

4th August, 2022

National Stock Exchange of India Limited
BSE Limited

Scrip Code –

National Stock Exchange of India Limited: SIEMENS EQ
BSE Limited: 500550

Information pursuant to Regulation 47 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“Listing Regulations”)

Dear Sir / Madam,

Pursuant to Regulation 47 of the Listing Regulations, please find enclosed the newspaper advertisements, published in Business Standard (in English) and Navshakti (in Marathi) on 4th August, 2022, regarding financial results of the Company for the third quarter / nine months ended 30th June, 2022.

Kindly take the same on record.

Yours faithfully,
For **Siemens Limited**



Ketan Thaker
Company Secretary

Encl: as above

Tata Steel Europe: A tale of two plants

Both the Netherlands and UK facilities have turned around but the transition to a green steel future may differ

ISHITA AVAN DUTT
Kolkata, 3 August

Tata Steel's European story is a tale of two halves: The well-configured, efficient and bigger steelmaking site is in the Netherlands and the high-cost plant with structural inefficiencies is in the UK. Numbers reflect this. A record rally in steel prices led to a stellar showing by Tata Steel Europe in FY22 and Q1FY23. The EBITDA in FY22 — at ₹1.2 billion (₹12,164 crore) — was the highest ever since Tata Steel's ₹6.2-billion acquisition of Corus in 2007.

In Q1FY23, Europe EBITDA at ₹621 million (₹6,037 crore) was the best ever for a quarter. But the bulk of that would have come from the Netherlands, typically accounting for about 75 per cent.

The UK, which at peak level was losing ₹300-400 million, has come a long way — Tata Steel UK EBITDA in FY22 stood at ₹215 million.

A flash in the pan or sustainable enough to justify the substantial investment required for the impending transition to greener steel?

In an interview to *Financial Times* last month, Tata Steel and Tata Sons Chairman Natarajan Chandrasekaran indicated that a transition to a greener steel plant was the intention but was only possible with financial help from the UK government.

The management has made it clear that without this support, the sites could close. Tata Steel has been in discussion with the UK government for the last two years. But the clock is ticking as many of the assets will come to their end-of-life cycle in the next couple of years at Port Talbot, the steelmaking site in the UK.

These assets will either have to be replaced with new ones or transition into a new process, T V Narendran, managing director and chief executive officer, Tata Steel, explained. So this is a good opportunity to transition into greener processes.

Tata Steel Europe has two primary steelmaking units: IJmuiden, Netherlands, and Port Talbot, Wales. The approach to transition for the two sites is different.

In the Netherlands, the plan is to adopt a hydrogen route involving the introduction of direct reduced iron (DRI) technology, which can make iron using natural gas or hydrogen before being converted to steel in one or more electric arc furnaces to be set up in the future. In the UK, the idea is to replace the blast furnace route with electric arc furnace and use locally available scrap (the UK is the second largest producer). The main point of difference between the two sites, however, lies elsewhere.

In the Netherlands, Tata Steel is not as dependent on government support for the transition as it is in the UK. Why? It generates enough cash, and mostly has.

A host of advantages tip the balance for IJmuiden. "It's a



STEELY POWER

Tata Steel Europe	Liquid steel production (MT)	Total revenue	Raw material cost	EBITDA
FY13	13.1	78,012	NA	764
FY14	13.6	84,666	35,106	3,008
FY15	13.4	79,878	27,542	4,285
FY16	11.0	53,555	24,062	-513
FY17	9.9	52,085	19,737	4,705
FY18	10.7	59,985	27,429	3,713
FY19	10.3	64,777	28,222	-715
FY20	10.3	55,939	25,894	-664
FY21	9.6	56,051	24,662	-618
FY22	10.1	90,023	40,189	12,164
FY23 (Q1FY23)	2.4	25,961	11,162	6,037

Compiled by BS Research Bureau Source: Investor presentations

coastal plant. It's the only plant in Europe with a pellet plant, which is a big advantage since you have a lot more flexibility in raw material," said Narendran. And it's a single-site 7-million tonne (MT) operation — larger the site, the better it is from a cost-efficiency point of view.

In the last 15 years, Tata Steel Europe has mostly hobbled on account of its UK operations. The British side — 14.4 MT at the time of acquisition — was a constellation of sites. But over the years, a number of units in the UK have been sold and the capacity shrunk to around 5 MT.

In 2011, Tata Steel sold Teesside Cast Products to Sahaviriya Steel of Thailand for \$469 million; in 2016, Scunthorpe was sold to Greybull Capital, reportedly for a token amount; in 2017, the specialty steel business was sold to Liberty House for £100 million. The only upstream asset now left is Port Talbot.

But the downstream assets — though on a much stronger footing than the upstream — are also spread all over the UK. That means additional cost in transporting steel from one site to another. The energy cost in the UK is twice that in the Netherlands and Port Talbot has to buy more electricity from the grid than the plant in the Netherlands. The result: the cost of production in the UK is ₹30-40 per tonne more than in the Netherlands.

"In the cost curve point of view, the UK side is in a worse position than the Netherlands," said Narendran.

So, while the capacity utilisation in the Netherlands is more than 90 per cent, in the UK it's more about operating at an optimal level — which Tata

Steel has found to be 3-3.2 MT (or 60-64 per cent capacity utilisation).

High operating cost in the UK has contributed to the decline of the steel industry over decades particularly with the rise of low-cost producing countries like China. According to a House of Commons Library Briefing Paper, the steel industry in the UK supported 320,000 jobs in 1971 compared to 23,000 in 2019 (excluding steel processing).

But there are other externalities that have changed for the better, especially as far as steel tariffs are concerned. "The present set of steel tariffs/safeguard measures were introduced by the European Union back in 2018 in response to the tariffs imposed by the US under Donald Trump. Even after Brexit, the UK continued with it. The same was again extended for two years by the UK in June 2022," said Hetal Gandhi, director, CRISIL Research. That should protect the local steel industry from cheap imports.

The focus of Tata Steel in the last few years has been to make the European business self-sufficient. And to make it happen, Tata Steel Europe has been split into Tata Steel Netherlands and Tata Steel UK effective October 2021 with separate governance structures.

While it does all of that, it may also help in seeking support from respective governments in the transition to green steel. The UK government, for instance, may be warmer to the idea of supporting a company focused on UK operations, in contrast to Tata Steel Europe, the holding company, which also had mainland Europe operations, especially in the Netherlands under the fold.

The journey of Tata Steel's European operations — spread over the UK and the Netherlands — had a shared beginning but is expected to chart their own course from here on.

PSBs in account aggregator network

SUBRATA PANDA
Mumbai, 3 August

Following the finance minister's nudge, all the 12 public sector banks have joined the account aggregator (AA) framework, bringing in its fold over a billion accounts. Major private sector banks are already live on the AA ecosystem, which was launched to bolster the lending ecosystem.

According to Sahamati, an industry alliance for the AA ecosystem, as many as 22 major private sector and public sector banks (PSBs) have gone live on the framework since its launch in September last year.

"1.1 billion accounts, including all major public and private bank accounts, are now live on India's Account Aggregator. A seminal moment for the world's largest open banking ecosystem. This will unleash India's next wave of financial inclusion & fintech innovation," Sahamati said in a tweet.

However, many PSBs have gone live with just one AA and it is important for these entities to go live with other AAs that have received approval from the RBI. The central bank has approved six

AAs, and given in-principle approval to eight more entities.

B G Mahesh, co-founder and CEO, Sahamati, said, "Until now, we have been focused on getting the banks and lately the PSBs to go live as financial information providers (FIPs) because it allows citizens to share their financial data in a safe manner with financial information users (FIUs). We will support all efforts by FIUs to integrate their products with the AA framework, and also support ongoing efforts by FIPs to enable citizens to choose the AA they would like to use as their consent manager."

The AA framework will see the GST Network go live in a few months. And work has begun with SEBI entities, insurers and pension funds to include them in the ecosystem.

"So far, we were working on educating the entities on the benefits of joining the AA ecosystem. Now we need to work on citizen awareness to educate them why they should use AA as the only route to share their financial data," Mahesh said.

More on www.business-standard.com

Taiwan braces for Pelosi visit aftermath

AJAI SHUKLA
New Delhi, 3 August

Triggering a major escalation of tensions between the People's Republic of China (PRC) and the United States (US), top American official — Speaker of the House of Representatives, Nancy Pelosi — landed in Taipei, Taiwan on Tuesday, ignoring furious threats from Beijing that China would treat it as a violation of its sovereignty and respond with military force.

America has trodden carefully in its relations with communist China, especially on the issue of Taiwan. Senior US officials have avoided Taiwan, and only one US president, Dwight D Eisenhower, had visited the island in 1960. The last high-ranking American official to visit Taiwan was one of Pelosi's predecessors in 1997 — Newt Gingrich, the House Speaker at that time.

In its strategic signalling, Beijing has messaged consistently that it regards any threat to Taiwan, or any move towards independence by the Republic of China (ROC) government, as an existential threat to the PRC. Such a threat would be met with military force and, if necessary, the use of nuclear weapons.

The PRC has also announced live-fire military drills encircling Taiwan, in a move that Taipei's defence ministry said threatened the island's key ports and urban areas. At some points, Chinese operations will come within 20 km of Taiwan's shoreline, according to coordinates shared by the PLA.

Taiwan's 23 million people have lived for decades under the shadow of a potential invasion. Now, that threat has intensified under President Xi Jinping, China's current leader and the most assertive one in a generation.

"If Pelosi insists on visiting Taiwan, China will take resolute and strong measures to defend its sovereignty and territorial integrity," the PRC's Foreign Ministry spokesman, Zhao Lijian, had warned on Monday. "Those who play with fire will perish by it."



PLA launches missile drill Taiwan as Pelosi lands in Taipei

In a phone call to his counterpart, Joe Biden, Chinese President Xi Jinping warned against "meddling" with the island.

"One China" policy

Over the years, Beijing's hardball diplomacy has coerced various countries, including the US, into dealing with Taiwan within the "One China" framework. This is the PRC's official position, which holds that there is only one sovereign state called China, with the PRC serving as its sole, legitimate government. The "One China" principle "acknowledges that all Chinese, on either side of the Taiwan Strait, maintain there is but One China and Taiwan is a part of it."

The US technically does not support Taiwan's independence. Through diplomatic pressure, Beijing tries to keep the ROC isolated on the world stage and opposes countries having official exchanges with Taipei.

Taiwan Relations Act, 1979

Beijing will never condone direct relations between the US and Taiwan, since it regards Taiwan as a mere renegade province, awaiting re-unification with the mainland. To cater for this sensitivity, US President Jimmy Carter passed the Taiwan Relations Act in 1979, which laid down provisions that govern the unofficial relations between Washington and Taipei.

The Taiwan Relations Act of 1979 is not a defence treaty. It does not guarantee American military intervention if the People's Liberation Army (PLA) attacks Taiwan. It, however, states that "the United States will make available to Taiwan such defense articles and defense services in such quantity as may be necessary to enable Taiwan to maintain sufficient self-defense capabilities."

Taiwan's defence forces are small but well-equipped and effective. Its air force has over 300 fighter aircraft, including F-16s and Mirage 2000s. The ROC's navy,

which will be called upon to block the PRC's amphibious landings, deploys four destroyers, 22 frigates, 13 corvettes and four submarines. Even so, the PLA will enjoy a heavy numerical advantage.

Decisions about the weaponry that the US will provide Taiwan are to be determined in Washington by the President and Congress. America's policy of "strategic ambiguity" merely dissuades Taiwan from a unilateral declaration of independence, while dissuading the PRC from unilaterally unifying Taiwan with the PRC.

Taiwan: A troubled history

Taiwan is an island off the eastern coast of China, to which the Chinese Nationalists (the Kuomintang, or KMT), led by Chiang Kai-shek, retreated in 1949 after they were defeated in an armed revolution by the Chinese Communist Party (CCP).

The CCP gained control of the mainland, where it established an ideological communist state — the PRC. Meanwhile the KMT, established itself in Taiwan as the ROC, eventually evolving into a liberal democracy.

The US initially recognised Taiwan's government as the legitimate government of China. But after Washington and Beijing formally established diplomatic relations in 1979, the US-Taiwan relationship entered a decades-long period of diplomatic limbo.

Washington and Taipei behaved like allies — yet neither maintains an official embassy in the other's capital. US presidents have long avoided interacting with their Taiwanese counterparts, even over the phone, to avoid angering Beijing.

Now, Nancy Pelosi has managed to do what several US presidents were unable, or unwilling, to do. China, however, continues to claim Taiwan as its own territory and has repeatedly threatened military force to seize the island. US military forces are now bracing themselves for the aftermath of Pelosi's visit.

Taiwan's defence forces are small but well-equipped and effective. Its air force has over 300 fighter aircraft, including F-16s and Mirage 2000s

SIEMENS

Extract of Consolidated unaudited financial results for the quarter and nine months ended 30 June 2022

No.	Particulars	(₹ in million)			
		Quarter ended		Nine months ended	Year ended
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021	30 June 2022	30 September 2021
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total revenue from operations	42,583	28,390	114,807	131,985
2	Net Profit for the period before tax from continuing operations	4,078	1,962	11,860	13,927
3	Net Profit for the period after tax from continuing operations	3,025	1,398	8,802	10,298
4	Net Profit/(loss) for the period before tax from discontinued operations	(24)	27	141	623
5	Net Profit/(loss) for the period after tax from discontinued operations	(18)	20	105	590
6	Net Profit for the period	3,007	1,418	8,907	10,888
7	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising of Profit for the period and Other comprehensive income (after tax)]	3,256	1,364	8,929	11,159
8	Equity Share Capital	712	712	712	712
9	Reserves (excluding revaluation reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance sheet of the previous year	-	-	-	102,892
10	Earnings Per Share (EPS) of ₹ 2 each (in Rupees) *				
	- Basic and diluted EPS for continuing operations	8.49	3.92	24.72	28.92
	- Basic and diluted EPS for discontinued operations	(0.05)	0.06	0.30	1.65
	- Basic and diluted EPS from total operations	8.44	3.98	25.02	30.57
	* not annualised except year end EPS				

Notes:

1 On 1 March 2021, Siemens Limited ("The Holding Company") acquired 99.22% equity share capital of C&S Electric Limited from its promoters for a preliminary sale share consideration of ₹ 21,588 million, payable in cash, on cash free / debt free basis on terms and conditions that are mutually agreed between the parties to the transaction.

The fair value of assets and liabilities acquired have been determined in accordance with IND AS 103 'Business Combinations'. The purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on the estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. The excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired has been allocated to goodwill. The Group has completed the purchase price allocation during the quarter ended 31 March 2022.

The comparative figures have been restated wherever necessary.

The fair value of net identifiable assets acquired has been finalised at ₹ 9,640 million, net of deferred tax impact after measurement period adjustments due to revision in fair valuation of intangible and tangible assets, financial assets, contingent liabilities and inventories on refinement in key assumptions and valuation methods. As a result, goodwill is ₹ 12,072 million.

2 The Board of Directors at its meeting held on 27 May 2022, approved the sale and transfer of the Holding Company's Large Drives Applications (LDA) business (Portfolio Companies Segment) to Siemens Large Drives India Private Limited (a subsidiary of Siemens Large Drives GmbH, which in turn is a subsidiary of Siemens AG), as a going concern on a slump sale basis, with effect from 1 July 2022, for a cash consideration of ₹ 4,400 million. The said transaction is subject to receipt of requisite statutory and regulatory approvals, as applicable. Subsequently, the LDA business has been sold and transferred by the Holding Company to Siemens Large Drives India Private Limited on 1 July 2022. The results for the same has been disclosed as discontinued operations.

3 The Holding Company has executed a Power Purchase Agreement and entered into a Share Subscription and Shareholders Agreement on 22 October 2021, for the subscription of 26% of the paid-up equity share capital of Sunsole Renewables Private Limited (Sunsole), subject to fulfilment of conditions precedent as agreed between the parties. On 28 February 2022, Sunsole has allotted 26% of its paid-up equity share capital to the Holding Company as first tranche allotment for a consideration of ₹ 2.7 million. The Holding Company has accounted for the investment as per Equity Method under IND AS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures'.

4 During the previous year, the operations for the quarter ended 30 June 2021 and year ended 30 September 2021 were impacted due to the second wave of COVID-19. The expenses incurred in respect of continuing operations were ₹ 251 million and discontinued operations were ₹ 11 million.

5 During the previous year, on 1 January 2021, the Holding Company divested its Mechanical Drives (MD) business to Flender Drives Private Limited for a final consideration of ₹ 3,759 million. The gain on the sale transaction for the year ended 30 September 2021 was ₹ 487 million. The tax expense on this transaction for the year ended 30 September 2021 was ₹ 362 million (including write-off of deferred tax assets of ₹ 302 million). The results for the same has been disclosed as discontinued operations.

6 The specified items of the standalone financial results of the Company for the quarter and nine months ended 30 June 2022 are given below:

Particulars	(₹ in million)			
	Quarter ended		Nine months ended	Year ended
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021	30 June 2022	30 September 2021
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Total revenue from operations	39,148	26,128	105,001	125,224
Net Profit for the period before tax from continuing operations	3,980	2,118	11,562	14,055
Net Profit for the period after tax from continuing operations	2,955	1,595	8,575	10,440
Net Profit/(loss) for the period before tax from discontinued operations	(24)	27	141	623
Net Profit/(loss) for the period after tax from discontinued operations	(18)	20	105	590
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	3,186	1,561	8,702	11,301

7 The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly and nine monthly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the quarterly and nine monthly Standalone and Consolidated financial results are available on the Stock Exchange websites (www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com) and on the Company's website (www.siemens.co.in).

Place : Munich, Germany
Date : 2 August 2022

Siemens Limited
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Website: www.siemens.co.in

For Siemens Limited

Sunil Mathur
Managing Director and
Chief Executive Officer

सूचना
 कं नावः द टाटा पॉवर कंपनी लि.
 नोंदीकृत कार्यालय : बॉम्बे हाऊस, २४, होमी मोदी स्ट्रीट, मुंबई, महाराष्ट्र ४००००९.
 सूचना याद्वारे देण्यात येते की, कंपनीच्या खालील नमूद सिक्कुरिटीज कार्यालयीन प्रमाणपत्रे हलवली/गहाळ झाली आहे. सदर सिक्कुरिटीजचे धारक/अर्जदारांनी प्रतिलिपी शोअर प्रमाणपत्र जारी करण्यासाठी कंपनीकडे अर्ज केला आहे.
 कोणाही व्यक्तीचा सदर सिक्कुरिटीजच्या संदर्भात दावा असल्यास सदर तारखेपासून १५ दिवसांत तिच्या नोंदीकृत कार्यालयात कंपनीकडे असा दावा दाखल करणे आवश्यक आहे, अन्यथा कंपनी पुढील सूचनेशिवाय प्रतिलिपी प्रमाणपत्र जारी करण्याची कार्यवाही करेल.

धारकाचे नाव	सिक्कुरिटीचा प्रकार आणि दर्शनी मुल्य	सिक्कुरिटीजची संख्या	विभिन्न क्रमांक पासून ते
भावना धर्मेश उपाध्याय	समभाग - एफव्ही १/-	३२००	१९८८८९ १००२०८०

ठिकाण : बापी
 दिनांक : ०१/०८/२०२२
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 Extract of Standalone and Consolidated Unaudited Financial Results for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 (₹ in Lakh)

S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
		Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Quarter ended
		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Continuing Operation					
1	Total Income	14,776	15,645	19,770	18,572
2	Net Profit for the period (before Tax and Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items and share of net profits of investments accounted for using equity method)	2,769	4,813	4,256	5,432
3	Net Profit for the period before Tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items and share of net profits of investments accounted for using equity method)	2,769	4,813	5,351	6,793
4	Net Profit for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items and share of net profits of investments accounted for using equity method)	2,137	3,709	4,002	5,187
Discontinued Operation					
5	Profit from discontinued operation	-	-	-	-
6	Net Profit from total operation for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	2,137	3,709	4,002	5,187
(a)	Attributable to the shareholders of the Company	2,137	3,709	4,404	5,342
(b)	Attributable to the non controlling interest	-	-	-402	-155
7	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	2,210	3,736	5,034	5,310
(a)	Attributable to the shareholders of the Company	2,210	3,736	5,063	5,440
(b)	Attributable to the non controlling interest	-	-	-29	-130
8	Equity Share Capital (Face value of ₹ 2 each)	2,709	900	2,709	900
9	Earnings Per Equity Share (Face value of ₹ 2/- each) (not annualized) (in ₹)				
Continuing Operations					
(a) Before Exceptional Items					
- Basic :					
- Diluted :					
(b) After Exceptional Items					
- Basic :					
- Diluted :					
Total Operations					
(c) After Exceptional Items					
- Basic :					
- Diluted :					

Note:
 1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of financial results for the quarter ended on June 30, 2022. The full format of financial results for the quarter ended on June 30, 2022 are available on the Company's website at www.bseindia.com and at the website www.nseindia.com of National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of
BSE LIMITED
 sd/-
S. S. Mundra
 Director

Place : Mumbai
 Date : August 3, 2022

फॉर्म क्र. आयएसबी-२६
 (कंपनीज (इनकार्पोरेशन) रुल्स, २०१४ च्या नियम ३० ला अनुसरून)
 एका राज्यतून दुसऱ्या राज्यात कंपनीचे नोंदीकृत कार्यालय बदलण्याकरिता वृत्तपत्रामध्ये प्रकाशित जाहिरात
 विभागीय संचालक, पश्चिम विभाग, मुंबई समक्ष,
 कंपनीज अंके २०१३ च्या कलम १३ च्या उपकलम (४) च्या बाबी मध्ये आणि कंपनीज (इनकार्पोरेशन) रुल्स, २०१४ च्या रूल ३० च्या पोटकलम (६) चा खंड (ए) च्या बाबीमध्ये आणि
वास्ता बायो-इन्फार्मेटिक्स प्रायव्हेट लिमिटेड ज्याचे नोंदीकृत कार्यालय येथे युनीट क्र.ए-१०२, पहिला मजला, एव्हरेस्ट निवारा इन्फोटेक पार्क, एमआयडीसी प्लॉट क्र.डी-३, तुर्भे, नवी मुंबई, मुंबई शहर, एमएच-४००७०५, भारत च्या बाबीमध्ये
 ...याचिकाकर्ते
 सर्वसाधारण जनतेला सूचना याद्वारे देण्यात येते की, "महाराष्ट्र, मुंबई येथून" "कान्हाटिक, बंगळूर राज्यात" कंपनीचे नोंदीकृत कार्यालय बदलणे कंपनीला शक्य होण्यासाठी सोमवार, ०४ जुलै, २०२२ रोजी झालेल्या विशेष सर्वसाधारण सभेत मंजूर विशेष ठरावानुसार त्याचे नोंदीकृत कार्यालय बदलाचे स्थायीकरण मिळविण्यासाठी कंपनी अधिनियम, २०१३ च्या कलम १३ अन्वये विभागीय संचालकांना अर्ज करण्यासाठी कंपनी प्रस्तावित आहे.
 कोणाही व्यक्तीचे हितसंबंध कंपनीच्या नोंदीकृत कार्यालयाच्या प्रस्तावित बदलाने बाधित होत असल्यास अर्जदारांनी कंपनीच्या खालील नमूद पत्त्यावर कंपनीच्या नोंदीकृत कार्यालयात किंवा गुंतवणूकदार तक्रार प्रपत्र भरून एमसीए-२१ पोर्टल (www.mca.gov.in) येथे अर्जदारांनी कंपनीला प्रतीपत्रे सदर सूचना प्रसिध्दी तारखेपासून १४ दिवसांत संबंधित विभागीय संचालक, पश्चिम विभाग, पत्ता एव्हरेस्ट, ५ वा मजला, १००, मरिन ड्राईव्ह, मुंबई-४००००२ येथे विरोधाची पावबंदी आणि त्याच्या/तिच्या हितसंबंधाचा प्रकार नमूद करून शपथपत्राद्वारे सहाय्यभूत त्याची/तिची हरकत हाती किंवा रजिस्टर्ड पोस्टाने पाठवू शकतात:
 याचिकाकर्तेकरिता आणि वतीने सही/-
सुभाष रमन कान्त
 संचालक
 दिनांक: ०४.०८.२०२२ डीआयएन : ०८९०६७३८
 ठिकाण: मुंबई
 याचिकाकर्ता कंपनीचा सध्याचे नोंदीकृत कार्यालय:
 युनीट क्र.ए-१०२, पहिला मजला, एव्हरेस्ट निवारा इन्फोटेक पार्क, एमआयडीसी प्लॉट क्र.डी-३, तुर्भे, नवी मुंबई, मुंबई शहर, एमएच-४००७०५, भारत.

Savita Oil Technologies Limited
 CIN - L24100MH1961PLC012066
 Registered Office: 66/67, Nariman Bhavan, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021, India Tel: 91 22 6624 6200 / 6624 6228; Fax: 91 22 2202 9364 E-mail : legal@savita.com; Website : www.savita.com

SAVSOL | TRANSOL

Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter ended 30th June, 2022
 ₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Quarter ended 30.06.2022 (Unaudited)	Quarter ended 31.03.2022 (Audited)	Quarter ended 30.06.2021 (Unaudited)
Total Income from Operations (net)	90,545.29	83,438.27	64,034.49
Net Profit for the period (before tax, Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items)	12,362.31	8,597.26	10,845.55
Net Profit for the period before tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items)	12,362.31	8,597.26	10,845.55
Net Profit for the period after tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items)	9,077.94	6,305.31	8,085.13
Total Comprehensive Income for the period (comprising profit for the period (after tax) and other comprehensive income (after tax))	9,067.27	6,316.75	8,050.58
Paid up Equity share capital (Face value of ₹ 10 each)	1,382.01	1,382.01	1,382.01
Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve as shown in the balance sheet of previous year)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Earnings per share (of ₹ 10 each)			
Basic: ₹	65.69	45.53	58.01
Diluted: ₹	65.69	45.53	58.01

Notes
 1) Information on Standalone Financial Results : ₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Quarter ended 30.06.2022 (Unaudited)	Quarter ended 31.03.2022 (Audited)	Quarter ended 30.06.2021 (Unaudited)
Total Income from Operations (net)	87,566.08	79,856.84	61,300.86
Profit / (Loss) before tax	11,916.10	8,177.14	10,445.95
Profit / (Loss) after tax	8,772.52	5,983.64	7,753.21

2) The above is an extract of the detailed format of the Financial Results for the Quarter ended 30th June, 2022 filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the financial results for the Quarter ended 30th June, 2022 are available on the stock exchange websites (www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com) and on the Company's website (www.savita.com).
 3) The above unaudited consolidated financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on Tuesday, 2nd August, 2022.
 4) Figures for the last quarter ended 31st March, 2022 represent the difference between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the published figures of nine months ended 31st December, 2021.
 5) Previous quarters / years figures have been regrouped / rearranged wherever necessary to conform to those of current quarter / year classification.

For Savita Oil Technologies Limited
 G. N. Mehra
 Chairman and Managing Director
 (DIN:00296615)

Mumbai
 3rd August, 2022

Edel Finance Company Limited

Corporate Identity Number: U65920MH1989PLC053909
 Registered Office: Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098
 Tel: +91-22-4009 4400 Fax: +91-22-4086 3610 Website: https://edelfinance.edelweissfin.com

Financial Results for the quarter ended June 30, 2022
 (₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Quarter Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)	Year Ended March 31, 2022 (Audited)
1 Total income from operations	60.82	42.09	188.66
2 Net Profit/ (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	5.33	(2.95)	5.75
3 Net Profit/ (Loss) for the period before Tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	5.33	(2.95)	5.75
4 Net Profit/ (Loss) for the period after Tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	4.84	(2.96)	22.18
5 Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the period (Comprising profit/ (loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income/ (Loss) (after tax))	4.84	(2.96)	22.11
6 Paid-up equity share capital (Face Value of ₹ 100/- Per Share)	556.68	556.68	556.68
7 Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserves)	541.26	511.35	536.42
8 Securities premium account	448.54	448.54	448.54
9 Net worth ¹	1,262.94	1,233.03	1,258.10
10 Paid-up Debt Capital / Outstanding Debt	1,740.86	1,070.68	1,762.38
11 Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	-	-	-
12 Debt Equity Ratio ²	1.38	0.87	1.40
13 Earnings Per Share (₹) (Face Value of ₹ 100/- each)			
- Basic (not annualised for the quarters)	0.67	(0.53)	3.07
- Diluted (not annualised for the quarters)	0.67	(0.53)	3.07
14 Capital Redemption Reserve	8.43	8.43	8.43
15 Debenture Redemption Reserve	NA	NA	NA
16 Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR)	NA	NA	NA
17 Interest Service Coverage Ratio (ISCR)	NA	NA	NA

¹Net worth = Equity share capital + Instruments entirely equity in nature + Other equity
²Debt-equity Ratio = Total debt (Debt securities + Borrowings (other than debt securities) + Subordinated liabilities) / Net worth

Notes:
 1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarter ended standalone financial results filed with the Stock Exchange in accordance with Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the quarter ended standalone financial results are available on the websites of the Stock exchange (www.bseindia.com) and the Company's website (website:- https://edelfinance.edelweissfin.com/).
 2. For the other line items referred in regulation 52 (4) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, pertinent disclosures have been made to the Stock Exchange (BSE) and on the Company's Website and can be accessed on the URL (https://edelfinance.edelweissfin.com/).
 3. The above standalone financial results of the Company are reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at their respective meetings held on August 3, 2022.
 4. The above standalone financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 have been subjected to limited review by the Statutory Auditors of the Company and the auditors have issued an unmodified review report.

On behalf of the Board of Directors
 Vidya Shah
 Director
 DIN: 00274831

Mumbai, August 3, 2022

SIEMENS

३० जून २०२२ रोजी संपलेल्या तिमाही आणि नऊमाहीसाठीच्या एकत्रित अलेखापरीक्षित आर्थिक निष्कर्षांमधील उतारा

(₹ दशलक्षांमध्ये)

क्र.	तपशील	संपलेली तिमाही		संपलेले नऊ महिने		संपलेले वर्ष	
		३० जून २०२२ (अलेखापरीक्षित)	३० जून २०२१ (अलेखापरीक्षित)	३० जून २०२२ (अलेखापरीक्षित)	३० जून २०२१ (अलेखापरीक्षित)	३० सप्टेंबर २०२२ (अलेखापरीक्षित)	३० सप्टेंबर २०२१ (अलेखापरीक्षित)
१	प्रचालनापासून एकूण उत्पन्न	४२,५८३	२८,३९०	११४,८०७	११४,८०७	१३९,९८५	१३९,९८५
२	अर्जडित असलेल्या प्रचालनापासून या कालावधीसाठी करपूर्व निव्वळ नफा	४,०७८	१,९६२	११,८६०	११,८६०	१३,९२७	१३,९२७
३	अर्जडित असलेल्या प्रचालनापासून या कालावधीसाठी करानंतरचा निव्वळ नफा	३,०२५	१,३९८	८,८०२	८,८०२	१०,२९८	१०,२९८
४	खंडित केलेल्या प्रचालनापासून या कालावधीसाठी करपूर्व निव्वळ नफा / (तोटा)	(२४)	२७	१४९	१४९	६२३	६२३
५	खंडित केलेल्या प्रचालनापासून या कालावधीसाठी करानंतरचा निव्वळ नफा / (तोटा)	(१८)	२०	१०५	१०५	५९०	५९०
६	या कालावधीसाठी निव्वळ नफा	३,००७	१,४१८	८,६९७	८,६९७	१०,८८८	१०,८८८
७	या कालावधीसाठी एकूण समग्र उत्पन्न [या कालावधीसाठी नफा आणि इतर समग्र उत्पन्न (करानंतर) सहित]	३,२५६	१,३४६	८,९२२	८,९२२	११,९५९	११,९५९
८	समभाग भांडवल	७९२	७९२	७९२	७९२	७९२	७९२
९	राखीव निधी (पुनर्मूल्यांकनासाठीचा राखीव निधी वगळून) मागील वर्षाच्या लेखापरीक्षित ताळेबंदाला दाखवण्याप्रमाणे	-	-	-	-	-	-
१०	प्रत्येक समभागावरील प्राप्त प्रत्येकी २ रूपये (ईपीएस) (रूपयामध्ये) - अर्जडित असलेल्या प्रचालनासाठी आधारभूत आणि सौम्यीकृत ईपीएस - खंडित केलेल्या प्रचालनासाठी आधारभूत आणि सौम्यीकृत ईपीएस - एकूण प्रचालनासाठी आधारभूत आणि सौम्यीकृत ईपीएस * वर्षाच्या शेवटच्या ईपीएसव्यतिरिक्त वार्षिकीकृत केलेले नाही	८.४९ (०.०५) ८.४४	३.९२ ०.०६ ३.९८	२४.७२ ०.३० २५.०२	२४.७२ ०.३० २५.०२	२८.९२ १.६५ ३०.५७	२८.९२ १.६५ ३०.५७

टिपा:
 १ १ मार्च २०२१ रोजी सीमेन्स लिमिटेड ("होलिडिंग कंपनी") ने व्यवहारासाठी पब्लिकरांच्या दरम्यान परस्पर मान्य केलेल्या अटी आणि शर्तीवर रोख मुक्त/कर्ज मुक्त तत्वावर रु. २१,५८८ दशलक्षांच्या मोबदल्याकरिता तिच्या प्रवर्तकाकडून सीईओएस इलेक्ट्रिक लिमिटेडचे १९.२२% समभाग भांडवल खरेदी केले. संपादित मालमत्ता आणि दायित्वाचे वाजवी मुल्य हे इंड एएस १०३ 'बिझनेस कॉम्बिनेशन' अनुसार तात्पुरते ठरविण्यात आलेले आहे. खरेदी मुल्य हे संपादनच्या तारखेस अंदाजित वाजवी मुल्यावर आधारित संपादित मालमत्ता आणि गुहित धरलेल्या दायित्वासाठी तात्पुरते वाटप केले आहेत. संपादित निव्वळ नफ्याचा सतत मुल्यावरील खरेदी मुल्यापेक्षा जास्त आहे हे ख्यातीमुल्यासाठी वाटप केले आहे. सुमारे ३१ मार्च २०२२ रोजी संपलेल्या निमाहीत खरेदी किंमत वाटप पूर्ण केले आहे. आवश्यक तेथे तुलनात्मक आकडे पुनर्स्थित केले आहेत.
 संपादित केलेल्या निव्वळ ओळखण्यायोग्य मत्तांचे वाजवी मुल्य हे मुख्य वापर आणि मुल्यांकन पद्धतीमधील रिफाईनमेंट वरील गुंत आणि अमुग्न मत्ता, वित्तीय मत्ता, आकस्मिक दायित्वे आणि वस्तुपूचीच्या वाजवी मुल्यांकातील युधारणांमुळे सोप्यासोप्या कालावधी समाविष्ट केलेल्यानंतर स्थगित कर प्रभावाचे निव्वळ रु. १,६४० दशलक्ष आहे. परिणामी ख्यातीमुल्य रु. १२,०७२ दशलक्ष आहे.
 २ संचालक मंडळाने २७ मे २०२२ रोजी झालेल्या बैठकीत, होलिडिंग कंपनीच्या लार्ज ड्राईव्ह ऑफिकेन्स (एलडीओ) व्यवसाय (पोर्टफोलिओ कंपनी सेगमेंट) सीमेन्स लार्ज ड्राईव्ह इंडिया प्रायव्हेट लिमिटेड (सीमेन्स लार्ज ड्राईव्ह जॉइन्टव्हेन्चर वी उपकंपनी, जी सीमेन्स एजी वी उपकंपनी आहे) ला, मंदी विक्री तत्वावर चालू कंपनी म्हणून, १ जुलै २०२२ पासून रु. ४,४०० दशलक्ष रोख मोबदल्याकरिता विक्री आणि हस्तांतरणामा मत्तया दिली. या व्यवहारासाठी, लागू असल्यास, आवश्यक वैधानिक आणि नियामक मंजूरी घेणे गरजेचे आहे. त्यानंतर, एलडीओ व्यवसायाची विक्री आणि हस्तांतरण होलिडिंग कंपनीने सीमेन्स लार्ज ड्राईव्ह इंडिया प्रायव्हेट लिमिटेड कडे १ जुलै २०२२ रोजी केली आहे. यासाठीचे निष्कर्ष हे खंडित प्रचालन म्हणून उघड केलेले आहे.
 ३ होलिडिंग कंपनीने सनशॉल रिस्युल्ट्स प्रायव्हेट लिमिटेड वगैरे पॉवर खरेदी करार केला आहे व तिच्या पेड-अप इक्विटी शेअर कोपिटलच्या २६% सवधिकरणासाठी २२ ऑक्टोबर २०२२ रोजी शेअर सवधिकरणा आणि शेअरहोल्डिंग करार, आधीच्या अटीच्या पूर्ततेच्या अधीन पध्दतीने सहाजीने झाला आहे. २८ फेब्रुवारी २०२२ रोजी सनशॉलने रु. २.७ दशलक्षांच्या मोबदल्याकरिता त्याच्या पेड-अप इक्विटी शेअर कोपिटलची २६% होलिडिंग कंपनीला पहिल्या टप्प्याचे वाटप केले आहे. होलिडिंग कंपनीने इंड एएस २८ इन्वेस्टमेंट इन अयोगिपेटर्स अँड जॉइंट व्हेन्चर्स अंतर्गत इक्विटी पद्धतीनुसार गुंतवणुकीचा हिशोब केला आहे.
 ४ मागील वर्षाच्या दरम्यान, ३० जून २०२१ रोजी संपलेल्या तिमाहीसाठीचे आणि ३० सप्टेंबर २०२१ रोजी संपलेल्या वर्षासाठीचे काम कोविड-१९ चा दुसऱ्या लाटेमुळे प्रभावित झाले होते. अर्जडित असलेल्या प्रचालनाच्या संदर्भातील खर्च रु. २.५९ दशलक्ष एवढे होते आणि खंडित असलेल्या प्रचालनाच्या संदर्भातील खर्च रु. १.९ दशलक्ष एवढे होते.
 ५ मागील वर्षाच्या दरम्यान, १ जानेवारी २०२१ रोजी होलिडिंग कंपनीने रु. ३,७५९ दशलक्षांच्या अंतिम मोबदल्याकरिता तिचा मॅकेनिकल ड्राईव्हज (एमडी) व्यवसाय फॉरवर्ड ड्राईव्हज प्रायव्हेट लिमिटेडला विकला आहे. विक्री व्यवहारावरील प्राली ही ३० सप्टेंबर २०२१ रोजी संपलेल्या वर्षाकरिता रु. ४८७ दशलक्ष होती. सदर व्यवहारावरील कर खर्च हा ३० सप्टेंबर २०२१ रोजी संपलेल्या वर्षाकरिता रु. ३६२ दशलक्ष (रु. ३०२ दशलक्षाची स्थगित कर मत्ता निलंबित करण्यासह) झाला होता. यासाठीचे निष्कर्ष हे खंडित प्रचालन म्हणून उघड केलेले होते.
 ६ कंपनीच्या ३० जून २०२२ रोजी संपलेल्या तिमाही आणि नऊ महिन्यासाठीच्या स्वतंत्र आर्थिक निष्कर्षांमधील विशिष्ट बाबी खाली दिलेल्या आहेत:

(₹ दशलक्षांमध्ये)

तपशील	संपलेली तिमाही		संपलेले नऊ महिने		संपलेले वर्ष	
	३० जून २०२२ (अलेखापरीक्षित)	३० जून २०२१ (अलेखापरीक्षित)	३० जून २०२२ (अलेखापरीक्षित)	३० जून २०२१ (अलेखापरीक्षित)	३० सप्टेंबर २०२२ (अलेखापरीक्षित)	३० सप्टेंबर २०२१ (अलेखापरीक्षित)
प्रचालनापासून एकूण उत्पन्न	३९,९४८	२६,९२८	१०५,००९	१०५,००९	१२५,२२४	१२५,२२४
अर्जडित असलेल्या प्रचालनापासून या कालावधीसाठी करपूर्व निव्वळ नफा	३,९८०	२,९९८	११,५६२	११,५६२	१४,०५५	१४,०५५
अर्जडित असलेल्या प्रचालनापासून या कालावधीसाठी करानंतरचा निव्वळ नफा	२,९५५	१,५५७	८,५७५	८,५७५	१०,४४०	१०,४४०
खंडित केलेल्या प्रचालनापासून या कालावधीसाठी करपूर्व निव्वळ नफा / (तोटा)	(२४)	२७	१४९	१४९	६२३	६२३
खंडित केलेल्या प्रचालनापासून या कालावधीसाठी करानंतरचा निव्वळ नफा / (तोटा)	(१८)	२०	१०५	१०५	५९०	५९०
या कालावधीसाठी एकूण समग्र उत्पन्न	३,९८६	१,५६९	८,७०२	८,७०२	११,३०९	११,३०९

उपरोक्त उतारा हा सेबी (लिस्टिंग ऑफिशियल अँड इन्फोर्मेजन्स) रेग्युलेशन्स, २०१५ मधील विनियम ३३ अंतर्गत स्टॉक एक्सचेंजवकडे सादर केलेल्या तिमाही आणि नऊ महिन्यासाठीच्या आर्थिक निष्कर्षांच्या तपशीलांवर नमुनेला आहे. तिमाही आणि नऊ महिन्यासाठीच्या स्वतंत्र आणि एकत्रित आर्थिक निष्कर्षांचा संपूर्ण नमुना स्टॉक एक्सचेंजवकडे (www.bseindia.com) आणि www.nseindia.com) आणि कंपनीच्या (www.siemens.co.in) या संकेतस्थळावर उपलब्ध आहेत.

ठिकाण: म्युनिक, जर्मनी
 दिनांक: २ ऑगस्ट २०२२

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संपर्क: सीमेन्स लिमिटेड
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