish to inform that the Audited Accounts containing Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024 are in full conformity with the requirements of the Act.

They believe that the Financial Statements reflect fairly, the form and substance of transactions carried out during the year and reasonably present your Company's financial condition and results of operations.

Your Directors further confirm that in preparation of the Annual Accounts:

i) The applicable accounting standards have been followed and wherever required, proper explanations relating to material departures have been given,

ii) The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period,

iii) Proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities,

iv) The Accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis,

v) The Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and



ensure that such internal financial controls are adequate and operating effectively,

vi) The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure proper compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and these systems are adequate and operating effectively.

Corporate Governance

Your Company re-affirms its commitment to the standards of corporate governance. This Annual Report carries a Section on Corporate Governance and benchmarks your Company with the relevant provisions of the Listing Regulations.

Pursuant to the Listing Regulations, as amended, a certificate obtained from a Practising Company Secretary certifying that the Directors of the Company are not debarred or disqualified from being appointed or to continue as directors of the companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India/Ministry of Corporate Affairs, forms part of the report as Annexure 6 to the Corporate Governance Report.

In terms of Section 204 of the Act read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 (as amended), your Board at its meeting held on 14th August, 2023 appointed Messrs TP & Associates, Company Secretaries (ACS-49208 COP No.22187) as the Secretarial Auditor to conduct audit of the secretarial records for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024 and to submit the Secretarial Audit Report.

The Secretarial Audit Report as received from Messrs TP & Associates, Company Secretaries in the prescribed Form No. MR-3 is annexed to this Board's Report and marked as Annexure 5.

In terms of Regulation 34 of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter "Listing Regulations"), a Report on Corporate Governance along with Compliance Certificate issued by Statutory Auditors of the Company is attached as Annexure 8 and forms integral part of this Report (hereinafter "Corporate Governance Report").

Secretarial Auditors and Secretarial Standards

Messrs TP & Associates, Practising Company Secretaries, have been appointed as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company with effect from 14th August, 2023. The report of the Secretarial Auditor is enclosed with this report and forms part of this report.

During the year under review, the Company has duly complied with the applicable provisions of the Secretarial Standards on meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI).

Policy on Appointment and Remuneration of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

The Company has formulated a Remuneration Policy pursuant to the provisions of Section 178 and other applicable provisions of the Act and Rules thereof. There has been no change in the said policy during the financial year ended 31st March, 2024. The Policy is available at the following web link: <u>https://www.bcril.com</u>.

Qualification or Reservations in the Statutory/Secretarial Audit Reports

Your Board has the pleasure of confirming that no qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer has been made by the Statutory Auditors and the Company Secretary in Practice in their Audit Reports issued to the members of the Company.

Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

Your Company's Board is duly constituted and in compliance with the requirements of the Act, the Listing Regulations and provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company. Your Board has been constituted with requisite diversity, wisdom, expertise and experience commensurate to the scale of operations of your Company.

Composition of Board

The Board comprises 8 Directors of which, 3 are Executive Directors (2 of whom are part of the promoter group), 1 is Non-Executive (part of the promoter group) and 4 are Non-Executive, Independent Directors. The composition of the



Board is in conformity with Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations read with Section 149 of the Act.

Structure of the Board of Directors

Name of Director	Executive/ Non-Executive	Inde pend ent	Lady
Aparesh Nandi	Non-Executive	No	No
Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	Executive	No	No
Uday Narayan Singh	Executive	No	No
Debasis Sircar	Executive	No	No
Sanghamitra Mukherjee	Non-Executive	Yes	Yes
Swapan Kumar Chakraborty	Non-Executive	Yes	No
Sudipta Kumar Mukherjee	Non-Executive	Yes	No
Ranajit Kumar Mondal	Non-Executive	Yes	No

Meetings of the Board

During the year 2023-2024, the Board of Directors met 5 (Five) times. For details of the meetings of the Board of Directors, please refer to the Corporate Governance Report.

Changes in Board Composition

Details of Directors' appointment/reappointment and change in board composition during the financial year under review are as follows:

Name of Director Designation & Category	Reason and date of appointment/reappointment/ retirement/ resignation
Mr Aparesh	Mr Aparesh Nandi
Nandi	(DIN:00722439), Non-
	Executive Chairman, Non-
Non-Executive	Independent Director of the
Chairman/	Company retired by rotation
Promoter (Non-	and was re-appointed
Independent)	pursuant to Section 152(6) of
independenty	the Act at the 26 th Annual
	General Meeting held on 8 th
	August, 2022. He is due to

	retire by rotation at the
	ensuing Annual General
	Meeting and being eligible,
	offers himself for re-
	appointment pursuant to
	Section 152(6) of the Act.
Dr Sanghamitra	Dr Sanghamitra Mukherjee
Mukherjee	(DIN-07203827) was reappointed as an Independent
Independent	Director in terms of the
Director	provisions of Sections 149, 150
DIFECTOR	and 152 and other applicable
	provisions, if any of the
	Companies Act, 2013 for a
	period of five consecutive years
	with effect from 31 st March
	2024, and approved by the
	Members of the Company at
	the AGM dated 26 th July 2023.
	Approval of the shareholders is
	sought for continuation as a
	non-executive independent
	director till 30 th March 2028,
	under Regulation 17(1A) of the
	SEBI(LODR) Regulations, 2015.
Mr Swapan	Mr Swapan Kr Chakraborty
Kumar	(DIN-00458410) was
Chakraborty	reappointed as an
5	Independent Director in terms
Independent	of the provisions of Sections
Director	149, 150 and 152 and other
	applicable provisions, if any of
	the Companies Act, 2013 for a
	period of five consecutive
	years with effect from 31 st
	March 2024, and approved by
	the Members of the Company
	at the AGM dated 26 th July 2023. Approval of the
	shareholders is sought for continuation as a non-
	executive independent
	director till 30 th March 2028,
	under Regulation 17(1A) of the
	SEBI(LODR) Regulations, 2015.
	SEDILLODK) REGULATIONS, 2015.

Independent Directors

In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors possess the attributes of integrity, expertise and experience as required to be



disclosed under Rule 8(5)(iiia) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended).

The following are the independent directors of the Company:

- 1. Dr Sanghamitra Mukherjee
- 2. Mr Swapan Kumar Chakraborty
- 3. Mr Sudipta Kumar Mukherjee
- 4. Mr Ranajit Kumar Mondal

The Company has received declarations from Independent Directors that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed u/s 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and as required under the Listing Regulations. In the opinion of the Board, they fulfil the condition for appointment/ reappointment as Independent Directors on the Board.

The Board of Directors confirms that the Independent Directors have affirmed compliance with the Code for Independent Directors as prescribed in Schedule IV to the Act and also with the Company's Code of Conduct applicable to all the Board Members and Senior Management Personnel of the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024.

The Company arranges detailed presentations on various business aspects to familiarise the Independent directors about the different aspects of the prevailing business environment, economy, performance of the Company and its strategies.

Statement of Evaluation of Board of Directors and Committees thereof

Your Company understands the requirements of an effective Board Evaluation process and accordingly conducts the Performance Evaluation every year in respect of the following:

- i. Board of Directors as a whole.
- ii. Committees of the Board of Directors.

iii. Individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

In compliance with the requirements of the provisions of Section 178 of the Act, the Listing Regulations and the Guidance Note on Board Evaluation issued by SEBI, your Company has

carried out a performance evaluation process internally for the Board/Committees of the Board/Individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board of Directors for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024.

The key objectives of conducting the Board Evaluation process were to ensure that the Board and various Committees of the Board have appropriate composition of Directors and they have been functioning collectively to achieve common business goals of your Company. Similarly, the key objective of conducting performance evaluation of the Directors through individual assessment and peer assessment was to ascertain if the Directors actively participate in the Board/Committee Meetings and contribute to achieve the common business goals of the Company. The Directors carry out the aforesaid performance evaluation in a confidential manner and provide their feedback on a rating scale of 1-5.

This year too, the outcome of such performance evaluation exercise was discussed at a separate Meeting of the Independent Directors held on 30th March, 2024 and was later tabled at the Board Meeting held on 28th May, 2024. After completion of internal evaluation process, it was noted that the Board and the Committees are working effectively.

Pursuant to Section 178(3) of the Act and Regulation 17(6) of the Listing Regulations, the Remuneration Committee is entrusted with responsibility of formulating criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of an independent director. This can be viewed at <u>https://www.bcril.com</u>.

Committees of the Board

A. Audit Committee

The Board of Directors of your Company has duly constituted an Audit Committee in compliance with the provisions of Section 177 of the Act, the Rules framed thereunder read with Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee have been duly approved by the Board of Directors.



During the year under review, the Audit Committee comprised Independent Directors, namely, Mr. Sudipta Kumar Mukherjee (Chairman), Mr. Swapan Kumar Chakraborty (Member) and Mr. Uday Narayan Singh, Executive Director & CFO. Powers and role of the Audit Committee are included in Corporate Governance Report. All the recommendations made by the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board of Directors.

Whistle Blower Policy

In terms of the provisions of Section 177 of the Act and the Rules framed therein read with Regulation 22 of the Listing Regulations, your Company has a vigil mechanism in place for directors and employees of the Company through which genuine concern regarding issues relating to inappropriate various functioning of the organisation can be raised. The Whistle Blower Policy has been uploaded in the website of the Company at https://www.bcril.com.

The Vigil Mechanism of your Company is governed by the 'Whistle Blower Policy' Mechanism, which provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of director(s)/ employee(s) who avail of the mechanism and also provides for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases.

C. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Company has a Nomination & Remuneration Committee. The details of the committee are given in the Report on Corporate Governance – Annexure 7.

C. Stakeholders' Relationship and Investor Grievance Committee

The Company has a Stakeholders' Relationship and Investor Grievance Committee. The details of the committee are given in the Report on Corporate Governance – Annexure 7.

D. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The Company has a Corporate Social

Responsibility Committee. The details of the committee are given in the Report on Corporate Governance – Annexure 7. A report on the CSR activities/initiatives undertaken by the Company is provided in Annexure 2.

Your Company has spent the entire amount of ₹21.59 lacs during the year 2023-24 as against its 2% obligation through donation to 'BRIL Social Foundation', a section 8 company. Your Directors ensure that all funds are directly used for the CSR activities as per the directives of the CSR committee and in accordance with the CSR policy the Company. The Corporate Social of Responsibility Policy has been uploaded in the of Company website the at https://www.bcril.com.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment

Your Company had framed a policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at workplace pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 which commits to provide a workplace that is free from all forms of discrimination, including sexual harassment. The Policy can be viewed at the following weblink: https://www.bcril.com.

Pursuant to 134(3)(q) read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the Company has complied with the provisions relating to constitution of Internal Complaint Committee (ICC) under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. As per the Policy, any complaint received shall be forwarded to an Internal Complaint Committee ("ICC") formed under the Policy for redressal. The investigation shall be carried out by ICC constituted for this purpose. From the date of inception, there has been no such complaint received.

Familiarization Programme for Independent Directors

The Company believes that the best training is imparted when dealing with actual roles and responsibilities on the job. To this extent, the Company arranges detailed presentation by Key



Functional Heads on various aspects including the business environment. economy, performance of the Company, industry scenario, financial controls, the Company's strategy, safety policy and practices at work sites etc. Visits to the Company's works are also undertaken from time to time. Details of Familiarization Programmes imparted during the year under review has been available the following weblink: at https://www.bcril.com.

Business Responsibility

Creating shared value is your Company's fundamental way of working and contributing to society while ensuring long-term business success. Your Company has been conducting business in a way that delivers long-term shareholder value and benefits to society.

Statutory Auditors

Messrs. L B Jha & Co., Chartered Accountants was appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company in the 25th AGM held on 12th August 2021 for a period of 5 years till 2025-26.

The report of the Statutory Auditors M/s. L B Jha & Co. alongwith notes to Schedules is enclosed with this report. The observations made in the Auditors' Report are self-explanatory and therefore do not call for any further comments.

Listing with Stock Exchanges

Your Company is listed with BSE Limited and has paid the listing fees to the Exchange. Your Company was listed with the SME Exchange of BSE Limited and migrated to the main board of the BSE Limited on the 4th January, 2021. The address of the Stock Exchange and other information for shareholders are given in this Annual Report.

Cost Accounts and Cost Auditors

Cost audit applicability provisions are contained under rule 4 of the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company. Hence no cost accounts are required to be maintained nor are Cost Auditors required to be appointed by the Company.

Details of Loans and Investments

Details of the loans given by your Company under Section 186 of the Act during the financial year ended 31st March, 2024 are as follows: BCL Bio Energy Private Limited – Subsidiary Company – Guarantee Given against loan from Bank of India amounting to ₹ 34.19 Crores.

Related Party Transactions

The Company has always been committed to good corporate governance practices, including in matters relating to Related Party Transactions (RPTs). Endeavour is consistently made to have only arm's length transactions with all parties including Related Parties.

The Board of Directors of the Company had adopted the Related Party Transaction policy regarding materiality of related party transactions and also on dealings with Related Parties in terms of Regulation 23 of the Listing Regulations and Section 188 of the Act. The policy is available at the following weblink: <u>https://www.bcril.com</u>.

All related party transactions have been carried out at arms' length basis in the ordinary course of business. There is material related party transaction i.e. transaction exceeding 10% of the annual consolidated turnover as per the last audited financial statements of the Company during the year by your Company. Accordingly, the disclosure of Related Party Transaction as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Act in Form AOC-2 is provided in Annexure 1. Members may refer to notes no.34 to the financial statement which sets out related party disclosures.

Policy on Appointment and Remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees

The Company has formulated a Remuneration Policy pursuant to the provisions of Section 178 and other applicable provisions of the Act and Rules thereof. The policy is based on the guiding principle aimed towards retaining and rewarding



performers. There has been no change in the said policy during the financial year ended 31st March, 2024. The Policy is available at the following weblink: <u>https://www.bcril.com</u>.

Policy to Determine Material Events

As per the Listing Regulations, the Company has framed a policy for determination of materiality, based on criteria specified in the Regulations. The Policy is available at the following web link: <u>https://www.bcril.com</u>.

Policy for Preservation of Documents

As per Regulation 9 of Listing Regulations, the Company has framed a policy for Preservation of Documents, based on criteria specified in the said Regulations. The Policy is available at the following web link: <u>https://www.bcril.com</u>.

Significant Changes

During the financial year 2023-2024, no significant change has taken place which could have an impact over the financial position of the Company.

Public Deposits

Your Company has not accepted any Public Deposits under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013.

Extract of the Annual Return

The Annual Return of the Company in Form MGT7 in accordance with Section 92(3) of the Act, read with Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended), is available on the website of the Company at <u>https://www.bcril.com</u> and the annual report is available at <u>https://www.bcril.com</u>. As per the notification of the MCA dated 28th August, 2020 it is not required to annex to this Report and as such the same is not attached in this report but available at the aforesaid weblink.

Significant and Material orders passed by the Regulators/Courts/ Tribunals

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(q) of the Act read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, it is stated that no significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impacts the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

There is no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year to which the financial statements relates and the date of the report.

Internal Controls and their adequacy

Your Company's Internal Control Systems are commensurate with the nature, size and complexity of its business. The Board of Directors have laid down internal financial control measures to be followed by the Company and such procedures have been adopted by the Company for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, accuracy and completeness of accounting records and timely preparation of reliable financial information. Good governance, well defined systems and processes, risk assessment, a vigilant control function, communication and monitoring and an independent internal audit function are the foundation of the internal control systems. Internal Audit department provides assurance on functioning and guality of internal controls along with adequacy and effectiveness through periodic reporting. Internal Risk and Control function also evaluates organisational risk along with controls required for mitigating those risks. The control activities include continuous monitoring, routine reporting, digital business environment with minimum possible interference, checks and balances, purchase policies, authorization and delegation procedures, audits including compliance audits, which are periodically reviewed by the Audit Committee. Your Company has a Code of Conduct for all directors and senior management and a clearly articulated and internalized delegation of financial authority.



Your Company also takes prompt action on any violations of the Code of Conduct. The Code of Conduct for directors and senior management can be viewed at the following web link: <u>https://www.bcril.com</u>.

Internal Financial Controls and their adequacy

The Directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by your Company and such policies and procedures adopted by your Company for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to your Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information. The Audit Committee evaluates the internal financial control system periodically and modifications and strengthening of the systems is carried on based on the recommendations of the committee with the approval of the board, if required.

Information regarding Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

The Company's activities during the year do not entail disclosure with respect to conservation of energy, technology absorption, etc. in accordance with the provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Company Act, 2013. The Company's has no foreign exchange earnings or outgo during the FY 23-24.

Information regarding Employees and related disclosures

In terms of the provisions of Section 197(12) read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 particulars of certain category of employees have been set out in Annexure 3 of this report.

Your Company considers people as its biggest assets and 'Believing in People' is at the heart of its human resource strategy. Concerted efforts at talent management, and strong performance management and learning and training initiatives are conducted to ensure that your Company consistently develops inspiring, strong and credible leadership. Your Company also organises employee felicitation events wherein proficient performers are rewarded. Despite challenges faced by the employees during this pandemic period, they cooperated in every respect for the benefit of the Company.

The statement of Disclosure of Remuneration under Section 197 of the Act and Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 ("Rules"), is appended as Annexure – 3 to the Report. The information as per Rule 5(2) of the Rules, forms part of this Report.

Ratio of remuneration of Director or Key Managerial Personnel to the median of the employees:

		(1	n ₹ Lacs)
Name of	Remune	Ratio as	Percent
Director /KMP	ration	to that of	age
		the	increas
		median	e in
		employee	remune
			ration
Mr Jayanta	77.94	18.47:1	18.11
Kumar Ghosh			
Mr Uday	63.33	15.00:1	19.53
Narayan Singh			
Mr Debasis	30.30	7.18:1	19.29
Sircar			
Ms Devshree	9.95	2.36:1	9.34
Sinha			

Note: 1. The median employee remuneration for 2023-24 is Rs 4,21,964/-.

2. Mr Debasis Sircar's salary amounting to ₹24.06 lacs is reimbursed from subsidiary company, BCL Bio Energy Private Limited.

Cautionary Statement

Statements in this Report, particularly those which relate to Management Discussion and Analysis, describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates and expectations may constitute 'forward looking statements' within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results might differ materially from those



either expressed or implied in the statement depending on the circumstances.

Appreciation

Your Company has been able to operate efficiently because of the culture of professionalism, creativity, integrity and continuous improvement in all functions and areas as well as the efficient utilization of the Company's resources for sustainable and profitable growth.

Your Directors hereby wish to place on record their appreciation for the undaunted efforts despite of the challenges faced by the employees during the pandemic. Your Directors also wish to place on record their appreciation for the efficient and loyal services rendered by each and every employee, without whose whole-hearted efforts, the overall satisfactory performance would not have been possible. The Industrial Relations were generally satisfactory during the year. Your Company wishes to put on record its deep appreciation of the cooperation extended and efforts made by all employees. Your Directors look forward to the long term future with confidence.

Your Company continued to receive co-operation and unstinted support from the Railways, Suppliers, and others associated with the Company as its business partners. The Directors wish to place on record their appreciation for the same and your Company will continue in its endeavour to build and nurture strong links with concerned parties, based on mutuality, respect and co-operation with each other and consistent with National interest.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Jayanta Kumar Ghosh Managing Director (DIN:00722445)

Uday Narayan Singh Executive Director & CFO (DIN:00722449)

Date – 28/05/2024 Place – Kolkata



Annexure 1

FORM AOC – 1

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures (Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Subsidiary

	· · · · · J	
		₹ in lacs
SI. No.	Particulars	
1	Name of the Subsidiary	BCL Bio Energy Private Limited
2	Reporting period	31 st March 2024
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the	INR
	relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.	
4.	Share capital	1560
5.	Reserves & surplus	(22.30)
6.	Total assets	3982.61
7.	Total Liabilities	2444.91
8.	Investments	-
9.	Turnover	-
10.	Profit before taxation	(16.78)
11.	Provision for taxation	-
12.	Profit after taxation	(16.78)
13.	Proposed Dividend	Nil
14.	% of shareholding	51%

*BRIL Social Foundation ceased to be subsidiary of the Company as at 31st March 2024.

FORM AOC - 2

RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto 1

- Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis -NA
 - Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship (a)
 - Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions (b)
 - (c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions
 - Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any (d)
 - Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions (e)
 - Date(s) of approval by the Board (f)
 - Amount paid as advances, if any: (g)
 - (h) Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188
- 2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis
 - Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship 1. Remuneration to Ms Saakshi Singh (a) 2. Phoenix Overseas Limited 3. BCL Bio Energy Private Limited.
 - (b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions - Remuneration, Purchase & Sales, Corporate guarantee
 - Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions : 1 year (c)
 - (d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:
 - (e) Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any: - 30.05.2023
 - Amount paid as advances, if any: Details provided in note no 34 of the financial statements. (f)



Annexure 2

REPORT OF CSR ACTIVITIES/INITIATIVE

Your Company recognises that an enterprise and the society in which it operates are mutually dependent on each other and growth of the company is dependent on the development of the country, its environment and its people. Towards, serving the needs of the people and encouraging all round development, the Company devotes its resources, in a manner recommended by its Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and approved by its Board of Directors in accordance with the provisions of law for fulfilling the aforesaid objective in a manner laid out in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013.

A brief outline of the Company's Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR) has been uploaded in the website of the Company and may be viewed at the weblink <u>https://www.bcril.com</u>

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 135, read with Schedule VII of the Act, the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee had been formed. The terms of reference of the CSR Committee are as follows:

- Formulating and recommending to the Board, a CSR Policy.
- Recommending the amount of expenditure to be incurred on CSR activities.
- Monitoring CSR Policy.

The details of composition of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Board of Directors are as under:-

SI.	Name	Chairman/ Members
No.		
1	Swapan Kumar Chakraborty	Chairman
2	Sanghamitra Mukherjee	Member
3	Aparesh Nandi	Member

The Company constituted its Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee and the policy for discharge of its CSR activities. During the year 2023-24, one committee meeting was held during the year and two circular resolutions was passed by all three members of the committee meeting. The weblink on Composition of the Board and its Committees can be viewed at <u>https://www.bcril.com</u>.

Your Company during the year 2023-24, contributed to CSR activities, through donation of \gtrless 21.59 lacs to 'BRIL Social Foundation' as against its 2% obligation amounting to \gtrless 21.59 lacs. The CSR expenditure in the financial year 2023-24 has been approved by the Committee. Average net profit of the Company for the last three financial years is \gtrless 1079.39 lacs. Prescribed CSR Expenditure (two percent of the average net profit for the last three years) is \gtrless 21.59 lacs. All CSR activities are recommended by the CSR committee from time to time including finalising the mode of disbursement and utilization of the amount. No Surplus/deficit arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years was carried over. No amount is required to be set off for the financial year. No CSR amount is spent for ongoing projects during the financial year nor spent for administrative overheads.

Contributions to CSR activities undertaken other than ongoing projects during the year – Donation to BRIL Social Foundation (CSR00029284) :

CSR project	Sector or	Projects or programs (1) Local area or	Amount	Amount spent	Cumulative	Amount
or activity	Item from	other (2) Specify the State and district	outlay	on the	expenditure	spent:
Identified	the list of	where projects or programs was	(budget)	projects or	upto to the	Direct
	activities	undertaken	project	programs	reporting	(Yes)
	in Schedule		or	Sub-heads:	period	
	VII to the		program	(1) Direct		
	Act		wise	expenditure		
				on projects or		
				programs (2)		
				Overheads:		



Education	Promote	1. Scholarship Programs to meritorious	₹21.59	Direct	₹ 21.59	₹ 21.59
	Education	students yet economically marginalized	lacs	expenditure	lacs	lacs
	(ii)	population directly to the beneficiaries		on projects		
		banking account at Gangasagar, Dist 24		or programs		
		Parganas (S) and Hooghly District, West		undertaken		
		Bengal. Setting up of free coaching classes		through		
		to economically backward students at		donation to		
		Hooghly District, West Bengal		BRIL Social		
Troining to	Troining to	2 Cabalarabin Dragrama far faatball		Foundation		
Training to	Training to	2. Scholarship Programs for football trainees belonging to economically				
promote sports	promote sports	trainees belonging to economically backward section of the population,				
sports	(vii)	directly to the beneficiaries banking				
	(VII)	account at Dist 24 Parganas (S), West				
		Bengal				
Sottingun	Sotting up	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C				
Setting up free public	Setting up public	3. Setting up free library at Hooghly, WB with assistance of Kalabithika especially				
library	libraries (v)	for economically backward student				
5	.,	2				
Training to	Training to	4.Organizing training facility in				
promote	promote	Electrification and other allied activities to				
employmen		ITI trainees or other trades of similar				
t enhancing	t enhancing	nature for promoting employment				
vocational	vocational	enhancing vocational skills at venue Dist				
skills	skills (ii)	24 Parganas (S), West Bengal named as 'OHE Training'.				
		One naning.				

'OHE training' is a CSR Initiative of the Company organised in association with 'BRIL Social Foundation'. It plays a crucial role in training unskilled and semi-skilled ITI, Diploma and Bachelor degree students or students of similar trade in Electrification including 25KV overhead electrification works and other allied activities. Trainees are introduced to numerous products, procedures, techniques, soft skills and methods of interaction, design and drawings in order to increase their efficiency and earnings. They are also introduced to site working environment to give them insight into the actual on-job procedures. The training modules have been designed to provide both inhouse and at site training facilities, so that the trainees can equip themselves for better opportunities in the future that will enable them to earn better. This ensures all-round betterment and growth of trainees in their profession.

Your Company is taking its initiative towards enhancing skills of talented youths in aiming at their socio-economic development. Your Company's Social investments projects are targeted at socio-economic development for all, especially the talented yet marginalised population around the operational areas. Our CSR initiatives are also focussed towards grooming freshers in the field of engineering to become industry ready through the internship programme conducted by BRIL Social Foundation.

Your Company is making all out efforts to engage in activities for the benefit of society at large so that it can meet its statutory commitments to humanity. The entire amount to be spent during the previous years at various projects was duly spent and no amount is lying unspent as on date. Your Directors affirm that the implementation and monitoring of the CSR policy is in compliance with the CSR objectives and policy of the Company.

Place: KolkataChairman of the CSR CommitteeExecutive Director & CFOManaging DirectorDate: 28.05.202428.05.2024



Annexure 3

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES PURSUANT TO SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5(2) & 5(3) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

SI	remuneration aggreg Name	Designation/	Remunera	-	Qualification	Expe	Date of	Age	Previous
n		Nature of Duties	tion (Rs)	employmen		rienc	commence	5	employment
0			· · ·	t (whether		е	ment of		or Position
0				contractual		(year	employme		held
				or		s)	nt in the		
				otherwise)			Company		
1	Mr Jayanta Kumar	Managing	77,94,112	Permanent	Graduate	32	16.04.2018	60	Director,
	Ghosh	Director							Phoenix
									Overseas
									Limited
2	Mr Uday Narayan	Executive	63,33,952	Permanent	Graduate	32	16.04.2018	65	Director,
	Singh	Director & CFO							Phoenix
									Overseas
~		E a Radio	20.00.10.1	D	111	20	01 00 0017		Limited
3	Mr Debasis Sircar	Executive	30,29,184	Permanent	Under	28	01.03.2017	55	Self
4	Mar Company Ashamus	Director	10 20 20 4	Democrat	Graduate	25	01.04.0000	40	employed
4	Mr Suman Acharya	Sr. Area Project Manager	10,39,284	Permanent	Graduate	25	01.04.2008		Self employed
5	Mr Siddhartha	Sr. Area Project	10,16,488	Permanent	Diploma	25	01.04.2008	53	Self
	Konar	Manager			Engineer				employed
6	Ms Devshree Sinha	Company	9,94,664	Permanent	ACS, ACA,	16	02.04.2018	42	Phoenix
		Secretary			B.Com (H)				Overseas
-		D 1 1	0 (4 00 4	D		4.6	01.01.0000	10	Limited
7	Mr Pintu Kumar	Project	8,61,084	Permanent	Diploma	16	01.04.2008	42	-
0	Maiti Ma Dihuanaha	Coordinator	7 50 02/	Democrat	Engineer	17	01 00 0014	41	D
8	Mr Dibyendu	Sr Project	7,50,036	Permanent	Diploma	17	01.09.2014	41	Progressive
9	Bajani Mr Dankoj Samonto	Coordinator	7 14 550	Dormonont	Engineer	10	01.04.2008	46	Enterprise Self
	Mr Pankoj Samanta	Chief Accountant	7,14,559	Permanent	Graduate	18			sen employed
10	Mr Barun Das	Head Projects Coordinator &	7,01,060	Permanent	Post Graduate	14	01.04.2009	41	-
		Logistics			5, 444410				
B.	Employed Throughou		ceipt of rem	uneration and	regating Rs 8.5	0.000/	- or more per	mon	th – NIL

excess of that drawn by the Managing Director or Whole Time Director or Manager - NIL Notes:

1. Gross remuneration includes salary, commission, value of perquisites, medical benefits and Company's contribution to Provident, Superannuation and Gratuity Funds.

2 The employee does not hold by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children, 2% or more of the equity shares in the Company.

3. None of the employees mentioned above is a relative of any Director of the Company.

4. Mr Debasis Sircar's salary amounting to ₹24.06 lacs is reimbursed from subsidiary company, BCL Bio Energy Private Limited.



DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION PROCEDURES

The SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended) require the top 1000 listed companies to disclose a Dividend Distribution Policy. The Company is not required to disclose a Dividend Distribution Policy.

Dividend

Dividend represents the profit of the Company, which is distributed to shareholders in proportion to the amount paid-up on shares they hold. Dividend includes Interim Dividend. The Board may declare one or more Interim Dividends and recommend Final Dividend for the approval of the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. The dividend for any financial year shall ordinarily be paid out of the Company's profits for that year in terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

Your Company believes in long term value creation for its shareholders while maintaining the desired liquidity leverage ratios, considering growth opportunities and protecting the interest of all the stakeholders.

Dividend History

Financial Year	Dividend per Share (₹)
2023-24 Final recommended	0.70
2022-23	0.70
2021-22	0.70
2020-21	0.70
2019-20 Final	0.20
2019-20 Interim	0.40
2018-19	0.60

In terms of the provisions of Section 124 of the Act, till date no amount is due for transfer to the Investor Education and Protection Fund, in respect of dividend amounts lying unclaimed or unpaid for more than seven years from the date they became due.

As per the Income Tax Act, 1961 (the Act), as amended by the Finance Act, 2020, dividends paid or distributed by a Company on or after 1st April, 2020 shall be taxable in the hands of the shareholders. The Company shall also be required to deduct tax at source at the time of making the payment of the Dividend, if declared at the AGM. The TDS rate may vary depending on the residential status of the shareholder and the documents submitted to the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The TDS for various categories of shareholders along with required documents are provided in Tables 1 and 2 below:

Table 1: Resident Shareholders

Category of Shareholder	Tax Deduction Rate	Exemption applicability/ Documentation requirement
Any resident shareholder	10%	Update the PAN if not already done with depositories (in case of shares held in demat mode) No deduction of taxes in the following cases: ✓ If dividend paid/distributed or likely to be paid/distributed to a Resident Individual shareholder during FY 2024-2025 does not exceed ₹5,000/-, ✓ If shareholder is exempted from TDS provisions through any



		circular or notification and provides an attested copy of the PAN along with the documentary evidence in relation to the same.
Submitting Form 15G/ Form 15H	NIL	 ✓ The shareholder's estimated total income as well as dividend payable is below the taxable limit and a declaration is received from the concerned shareholders in Form 15G (for individuals up to the age of 60 years). ✓ The shareholder's estimated total income is below the taxable limit and a declaration is received from the concerned shareholders in Form 15H (for individuals of the age of 60 years or above).
Insurance Companies/ Corporation established by or under a Central Act/ Mutual Funds etc		A declaration that the shares are owned by it or it has full beneficial interest in such shares along with self-attested copy of PAN and registration document or any other relevant documentary evidence as applicable.
Other resident shareholder without PAN/ Invalid PAN	20%	_

Table 2: Non-Resident Shareholders

Category of Shareholder	Tax Deduction Rate	Exemption applicability/ Documentation requirement
Any non-resident shareholder including Foreign Institutional Investors, Foreign Portfolio Investors (FII, FPI)	20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) or Tax Treaty rate whichever is lower	Non-resident shareholders may opt for tax rate under Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement ("Tax Treaty"). The Tax Treaty rate shall be applied for tax deduction at source on submission of following documents to the company: ✓ Copy of the PAN Card, if any, allotted by the Indian authorities. ✓ Self-attested copy of Tax Residency Certificate (TRC) valid for the year 2024 obtained from the tax authorities of the country of which the shareholder is resident. ✓ A copy of Form 10F electronically furnished on income tax e-filling portal (for non-resident possessing PAN) or self- declaration in Form 10F (for non-resident who is not required to obtain PAN) in the attached form. ✓ Self-declaration confirming not having a Permanent Establishment in India in accordance with the applicable Tax Treaty read with the Multilateral Instrument (where applicable), eligibility to Tax Treaty benefit and beneficial ownership of shares. TDS shall be deducted at 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) if any, if the above mentioned documents are not provided.

Effective April 1,2024, SEBI has mandated that the shareholders, who hold shares in physical mode and whose folios are not updated with any of the KYC details viz. (i) PAN (ii) Choice of Nomination (iii) Contact Details (iv) Mobile Number (v) Bank Account Details and (vi) Signature, shall be eligible to get dividend only in electronic mode. Accordingly, payment of dividend(as and when declared), subject to approval at the AGM, shall be paid to physical holders only after the above details are updated in their folios. Shareholders are requested to complete their KYC by writing to the Company's RTA, Maheshwari Datamatics Pvt.Ltd. The forms for updating the same are available at Company's website www.bcril.com and RTA www.mdp.in



Annexure 5

FORM NO. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To The Members, BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED (CIN: L51109WB1995PLC075801)

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conduct/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

The Company's Management is responsible for preparation and maintenance of secretarial and other records and for devising proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of applicable laws and regulations.

Based on our verification of the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorised representatives during the conduct of the secretarial audit and considering the continuing relaxations granted by Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024, generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place.

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024, to the extent applicable, according to the provisions of:

- i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 and Rules made thereunder;
- iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- iv) The Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- v) The Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI Act") or by SEBI, to the extent applicable:
- a) SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- b) SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations 2015;
- c) SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- d) SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2021;
- e) SEBI (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
 - f) SEBI (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993;
- g) SEBI (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021;
- h) SEBI (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018;
- i) SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015



- vi) Other than fiscal, labour and environmental laws which are generally applicable to all manufacturing companies, the following laws/acts are also, inter alia, applicable to the Company:
 - a) The Trade Marks Act, 1999;
 - b) The Legal Metrology Act, 2009;

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

During the period under review, the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that:

- a) The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- b) Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
- c) None of the directors in any meeting dissented on any resolution and hence there was no instance of recording any dissenting member's view in the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure – I which forms an integral part of this report.

For TP & Associates Company Secretary

Twinkle Pandey Membership no. 49208 COP no. 22187 UDIN: A049208F000462159

Date: 27.05.2024 Place: Kolkata



Annexure – I

To The Members, BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- It is management's responsibility to identify the Laws, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines and Directions which are applicable to the Company depending upon the industry in which it operates and to comply and maintain those records with same in letter and in spirit. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on those records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of the financial records and the Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management's Representation about the compliance of Laws, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines and Directions and happening events, etc.
- 5. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For TP & Associates Company Secretary

Twinkle Pandey Membership no. 49208 COP no. 22187 UDIN: A049208F000462159

Date: 27.05.2024 Place: Kolkata



Annexure 6

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10) (i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To The Members M/s. BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited (CIN: L51109WB1995PLC075801) 112, Raja Ram Mohan Roy Sarani Kolkata-700009

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited having CIN: L51109WB1995PLC075801 and having its registered office at 112 Raja Ram Mohan Roy Sarani Kolkata - 700009 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company and its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company, as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2024 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

SI. No.	Name	DIN	Date of Appointment
1	Swapan Kumar Chakraborty	00458410	28/02/2018
2	Aparesh Nandi	00722439	15/07/2008
3	Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	00722445	26/11/2001
4	Uday Narayan Singh	00722449	16/04/2018
5	Ranajit Kumar Mondal	06430495	14/08/2021
6	Sanghamitra Mukherjee	07203827	28/02/2018
7	Debasis Sircar	09020911	30/01/2021
8	Sudipta Kumar Mukherjee	09022104	30/01/2021

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place :Durgapur Date : 27-05-2024 FOR, TP & ASSOCIATES Company Secretaries TWINKLE PANDEY Proprietor ACS No. 49208 CP. No. 22187 UDIN: A049208F000462269



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

For the year ended 31st March, 2024

In accordance with the provisions of Regulations 17 to 27, 46(1) (providing details of the business of the company at its website - www.bcril.com), 46(2)(b) to (i) and Para C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") the report containing the details of Corporate Governance at BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited is as follows:

Corporate Governance provides that a Company is directed in such a way that it performs efficiently and effectively, keeping in view the long-term interest of the stakeholders, while respecting laws and regulations of the land and contributing, as a responsible corporate citizen, to the national exchequers.

The Company believes that credibility vests in good Corporate Governance procedures which help maintain professional, transparent, ethical and perpetual business. It encourages stakeholder co-operation as the Company adheres to the best governance practices.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board has an optimum combination of Executive and Non-Executive Directors.

The Board comprises of 8 Directors of which, 2 are Executive Promoter Directors, 1 Executive Director, 1 is Non-Executive Promoter Director and 4 are Non-Executive Independent Directors. The composition of the Board is in conformity with Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations read with Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

The Chairman of the Board is a Non-Executive Promoter Director.

Pursuant to the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), the terms of Independent Directors would extend to a period of 5 years from the date of appointment.

The names, categories/designation, directorships and committee memberships held by them as on 31st March, 2024, their attendance at the Board meetings held during the year under review and at the last Annual General Meeting (AGM), names in other companies are as follows:

Name of Director	Category/ Designation	Attendance	e at		Committee Memb ies (including BCP Limited)	
		No of Board meetings attended (VC/ OAVM)	Last AGM attendance held on 26 th July, 2023 (VC/OAVM)	No. of Directorships in Companies	No. of Committee Memberships/ Chairmanship	Directors hip in other Listed entities



Mr Aparesh Nandi (DIN-00722439)	Non-Executive Chairman/ Promoter (Non- Independent)	5	Ρ	6	1	-
Mr Jayanta Kumar Ghosh (DIN-00722445)	Managing Director/Promoter (Executive, Non- Independent)	5	Ρ	6	1	-
Mr Uday Narayan Singh (DIN-00722449)	Executive Director & CFO /Promoter (Non- Independent)	5	P	5	1	-
Mr Debasis Sircar (DIN-09020911)	Executive Director (Non- Independent)	5	Ρ	2	0	-
Dr Sanghamitra Mukherjee (DIN-07203827)	Non-Executive Director (Independent, Lady Director)	5	P	2	1	-
Mr Swapan Kumar Chakraborty (DIN-00458410)	Non-Executive Director (Independent)	5	P	2	2 (Chairman of Stakeholders Relationship Committee of BCPL)	-
Mr Sudipta Kumar Mukherjee (DIN-09022104)	Non-Executive Director (Independent)	5	P	4	3 (Chairman of Audit Committee of BCPL and Phoenix Overseas Ltd.)	-
Mr Ranajit Kumar Mondal (DIN-06430495)	Non-Executive Director (Independent)	5	p	2	-	-



Notes:

- Includes directorships in private companies also but does not include body corporate incorporated outside India. Further, none of them is a member of more than ten committees or chairman/chairperson of more than five committees across all the public companies in which he/she is a Director.
- For the purpose of determination of limit of the Board Committees, chairmanship and membership of the Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship and Investor Grievance Committee have been considered as per Regulation 26(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations.
- The status of Independence is as per the requirement of the provisions of the Act as well as the Listing Regulations.
- Dr Sanghamitra Mukherjee and Mr Swapan Kumar Chakraborty, was re-appointed at the Board of Directors meeting held on 31st March, 2023 to function as Independent Directors.
- Mr. Debasis Sircar, was re-appointed at the Board of Directors meeting held on 31st March, 2023 to function as an Executive Director.
- Mr Jayanta Kumar Ghosh was re-appointed at the Board of Directors meeting held on 31st March, 2023 to function as Managing Director w.e.f 16th April, 2023.
- Mr Uday Narayan Singh was re-appointed at the Board of Directors meeting held on 31st March, 2023 to function as an Executive Director & CFO w.e.f 16th April, 2023.

A chart or a matrix setting out the core skills/competence identified by the Board of Directors as required in the context of business and sector for it to function effectively and those actually available with the Board along with the names of the Directors who have such skills/expertise/competence:

Name of Directors	Qualification	Skills/Expertise/competence possessed, required for the business and actually available
Mr Aparesh Nandi Chairman	Graduate from the University of Calcutta	He is the Promoter and Non-Executive Chairman of the Company. He has wide range of expertise and experience in the sector of railway infrastructure sector and in merchant export business. He possesses leadership experience in handling strategic planning with a vision of the future.
Mr Jayanta Kumar Ghosh Managing Director	Graduate from the University of Calcutta	He is the Promoter and Managing Director of the Company. He has a sound experience in railway infrastructure sector and in merchant export business. His rich experience in marketing and business development is the guiding force behind all corporate and administrative decisions.
Mr Uday Narayan Singh Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer	Graduate from the Ravishankar University, Raipur	He is the Promoter and Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer of the Company. His core competency is in Finance and Project Execution. He possesses leadership experience in handling financial management, especially in its technical aspects. His expertise is helpful for the business growth and technical aspects.
Mr Debasis Sircar Executive Director	Under-graduate	Associated with the company holding various positions including the position of Chief Operating Officer. He has a long standing operational experience and expertise in procurement and



		organizing manpower for executing railway projects. He has experience in marketing, procurement, organisational development, supply chain management, commercial functions and executional process. Under his leadership abilities the company has successfully completed various eminent railway projects.
Dr Sanghamitra Mukherjee Independent Director	B.Sc (Hons) from the University of Guahati, Msc in Mathematics from the University of Guahati, Ph.D (Theo. Physics) from the University of Calcutta	She retired as the Principal of Lady Brabourne College, Government of West Bengal. She has a vast experience in the field of Research, Teaching and Evaluation. She has also been awarded the Mother Teresa International and Millennium Award for Outstanding Achievements as Best principal for the year 2008. During her service, she served on UGC teams and was also a peer team member for NAAC (National Assessment and Accreditation Committee). After retirement she served as a Dean Academic of Techno India University and was also a member of Academic Audit Team of St. Xavier's College, Kolkata. She is an expert in organizational management, human resource management and administration, decision making, framing of long-term strategies and developing good governance strategies.
Mr Swapan Kumar Chakraborty Independent Director	Graduate from the University of Calcutta, Master Degree in Science from the University of Calcutta, Certified Associate of the Indian Institute of Bankers (CAIIB)	He has worked as the General Manager – Treasury & Forex in Allahabad Bank. He was also actively associated with the Assets & Liability Committee and was also a member of ALCO and Risk Management Committee of the bank. He was instrumental in setting up the overseas offices of the Bank and worked in various capacities with operational responsibilities in Foreign Exchange, Trade Finance, Credit Management and Administration. He is an expert in providing consultancy on Banking, Treasury & Portfolio Management.
Mr Sudipta Kumar Mukherjee Independent Director	Graduate from the University of Mumbai, Certified Associate of the Indian Institute of Bankers (CAIIB), Advanced Management Programme in Banking & Finance from the Indian Institute of Banking & Finance	Retired as a banker from Bank of India serving various positions for about 39 years including holding the position of the General Manager. He actively participated in Board and Audit Committee Meetings of Bank of India (Tanzania) Limited. He has wide range of expertise and experience in the sector of banking and finance, organisational development and developing management strategies. He is an expert in credit related matters and has an understanding of complex business and regulatory environment, decision making capabilities and developing sound governance practices.
Mr Ranajit Kumar Mondal	Graduate from the University of Calcutta, Completed Masters in	Retired as a Regional Manager from APEDA (The Agricultural and Processed Food Products Export Development Authority), Ministry of Commerce, Government of India. He has over 30 BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24-4



Independent	Business	years' experience in International market developments and
Director	Administration	implementation of quality services. He has vast experience in development and promotion of agro based products in International markets, quality control and product assessment.

MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE:

Five Board Meetings were held during the year 2023-24 through VC/OAVM mode and the intervening period between two consecutive meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days.

The dates of Board Meetings were as follows :

SI no.	Date of the meeting	No. of Directors attended the meeting
1	30.05.2023	8
2	14.08.2023	8
3	25.10.2023	8
4	14.11.2023	8
5	10.02.2024	8

NOTES :

A. Dr Sanghamitra Mukherjee, Mr Swapan Chakraborty, Mr Sudipta Kumar Mukherjee and Mr Ranajit Kumar Mondal, are the Independent Directors of the Company.

B. Dr Sanghamitra Mukherjee and Mr Swapan Kumar Chakraborty, was re-appointed at the board of Directors meeting held on 31st March, 2023 to function as Independent Directors.

C. Compensation paid/payable to Executive Directors and to Non – Executive Directors is given under "Remuneration" section of the report.

D. Other than the Executive Directors, Independent Directors are entitled to a sitting fee of Rs 11,000/- for every Board Meeting and Rs 7,700/- for every committee meeting attended by them.

E. Required quorum was present in all the meetings.

INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

I. Meetings:

As stipulated by the Code of Independent Directors under the Act and the Listing Regulations, a separate Meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company was held on 30th March 2024 to review the performance of Non-Independent Directors (including the Chairman) and the Board as a whole. The Independent Directors also reviewed



the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company's management and the Board that is necessary for the Board Members to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

II. Familiarization Programme for Independent Directors:

In order to encourage active participation from the Independent Directors and also to enable them to understand the business environment of the Company, Familiarization Programmes for the Independent Directors has been adopted and implemented.

Once appointed, the Independent directors are issued a letter of appointment setting out in detail, the terms of appointment, duties, responsibilities, code of conduct for directors. The Independent Directors undergo Familiarization Programmes of the Company. Necessary information and supportive documents in respect of Railway sector, the regulatory environment under which the Company operates, the business environment, economic situations, the policies of the company and Annual Reports of past financial years are provided to the Independent Directors. Induction of the Independent Directors is conducted by demonstrating the stages or execution process of the projects, the work culture and environment, swot analysis and salient features of certain important projects followed by visiting the Company's works and godown situated at Sodepur, West Bengal.

The Independent directors hold discussions with Key Functional Heads of the Company to understand various functions which are critical to the business performance of the Company. The Independent Directors are provided with financial results, internal audit findings, performance of the Company and the industry scenario, order book position, export market, segment reporting, position of security deposits, receivables, work-in-progress, bank guarantees, credit ratings and financial controls, risk and hedging strategies and other specific documents as sought for from time to time. The Independent Directors were provided with a presentation regarding the work in progress of the Company's subsidiaries. A virtual presentation on the work in progress and the structural layout of the entire plan of the company's subsidiary works at Burdwan was presented before the Board. Each section of the solvent extraction plant, fabrication unit, the storage facility, the hexane tanks, the water-cooling section, the preparatory section, the boiler unit, the main gate, the power house, the control room, the office premises was virtually displayed to the board members. Apart from the above, various aspects of the business of edible oil extraction detailing the cost benefit analysis, domestic/export market of the product, review on the installation process, cost associated and profit of the industry were also periodically presented before the meeting. A provisional budget on the activities of the corporate social responsibilities to be undertaken by the company was presented to the Independent Directors. The Independent Directors are also made aware of all policies and Code of Conduct and Business Ethics adopted by the Board and compliances required under SEBI (LODR) Regulations and other regulations.

Details of the Familiarization Program imparted during the year under review has been uploaded on the website of the Company at <u>https://www.bcril.com.</u>

III. Formal Letter of Appointment:-

In terms of the provisions of Regulation 46(2)(b) of the Listing Regulations and Section 149 of the Act, and Rules framed thereunder, the Independent Directors of the Company were appointed for a period of five years by the Members of the Company at the General Meetings. A formal letter of appointment setting out the terms and conditions of appointment, roles and functions, responsibilities, duties, fees and remuneration, liabilities, resignation/removal, etc., as specified under Schedule IV to the Act, has been issued to each of the Independent Directors subsequent to obtaining approval of the Members to their respective appointments. The terms and conditions of such appointment of the Independent Directors are also made available on the website of the Company and at https://www.bcril.com.

IV. As required under Regulation 25(8) of the Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors of the Company have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation which exists or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties. Based on the declarations and confirmations received from the Independent Directors, the Board of Directors confirmed that the Independent Directors of the



Company meet the criteria of independence as stipulated under Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations read with Section 149(6) of the Act, and the rules framed thereunder and they are independent of the management.

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(m) of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 all the Independent Directors of the Company are registered on the website of Institute of Corporate Affairs notified under Section 150(1) of the Act.

In compliance with Regulation 36(3) of the Listing Regulations read with the Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI), the required information about the Directors proposed to be appointed/re-appointed has been annexed to the Notice convening the 28th Annual General Meeting.

None of the Directors on the Board holds directorships in more than ten public companies. None of the Independent Directors serves as an Independent Director on more than seven listed entities. Necessary disclosures regarding Committee positions in other public companies as on 31st March, 2024 have been made by the Directors.

V. Pursuant to the Act, the tenure of office of each Independent Director may extend upto five consecutive years from the date of his/her appointment. Dr Sanghamitra Mukherjee (DIN-07203827) has been reappointed as an Independent Director (Non-Executive) with effect from 31st March, 2023 and will hold office for five consecutive years upto 30th March 2028. Mr Swapan Kumar Chakraborty (DIN-00458410) has been reappointed as an Independent Director (Non-Executive) with effect from 31st March, 2023 and will hold office for five consecutive years upto 30th March 2028.

COMMITTEES OF BOARD

a. Audit Committee

The details of composition, meetings and attendance of the Audit Committee through VC/OAVM mode is as under:-

SI.	Name	Chairman/	No. Of Meetings
No.		Members	Attended
1	Sudipta Kumar Mukherjee	Chairman	4
2	Swapan Kumar Chakraborty	Member	4
3	Uday Narayan Singh	Member	4

NOTES:

- i) Other than the Executive Director, Independent Directors are entitled to a sitting fee of Rs 7,700/for every committee meetings attended by them.
- ii) The quorum for the Independent Directors as required under Regulation 18(2)(b) of the Listing Regulations was complied with during the year.
- iii) Mr Swapan Kumar Chakraborty, was re-appointed at the board of Directors meeting held on 31st March, 2023 to function as Independent Director.
- iv) The Committee invites Members of the Board, the Internal Auditor, the Advisor and others to attend Meetings of the Committee as per their convenience. The representatives of the Statutory Auditors have attended the Audit Committee Meetings held during the year.



The terms of reference of the Audit Committee covers the matters specified under the Listing Regulations read with Section 177 of the Act.

Roles & Responsibilities of the Audit Committee inter alia, includes, the following:

- Overseeing the Financial Reporting process.
- Disclosure of financial statements.
- Recommending appointment/removal of external Auditors and fixing their remuneration.
- Reviewing the quarterly and annual financial statements before submission to the Board.
- Reviewing the adequacy of the internal audit function including the structure and staffing of the internal audit department.
- Ensuring adequacy of the internal control system.
- Reviewing findings of internal investigations.
- Discussing the scope of audit with internal auditors.

• Reviewing the Company's financial and risk management policies, looking into reasons for substantial defaults, if any, of non-payment to stakeholders.

• Granting omnibus approval for related party transactions proposed to be entered by the Company under Section 177 of the Act.

During the year 2023-24, four Audit committee meetings were held :

Date of the meeting	No. of Directors attended the meeting
30.05.2023	3
14.08.2023	3
14.11.2023	3
10.02.2024	3

b. Nomination & Remuneration Committee

The details of composition, meetings and attendance of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors are as under:-

SI.	Name	Chairman/ Members	NO. OF MEETINGS
No.			ATTENDED
1	Sanghamitra Mukherjee	Chairperson	4
2	Ranajit Kumar Mondal	Member	4
3	Aparesh Nandi	Member	4

During the year 2023-24, four Nomination and Remuneration committee meetings were held :

Date of the meeting	No. of Directors attended the meeting
30.05.2023	3



14.08.2023	3
14.11.2023	3
10.02.2024	3

Notes :

- i) All Directors are entitled to a sitting fee of Rs 7,700/- for every committee meetings attended by them.
- ii) The quorum for the Independent Directors was complied with during the year.
- iii) Dr Sanghamitra Mukherjee was re-appointed at the board of Directors meeting held on 31st March, 2023 to function as Independent Director.

The Compensation and Nomination and Remuneration Committee's ("the Remuneration Committee") constitution and terms of reference are in compliance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations.

The Remuneration Committee fulfils the roles as laid out in the Act and as per roles specified in Part D of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations which are as below:

(1) Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board of Directors a policy relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.

(2) Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of Independent Directors and the Board of Directors.

(3) Devising a policy on diversity of Board of Directors.

(4) Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommending to the Board of Directors their appointment and removal.

(5) Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the Independent Directors, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors.

(6) Recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.

Performance Evaluation Criteria for Independent Directors:

Your Company understands the requirements of an effective Board Evaluation process and accordingly conducts the Performance Evaluation every year in respect of the following:

- i. Board of Directors as a whole.
- ii. Committees of the Board of Directors.

iii. Individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

In compliance with the requirements of the provisions of Section 178 of the Act, the Listing Regulations and the Guidance Note on Board Evaluation issued by SEBI, your Company has carried out a performance evaluation process internally for the Board/Committees of the Board/Individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board of Directors for the financial year ended 30th March, 2024.

The key objectives of conducting the Board Evaluation process were to ensure that the Board and various Committees of the Board have appropriate composition of Directors and they have been functioning collectively to achieve common business goals of your Company. Similarly, the key objective of conducting performance evaluation of the Directors through individual assessment and peer assessment was to ascertain if the Directors actively participate in the Board/Committee Meetings and contribute to achieve the common business goals of the Company. The Directors carry out the aforesaid performance evaluation in a confidential manner and provide their feedback on a rating scale of 1-5.



This year also, the outcome of such performance evaluation exercise was discussed at a separate Meeting of the Independent Directors held on 30th March, 2024 and will be tabled at the ensuing Board Meeting. After completion of internal evaluation process, it was noted that the Board and the Committees are working effectively.

Pursuant to Section 178(3) of the Act and Regulation 17(6) of the Listing Regulations, the Remuneration Committee is entrusted with responsibility of formulating criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of an independent director. This can be viewed at <u>https://www.bcril.com.</u>

Remuneration of Directors:

In compliance with the requirements of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, Rules framed thereunder and pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 19(4) of the Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors of the Company has adopted a Nomination and Remuneration Policy for the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs), Senior Management Personnel (SMPs), Functional Heads and other employees of the Company. The policy provides for criteria and qualifications for appointment of Directors, KMPs and SMPs, remuneration paid/payable to them, Board diversity, etc. The said policy has been uploaded on the website of the Company at https://www.bcril.com.

The remuneration of Directors is as under:

A. EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The details of the remuneration paid to the Executive Directors for the Financial Year 2023-2024 are as follows:

Particulars	Mr Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	Mr Uday Narayan Singh	Mr Debasis Sircar
	(₹)	(₹)	(₹)
Salary	60,84,000	48,67,200	22,09,680
Company's Contribution	93,312	93,312	21,600
to Provident Fund,			
Gratuity and			
Superannuation Fund			
Allowances and	12,16,800	9,73,440	7,97,904
perquisites			
Commission	4,00,000	4,00,000	-
Reimbursement from	-	-	(-)24,06,067
subsidiary			
Total	77,00,800	62,40,640	6,01,517

B. Non-Executive Directors:

The Board of Directors upon recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee decides on the remuneration of the Non-Executive Directors in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company subject to the approval of the Members. Such remuneration is also in line with the Remuneration Policy of the Company and in terms of the specific requirements under the Act and the Listing Regulations.

Remuneration by way of sitting fees for attending Board and Committee Meetings were paid to the Non-Executive, Independent Directors.

The details of the remuneration paid to the Non-Executive Directors for the Financial Year 2023-2024 are as follows:

Particulars	Mr Aparesh	Dr Sanghamitra	Mr Swapan Kr	Mr Sudipta Kr	Mr Ranajit Kr
	Nandi (₹)	Mukherjee (₹)	Chakraborty (₹)	Mukherjee (₹)	Mondal (₹)
Sitting Fees	93,500	101,200	132,000	124,300	93,500



* Dr Sanghamitra Mukherjee and Mr Swapan Kumar Chakraborty, was re-appointed at the board of Directors meeting held on 31st March, 2023 to function as Independent Directors.

Total number of equity shares of (₹) 10/- each held by Key Managerial Personnel(KMPs) as on 31st March, 2023 is as follows:

NAME OF KMPs	DESIGNATION	NUMBER OF EQUITY SHARES HELD
Mr Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	MANAGING DIRECTOR	1437518
Mr Uday Narayan Singh	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR & CFO	420994
Mr Debasis Sircar	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR	32000
Ms Devshree Sinha	COMPANY SECRETARY	-

c. Stakeholders' Relationship and Investor Grievance Committee

The details of composition, meetings and attendance of the Stakeholders' Relationship and Investor Grievance Committee of the Board of Directors are as under:-

SI.	Name	Chairman/ Members	NO. OF MEETINGS
No.			ATTENDED
1	Swapan Kumar Chakraborty	Chairman	4
2	Sudipta Kumar Mukherjee	Member	4
3	Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	Member	4

During the year 2023-24, four Stakeholders' Relationship and Investor Grievance Committee meetings through VC/OAVM means were held :

Date of the meeting	No. of Directors attended the meeting
30.05.2023	3
14.08.2023	3
14.11.2023	3
10.02.2024	3

Notes :

- i) All Directors are entitled to a sitting fee of Rs 7,700/- for every committee meetings attended by them.
- ii) The quorum for the Independent Directors was complied with during the year.
- iii) Mr Swapan Kumar Chakraborty was re-appointed at the board of Directors meeting held on 31st March, 2023 to function as Independent Director.

The Chairman of the Committee was present at the Annual General Meeting held on 26th July, 2023 to answer the queries of shareholders.



The amended Listing Regulations require the Stakeholders' Relationship and Investor Grievance Committee of the Board to oversee apart from addressing normal grievances of investors, broadly the following, being the terms of reference:

(1) Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the listed entities including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, General Meetings etc.

(2) Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.

(3) Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entities in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.

(4) Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entities for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company.

(5) For any investor related queries and/or grievances the concerned shareholder may contact the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent - Maheshwari Datamatics Pvt. Ltd., 23 R.N.Mukherjee Road 5th Floor Kolkata – 700001, Contact : 033-22482248, 2243-5029, E-mail: mdpldc@yahoo.com or alternatively may write to the Company at 112 Raja Ram Mohan Roy Sarani, Kolkata 700009 Contact: +9674911100, 033-22190085, Fax: 033-22411814; E-MAIL : investors@bcril.com.

SHAREHOLDERS' COMPLIANTS RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR:

•	No of Complaints received during the year	:	Nil
•	No of Complaints resolved during the year	:	Nil
•	No of Complaints not solved to the satisfaction of shareholders	:	NIL
•	Pending Complaints as on 31 st March 2024	:	NIL

d. Internal Complaints Committee

Your Company had framed a policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at workplace pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 which commits to provide a workplace that is free from all forms of discrimination, including sexual harassment. The Policy can be viewed at the following weblink: <u>https://www.bcril.com</u>.

Pursuant to 134(3)(q) read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the Company has complied with the provisions relating to constitution of Internal Complaint Committee (ICC) under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. As per the Policy, any complaint received shall be forwarded to an Internal Complaint Committee ("ICC") formed under the Policy for redressal. The investigation shall be carried out by ICC constituted for this purpose. From the date of inception, there has been no such complaint received. The Company had held one committee meeting during the year on 28.03.2024 through video conferencing to review the Policy.

Composition of the Internal Complaints Committee is as under:

SI.	Name	Chairman/ Members
No.		
1	Sanghamitra Mukherjee	Chairman
		(representative of NGO)
2	Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	Member



3	Saakshi Singh	Member
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e. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 135, read with Schedule VII of the Act, the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee had been formed. The terms of reference of the CSR Committee are as follows:

- Formulating and recommending to the Board, a CSR Policy.
- Recommending the amount of expenditure to be incurred on CSR activities.
- Monitoring CSR Policy.

The details of composition of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Board of Directors are as under:-

SI.	Name	Chairman/ Members
No.		
1	Swapan Kumar Chakraborty	Chairman
2	Sanghamitra Mukherjee	Member
3	Aparesh Nandi	Member

The Company constituted its Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee and the policy for discharge of its CSR activities.

- i. During the year 2023-24, one committee meeting was held during the year on 10.02.2024 through video conferencing. All members of the committee were present at the meeting.
- ii. Two circular resolutions were passed by all three members of the committee during the year.
- iii. Dr Sanghamitra Mukherjee was re-appointed at the board of Directors meeting held on 31st March, 2023 to function as Independent Director.

Notes:

- All Directors are entitled to a sitting fee of Rs 7,700/- for every committee meetings attended by them.
- The quorum for the Independent Directors was complied with during the year.
- Your Company during the year 2023-24, contributed to CSR activities, through donation to BRIL Social Foundation. 'BRIL Social Foundation' is a company formed under section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013, funding for projects, pursuant to the provisions of Section 135, read with Schedule VII of the Act, the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee to the vulnerable and economically weaker section of the community. Based on the declarations and confirmations received from the aforesaid entity, the Board of Directors confirmed that the aforesaid entity meets the criteria as stipulated for discharging their CSR activities.
- The weblink on Composition of the Board and its Committees can be viewed at <u>https://www.bcril.com.</u>

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

Date, time and venue of the last three General Meetings are as follows:

Financial Year	Venue	Meeting	Date



2023-24	112 Raja Ram Mohan Roy Sarani, Kolkata 700009 through VC/OAVM	AGM	26.07.2023
	mode	Postal Ballot	30.06.2023
2022-23	112 Raja Ram Mohan Roy Sarani, Kolkata 700009 through VC/OAVM mode	AGM	08.08.2022
2021-22	112 Raja Ram Mohan Roy Sarani, Kolkata 700009 through VC/OAVM	AGM	12.08.2021
	mode	EGM	09.04.2021

DISCLOSURES:

A. As per the amended Listing Regulations, a certificate from a Company Secretary in practice stating that none of the directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as the directors of companies by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority is annexed to this Corporate Governance Report (Annexure–7).

B. The Board has accepted all the recommendations of the various committees of the Board which is mandatorily required, in the relevant financial year.

C. The Company has not entered into any materially significant related party transaction which would have potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

D. The Company has complied with all the applicable requirements of the Listing Regulations.

E. Whistle Blower Policy has been framed by the Company and no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee.

F. The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of Regulation 27(2) of the Listing Regulations and the following non-mandatory requirement has been adopted by the Entity:

1. Non-Executive Chairman's Office: The Chairman's office is separate from that of the Managing Director. He is entitled to sitting fees for attending Board and Committee meetings.

2. Separate posts of Chairman and Managing Director: The Chairman of the board is a Non-Executive Promoter Director and his position is separate from that of the Managing Director.

G. The weblink where policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries is disclosed and can be viewed at <u>https://www.bcril.com.</u>

H. The Company has not entered into any materially significant related party transaction which would have potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. The weblink where policy on dealing with related party transactions can be viewed at <u>https://www.bcril.com.</u>

I. The Company has followed all relevant IND AS while preparing its financial statements.

J. No penalties or strictures have been imposed on the Company by any Stock Exchange or SEBI or any Statutory Authority on any matter related to capital markets during the last three financial years.



K. The total fees (FY 2023-2024) for all services amounting to Rs.5.40 lacs was payable by the listed entity and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor (L B Jha & Co.) and all entities in the network firm/network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part, as under:

Amount (Rs. in lakhs)

		Amount (N3. In luki
		Year ended March 31, 2024
As Auditor:		
Audit fees		1.80
Tax audit fees		0.55
Miscellaneous certificates and other matters		3.05
	Total	5.40

L. Disclosure of commodity price risks and commodity hedging activities, is attached to this Corporate Governance Report.

M. No fund was raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutional placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A) of the Listing Regulations.

N. Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

- a. Number of Complaints filed during the financial year : NIL
- b. Number of Complaints disposed of during the financial year : NIL
- c. Number of Complaints pending as at the end of the financial year : NIL

DISCRETIONARY REQUIREMENTS UNDER REGULATION 27 OF THE LISTING REGULATIONS:

A status of compliance with discretionary recommendations of Regulation 27(1) of the Listing Regulations is provided below:

1. Shareholders' Rights: The quarterly financial performances along with significant events are published in the newspapers and are also posted on the Company's website.

2. Modified Opinion in Auditor's Report: The Company's financial statement for the year ended 31st March, 2024 does not contain any modified audit opinion.

3. Internal Auditor's Report: The internal auditor report is directly presented to the audit committee.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION:

• The quarterly and half-yearly financial results of the Company are published in leading English and vernacular dailies namely Financial Express and Arthik Lipi. Such results are also uploaded on the Company's website at https://www.bcril.com.

• Any other important announcement press/news release is published by the Company in leading English and Bengali dailies and also uploaded on the website.

• Since all the information are published in leading newspapers as well as displayed in the Company's website, hence no individual information to the shareholders is provided.

• Press releases made to Investors and Investor Presentations are uploaded on the website: <u>https://www.bcril.com.</u>



CODE OF CONDUCT:

The Board has laid down a Code of Conduct for all the Board members and senior management of the Company, and they have affirmed the same. The Code of Conduct includes all the applicable duties of Independent Directors as laid down in Schedule IV of the Act.

The Independent Directors shall be held liable, only in respect of such acts of omission or commission by the Company which had occurred with their knowledge, attributable through Board processes, and with their consent or connivance or where they had not acted diligently with respect to the provisions of the Listing Regulations.

The Code of Conduct has been uploaded on the Company's website at <u>https://www.bcril.com.</u>

The Certificate of Affirmation in respect of compliance has been appended as a part of Corporate Governance Report.

PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING CODE:

As per amended Regulations of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, ("the PIT Regulations") made effective from 1st April, 2019, your Company had adopted amended policies duly approved on the following:-

(a) Code of practices and procedures for fair disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information under Regulation 8(1) of the PIT Regulations. This can be viewed at <u>https://www.bcril.com.</u>

(b) Code of conduct to regulate, monitor and report trading by Designated Persons (DPs) pursuant to Regulation 9(1) of the PIT Regulations. This can be viewed at <u>https://www.bcril.com.</u>

(c) Policy for procedure of enquiry in case of leak of unpublished price sensitive information pursuant to Regulation 9A(5) of the PIT Regulations. This can be viewed at <u>https://www.bcril.com.</u>

(d) The Whistle Blower Policy pursuant to Regulation 9A(6) of the PIT Regulations. This can be viewed at <u>https://www.bcril.com.</u>

NUMBER OF EQUITY SHARES HELD BY NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS AT THE CLOSE

The Company does not have any convertible instruments. The number of equity shares held by Non-Executive Directors at the close of business hours on 31st March, 2023 is given below:

- 1. MR APARESH NANDI 1319574
- 2. DR SANGHAMITRA MUKHERJEE NIL
- 3. MR SWAPAN CHAKRABORTY 200
- 4. MR SUDIPTA KUMAR MUKHERJEE NIL
- 5. MR RANAJIT KR MONDAL NIL

Commodity Price Risk or Foreign Exchange risk and Hedging activities

In accordance with the hedging activities and risk associated thereon as determined by the Board and available at the Company's website at <u>https://www.bcril.com</u>, no loss or profit from such exposure is considered to be material during the year.



DECLARATION UNDER REGULATION 34(3) READ WITH PART D OF SCHEDULE V OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015:

As provided under Regulation 34(3) read with Part D of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, Board Members have affirmed with the Code of Conduct of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2024. The said Code of Conduct has also been uploaded by the Company in its website : <u>www.bcril.com</u>

Place: Kolkata Dated: 28-05-2024 Jayanta Kumar Ghosh Managing Director

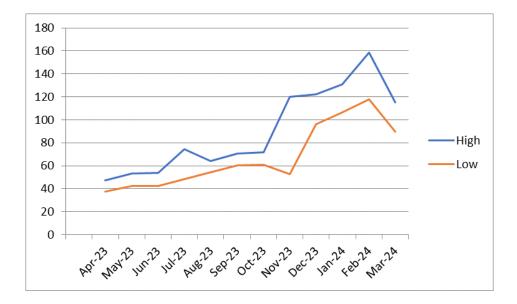


ANNEXURE – A

(Annexure to Corporate Governa							
GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' INFO	CRIMATION						
ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING:	Date – 26 th September 2024 (Thursday) Time – 4 pm VC/OAVM facility provided by CDSL Venue – Registered office of the Company, 112 Raja Ram Mohan Roy Sarani, Kolkata 700009.						
FINANCIAL YEAR 2021-22	: The accounting year covers the period from 1 st April, 2023 to 31 st March, 2024 Financial Reporting for the quarter ending on: 30 th June, 2023 (unaudited) - by 14 th August, 2023 31 st December, 2023(unaudited) - by 14 th November, 2023 31 st March, 2024 (Audited) - by 30 th May, 2024						
Book Closure Dates	: 20 th S	eptember 2024 to 26 th Sep	tember 2024				
Dividend Payment date	: on or	before 23 rd October 2024					
Listing on Stock Exchanges	: The shares of the Company are listed on: BSE Limited Scrip Code-542057 Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai -400001						
DEPOSITORIES :	1.	The National Securities De 4 th Floor, Trade World, Ka Senapati Bapat Marg, Lov					
	2.	Central Depository Servic Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towe Mumbai - 400001	es (India) Limited rs, 17 th Floor, Dalal Street				
ISIN	: INEOO	SW01015					
Registrar and Share Transfer Ag	gents :						
	oad 5th F 248, 2243	Ltd. Ioor Kolkata - 700001 3-5029 Fax No:033-2248478	87,				
COMPLIANCE OFFICER	: Ms Devshree Sinha, Company Secretary, Contact: +9674911100, 033-22190085, Fax: 033-22411814; E-MAIL : investors@bcril.com						



Month	High	Low
Apr-23	47.12	37.5
May-23	53.22	42.4
Jun-23	53.7	42.4
Jul-23	74.45	48.25
Aug-23	63.99	54.5
Sep-23	70.5	60.5
Oct-23	71.8	61.05
Nov-23	119.95	52.52
Dec-23	122.25	95.9
Jan-24	130.75	106.25
Feb-24	158.85	117.65
Mar-24	115.3	89.7



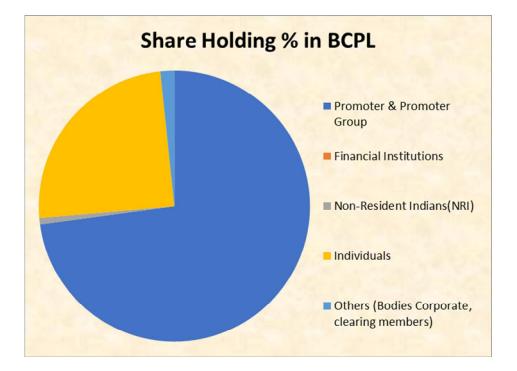
DEMATERIALIZATION OF SHARES AS ON 31ST MARCH 2024: 100% of the Company's shares is held in electronic form.

No outstanding shares are held in Demat suspense/ unpaid suspense account.

GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION OF SHAREHOLDING PATTERN AS ON 31ST MARCH, 2024: The weblink on shareholding pattern can be viewed at <u>https://www.bcril.com.</u>



Status of shareholder	No of Share Holding in BCPL	% of shareholding
Promoter & Promoter Group	12185709	72.86
Financial Institutions	0	0.00
Non-Resident Indians (NRI)	125221	0.75
Individuals	4134924	24.73
Others (Bodies Corporate, clearing members, HUF)	277784	1.66
Total	16723638	100.00



DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2024

	No of		
Share Holding	Holders	No of Shares	% age
Upto 500	23873	1608037	9.6154
501 to 1000	740	611062	3.6539
1001 to 2000	295	458335	2.7406
2001 to 3000	79	201690	1.2060
3001 to 4000	42	155137	0.9277
4001 to 5000	31	148991	0.8909
5001 to 10000	46	341345	2.0411
Above 10000	47	13199045	789245
Grand Total	25153	16723638	100.0000



CORPORATE OFFICE: 13B Bidhan Sarani, Chanda Plaza, 4th Floor, Kolkata West Bengal 700006.

STORE LOCATION: Vill: Talbanda, P.O. Jugberia, P.S. New Barrackpore, Dist 24 Parganas (North), West Bengal 700110.

FOR ANY QUERY RELATING TO SHAREHOLDING, PLEASE SEND YOUR QUERY /EMAIL AT:

- BCPL Railway Infrastructure Ltd. Registered Address: 112 Raja Ram Mohan Roy Sarani, Kolkata, West Bengal- 700009 Contact: +9674911100, 033-22190085, Fax: 033-22411814; E-mail: investors@bcril.com
- Registrar & Share Transfer Agent Maheshwari Datamatics Pvt. Ltd. Registrar & Share Transfer Agent 23 R.N.Mukherjee Road 5th Floor Kolkata - 700001 Contact : 033-22482248, 2243-5029 E-mail: mdpldc@yahoo.com



Annexure 8

Certificate to the Members of BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

 We, L. B. Jha & Co., Chartered Accountants, the Statutory Auditors of BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED ('the Company'), have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by the Company, for the year ended on 31st March 2024 as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and para-C and D of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations).

Managements' Responsibility

2. The compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control and procedures to ensure the compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance stipulated in Listing Regulations.

Auditor's Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is limited to examining the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
- 4. We have examined the books of account and other relevant records and documents maintained by the Company for the purpose of providing reasonable assurance on the compliance with Corporate Governance requirements by the Company.
- 5. We have carried out an examination of the relevant records of the Company in accordance with the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the ICAI), the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, in so far as applicable for the purpose of this certificate and as per the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes issued by the ICAI which requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.
- 6. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

Opinion

- 7. In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above-mentioned Listing Regulations.
- 8. We state that such compliance is neither assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For L. B. Jha & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 301088E (D. N. Roy)

Place: Kolkata Date: 28.05.2024

> Partner Membership No. 300389 UDIN: 24300389BKDBLP1285



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flows, the Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financial statements for the year ended on that date including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, its profit (including Other Comprehensive Income), Changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

2. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

3. Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

Key Audit Matter	Response to Key Audit Matter
Revenue recognition – accounting for construction contracts	Principal Audit Procedures In responding to the identified key audit matter, we
There are significant accounting judgements including estimation of costs to complete, determining the stage of completion and the timing of revenue recognition. The Company recognises revenue and profit/loss on the basis	 Testing of the design and implementation of controls involved for the determination of the
of stage of completion based on the proportion of	estimates used as well as their operating



contract costs incurred at reporting date, relative to the	effectiveness;
total estimated costs inclured at reporting date, relative to the total estimated costs of the contract at completion. The recognition of revenue and profit/loss therefore rely on estimates in relation to total estimated costs of each contract. Cost contingencies are included in these estimates to take into account specific uncertain risks, or disputed claims against the Company, arising within each contract. These contingencies are reviewed by the Management on a regular basis throughout the contract life and adjusted where appropriate.	 Testing the relevant information technology systems' access and change management controls relating to contracts and related information used in recording and disclosing revenue in accordance with the new revenue accounting standard; Testing a sample of contracts for appropriate identification of performance obligations; For the sample selected, reviewing for change orders and the impact on the estimated costs to complete; Engaging technical experts to review estimates of costs to complete for sample contracts; and Performed analytical procedures for reasonableness of revenues disclosed by type and service offerings
Contingent Liabilities The Company operates in a complex tax environment and is required to discharge direct and indirect tax obligations under various legislations such as Income Tax Act, 1961, the Finance Act, 1994, Goods and Services Tax Act and VAT Acts of various states. The tax authorities under these legislations have raised certain tax demands on the Company in respect of the past periods. The Company has disputed such demands and has appealed against them at appropriate forums. As at March 31, 2024 the Company has an amount of Rs. 310.04 Lakhs involved in various pending tax litigations. Ind AS 37 requires the Company to perform an assessment of the probability of economic outflow on account of such disputed tax matters and determine whether any particular obligation needs to be recorded as a provision in the books of account or to be disclosed as a contingent liability. Considering the significant degree of judgement applied by the management in making such assessments and the resultant impact on the financial statements, we have considered it to be an area of significance for our audit.	 <u>Principal Audit Procedures</u> In assessing the exposure of the Company for the tax litigations, we have performed the following procedures: Obtained an understanding of the process laid down by the management for performing their assessment taking into consideration past legal precedents, changes in laws and regulations, expert opinions obtained from external tax / legal experts (as applicable); Assessed the processes and entity level controls established by the Company to ensure completeness of information with respect to tax litigations; Along with our tax experts, we undertook the following procedures: Reading communications with relevant tax authorities including notices, demands, orders, etc., relevant to the ending litigations, as made available to us by the management; Testing the accuracy of disputed amounts from the underlying communications received from tax authorities and responses filed by the Company; Considered the submissions made to appellate authorities and expert opinions obtained by the Company from external tax / legal experts (wherever applicable) which form the basis for management's assessment;



•	Assessed	the	positions	taken	by	the
•	manageme informatio the matter Read the Standalone	entin In and Ts by ou e disc	the light based on Ir tax exper closures	of the the exam ts. included	afore inatio	esaid on of the
	with Stand	lalone	37.			

Other Information

- 4. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in Board's Report including Annexures to Board Report, and Shareholders' Information but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The aforesaid documents are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.
- 5. Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- 6. In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information when it becomes available and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- 7. When we read the aforesaid documents, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matters to those charged with governance.

Responsibility of Management for Standalone Financial Statements

- 8. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 9. In preparing the Standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 10. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24-66



they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone financial statements.

- 12. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 13. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matters or when we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.
- 16. Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 17. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub –section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure-A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 18. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - a. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements refer Note 30 of Standalone financial statements.
 - b. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - c. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - d. (i) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested

(either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(ii) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(iii) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (i) and (ii) above, contain any material misstatement.

- e. (a) The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act, as applicable.
 - (b) The Company has neither declared nor paid any interim dividend during the year.

(c) The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

f. Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

For L. B. Jha & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 301088E (D. N. Roy) Partner Membership No: 300389 UDIN: 24300389BKDBLI9857

Place: Kolkata Date: 28.05.2024





ANNEXURE- A: TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED [Referred to in paragraph 17 of the Auditors' Report of even date]

- i. (a)(A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, plant and Equipment.
 - (a) (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) The Property, Plant & Equipment are physically verified by the management according to a phased Programme designed to cover all the items over a period of three years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the Programme, a portion of the Property, Plant & Equipment has been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies between the book records and the physical inventory have been noticed.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the title deeds of the immovable properties of the Company are held in the name of the Company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, the Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment or Intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us no proceeding has been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31,2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not material and have been properly dealt with in the books of account. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, quarterly statement of current assets in respect of its working capital borrowing are in agreement with the books of accounts of the company.
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act and hence reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not made any investment, advanced any loan, given any guarantee or provided any securities covered by provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act. However, the Company had given a corporate guarantee on behalf of Phoenix Overseas Ltd and M/S. BCL Bio Energy Private Limited to their lenders to the extent of Rs. 2870 lakhs and Rs 3419 lakhs respectively.

- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under. Further, no orders have been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal which could impact the Company.
- vi. The Central Government of India has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under subsection (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the products of the Company.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, cess and any other statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the particulars of dues of income tax, value added tax and sales tax as at 31st March 2024 which has not been deposited on account of a dispute are as follows-

March 2024 which has not been deposited on account of a dispute are as follows-						
Name of the	Nature	Amount	Period to	Forum where the		
statute	of dues	(Rs. in lakhs) *	which the	dispute is pending		
			amount			
			relates			
West Bengal Value Added Tax Act, 2003	Sales Tax	19.41	FY 2006-07	W.B. Appellate & Revisional Board, Kolkata		
Odisha Sales Tax Act	Sales Tax	16.80	01.04.2005 to 30.11.2008	Commissioner of Sales Tax, Bhubaneswar, Orissa		
Goods and Services Tax Act	Service Tax	36.33	FY 2008-09	Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Kolkata		
Goods and Services Tax Act	Service Tax	5.81	FY 2006-07 to FY 2011-12	Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Kolkata		
Goods and Services Tax Act	Service Tax	150.57	FY 2012-13 to FY 2016-17	Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Kolkata		
Odisha Sales Tax	Sales	33.65	FY 2008-09 to	Asst. Comm of Sales Tax,		
Act	Тах	33.05	2011-12	Cuttack, Odisha		
Odisha Sales Tax Act	Sales Tax	47.47	05.2005- 11.2008	Deputy Comm. Of sales Tax (Appeal), Bhubaneswar, Odisha		

* Excluding Interest and Penalty not yet determined

* Amount is net of payments made under Protest

viii.

There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).

 ix. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or in the payment of interest to lenders during the year.

- (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has applied the term loans for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
- (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on shortterm basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, hence reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, hence reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under this clause is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud on or by the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by the management.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not received any complaints from any whistle-blower during the year (and up to the date of this report) and hence reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has complied with the requirements of sections 177 and 188 of the Act with respect to its transactions with the related parties. Pursuant to the requirement of the applicable Accounting Standard, details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in Note 34 of the standalone financial statements for the year under audit.



- xiv. (a) In our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system. The internal audit system is being further strengthened to make it commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xv. In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors. and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve & Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3 (xvi) (a) and (b) is not applicable.
 - (b)
 - (c) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and hence reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- xvii. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us the company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- XIX. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- XX. According to information and explanation given to us and records of the Company examined by us, there is no fund lying unspent, hence reporting under clause 3(XX) (a) & (b) is not applicable.
- xxi. According to information and explanation given to us and records of the Company examined by us, there have been no any qualifications or adverse remarks given by the respective auditor in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements.

For L. B. Jha & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 301088E (D. N. Roy) Partner Membership No: 300389 UDIN: 24300389BKDBLI9857

Place: Kolkata Date: 28.05.2024



ANNEXURE- B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED [Referred to in paragraph 18 (f) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date]

Report on the Internal Financial Control under Clause (i) of Sub –sections 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013("the Act")

 We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Control

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial control based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the "Guidance Note" and the Standard on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting includes obtaining an understanding of internal financial control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedure selected depends on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting

- 6. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that
 - 1) Pertain to the maintenance of the records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company.
 - 2) provide reasonable assurance that the transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditure of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and directors of company; and
 - 3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting

7. Because of inherent limitation of internal financial control over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluations of the internal financial control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion and based on audit tests performed in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2024, the Company has, in all material respect, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2024. The Company had established informal practices which are effective in having a proper internal control over financial reporting. A formal system of internal controls over financial reporting criteria is in the process of being established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control as stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Control Over Financial Reporting, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

We have considered the material weakness identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the 31st March, 2024 financial statements of the Company and these material weakness does not affect our opinion on the financial statements of the Company

For L. B. Jha & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 301088E (D. N. Roy) Partner Membership No: 300389 UDIN: 24300389BKDBLI9857

Place: Kolkata Date: 28.05.2024

BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2024

	Amount in Rs. lacs		
Particulars	Note	As at	As at
Particulars	No.	March 31 2024	March 31 2023
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant and Equipment	3	274.76	83.66
Intangible Assets	3	1.38	1.75
Right of Use	3	4.94	5.55
Investment Property	-	173.22	167.33
Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	4	1,261.09	1,130.82
(i) Others	5	2,074.57	2,684.58
Deferred tax Assets (Net)	15	29.42	41.86
Other Non Current Assets	6	51.64	51.89
Total Non-Current Assets		3,871.02	4,167.43
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories	7	4,503.66	3,394.26
Financial Assets			
(i) Trade receivables	8	1,062.37	1,585.48
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	722.47	15.93
(iii) Bank balances other than(iii) above		7.37	3.64
(v) Others	5	1,777.51	1,234.46
Current Tax Assets(Net)	19	31.50	
Other current assets	10	446.11	392.14
Total Current Assets		8,550.98	6,625.90
TOTAL ASSETS		12,422.00	10,793.33
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES EQUITY			
Equity Share Capital	11	1,672.36	1,672.36
Other Equity	11	7,245.20	6,773.26
TOTAL EQUITY		8,917.55	8,445.62
LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
(a) Financial Liabilities	10	2.00	01 71
(i) Borrowings	12	3.88	31.71
(ia) Lease liabilities	40	2.17	2.29
(b) Provisions	13	62.90	32.67
Total Non-current Liabilities		68.95	66.66
Financial Liabilities	14	1 4 20 4 4	219.56
(i) Borrowings (ia) Lease liabilities	14	1,629.44 0.12	0.12
(ii) Trade Payables	14	0.12	0.12
-	16		
(A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises			
and small enterprises; and		230.59	160.02
(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises.		1,052.75	779.05
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	17	76.78	73.12
Other Current Liabilities	17	433.13	963.48
Provisions		12.69	28.61
	13	12.09	
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	19	-	57.08
Total Current Liabilities		3,435.50	2,281.05
		3,504.45	2,347.71
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		12,422.00	10,793.33

The accompanying notes are an integral part of Financial StatementsFor L.B.JHA & Co.Chartered AccountantsChartered AccountantsFor and on behalfFirm Regd. No. 301088Eof BCPL Railway Ir

D.N. Roy Partner Membership No. 300389

Kolkata 28-05-2024 For and on behalf of the Board of BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited

Jayanta Kumar Ghosh Managing Director (DIN:00722445)

Uday Narayan Singh Executive Director & CFO (DIN:00722449)

Devshree Sinha Company Secretary (Mem No. A21786)



BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2024 Amount in Rs. Lacs

	1		Amount in RS. Lacs
Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
	20	0 702 20	10 070 70
Revenue from Operations	20	8,793.39	12,278.79
Other Income	21	269.64	271.29
		9,063.03	12,550.08
EXPENSES	22	6 000 07	9 502 79
Construction and Operating Expenses	22	6,899.87	8,503.78
Cost of Sales of Traded Goods	00	-	1,945.45
Employee Benefit Expenses	23	526.42	478.63
Finance Costs	24	275.56	168.02
Depreciation and Amortisation	25	18.35	16.56
Other Expenses	26	597.93	328.62
TOTAL EXPENSES		8,318.13	11,441.05
Profit before Exceptional items and Tax		744.90	1,109.03
Exceptional Items			
Profit before Tax		744.90	1,109.03
Tax Expense			
Current Tax		180.27	272.92
Provision relating to earlier years		-	-
Deferred Tax		12.44	28.23
Total Tax Expense		192.71	301.15
Profit for the year		552.19	807.88
Other Comprehensive Income			
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Remeasurements of defined benefit obligations		1.32	6.05
- Changes in Fair Value of FVTOCI Equity instruments		33.26	37.12
(ii) Income Tax relating to these items			
Total Comprehensive income for the year		586.77	851.05
Earnings per Equity Share		3.30	4.83
[Nominal Value per share : Rs. 10/-(Previous Year : Rs. 10/-)]			
- Basic & Diluted		3.30	4.83

The accompanying notes are an integral part of Financial Statements

For L.B.JHA & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regd. No. 301088E

D.N. Roy Partner Membership No. 300389

Kolkata 28-05-2024 For and on behalf of the Board of BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited

Jayanta Kumar Ghosh Managing Director (DIN:00722445)

Uday Narayan Singh Executive Director & CFO (DIN:00722449)

Devshree Sinha Company Secretary (Mem No. A21786)

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024Amount in Rs. LacsA cash Flow from Operating Activities:As at March 31 2024Amount in Rs. LacsAs at March 31 2024As at March 31 2025As at March 31 2024<		BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIN		
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities: 744.90 1,109.03 Adjustments for: 2SR Spending 42.62 45.39 Notional Cost on Security Deposit (77.81) (89.33) Notional Gain on Investments (0.44) (0.86) Loss/(Pofit) on Sale of Car - 1.61 OCI Impact of Investments 1.32 6.05 Interest Paid 225.05 126.87 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment 953.99 1.215.32 Adjustments for: (1.09.41) (559.01) Increase//Decrease in Irade and other receivables 578.92 (108.52) (Increase)/Decrease in Irade and other receivables (1.109.41) (559.01) Increase//Decrease in Irade Payables) (237.35) (248.89) Net Cash Flow from operating activities (241.35) (38.29) Direct taxes refund/(paid)-net (237.35) (248.89) Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities: (96.57) (587.60) Purchase of Fixed Assets - 10.50 Net cash (used in) from investing activities - - Share Application Money - - <		Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March		Amount in Rs. Lacs
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Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 15.93 739.83		· · ·		
	Ne	t (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	706.54	(723.91)
	Ca	sh and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	15.93	739.83
			722.47	15.93

Notes

 Cash Flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7, "Cash Flow Statements" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

2. Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever applicable.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of Financial Statements

For L.B.JHA & Co. Chartered Accountants	For and on behalf of the Board of BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited
Firm Regd. No. 301088E	
	Jayanta Kumar Ghosh
	Managing Director (DIN:00722445)
D.N. Roy	
Partner	
Membership No. 300389	Uday Narayan Singh
	Executive Director & CFO (DIN:00722449)
Kolkata	
28-05-2024	
	Devshree Sinha
	Company Secretary (Mem No. A21786)



Notes to Standalone Accounts

1 Corporate Information

BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED ("BCPL or the Company") is a public limited company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. It is listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange. The Company executes Railway Electrification Projects, turnkey OHE projects and other projects for Railway as well as non government parties. The Company has also investment in BCL Bio Energy Private Limited which is a subsidiary of BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited. BCL Bio Energy is constructing a 300 tpd rice bran extraction plant. The registered office of the Company is located at 112 Raja Ram Mohan Roy Sarani, Kolkata 700009.

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on 28th May, 2024.

1.1 Basis of Preparation

The Ind AS financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III), as applicable to the Company. The Ind AS financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair values. (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments)

1.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IND AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Differences between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the year in which the results are known / materialized and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

(i) <u>Useful lives of property</u>, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived of the determining an estimate of an asset expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology

(ii) Fair value measurements and valuation processes

Some of the Company's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Company engages third party valuers, where required, to perform the valuation. Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of various assets, liabilities are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

(iii) <u>Claims, Provisions and Contingent Liabilities</u>

In case of any ongoing dispute / litigation, where an outflow of funds is believed to be probable and a reliable estimate of the outcome of the dispute can be made based on management's assessment of specific circumstances of each dispute and relevant external advice, management provides for its best estimate of the liability. Such accruals are by nature complex and can take number of years to resolve and can involve estimation uncertainty.

(iv) Actuarial Valuation

The determination of Company's liability towards defined benefit obligation to employees is made through independent actuarial valuation including determination of amounts to be recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and in other comprehensive income. Such valuation depend upon assumptions determined after taking into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market. Information about such valuation is provided in notes to the financial statements.

1.3 Material Accounting Policies

1.3.(i) Current and Non-Current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

- A liability is current when:
- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

1.3.(ii) Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

► Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

► Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

► Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the Ind AS financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that issignificant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

1.3.(iii) Revenue from contracts with customer

Revenue is recognized from construction and service activities is recognized based on "over time" method and the company uses the input method to measure progress of delivery.



When the outcome of individual contracts can be estimated reliably, contract revenue and contract cost are recognized as revenue and expenses respectively by reference to the stage of completion at the reporting date. Costs are recognized as incurred and revenue is recognized on the basis of the proportion of total cost at the reporting date to the estimated total cost of the contract.

Estimates of the final out-turn on each contract may include cost contingencies to take account of the risk within each contracts that have been identified during the early stages of contract. The cost contingencies are reviewed on a regular basis throughout the contract life and are adjusted where appropriate. However, the natures of the risks on contracts are such that they often cannot be resolved until the end of the project and therefore may not reverse until the end of the Project. The estimated final out- turns on contracts are continuously reviewed, and in certain limited cases, recoveries from insurers are assessed, and adjustments made where necessary. No margin is recognized until the outcome of the contract can be estimated with reasonable certainty. Provision is made for all known or expected losses on individual contracts once each losses are foreseen.

Revenue in respect of variations to contracts and incentive payments is recognized when it is highly probable and agreed by the customer. Revenue in respect of claim is recognized only if it is highly probable not to reverse in future periods. Profit for the year includes the benefit of claims settled in the year to the extent not previously recognized on contracts completed in previous years.

The figures have been taken as per the management working on the basis of the work completed. In some old projects where substantial contract revenue has already been recognized in earlier periods, income from operations is determined and recognized, based on the bills raised on technical evaluation of work executed based on joint inspection with customers including railways.

Export Income

Export sale is accounted for at the time of clearance of the goods at the Indian Customs Stations.

Exchange Differences

Difference between the rate recorded as above and the realization rate of the bills is recognized as Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss through the Profit and Loss Account.

Other Income

Other income comprises of primarily of Interest Income, Dividend Income, Gain/ (Loss) on sale of Investments, Rental Income and Claims (if any).

Interest Income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend Income is recognized as and when right to receive payment is established provided, which is generally after the shareholders approves it in the Annual General Meeting.

Gain/ (Loss) on sale of Current/ Non Current Investments are recognized at the time of redemption/ Sale and at Fair value at each reporting period.

Rent Income/Lease rentals are recognized on accrual basis in accordance with the terms of agreements.

Insurance and other claims are accounted for as and when admitted by the appropriate authorities in view of uncertainty involved in ascertainment of final claim.

1.3.(iv) Taxes

Current Tax

Current income-tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India and tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where the Company operates. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.



Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the Ind AS financial statements at the reporting date. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in OCI or directly in equity, respectively.

1.3.(v) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment and Capital work in progress are carried at cost of acquisition, on current cost basis less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment, if any. Cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. Machinery spares which can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment and whose use is expected to be irregular are capitalised and depreciated over the useful life of the principal item of the relevant assets. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Depreciation is provided on Straight line method over the useful lives of property, plant and equipment except for depreciation on Motor Cars which is provided for on the reducing balance method as estimated by management. Pursuant to Notification of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 depreciation is provided on prorata basis over the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment where applicable, as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

1.3.(vi) Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are recognized only when future economic benefits arising out of the assets flow to the enterprise and are amortised over their useful life ranging from 3 to 5 years. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial



recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

1.3.(vii) Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. Borrowing Costs include interest, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs. Discount on Commercial papers is amortised over the tenor of the underlying instrument. Borrowing Costs, allocated to and utilised for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use is added to the cost of the assets. Capitalisation of Borrowing Costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

1.3(viii) Leases

<u>As a lessee</u>

The company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, company's incremental borrowing rate.

Generally, the company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;

- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;

- Amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and

- The exercise price under a purchase option that the company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-ofuse asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero. The company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in 'property, plant and equipment' and lease liabilities in 'loans and borrowings' in the statement of financial position.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of real estate properties that have a lease term of 12 months. The company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

1.3.(ix) Inventories

Raw materials, work-in-progress and finished products are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses, where considered necessary. Cost includes purchase price non refundable taxes and duties and other directly attributable costs incurred in bringing the goods to the point of sale.

Work-in-progress and finished goods include appropriate proportion of overheads and where applicable, excise duty. Cost are assigned to individual items of inventory on weighted average basis.

Stores and Spares are valued on the "weighted average" basis.

1.3.(x) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

1.3.(xi) Provisions and Contingencies

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the Ind AS financial statements.

1.3.(xii) Employee Benefits

(i) Defined Contribution Plan

Employee benefits in the form of Provident Fund are considered as defined contribution plan and the contributions are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss account of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due. There are no other obligations other than the contributions payable to the respective authorities.

(ii) Defined Benefits Plan

(a) Gratuity

Every employee who has completed five years or more of service is entitled to Gratuity as per the provisions of The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The costs of providing benefits are determined on the basis of actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at each year-end. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately recognised in retained earnings through Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not re-classified to Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods. The excess / shortfall in the fair value of the plan assets over the present value of the obligation calculated as per actuarial methods as at balance sheet dates is recognised as a gain / loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Any asset arising out of this calculation is limited to the past service cost plus the present value of available refunds and reduction in future contributions.

(b) Long Term Compensated Absences

Unavailed Leave balances are not accumulated and paid in the year of accrual.



1.3.(xiii) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

1.3.(xiv) Earning per Share

Basic Earnings Per Share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

1.3.(xv) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

A Financial Assets

(i) Initial recognition and measurement-

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

(ii) Subsequent Measurement

- For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in two categories:
- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income FVTOCI

Debt instruments at amortised cost other than derivative contracts

- A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:
- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in Other Income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Equity investments

Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at FVTOCI or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset

(iv) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether a financial asset (or a group of financial assets) such as investments, trade receivables, advances and security deposits held at amortised cost and financial assets that are



measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are tested for impairment based on evidence or information that is available without undue cost or effort. Expected credit losses are assessed and loss allowances recognised if the credit quality of the financial asset has deteriorated significantly since initial recognition.

(v) Foreign Currency Transactions

The reporting currency of the Company is the Indian Rupee.

Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the reporting currency, using the exchange rate predetermined on the basis of the exchange rate mentioned in the Shipping Bill in case of exports and Bill of Entry in case of Imports. Difference between the rate recorded as above and the realization rate of the bills is recognized as Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss through the Profit and Loss Account. At each balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are reported using the exchange rate predetermined on the basis of the exchange rate on the date of the balance sheet. Non-monetary items which are carried at historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

B Financial Liabilities

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowing or payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and financial guarantee contracts.

(ii) Subsequent Measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below: Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include derivatives, financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risks are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the lender for a loss it incurs because the specified borrower fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a loan agreement. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.



(iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(iv) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

1.3.(xvi) Operating Segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker (CODM). The CODM who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors of the Company.

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	mont of C	ment of Changes	ment of Changes in	ment of Changes in Equi

		Amount in Rs.
A. Equity share capital	Current Reporting	Previous
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	1,672.36	1,672.36
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	-	-
Changes in equity share capital during the reporting period	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	1,672.36	1,672.36

			Curre	nt Reporting Perio	d						
B. Other Equity	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Total Comprehensive Income for the current year	Dividends	Any other change (to be specified)	Balance at the end of the reporting period				
Share application money pending allotment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Equity component of compound financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Reserves and Surplus											
Capital Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Securities Premium	999.52	-	999.52	-	-	-	999.52				
Other Reserves (specify nature)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Retained Earnings	5,649.27	-	5,649.27	552.19	(114.85)	-	6,086.63				
Debt instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	106.99	-	106.99	33.26	-	-	140.26				
Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges	-	-	-		-	-	-				
Revaluation Surplus	-	-	-		-	-	-				
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a	-	-	-		-	-	-				
Other items of Other Comprehensive Income(Employee Gratuity											
Provision)	17.47	-	17.47	1.32	-	-	18.79				
Money received against share warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Total	6,773.26	-	6,773.26	586.77	(114.85)	-	7,245.20				

			Previo	us Reporting Peric	d						
B. Other Equity	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Total Comprehensive Income for the current year	Dividends	Any other change (to be specified)	Balance at the end of the reporting period				
Share application money pending allotment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Equity component of compound financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Reserves and Surplus											
Capital Reserve							-				
Securities Premium	999.52	-	999.52	-	-	-	999.52				
Other Reserves (specify nature)	-	-		-	-	-	-				
Retained Earnings	4,957.09	-	4,957.09	807.88	(115.70)	-	5,649.27				
Debt instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	69.88	-	69.88	37.12	-	-	106.99				
Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Revaluation Surplus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other items of Other Comprehensive Income(specify nature)	11.42	-	11.42	6.05	-	-	17.47				
Money received against share warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Total	6,037.91	-	6,037.91	851.05	(115.70)	-	6,773.26				

For and on behalf of the Board of BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited

Jayanta Kumar Ghosh Managing Director (DIN:00722445)

Uday Narayan Singh Executive Director & CFO (DIN:00722449)

Devshree Sinha Company Secretary (Mem No. A21786)

For L.B.JHA & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regd. No. 301088E

D.N. Roy Partner Membership No. 300389

Kolkata 28-05-2024

Note 3 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) and Right of

use

Particulars	Land	Buildings	Furniture &	Office	Plant &	Motor	Computers	Total
Gross carrying amount as on April 1,2022	6.12	32.82	8.35	24.76	27.60	52.23	34.05	185.92
Additions	-	-	0.84	4.24	-	25.47	1.58	32.13
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	13.43	-	13.43
Closing gross carrying amount as on 31.03.2023	6.12	32.82	9.19	29.00	27.60	64.27	35.63	204.62
Additions	-	191.76	2.99	0.55	-	10.17	3.00	208.47
Disposals	-	-						-
Closing gross carrying amount as on 31.03.2024	6.12	224.58	12.18	29.55	27.60	74.44	38.63	413.09
Accumulated depreciation as at 1 April 2022	-	10.91	6.86	20.16	21.58	22.15	25.05	106.72
Depreciation charge during the year	-	0.44	0.41	1.27	1.34	7.95	4.16	15.57
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	1.32	-	1.32
Closing accumulated depreciation as on 31.03.2023	-	11.35	7.27	21.44	22.92	28.78	29.21	120.97
Depreciation charge during the period		2.52	0.60	1.68	0.79	7.68	4.10	17.36
Disposals								-
Closing accumulated depreciation as on 31.03.2024	-	13.86	7.87	23.11	23.71	36.46	33.31	138.33
Net carrying amount as at 1 April 2022	6.12	21.91	1.49	4.60	6.02	30.07	9.00	79.21
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2023	6.12	21.48	1.92	7.56	4.68	35.49	6.42	83.66
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	6.12	210.72	4.31	6.43	3.89	37.98	5.32	274.76

Particulars	Capital work-in- progress	Intangible Assets - Computer Software	Investment Property	Goodwill	Intangible assets under development	Biological Assets other than bearer plants	Right of Use
Gross carrying amount as on April 1,2022 Additions Disposals		5.33	161.17 6.16	-	-	-	8.02
Closing gross carrying amount as on 31.03.2023	-	5.33	167.33	-	-	-	8.02
Additions Disposals			5.89				-
Closing gross carrying amount as on 31.03.2024	-	5.33	173.22				8.02
Accumulated depreciation as at 1 April 2022		3.21	-				1.85
Depreciation charge during the year		0.37	-				0.62
Disposals		-					-
Closing accumulated depreciation as on 31.03.2023	-	3.58	-				2.47
Depreciation charge during the period Disposals		0.37	-				0.62
Closing accumulated depreciation as on 31.03.2024	-	3.95	-				3.08
Net carrying amount as at 1 April 2022	-	2.12	161.17				6.17
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2023	-	1.75	167.33				5.55
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	-	1.38	173.22				4.94



BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes to the financial statements

Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
Note -4		
Financial Assets - Investments Investment in Subsidiary (At Cost)		
BCL Bio Energy Private Ltd.(79,55,997 (Pv. Yr. 69,35,997) Shares of Rs. 10/Each)	795.60	693.60
BRIL Social Foundation Unquoted Investment (at FV through OCI)	0.20	2.00
Phoenix Overseas Ltd.		
5,11,335 (Pv. Yr. 5,11,335) Shares of Rs. 10/- each	455.28	422.02
Gold (at Cost)	7.43	7.43
(Investment in 320 gms Gold Coins)		
	1,258.51	1,125.05
	2.58	F 77
Gold (at FV through PL) (Investment in 100 gms Gold Bonds)	2.58	5.77
	2.58	5.77
Total	1,261.09	1,130.82



BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes to the financial statements

Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
Note - 5		
OTHERS		
NON CURRENT		
Security/Earnest Deposits with Clients	1,600.85	2,036.57
Other Security Deposits	23.39	22.66
Fxed Deposit having maturity of more than 12 months **	450.33	625.35
	2,074.57	2,684.58
**- Deposits held by Bank as Margin for Bank Guarantees &		
Letter of Credit	467.55	262.33
**- Deposits held by Bank as Collateral Security	900.00	567.11
Current		
Security Deposit Unsecured, Considered Good;	627.09	214.02
Share Application Money With Subsidiary - BCL Bio Energy	0.00	120.70
Fxed Deposit having maturity of less than 12 months	1,150.42	899.74
CURRENT	1,777.51	1,234.46
Note - 6		
OTHER NON FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Non Current		
Sales Tax Deposits	30.68	30.93
Service Tax Deposits	20.96	20.96
	20.70	20.70
	51.64	51.89

BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes to the financial statements

Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
Note -7		
INVENTORIES Project Work in Progress(unbilled) (At proportionate Contract value)	4,503.65	3,394.26
	4,503.65	3,394.26
Note - 8		
TRADE RECEIVABLES Unsecured		
Considered Good Having significant increase in credit risks	1,062.37	1,585.48 -
Credit Impaired	-	-
	1,062.37	1,585.48

Trade Receivables ageing schedule - Current Reporting Peri	DO

Trade Receivables ageing schedule - Current Rep	orting Period					
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#					
Particulars	Less than 6 months	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed, Unsecured Considered Good Having significant increase in credit risks Credit Impaired Disputed, Unsecured Considered Good Having significant increase in credit risks Credit Impaired	345.83	390.88	325.66			1,062.37
	345.83	390.88	325.66	-	-	1,062.37

Ageing is considered from the date of transaction

Trade Receivables ageing schedule - Previous Reporti	ng Period					
		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#				
Particulars	Less than 6 months	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed, Unsecured Considered Good Having significant increase in credit risks Credit Impaired Disputed	1,043.52	245.31	296.65 -			1,585.48 -
Disputed, Unsecured Considered Good Having significant increase in credit risks Credit Impaired	1.043.52	245.31	296.65			1,585.48

Ageing is considered from the date of transaction

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24- 92

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Note -9

	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31 2024	March 31 2023
Balance with banks (of the nature of cash and cash equivalents)		
In Current/ Cash Credit Accounts	716.02	10.35
In Fixed Deposit Accounts	-	-
Cheques, drafts on hand	-	-
Cash on hand	6.44	5.57
Others	-	-
Note -9		
BANK BALANCES (Other than as mentioned above)		
In Unpaid Dividend Escrow Account	7.37	3.64
	729.84	19.57
Note -10		
OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	(0.10	50.77
Advance recoverable in kind or for value to be received	68.10	52.77
Advance to Suppliers	114.86 195.47	132.24 132.65
Balance in GST (Input Tax Credit)	40.61	41.71
Margin with Broker for Hedging Prepaid Insurance	40.01	41.71
Prepaid Rent	0.77	0.15
Export Incentives	8.96	25.13
Advance Rent	11.35	4.32
	446.11	392.14

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24- 93

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F



BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes to the financial statements

Note 11 A:Share Capital

A:Share capital		
Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
Equity Share Capital		
a) Authorised		
1,80,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	1,800.00	1,800.00
(Previous Year 31.03.2023 - 1,80,00,000)	1,800.00	1,800.00
b) Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up 1,67,23,638 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each (Previous Year 31.03.2023 - 1,67,23,638)	1,672.36	1,672.36
Total	1,672.36	1,672.36
 C) Reconciliation of number of equity shares are set out below: i) Shares outstanding at the beginning of the financial year. ii) Issued during the year iii) Shares forfeited/brought back/cancelled during the year 	16,72,36,380	16,72,36,380
iv) Shares outstanding at the end of the financial year	16,72,36,380.00	16,72,36,380.00

d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of shares

	As at		As at	
Name of the Shareholders	March	31 2024	March 31 2	2023
	% held	No.of Shares	% held	No.of Shares
Aparesh Nandi	7.89%	13,19,574	7.89%	13,19,574
Kum Kum Nandi	8.17%	13,65,672	8.17%	13,65,672
Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	8.60%	14,37,518	9.03%	15,10,006
Aparajita Ghosh	7.90%	13,21,250	7.90%	13,21,250
Mina Singh	14.11%	23,59,200	14.11%	23,59,200
Kanhai Singh	15.71%	26,26,671	15.71%	26,26,671
Resilient Exports Pvt. Ltd.	6.71%	11,22,730	6.71%	11,22,730

Amount in Rs.Lacs

e) The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Re.10/-.Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. However, no such preferential amounts exist currently. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

f) Shares held by promoters at the end of the year							
SI.No	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	%of total shares	% Change during the year			
	1 Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	14,37,518	8.60%	-0.43%			
:	2 Aparesh Nandi	13,19,574	7.89%	0.00%			
:	3 Resilient Exports Private Limited	11,22,730	6.71%	0.00%			
	4 Uday Narayan Singh	4,20,994	2.52%	0.00%			

B. Other equity

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Security Premium	999.52	999.52
Retained earnings	6,086.63	5,649.27
Other Comprehensive Income	159.05	124.46
Total	7,245.19	6,773.26

BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes to the financial statements

Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
Note -12		
NON CURRENT BORROWINGS		
SECURED		
Term Loan from Bank	0.00	26.99
Vehicle Loan	3.88	4.72
** Vehicle Loan from Bank is secured by hypothecation of the		
vehicle financed. The loan is repayable in monthly installments from the date of the loan, by 31.05.2025		
	3.88	31.71
Note -13		
EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS		
Provision for Employee Benefits		
- Current	12.69	28.61
- Non-Current	62.90	32.67
Current	12.69	28.61
Non-Current	62.90	32.67
Note - 14		
CURRENT BORROWINGS		
SECURED		
Cash Credit		
Working Capital Loan from Banks (Cash Credit)	1,623.85	146.77
i) Secured by hypothecation of all present/future stock and receivables , all present/future fixed assets and personal guarantee of the promoter directors.		
Current maturities of long term loans		
BANK OF INDIA COVID LOAN	0.00	64.05
BANK OF INDIA CAR LOAN	5.59	3.03
HDFC BANK LTD CAR LOAN (TATA-407)	0.00	2.36
YES BANK LTD (CAR LOAN TATA-610SFC)	0.00	3.35
	1,629.44	219.56
Note - 15		
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liability)		
Deferred Tax Assets		
Provision for Employee Benefits	19.02	15.42
FMV of Security Deposit	67.72	72.05
Provision for Doubtful Advances	0.91	0.00
Deferred Tax Liability		
FMV of Financial Instruments	53.34	44.97
Difference between WDV of Assets and Liability	4.89	0.64
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liability)	29.42	41.86
Movement of Deferred Tax	-12.44	

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT – 2023-24- 95

BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes to Accounts -- Contd.

Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
Note - 16		
TRADE PAYABLES		
Trade Payables a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small		
- Disputed		
- Others	230.59	160.02
 b) Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small Disputed 		
- Others	1,052.75	779.05
	-	
	1,283.34	939.07

Current Reporting Period

Trade Payables aging schedule	Οι	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment #			
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	More than 3 tears	Total	
Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises* Undisputed Disputed	230.59			230.59 -	
Dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises Undisputed Disputed	1,052.75		-	1,052.75 -	
	1,283.34	-	-	1,283.34	

Ageing is considered from the date of transaction

Previous Reporting Period

Trade Payables aging schedule	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#			
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	More than 3 tears	Total
Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises*				
Undisputed	160.02			160.02
Disputed				-
Dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises Undisputed Disputed	777.35		1.70	779.05 -
	937.37	-	1.70	939.07

Note - #Ageing is from dates of invoices

F

Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Current		
Unpaid Dividends	3.68	3.64
Security Deposit from Sub - Contractors	73.05	69.41
Accrued Interest on Loans	0.05	0.07
	76.78	73.12
Note - 18		
OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Advances from Customers	328.89	865.14
Statutory dues	47.01	41.11
Liability for expenses	57.22	57.23
	433.13	963.48
Note -19		
CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES /(ASSETS)	(31.50)	57.08
Provision for tax	180.27	272.92
Advance Tax and TDS	211.77	215.84
	(31.50)	57.08

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24- 97



BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes to the financial statements

Particulars	As at	As at
Note -20	March 31 2024	March 31 2023
REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
Contractual Income	8,793.39	10,231.25
Export Sales	0.00	1,969.74
Domestic Sales	0.00	55.48
Export Incentives Accrued	0.00	22.33
	8,793.39	12,278.79
Note 21	0,170.07	12,210.17
Note - 21		
OTHER INCOME		
Rental Income	27.69	29.35
Dividend Income	11.25 93.37	5.37
Interest	93.37	63.90 37.29
Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Difference Miscellaneous Receipts	8.79	4.26
FV gain of Gold Bond	0.44	
		0.86
Notional Gain on FV of Security Deposit	128.11	130.26
	269.64	271.29
Note - 22		
CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATING EXPENSES		
Material Consumed	4,244.41	5,513.56
Freight	262.73	400.18
Cargo Handling Charges	0.00	26.23
Work Contract Expenses	2,290.44	2,478.17
Fuel Charges	94.09	82.13
Insurance	8.21	3.49
	6,899.87	8,503.78
Note -23		
EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES		
Salaries, Wages and Bonus	327.33	306.21
Managerial Remuneration	145.43	131.81
Workmen & Staff Welfare Expenses	21.31	13.19
Provision for Gratuity	16.39	11.27
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	15.96	16.15
Total employee benefits expense	526.42	478.63



BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes to the financial statements

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31 2024	March 31 2023
Note -24		
FINANCE COSTS		
Interest on Working Capital Bank Finance	121.08	74.04
Interest on Vehicle Finance	1.19	2.30
Interest to Suppliers	18.15	9.39
Bank Charges & Commission	84.63	41.14
Notional expenses on lease liability	0.21	0.22
Notional Expense on FV of Security Deposit	50.30	40.93
	275.56	168.02
Neta 25		
Note -25		
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION		
	17.98	16.19
Depreciation on Tangible Assets		0.37
Amortisaion of Intangible Assets	0.37	0.37
	18.35	16.56
	10.33	10.50
Note -26		
OTHER EXPENSES		
Advertisement	1.30	1.27
Business promotion Expenses	29.16	10.27
Repairs & Maintenance others	6.73	3.60
Consultancy Charges	34.51	38.05
Electricity Charges (Net)	8.21	10.04
Rates & Taxes	8.37	0.69
Filing Fees	0.36	0.21
Legal Charges	17.13	2.95
License Fees	1.10	0.78
Office Expenses	49.89	33.17
Vehicle Expenses	11.23	11.93
Postage, Telephone & Telex	4.84	5.23
Travelling & Conveyance	65.21	38.92
Printing & Stationery	5.33	10.75
Miscellaneous Claims/Liquidated Demages by Clients	193.33	9.91
Auditors Remuneration	5.40	2.95
Directors' Sitting Fees	5.60	4.95
Rent	50.04	44.86
Tender Fees	0.08	0.60
Sales Tax for earlier year	-	-
CSR Expenditure	42.62	45.39
Hedging Gains/Loss	26.09	5.29
Sundry Balances Written Off/Back(Net)	9.30	32.76
Loss on Sale of Fixed Asset	-	1.61
Provision for doubtful advances	3.60	-
Miscellaneous Expenses	18.52	12.43
	597.93	328.62

Explanatory Notes

27 Auditor's Remuneration

		Amount (Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
As Auditor:		
Audit fees	1.80	1.55
Tax audit fees	0.55	0.50
Miscellaneous certificates and other matters	3.05	0.90
Tota	I 5.40	2.95
	Veen ended Merch 21, 2024	Veen and ad Marsh 21, 2022
28 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
(i) Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	42.62	21.19
(ii) Amount of expenditure incurred	42.62	45.39
iii) Shortfall at the end of the year	0	21.02
iv) Total of previous years shortfall	0	0
		Amount Transferred to BRIL Social
(v) Reason for shortfall	NA	Foundation in April 2023.
vi) Nature of CSR activities	Public Welfare	Public Welfare
Details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR	BRIL Social Foundation, an entity under the control of the promoters is	BRIL Social Foundation, subsidiary of BCPL is carrying out the CSR
vii) expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard	carrying out the CSR activities.	activities
Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a		
contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be		
iii) shown separately	Nil	Nil

29 Earnings per Share

The following table reflects the income and earnings per share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Net Profit after tax for calculation of Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share *(`in lakhs)		
	552.19	807.88
Weighted average number of shares (II)	16723638	16723638
-Basic & Diluted	3.30	4.83

30 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

A Contingent Liabilities

- (i) Disputed Sales Tax and Service tax (excluding interest) which has not stipulated in the demand / assessment order Rs. 310.19 Lakhs (Previous year Rs. 310.19 Lakhs).
- (ii) Corporate Guarantee to group companies Rs. 3419 lakhs (previous year- 2870 lakhs)
- (iii) Outstanding Bank Guarantees Rs.1568 lakhs (previous year-1803 lakhs)
- B Capital and other commitments:
- Rs. Nil (Previous Year Rs. Nil)
- C Pending Litigations
- (i) A civil suit numbering 669 of 2011 was filed in High Court of Calcutta by Union of India& Others against the Company in appeal for an arbitration award signed and published on April 8, 2011 passed by the Arbitral Tribunal. The said arbitral award was given in arbitral proceedings initiated by the Company which arose out of contract agreement numbering CEE/D/CON/TRD/809 dated September 5, 2002 entered by the Company with Chief Electrical Distribution Engineer("Respondent") relating to ADRA division-renewal/rehabilitation of overhead equipments and power supply equipments. As per the award the Respondent was inter-alia required to release the retention money of Rs. 44,66,582 and the Company was required to pay an amount of Rs. 4,48,387 to the Respondent. Currently the said matter is pending for disposal.
- (ii) Rs. 71.57 Lacs Previous Year Rs 71.57 lacs For Workmen compensation

31 Employee Benefits

(i) <u>Defined Contribution Plans</u>

Provident Fund for certain eligible employees is administered by the Company through Employees Provident Fund as per the provisions of the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.

The amount contributed is recognized as an expense and included in "Company's contributions to PF & other funds" of Statement of Profit and Loss account is Rs.15.96 lakhs (FY 2022-23 Rs.16.15 lakhs).

(ii) Defined Benefits Plan

Gratuity

(i) The following table summarizes the components of the net defined benefits plan towards gratuity recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and the funded status and amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet:

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24- 100

Amount (Pe in lakhe)

		Gratuity Year ended Year ended March		
Particulars	March 31, 2024	31, 2023		
Changes in present value of defined benefit obligations				
a) Defined Benefit obligation, beginning of period	89.90	79.0		
b) Interest Cost on DBO	6.61	5.9		
c) Net Current Service Cost	11.88	10.9		
d) Actual Plan Participants Contributions	-	-		
e) Benefits Paid	-	-		
f) Past Service Cost	-	-		
g) Changes in Foreign Currency Exchange Rates	-	-		
h) Acruisition / Business Combination / Divestiture	-	-		
i) Losses / (Gains) on Curtailments / Settlements	-	-		
j) Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on obligation	(1.30)	(6.0		
k) Defined Benefit Obligation, End of Period	107.09	89.9		
Changes in fair value of plan assets				
a) Fair Value of Plan assets at the beginning	28.61	17.8		
b) Expected return on plan assets	2.10			
c) Employer contribution	1.17	10.8		
d) Actual Plan Participants Contributions	,			
e) LIC Charges	(0.41)			
f) Actual Taxes Paid	(0.11)			
g) Actual Administration Expenses Paid				
h) Changes in Foreign Currency Exchange Rates				
i) Benefits Paid				
i) Acquisition / Business Combination / Divestiture				
k) Assets Extingushed on Curtailments / Settlements				
I) Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on Asset	(0.02)			
m) Fair Value of Plan assets at the end	(0.02) 31.45	28.		
	51.45	20.		
Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet				
a) Balance Sheet (Asset) / Liability, Beginning of Period	61.29	79.		
b) True up				
c) Total Charge / (Credit) Recognised in Profit and Loss	16.39	16.		
d) Total Remeasurements Recognised in OC (Income) / Loss	(1.32)	(6.		
e) Acquisition / Business Combination / Divestiture				
) Employer Contribution	(1.17)	(28.		
g) LIC Charges	0.41	· .		
h) Benefits Paid	-	-		
i) Other Events				
) Balance Sheet (Asset) / Liability, End of Period	75.60	61.		
Expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss				
a) Service Cost	11.88	10.		
b) Net Interest Cost	4.51	5.		
c) Past Service Cost	4.51	5.		
d) Remeasurements				
e) Administration Expenses				
f) (Gain) / Loss due to settlements / Curtailments / Terminations / Divestitures				
g) Total Defined Benefit Cost / (Income) included in Profit & Loss	16.39	- 16.		
	10.37	10.		
Expenses recognized in Other Comprehensive Income				
a) Amount recognised in OCI, (Gain) / Loss Beginning of Period	(17.47)	(11.		
b) Remeasurements Due to :				
1. Effect of Change in Financial Assumptions	3.30	1.		
2. Effect of Change in Demographic Assumptions	-	-		
3. Effect of Experience Adjustments	(4.60)	(7.		
4. (Gain) / Loss on Curtailments / Settlements	-	-		
5. Return on Plan Assets (Excluding Interest)	(0.02)	-		
6. Changes in Asset Ceiling	-	-		
c) Total Remeasurements Recognised in OCI (Gain)/Loss	(1.32)	(6.		
d) Amount Recognised in OCI (Gain) Loss, End of Period	(18.79)	(17.		

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT – 2023-24- 101

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(ii) The principle assumptions used in determining employee benefit obligations for the Company's plans are shown below:

	Gr	Gratuity		
	Year ended	Year ended March		
Particulars	March 31, 2024	31, 2023		
Financial Assumptions Used to Determine the Profit & Loss Charge				
a) Discounting Rate	7.09 P A	7.35 P A		
b) Salary Escalation Rate	10.00 PA	10.00 PA		
Demographic Assumptions Used to Determine the Defined Benefit				
a) Retirement Age	60 Years	60 Years		
a) Mortality Table (Indian Assured Lives Mortality)	2012-2014	2012-2014		
c) Employee Turnover / Attrition Rate				
18 to 30 Years	3%	3%		
30 to 45 Years	2%	2%		
Above 45 Years	1%	1%		

The salary escalation rate usually consists of at least three components, viz. regular increments, price inflation and promotional increases. In addition to this any commitments by the management regarding future salary increases and the Company's philosophy towards employee remuneration are also to be taken into account.

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set in accordance with published statistics by the Actuary. The discount rate is based on the government securities yield.

32 Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

The Company has not received full information from vendors regarding their status under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED ACT); hence disclosure relating to amount unpaid at year end together with interest paid/payable have been given based on the information so far available with the Company / identified by the Company management. The detail of the same is as under.

-		(Rupees	s in lacs)
SI No	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
a)	i) Principal amount remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	230.59	160.02
	ii) Interest due on above	-	-
b)	 Interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of MSMED Act. 	-	-
	ii) Payment made to supplier beyond the appointed day during the year.	-	
c)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but	-	-
d)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of financial year.	-	-
e)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in succeeding years, until such date when the	-	-
* There are	e no overdues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as at 31/03/2024.		

33 Operating Segment as defined under Ind AS 108.i) Primary Segment (Business Segments):

i) Primary segment (business segments).	1	1			
Particulars	Railway Overhead	Merchant Exports	Unallocable	Total	
	Electrification	Morenant Experts	onanocabic	Total	
Revenue	9,063.03	-	-	9,063.03	
Segment (PBIT)	1,021.51	(1.05)	-	1,020.46	
Interest	275.56	-	-	275.56	
Profit Before Tax (PBT)	745.95	(1.05)	-	744.90	
Provision for Income Tax	180.45	(0.19)	-	180.27	
Provision for Deferred Tax	12.45	(0.01)		12.44	
Income Tax for Earlier Year	-	-		-	
Profit After Tax (PAT)	553.05	(0.85)	-	552.20	
Other Information:					
Fixed Assets	454.05	0.24	-	454.30	
Depreciation	18.25	0.10	-	18.35	

34 Disclosure in respect of Related Parties

(i) List of related parties

A. Subsidiary Company

BCL Bio Energy Private Limited - 51% of capital held by the Company as at 31/03/2024, Previous year 51.00%. BRIL Social Foundation - 19.90% of capital held by the Company as at 31/03/2024, Previous year 99.90%

-



B. Enterprise in which Management or Directors have Significant Influence ASSOCIATES ENTITIES

SL. NO.	NAME OF ASSOCIATES ENTITIES
1	PHOENIX OVERSEAS LTD.
2	RESILIENT EXPORTS PVT. LTD. (FORMERLY AVISAN VINIMAY PVT. LTD.)
3	A.N. DEALERS LLP
4	J.K.G. COMMERCIAL LLP
5	K.S.VINIMAY LLP
6	U.N.S. COMMERCIAL LLP
7	KBC AGROPRODUCTS PVT. LTD
8	KBC SOLVEX PVT. LTD
9	TRICON LOGISTICS ENGINEERING CONSULTANCY PVT. LTD
10	D.S. Engineering
11	BRIL Social Foundation

C. Key Management Personnel

SL. NO.	Name & Designation				
1	Jayanta Kumar Ghosh, Managing	Director, Promoter			
2	Uday Narayan Singh, Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Promoter				
3	Debasis Sircar, Executive Director				
4	Devshree Sinha, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer				
5	Saakshi Singh, Vice President				

D. Non Executive/Independent Directors

SL. NO.	Name & Designation
1	Aparesh Nandi, Non Executive Director, Promoter
2	Sanghamitra Mukherkee, Independent Director
3	Swapan Kumar Chakraborty, Independent Director
4	Sudipta Kr. Mukherjee, Independent Director
5	Ranjit Kr. Mondal, Independent Director

E. Relatives Of Key Management Personnel & Promoter Directors

SL. NO.	Name Of Relative	Relationship	
1	Kum Kum Nandi	Wife of Mr. Aparesh Nandi	
2	Aparajita Ghosh	Wife of Mr. Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	
3	Mina Singh	Wife of Mr. Uday Narayan Singh	
4	Madhumita Sircar	Wife of Mr. Debasis Sircar	
5	Bikramjit Sinha	Husband of Ms. Devshree Sinha	
6	Saakshi Singh	Daughter of Mr. Uday Narayan Singh	

(ii) <u>Transactions with Related Parties</u>

During the year the following transactions were carried out with the related parties in the ordinary course of business: Amount(Rs. In lakhs)

		AIIIUUIII(RS. I	ппакпэ)
Name of Related Party	Nature of Transaction	2023-24	2022-23
1) Sri Aparesh Nandi	a) Directors' Sitting Fees	0.94	0.85
	a) Managerial Remuneration	60.84	50.70
2) Sri Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	b) Perquisites	16.17	14.36
Ghosh	c) Contribution to Provident Fund	0.93	0.93
	a) Managerial Remuneration	48.67	40.56
3) Sri Uday Narayan Singh	b) Perquisites	13.73	11.49
	c) Contribution to Provident Fund	0.93	0.93
	a) Remuneration	23.45	20.09
1) Cri Dahasia Ciraar	b) Reimbursement from BCL Bio Energy Private Limited	(24.06)	(10.49)
 Sri Debasis Sircar 	c) Perquisites	6.63	5.10
	d) Contribution to Provident Fund	0.22	0.22
5) Ma Davahara Ciaha	a) Remuneration	9.73	8.88
5) Ms. Devshree Sinha	b) Contribution to Provident Fund	0.22	0.22
7) Phoenix Overseas			
Limited	a) Sales		55.48
0) Caalvahi Ciraah	a) Remuneration	5.91	5.21
9) Saakshi Singh	b) Contribution to Provident Fund	0.22	0.22
11) Sanghamitra			
Mukherjee	a) Directors' Sitting Fees	1.01	0.92

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24- 103

12) Swapan Kr.			
Chakraborty	a) Directors' Sitting Fees	1.32	1.20
13)Sudipta Kr. Mukherjee	a) Directors' Sitting Fees	1.24	1.13
14) Ranajit Kr. Mondal	a) Directors' Sitting Fees	0.94	0.85

(iii) Balances outstanding at the year end (including commitments):

Successful and a the year one (more any com		Amount (I	Rs. in lakhs)
Outstanding	Related Party	Year ended	Year ended
Outstanding	Related Failty	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Remunaration Payable	Sri Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	0.00	2.83
Remunaration Receivable	Sri Uday Narayan Singh	18.12	0.83
Remunaration Payable	Sri Debasis Sircar	3.37	3.99
Remunaration Payable	Ms Devshree Sinha	0.74	0.66
Payable	BCPL-EMC-JV	83.77	83.77
Remunaration Payable	Saakshi Singh	0.45	0.39
Receivable /(payable)	Phoenix Overseas Limited	55.42	55.42
Directors' Sitting Fees Payable	Dr. Sanghamitra Mukherjee	0.07	0.15
Directors' Sitting Fees Payable	Sri Swapan Kr. Chakraborty	0.07	0.15
Directors' Sitting Fees Payable	Sri Sudipta Kr. Mukherjee	0.07	0.15
Directors' Sitting Fees Payable	Sri Ranajit Kr. Mondal	0.07	0.15

35 Fair Value Hierarchy

The table shown analyses financial instruments carried at fair value. The different levels have been defined below:

Level 1: Quoted Prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices)

Level 3 : Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss at March 31, 2024

			Amo	unt (Rs. in Lakhs)
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Investment	2.58	-	-	2.58
Other financial Assets	-	1,600.85	-	1,600.85
Lease Liability	-		2.29	2.29

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss at March 31, 2023

			Amo	unt (Rs. in Lakhs)
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Investment	5.77	0	0	5.77
Other financial Assets	0	2,036.57	0	2,036.57
Lease Liability	0		2.42	2.42

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through OCI at March 31,2024

	in varao unoagn o or	at maron on Ede 1				
Amount (Rs. in Lakhs						
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial Assets						
Investment	0	0	455.28	455.28		

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through OCI at March 31,2023

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Investment	0	0	422.02	422.02

Financial instruments at amortized cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the Ind AS financial statement are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

During this year there has been no transfer from one level to another.



36 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise borrowings and trade payable. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's working capital requirements. The Company has various financial assets such as trade receivables, loans, investments, short-term deposits and cash & cash equivalents, which arise directly from its operations. The company enters into derivative transactions by way of forward exchange contracts to hedge its payables.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's Board of Directors overseas the management of these risks. The Company's Board of Directors review financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company. The Board ensures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by personnels that have appropriate skills, experience and supervision. It is the Company's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes may be undertaken. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarized below:

(i) Market Risk

Market Risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market factors. Market risk comprises three types of risk: Interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as its equity price risk, liquidity risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits and financial derivative.

The sensitivity analyses have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of fixed floating interest rates of the debt and derivatives and the proportion of financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant at March 31, 2024. The sensitivity analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations. The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analyses.

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023

The sensitivity of equity is calculated as at March 31, 2024 for the effects of the assumed changes of the underlying risk

Interest Rate Risk

The Company has incurred short term debt to finance its working capital, which exposes it to interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Company to interest rate risk. Borrowing issued at fixed rates expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk. The Company's interest rate , applying a prudent mix of fixed and floating debt through evaluation of various bank loans and money market instruments.

Although the Company has significant variable rate interest bearing liabilities at March 31, 2024, interest rate exposure of the Company is mainly on Borrowing from Bank/FI, which is linked to their prime lending rate and the Company does not foresee any risk on the same.

(ii) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financial activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, and other financial instruments.

Trade Receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on an extensive credit rating scorecard and individual credit limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored by The Board of Directors and corrective actions taken. As per the policy, any trade receivables overdue for more than 365 days, equivalent provision / allowance are provided in the books of accounts on the relevant

date.

Financial instruments and cash deposits

Current Penerting period

(iii) Other financial liabilities

For banks and financial institutions, only high rated banks/institutions are accepted. Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the Company's board of Directors on an annual basis and therefore mitigate financial loss through counterparty's potential failure to make payments.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The company objective is to at all times maintain optimum level of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirement at all times. The Company relies on Borrowing to meet its additional need for fund. The current committed lines of credit are sufficient to meet its short to medium term expansion needs and hence evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to liquidity as low. The Company monitors rolling forecasts of its liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that Company does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.

Current Reporting period					Amo	unt(RS. in lakits)
Particulars	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	>5 years	Total
Financial Liabilities						
(i) Borrowings	1,629.44			3.88		1,633.33
(ii) Trade and other payables		1,283.34				1,283.34
(iii) Other financial liabilities	3.73	73.17		2.17		79.07
Previous Reporting period						
Particulars	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	>5 years	Total
Financial Liabilities						
(i) Borrowings	146.77	16.60	52.13	35.76		251.26
(ii) Trade and other payables		939.07				939.07

69.53

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

371

75.54 BCPL ANNUAL REPORT – 2023-24- 105

Amount(Re in lakhe)

2 30



37 Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserve attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value. The Company generally avails short term borrowings to bridge its working capital gap and finances its capital expenditure through internal generation of funds.

The Company generally avails short term borrowings to bridge its working capital gap and finances its capital expenditure through internal generation of funds. The Company has a generally low debt equity ratio.

		Amount (Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Borrowings	1,633.33	251.26
Less : cash and cash equivalents	722.47	15.93
Net debt	910.86	235.34
Total capital	8,917.55	8,445.62
Capital and net debt	9828.41	8680.96
Gearing ratio	9.79	35.89

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowings in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

38 Tax Reconciliation

Amount (Rs. in lakhs)

Reconciliation of tax expenses and the accounting profit multiplied by Indis'a tax rate

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Profit Before Tax	744.90	1,109.03
Tax at the Indian tax rate of 25.17% (previous year - 25.17%)	187.48	279.12
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable		
Companies Act Depreciation	4.62	4.17
Others	29.02	26.08
Tax effect of amounts which are deductible (non-taxable) in calculating taxable		
Income Income Tax Act Depreciation	(8.57)	(3.64)
Others	(32.27)	(32.81)
Tax effect of other adjustment		
Deduction u/s section 80G	-	-
Tax Expense (Current Tax)	180.27	272.92

39 a) The figures in these accounts have been rounded off to nearest lakhs of rupees. Figures marked with (*) are below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company.

b) Company has used the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date.
c) No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988
d) To the best of the information available, the company has not entered into any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956

e) Company is filing monthly statement of current assets in respect of its borrowings from banks and status of agreement of quarter end statements with books are as under:

Quarter	1	2	3	4
Status	In agreement	In agreement	In agreement	In agreement
Reason of Material difference	NA	NA	NA	NA

f) No new charges have been created and no charges satisfied with Registrar of Companies during the year.

g) Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24- 106

40 Ratio Analysis	40	Ratio Analysis
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J Ratio Analysi	3						
Rat	tio	Numerator Item	Denominator Item	Ratio-Current Year	Ratio-Previous Year	Variance %	Remarks
Current Ratio,		Current Assets	Current Liabilities	2.49	2.90	-14.31%	NA
Debt-Equity Ra	atio,	Total debt	Equity	0.18	0.03	510.64%	The ratio registered an upward movement because of increase in short term debt for meeting the working capital requirements.
Debt Service C	Coverage Ratio	Profit before Interest, Depreciation, Tax and Exceptional Items	Interest + Short TermDebt	0.63	5.48	-88.49%	The ratio registered a down ward movement because of increase in short term debt for meeting the working capital requirements.
Return on Equ Ratio(%age)	ity	Net Profit after tax	Equity	6.19%	10.08%	-38.57%	The ratio registered a down ward movement because of decrease in the profitability resulting from lower turnover on account of delayed finalisation of order from a client.
Inventory turno	over ratio,	Turnover	(Op inventory+Cl inventory)/2	2.23	3.94	-43.51%	The ratio registered a down ward movement because of decrease in the profitability resulting from lower turnover on account of delayed finalisation of order from a client.
Trade Receiva ratio,	bles turnover	Revenue from Operation + Other Operation Income	(Op trade receivable +Cl trade receivable)/2	6.64	6.95	-4.40%	NA
Trade payables ratio,	s turnover	Total Purchases	(Op trade payable +Cl trade payable)/2	3.82	7.61	-49.79%	The ratio registered a down ward movement because of increase in trade payables as at the year end.
Net capital turr	nover ratio,	Revenue From Operation + Other Operating Income	Networth	0.99	1.45	-32.18%	The ratio registered a down ward movement because of decrease in turnover on account of delayed finalisation of order from a client.
Net profit ratio	(%age)	Net Profit After Tax before Exceptional Items	(Revenue From Operation + Other Operating Income	6.28%	6.58%	-4.56%	NA
Return on Cap (%age)	ital employed	Profit before Interest, tax	Share capital+reserve +long term borrowing	11.44%	15.06%	-24.07%	The ratio registered a down ward movement because of decrease in the profitability resulting from lower turnover on account of delayed finalisation of order from a client.
Return on inve	stment.(%age)	Net return on investment	Cost of investment	6.19%	10.08%	-38.57%	The ratio registered a down ward movement because of decrease in the profitability resulting from lower turnover on account of delayed finalisation of order from a client.

41 Previous Year figures have been regrouped and recasted where ever necessary.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED** (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group") which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year then ended including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Consolidated Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of the other auditor on separate financial statements of the subsidiary referred to in the Other Matters paragraph, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2024, of its consolidated profit (including Other Comprehensive Income), consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

2. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained along with the consideration of audit reports of the other auditor referred to in the "Other Matters" paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

3. Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report in respect of the companies audited by us:



Key Audit Matter	Response to Key Audit Matter
Revenue recognition – accounting for construction	Principal Audit Procedures
contracts There are significant accounting judgements including estimation of costs to complete, determining the stage of completion and the timing of revenue recognition. The Company recognises revenue and profit/loss on the basis of stage of completion based on the proportion of contract costs incurred at reporting date, relative to the total estimated costs of the contract at completion. The recognition of revenue and profit/loss therefore rely on estimates in relation to total estimated costs of each contract. Cost contingencies are included in these estimates to take into account specific uncertain risks, or disputed claims against the Company, arising within each contract. These contingencies are reviewed by the Management on a regular basis throughout the contract life and adjusted where appropriate.	 In responding to the identified key audit matter, we completed the following audit procedures: Testing of the design and implementation of controls involved for the determination of the estimates used as well as their operating effectiveness; Testing the relevant information technology systems' access and change management controls relating to contracts and related information used in recording and disclosing revenue in accordance with the new revenue accounting standard; Testing a sample of contracts for appropriate identification of performance obligations; For the sample selected, reviewing for change orders and the impact on the estimated costs to complete; Engaging technical experts to review estimates of costs to complete for sample contracts; and Performed analytical procedures for reasonableness of revenues disclosed by type and service offerings
Contingent Liabilities	Principal Audit Procedures
The Company operates in a complex tax environment and is required to discharge direct and indirect tax obligations under various legislations such as Income Tax Act, 1961, the Finance Act, 1994, Goods and Services Act and VAT Acts of various states. The tax authorities under these legislations have raised certain tax demands on the Company in respect of the past periods. The Company has disputed such demands and has appealed against them at appropriate forums. As at March 31, 2024 the Company has an amount of Rs. 310.04 Lakhs involved in various pending tax litigations. Ind AS 37 requires the Company to perform an assessment of the probability of economic outflow on account of such disputed tax matters and determine	 In assessing the exposure of the Company for the tax litigations, we have performed the following procedures: Obtained an understanding of the process laid down by the management for performing their assessment taking into consideration past legal precedents, changes in laws and regulations, expert opinions obtained from external tax / legal experts (as applicable); Assessed the processes and entity level controls established by the Company to ensure completeness of information with respect to tax litigations; Along with our tax experts, we undertook the following procedures: Reading communications with relevant tax authorities including notices, demands,



whether any particular obligation needs to be recorded as a provision in the books of account or to be disclosed as a contingent liability. Considering the significant degree of judgement applied by the management in making such assessments and the resultant impact on the financial statements, we have considered it to be an area of significance for our audit.	 orders, etc., relevant to the ending litigations, as made available to us by the management; Testing the accuracy of disputed amounts from the underlying communications received from tax authorities and responses filed by the Company; Considered the submissions made to appellate authorities and expert opinions obtained by the Company from external tax / legal experts (wherever applicable) which form the basis for management's assessment;
	 Assessed the positions taken by the management in the light of the aforesaid information and based on the examination of the matters by our tax experts. Read the disclosures included in the Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with Standalone 37.

No Key Audit Matters has been communicated to us in respect of its subsidiary which have been audited by other auditor.

Other Information

- 4. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis; Board's Report including Annexures to Board Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholders' Information but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The aforesaid documents are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.
- 5. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- 6. In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- 7. When we read the aforesaid documents, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

8. The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and statement of changes in equity of the Group in accordance with



the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rules issued thereunder. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group is responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

- 9. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group is responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 10. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.
- 12. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Group have adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditor. For the other entity included in the consolidated financial statements, which has been audited by other auditor, such other auditor remains responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit carried out by him. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 13. We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditor regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matters or when we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.
- 16. Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative



materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

Other Matters

17. The Consolidated Financial Statements include the audited Financial Statement of one subsidiary, whose Financial Statements reflect Group's share of total assets of Rs.3186.78 lakhs as at March 31, 2024, Group's share of total revenue of Rs.1.05 lakhs and Group's share of total net profit/(loss) after tax of Rs. (16.78) lakhs, total comprehensive income/(loss) of Rs. (16.78) lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2024 respectively, and Cash flows (net) of Rs. (97.19) lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2024 as considered in the consolidated Financial Statement, which have been audited by their respective independent auditor. The independent auditors' reports on financial statements of this entity has been furnished to us and our opinion on the consolidated Financial Statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these entities, is based solely on the report of such auditors and the procedures performed by us are as stated in paragraph above.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statement is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditor.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 18. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- (b) In our opinion proper books of accounts as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditor.
- (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant Rules issued thereunder.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31st March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the other statutory auditor of its subsidiary, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.



BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure A", which is based on the auditor's report of the parent and subsidiary.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Group examined by us, the Holding Company has paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group Refer Note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.
 - ii. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.



- v. (a) The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act, as applicable.
 - (b) The Company has neither declared nor paid any interim dividend during the year.
 - (c) The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.
- vi Based on our examination which included test checks, the Group has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

For L. B. Jha & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 301088E

Place: Kolkata Date: 28.05.2024 (D.N. Roy) Partner Membership No: 300389 UDIN: 24300389BKDBLJ3876



BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

ANNEXURE –A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the members of BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED [Referred to in paragraph 18 (f) of the Auditors' Report of even date]

Report on the Internal Financial Control under Clause (i) of Sub –section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013("the Act")

1. We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED** (Hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group"), as of March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The respective Board of Directors of the of the Holding Company and its subsidiary, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial control based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company and its subsidiary, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the "Guidance Note" and the Standard on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting includes obtaining an understanding of internal financial control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedure selected depends on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditor of the subsidiary, in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting the Holding Company and its subsidiary.



Meaning of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting

- 6. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statement for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that
 - 1) pertain to the maintenance of the records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
 - 2) provide reasonable assurance that the transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statement in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditure of the company are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and directors of company; and
 - 3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statement.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting

7. Because of inherent limitation of internal financial control over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluations of the internal financial control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the other auditor referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, the Holding Company and its subsidiary, have, in all material respect, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2024. The Holding Company had established informal practices which are effective in having a proper internal control over financial reporting. A formal system of internal controls over financial reporting criteria is in the process of being established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control as stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Control Over Financial Reporting, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

We have considered the material weakness identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the 31st March, 2024 financial statements of the Holding Company and these material weakness does not affect our opinion on the financial statements of the Company



Other Matters

9. Our aforesaid report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting insofar as it relates to subsidiary company included in consolidated financial statements is based solely on the corresponding report of the auditor of such subsidiary company.

For L. B. Jha & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 301088E

Place: Kolkata Date: 28.05.2024 (D. N. Roy) Partner Membership No: 300389 UDIN: 24300389BKDBLJ3876



BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024

			Amount in Rs. Lacs
Particulars	Note	As at	As at
ASSETS	No.	March 31 2024	March 31 2023
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant and Equipment	3	869.74	416.05
Capital work-in- progress	3	2,811.48	660.72
Intangible Assets		2,011.40	1.91
Right of Use	3 3	5.73	
Investment Property	3	5.73 173.22	5.85
Financial Assets		1/3.22	167.33
(i) Investments	4	4/5 40	425.22
(i) Others	4	465.49	435.22
Deferred tax Assets (Net)	5	2,127.61	2,687.58
Other Non Current Assets	15	29.42	41.86
	6	172.91	364.78
Total Non-Current Assets		6,657.11	4,781.29
CURRENT ASSETS	_		
Inventories	7	4,503.65	3,394.26
Financial Assets			
(i) Trade receivables	8	1,062.37	1,585.48
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	724.14	60.45
(iii) Bank balances other than(iii) above	9	7.48	138.24
(iv) Others	5	1,777.51	1,113.79
Current Tax Assets(Net)	19	32.17	
Other current assets	10	844.35	477.93
Total Current Assets		8,951.67	6,770.14
TOTAL ASSETS		15,608.78	11,551.43
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity Share Capital	11	1,672.36	1,672.36
Other Equity	11	7,233.76	6,770.10
Equity attributable to the equity shareholders		8,906.13	8,442.46
of the company		0,700.15	0,772.70
Non Controlling interests		753.67	663.88
8		9,659.79	
TOTAL EQUITY LIABILITIES		9,009.79	9,106.34
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
(a) Financial Liabilities	10		15.00
(i) Borrowings	12	2,153.53	45.23
(ia) Lease liabilities	10	2.84	2.52
(b) Provisions	13	62.90	32.67
Total Non-current Liabilities		2,219.27	80.42
Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	14	1,827.54	222.82
(ia) Lease liabilities		0.18	0.15
(ii) Trade Payables	16		
(A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises		306.25	162.07
and small enterprises; and			
(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than		1,060.94	779.71
micro enterprises and small enterprises.			
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	17	76.78	120.02
Other Current Liabilities	18	445.34	995.26
Provisions	13	12.69	28.61
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	19	_	56.03
Total Current Liabilities		3,729.72	2,364.67
Total Liabilities		5,948.99	2,445.09
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		15,608.78	11,551.43
		13,000.76	11,001.43

The accompanying notes are an integral part of Financial StatementsFor L.B.JHA & Co.For and on bChartered Accountantsof BCPL RailFirm Regd. No. 301088E

D.N. Roy Partner Membership No. 300389 For and on behalf of the Board of BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited

Jayanta Kumar Ghosh Managing Director (DIN:00722445)

Uday Narayan Singh Executive Director & CFO (DIN:00722449)

Devshree Sinha Company Secretary (Mem No. A21786)



BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Statement of Consolidated Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2024 Amount in Rs. Lacs

	1		Amount in Rs. Lacs
Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
INCOME			
Revenue from Operations	20	8,793.39	12,278.79
Other Income	20	270.97	
TOTAL INCOME	21	9,064.36	271.29 12,550.08
EXPENSES		9,004.30	12,550.06
	22	6 000 07	9 502 79
Construction and Operating Expenses Cost of Sales of Traded Goods	22	6,899.87	8,503.78
	22	-	1,945.45
Employee Benefit Expenses	23	526.42	478.63
Finance Costs	24	280.83	168.31
Depreciation and Amortisation	25	21.36	16.79
Other Expenses	26	607.47	333.30
TOTAL EXPENSES		8,335.95	11,446.26
Profit before Exceptional items and Tax		728.41	1,103.82
Exceptional Items			
Profit before Tax		728.41	1,103.82
Tax Expense			
Current Tax		180.27	272.92
Provision relating to earlier years		-	-
Deferred Tax		12.44	28.23
Total Tax Expense		192.71	301.15
Profit for the year Attributable to:		535.70	802.67
Owners of the Parent		543.92	805.09
Non-Controlling Interest		(8.22)	(2.41)
Other Comprehensive Income			
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Remeasurements of defined benefit obligations		1.32	6.05
- Changes in Fair Value of FVTOCI Equity instruments		33.26	37.12
(ii) Income Tax relating to these items			
Total Comprehensive income for the year		570.28	845.84
Owners of the Parent		578.50	848.25
Non-Controlling Interest		(8.22)	(2.41)
Earnings per Equity Share		3.25	4.80
[Nominal Value per share : Rs. 10/-(Previous Year : Rs. 10/-)]			
- Basic & Diluted		3.25	4.80

The accompanying notes are an integral part of Financial Statements

For L.B.JHA & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regd. No. 301088E

D.N. Roy Partner Membership No. 300389

Kolkata 28-05-2024 For and on behalf of the Board of BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited

Jayanta Kumar Ghosh Managing Director (DIN:00722445)

Uday Narayan Singh Executive Director&CFO (DIN:00722449)

Devshree Sinha Company Secretary (Mem No. A21786)

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT – 2023-24- 120

BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Cash Flow Statement for the period ended 31 March, 2024

		As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
A. Cash Flow from Operati	ng Activities:		
Net Profit Before Tax		728.41	1,103.82
Adjustments for:		10.00	-
CSR Spending	tu Donosit	42.62	45.67
Notional Cost on Securi Notional Gain on Invest		(77.81) (0.44)	(89.33) (0.86)
Loss/(Profit) on Sale of		(0.44)	(0.80)
Dividend Income	investment	(11.25)	(5.37)
OCI Impact of Acturial		1.32	6.05
Interest Paid		230.32	168.31
Depreciation, amortisati	on and impairment	21.36	16.79
	e working capital changes	934.24	1,246.69
Adjustments for:			
(Increase)/Decrease in t	rade and other receivables	259.78	(285.85)
(Increase)/Decrease in i	nventories	(1,109.40)	(559.01)
(Increase)/Decrease in r	niscellaneous expenditure	-	-
Increase/(Decrease in T	rade Payables)	(153.44)	(57.22)
Cash generated from	operations	(68.83)	344.61
Direct taxes refund/(pai	id)-net	(268.47)	(249.94)
Net Cash Flow from o	perating activities	(337.29)	94.67
B. Cash Flow from Invest	ting Activities:		
Purchase of Fixed Asset	S	(480.43)	(239.42)
Capital Work in Progre	ess	(2,150.76)	(638.57)
Advance for Capital Exp	enditure	193.61	(137.14)
Sale of Fixed Assets		-	10.50
Dividend Income		11.25	5.37
Sale/(Purchase) of Inve	stments	3.71	
Net cash (used in) from	n investing activities	(2,422.62)	(999.25)
C. Cash Flow from Finan	cing Activities		
Non Controlling Interests		98.00	512.70
Share Application Mone	ey		
CSR Spending		(42.62)	(45.67)
Borrowings from Share	Holders		
Statutory Liabilities			
Proceeds from long terr	n borrowings	2,108.62	(39.84)
	s from short term borrowings (net)	1,604.76	69.69
	g Dividend Distribution Tax)	(114.85)	(115.70)
Interest Paid	,	(230.32)	(168.31)
Net cash (used in) from	n financing activities	3,423.60	212.87
Net (decrease)/increase	e in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	663.69	(691.71)
	lents at beginning of the year	60.45	752.16
•	lents at end of the year	724.14	60.45
	ionto at one of the year	124.14	00.45

Notes

Cash Flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7,

1 Cash Flow Statements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

2 Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever applicable.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of Financial Statements

For L.B.JHA & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regd. No. 301088E

D.N. Roy Partner Membership No. 300389

Kolkata 28-05-2024 For and on behalf of the Board of BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited

Jayanta Kumar Ghosh Managing Director (DIN:00722445)

Uday Narayan Singh Executive Director & CFO (DIN:00722449)

Devshree Sinha Company Secretary (Mem No. A21786)

Amount in Rs. Lacs

Notes to Consolidated Accounts

1 Corporate Information

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the financial statements of BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED (the "Holding Company'), its subsidiary (collectively referred to as "the Group'). The Parent executes Railway Electrification Projects, turnkey OHE projects and other projects for Railway as well as non-government parties.

The subsidiary is executing a Rice Bran Oil extraction project at Burdwan, West Bengal.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on 28h May, 2024.

1.1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Parent and subsidiary have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III), as applicable to the Company. The Ind AS financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair values. (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments)

1.2 Basis of Consolidation

The Group combines the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Inter-company transaction, balance and un realised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiary are shown separately in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Balance Sheet respectively.

Name of Subsidiary Country of Incorporation	Country of	Proportion of ownership		
	As at 31 st March 2024	As at 31 st March 2023		
BCL BIO ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED	INDIA	51.00%	51.00%	
BRIL Social Foundation	INDIA	NA	99.95%	

The details of the subsidiary considered for the purpose of consolidation

1.3 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IND AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Differences between the actual results and estimates are recognised in the year in which the results are known / materialized and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

(i) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived of the determining an estimate of an asset expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology

(ii) Fair value measurements and valuation processes

Some of the Company's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Company engages third party valuers, where required, to perform the valuation. Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of various assets, liabilities are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

(iii) Claims, Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

In case of any ongoing dispute / litigation, where an outflow of funds is believed to be probable and a reliable estimate of the outcome of the dispute can be made based on management's assessment of specific circumstances of each dispute and relevant external advice, management provides for its best estimate of the liability. Such accruals are by nature complex and can take number of years to resolve and can involve estimation uncertainty.

(iv) Actuarial Valuation

The determination of Company's liability towards defined benefit obligation to employees is made through independent actuarial valuation including determination of amounts to be recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and in other comprehensive income. Such valuation depend upon assumptions determined after taking into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market. Information about such valuation is provided in notes to the financial statements.

1.4 Material Accounting Policies

1.3.(i) Current and Non-Current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

- A liability is current when:
- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

1.3.(ii) Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

► Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

► Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

► Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable For assets

and liabilities that are recognised in the Ind AS financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

1.3.(iii) Revenue from contracts with customer

Revenue is recognized from construction and service activities is recognized based on "over time" method and the company uses the input method to measure progress of delivery.

When the outcome of individual contracts can be estimated reliably, contract revenue and contract cost are recognized as revenue and expenses respectively by reference to the stage of completion at the reporting date. Costs are recognized as incurred and revenue is recognized on the basis of the proportion of total cost at the reporting date to the estimated total cost of the contract.

Estimates of the final out-turn on each contract may include cost contingencies to take account of the risk within each contracts that have been identified during the early stages of contract. The cost contingencies are reviewed on a regular basis throughout the contract life and are adjusted where appropriate. However, the natures of the risks on contracts are such that they often cannot be resolved until the end of the project and therefore may not reverse until the end of the Project. The estimated final out- turns on contracts are continuously reviewed, and in certain limited cases, recoveries from insurers are assessed, and adjustments made where necessary. No margin is recognized until the outcome of the contract can be estimated with reasonable certainty. Provision is made for all known or expected losses on individual contracts once each losses are foreseen.

Revenue in respect of variations to contracts and incentive payments is recognized when it is highly probable and agreed by the customer. Revenue in respect of claim is recognized only if it is highly probable not to reverse in future periods. Profit for the year includes the benefit of claims settled in the year to the extent not previously recognized on contracts completed in previous years.

The figures have been taken as per the management working on the basis of the work completed.

In some old projects where substantial contract revenue has already been recognized in earlier periods, income from operations is determined and recognized, based on the bills raised on technical evaluation of work executed based on joint inspection with customers including railways.

Export Income

Export sale is accounted for at the time of clearance of the goods at the Indian Customs Stations.

Exchange Differences

Difference between the rate recorded as above and the realization rate of the bills is recognized as Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss through the Profit and Loss Account.

Other Income

Other income comprises of primarily of Interest Income, Dividend Income, Gain/ (Loss) on sale of Investments, Rental Income and Claims (if any).

Interest Income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend Income is recognized as and when right to receive payment is established provided, which is generally after the shareholders approves it in the Annual General Meeting.

Gain/ (Loss) on sale of Current/ Non Current Investments are recognized at the time of redemption/ Sale and at Fair value at each reporting period.

Rent Income/Lease rentals are recognized on accrual basis in accordance with the terms of agreements.

Insurance and other claims are accounted for as and when admitted by the appropriate authorities in view of uncertainty involved in ascertainment of final claim.

1.3.(iv) Taxes

Current Tax

Current income-tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India and tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where the Company operates. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the Ind AS financial statements at the reporting date. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in OCI or directly in equity, respectively.

1.3.(v) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment and Capital work in progress are carried at cost of acquisition, on current cost basis less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment, if any. Cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. Machinery spares which can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment and whose use is expected to be irregular are capitalised and depreciated over the useful life of the principal item of the relevant assets. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Depreciation is provided on Straight line method over the useful lives of property, plant and equipment except for depreciation on Motor Cars which is provided for on the reducing balance method as estimated by management. Pursuant to Notification of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 depreciation is provided on prorata basis over the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment where applicable, as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

1.3.(vi) Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are recognized only when future economic benefits arising out of the assets flow to the enterprise and are amortised over their useful life ranging from 3 to 5 years. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

1.3.(vii) Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. Borrowing Costs include interest, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs. Discount on Commercial papers is amortised over the tenor of the underlying instrument. Borrowing Costs, allocated to and utilised for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use is added to the cost of the assets. Capitalisation of Borrowing Costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

1.3(viii) Leases

As a lessee

The company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, company's incremental borrowing rate.

Generally, the company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;

- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;

- Amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and

- The exercise price under a purchase option that the company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-ofuse asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero. The company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in 'property, plant and equipment' and lease liabilities in 'loans and borrowings' in the statement of financial position.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of real estate properties that have a lease term of 12 months. The company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

1.3.(ix) Inventories

Raw materials, work-in-progress and finished products are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses, where considered necessary. Cost includes purchase price non refundable taxes and duties and other directly attributable costs incurred in bringing the goods to the point of sale.

Work-in-progress and finished goods include appropriate proportion of overheads and where applicable, excise duty. Cost are assigned to individual items of inventory on weighted average basis.

Stores and Spares are valued on the "weighted average" basis.

1.3.(x) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

1.3.(xi) Provisions and Contingencies

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the Ind AS financial statements.

1.3.(xii) Employee Benefits

(i) Defined Contribution Plan

Employee benefits in the form of Provident Fund are considered as defined contribution plan and the contributions are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss account of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due. There are no other obligations other than the contributions payable to the respective authorities.



BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

(ii) Defined Benefits Plan

(a) Gratuity

Every employee who has completed five years or more of service is entitled to Gratuity as per the provisions of The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The costs of providing benefits are determined on the basis of actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at each year-end. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately recognised in retained earnings through Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not re-classified to Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods. The excess / shortfall in the fair value of the plan assets over the present value of the obligation calculated as per actuarial methods as at balance sheet dates is recognised as a gain / loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Any asset arising out of this calculation is limited to the past service cost plus the present value of available refunds and reduction in future contributions.

(b) Long Term Compensated Absences

Unavailed Leave balances are not accumulated and paid in the year of accrual.

1.3.(xiii) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

1.3.(xiv) Earning per Share

Basic Earnings Per Share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

1.3.(xv) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

A Financial Assets

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

(ii) Subsequent Measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in two categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost

- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income FVTOCI

Debt instruments at amortised cost other than derivative contracts

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in Other Income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Equity investments

Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at FVTOCI or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset

(iv) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether a financial asset (or a group of financial assets) such as investments, trade receivables, advances and security deposits held at amortised cost and financial assets that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are tested for impairment based on evidence or information that is available without undue cost or effort. Expected credit losses are assessed and loss allowances recognised if the credit guality of the financial asset has deteriorated significantly since initial recognition.

(v) Foreign Currency Transactions

The reporting currency of the Company is the Indian Rupee.

Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the reporting currency, using the exchange rate predetermined on the basis of the exchange rate mentioned in the Shipping Bill in case of exports and Bill of Entry in case of Imports. Difference between the rate recorded as above and the realization rate of the bills is recognized as Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss through the Profit and Loss Account. At each balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are reported using the exchange rate predetermined on the basis of the exchange rate on the date of the balance sheet. Non-monetary items which are carried at historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

B Financial Liabilities

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowing or payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and financial guarantee contracts.

(ii) Subsequent Measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include derivatives, financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risks are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the lender for a loss it incurs because the specified borrower fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a loan agreement. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(iv) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

1.3.(xvi) Operating Segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decisionmaker (CODM). The CODM who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors of the Company.

E	
State	ment of Changes in Equity

		Amount in Rs.
A. Equity share capital	Current Reporting Period	Previous
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	1,672.36	1,672.36
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	-	-
Changes in equity share capital during the reporting period	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	1,672.36	1,672.36

		Current Reporting Period								
B. Other Equity	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Total Comprehensive Income for the current year	Dividends	Any other change (to be specified)	Balance at the end of the reporting period			
Share application money pending allotment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Equity component of compound financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Reserves and Surplus										
Capital Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Securities Premium	999.52	-	999.52	-	-	-	999.52			
Other Reserves (specify nature)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Retained Earnings	5,646.12	-	5,646.12	543.92	(114.85)	-	6,075.20			
Debt instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	106.98	-	106.98	33.26	-	-	140.25			
Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Revaluation Surplus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other items of Other Comprehensive Income(Employee Gratuity										
Provision)	17.47	-	17.47	1.32	-	-	18.79			
Money received against share warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Total	6,770.10	-	6,770.10	578.51	(114.85)	-	7,233.76			

		Previous Reporting Period							
B. Other Equity	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Total Comprehensive Income for the current year	Dividends	Any other change (to be specified)	Balance at the end of the reporting period		
Share application money pending allotment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Equity component of compound financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Reserves and Surplus									
Capital Reserve							-		
Securities Premium	999.52	-	999.52	-	-	-	999.52		
Other Reserves (specify nature)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Retained Earnings	4,956.74	-	4,956.74	805.09	(115.70)	-	5,646.12		
Debt instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	69.87	-	69.87	37.12	-	-	106.98		
Effective portion of Ca h Flow Hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Revaluation Surplus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Other items of Other Comprehensive Income(specify nature)	11.42	-	11.42	6.05	-	-	17.47		
Money received against share warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total	6,037.54	-	6,037.54	848.25	(115.70)	-	6,770.10		

For and on behalf of the Board of BCPL Railway Infrastructure Limited

Jayanta Kumar Ghosh Managing Director (DIN:00722445)

Uday Narayan Singh Executive Director&CFO (DIN:00722449)

Devshree Sinha Company Secretary (Mem No. A21786)

For L.B.JHA & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regd. No. 301088E

D.N. Roy Partner Membership No. 300389

Kolkata 28-05-2024



Note 3 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) and

Right of use

Particulars	Land	Buildings	Furniture & Fixtures	Office Equipment	Plant &	Motor	Computers	Total
Gross carrying amount as on April 1,2022	138.07	32.82	8.35	24.76	27.60	52.23	34.05	317.88
Additions	156.23	22.72	0.96	5.01	-	45.84	2.03	232.78
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	13.43	-	13.43
Closing gross carrying amount as on 31.03.2023	294.30	55.54	9.31	29.77	27.60	84.64	36.08	537.23
Additions	255.88	199.70	2.99	1.53		10.17	4.32	474.60
Disposals	-	-		0.12			0.45	0.57
Closing gross carrying amount as on 31.03.2024	550.18	255.24	12.30	31.18	27.60	94.81	39.95	1,011.26
Accumulated depreciation as at 1 April 2022	-	10.91	6.86	20.16	21.58	22.15	25.05	106.72
Depreciation charge during the year		0.60	0.42	1.28	1.34	7.99	4.16	15.78
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	1.32	-	1.32
Closing accumulated depreciation as on 31.03.2023		11.50	7.28	21.44	22.92	28.83	29.21	121.18
Depreciation charge during the period		3.00	0.60	1.94	0.79	9.61	4.40	20.34
Disposals				0.01				0.01
Closing accumulated depreciation as on 31.03.2024	-	14.50	7.87	23.38	23.71	38.44	33.61	141.52
Net carrying amount as at 1 April 2022	138.07	21.91	1.49	4.60	6.02	30.07	9.00	211.16
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2023	294.30	44.03	2.03	8.33	4.68	55.81	6.87	416.05
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	550.18	240.74	4.42	7.81	3.89	56.37	6.34	869.74

Particulars	Capital work-in-	Intangible Assets -	Investment Property	Goodwill	Intangible	Biological	Right of Use
Gross carrying amount as on April 1,2022	22.16	5.33	161.17	-	-	-	8.02
Additions	638.57	0.18	6.16				0.30
Disposals			-				
Closing gross carrying amount as on 31.03.2023	660.72	5.51	167.33	-	-	-	8.32
Additions	2,150.76		5.89				0.51
Disposals							
Closing gross carrying amount as on 31.03.2024	2,811.48	5.51	173.22				8.83
Accumulated depreciation as at 1 April 2022		3.21	-				1.85
Depreciation charge during the year		0.39	-				0.62
Disposals		-					-
Closing accumulated depreciation as on 31.03.2023	-	3.60	-				2.47
Depreciation charge during the period		0.40					0.62
Disposals		-	-				-
Closing accumulated depreciation as on 31.03.2024	-	4.00	-				3.09
Net carrying amount as at 1 April 2022	22.16	2.12	161.17				6.17
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2023	660.72	1.91	167.33				5.85
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	2,811.48	1.51	173.22				5.73

Fair Market Value of Investment Property as at 31/03/2024

Rs. 192.96 lacs

Capital Work in Progress ageing schedule	As at 31st March 2024						
capital work in Frogress ageing schedule	0-1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
Projects in Progress	2,128.36	660.96	22.40	-	2,811.72		

Capital Work in Progress ageing schedule		As at 31st March 2023						
Capital work in Progress ageing schedule	0-1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total			
Projects in Progress		668.57	22.16	-	-	690.73		



Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
Note -4		
Financial Assets - Investments Investment in Subsidiary (At Cost)		
BCL Bio Energy Private Ltd.(79,55,997 (Pv. Yr. 69,35,997) Shares of Rs. 10/Each) BRIL Social Foundation	- 0.20	-
Unquoted Investment (at FV through OCI) Phoenix Overseas Ltd. 5,11,335 (Pv. Yr. 5,11,335) Shares of Rs. 10/- each	455.28 -	422.02
Gold (at Cost) (Investment in 320 gms Gold Coins)	7.43	7.43
	462.91	429.45
Gold (at FV through PL) (Investment in 100 gms Gold Bonds)	2.58	5.77
Total	2.58 465.49	5.77 435.22



Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
Note - 5		
OTHERS Non Current		
Security/Earnest Deposits with Clients	1,600.85	2,036.57
Other Security Deposits	26.45	25.66
Fixed Deposit having maturity of more than 12 months **	500.32	625.35
	2,127.61	2,687.58
**- Deposits held by Bank as Margin for Bank Guarantees &		
Letter of Credit	467.55	262.33
**- Deposits held by Bank as Collateral Security	900.00	567.11
Current Security Deposit Unsecured,Considered Good;	(27.00	214.02
Lease Advance Rent - Short Term	627.09	214.02 0.02
Fxed Deposit having maturity of less than 12 months	- 1,150.42	899.74
	1,130.42	1,113.79
	1,777.01	1,113.77
Note - 6		
OTHER NON FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Non Current		
Sales Tax Deposits	30.68	30.93
Service Tax Deposits	20.96	20.96
Lease Advance Rent - Long Term	5.93	3.93
Advance for Capital Goods and Project related work	111.34	304.95
Security Deposit Lease Deed	4.00	4.00
NON CURRENT	-	274.70
	172.91	364.78
Current	_	_
CURRENT	-	

Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
Note -7		
INVENTORIES Project Work in Progress(unbilled) (At proportionate		
Contract value)	4,503.65	3,394.26
	4,503.65	3,394.26
Note - 8		
TRADE RECEIVABLES		
Unsecured		
Considered Good	1,062.37	1,585.48
Having significant increase in credit risks	-	-
Credit Impaired	-	-
	1,062.37	1,585.48

Trade Receivables ageing schedule - Current Repo	rting Period								
		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#							
Particulars	Less than 6 months	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total			
Undisputed, Unsecured Considered Good Having significant increase in credit risks Credit Impaired	345.83	390.88	325.66			1,062.37			
Disputed, Unsecured Considered Good Having significant increase in credit risks Credit Impaired									
	345.83	390.88	325.66	-	-	1,062.37			

Ageing is considered from the date of transaction

Trade Receivables ageing schedule - Previous Reporting Period

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#					
Particulars	Less than 6 months	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed, Unsecured Considered Good Having significant increase in credit risks Credit Impaired	1,043.52	245.31	296.65 -			1,585.48 -
Disputed Disputed, Unsecured Considered Good Having significant increase in credit risks Credit Impaired						
	1,043.52	245.31	296.65	-	-	1,585.48

Ageing is considered from the date of transaction

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24- 135



CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
Balance with banks (of the nature of cash and cash equivalents)		
In Current/ Cash Credit Accounts	717.32	53.69
	111.32	55.07
In Fixed Deposit Accounts Cheques, drafts on hand		
Cash on hand	6.82	6.76
Others	0.02	0.70
others	-	
Note -9		
BANK BALANCES (Other than as mentioned above)		
In Unpaid Dividend Escrow Account	7.37	3.64
In Share Application Escrow Account	0.11	134.60
	731.62	198.69
Note -10		
OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
Advance recoverable in kind or for value to be received	68.22	52.77
Advance to Suppliers	114.86	132.24
Less Provision for doubtful advances		-
Balance in GST (Input Tax Credit)	593.57	218.44
Margin with Broker for Hedging	40.61	41.71
Prepaid Insurance	6.77	3.17
Prepaid Rent	-	0.15
Export Incentives	8.96	25.13
Advance Rent	11.35	4.32
	844.35	477.93

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24- 136

A:Share Capital

A:Share Capital	-	
Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
Equity Share Capital		
a) Authorised		
1,80,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	1,800.00	1,800.00
(Previous Year 31.03.2020 - 1,80,00,000, 01-04-2019 - 1,80,00,000)	1,800.00	1,800.00
b) Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up 1,67,23,638 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	1,672.36	1,672.36
(Previous Year 31.03.2020 - 1,67,23,638, 01.04.2019 - 1,67,23,638) Total	1,672.36	1,672.36
	1,072.30	1,072.30
C) Reconciliation of number of equity shares are set out below:i) Shares outstanding at the beginning of the financial year.ii) Issued during the year	16,72,36,380	16,72,36,380
iii) Shares forfeited/brought back/cancelled during the year	4 / 70 0 / 000 00	1 / 70 0 / 000 00
iv) Shares outstanding at the end of the financial year	16,72,36,380.00	16,72,36,380.00

d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of shares

	As at		As at	
Name of the Shareholders	31st Ma	31st March'2024		h'2023
	% held	No.of Shares	% held	No.of Shares
Aparesh Nandi	7.89%	13,19,574	7.89%	13,19,574
Kum Kum Nandi	8.17%	13,65,672	8.17%	13,65,672
Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	8.60%	14,37,518	9.03%	15,10,006
Aparajita Ghosh	7.90%	13,21,250	7.90%	13,21,250
Mina Singh	14.11%	23,59,200	14.11%	23,59,200
Kanhai Singh	15.71%	26,26,671	15.71%	26,26,671
Resilient Exports Pvt. Ltd.	6.71%	11,22,730	6.71%	11,22,730

Amount in Rs.Lacs

e) The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Re.10/-.Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts.However, no such preferential amounts exist currently. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

i) Shares held by promoters at the end of the year				
SI.No	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	%of total shares	% Change during the year
	1 Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	14,37,518	8.60%	-0.43%
	2 Aparesh Nandi	13,19,574	7.89%	0.00%
	3 Resilient Exports Private Limited	11,22,730	6.71%	0.00%
	4 Uday Narayan Singh	4,20,994	2.52%	0.00%

B. Other equity

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Security Premium	999.52	999.52
Retained earnings	6,075.20	5,646.12
Other Comprehensive Income	159.04	124.45
Total	7,233.77	6,770.10

Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
Note -12		
NON CURRENT BORROWINGS		
SECURED		
Term Loan from Bank	2,137.94	26.99
Vehicle Loan	15.59	18.24
** Term Loan from Bank is secured by hypothecation of the debtor, book debt and vehicle financed. The loan is repayable in monthly installments from the date of the loan, by 31.05.2025		
	2,153.53	45.23
Note -13		
EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS Provision for Employee Benefits		
- Current	12.69	28.61
- Non-Current	62.90	32.67
	02.70	-
Current	12.69	28.61
Non-Current	62.90	32.67
Note - 14		
CURRENT BORROWINGS		
SECURED		
Cash Credit		
Working Capital Loan from Banks (Cash Credit)	1,623.85	146.77
i) Secured by hypothecation of all present/future stock and receivables, all present/future fixed assets and personal guarantee of the promoter directors.		
Current maturities of long term loans		
BANK OF INDIA TERM LOAN	194.84	
BANK OF INDIA COVID LOAN	-	64.05
BANK OF INDIA CAR LOAN	8.85	6.29
HDFC BANK LTD CAR LOAN (TATA-407)	-	2.36
YES BANK LTD (CAR LOAN TATA-610SFC)	-	3.35
	1,827.54	222.82
Note - 15		
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liability)		
Deferred Tax Assets	10.02	15.42
Provision for Employee Benefits	19.02 67.72	72.05
FMV of Security Deposit Difference between WDV of Assets and Liability	0.91	72.03
Difference between wow of Assets and Liability	0.71	-
Deferred Tax Liability		
FMV of Financial Instruments	53.34	44.97
Difference between WDV of Assets and Liability	4.89	0.64
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liability)	29.42	41.86
Movement of Deferred Tax	(12.44)	



BCPL RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes to Accounts -- Contd.

Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
Note - 16		
TRADE PAYABLES Trade Payables a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small - Disputed	-	
- Others	306.25	162.07
b) Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small - Disputed - Others	1,060.94 -	779.71
	1,367.19	941.78

Current Reporting Period

Trade Payables aging schedule	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment #			nt #
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	More than 3 tears	Total
Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises* Undisputed	306.25			306.25
Disputed Dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises Undisputed Disputed	1,034.95	25.99	-	- 1,060.94 -
	1,341.20	25.99	-	1,367.19

Ageing is considered from the date of transaction

Previous Reporting Period

Trade Payables aging schedule	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#			ent#
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	More than 3 tears	Total
Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises* Undisputed Disputed	162.07			162.07
Dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises Undisputed Disputed	778.01		1.70	779.71 -
	940.08	-	1.70	941.78

Note - #Ageing is from dates of invoices





Note -17		
Particulars	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Non Current	-	-
Share Application Money pending allotment		
Current		
Unpaid Dividends	3.68	3.64
Security Deposit from Sub - Contractors	73.05	69.41
Share Application Money Refundable	-	46.90
Accrued Interest on Loans	0.05	0.07
Advance from Holding Company	-	-
	76.78	120.02
Note - 18		
OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Advances from Customers	328.89	865.14
Statutory dues	50.18	42.61
Book Overdraft	4.74	-
Liability for expenses	61.52	87.51
Advance from Directors	-	
	445.34	995.26
Note -19		
CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES /(ASSETS)	(32.17)	56.03
Provision for Income Tax	180.27	272.92
Advance Tax and TDS	212.44	216.89
	(32.17)	56.03

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT – 2023-24- 140



Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Note -20		
REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
Contractual Income	8,793.39	10,231.25
Export Sales Domestic Sales	-	1,969.74 55.48
Export Incentives Accrued	-	22.33
Company's share in profit of integrated jointly controlled	-	22.00
	8,793.39	12,278.79
Note - 21		
OTHER INCOME		
Rental Income	27.69	29.35
Dividend Income	11.25	5.37 63.90
Interest Hedging Gains	94.42	- 03.90
Insurance Claim		-
Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Difference	-	37.29
Profit on sale of investment	0.29	-
Profit on Sale of Car	-	-
Miscellaneous Receipts	8.79	4.26
FV gain of Gold Bond	0.44	0.86
Notional Gain on FV of Security Deposit	128.11	130.26
	270.97	271.29
Note - 22		
CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATING EXPENSES		
Material Consumed	4,244.41	5,513.56
Freight	262.73	400.18
Cargo Handling Charges	-	26.23
Work Contract Expenses	2,290.44	2,478.17
Fuel Charges Insurance	94.09 8.21	82.13 3.49
	0.21	5.47
	6,899.87	8,503.78
Note -23		
EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES		
Salaries, Wages and Bonus	327.33	306.21
Managerial Remuneration	145.43	131.81
Performance Awards/Incentives	-	-
Workmen & Staff Welfare Expenses	21.31	13.19
Provision for Gratuity	16.39	11.27 16.15
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	15.96	10.15
Total employee benefits expense	526.42	478.63
istal shipiojoo bohonto onpolioo	520.42	470.05

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT – 2023-24- 141



Particulars	Year ended March 31,	Year ended March 31,
	2024	2023
Note -24		
FINANCE COSTS		
Interest on Working Capital Bank Finance	121.08	74.04
Interest on Vehicle Finance	1.19	2.30
Interest to Suppliers	18.15	9.39
Bank Charges & Commission	89.90	41.44
Notional expenses on lease liability	0.21	0.22
Notional Expense on FV of Security Deposit	50.30	40.93
	280.83	168.31
Note -25		
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION		1/ 10
Depreciation on Tangible Assets	20.96	16.40
Amortisaion of Intangible Assets	0.40	0.39
	21.2/	1/ 70
	21.36	16.79
Note -26		
Note -20		
OTHER EXPENSES		
Advertisement	1.30	1.27
Business promotion Expenses	29.16	10.27
Repairs & Maintenance others	6.73	3.60
Consultancy Charges	35.17	38.05
Electricity Charges (Net)	8.29	10.04
Rates & Taxes	9.72	0.78
Filing Fees	5.47	4.05
Legal Charges	17.13	2.95
License Fees	1.10	0.78
Office Expenses	50.87	33.17
Vehicle Expenses	11.61	11.93
Postage, Telephone & Telex	4.84	5.23
Travelling & Conveyance	65.21	38.92
Printing & Stationery	5.66	10.81
Miscellaneous Claims/Liquidated Demages by Clients	193.33	9.91
Auditors Remuneration	5.60	3.15
Directors' Sitting Fees	5.60	4.95
Rent	50.04	44.86
Tender Fees	0.08	0.60
Sales Tax for earlier year	-	-
CSR Expenditure	42.62	45.67
Hedging Gains/Loss	26.09	5.29
Sundry Balances Written Off/Back(Net)	9.30	32.76
Loss on Sale of Fixed Asset	-	1.61
Provision for doubtful advances	3.60	-
Miscellaneous Expenses	18.97	12.65
···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	607.47	333.30

Explanatory Notes

28 Auditor's Remuneration

Amount (Rs. in lakhs)

		Amount (Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
As Auditor:		
Audit fees	2.00	1.75
Tax audit fees	0.55	0.50
Miscellaneous certificates and other matters	3.05	0.90
Total	5.60	3.15
		V 01 0000
Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	42.62	21.19
Amount of expenditure incurred	42.62	45.39
) Shortfall at the end of the year	0	21.02
) Total of previous years shortfall	0	0
		Amount Transferred to BRIL Social
) Reason for shortfal	NA	Foundation in April 2023.
) Nature of CSR activities	Public Welfare	Public Welfare
Details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a	BRIL Social Foundation, an entity	
trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR	under the control of the promoters is	
) expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard	carrying out the CSR activities.	Nil
Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a		
contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be shown		
) separately	Nil	Nil

30 Earnings per Share

The following table reflects the income and earnings per share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Net Profit after tax for calculation of Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share *(' in lakhs) (I)	543.92	802.67
Weighted average number of shares (II)	16723638	16723638
-Basic & Diluted	3.25	4.80

31 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

- A Contingent Liabilities
- (i) Disputed Sales Tax and Service tax (excluding interest) which has not stipulated in the demand / assessment order Rs. 310.19 Lakhs (Previous year Rs. 310.19 Lakhs).
- (ii) Corporate Guarantee to group companies Rs. 3419 lakhs (previous year- 2870 lakhs)
- (iii) Outstanding Bank Guarantees Rs.1568 lakhs (previous year-1803 lakhs)
- B Capital and other commitments:
- Rs. Nil (Previous Year Rs. Nil)
- C Pending Litigations
- (i) A civil suit numbering 669 of 2011 was filed in High Court of Calcutta by Union of India& Others against the Company in appeal for an arbitration award signed and published on April 8, 2011 passed by the Arbitral Tribunal. The said arbitral award was given in arbitral proceedings initiated by the Company which arose out of contract agreement numbering CEE/D/CON/TRD/809 dated September 5, 2002 entered by the Company with Chief Electrical Distribution Engineer("Respondent") relating to ADRA division-renewal/rehabilitation of overhead equipments and power supply equipments. As per the award the Respondent was inter-alia required to release the retention money of Rs. 44,66,582 and the Company was required to pay an amount of Rs. 4,48,387 to the Respondent. Currently the said matter is pending for disposal.

(ii) Rs. 71.57 Lacs Previous Year Rs 71.57 lakhs For Workmen compensation

32 Employee Benefits

(i) Defined Contribution Plans

Provident Fund for certain eligible employees is administered by the Company through Employees Provident Fund as per the provisions of the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.

The amount contributed is recognized as an expense and included in "Company's contributions to PF & other funds" of Statement of Profit and Loss account is Rs.15.96 lakhs (FY 2022-23 Rs.16.15 lakhs).

- (ii) Defined Benefits Plan
 - Gratuity
- (i) The following table summarizes the components of the net defined benefits plan towards gratuity recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and the funded status and amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet:

		mount (Rs. in lakhs) atuity
	Gia	ituity
Particulars	As on 31.03.2024	As on 31.03.2023
Changes in present value of defined benefit obligations		
a) Defined Benefit obligation, beginning of period	89.90	79.03
b) Interest Cost on DBO	6.61	5.93
c) Net Current Service Cost	11.88	10.99

d) Actual Plan Participants Contributions	-	-
e) Benefits Paid	-	-
f) Past Service Cost	-	-
 g) Changes in Foreign Currency Exchange Rates h) Acruisition / Business Combination / Divestiture 	-	-
i) Losses / (Gains) on Curtailments / Settlements	-	-
j) Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on obligation	- (1.30)	- (6.05)
k) Defined Benefit Obligation, End of Period	107.09	(6.05) 89.90
k) Denned Benefit Obligation, End of Period	107.09	09.70
Changes in fair value of plan assets		
a) Fair Value of Plan assets at the beginning	28.61	17.80
b) Expected return on plan assets	2.10	
c) Employer contribution	1.17	10.81
d) Actual Plan Participants Contributions		
e) LIC Charges	(0.41)	
f) Actual Taxes Paid		
g) Actual Administration Expenses Paid		
h) Changes in Foreign Currency Exchange Rates		
i) Benefits Paid		
j) Acquisition / Business Combination / Divestiture		
k) Assets Extingushed on Curtailments / Settlements	(0.00)	
I) Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on Asset	(0.02)	20 / 1
m) Fair Value of Plan assets at the end	31.45	28.61
Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet		
a) Balance Sheet (Asset) / Liability, Beginning of Period	61.29	79.03
b) True up		
c) Total Charge / (Credit) Recognised in Profit and Loss	16.39	16.92
d) Total Remeasurements Recognised in OC (Income) / Loss	(1.32)	(6.05)
e) Acquisition / Business Combination / Divestiture		
f) Employer Contribution	(1.17)	(28.61)
g) LIC Charges	0.41	-
h) Benefits Paid	-	-
i) Other Events i) Polonee Sheet (Accet) (Liebility, End of Pariod	75.40	(1.00
j) Balance Sheet (Asset) / Liability, End of Period	75.60	61.29
Expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss		
a) Service Cost	11.88	10.99
b) Net Interest Cost	4.51	5.92
c) Past Service Cost		
d) Remeasurements		
e) Administration Expenses		
f) (Gain) / Loss due to settlements / Curtailments / Terminations / Divestitures	-	-
g) Total Defined Benefit Cost / (Income) included in Profit & Loss	16.39	16.91
Expenses recognized in Other Comprehensive Income		
a) Amount recognised in OCI, (Gain) / Loss Beginning of Period	(17.47)	(11.42)
b) Remeasurements Due to :		
1. Effect of Change in Financial Assumptions	3.30	1.64
2. Effect of Change in Demographic Assumptions	-	-
3. Effect of Experience Adjustments	(4.60)	(7.69)
4. (Gain) / Loss on Curtailments / Settlements	-	-
5. Return on Plan Assets (Excluding Interest)	(0.02)	-
6. Changes in Asset Ceiling	-	-
c) Total Remeasurements Recognised in OCI (Gain)/Loss	(1.32)	(6.05)
d) Amount Recognised in OCI (Gain) Loss, End of Period	(18.79)	(17.47)

-

(ii) The principle assumptions used in determining employee benefit obligations for the Company's plans are shown below:

	Gratuity		
Particulars	As on 31.03.2024	As on 31.03.2023	
Financial Assumptions Used to Determine the Profit & Loss Charge			
a) Discounting Rate	7.09 P A	7.35 P A	
b) Salary Escalation Rate	10.00 PA	10.00 PA	
Demographic Assumptions Used to Determine the Defined Benefit			
a) Retirement Age	60 Years	60 Years	
a) Mortality Table (Indian Assured Lives Mortality)	2012-2014	2012-2014	
c) Employee Turnover / Attrition Rate			
18 to 30 Years	3%	3%	
30 to 45 Years	2%	2%	
Above 45 Years	1%	1%	

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24- 144

The salary escalation rate usually consists of at least three components, viz. regular increments, price inflation and promotional increases. In addition to this any commitments by the management regarding future salary increases and the Company's philosophy towards employee remuneration are also to be taken into account.

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set in accordance with published statistics by the Actuary. The discount rate is based on the government securities yield.

33 Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

The Company has not received full information from vendors regarding their status under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED ACT); hence disclosure relating to amount unpaid at year end together with interest paid/payable have been given based on the information so far available with the Company / identified by the Company management. The detail of the same is as under.

		(Rs. in I	acs)
SI No	Particulars	As on 31.03.2024	As on 31.03.2023
a)	i) Principal amount remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	306.25	162.07
	ii) Interest due on above	-	*
b)	 Interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of MSMED Act. 	-	-
	ii) Payment made to supplier beyond the appointed day during the year.	-	
c)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but	-	-
d)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of financial year.	-	-
e)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in succeeding years, until such date when the		
	interest due as above are actually paid.	-	-
* There are	e no overdues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as at 31/03/2024.		

34 Operating Segment as defined under Ind AS 108.

i) Primary Segment (Business Segn	nents):				
Particulars	Railway Overhead Electrification	Merchant Exports	Edible Oils	CSR	Total
Revenue	9,063.32	-	1.05	-	9,064.37
Segment (PBIT)	1,021.79	(1.05)	(11.51)	-	1,009.23
Interest	275.56	-	5.27	-	280.83
Profit Before Tax (PBT)	746.24	(1.05)	(16.78)	-	728.40
Provision for Income Tax	180.45	(0.19)	-	0	180.27
Provision for Deferred Tax	12.45	(0.01)			12.44
Income Tax for Earlier Year	-	-	-	0	-
Profit After Tax (PAT)	553.34	(0.85)	(16.78)	-	535.70
Other Information:					
Fixed Assets	454.05	0.24	3,407.40	-	3,861.70
Depreciation	18.25	0.10	3.02	-	21.36

35 Disclosure in respect of Related Parties

(i) List of related parties

A. Subsidiary Company

BCL Bio Energy Private Limited - 51% of capital held by the Company as at 31/03/2024, Previous year 51%.

B. Enterprise in which Management or Directors have Significant Influence

ASSOCIAT	ASSOCIATES ENTITIES		
SL. NO.	NAME OF ASSOCIATES ENTITIES		
1	PHOENIX OVERSEAS LTD.		
2 RESILIENT EXPORTS PVT. LTD. (FORMERLY AVISAN VINIMAY PVT. LTD.)			
3	A.N. DEALERS LLP		
4	J.K.G. COMMERCIAL LLP		
5	K.S.VINIMAY LLP		
6	U.N.S. COMMERCIAL LLP		
7	KBC AGROPRODUCTS PVT. LTD		
8	KBC SOLVEX PVT. LTD		
9	TRICON LOGISTICS ENGINEERING CONSULTANCY PVT. LTD		
10	D.S. Engineering		
11	BRIL Social Foundation		

C. Jointhly controlled entities

	SL. NO.	NAME OF Jointly controlled entities
ſ	1	BCPL - EMC - Joint Venture
-	2	EMC - BCPL - Joint Venture
	3	EMC - BCPL - SUBIR Joint Venture
L	5	

D. Key Management Personnel

SL. NO.	Name & Designation			
1	Jayanta Kumar Ghosh, Managing	Director, Promoter		

	2	Uday Narayan Singh, Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Promoter	
	3 Debasis Sircar, Executive Director		
	4 Devshree Sinha, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer		
	5 Sakshi Singh, Vice President		
I	E. Non Executive/Independent Directors		
S	SL. NO. Name & Designation		
	1	Aparesh Nandi, Non Executive Director, Promoter	
	2	Sanghamitra Mukherkee, Independent Director	
	3 Swapan Kumar Chakraborty, Independent Director		
Г	4 Sudipta Kr. Mukherjee, Independent Director		
Г	5	Ranajit Kr. Mondal, Independent Director	

F. Relatives Of Key Management Personnel & Promoter Directors

SL. NO.	Name Of Relative	Relationship
1	Kum Kum Nandi	Wife of Mr. Aparesh Nandi
2	Aparajita Ghosh	Wife of Mr. Jayanta Kumar Ghosh
3	Mina Singh	Wife of Mr. Uday Narayan Singh
4	Madhumita Sircar	Wife of Mr. Debasis Sircar
5	Bikramjit Sinha	Husband of Ms. Devshree Sinha
6	Saakshi Singh	Daughter of Mr. Uday Narayan Singh

(ii) <u>Transactions with Related Parties</u>

During the year the following transactions were carried out with the related parties in the ordinary course of business:

		Amount(Rs.	In lakhs)
Name of Related Party	Nature of Transaction	2023-24	2022-23
1) Sri Aparesh Nandi	a) Directors' Sitting Fees	0.94	0.85
2) Sri Jayanta Kumar	a) Managerial Remuneration	60.84	50.70
Ghosh	b) Perquisites	16.17	14.36
GHUSH	c) Contribution to Provident Fund	0.93	0.93
	a) Managerial Remuneration	48.67	40.56
3) Sri Uday Narayan Singh	b) Perquisites	13.73	11.49
	c) Contribution to Provident Fund	0.93	0.93
	a) Remuneration	23.45	20.09
4) Sri Debasis Sircar	b) Perquisites	6.63	5.10
	c) Reimbursement from BCL Bio Energy Private Limited	(24.06)	
	d) Contribution to Provident Fund	0.22	0.22
5) Ms. Devshree Sinha	a) Remuneration	9.73	8.88
5) IVIS. Devsniee Sinna	b) Contribution to Provident Fund	0.22	0.22
6) Phoenix Overseas Limited	a) Sales	_	55.48
0) Calabi Cirab	a) Remuneration	5.91	5.21
8) Saakshi Singh	b) Contribution to Provident Fund	0.22	0.22
9) Sanghamitra			
Mukherjee	a) Directors' Sitting Fees	1.01	0.92
10) Swapan Kr.			
Chakraborty	a) Directors' Sitting Fees	1.32	1.20
11)Sudipta Kr. Mukherjee	a) Directors' Sitting Fees	1.24	1.13
12) Ranajit Kr. Mondal	a) Directors' Sitting Fees	0.94	0.85

(iii) Balances outstanding at the year end (including commitments):

balances outstanding at the year end (including com		Amount (Re	s. in lakhs)
Outstanding	Related Party	Year ended March	Year ended
Outstanding	Related Failty	31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Remunaration Payable	Sri Jayanta Kumar Ghosh	0.00	2.83
Remunaration Receivable	Sri Uday Narayan Singh	18.12	0.83
Remunaration Payable	Sri Debasis Sircar	3.37	3.99
Remunaration Payable	Ms Devshree Sinha	0.74	0.66
Payable	BCPL-EMC-JV	83.77	83.77
Remunaration Payable	Saakshi Singh	0.45	0.39
Receivable /(payable)	Phoenix Overseas Limited	55.42	55.42
Directors' Sitting Fees Payable	Dr. Sanghamitra Mukherjee	0.07	0.15
Directors' Sitting Fees Payable	Sri Swapan Kr. Chakraborty	0.07	0.15
Directors' Sitting Fees Payable	Sri Sudipta Kr. Mukherjee	0.07	0.15
Directors' Sitting Fees Payable	Sri Ranajit Kr. Mondal	0.07	0.15

36 Fair Value Hierarchy

The table shown analyses financial instruments carried at fair value. The different levels have been defined below:

Level 1: Quoted Prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived Level 3 : Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24- 146 inancial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss at March 31, 2024

			Amo	unt (Rs. in Lakhs)
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Investment	2.58	-	-	2.58
Other financial Assets	-	1,600.85	-	1,600.85
Lease Liability	-		3.03	3.03

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss at March 31, 2023

			Amo	unt (RS. In Lakhs)
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Investment	5.77	-	-	5.77
Other financial Assets	0	2,036.57	-	2,036.57
Lease Liability	0		2.67	2.67

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through OCI at March 31,2024

			Amo	unt (Rs. in Lakhs)
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Investment	-	-	455.28	455.28

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through OCI at March 31,2023

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Investment	-	-	422.02	422.02

Financial instruments at amortized cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the Ind AS financial statement are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled

During this year there has been no transfer from one level to another.

37 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise borrowings and trade payable. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's working capital requirements. The Company has various financial assets such as trade receivables, loans, investments, short-term deposits and cash & cash equivalents, which arise directly from its operations. The company enters into derivative transactions by way of forward exchange contracts to hedge its payables.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's Board of Directors overseas the management of these risks. The Company's Board of Directors review financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company. The Board ensures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by personnels that have appropriate skills, experience and supervision. It is the Company's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes may be undertaken. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarized below:

(i) Market Risk

Market Risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market factors. Market risk comprises three types of risk: Interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as its equity price risk, liquidity risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits and financial derivative.

The sensitivity analyses have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of fixed floating interest rates of the debt and derivatives and the proportion of financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant at March 31, 2021. The sensitivity analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations. The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analyses.

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021

The sensitivity of equity is calculated as at March 31, 2022 for the effects of the assumed changes of the underlying risk Interest Rate Risk

The

(ii) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financial activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, and other financial instruments.

Trade Receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on an extensive credit rating scorecard and individual credit limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored by The Board of Directors and corrective actions taken. As per the policy, any trade receivables overdue for more than 365 days, equivalent provision / allowance are provided in the books of accounts on the relevant

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24- 147

Financial instruments and cash deposits

For banks and financial institutions, only high rated banks/institutions are accepted. Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the Company's board of Directors on an annual basis and therefore mitigate financial loss through counterparty's potential failure to make payments.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The company objective is to at all times maintain optimum level of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirement at all times. The Company relies on Borrowing to meet its additional need for fund. The current committed lines of credit are sufficient to meet its short to medium term expansion needs and hence evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to liquidity as low. The Company monitors rolling forecasts of its liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that Company does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

Current Benerting period

Current Reporting period					Amou	unt(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	>5 years	Total
Financial Liabilities						
(i) Borrowings	1,623.85		203.68	2,153.53		3,981.07
(ii) Trade and other payables		1,367.19				1,367.19
(iii) Other financial liabilities	3.73	73.23		2.84		79.80
Previous Reporting period						

Trevious Reporting period						
Particulars	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	>5 years	Total
Financial Liabilities						
(i) Borrowings	146.77	16.92	53.98	48.29	2.09	268.05
(ii) Trade and other payables		941.78				941.78
(iii) Other financial liabilities	3.71	47.05	-	2.53	-	53.29

38 Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserve attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value.

The Company generally avails short term borrowings to bridge its working capital gap and finances its capital expenditure through internal generation of funds. The Company has a generally low debt equity ratio.

Amount (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Borrowings	3,981.07	268.05
Less : cash and cash equivalents	724.14	60.45
Net debt	3,256.93	207.60
Total capital	8,906.13	8,442.46
Capital and net debt	12,163.06	8,650.06
Gearing ratio	2.73	40.67

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowings in the current period. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

39 Tax Reconciliation

Peropertisation of tax expenses and the accounting profit multiplied by Indis's tax rate

Amount (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Profit Before Tax	728.41	1103.82
Tax at the Indian tax rate of 25.17% (previous year - 25.17%)	183.33	277.81
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable		
Companies Act Depreciation	4.62	4.20
Others	29.02	26.10
Tax effect of amounts which are deductible (non-taxable) in calculating taxable		
Income Tax Act Depreciation	(8.57)	(3.64)
Others	(28.13)	(31.50)
Tax effect of other adjustment		
Deduction u/s section 80G	-	0.0
Tax Expense (Current Tax)	180.27	272.97

40 a) The figures in these accounts have been rounded off to nearest lakhs of rupees. Figures marked with (*) are below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company.

b) Company has used the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date.

c) No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 d) To the best of the information available, the company has not entered into any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, e) Company is filing monthly statement of current assets in respect of its borrowings from banks and status of agreement of quarter end statements with books are as under:

Quarter	1	2	3	4
Status	In agreement	In agreement	In agreement	In agreement
Reason of Material difference	NA	NA	NA	NA

f) No new charges have been created and no charges satisfied with Registrar of Companies during the year.

g) Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year

41 Ratio Analysis

Ratio	Numerator Item	Denominator Item	Ratio-Current Year	Ratio-Previous Year	Variance %	Remarks
Current Ratio,	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	2.40	2.86	-16.17%	NA
Debt-Equity Ratio,	Total debt	Equity	0.41	0.03	1287.36%	The ratio registered an upward movement because of increase in short term debt for meeting the working capital requirements.
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Profit before Interest, Depreciation, Tax and Exceptional Items	Interest + Short TermDebt	0.49	3.29	-85.16%	The ratio registered an upward movement because of increase in short term debt for meeting the working capital requirements.
Return on Equity Ratio(%age)	Net Profit after tax	Equity	5.90%	9.29%	-36.44%	The ratio registered a down ward movement because of decrease in the profitability resulting from lower turnover on account of delayed finalisation of order from a client.
Inventory turnover ratio,	Turnover	(Op inventory+Cl inventory)/2	2.23	3.94	-43.51%	The ratio registered a down ward movement because of decrease in the profitability resulting from lower turnover on account of delayed finalisation of order from a client.
Trade Receivables turnover ratio,	Revenue from Operation + Other Operation Income	(Op trade receivable +Cl trade receivable)/2	6.64	6.95	-4.43%	NA
Trade payables turnover ratio,	Total Purchases	(Op trade payable +Cl trade payable)/2	3.68	7.59	-51.58%	The ratio registered a down ward movement because of increase in trade payables as at the year end.
Net capital turnover ratio,	Revenue From Operation + Other Operating Income	Networth	0.91	1.35	-32.49%	The ratio registered a down ward movement because of decrease in turnover on account of delayed finalisation of order from a client.
Net profit ratio (%age)	Net Profit After Tax before Exceptional Items	(Revenue From Operation + Other Operating Income	5.91%	6.40%	-7.60%	NA
Return on Capital employed (%age)	Profit before Interest, tax	Share capital+reserve +long term borrowing	8.54%	13.90%	-38.54%	The ratio registered a down ward movement because of decrease in the profitability resulting from lower turnover on account of delayed finalisation of order from a client.
Return on investment.(%age)	Net return on investment	Cost of investment	5.90%	9.29%	-36.44%	The ratio registered a down ward movement because of decrease in the profitability resulting from lower turnover on account of delayed finalisation of order from a client.

42 Additional Disclosure required in accordance with Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

BCPL ANNUAL REPORT - 2023-24- 149

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s % of physolidated net		As % of		As % of		As % of consolidated	
	Amount in Rs. Lacs	consolidated profit or loss		consolidated other comprehensive income			Amount in Rs. Lacs
74.48%	11,625.74	103.13%	552.48	100%	34.58	102.94%	587.06
25 520/	2,002,04	2.120/	(1 (70)			2.04%	(16.78)
		74.48% 11,625.74 25.52% 3,983.04					

43 Previous Year figures have been regrouped and recasted where ever necessary.

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