



To

Date: 01.09.2022

The Manager BSE Limited P. J. Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400001. BSE Scrip code: 532521	The Manager, NSE Limited, Exchange Plaza, BandraKurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai- 400051. NSE Scrip code: PALREDTEC
---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Dear Sir / Madam,

Sub: Submission of Annual report for the FY 2021-22.

In compliance of Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) 2015, we are herewith submitting Annual Report of the Company.

This is for the information and records of the Exchange, please.

Thanking you.

Yours faithfully,
For Palred Technologies Limited

Shruti Mangesh Rege
Company Secretary



PALRED TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

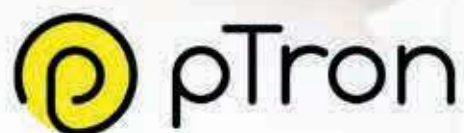
CIN: L72200TG1999PLC033131

Regd. Office: H.No. 8-2-703/2/B, Plot.No.2 Road.No.12, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana- 500034.

Tele: +9140 67138810|Website:www.palred.com



PALRED
TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED



INNOVATE. LEAD. REPEAT.

ANNUAL REPORT | 2021-2022

Made in India



Bassbuds Plus

1st TWS Made in India. Elegant, Stylish. Ergonomically designed Hi-fi stereo earbuds with premium sound.

Tangent Duo

Made in India Wireless Neckband with 24 Hrs Playback Time & 13mm Dynamic Drivers for Bold Indian Sound.
Made for Indians, Made by Indians.





Dynamo Lite

Safe & Reliable, Portable ergonomic design. Made in India Power Bank comes with 18W Type C Mini Cable for Smartphones & Other Smart Device.

Volta FC16

Made in India power adapter with 30W Superfast QC3.0 compatible Charging. Designed for quick charging.



Solero Cables

Best in class sleek, long lasting cables with fabric knitting & quick charge power delivery.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mrs. Palem Supriya Reddy	-	Chairperson & Managing Director (DIN: 00055870)
Ms. Stuthi Reddy	-	Non-Executive Director (DIN: 07072774)
Mr. Srikar Reddy	-	Non- Executive Director (DIN: 00001401)
Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi	-	Independent Director (DIN: 03089889)
Mr. Atul Sharma	-	Independent Director (DIN: 07185499)
Ms. Aakanksha	-	Independent Director (DIN: 08792778)
Mr. P. Harish Naidu	-	Chief Financial Officer (COAPP1465C)
Ms. Shruti Mangesh Rege	-	Company Secretary (ANJPD2148L)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Palred Technologies Limited
Plot No. 2, 8-2-703/2/B, Road No.12,
Banjara Hills, Hyderabad- 500034,
Telangana, India.

CIN: L72200TG1999PLC033131

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. MSKA & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Kukatpally, Hyderabad

INTERNAL AUDITOR

M/s. Laxminiwas & Co.
402 & 602, Moguls Court,
Basheer Bagh, Hyderabad - 500 001

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

Mr. Vivek Surana
Practicing Company Secretary
Plot No. 8-2-603/23/3 & 8-2-603/23, 15,
2nd Floor, HSR Summit, Banjara Hills,
Road No. 10, Hyderabad,
Telangana – 500034

BANKERS

Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited
ICICI Bank Limited
Citi Bank

AUDIT COMMITTEE:

Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi	-	Chairman
Mr. Atul Sharma	-	Member
Mr. Srikar Reddy	-	Member
Ms. Aakanksha	-	Member

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi	-	Chairman
Mr. Atul Sharma	-	Member
Ms. Aakanksha	-	Member
Mrs. P. Supriya Reddy	-	Member

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:

Ms. Aakanksha	-	Chairperson
Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi	-	Member
Mr. P. Supriya Reddy	-	Member

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE:

Mr. P. Supriya Reddy	-	Chairperson
Mr. Atul Sharma	-	Member
Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi	-	Member
Ms. Stuthi Reddy	-	Member

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER

AGENTS:

M/s.KFin Technologies Private Limited
(Formerly known as
Karvy Fintech Private Limited)
Karvy Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32,
Gachibowli, Financial District,
Nanakramguda, Hyderabad – 500032
Phone: 040-67162222,040-67161526
Website: www.kfintech.com
Email- einward.ris@karvy.com

LISTED AT:

National Stock Exchange of India Limited
Bombay Stock Exchange Limited

DEMAT ISIN NUMBER IN NSDL& CDSL:

INE218G01033

WEBSITE:

www.palred.com

INVESTOR E-MAIL ID:

company@palred.com

CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

Palred Technologies: Bridging the Gap between Technology & People

Dear Valued Shareholders,

I am delighted to present to you the 23rd Annual Report of Palred Technologies Limited for the Financial year (FY) 2021-22.

I hope this letter finds you safe and in good health.

This has been a remarkable year for all of us at Palred as our brand pTron continued on its path of growth and consistently delivered to be the Top-selling accessories brand in India. pTron continues to develop industry-leading products in a spate of product launches over the course of the year that combine outstanding performance and technology.

Strengthening Capabilities

Our journey over the past few years has been about investing in the future and capability enhancement, while simultaneously strengthening the balance sheet. We have the same focus today - accelerating innovation and leveraging technology to offer niche products and solutions to our customers. We undertook a host of structural initiatives to drive efficiencies, improved business profitability and reduced cash outflows as compared with previous years. We envision a bright 2022-23 for the organization and all the stakeholders and strive hard to achieve the same through synergy, innovation and perseverance.

Another important focus area for us is to capitalize on the opportunities emerging from GoI's initiatives to support businesses to develop, manufacture and assemble in India by leveraging our domain expertise. With Government support in our endeavour to Make in India, we have invested in a second facility at Hyderabad alongside our first facility in Kurnool, Andhra Pradesh. As we have built sufficient capacity, our focus is on effectively filling the capacity in both the facilities to develop new products and fulfill customer requirements for increased profitability. We have invested wisely in focusing on research in technological development to provide our consumers with most advanced products in alignment with our brand vision of making technology available and accessible to all. We have consistently delivered industry-leading products that make our large competitors admire us.

The company owes its indebtedness to all our vendors and employees for their constant support and encouragement that have inspired a momentum within us to go ahead with our ambitious goal. We are immensely thankful to our strategic Business Partners who have supported us in our endeavour to build a strong foothold for the brand even in such a competitive business landscape.

Positioned for a Bright Future

pTron has been the largest & best selling brand on Amazon for the last 4 years and now securing the Top-Seller position on Flipkart, Reliance Digital & JioMart too. pTron's vision is to reach more Tier 2 & Tier 3 cities in the new financial year. We have also activated and expanded new channels of business and offline distributors especially large format retailers like Croma & Vijay Sales that are also growing fast.

Further, we believe that vast vistas of opportunities lie ahead of us.

It is my privilege to share this 2022 Palred Technologies Annual Report that celebrates the impact of our ceaseless dedication to connecting with purpose in all that we do. And I take this opportunity to thank our management team for its collaboration and hard work building on our strong foundation. And to our shareholders, thank you for the trust you have shown in your Company's leadership and financial future. With all our commitment to hard work, desire for innovation, and an ambition to be the best, the future belongs to us.

Thank you,

Palem Supriya Reddy

Chairperson & Managing Director

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the 23rd Annual General Meeting of members of M/s. Palred Technologies Limited will be held on Saturday, the 24th day of September, 2022 at 10.00 A.M. (IST) through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following businesses:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Standalone and Consolidated Audited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on that date together with the Notes attached thereto, along with the Report of Auditors and Directors thereon.
2. To appoint a director in place of Ms. Stuthi Reddy (DIN: 07072774) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.

By order of the board
For Palred Technologies Limited

Sd/-

Shruti Mangesh Rege

Company secretary

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 19.08.2022

NOTES

1. In view of the COVID-19 pandemic and pursuant to the General Circular Nos. 14/2020, 17/2020, 20/2020, 02/2021 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") and Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 and SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") (hereinafter collectively referred to as "the Circulars"), companies are allowed to hold Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM, without the physical presence of Members at a common venue. Hence, in compliance with the Circulars, the 23rd Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company is being held through VC. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.
2. The Company has engaged the services of Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL"), as the authorized agency for conducting the AGM and providing remote e-Voting and e-Voting facility for/during the AGM of the Company. The instructions for participation by Members are given in the subsequent notes.
3. Since the AGM will be held through VC, the Route Map is not annexed to this Notice. The registered office of the Company shall be deemed to be the venue for the AGM.
4. Members attending the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum of the AGM under Section 103 of the Act.
5. Compliance with the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated January 15, 2021 as aforesaid, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report (viz. Financial Statement) for Financial Year 2021-22 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories/R&T Agent. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report for Financial Year 2021-22 will also be available on the Company's website www.palred.com, websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively and on the website of R&T Agent of the Company viz. KFin at <https://evoting.kfintech.com>.

Alternatively, Member may send signed copy of the request letter providing the e-mail address, mobile number, self-attested PAN copy, DP ID (in case of electronic mode shares), folio No (in case of physical mode shares) via e-mail at the Email Id – einward.ris@kfintech.com for obtaining the Annual Report and Notice of e-AGM of the Company electronically.

6. In case of joint holders, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote at the AGM.
7. The facility of joining the e-AGM through VC / OAVM will be opened 15 minutes before and will remain open upto 15 minutes after the scheduled start time of the e-AGM, and will be available for 1000 members on a first-come first-served basis. This rule would however not apply to participation in respect of large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shares of the Company), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Auditors, Key Managerial Personnel and the Directors of the Company

including Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee.

8. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Monday, 18.09.2022 to Saturday, 24.09.2022 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of AGM.
9. Mr. Vivek Surana, Practicing Company Secretary, has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-Voting/e-Voting process in a fair and transparent manner. The Scrutinizer will submit the report to the Chairman, or any person authorised by him after completion of the scrutiny and the results of voting will be announced after the AGM of the Company. Subject to receipt of requisite number of votes, the resolutions shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the AGM. The result will also be displayed on the website of the Company at www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com (where the Company is listed) and www.evotingindia.com (agency providing e-Voting facility).
10. Members of the Company under the category of Institutional/ Corporate Shareholders are encouraged to attend and vote at the AGM through VC. Corporate Members intending to authorize their representatives to participate and vote are requested to send a certified copy of the Board resolution / authorization letter to the Scrutinizer by email at ssrfcs@gmail.com and the same should also be uploaded on the VC portal / e-Voting portal of CDSL.
11. Members who have not yet registered their e-mail addresses are requested to register the same with their DP in case the shares are held by them in demat mode and with RTA in case the shares are held by them in physical mode.
12. To register e-mail address for all future correspondence and update the bank account details, please follow the below process:
 - a. Members holding shares in Demat mode can get their details registered/updated only by contacting their respective DP.
 - b. Members holding shares in physical mode may register their email address and mobile number with the RTA by sending an e-mail request to the email ID einward.ris@kfintech.com along with signed scanned copy of the request letter providing the email address and mobile number, self-attested copy of Permanent Account Number Card ("PAN") and copy of a share certificate for registering their email address. Additional details like name and branch of Bank along with bank account type, bank account number, 9-digit MICR code, 11-digit IFSC code and scanned copy of cancelled cheque will be required for updating bank account details.
13. SEBI has mandated submission of PAN by every participant in the securities market. Members holding shares in demat mode are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to their DP. Members holding shares in physical mode are required to submit their PAN details to the RTA.
14. As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), the facility for submitting nomination is available for Members in respect of the shares held by them. Members who have not yet registered their nomination are requested to

register the same with their DP in case the shares are held by them in demat mode, and to the RTA, in case the shares are held in physical mode.

15. INSTRUCTIONS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING THE AGM: A. VOTING THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEANS

- i. In compliance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 44 of Listing Regulations and applicable circulars, the Members are provided with the facility to cast their vote electronically (through remote e-Voting as well as the e-Voting system on the date of the AGM), through the e-Voting services provided by CDSL, on all the resolutions set forth in this Notice.
- ii. The remote e-Voting period commences on Wednesday, September 21, 2022 (9.00 A.M. IST) and ends on Friday, September 23, 2022 (5.00 P.M. IST). During this period, Members holding shares either in physical mode or in demat mode, as on Saturday, September 17, 2022 i.e. cut-off date, may cast their vote electronically. The e-Voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter. A person who is not a Member as on the Cut-off date should treat Notice of this Meeting for information purposes only.
- iii. The Members who have cast their vote by remote e-Voting prior to the AGM may attend/ participate in the AGM through VC but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
- iv. The voting rights of the Members shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date i.e., Saturday, September 17, 2022.
- v. Any person or non-individual Shareholders (in physical mode/ demat mode) who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date may follow the steps mentioned below.
- vi. **Login method for e-Voting and voting during the meeting for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode.**

In terms of the SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on the e-Voting facility provided by listed companies and as part of increasing the efficiency of the voting process, e-Voting process has been enabled to all individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode to vote through their demat account maintained with depositories / websites of depositories / depository participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email ID in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility. Login method for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of Shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	a. Users who have opted for Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest is https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi.
	b. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-Voting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the e-Voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider ("ESP") i.e. CDSL, for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there are also links provided to access the system of all ESP i.e. CDSL/NSDL/KFin, so that the user can visit the ESP website directly
	c. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration . Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in www.cdslindia.com home page or click on https://evoting.cdslindia.com/Evoting/EvotingLogin . The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. CDSL where the e-Voting is in progress.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	a. If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsd.com .
	b. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services.
	c. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider- CDSL and you will be re-directed to the CDSL e-Voting website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	d. If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsd.com . Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsd.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp .
	e. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsd.com/ . Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.
	f. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your 16 digit demat account number held with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen
	g. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on Company name or e-Voting service provider- CDSL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of CDSL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in Demat mode) login through their Depository Participants	d. You can also login using the login credentials of your Demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility.
	e. After successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature.
	f. Click on Company name or e-Voting service provider name -CDSL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of CDSL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use "Forget User ID" and "Forget Password" option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 and 22-23058542-43.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

vii. **Login method for e-Voting and voting during the meeting for Shareholders holding securities in physical mode and Shareholders other than Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode.**

- a) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- b) Click on Shareholders tab/ module.
- c) Now Enter your User ID
 - For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - Members holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- d) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- e) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- f) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

Login type	For Shareholders holding securities in physical mode and Shareholders other than Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode.
PAN	Enter your 10-digit alpha-numeric "PAN" issued by Income Tax Department. Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by RTA or contact RTA.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (iii).

- g) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- h) Shareholders holding shares in physical mode will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, Shareholders holding shares in Demat mode will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the Demat account holders for voting for resolutions of any other Company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that Company opts for e-Voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- i) For Members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- j) Click on the EVSN for the relevant <Company Name> on which you choose to vote.
- k) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- l) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- m) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- n) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- o) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on
 - "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- p) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- q) If a Demat account holder has forgotten the login password, then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot password and enter the details as prompted by the system.
- r) Additional Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –For Remote e-Voting only.
 - Non-Individual Shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
 - A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
 - After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
 - The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
 - A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney ("POA") which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
 - Alternatively Non Individual Shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer at the email address viz; ssrfcs@gmail.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-Voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

B. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC AND E-VOTING DURING THE AGM:

- i. The procedure for attending AGM and e-Voting on the day of AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-Voting.
- ii. Members attending the AGM through VC shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- iii. The facility for joining the AGM shall open 15 minutes before the scheduled time for commencement of the AGM.
- iv. The link for VC to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-Voting.
- v. Shareholders who have voted through remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- vi. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / iPad for better experience.
- vii. Further Shareholders will be required to allow Camera (in case of speakers) and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the AGM.
- viii. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- ix. Members (holding shares as on Cut-off date) who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request, on or before Saturday, September 17, 2022, from their registered e-mail address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID / folio number, PAN, mobile number at company@palred.com. Those Members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ ask questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM.
- x. Only those Shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.

- xi. If any Votes are cast by the Shareholders through the e-Voting available during the AGM and if the same Shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC facility, then the votes cast by such Shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-Voting during the meeting is available only to the Shareholders attending the AGM.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 and 022-23058542/43.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call on 022-23058542/43.

16. Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of Act and Register of Contracts or arrangements in which directors are interested maintained under Section 189 of the Act, shall be available for inspection during the AGM at e-Voting portal.
17. Statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Act, in respect of the Special Business to be transacted at the AGM along with details pursuant to SEBI Regulations and other applicable laws are annexed hereto. All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Statement shall be available for inspection electronically. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to company@palred.com.
18. The term 'Members' or 'Shareholders' has been used to denote Shareholders of Palred Technologies Limited.
19. The Results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website www.Palred.com and on the website of CDSL within two (2) days of passing of the resolutions at the AGM of the Company and communicated to the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited.

By order of the board
For Palred Technologies Limited

Sd/-

Shruti Mangesh Rege
Company secretary

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 19.08.2022

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To the Members,
Palred Technologies Limited,
 Hyderabad, Telangana, India

The Board of Directors hereby submits the report of the business and operations of your Company ('the Company' or 'Palred') along with the audited "Financial statement for the "Fiscal Year ended March 31, 2022. The Consolidated performance of the Company and its subsidiaries has been referred to where required.

1. Financial summary/highlights:

The performance during the period ended 31st March, 2022 has been as under:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21
Turnover/Income (Gross)	150.00	151.02	12,758.77	11,700.22
Other Income	70.22	81.17	103.91	177.94
Profit/loss before Depreciation, Finance Costs, Exceptional items and Tax Expense	18.71	51.07	219.84	687.10
Less: Depreciation/ Amortisation/ Impairment	8.97	9.46	62.70	71.36
Profit /loss before Finance Costs, Exceptional items and Tax Expense	9.73	41.61	157.14	615.74
Less: Finance Costs	1.42	0.31	323.50	273.69
Profit /loss before Exceptional items and Tax Expense	8.31	41.30	(166.35)	342.05
Add/(less): Exceptional items	392.51	(475.14)	0	0
Profit /loss before Tax Expense	400.82	(433.84)	(166.35)	342.05
Less: Tax Expense (Current & Deferred)	0	0	0	0
Profit /loss for the year (1)	400.82	(433.84)	(166.35)	342.05
Total Comprehensive Income/loss (2)	0.36	0.21	9.29	(1.92)
Total (1+2)	401.18	(433.62)	(157.06)	343.97
Balance of profit /loss for earlier years	(6567.17)	(6133.33)	(6229.27)	(6462.45)
Less: Transfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve	0	0	0	0
Less: Transfer to Reserves	0	0	0	0
Less: Dividend paid on Equity Shares	0	0	0	0
Less: Dividend paid on Preference Shares	0	0	0	0
Less: Dividend Distribution Tax	0	0	0	0
Balance carried forward	(6166.36)	(6567.17)	(6229.27)	(6229.27)

2. Overview & state of the company's affairs:

Revenues – standalone

During the year under review, the Company has recorded an income of Rs. 220.21 Lakhs and profit of Rs. 401.18 Lakhs as against the income of Rs. 232.19 Lakhs and loss of Rs. (433.62) Lakhs in the previous financial year ending 31.03.2021.

Revenues – Consolidated

During the year under review, the Company has recorded an income of Rs.12,862.68 Lakhs and loss of Rs. (157.06) Lakhs as against the income of Rs. 11878.17 Lakhs and profit of Rs. 343.97 Lakhs in the previous financial year ending 31.03.2021.

The Company is looking forward for good profit margins in near future.

3. Dividend:

Keeping the Company's growth plans in mind, your directors have decided not to recommend dividend for the year.

4. Transfer to reserves:

Pursuant to provisions of Section 134 (3) (j) of the Companies Act, 2013, the company has not proposed to transfer any amount to general reserves account of the company during the year under review.

5. Investor Relations:

The Company continuously strives for excellence in its Investor Relations engagement with International and Domestic investors through structured conference-calls and periodic investor/analyst interactions like individual meetings, participation in investor conferences, quarterly earnings calls and analyst meet from time to time. The Company ensures that critical information about the Company is available to all the investors, by uploading all such information on the Company's website.

6. Material changes & commitment affecting the financial position of the company:

There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred during the end of the Financial Year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

7. Significant & material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals:

No significant or material orders have been passed against the Company by the Regulators, Courts or Tribunals, which impacts the going concern status and company's operations in future.

8. Transfer of un-claimed dividend to Investor Education and Protection:

The Company has transferred Rs. 34,03,237/- against un-paid dividend of F.Y.2013-14 to Investor Education and Protection Fund during the year under report.

9. Details of utilization of funds:

The Company has already received upfront payment of 25% i.e., Rs. 32/- per warrant, aggregating to Rs. 8,00,00,000/- at the time of subscription of the warrants, from strategic investor not forming part of promoter group of the Company. As per terms of warrants, the warrant holder would deposit the remaining portion of 75% i.e., Rs. 96 /- per warrant at the time of conversion of warrant into equity share. The Company has used this fund towards the objects as mentioned in the notice of Extra Ordinary General Meeting and there is no deviation in the usage of the proceeds of the preferential allotment.

10. Details of Nodal Officer:

The Company has designated Mr. Harish Naidu as a Nodal Officer for the purpose of IEPF.

11. Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF):

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124 of the Act, Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("IEPF Rules") read with the relevant circulars and amendments thereto, the amount of dividend remaining unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the due date is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF"), constituted by the Central Government

During the Year, the Company transferred an amount of Rs. 34,03, 237/- against un-paid dividend remaining un-paid or un-claimed for a period of more than seven years pertaining to the financial year 2013-14 to Investor Education and Provident Fund under the Section 125(1) and Section 125(2) of the Act through filing of FORM IEPF-1 to Registrar of Companies.

12. Revision of financial statements:

There was no revision of the financial statements for the year under review.

13. Change in the nature of business, if any:

The Company has not undergone any change in the nature of business during the FY 2021-22.

14. Deposits from public:

The Company has not accepted any public deposits during the Financial Year ended March 31, 2022 and as such, no amount of principal or interest on public deposits was outstanding as on the date of the balance sheet.

Since the Company has not accepted any deposits during the Financial Year ended March 31, 2022, there has been no non-compliance with the requirements of the Act.

15. Depository System:

SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 mandate that the transfer, except transmission and transposition, of securities shall be carried out in dematerialized form only with effect from 1st April 2019. In view of the numerous advantages offered by the Depository system as well as to avoid frauds, members holding shares in physical mode are advised to avail of the facility of dematerialization from either of the depositories. The Company has, directly as well as through its RTA, sent intimation to shareholders who are holding shares in physical form, advising them to get the shares dematerialized.

16. Subsidiary companies:

Your Company has three subsidiaries namely Palred Technology Services Private Limited, Palred Electronics Private Limited and Palred Retail Private Limited as on March 31, 2022.

In accordance with Section 129(3) of the Act, Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared which form part of this Annual Report. As required under Section 129(3) of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, a statement containing the salient features of the financial statements of the subsidiaries in the prescribed form AOC-1 is enclosed as Annexure – B to this Report.

In accordance with Section 136 of the Act, the separate audited accounts of the subsidiary companies will be available on the website of the Company, www.palred.com and the Members desirous of obtaining the accounts of the Company's subsidiaries may obtain the same upon request. These documents will be available for inspection by the members, till the date of AGM during business hours at registered office of the company.

The Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries, adopted by your Board, in conformity with the SEBI Listing Regulations can be accessed on the Company's website at www.palred.com.

17. Performance highlights of key operating subsidiaries:

Palred Electronics Private limited:

Palred Electronics Pvt Ltd (PEP) owns Consumer Electronics brand, pTron. Bridging the gap between technology & people, pTron is committed to being a trendsetter in budget segment lifestyle gadgets to meet the growing needs of new-age consumers. With cutting-edge technologies & best in class features, pTron is known to offer mobile & digital lifestyle products that are engineering feats in the given price segment and has sold more than 11 million units to date.

pTron has emerged as a leading maker of wireless audio & digital lifestyle accessories. It is one of the Top 5 Earwear

Companies in India's Audio segment as per International Data Corporation IDC's India Monthly Wearable Device Tracker, February 2022. pTron has emerged as a new star in the block with product features and prices and its unique and different marketing strategies that have stolen the attention of its users.

- pTron is a brand that sells trendy consumer electronics. pTron provides inexpensive, durable, and most importantly "fashionable" audio devices and accessories.
- pTron sells a wide range of trendy electronic items such as wireless & wired audio devices including portable chargers and cables.
- pTron focuses on customer needs, desires, and behavior patterns and provides the customers with what they want. The company is always innovating and expanding its portfolio in order to provide technology solutions that are in sync with changing consumer preferences and consumption habits.

pTron has a flexible business strategy that focuses on customer needs, desires, and behavior patterns, giving it a competitive advantage in its capacity to listen and react in real-time to provide customers with what they want. Most importantly, our company is always innovating and expanding its portfolio in order to provide technology solutions that are in sync with changing consumer preferences and consumption habits. In terms of customer acquisition, we take a two-pronged strategy. The first is to create the category of "hearables" by converting traditional users to a better way of life, based solely on the strength of the product and the user experience. The second is to continue to grow this category by introducing more feature-rich products at competitive pricing. pTron is available in both physical and online stores like Amazon, Flipkart, and other e-commerce sites and is now extending its offline presence. We are confident that our market share & consumer base shall grow consistently as we are always linked to our dedicated community and listen to their wants and desires in order to give consumer-focussed product advancements. We are dedicated to providing a great experience throughout the product's life cycle as well as completely hassle-free customer support.

pTron is poised as a challenger brand making waves in the Mobile Phone accessories segment across categories. The current brand catalog comprises 140-150 variants and around 40-45 products ranging from Wired earphones, wireless earphones & headsets, True Wireless Earbuds, Bluetooth Speakers, Smart Wearables, Power banks, chargers, cables & more.

pTron focuses on component level detailing of all its products and has extensive control over its cost and quality. This implies having strong relations with cost-efficient & reliable manufacturing partners. With these capabilities and having an in-house design team, pTron has developed product design competence and has filed several patents already which vouches for the originality and distinctiveness of pTron products. With strict quality control procedures in place warrants, all products go through 5 levels of quality checks to ensure that a consumer does not face any issues with the products.

Make in India initiative:

pTron's vertical capabilities in design engineering and manufacturing make it possible for the brand to provide customers with amazing, affordable, and well-built products that disrupt the fast-paced mobility market. The brand is constantly working and growing to overcome the challenges

of the manufacturing landscape induced by the COVID impact. They kick-started their India assembly plant at Kurnool, Andhra Pradesh in August 2020 to become the 1st Indian company to design, engineer, and manufacture a True Wireless Earbud in India under GOI's Make in India scheme.

With trained & skilled manpower who have the expertise to precisely integrate electronic and mechanical components of a variety of materials into tight spaces without compromising performance, form factor no longer limits performance at pTron.

As the brand continues to drive the audio accessories market in India & focused on ramping up capabilities in terms of skilled manpower, advanced machinery & equipment, with a dedicated team of trained and experienced resources for advanced testing and research as they scale up gradually to include more products under the Make in India catalog. The brand is all set to kick start its new manufacturing set-up in Hyderabad, Telangana. The new facility will primarily be the manufacturing hub for earphones, chargers, and other key products.

As per Ameen Khwaja, Founder & CEO pTron "India can become the next hub of consumer electronics manufacturing through the "Make in India" initiative. The manufacturing base of certain products like PCBs and molds can be brought back to India provided the manufacturers are given subsidies and infrastructure for manufacturing. By doing this, we can have better control over the product quality and pricing. This will also generate huge job opportunities in India."

To promote Make in India, the basic customs duties (BCD) for electronic devices including headphones, earphones, and loudspeakers were hiked from 15 to 20 percent in the Union Budget 2022. While other brands might have to increase their product prices to address the BCD issue, pTron's Make in India initiative will help pass the cost-benefit to the consumers directly without impacting its market position.

Palred Retail Private Limited:

Palred Retail Private Limited owns ecommerce website, ptron.in and www.LatestOne.com that specialize in selling of tech and mobile accessories such as Bluetooth speakers and headsets, cables, power banks, headsets, smart watches, fashion accessories etc.

Palred Technology Services Private Limited:

PTS offers a bouquet of Products through its brand "Xmate" that is exclusively available on Amazon.in. Xmate Sells products like Bluetooth headsets, Bluetooth speakers, wired headsets, chargers and cables, Computer Accessories, Cameras & Camera Accessories etc. The brand faced many challenges during last 2 years because of high advertisement costs and competition from other big brands. The Company was not able to achieve desired growth and it continues to make losses. Hence, the Company has decided to exit "Xmate" brand business.

18. Companies which have become or ceased to be subsidiaries:

During the FY 2021-22, there was no change in subsidiaries. For further analysis on the consolidated performance, the attention is invited to the section on Management Discussion and Analysis and notes to the consolidated financial statements.

19. Investment in subsidiaries:

During financial year 2021-22, the Company had not infused any capital in Subsidiary Companies.

20. Brand protections:

Your Company has taken appropriate actions against counterfeits, fakes and other forms of unfair competitions/ trade practices.

PALRED, PTRON, #BELOUDBEPRIUD, DaZon, Xmate and LATESTONE are key intangible assets of the Company and its subsidiaries.

21. Independent director's familiarization programmes:

Independent Directors are familiarized about the Company's operations, businesses, financial performance and significant development so as to enable them to take well-informed decisions in timely manner. Interaction with the Business heads and key executives of the Company is also facilitated. Detailed presentations on important policies of the Company are also made to the directors. Direct meetings with the Chairperson are further facilitated to familiarize the incumbent Director about the Company/its businesses and the group practices.

The details of familiarisation programme held in FY 2021-22 are also disclosed on the Company's website and its web link is <http://www.palred.com>

22. Board Evaluation

Performance of the Board and Board Committees was evaluated on various parameters such as structure, composition, diversity, experience, corporate governance competencies, performance of specific duties and obligations, quality of decision-making and overall Board effectiveness. Performance of individual Directors was evaluated on parameters such as meeting attendance, participation and contribution, engagement with colleagues on the Board, responsibility towards stakeholders and independent judgement. All the Directors were subjected to peer-evaluation.

All the Directors participated in the evaluation process. The results of evaluation were discussed in the Board meeting held in February 2022. The Board discussed the performance evaluation reports of the Board, Board Committees, Individual Directors, and Independent External Persons. The Board upon discussion noted the suggestions / inputs of the Directors. Recommendations arising from this entire process were deliberated upon by the Board to augment its effectiveness and optimize individual strengths of the Directors.

The detailed procedure followed for the performance evaluation of the Board, Committees and Individual Directors is enumerated in the Corporate Governance Report.

23. Meetings of the Board:

During the year, eight (8) meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company were convened and held in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The date(s) of the Board Meeting, attendance by the directors is given in the Corporate Governance Report forming an integral part of this report.

24. Committees of the Board:

There are various Board constituted Committees as stipulated under the Act and Listing Regulations namely Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship and Risk Management Committee. Brief details pertaining to composition, terms of reference, meetings held and attendance thereof of these Committees during the year have been enumerated in Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Annual Report.

25. Audit Committee Recommendations:

During the year, all recommendations of Audit Committee were approved by the Board of Directors.

26. Directors and key managerial personnel:

As on date of this report, the Company has Six Directors, out of those three are Independent Directors including one Woman Independent Directors.

a) Appointment/Re-appointment of Directors of the Company:
During the year, no Directors were appointed on Board.

b) Resignation/ Cessation of Directors of the Company:
During the year, Mr. MVLN Murthy, Non-Executive Director and Ms. Richa Patnaik, Independent Director communicated tendered their Resignation Letters to the Board and Board consequently approved it. The Company has intimated about the Director Resignation to Registrar of Companies and Stock Exchanges in due course.

c) Key Managerial Personnel:

Key Managerial Personnel for the financial year 2021-22

- Mr. Palem Supria Reddy, Chairperson & Managing Director of the company.
- Mr. P. Harish Naidu, Chief financial officer of the company.
- Mr. Shruti Mangesh Rege, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company.

27. Statutory audit and auditors report:

The members of the Company at their Annual General Meeting held on 30th September, 2019 have appointed M/s. MSKA & Associates, as statutory auditors of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of 25th Annual General meeting of the Company. The Auditors' Report for fiscal year 2021-2022 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark. The Auditors' Report is enclosed with the financial statements in this Annual Report. The Company has received audit report with unmodified opinion for both Standalone and Consolidated Audited Financial Results of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2022 from the statutory auditors of the Company.

The Auditors have confirmed that they have subjected themselves to the peer review process of Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) and hold valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the ICAI.

28. Internal auditors:

Pursuant to provisions of Section 138 read with Rule 13 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and Section 179 read with Rule 8(4) of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014; during the year under review, the Internal

Audit of the functions and activities of the Company was undertaken by M/s Lakshmi Niwas & Co., the Internal Auditor of the Company.

Deviations are reviewed periodically and due compliance was ensured. Summary of Significant Audit Observations along with recommendations and its implementations are reviewed by the Audit Committee and concerns, if any, are reported to the Board. There were no adverse remarks or qualification on accounts of the Company from the Internal Auditor.

As a practice of good Corporate Governance, M/s. Lakshmi Niwas & Co., Chartered Accountants, Hyderabad, has tendered its resignation as an Internal Auditor of the Company during F.Y.2022-23. According to the provisions of Section 138 of Companies Act, 2013, and on recommendations of Audit Committee, the Board has appointed M/s. Seshachalam & Co., Chartered Accountants as an Internal Auditor of the Company for F.Y.2022-23.

29. Secretarial Auditor & Audit Report:

In terms of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, based upon the recommendations of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors had appointed Mr. Vivek Surana, Practicing Company Secretary (CP No. 12901) as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company, for conducting the Secretarial Audit for financial year ended March 31, 2022.

The Secretarial Audit was carried out by Mr. Vivek Surana, Practicing Company Secretary (CP No. 12901) for the financial year ended March 31, 2022. The Report given by the Secretarial Auditor is annexed herewith as Annexure-L and forms integral part of this Report.

The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

30. Annual Secretarial Compliance Report:

SEBI vide its Circular No. CIR/CFD/CMD1/27/2019 dated February 08, 2019 read with Regulation 24(A) of the Listing Regulations, directed listed entities to conduct Annual Secretarial compliance audit from a Practicing Company Secretary of all applicable SEBI Regulations and circulars/guidelines issued thereunder. Further, Secretarial Compliance Report dated May 16, 2022, was given by Mr. Vivek Surana, Practicing Company Secretary which was submitted to Stock Exchanges within 60 days of the end of the financial year.

31. Secretarial Audit of Material Unlisted Indian Subsidiaries:

M/s. Palred Electronics Private Limited (PEP) is a material subsidiary of the Company undertake Secretarial Audit every year under Section 204 of the Companies Act 2013. The Secretarial Audit of PEP for the Financial Year 2021-22 was carried out pursuant to Section 204 of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 24A of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015. The Secretarial Audit Report of PEP, submitted by Mr. Vivek Surana, Practicing Company Secretary.

The Reports given by the Secretarial Auditor is annexed herewith and forms integral part of this Report.

As required under Regulation 16(1) (C) of Listing Regulations, the Company has formulated and adopted a policy for determining 'Material' Subsidiaries, which has been hosted on its website at: <https://www.palred.com>

32. Cost records and cost audit:

Maintenance of cost records and requirement of cost audit as prescribed under the provisions of Section 148(1) of the Act, are not applicable for the business activities carried out by the Company.

33. No Frauds reported by statutory auditors

During the Financial Year 2021-22, the Auditors have not reported any matter under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, therefore no detail is required to be disclosed under section 134(3) (ca) of the Companies Act, 2013.

34. Declaration by the Company

None of the Directors of the Company are disqualified for being appointed as Directors as specified in Section 164 (2) of the Act read with Rule 14 of Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014.

35. Conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange outgo:

The required information as per Sec.134 (3) (m) of the Companies Act 2013 is provided hereunder and Rule 8 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014:

A. Conservation of Energy:

Your Company's operations are not energy intensive. Adequate measures have been taken to conserve energy wherever possible by using energy efficient computers and purchase of energy efficient equipment.

B. Technology Absorption:

1. Research and Development (R&D): NIL
2. Technology absorption, adoption and innovation: NIL

C. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Out Go:

1. Foreign Exchange Earnings: Nil
2. Foreign Exchange Outgo: Nil

36. Management discussion and analysis report:

Management discussion and analysis report for the year under review as stipulated under Regulation 34(2) (e) read with schedule V, Part B of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015 with the stock exchange in India is annexed herewith as Annexure- G to this report.

37. Risk management policy:

The Board of Directors had constituted Risk Management Committee to identify elements of risk in different areas of operations and to develop policy for actions associated to mitigate the risks. The Committee is responsible for reviewing the risk management plan and ensuring its effectiveness. The major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continual basis.

38. Corporate governance:

Your Company has taken adequate steps to ensure compliance with the provisions of Corporate Governance as prescribed under the Listing Regulations. A separate section on Corporate Governance, forming a part of this Report and the requisite certificate from the Company's Auditors confirming compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance is attached to the report on Corporate Governance as Annexure E.

39. Annual Return:

Pursuant to Sections 92 & 134(3) of the Act and Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the Annual Return in Form MGT-7 is also available on the Company's website URL: <https://www.palred.com>

40. Authorised and paid-up capital of the company:

The authorized capital of the company stands at Rs. 35,00,00,000/- divided into 2,80,38,800 equity shares of Rs.10/- each and 6,96,120 redeemable optionally convertible cumulative preference shares of Rs. 100/- each. The company's paid up capital is Rs. 9,73,25,660/- divided into 97,32,566 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each.

41. Declaration of independence:

The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet with both the criteria of independence as prescribed under sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and under Regulation 16(1)(b) read with Regulation 25 of the Listing Regulations attached as Annexure K.

In compliance with Rule 6 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, all the PIDs of the Company have registered themselves with the India Institute of Corporate Affairs (IICA), Manesar and have included their names in the databank of Independent Directors within the statutory timeline.

The Independent Directors have also confirmed that they have complied with Schedule IV of the Act and the Company's Code of Conduct.

In terms of Regulations 25(8) of the Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exists or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgement and without any external influence.

During the year, Independent Directors of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company, other than sitting fees, commission and reimbursement of expenses incurred by them for the purpose of attending meetings of the Board of Directors and Committee(s).

42. Director's Responsibility Statement:

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors, to the best of their knowledge and ability, confirm that for the financial year ended March 31, 2022:

a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31 March 2022, the applicable accounting

standards and schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;

- b) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of your Company as on 31 March 2022 and of the profit and loss of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2022;
- c) proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) The annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- e) Proper internal financial controls laid down by the Directors were followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f) Proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws were followed and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

43. Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Policy:

The Company has formulated a Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy pursuant to Regulation 22 of the Listing Regulations and Section 177(10) of the Act, enabling stakeholders to report any concern of unethical behaviour, suspected fraud or violation.

The said policy inter-alia provides safeguard against victimization of the Whistle Blower. Stakeholders including directors and employees have access to the Managing Director & CEO and Chairperson of the Audit Committee.

During the year under review, no stakeholder was denied access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee.

The policy is available on the website of the Company at www.palred.com.

44. Employee stock option scheme:

The Company has an Employee Stock Option (ESOP) scheme, namely "Employee Stock Option Scheme 2016-" (PALRED ESOP Scheme) which helps the Company to retain and attract right talent. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) administers the Company's ESOP scheme. There were no changes in the ESOP scheme during the financial year under review. The ESOP scheme is in compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 [SEBI (SBEB) Regulations, 2014].

Disclosure in compliance with the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) regulations, 2014 are available on the company website of the company at www.palred.com

During the financial year 2021-22 no employee was granted stock option equal to or exceeding 1% of the issued share capital of the Company at the time of grant of options.

45. Corporate social responsibility policy:

Since your Company does not have net worth of Rs. 500 Crore or more or turnover of Rs. 1000 Crore or more or a net profit of Rs. 5 Crore or more during the financial year, section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Corporate Social Responsibility is not applicable and hence the Company need not adopt any Corporate Social Responsibility Policy.

46. Secretarial Standards:

The Company has devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and such systems are adequate and operating effectively. During the year under review, the Company was in compliance with the Secretarial Standards (SS) i.e., SS-1 and SS- 2, relating to "Meetings of the Board of Directors" and "General Meetings", respectively.

47. Insurance:

The properties and assets of your Company are adequately insured.

48. Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments

During the year under review, the Company has given a corporate guarantee to Palred Electronics Private Limited (a Subsidiary Company) amounting to Rs. 30,00,00,000/- (Rupees thirty crores only). Details of loans, guarantees and investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Act are given in the notes to the financial statements.

49. Internal Financial Control Systems:

Your Company has well laid out policies on financial reporting, asset management, adherence to Management policies and also on promoting compliance of ethical and well-defined standards. The Company follows an exhaustive budgetary control and standard costing system. Moreover, the management team regularly meets to monitor goals and results and scrutinizes reasons for deviations in order to take necessary corrective steps. The Audit Committee which meets at regular intervals also reviews the internal control systems with the Management and the internal auditors.

The internal audit is conducted at the Company and covers all key areas. All audit observations and follow up actions are discussed with the Management as also the Statutory Auditors and the Audit Committee reviews them regularly.

50. Related Party Transactions:

All related party transactions that were entered into during the financial year were on arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business. During the financial year 2021-22, there were no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

In line with the provisions of Section 177 of the Act read with the Companies (Meetings of the Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, omnibus approval for the estimated value of transactions with the related parties for the financial year is obtained from

the Audit Committee. The transactions with the related parties are routine and repetitive in nature.

The summary statement of transactions entered into with the related parties pursuant to the omnibus approval so granted are reviewed & approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. The summary statements are supported by an independent audit report certifying that the transactions are at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business

The Form AOC-2 pursuant to Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is annexed herewith as Annexure- C to this report.

51. Policy on director's appointment and remuneration:

In adherence to the provisions of Section 134(3)(e) and 178(1) & (3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee approved a policy on Director's appointment and remuneration, including, criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director and other matters. The said Policy extract is covered in Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Report and is also uploaded on the Company's website at www.palred.com.

52. Particulars of Employees and related Disclosure:

Disclosure pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is given in Annexure-D to this Report.

The Statement containing the particulars of employees as required under section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5(2) and other applicable rules (if any) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, is provided in a separate annexure forming part of this report. Further, the report and the accounts are being sent to the members excluding

During the year none of the employees is drawing a remuneration of Rs.1,02,00,000/- and above per annum or Rs.8,50,000/- per month and above in aggregate per month, the limits specified under the Section 197(12) of the Companies Act,2013 read with Rules 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

53. Implementation of Corporate Action

During the year under review, the Company has complied with the specified time limit for implementation of Corporate Actions.

54. Shares transferred to investor education and protection fund:

No shares were transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund during the year under review.

55. Ratio of remuneration to each director:

Under section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rule 5(1) (2) & (3) of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration) Rules, 2014 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 the ratio of remuneration of Mrs. Palem Supriya Reddy, Managing Director of the Company to the median remuneration of the employees is 1.30:1 and of Mr. P. Harish Naidu, CFO of the Company is 3.04:1.

56. Non-executive directors' compensation and disclosures:

None of the Independent / Non-Executive Directors has any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company which in the Judgment of the Board may affect the independence of the Directors.

60. Policies:

The SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 mandated the formulation of certain policies for all listed companies. All the policies are available on our website ([https:// www.palred.com/investors/ policies](https://www.palred.com/investors/policies)). The policies are reviewed periodically by the Board and updated based on need and new compliance requirement.

Name of the policy	Brief Description	Website link
Board Diversity Policy	At Palred Technologies Limited, we believe that a truly diverse board will leverage differences in thought, perspective, knowledge, skill, regional and industry experience, cultural and geographical background, age, ethnicity, race and gender, which will help us retain our competitive advantage. The Board has adopted the Board Diversity Policy which sets out the approach to diversity of the Board of Directors.	https://www.palred.com
Nomination and Remuneration Policy	This policy formulates the criteria for determining qualifications, competencies, positive attributes and independence for the appointment of a director (executive / non-executive) and also the criteria for determining the remuneration of the Directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.	https://www.palred.com
Policy on Material Subsidiaries	The policy is used to determine the material subsidiaries and material non-listed Indian subsidiaries of the Company and to provide the governance framework for them.	https://www.palred.com
Related Party Transaction Policy	The policy regulates all transactions between the Company and its related parties	https://www.palred.com

61. Statutory compliance:

The Company has complied with the required provisions relating to statutory compliance with regard to the affairs of the Company in all respects.

62. Code of conduct for the prevention of insider trading:

Pursuant to the provisions of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time, the Company has formulated a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading ("Insider Trading Code") and a Code of Practices and Procedures for fair disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information ("UPSI").

The Code of Practices and Procedures for fair disclosure of UPSI is available on the website of the Company at [https:// www. Palred.com](https://www.Palred.com)

63. CEO/CFO Certification:

As required Regulation 17(8) read with Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the CEO/CFO certification is attached with the annual report as Annexure I.

57. Industry based disclosures as mandated by the respective laws governing the company:

The Company is not a NBFC, Housing Companies etc., and hence Industry based disclosures is not required.

58. Failure to implement corporate actions:

During the year under review, no corporate actions were done by the Company.

59. Corporate insolvency resolution process initiated under the insolvency and bankruptcy code, 2016.

No corporate insolvency resolution processes were initiated against the Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, during the year under review.

64. Prevention of sexual harassment at workplace:

The Company has always believed in providing a safe and harassment free workplace for every individual working in its premises through various policies and practices. The Company always endeavors to create and provide an environment that is free from discrimination and harassment including sexual harassment.

The Company has adopted a policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace which aims at prevention of harassment of employees and lays down the guidelines for identification, reporting and prevention of undesired behavior. An Internal Complaints Committee ("ICC") has been set up by the senior management (with women employees constituting the majority). The ICC is responsible for redressal of complaints related to sexual harassment and follows the guidelines provided in the Policy.

During the financial year ended March 31, 2022, no complaints pertaining to sexual harassment have been received.

65. Green Initiatives:

In commitment to keep in line with the Green Initiative and going beyond it to create new green initiatives, electronic copy of the Notice of 23rd Annual General Meeting of the Company are sent to all Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depository Participant(s). For members who have not registered their e-mail addresses, physical copies are sent through the permitted mode.

66. Event Based Disclosures

During the year under review, the Company has not taken up any of the following activities:

1. Issue of sweat equity share: NA
2. Issue of shares with differential rights: NA
3. Issue of shares under employee's stock option scheme: NA
4. Disclosure on purchase by Company or giving of loans by it for purchase of its shares: NA
5. Buy back shares: NA
6. Disclosure about revision: NA
7. Preferential Allotment of Shares: NA

67. Disclosure pursuant to Part A of Schedule V of SEBI LODR

Disclosure pursuant to Part-A of Schedule V read with Regulation 34(3) of SEBI is attached as Annexure-M of this report.

68. Other Disclosures:

Your Directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items as there were no transactions on these items during the year under review:

- a. Issue of equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- b. Issue of shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of the Company under any scheme save and except ESOS referred to in this Report.
- c. Neither the Managing Director nor the Whole-time Directors of the Company receive any remuneration or commission from any of its subsidiaries.

69. Appreciation & acknowledgement:

Your Directors place on record their appreciation for the overwhelming co-operation and assistance received from the investors, customers, business associates, bankers, vendors, as well as regulatory and governmental authorities. Your Directors also thanks the employees at all levels, who through their dedication, co-operation, support and smart work have enabled the company to achieve a moderate growth and is determined to poise a rapid and remarkable growth in the year to come.

Your Directors also wish to place on record their appreciation of business constituents, banks and other "financial institutions and shareholders of the Company like SEBI, BSE, NSE, NSDL, CDSL, ICICI Bank, Kotak Mahindra Bank and CITI Bank etc. for their continued support for the growth of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of
Palred Technologies Limited

Sd/-

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
(DIN: 00055870)

Sd/-

S. Vijaya Saradhi
Director
(DIN: 03089889)

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 19.08.2022

Annexure-A to the Director's Report

Pursuant to the provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India Regulation 14 of SEBI (Share based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 as amended and the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 the details of stock options as on March 31, 2022 under company's Employee Stock Option Schemes are as under:

Si. No.	Details Related to ESOPS	PALRED ESOP Scheme 2016
1.	Description of each ESOP that existed at any times during the year, including the general terms and conditions of each ESOPS including:	4,00,000
	a. Date of Shareholders Approval	N.A
	b. Total no. of options approved under ESOPS	N.A
	c. Vesting Requirements	N.A
	d. Exercise price or Pricing Formula	N.A
	e. Maximum term of options granted	N.A
	f. Source of shares (primary, secondary or combination)	N.A
	g. Variation in terms of options	N.A
2.	Method used to account for ESOPS	N.A
3.	Option movement during the year :	4,00,000
	a. Number of options outstanding at the beginning of the period	N.A
	b. Adjustment on account of bonus issue (if any)	N.A
	c. No. of options granted during the year	N.A
	d. No. of options forfeited/lapsed during the year	N.A
	e. No. of options vested during the year	N.A
	f. No. of options exercised during the year	N.A
	g. No. of shares arising as a result of exercise of options	N.A
	h. Money realized by exercise of options (INR), if scheme is implemented directly by the company	N.A
	i. Loan repaid by the trust during the year from exercise price received	N.A
	j. No. of option outstanding at the end of the year	N.A
	k. No. of options exercisable at the end of the year	N.A
4.	Weighted average exercise prices and weighted average fair values of options shall be disclosed separately for options whose exercise price either equals or exceeds or is less than the market price of the stock	N.A

For and on behalf of the Board of
Palred Technologies Limited

Sd/-

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
(DIN: 00055870)

Sd/-

S. Vijaya Saradhi
Director
(DIN: 03089889)

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 19.08.2022

Annexures-B to the Director's Report

Form AOC-I

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)
For the financial year ended 31st March, 2022

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Subsidiaries/Associate Companies/ Joint Ventures:

PART A- Subsidiaries

Sl. No.	Particulars	Details	Details	Details
1.	Name of the subsidiary	Palred Electronics Private Limited (formerly known as Palred Online Technologies Private Limited)	Palred Technology Services Private Limited	Palred Retail Private Limited
2.	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	18th November, 2014	6th February, 2015	17th May, 2018
3.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	01st April, 2021 to 31st March, 2022	01st April, 2021 to 31st March, 2022	01st April, 2021 to 31st March, 2022
4.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
	Share capital	Authorized – 4300.00 Paid Up Capital – 3264.36	Authorized – 1301.00 Paid Up Capital – 1301.00	Authorised- 363.15 Paid-up Capital- 310.81
6.	Reserves & surplus	(1731.63)	(1407.33)	(452.24)
7.	Total assets	4963.74	91.25	70.04
8.	Total Liabilities (Excluding Share Capital, Reserves and Surplus)	3431.01	197.57	211.45
9.	Investments	36.82	-	-
10.	Turnover	12854.55	39.13	156.50
11.	Profit before taxation	-39.71	(154.95)	(47.49)
12.	Provision for taxation / Deferred Tax	0	0	0
13.	Profit after taxation	-39.71	(154.95)	(47.49)
14.	Proposed Dividend	NIL	NIL	NIL
15.	Extent of shareholding	78.17%	100%	83.71%

Note:

- Name of the Subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations: NIL
- Name of Subsidiaries liquidated or sold or strike off during the year: NIL

PART B – Associates and Joint Ventures

The Company does not have any Associate or Joint Venture.

For and on behalf of the Board of
Palred Technologies Limited

Sd/-

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
(DIN: 00055870)

Sd/-

S. Vijaya Saradhi
Director
(DIN: 03089889)

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 19.08.2022

Annexures-C to the Director's Report

Form No. AOC-2

Particulars of contracts/arrangements made with related parties

[Pursuant to Clause (h) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

This Form pertains to the disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis – Nil
2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

The details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis for the year ended March 31, 2022 are as follows:

	Name(s) of the related party	Nature of relationship	Duration of the contracts	Salient terms	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	Amount
1.	Palred Electronics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	Running contract	Refer Note 1	Refer Note 1	Rs. 30,00,00,000/-
2.	Mr. Palem Supriya Reddy	Managing Director (KMP)	Running Contract	Managerial Remuneration	NA	Rs.15,00,000/-
3.	Ms. Stuthi Reddy	Director (KMP)	Running Contract	Office rent	NA	Rs. 8,00,004/-
4.	Palred Electronics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	Running Contract	Management Fees (Income)	12.04.2019	Rs. 1,50,00,000/-
5.	Palred Electronics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	Running Contract	Pledge of fixed deposits against working capital limits	NA	Rs. 21,29,81, 310 /-
6.	Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi	Independent Director	Running Contract	Director Sitting Fees	NA	Rs. 40,000/-
7.	Mr. Atul Sharma	Independent Director	Running Contract	Director Sitting Fees	NA	Rs. 60,000/-
8.	Ms. Aakanksha	Independent Director	Running Contract	Director Sitting Fees	NA	Rs. 60,000/-
9.	Mr. P. Harish Naidu	CFO (KMP)	Running Contract	Salary Expenses	NA	Rs.35,00,000/-
10.	Ms. Shruti Rege	CS & Compliance Officer (KMP)	Running Contract	Salary Expenses	NA	Rs. 8,62,500/-
11.	Palred Technology Services Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	Running Contract	Pledge of fixed deposits against working capital limits	NA	Rs. 2,24,59,519 /-

Notes:

- 1) The Board of Directors of Palred Technologies Limited have at their Board Meeting dated 14.08.2021 had approved Corporate Guarantee of Rs. 30 Crores to Palred Electronics Private Limited (formerly known as Palred Online Technologies Private Limited).
- 2) The Board of Directors of Palred Technologies Limited have at the Board Meetings held on 31.08.2020 approved the appointment of Mrs. P. Supriya Reddy as Chairperson & Managing Director to fill the casual vacancy aroused as on 12.08.2020 due to demise of former Chairman & Managing Director, Mr. P. Srikanth Reddy.
- 3) The nature of relationship of Ms. Stuthi Reddy, related party has been changed as Director after getting appointed as a Non-Executive-Non-independent Director of the Company in the Board Meeting duly held on 31.08.2020.

For and on behalf of the Board of
Palred Technologies Limited

Sd/-
P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
(DIN: 00055870)

Sd/-
S. Vijaya Saradhi
Director
(DIN: 03089889)

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 19.08.2022

Annexures-D to the Director's Report

Information as per Rule 5(1) of Chapter XIII, Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

The nomination and remuneration committee consists of 3 Independent Directors. It reviews the remuneration of Chairperson and Managing Director of the Company.

Name of Director	DIN	Title	Remuneration in Fiscal 2022	Remuneration in Fiscal 2021	% increase	Ratio of the remuneration of director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year 2020-2021	Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year
Palem Supriya Reddy	00055870	Chairperson and Managing Director	15,00,000	10,00,000	Nil	1.30:1	Nil

Remuneration Paid to Independent Directors in Financial Year 2021-2022 - Nil

The Independent Directors are entitled to sitting fees of Rs. 15,000/- per Board Meeting for attending Board Meetings.

Percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer in the financial year 2021-2022-
Director- 50%

Company Secretary- 25.41%

Chief Financial Officer- 25.37%

Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year 2021-2022- Nil

None of the employees is drawing Rs. 8,50,000/- and above per month or Rs.1,02,00,000/- and above in aggregate per annum, the limits prescribed under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014.

For and on behalf of the Board of
Palred Technologies Limited

Sd/-

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
(DIN: 00055870)

Sd/-

S. Vijaya Saradhi
Director
(DIN: 03089889)

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 19.08.2022

Annexure-E to the Director's Report

Report on Corporate Governance

In accordance with Regulation 34 (3) read with Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 the report containing the details of Corporate Governance systems and processes at Palred Technologies Limited as follows:

1. Company's Philosophy on Corporate Governance

Company's endeavour is to maximize shareholder value. Palred is committed to adopt best governance practices and its adherence in true spirit at all times. It has strong legacy of fair, transparent and ethical governance practices.

Company has adopted a code of conduct which is applicable to all employees and is posted on the website of the Company. The Company also has in place a code for preventing insider trading.

Company is fully compliant with the requirements of the listing regulations and applicable corporate governance norms and is committed to ensuring compliance with all modifications within the prescribed time.

2. Board diversity

The Company recognizes and embraces the importance of a diverse board in its success. We believe that a truly diverse board will leverage differences in thought, perspective, knowledge, skill, regional and industry experience, cultural and geographical background, age, ethnicity, race and gender, which will help us, retain our competitive advantage. The Board has adopted the Board Diversity Policy which sets out the approach to diversity of the Board of Directors. The Board Diversity Policy is available on our website, www.palred.com.

3. Compliance with SEBI (listing obligations and disclosure requirements) regulations, 2015

In compliance with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 the Company framed the following policies which are available on Company's website i.e. www.palred.com

- Board Diversity Policy
- Policy on preservation of Documents
- Risk Management Policy
- Whistle Blower Policy
- Familiarization programme for Independent Directors
- Sexual Harassment Policy
- Related Party Policy
- Code of Conduct for Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel

4. Palred' code of conduct for the prevention of insider trading

The Board of Directors has adopted the Insider Trading Policy in accordance with the requirements of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulation, 2015. The Insider Trading Policy of the Company lays down guidelines and procedures to be followed, and disclosures to be made while dealing with shares of the Company. The policy has been formulated to regulate, monitor and ensure reporting of deals by employees and to maintain the highest ethical standards of dealing in Company securities.

The Insider Trading Policy of the Company covering code of practices and procedures for fair disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information and code of conduct for the prevention of insider trading, is available on our website www.palred.com

5. Board of Directors

The composition of the Board of Directors of the company is an appropriate combination of executive and non-executive Directors with right element of independence. As on March 31, 2022, the Company's Board comprised of Six Directors, out of which two are promoter Directors. In addition, there are three independent Directors on the Board including One Women Director. In terms of Regulation 17(1) (b) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and section 149 of Companies Act 2013, the company is required to have one half of total Directors as independent Directors. The non-executive Directors are appointed or re-appointed based on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee which considers their overall experience, expertise and industry knowledge. One third of the non-executive Directors other than independent Directors, are liable to retire by rotation every year and are eligible for reappointment, subject to approval by the shareholders.

6. Skills / Expertise / Competencies of the Board of Directors

The following is the list of core skills / expertise / competencies identified by the Board of Directors as required in the context of the Company's business and that the said skills are available with the Board Members:

Sl. No.	Skills / Expertise / Competence of the Board of Directors are required in the context of business of the Company	Names of the Directors who have such skills / expertise / competence
1.	Business Strategy, Sales & Marketing, Law, Taxation, Finance , Foreign Exchange Related	Mr. Srikar Reddy
2.	Corporate Governance, Administration, Decision Making	Mr. Srikar Reddy & Mrs. P. Supriya Reddy
3.	Financial and Management skills.	Mr. Atul Sharma
4.	Technical / Professional skills	Ms. Stuthi Reddy & Ms. Aakanksha
5.	Behavioural skills - attributes and competencies	Mrs. P. Supriya Reddy

7. Appointment/Re-appointment of Directors

Details of Director seeking appointment/ reappointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting as required under Regulation 36 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") is annexed to the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting and forming part of this Annual Report.

8. Attendance and directorships held

As mandated by the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, none of the Directors are members of more than ten Board-level committees nor are they chairman of more than five committees in which they are members. Further all the Directors have confirmed that they do not serve as an independent director in more than seven listed companies or where they are whole-time directors in any listed company, then they do not serve as independent director in more than three listed companies.

The names and categories of the Directors on the Board, their attendance at Board meeting during the year and at last Annual General Meeting, as also the number of Directorships and Committee memberships held by them in other companies are shown in **Table 1**.

Name of Director	Relationship with other Directors	Category	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	Whether Attended Last AGM	No. of Outside Directorships of Public Companies	No. of Committee Memberships	No. of Committee Chairmanships
Sribhashyam Vijaya Saradhi	None	Independent Director	8	8	Yes	3 Deemed Public Companies	4	2
Atul Sharma	None	Independent Director	8	6	Yes	0	3	0
Richa Patnaik	None	Independent Director	5	0	Yes	0	1	0
Mr. MVLN Murthy	None	Director	5	5	Yes	3 Deemed Public Companies	1	0
Ms. Aakanksha	None	Independent Director	8	8	Yes	3 Public Companies	3	1
Mr. Srikar Reddy	Brother-in -Law of Chairperson & Managing Director	Director	8	7	Yes	4 Public Companies	9	0
Mrs. P. Supriya Reddy	Mother of Director	Promoter Director	8	8	Yes	0	3	1
Ms. Stuthi Reddy	Daughter of Chairperson & Managing Director	Promoter Director	8	4	No	3 Deemed Public Companies	1	0

The Name of other listed entities where directors of the company are directors and the category of directorship are shown in following table:

Sr.No.	Name of Director	Name of the Listed Companies in Which Director is Director	Nature of Directorship
1.	Mr. Srikar Reddy	Sonata Software Limited	Managing Director
		Visaka Industries Limited	Director
2.	Ms. Aakanksha	Dr Habeebullah Life Sciences Limited	Independent Director
		Punit Commercials Ltd	Independent Director
		Vintage Coffee And Beverages Limited	Independent Director

9. Information supplied to the board

The Board has complete access to all information of the Company and is regularly provided advanced detailed information as a part of the agenda papers or is tabled therein. In addition, detailed quarterly performance report by the Managing Director is presented in the quarterly Board meeting, encompassing all facets of the Company's operations during the quarter, including update of key projects, outlook and matters relating to environment, health & safety, corporate social responsibility etc. The following information is provided to the Board as a part of the agenda papers:

- Annual and Quarterly financial statements for the Company and the Accounting Policy.
- Minutes of the meetings of the Audit Committee and other Committees of the Board.
- Annual business plan
- Information on recruitment and remuneration of senior officers just below the level of Board, including the

appointment or removal of Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary, whenever required

- Expansion projects and its status monitoring.
- Fatal or serious accidents, injuries or any material environmental problems, if any
- Any material default in financial obligations to and by the Company, or substantial non-payment for goods sold by the Company, if any
- Significant labour problems and their proposed solutions, whenever necessary
- Any significant development in human resources / industrial relations including long-term wage agreement, major voluntary retirement scheme, etc.
- Quarterly details of foreign exchange exposures and the steps taken by the management to limit the risks of adverse exchange rate movement, if material Quarterly disclosure of all the investments made

- Material non-compliance of any regulatory, statutory nature or listing requirements and shareholders service, such as non-payment of dividend, delay in share transfer and others, if any
- Quarterly review of compliance status under various laws applicable to the Company
- Substantial non-payment of goods sold by the Company except disputes
- Related Party Transactions, if they are not at arm's length and in the ordinary course of business
- Half-yearly summary of bank guarantees issued.
- All other matters required to be placed before the Board for its review / information / approval under the statutes, including SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

10. Familiarization program for independent directors

The Board members are provided with necessary documents, reports, internal policies and site visits to enable them to familiarize with the Company's operations, its procedures and practices. Periodic presentations are made at the Board and Board Committee Meetings, on business and performance updates of the Company business, strategy and risks involved. Detailed presentations on the Company's business segments were made at the meetings of the Directors held during the year. During the financial year 2021-22, Ms. Richa Patnaik, Independent Director has tendered her resignation as Independent Director of the Company w.e.f. 18.11.2021.

The Company's Policy of conducting the Familiarization Program and details of such familiarization program during the year, is placed on its website viz., www.palred.com.

11. Committees of the board

The Company has four Board-level Committees - Audit Committee, Stakeholder Relationship Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee and Risk Management Committee.

All decisions pertaining to the constitution of Committees, appointment of members and fixing of terms of service for Committee members are taken by the Board of Directors. Details on the role and composition of these Committees, including the number of meetings held during the financial year and the related attendance, are provided below:

12. Performance Evaluation of Board, Committees and Directors

Pursuant to provisions of Regulation 17(10) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the provisions of the Act, an annual Board effectiveness evaluation was conducted for FY 2021-22 on February 14, 2022, involving the following:

- Evaluation of IDs, in their absence, by the entire Board was undertaken, based on their performance and fulfilment of the independence criteria prescribed under the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations; and
- Evaluation of the Board of Directors, its Committees and individual Directors, including the role of the Board Chairman.

An IDs' meeting, in accordance with the provisions of Section 149(8) read with Schedule IV of the Act and Regulation 25(3) and 25(4) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, was convened

on February 14th, 2022, mainly to review the performance of Independent Directors and the Chairman & Managing Director as also the Board as a whole. All IDs were present at the said meeting.

- Board:** Composition, responsibilities, stakeholder value and responsibility, Board development, diversity, governance, leadership, directions, strategic input, etc.
- Executive Directors:** Skill, knowledge, performance, compliances, ethical standards, risk mitigation, sustainability, strategy formulation and execution, financial planning & performance, managing human relations, appropriate succession plan, external relations including CSR, community involvement and image building, etc.
- Independent Directors:** Participation, managing relationship, ethics and integrity, Objectivity, bringing independent judgement, time devotion, protecting interest of minority shareholders, domain knowledge contribution, etc.
- Chairman:** Managing relationships, commitment, leadership effectiveness, promotion of training and development of directors etc.
- Committees:** Terms of reference, participation of members, responsibility delegated, functions and duties, objectives alignment with company strategy, composition of committee, committee meetings and procedures, management relations.

Performance evaluation was done on the scale of 1 to 5, 1 being very poor and 5 being outstanding. The outcome of performance evaluation is given below:

Categories	Rating (out of 5)
Board as a whole	4.81
Individual Directors	
Mrs. P. Supriya Reddy	4.85
Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi	4.81
Mr. Atul Sharma	4.75
Mrs. Aakanksha	4.86
Mr. Srikar Reddy	4.84
Mrs. Stuthi Reddy	4.82
Audit Committee	4.65
Stakeholder Relationship Committee	4.78
Nomination & Remuneration Committee	4.74
Risk Management Committee	4.52

Disclosures as prescribed under SEBI circular dated May 10, 2018 are given below:

Observations of Board evaluation carried out for the year	No observations.
Previous year's observations and actions taken	Since no observations were received, no actions were taken.
Proposed actions based on current year observations	Since no observations were received, no actions were taken.

13. Declaration by Independent Directors:

All the Independent Directors have confirmed that they meet the criteria of independence as mentioned under Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), 2015 read with Section 149(6) of the Act.

14. Declaration by Board:

The Board has confirmed that in its opinion, the independent directors fulfill the conditions specified in these regulations and are independent of the management.

During the year under review, no Independent Director has resigned before expiry of his tenure.

15. Audit committee:

Terms of reference of Audit committee covers all the matters prescribed under Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the Act, 2013.

A. Brief Description of Terms of Reference: -

Overview of the Company's financial reporting process and disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statements reflect a true and fair position and that sufficient and credible information is disclosed.

- a. Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- b. Recommending the appointment and removal of External Auditors, fixation of audit fee and approval for payment for any other services;
- c. Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process.
- d. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by them.
- e. Review with the management and statutory auditors of the annual financial statements before submission to the Board with particular reference to:
 - i) Matters required to be included in the Directors' Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's Report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - ii) Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - iii) Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - iv) Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - v) Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements
 - vi) Disclosure of any related party transactions;
 - vii) Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report;
- f. Review of the quarterly and half yearly financial results with the management and the statutory auditors;
- g. Examination of the financial statement and the auditors' report thereon;
- h. Review and monitor statutory auditor's independence and performance and effectiveness of audit process;
- i. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions with related parties;
- j. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- k. Review of valuation of undertakings or assets of the company wherever it is necessary;
- l. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- m. Review with the management, statutory auditors and the internal auditors about the nature and scope of audits and of the adequacy of internal control systems;
- n. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure, coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- o. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board;
- p. Consideration of the reports of the internal auditors and discussion about their findings with the management and suggesting corrective actions wherever necessary;
- q. Look into the reasons for any substantial defaults in payment to the depositors, debenture-holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividend) and creditors, if any;
- r. Review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
- s. Review and monitor the end use of funds raised through public offers and related matters;
- t. Approval of appointment of Chief Financial Officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- u. Frame and review policies in relation to implementation of the Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading and supervise its implementation under the overall supervision of the Board;
- v. Discharge such duties and functions as indicated in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder from time to time.
- w. Review of the following information:
 - management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
 - statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the audit committee), submitted by management;
 - management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
 - internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses;
 - The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Internal Auditor shall be subject to review by the Audit Committee.
 - Statement of deviations as per SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
 - Quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to Stock Exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1).
 - Annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice in terms of Regulation 32(7).
 - The Audit Committee of the listed holding company shall also review the financial statements, in particular, the

investments made by the unlisted subsidiary company.

- Carrying out any other function as may be referred to the Committee by the Board.
- Authority to review / investigate into any matter covered by Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and matters specified in Part C of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations.

B. Internal Audit:

The Company has adequate internal control and Internal Audit system commensurate with its size and nature of its business. The Internal Audit Plan is approved by the Audit Committee and the Internal Auditors directly present their report to the Audit Committee for their consideration.

C. Composition, Meetings & Attendance:

The Audit Committee of the Company is constituted in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations and the provisions of Section 177 of the Act. All members of the Committee are financially literate, with Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi, as Chairman of the Committee, having the relevant accounting and financial management expertise.

The composition of the Audit Committee and the details of the meetings attended by its members during the financial year ended 31st March 2022 are as under:

Name	Designation	Category	No of Meetings held	No of Meetings attended
Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi	Chairman	NED(I)	5	5
Mr. Atul Sharma	Member	NED(I)	5	3
Ms. Aakanksha	Member	NED(I)	5	5
Mr. P. Srikar Reddy	Member	NED	5	4

* Mrs. Richa Patnaik and Mrs. P. Supriya Reddy were resigned as members as on 18.11.2021.

The Audit Committee met 5 times during the financial year 2021-22 and the gap between any two meetings did not exceed 120 days. The dates on which the Audit Committee Meetings held were: 26th June, 2021, 14th August 2021, 13th November 2021, 23rd December, 2021 and 14th February 2022. Requisite quorum was present at the above Meetings.

All the recommendations of the Audit Committee have been accepted by the Board of Directors.

During the year, the Audit Committee inter alia reviewed key audit findings covering Operational, Financial and Compliance areas, Risk Mitigation Plan covering key risks affecting the Company which were presented to the Committee. The Chairman of the Audit Committee briefed the Board members on the significant discussions which took place at Audit Committee Meetings.

The Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 25th September, 2021.

16. Nomination and remuneration committee:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee ('NRC') functions in accordance with Section 178 of the Act, Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations and its Charter

adopted by the Board. The terms of reference of the NRC includes:

- Recommend to the Board the setup and composition of the Board, including formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director.
- Periodical review of composition of the Board with the objective of achieving an optimum balance of size, skills, independence, knowledge, age, gender and experience.
- Support the Board in matters related to the setup, review and refresh of the Committees.
- Devise a policy on Board diversity.
- Recommend to the Board the appointment or reappointment of Directors.
- Recommend to the Board how the Company will vote on resolutions for appointment of Directors on the Boards of its material subsidiaries.
- Recommend to the Board, the appointment of Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and executive team members.
- Carry out the evaluation of every Director's performance and support the Board and Independent Directors in the evaluation of the performance of the Board, its Committees and individual Directors, including formulation of criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board.
- Oversee the performance review process for the KMP and executive team with the view that there is an appropriate cascading of goals and targets across the Company.
- Recommend the Remuneration Policy for the Directors, KMP, executive team and other employees.
- On an annual basis, recommend to the Board the remuneration payable to Directors, KMP and executive team of the Company.
- Review matters related to remuneration and benefits payable upon retirement and severance to MD/EDs, KMP and executive team.
- Review matters related to voluntary retirement and early separation schemes for the Company.
- Provide guidelines for remuneration of Directors on material subsidiaries.
- Recommend to the Board how the Company will vote on resolutions for remuneration of Directors on the Boards of its material subsidiaries.
- Assist the Board in fulfilling its corporate governance responsibilities relating to remuneration of the Board, KMP and executive team members.
- Oversee familiarisation programmes for Directors.
- Review HR and People strategy and its alignment with the business strategy periodically, or when a change is made to either.
- Review the efficacy of HR practices, including those for leadership development, rewards and recognition, talent management and succession planning.
- Perform other activities related to the charter as requested by the Board from time to time.

A. Composition of the committee, meetings and attendance during the year:

There was one Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting held during the financial year 2021-22 on 14.02.2022.

Name	Designation	Category	No of Meetings held	No of Meetings attended
Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi	Chairman	NED(I)	1	1
Mr. Atul Sharma	Member	NED(I)	1	1
Mrs. Aakanksha	Member	NED(I)	1	1
Mrs. Supriya Reddy Palem	Member	ED	1	1

* Mr. MVLN Murthy tendered his resignation as Non-Executive Director & Member of NRC w.e.f. 22.11.2021.

17. Stakeholder's relationship committee:

Terms of reference of the committee comprise of various matters provided under Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations and section 178 of the Act, 2013 which inter-alia include:

- (i) Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the listed entity including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.
- (ii) Proactively communicate and engage with stockholders including engaging with the institutional shareholders at least once a year along with members of the Committee/ Board/ KMPs, as may be required and identifying actionable points for implementation.
- (iii) Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- (iv) Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
- (v) Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company.

The Committee comprises of 3 Directors out of which 2 are independent. In the financial year 2021-22, 4 meetings of the Committee were held on 26th June 2022; 14th August 2021; 13th November 2021 and 14th February 2022. Composition of committees and member's attendance at the meetings during the year are as under:

Name	Designation	Category	No of Meetings held	No of Meetings attended
Mrs. Aakanksha	Chairperson	NED(I)	4	4
Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi	Member	NED(I)	4	4
Mrs. Supriya Reddy Palem	Member	ED	4	4

18. Performance evaluation criteria for independent directors:

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee shall evaluate each individual with the objective of having a group that best enables the success of the company's business.

Policy:

1. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, and the Board, shall review on annual basis, appropriate skills, knowledge and experience required of the Board as a whole and its individual members. The objective is to have a board with diverse background and experience that are relevant for the Company's operations.
2. In evaluating the suitability of individual Board member the NR Committee may take into account factors, such as:
 - General understanding of the company's business dynamics, global business and social perspective;
 - Educational and professional background
 - Standing in the profession;
 - Personal and professional ethics, integrity and values;
 - Willingness to devote sufficient time and energy in carrying out their duties and responsibilities effectively.
- 2.1 The proposed appointee shall also fulfil the following requirements:
 - shall possess a Director Identification Number;
 - shall not be disqualified under the companies Act, 2013;
 - shall endeavour to attend all Board Meeting and Wherever he is appointed as a Committee Member, the Committee Meeting;
 - shall abide by the code of Conduct established by the company for Directors and senior Management personnel;
 - shall disclose his concern or interest in any company or companies or bodies corporate, firms, or other association of individuals including his shareholding at the first meeting of the Board in every financial year and thereafter whenever there is a change in the disclosures already made;
 - Such other requirements as may be prescribed, from time to time, under the companies Act, 2013, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 and other relevant laws.
3. Criteria of independence
 - 3.1 The Nomination & Remuneration Committee shall assess the independence of Directors at time of appointment/re-appointment and the Board shall assess the same annually. The Board shall re-assess determinations of independence when any new interest or relationships are disclosed by a Director.
 - 3.2 The criteria of independence shall be in accordance with guidelines as laid down in companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(b) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
 - 3.3 The independent Director shall abide by the "code for independent Directors "as specified in Schedule IV to the companies Act, 2013.
4. Other directorships/ committee memberships
 - 4.1 The Board members are expected to have adequate time and expertise and experience to contribute to effective Board performance. Accordingly, members should voluntarily limit their directorships in other listed public limited companies in such a way that it does not interfere with their role as director of the company. The NR Committee shall take into account the nature of and the time involved in a director's service on other Boards,

in evaluating the suitability of the individual Director and making its recommendations to the Board.

- 4.2 A Director shall not serve as director in more than 20 companies of which not more than 10 shall be public limited companies.
- 4.3 A Director shall not serve as an independent Director in more than 7 listed companies and not more than 3 listed companies in case he is serving as a whole-time Director in any listed company.
- 4.4 A Director shall not be a member in more than 10 committees or act as chairman of more than 5 committee across all companies in which he holds directorships.

For the purpose of considering the limit of the committee, Audit committee and stakeholder's relationship committee of all public limited companies, whether listed or not, shall be included and all other companies including private limited companies, foreign companies and companies under section 8 of the companies Act, 2013 shall be excluded.

19. Name and designation of compliance officer:

Ms. Shruti Mangesh Rege is the Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company.

20. Details of complaints/requests received, resolved and pending during the year 2021-22:

Number of complaints	Number
Number of complaints received from the investors comprising non-receipt of securities sent for transfer and transmission, complaints received from SEBI / Registrar of Companies / Bombay Stock Exchange / National Stock Exchange / SCORE and so on	1
Number of complaints resolved	1
Number of complaints not resolved to the satisfaction of the investors as on March 31, 2022	0
Complaints pending as on March 31, 2022	0
Number of Share transfers pending for approval, as on March 31, 2022	0

21. Pecuniary Relationship or Transactions Of The Non-Executive Directors Vis-À-Vis The Listed Company:

Ms. Stuthi Reddy, Non-Executive Director of the Company has pecuniary relationship with Company. Following are transaction details:

Sr. No.	Name of Non-Executive Director	Nature of Transaction	Amount (Rs.)
1.	Ms. Stuthi Reddy	Lease of Premises	8,00,000/-

A. CRITERIA FOR MAKING PAYMENTS TO NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:

Policy:

1. Remuneration to Executive Director and key managerial personnel
 - 1.1 The Board on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration (NR) committee shall review and approve the remuneration payable to the Executive Director of the company within the overall limit approved by the shareholders.
 - 1.2 The Board on the recommendation of the NR committee shall also review and approve the remuneration payable to the key managerial personnel of the company.
 - 1.3 The remuneration structure to the Executive Director and key managerial personnel shall include the following components:
 - (i) Basic pay
 - (ii) Perquisites and Allowances
 - (iii) Stock Options
 - (iv) Commission (Applicable in case of Executive Directors)
 - (v) Retrial benefits
 - (vi) Annual performance Bonus
 - 1.4 The Annual plan and Objectives for Executive committee shall be reviewed by the NR committee and Annual performance Bonus will be approved by the committee based on the achievement against the Annual plan and Objectives.

2. Remuneration to Non – Executive Directors

- 2.1 The Board, on the recommendation of the NR Committee, shall review and approve the remuneration payable to the Non – Executive Directors of the Company within the overall limits approved by the shareholders.
- 2.2 Non – Executive Directors shall be entitled to sitting fees attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof. The Non- Executive Directors shall also be entitled to profit related commission in addition to the sitting fees.

3. Remuneration to other employees

- 3.1 Employees shall be assigned grades according to their qualifications and work experience, competencies as well as their roles and responsibilities in the organization. Individual remuneration shall be determined within the appropriate grade and shall be based on various factors such as job profile skill sets, seniority, experience and prevailing remuneration levels for equivalent jobs.

B. REMUNERATION TO DIRECTORS PAID DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2021-22 AND OTHER DISCLOSURES:

Name of the Director	Salary(Rs)	Sitting fees(Rs)	Number of shares held	Service Contracts	Stock Option Details	Fixed Component	Performance Based Incentive
Supriya Reddy Palem	15,00,000	--	10,00,000	--	--	--	--
Sribhashyam Vijaya Saradhi	--	40,000	--	--	--	--	--
Atul Sharma	--	60,000	--	--	--	--	--
Richa Patnaik	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Mr. Srikar Reddy	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aakanksha	--	60,000	--	--	--	--	--
M.V.L. N. Murthy	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Stuthi Reddy	--	--	10,00,000	--	--	--	--

21. Independent directors' meeting:

As per clause 7 of the schedule IV of the Companies Act (Code for Independent Directors), a separate meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company (without the attendance of Non-Independent directors) was held on 14.02.2022, to discuss:

1. Evaluation of the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as whole;
2. Evaluation of the quality, content and timelines of flow of information between the management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

All the Independent Directors of the Company were present at the meeting.

As required under Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, the company regularly familiarizes Independent Directors with the Company, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the company, nature of the industry in which the company operates, business model of the company etc. The details of the familiarization program is given at company's website ([www.palred.com/ Investor Relations](http://www.palred.com/Investor%20Relations)).

viii) Remuneration policy:

The objectives of the remuneration policy are to motivate Directors to excel in their performance, recognize their contribution and retain talent in the organization and reward merit.

The remuneration levels are governed by industry pattern, qualifications and experience of the Directors, responsibilities should and individual performance.

Policy for selection of directors and determining directors' independence:

1. Scope:

This policy sets out the guiding principles for the Nomination & Remuneration Committee for identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors and to determine the independence of Directors, in case of their appointment as independent Directors of the Company.

2. Terms and References:

2.1 "Director" means a director appointed to the Board of a Company.

2.2 "Nomination and Remuneration Committee means the committee constituted in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

2.3 "Independent Director" means a director referred to in sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

Remuneration policy for Directors, key managerial personnel and other employees:

1. Scope:

1.1 This policy sets out the guiding principles for the Nomination and Remuneration committee for recommending to the Board the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees of the company.

2. Terms and Reference:

In this policy the following terms shall have the following meanings:

2.1 "Director" means a director appointed to the Board of the company.

2.2 "Key Managerial Personnel" means

(i) The Chief Executive Office or the Managing Director or the Manager;

(ii) The Company Secretary;

(iii) The Whole-Time Director;

(iv) The Chief Finance Officer; and

(v) Such other office as may be prescribed under the companies Act, 2013

2.3 "Nomination and Remuneration committee" means the committee constituted by Board in accordance with the provisions of section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

22. Risk Management Committee: -

The Company has an effective risk management procedure, which is governed at the highest level by the Board of Directors. However, to further strengthen & streamline the procedures about risk assessment and minimization procedures, the Board of Directors voluntarily constituted a Board level Risk Management Committee (RMC).

A.) Composition:

The Details of composition of the Committee are given below:

Name	Designation	Category
Mrs. Supriya Reddy Palem	Chairperson	ED
Mr. Atul Sharma	Member	NED(I)
Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi	Member	NED(I)
Ms. Stuthi Reddy	Member	NED

Role and responsibilities of the committee includes the following:

- Framing of Risk Management Plan and Policy.
- Overseeing implementation of Risk Management Plan and Policy
- Monitoring of Risk Management Plan and Policy
- Validating the process of risk management
- Validating the procedure for Risk minimisation.
- Periodically reviewing and evaluating the Risk Management Policy and practices with respect to risk assessment and risk management processes.
- Continually obtaining reasonable assurance from management that all known and emerging risks have been identified and mitigated or managed.

23. Monitoring Governance of Subsidiary Companies:

Pursuant to regulation 16(1)(c) of the Listing Regulations, the Company has three material subsidiary as on 31st March, 2021, i.e. Palred Technology Services Private Limited, Palred Electronics Private Limited and Palred Retail Private Limited. The Company has material subsidiary pursuant to regulation 24 of the Listing Regulations and is required to appoint Independent Director on the Board of its material

subsidiary. The Company has appointed Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi on the Board of Palred Electronics Private Limited, Palred Technology Services Private Limited, Palred Retail Private Limited and Mr. YVR Srinivas on the Board of Palred Electronics Private Limited & Palred Retail Private Limited.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are reviewed by the Audit Committee. The minutes of the meetings of the subsidiaries are placed before the Board of Directors of the Company, and the Board has periodically noted and reviewed all significant transactions entered into by the subsidiaries. Investment proposals beyond threshold values are executed by the subsidiary companies only after positive recommendation by the Board/Investment and Risk Management Committee of the Company.

24. Non-executive directors' compensation and disclosures:

None of the Independent/Non-Executive Directors has any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company which in the Judgment of the Board may affect the independence of the Directors.

25. Outstanding GDR/ADR/Warrants or any convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity:

The Company has issued and allotted 25,00,000 convertible Share Warrants at Rs.128/- per warrant to Mr. Mathew Cyriac, Non-Promoter Investor duly approved in EGM held as on 20th November, 2021.

28. Details on general body meetings:

A. Location, date and time of last three AGMs and special resolutions there at as under:

Financial Year	Date	Time	Location	Special / Ordinary Resolution
2020-21	25.09.2021	10.00 AM	Plot NO.2, 8-2-703/2/B, Road No.12, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad- 500034	2 Ordinary Resolutions & 3 Special Resolutions
2019-20	10.10.2020	9:00 A.M.	Plot NO.2, 8-2-703/2/B, Road No.12, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad- 500034	6 Ordinary Resolutions
2018-19	30.09.2019	9:00 A.M.	Plot NO.2, 8-2-703/2/B, Road No.12, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad- 500034	2 Ordinary Resolutions & 3 Special Resolutions

B. Location, date and time of EGM held during FY.2021-22 and special resolutions there at as under:

Financial Year	Date	Time	Location	Special / Ordinary Resolution
2021-22	20.11.2021	9.30 AM	Plot NO.2, 8-2-703/2/B, Road No.12, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad- 500034	Special Resolution

29. Passing of Resolutions By Postal Ballot

There were no resolutions passed by the Company through Postal Ballot during the financial year 2021-22.

30. Means Of Communication:

Effective communication of information is an essential component of Corporate Governance. It is a process of sharing information, ideas, thoughts, opinions and plans to all stakeholders which promotes management-shareholder relations. The Company regularly interacts with Members through multiple channels of communication such as results announcement, annual report, media releases, Company's website and subject specific communications.

The quarterly, half yearly and annual results of the Company's performance are published in leading newspapers such as

26. Number of shares and convertible instruments held by nonexecutive directors:

None of the Non-executive Directors hold equity shares or convertible instruments of the Company.

27. Disclosure of commodity price risks and commodity hedging activities:

Price and demand of the Company's finished products are inherently volatile and remain strongly influenced by global economic conditions. Any fluctuation in finished product prices or currency has direct impact on the Company's revenue and profits.

The Company considers exposure to commodity price fluctuations to be an integral part of our business and its usual policy is to sell its products at prevailing market prices. The Company has a well-defined policy framework wherein no speculative positions are taken and limited commodity hedging is done with endeavours to achieve month-average rates both in currency and metal prices. The Company follows the policy of taking forward cover for net foreign exposure, if the net is payable in foreign currency, with negligible exposure in non USD currencies All policies are periodically reviewed basis local and global economic environment.

Business Standard and Navatelangana. These results are also made available on the website of the Company <https://www.palred.com/investor-relations/quarterly-results/>. The website also displays vital information relating to the Company and its performance, official press releases and presentation to analysts.

All price sensitive information and matters that are material to Members are disclosed to the respective Stock Exchanges where the securities of the Company are listed. The Quarterly Results, Shareholding Pattern and all other corporate communication to the Stock Exchanges are filed through NSE Electronic Application Processing System (NEAPS) and BSE Listing Centre, for dissemination on their respective websites. The stock exchange filings are also made available on the website of the Company <https://www.palred.com>.

31. General shareholder information:

A. Annual general meeting:

The 23rd Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held as per the following schedule:

Day	Saturday
Date	24th September, 2022
Time	10.00 a.m.
Venue	Through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"). The AGM shall be deemed to be held at Plot No.2, 8-2-703/2/B, Road No.12, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad- 500034

B. Venue: Financial Year And Financial Year Calendar 2022-23 (Tentative Schedule)

The financial calendar (tentative) shall be as under:

Financial Year	2022-23
First Quarterly Results	14.08.2022
Second Quarterly Results	14.11.2022
Third Quarterly Results	14.02.2023
Fourth Quarterly Results	29.05.2023
Annual General Meeting for year ending 31st March, 2023	30.09.2023

C. Extraordinary General Meeting

Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company was held as on 20th November, 2021 to issue 25,00,000 convertible warrants on preferential basis.

D. Dividend Payment Date: No Dividend was declared during the Financial Year 2021-22.

E. Listing on stock exchanges & address:

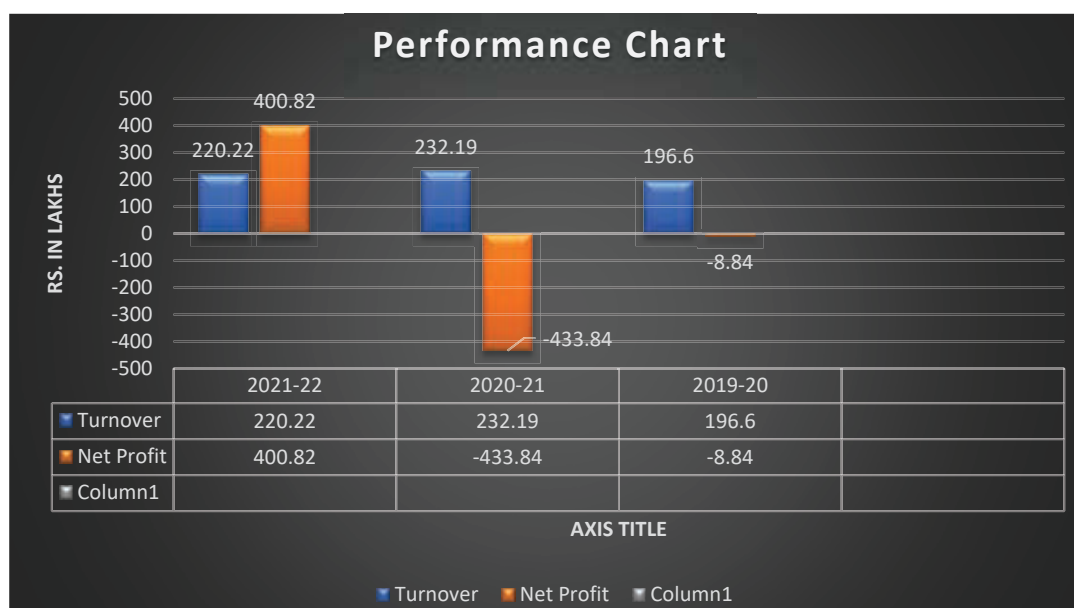
The equity shares of the Company are listed on National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) and Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE). The Company has paid the listing fees for the year 2022-2023 to both the Stock Exchanges.

Name of Exchanges	
NSE Limited	BSE Limited
PALREDTEC	PALRED
Address: National Stock Exchange of India Ltd., Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E) Mumbai – 400 051	Address: BSE Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai- 400001.

F. Stock Market Price Data: BSE Limited & NSE Limited:

Month	Bombay Stock Exchange(BSE)				National Stock Exchange(NSE)			
	Open Price	High Price	Low Price	Close Price	Open Price	High Price	Low Price	Close Price
Apr 21	95.00	149.50	94.50	141.00	94.05	149.95	92.90	139.45
May 21	135.00	153.80	124.65	153.80	135.70	153.70	124.15	152.85
Jun 21	161.00	170.90	122.05	130.75	157.95	167.70	121.95	130.40
Jul 21	130.95	135.90	105.70	116.75	131.45	135.45	105.65	116.25
Aug 21	112.20	133.35	100.60	116.15	117.00	134.15	100.00	116.70
Sep 21	116.15	137.80	111.00	118.00	115.70	137.50	110.35	118.00
Oct 21	118.25	150.00	109.10	139.35	120.30	150.00	110.00	140.00
Nov 21	139.95	244.00	130.15	201.55	137.60	244.60	130.05	199.40
Dec 21	200.00	249.75	196.05	228.50	230.25	251.90	197.00	228.30
Jan 22	221.00	335.40	221.00	335.40	230.00	334.95	220.15	334.95
Feb 22	352.15	352.15	181.40	199.00	351.65	351.65	178.25	191.00
Mar 22	193.30	223.40	147.60	150.55	193.45	221.45	147.30	150.50

G. Performance in comparison to Board based indices:



H. Registrar and share transfer agents:

M/s. KFin Technologies Private Limited
 Karvy Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32,
 Gachibowli, Financial District,
 Nanakramguda, Hyderabad – 500032
 Phone Number: 040-67162222,67161526,
 Website: www.karvycomputershare.com
 Email- einward.ris@karvy.com

I. Share transfer system:

The transfers are normally processed within 10-12 days from the date of receipt, if the documents are complete in all respects. The Company Secretary has been empowered to approve the transfer of shares.

Effective April 1, 2019, SEBI has amended Regulation 40 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, which deals with transfer, transmission or transposition of securities. According to this amendment, the requests for effecting the transfer of listed securities shall not be processed unless the securities are held in dematerialised form with a Depository. Therefore, for effecting any transfer, the securities shall mandatorily be required to be in demat form.

Shares received for transfer by the Company or its Registrar and Share Transfer Agent in physical mode are processed and all valid transfers are approved. The share certificate(s) is/are duly transferred and dispatched within a period of 15 days from the date of receipt.

According to SEBI, this amendment will bring the following benefits:

- It shall curb fraud and manipulation risk in physical transfer of securities by unscrupulous entities.
- Transfer of securities only in demat form will improve ease, convenience and safety of transactions for investors.

J. Distribution of Shareholding as on 31st March, 2022:

CATEGORY	NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS	%	AMOUNT	%
1 – 5000	13485	92.80	9495060	9.76
5001 – 10000	474	3.26	3716270	3.82
10001 – 20000	270	1.86	4043690	4.15
20001 – 30000	98	0.67	2497240	2.57
30001 – 40000	43	0.30	1558290	1.60
40001 – 50000	33	0.23	1561180	1.60
50001 – 100000	61	0.42	4259160	4.38
100001 and above	67	0.46	70194770	72.12
TOTAL	14531	100.00	97325660	100

K. Dematerialisation & liquidity of shares:

Palred Shares are tradable in Electronic Form. The Company has established electronic connectivity through KFin

Technologies Private Limited with both the depositories, National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) The International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted to our shares under the Depository System is INE218G01033. As on March 31, 2022 99.88% of the shares were held in Dematerialised form and the rest in physical form.

Particulars	No. of Shares	% Share Capital
NSDL	8038054	82.59
CDSL	1684835	17.31
PHYSICAL	9677	0.10
Total	97,32,566	100.00

We request the shareholders whose shares are held in physical mode to dematerialize the shares and update their bank accounts with the depository participants.

L. Book closure date:

The date of Book Closure for the purpose of Annual General Meeting and determining the shareholders' entitlement for dividend shall be from Sunday, the 18th day of September, 2022 to Saturday, the 24th day of September, 2022 (both days inclusive).

M. Electronic connectivity:

Demat ISIN Number: INE218G01033

N. National Securities Depository Limited

Trade World, Kamala Mills Compound
 Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel
 Mumbai – 400 013.

O. Central Depository Services (India) Limited

Marathon Futurex, A-Wing, 25th floor,
 NM Joshi Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai 400013

P. Shareholding Pattern as on 31st March, 2022:

Sl. No.	CATEGORY OF SHAREHOLDER	No. of shares held	Percentage of shareholding
(A)	PROMOTER AND PROMOTER GROUP		
1)	INDIAN:		
a)	Individual	36,77,080	37.78
b)	Others	--	--
	Sub-Total A(1) :	36,77,080	37.78
2)	FOREIGN:	--	--
a)	Individuals	--	--
	Sub-Total A(2) :	--	--
	Total A=A(1)+A(2)	36,77,080	37.78
(B)	PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING		
1)	INSTITUTIONS:		
a)	Financial Institutions / Banks	60	0.00
b)	Foreign Institutional Investors	7,01,586	7.21
	Sub-Total B(1) :	7,01,646	7.21
2)	NON-INSTITUTIONS:		
a)	Bodies Corporate	3,63,204	3.73
b)	Individuals	39,41,736	40.50
	Sub-Total B(2) :	43,04,940	44.23

Sl. No.	CATEGORY OF SHAREHOLDER	No. of shares held	Percentage of shareholding
(C)	OTHERS:		
1)	HUF	1,40,373	1.44
2)	EMPLOYEES	10,341	0.11
3)	CLEARING MEMBERS	37,516	0.39
4)	FOREIGN BODIES	2,16,948	2.23
5)	FOREIGN NATIONALS	3,05,647	3.14
6)	CORPORATE BODY - OTHERS	740	0.01
7)	NON RESIDENT INDIANS	1,87,877	1.92
8)	TRUSTS	1,49,458	1.54
	Sub-Total C:	10,48,900	10.78
	Total B=B(1)+B(2) :	50,06,586	51.44
	Total (A+B) :	86,83,666	89.22
	GRAND TOTAL (A+B+C) :	97,32,566	100.00

Q. Disclosures:

A. Materially Significant Related Party Transactions

During the year under review, the Company had not entered in to any materially significant transaction with any related party that may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large. The Audit Committee has issued omnibus approval for the Related party transactions within the limits. Transactions with the Related Parties as required under Ind AS are disclosed in Note No.35 of the standalone financial statements forming part of this Annual Report.

B. Compliances

No Penalties were imposed during the period under Report.

C. Whistle Blower Policy (Set up in terms of Sec 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 22 of SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015)

With a view to adopt the highest ethical standards in the course of business, the Company has a whistle blower policy in place for reporting the instances of conduct which are not in conformity with the policy. Directors, employees, vendors or any person having dealings with the Company may report non-compliance to the Chairman of the Audit Committee, who reviews the report. Confidentiality is maintained of such reporting and it is ensured that the whistle blowers are not subjected to any discrimination. No person was denied access to the Audit Committee.

D. Details of compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of the non- mandatory requirements:

The Company has complied with the mandatory requirements of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and is in the process of implementation of non- mandatory requirements.

E. Policy on Material Subsidiaries

In terms of Regulation 34(3) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 the Board of Directors of the Company has adopted a policy with regard to determination of material subsidiaries. The policy is placed on the Company's website: www.palred.com.

F. Policy on Related Party Transactions

The Policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions is available on the Company's website: www.palred.com

G. Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A) etc.,

During the year ended 31st March 2022, there were no proceeds from public issues, rights issues, preferential issues etc.

H. None of the Directors of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India or the Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority. A Certificate to this effect, duly signed by the Practicing Company Secretary is annexed to this Report.

I. Recommendations of Committees of the Board

There were no instances during the financial year 2021-22 wherein the Board had not accepted the recommendations made by any Committee of the Board.

J. Total fee for all services paid by the listed entity and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/ network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part;

Payment to Auditors	Amount in Rs.(INR)
Statutory Audit fees including limited review	20,23,943
Certification & other attest services	2,75,000
Non-audit services	NIL
Outlays and Taxes	NIL

K. Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

The Company has established an appropriate mechanism for dealing with complaints in relation to Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace, in accordance with its Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace ('POSH') which is available on the website of the Company. There was on Complaints received during the financial year.

L. Commodity price risk and commodity hedging activities: Not Applicable

M. Non-compliance of any requirement of Corporate Governance Report of sub-para (2) to (10) of Schedule-V:

The company has complied with the requirement of Corporate Governance Report of sub-para (2) to (10) of Schedule-V of the Securities Exchange Board of India (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

N. Adoption of discretionary requirements as specified in Part E of Schedule II of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015:

With regard to discretionary requirements, the Company has adopted clauses relating to the internal auditor directly reporting to the Audit Committee.

O. The Disclosures of the compliance with Corporate Governance requirements specified in Regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 are as follows:

Regulation	Particulars of Regulations	Compliance status (Yes/No)
17	Board of Directors	Yes
18	Audit Committee	Yes
19	Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Yes
20	Stakeholders Relationship Committee	Yes
21	Risk Management Committee	Yes
22	Vigil mechanism	Yes
23	Related Party Transactions	Yes
24	Corporate Governance requirement with respect to subsidiary of listed entity	Yes
25	Obligations with respect to Independent Directors	Yes
26	Obligation with respect to Directors and senior management	Yes
27	Other Corporate Governance requirements	Yes . Regulation 46(2)(b) to (i) Functional Website

P. Disclosure with respect to Demat suspense account/unclaimed suspense account

There are no instances with respect to Demat suspense account/unclaimed suspense account.

Q. Compliance with SEBI (listing obligations and disclosure requirements) regulations, 2015:

In compliance with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 the Company has framed

the following policies which are available on Company's website i.e. www.palred.com

- Board Diversity Policy
- Policy on preservation of Documents
- Policy for Materiality.

R. Code of Conduct

The Board of Directors has laid down a 'Code of Conduct' (code) for all the Board members and the Senior Management of the Company and this code is posted on the website of the company. Annual declaration is obtained from every person covered by the code.

The Company has a comprehensive Code of Conduct for prevention of insider trading in accordance with the requirements of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015. The Board has formulated a Code of Conduct to regulate, monitor and report trading by insiders and the Board has also adopted a code of practices and procedures for fair disclosure of un-published price sensitive information, in order to align the same with SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018.

S. Disclosure of Accounting Treatment

The Company has complied with the appropriate accounting policies and has ensured that they have been applied consistently. There have been no deviations from the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules.

T. Non-Executive Directors' Compensation and Disclosures

None of the Independent / Non-Executive Directors has any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company which in the Judgment of the Board may affect the independence of the Directors.

U. CEO/ CFO Certification

In terms of regulation 17(8) of the Listing Regulations, the CFO made a certification to the Board of Directors which has been reviewed by the Audit Committee and taken on record by the Board and enclosed as Annexure-I to this Annual Report.

For and on behalf of the Board of
Palred Technologies Limited

Sd/-

Palem Supriya Reddy
Managing Director
(DIN: 00055870)

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 19.08.2022

Annexure-F

DECLARATION REGARDING COMPLIANCE BY BOARD MEMBERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL WITH THE COMPANY'S CODE OF CONDUCT

This is to confirm that the Company has obtained from all the Members of the Board and Senior Management Personnel affirmation that they have complied with the Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management Personnel as required under Regulation 26(3) of the Listing Regulations for the FY 2021-22.

For and on behalf of the Board of
Palred Technologies Limited

Sd/-

Palem Supriya Reddy
Managing Director
(DIN: 00055870)

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 19.08.2022

Annexure-G to the Director's Report

Management Discussion & Analysis Report

FOR THE YEAR 21-22

The Company has three subsidiaries, Palred Electronics Private limited {(formerly known as Palred Online Technologies Private Limited} (PEP), Palred Technology Services Private Limited (PTS) and Palred Retail Private limited (PRP). Palred together with its subsidiaries, is hereinafter referred to as "the Group."

The Company is a Public Limited Company incorporated and domiciled in India having its registered office in Hyderabad, Telangana. The Company is listed on Bombay Stock Exchange and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

1. SUBSIDIARIES:

Palred Electronics Private Limited (PEP)

(Formerly known as Palred Online Technologies Private Limited (POT)

Palred Electronics Pvt Ltd (PEP) owns Consumer Electronics brand, pTron. Bridging the gap between technology & people, pTron is committed to being a trendsetter in budget segment lifestyle gadgets to meet the growing needs of new-age consumers. With cutting-edge technologies & best in class features, pTron is known to offer mobile & digital lifestyle products that are engineering feats in the given price segment and has sold more than 11 million units to date.

Top 5 Truly Wireless (TWS) Companies, Market Share, Year-Over-Year Growth 2021:

Company	Market Share		Year-over-Year unit change (2021 vs 2020)
	2021	2020	
1. Imagine Marketing (BoAt)	39.3%	23.9%	187.9%
2. Realme	7.7%	13.1%	2.8%
3. Nexxbase (Noise)	7.5%	4.5%	194.7%
4. Palred (pTron)	6.0%	7.6%	36.8%
5. Samsung	4.7%	10.6%	-23.0%
Others	34.8%	40.3%	50.6%
Total	100%	100%	74.7%

Source: IDC India Monthly Wearable Device Tracker, February 2022

Figure 1 Market share of pTron in the TWS segment | Source <https://www.idc.com/>

pTron has emerged as a leading maker of wireless audio & digital lifestyle accessories. It is one of the Top 5 Earwear Companies in India's Audio segment as per International Data Corporation IDC's India Monthly Wearable Device Tracker, February 2022. pTron has emerged as a new star in the block with product features and prices and its unique and different marketing strategies that have stolen the attention of its users.

- pTron is a brand that sells trendy consumer electronics. pTron provides inexpensive, durable, and most importantly "fashionable" audio devices and accessories.
- pTron sells a wide range of trendy electronic items such as wireless & wired audio devices including portable chargers and cables.
- pTron focuses on customer needs, desires, and behavior patterns and provides the customers with what they want. The company is always innovating and expanding its portfolio

in order to provide technology solutions that are in sync with changing consumer preferences and consumption habits.

pTron has a flexible business strategy that focuses on customer needs, desires, and behavior patterns, giving it a competitive advantage in its capacity to listen and react in real-time to provide customers with what they want. Most importantly, our company is always innovating and expanding its portfolio in order to provide technology solutions that are in sync with changing consumer preferences and consumption habits. In terms of customer acquisition, we take a two-pronged strategy. The first is to create the category of "hearables" by converting traditional users to a better way of life, based solely on the strength of the product and the user experience. The second is to continue to grow this category by introducing more feature-rich products at competitive pricing. pTron is available in both physical and online stores like Amazon, Flipkart, and other e-commerce sites and is now extending its offline presence. We are confident that our market share & consumer base shall grow consistently as we are always linked to our dedicated community and listen to their wants and desires in order to give consumer-focussed product advancements. We are dedicated to providing a great experience throughout the product's life cycle as well as completely hassle-free customer support.

pTron is poised as a challenger brand making waves in the Mobile Phone accessories segment across categories. The current brand catalog comprises 140-150 variants and around 40-45 products ranging from Wired earphones, wireless earphones & headsets, True Wireless Earbuds, Bluetooth Speakers, Smart Wearables, Power banks, chargers, cables & more.

pTron focuses on component level detailing of all its products and has extensive control over its cost and quality. This implies having strong relations with cost-efficient & reliable manufacturing partners. With these capabilities and having an in-house design team, pTron has developed product design competence and has filed several patents already which vouches for the originality and distinctiveness of pTron products. With strict quality control procedures in place warrants, all products go through 5 levels of quality checks to ensure that a consumer does not face any issues with the products.

Make in India initiative

pTron's vertical capabilities in design engineering and manufacturing make it possible for the brand to provide customers with amazing, affordable, and well-built products that disrupt the fast-paced mobility market. The brand is constantly working and growing to overcome the challenges of the manufacturing landscape induced by the COVID impact. They kick-started their India assembly plant at Kurnool, Andhra Pradesh in August 2020 to become the 1st Indian company to design, engineer, and manufacture a True Wireless Earbud in India under GOI's Make in India scheme.



With trained & skilled manpower who have the expertise to precisely integrate electronic and mechanical components of a variety of materials into tight spaces without compromising performance, form factor no longer limits performance at pTron.

As the brand continues to drive the audio accessories market in India & focused on ramping up capabilities in terms of skilled manpower, advanced machinery & equipment, with a dedicated team of trained and experienced resources for advanced testing and research as they scale up gradually to include more products under the Make in India catalog. The brand is all set to kick start its new manufacturing set-up in Hyderabad, Telangana. The new facility will primarily be the manufacturing hub for earphones, chargers, and other key products.

As per Ameen Khwaja, Founder & CEO pTron "India can become the next hub of consumer electronics manufacturing through the "Make in India" initiative. The manufacturing base of certain products like PCBs and molds can be brought back to India provided the manufacturers are given subsidies and infrastructure for manufacturing. By doing this, we can have better control over the product quality and pricing. This will also generate huge job opportunities in India."

To promote Make in India, the basic customs duties (BCD) for electronic devices including headphones, earphones, and loudspeakers were hiked from 15 to 20 percent in the Union Budget 2022. While other brands might have to increase their product prices to address the BCD issue, pTron's Make in India initiative will help pass the cost-benefit to the consumers directly without impacting its market position.

Palred Technology Services Private Limited (PTS)

PTS offers a bouquet of Products through its brand "Xmate" that is exclusively available on Amazon.in. Xmate Sells products like Bluetooth headsets, Bluetooth speakers, wired headsets, chargers and cables, Computer Accessories, Cameras & Camera Accessories etc. The brand faced many challenges during last 2 years because of high advertisement costs and competition from other big brands. The Company was not able to achieve desired growth and it continues to make losses. Hence, the Company has decided to exit "Xmate" brand business.

Palred Retail Private Limited (PRP)

Palred Retail Private Limited owns ecommerce website, ptron.in and www.LatestOne.com that specialize in selling of tech and mobile accessories such as Bluetooth speakers and headsets, cables, power banks, headsets, smart watches, fashion accessories etc.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE:

A. Sources of Funds

1. Equity Share Capital

As on 31st March 2022, the Company has only one class of issued shares – Equity Shares of Par value of Rs. 10/- per share. The Authorised Capital of the Company is Rs. 35,00,00,000/- (Thirty Five Crores) divided into (a) 2,80,38,800 (two Crore Eighty Lacs Thirty Eight Thousand Eight Hundred Only) shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Five Only) each and (b) 6,96,120 (Six Lakhs Ninety Six Thousand One Hundred and Twenty) Preference

Shares of Rs.100/- each. The Paid up Equity Share Capital of the Company as on date of this report is Rs. 9,73,25,660 (Nine Crores Seventy Three Lakhs Twenty Five Thousand Six Hundred and Sixty) divided into 97,32,566 Equity Share of Rs. 10/- per share.

2. Other Equity:

2.1. Securities Premium Account:

The balance in Securities Premium Account as on March 31, 2022 was Rs. 6720.30 Lakhs as compared to the balance in Securities Premium Account as on March 31, 2021 was Rs. 6720.30 Lakhs.

2.2. Capital reserve:

On a Standalone and Consolidated Basis, the Balance as at March 31, 2022, amounted to Rs. 142.80 Lakhs which was the same as previous year.

2.3. General Reserve:

On a Standalone and Consolidated Basis, the balance as at March 31, 2022 stood at Rs. 1325.24 Lakhs which is the same as previous year.

2.4. Retained Earnings:

On a Standalone Basis, the balance as at March 31, 2022 stood at Rs. (6166.36) as compared to Rs. (6567.18) Lakhs in previous year, and Consolidated Basis, the balance as at March 31, 2022 stood at Rs. (5588.06) as compared to Rs. (6229.26) as Lakhs in previous year.

3. Liabilities:

3.1. Non-current Liabilities:

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Other Financial liabilities	0	0	2500000	3000000
Employee benefit obligations	1492025	1348918	4857869	4143963
Total	1492025	1348918	7357869	7143963

The Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of the Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employees last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionally for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of the years of service. The gratuity plan is unfunded.

3.2. Current Liabilities:

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	0	0	31,47,37,502	27,86,71,391
Lease Liabilities	7,12,244	0	39,56,783	45,77,725
Trade payables	0	0	56,37,972	1,80,84,270
Other Financial liabilities	49,55,730	66,30,326	2,22,99,746	2,91,51,863
Other Current liabilities	2,97,665	1,95,977	18,41,255	17,45,105

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Employee benefit obligations	37,541	33,297	1,80,314	85,401
Total Current Liabilities	60,03,180	68,59,600	34,86,53,572	33,23,15,755

On standalone basis, the Company has reduced its total current liabilities to Rs. 60.64 Lakhs stood as on 31st March, 2022 as compared to Rs. 68.59 Lakhs in the previous year.

On consolidated basis, the Company has reduced its total current liabilities to Rs. 3486.54 Lakhs stood as on 31st March, 2022 as compared to Rs. 3323.16 Lakhs in the previous year.

B. Application of Funds:

1. Non- Current Assets:

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Property plant & Equipment	5,31,825	7,14,653	41,09,322	36,61,831
Right of use of Assets	14,28,718	0	1,88,81,975	2,13,19,843
Goodwill (Consolidation)	0	0	0	0
Intangible Assets	0	0	5,57,767	6,26,931
Financial Assets Investments Deposits	11,98,13,501	8,05,62,462	66,50,827	34,32,377
Other non-current assets	2,75,60,089	2,55,44,312	3,30,52,115	3,42,57,881
Total Non-Current Assets	14,93,34,133	1068,21,427	6,32,52,006	6,32,98,863

Investments in Subsidiaries/ associates

Palred Electronics Private Limited (formerly known as Palred Online Technologies Private Limited):

During the period under report, the Company has not invested in **Palred Electronics Private Limited.**

The Company holds 78.17% stake in the said subsidiary.

Palred Technology Services Private Limited:

During the period under report, the Company has not invested in Palred Technology Services Private Limited.

The Company holds 100% stake in the said subsidiary.

Palred Retail Private Limited:

During the period under report, the Company has not invested in Palred Retail Private Limited.

The Company holds 83.71% stake in the said subsidiary.

2. Current Investments, Cash and Cash Equivalents:

On a standalone basis, balance in current investments is Rs. NIL Lakhs as March 31, 2022 compared to Rs. 22.95 as at March 31, 2021. The cash and bank balance stand at Rs. 2369.83 Lakhs as at March 31, 2022 as compared to Rs. 1451.63 Lakhs as at March 31, 2021.

On a consolidated basis, balance in current investments is Rs. NIL Lakhs as March 31, 2022 compared to 22.95 Lakhs as at

March 31, 2021. The cash and bank balance stand at Rs. 2404.89 Lakhs as at March 31, 2022 as compared to Rs. 1825.50 Lakhs as at March 31, 2021.

III. RESULTS OF OUR OPERATIONS:

1. Income:

On a standalone basis, the Company has earned Rs. 150.00 Lakhs as Income from Operations & Rs. 70.22 Lakhs as Other Income from Dividend and interest from non-trade investments. On a Consolidated basis, the Company has earned revenues of Rs. 12758.77 Lakhs from operations and Rs. 103.91 Lakhs from other income sources.

As on date of this report, the Company did not invest anything in Palred Electronics Private Limited, Palred Retail Private Limited & Palred Technology Services Private Limited. The Investment in Subsidiaries has Net carrying Value Rs. 1198.14 Lakhs as on date.

Palred Electronics Private Limited (formerly known as Palred Online Technologies Private Limited) has earned a total revenue of Rs. 12854.55 Lakhs in FY 2021-22 as compared to Rs. 10602.13 Lakhs in FY 2020-21 resulting in 21.24% increase in net revenue year on year basis.

Palred Technology Services Private Limited has earned a total Revenue of Rs. 39.12 Lakhs in FY 2021-2022 as compared to Rs. 568.99 Lakhs in FY 2020-2021 resulting in 93.13% reduction in net revenue year on year basis.

Palred Retail Private Limited has earned a total Revenue of Rs. 156.50 Lakhs in FY. 2021-22 as compared to Rs. 1413.56 Lakhs in FY 2020-2021 resulting in to growth of 88.93% in Net Revenue.

Thus on a consolidated basis, the total revenue of the Company is Rs. 12862.68 Lakhs compared to Rs. 11878.17 Lakhs in previous year.

2. Expenditure:

On a Standalone Basis, the expenditure incurred towards employee benefit expenses is Rs. 101.44 Lakhs as against Rs. 93.41 Lakhs of previous year and Other Expenses are Rs. 100.07 Lakhs as against Rs. 87.70 Lakhs of previous year.

On a Consolidated Basis, the Total Expenditure is Rs. 13029.03 Lakhs as against Rs. 11536.12 Lakhs of previous year.

3. Operating Profit:

On a standalone basis, the company has earned operating profit of Rs.400.82 Lakhs as against loss of Rs. (433.84) lakhs profit in previous year.

On a Consolidated Basis, the company has incurred operating loss of Rs. (166.35) Lakhs as compared to profit of Rs. 342.04 Lakhs of previous Year.

4. Depreciation and Amortisation:

On a standalone basis, we provided Rs. 8.97 Lakhs and Rs. 9.46 Lakhs for the years ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 respectively.

On a consolidated basis, we provided Rs. 62.70 Lakhs and Rs. 71.36 Lakhs for the years ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 respectively.

5. Net Profit/Loss after tax:

On a standalone basis, the company has earned net profit of Rs. 400.82 Lakhs as against Loss of 433.63 lakhs in previous year.

On a Consolidated Basis, the company has incurred net loss of Rs. 157.06 Lakhs as compared to profit of Rs. 343.96 Lakhs of previous Year.

6. Liquidity:

On a standalone basis, the company has operations in F.Y. 2021-22. The Company has utilized Rs. (818.94) Lakhs from investing activities during 2021-2022 compared to generation of Rs. 85.90 Lakhs during 2020-2021. The Company has also used Rs.803.21 Lakhs from operating activities during 2021-2022 compared to Rs. (89.98) Lakhs during 2020-2021.

On a Consolidated Basis, the net cash used in operations is Rs. (321.34) Lakhs as against (1329.27) Lakhs net cash used in previous Year.

7. Related Party Transactions:

These have been discussed in detail in notes to the standalone Financial Statements in Annual report.

8. Events occurring after Balance Sheet Date- NIL

IV. STRATEGY, OUTLOOK, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS:

A. Objective and Strategy:

Palred Group aims to become a market leader in various products of Consumer Electronics business in India. The Company aims to achieve this unique position by combination of following factors:

- i. Creation of Innovative Products that are geared towards customer needs and that can be produced economically
- ii. Focus on enhancing customer benefit in terms of products and services as well as on close consumer contact
- iii. Proactive identification of future needs and technical applications
- iv. High value addition through combination of technology, systems & processes
- v. Simplification of a complex business involving continuously changing products and thousands of stock keeping units (SKU)/items.
- vi. End-to-end integration and implementation of Systems, Processes and Automation for efficient and scalable operations.
- vii. High quality Products backed by warranty
- viii. Steady and continuous development of brand (PTron)

b. Outlook, Risks and Concerns:

The Consumer Products Industry has been experiencing very intense competition for many years and we are operating in a market that is changing very quickly. The Customers have many options to choose from large and established brands and this may result in loss of our market share affecting the profitability. We are dependent on number of contract manufacturers and component suppliers. There may be a situation where these manufacturers and component suppliers may fail to supply the required products / parts which may adversely impact our cash flows and profitability. We are also subject to risks associated with geographical tensions & foreign exchange fluctuations. The Company is taking all appropriate measures to mitigate and safeguard the Company from above risks.

A. Intellectual Property Infringement:

As product development depends on the intellectual property created by its employees, we need to ensure that the same

do not infringe any other proprietary technology rights. We have intellectual property rights to take care of trade secrets, copyright and trademark laws and confidentiality agreements for our employees, third parties offering only limited protection. The steps taken by us as well as laws of most advanced countries do not offer effective protection of intellectual property rights. Third parties could claim infringement of property rights against the Company or also assert the same against our customers, which would require protracted defence and costly litigations on behalf of our customers.

B. Risks and risk management and their implementation:

The systematic analysis, evaluation and management of potential risks are decentralized within the Palred Group. Every organizational unit is responsible for detailing its own risk register, which it must then use to establish countermeasures for managing risks. The purpose is to identify and avert potential damage to the company at an early stage. All registers are centrally coordinated and aggregated so the Management Team has an overview at all times of the most significant risks and the measures being taken to manage them. Within the scope of independent audits, the Audit Department monitors the individual corporate entities with regard to early risk identification and compliance management by performing random inspections. The Management Team is informed directly and immediately of the findings.

The risks of procuring certain parts and components, product compliance and IT security are among the most important issues for which the Palred Group is taking countermeasures. IT security risks are addressed through technical and organizational measures. Effective customer management minimize the impact of potential defaults on receivables.

Financial Performance

Prudent Financial Planning, effective resource allocation and tight financial control have ensured that the cash flows of the Company remain healthy. The ability of the Company to raise credit remains unimpaired.

V. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND ADEQUACY:

The Company has adopted strong and automated internal business controls and a process framework that is not only adequate for its current size of operations but can effectively support increases in growth and complexity across our business operations. A well established and empowered system of internal financial audits and automated control procedures ensures prudent financial control, flexibility in terms of process changes to enable course correction.

Internal auditors submits reports and updates to the audit committee of the Board, which conducts frequent reviews and provides direction and operational guidance on new processes to be implemented to further enhance efficiencies within the Company.

The Company is in the process of implementing Enterprise Resource Planning along with various business controls which would have automatic internal control systems to identify errors and also provide better MIS.

VI. HUMAN RESOURCES:

A. Objective and Strategy:

Capability building, Talent Management and Employee Engagement remain the key focus of your company's Human

Resource Strategy. Your Company has continued to build on its capabilities in getting the right talent to support the different technology areas. They are backed by robust management training schemes, hiring of key management personnel, and sales training.

Human Resources are the most valuable asset for the Company and Palred Technologies continues to seek, retain and enrich the best available talent. The Human Resource plays an important role in the growth and success of the Organization. Your Company has maintained cordial and harmonious relations with all the employees.

The Company provides an environment which encourages initiative, innovative thinking and rewards performance. The Company ensures training and development of its personnel through succession planning, job rotation, on-the-job training and various trainings and workshops.

B. Culture, Values and Leadership

Your Company has a written code of conduct and ethics to make employees aware of ethical requirements and Whistle Blower Policy for reporting violations, if any.

Your Company has internal structured succession planning to take care of loss of any member of senior management or other key management personnel. Since inception your Company is committed to developing next generation leaders and conduct personality development and development work of skills acquired by them over the years. Your Company encourages an "Equal Employment Opportunity Policy" which discourages discrimination for employment on account of sex, race, colour, religion, physical challenge and so on.

As the Company operates in a niche industry that requires high techno functional expertise. The employees constantly need to enhance their technical and functional knowledge and so regular training sessions on specific technical skills and domain knowledge were conducted.

VII. CAUTIONARY STATEMENT:

Statements in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" describing the company's objectives, estimates, expectations or projections may be "forward looking statements" within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company's operations; include Government regulations, patent laws, tax regimes, economic developments within India and countries in which the Company conducts business, litigation and other allied factors.

VIII. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES (I.E., CHANGE OF 25% OR MORE AS COMPARED TO THE IMMEDIATELY PREVIOUS FINANCIAL YEAR) IN THE KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS, ALONG WITH DETAILED EXPLANATIONS THEREOF:

Particulars	Standalone basis		Remarks
	2021-22	2020-21	
Debtors Turnover Ratio	361.61	9.13	There are no trade receivables as at the balance sheet date which led to significant improvement in the ratio.

Particulars	Standalone basis		Remarks
	2021-22	2020-21	
Inventory Turnover Ratio	0	0	
Interest Coverage Ratio	0	0	
Current Ratio	39.67	23.00	Improvement in current ratio is due to creation of additional fixed deposits.
Debt Equity Ratio	0.02	0.03	
Operating Profit Margin Ratio	0	0	
Net Profit Margin Ratio	2.67	(2.00)	Reversal of impairment on Non-current assets has led to increase in profits

Particulars	Consolidated basis		Remarks
	2021-22	2020-21	
Debtors Turnover Ratio	8.25	4	Decrease in Trade Receivable at year end leads to Improvement in the ratio
Inventory Turnover Ratio	6.96	3	Increase Inventory at year end leads to Improvement in the ratio.
Interest Coverage Ratio	0.68	2.25	Difference due to reversal of Impairment in subsidiaries
Current Ratio	1.99	2	There is no much change as compare to previous year
Debt Equity Ratio	0.97	1.12	There is no much change as compare to previous year
Operating Profit Margin Ratio	0.01	0.30	Difference due to reversal of Impairment in subsidarie
Net Profit Margin Ratio	-0.01	0.03	Difference due to reversal of Impairment in subsidiaries

Return on Net Worth:

Particulars	Standalone basis		Consolidated Basis	
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21
Return on Net Worth	0.11	(0.17)	(0.04)	0.12

There is an increase in Return in Return on Net Worth ratio as the loss has been reduced in FY.2021-22.

IX. DISCLOSURE OF ACCOUNTING TREATMENT:

During the preparation of Financial Statement of FY. 2021-22 the treatment as prescribed in an Accounting Standard has been followed by the Company. There is no discrepancy in Accounting Treatment as followed by the Company in current financial year as compared to previous financial year.

Annexures-H

Certificate of Non-Disqualification of Directors

[Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

To,
The Board of Directors
Palred Technologies Limited
H. No. 8-2-703/2/b, Plot.No.2
Road.No.12, Banjara Hills,
Hyderabad, Telangana-500034

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from Palred Technologies Limited having CIN L72200TG1999PLC033131 and having registered office at H.No. 8-2-703/2/b, plot.no.2 road.no.12, banjara hills Hyderabad, Telangana-500034 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10 (i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on March 31, 2022 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

S. No	DIN No	Name of the Director	Designation
1.	00055870	Mrs. Palem Supriya Reddy	Chairperson & Managing Director
2.	00001401	Mr. Srikar Reddy	Non-Executive Director
3.	07072774	Ms. Stuthi Reddy	Non-Executive Director
4.	03089889	Mr. S. Vijaya Saradhi	Independent Director
5.	07185499	Mr. Atul Sharma	Independent Director
6.	08792778	Ms. Aakanksha	Independent Director

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment/continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Sd/-

Mr. Vivek Surana
Practicing Company Secretary
C.P.No. 12901

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 19.08.2022
UDIN: A024531D000814738

Annexures-I

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO REGULATION 17(8) OF SEBI LODR, 2015

To
The Board of Directors
Palred Technologies Limited

We, Palem Supriya Reddy, Chairperson & Managing Director and P. Harish Naidu, Chief Financial Officer of Palred Technologies Limited ("Company") to the best of our knowledge and belief certify that:

1. We have reviewed standalone as well as consolidated financial statements and the cash flow statement of the Company for the quarter/year ended 31st March, 2022 and to the best of their knowledge and belief:
 - a. these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - b. these statements together present a true and fair view of the listed entity's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
2. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company code of conduct.
3. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that they have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the audit committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
4. We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit committee
 - a. There have not been any significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - b. There have not been any significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - c. There have not been any instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Sd/-
P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & MD

Sd/-
P. Harish Naidu
Chief Financial Officer (CFO)

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 19.08.2022

Annexures-J to the Director's Report

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To
The Members of
Palred Technologies Limited
Hyderabad

I have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Palred Technologies Limited ('the Company'), for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2022, as stipulated in regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and para C, D and E of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the Listing Regulations).

We have conducted our examination on the basis of the relevant records and documents maintained by the Company and furnished to us for the purpose of the review and the information and explanations given to us by the Company during the course of such review

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. My examination was limited to a review of procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and the representations made by the Directors and the Management of the Company, we certify that the Company has in all material respect complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above mentioned SEBI Listing Regulations, as applicable.

I further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Sd/-

Mr. Vivek Surana
Practicing Company Secretary
C.P.No. 12901

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 19.08.2022
UDIN: A024531D000814751

Annexures-K to the Director's Report

DECLARATION FROM INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS ON ANNUAL BASIS

The Board of Directors
M/s. Palred Technologies Limited

Dear Sir,

Sub: Declaration under sub-section (6) of section 149 of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 16 (1)(b) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015:

I, S. Vijaya Saradhi, hereby declare that I am an Independent Director of Palred Technologies Limited and comply with all the criteria of Independent Director envisaged under Sub-section (6) of Section 149 read with IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and Sub-Regulation (b) of Regulation 16 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. I further certify that:

1. I am/was not a promoter of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company;
2. I am/was not related to promoters or directors in the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company.
3. Apart from receiving director sitting fees/remuneration, I have/had no material pecuniary relationship /transactions, with the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company, or their promoters, or directors, during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year.
4. None of my relatives
 - i. is holding any security of or interest in the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
 - ii. is indebted to the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company or their promoters, or directors, in excess of such amount as may be prescribed during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
 - iii. as given a guarantee or provided any security in connection with the indebtedness of any third person to the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company or their promoters, or directors of such holding company, for such amount as may be prescribed during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
 - iv. has any other pecuniary transaction or relationship with the company, or its subsidiary, or its holding or associate company amounting to two per cent. or more of its gross turnover or total income singly or in combination with the transactions referred to in sub-clause (i), (ii) or (iii);
 - v. has or had pecuniary relationship or transaction with the Company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company, or their promoters, or directors, amounting to two per cent. or more of its gross turnover or total income or fifty lakh rupees or such higher amount as may be prescribed from time to time, whichever is lower, during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
5. Neither me nor my relatives :
 - i. holds or has held the position of a key managerial personnel or is or has been employee of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company in any of the three financial years immediately preceding the financial year in which he is proposed to be appointed;
 - ii. is or has been an employee or proprietor or a partner, in any of the three financial years immediately preceding the financial year of (a) a firm of auditors or company secretaries in practice or cost auditors of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company; or (b) any legal or a consulting firm that has or had any transaction with the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company amounting to 10% or more of the gross turnover of such firm;
 - iii. holds together with my relatives 2% or more of the total voting power of the company; or
 - iv. is a Chief Executive or director, by whatever name called, of any non-profit organization that receives 25% or more of its receipts from the company, any of its promoters, directors or its holding, subsidiary or associate company or that holds 2% or more of the total voting power of the company; or
6. I am not below the age of 21 Years.
7. I am not material supplier, service provider or customer or a lessor or lessee of the Listed Entity.
8. I am not a non-independent director of another company on the board of which any non-independent director of the listed entity is an independent director. and I meet the criteria of independence as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Yours Faithfully,
Sd/-

S. Vijaya Saradhi
(Independent director)

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 16.05.2022

DECLARATION FROM INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS ON ANNUAL BASIS

The Board of Directors
M/s. Palred Technologies Limited

Dear Sir,

Sub: Declaration under sub-section (6) of section 149 of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 16 (1)(b) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015:

I, Atul Sharma, hereby declare that I am an Independent Director of Palred Technologies Limited and comply with all the criteria of Independent Director envisaged under Sub-section (6) of Section 149 read with IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and Sub-Regulation (b) of Regulation 16 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. I further certify that:

1. I am/was not a promoter of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company;
2. I am/was not related to promoters or directors in the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company.
3. Apart from receiving director sitting fees/remuneration, I have/had no material pecuniary relationship /transactions, with the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company, or their promoters, or directors, during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year.
4. None of my relatives
 - i. is holding any security of or interest in the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
 - ii. is indebted to the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company or their promoters, or directors, in excess of such amount as may be prescribed during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
 - iii. as given a guarantee or provided any security in connection with the indebtedness of any third person to the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company or their promoters, or directors of such holding company, for such amount as may be prescribed during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
 - iv. has any other pecuniary transaction or relationship with the company, or its subsidiary, or its holding or associate company amounting to two per cent. or more of its gross turnover or total income singly or in combination with the transactions referred to in sub-clause (i), (ii) or (iii);
 - v. has or had pecuniary relationship or transaction with the Company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company, or their promoters, or directors, amounting to two per cent. or more of its gross turnover or total income or fifty lakh rupees or such higher amount as may be prescribed from time to time, whichever is lower, during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
5. Neither me nor my relatives :
 - i. holds or has held the position of a key managerial personnel or is or has been employee of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company in any of the three financial years immediately preceding the financial year in which he is proposed to be appointed;
 - ii. is or has been an employee or proprietor or a partner, in any of the three financial years immediately preceding the financial year of (a) a firm of auditors or company secretaries in practice or cost auditors of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company; or (b) any legal or a consulting firm that has or had any transaction with the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company amounting to 10% or more of the gross turnover of such firm;
 - iii. holds together with my relatives 2% or more of the total voting power of the company; or
 - iv. is a Chief Executive or director, by whatever name called, of any non-profit organization that receives 25% or more of its receipts from the company, any of its promoters, directors or its holding, subsidiary or associate company or that holds 2% or more of the total voting power of the company; or
6. I am not below the age of 21 Years.
7. I am not material supplier, service provider or customer or a lessor or lessee of the Listed Entity.
8. I am not a non-independent director of another company on the board of which any non-independent director of the listed entity is an independent director. and I meet the criteria of independence as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Yours Faithfully,
Sd/-

Atul Sharma
(Independent director)

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 16.05.2022

DECLARATION FROM INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS ON ANNUAL BASIS

The Board of Directors
M/s. Palred Technologies Limited

Dear Sir,

Sub: Declaration under sub-section (6) of section 149 of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 16 (1)(b) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015:

I, Aakanksha, hereby declare that I am an Independent Director of Palred Technologies Limited and comply with all the criteria of Independent Director envisaged under Sub-section (6) of Section 149 read with IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and Sub-Regulation (b) of Regulation 16 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. I further certify that:

1. I am/was not a promoter of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company;
2. I am/was not related to promoters or directors in the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company.
3. Apart from receiving director sitting fees/remuneration, I have/had no material pecuniary relationship /transactions, with the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company, or their promoters, or directors, during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year.
4. None of my relatives
 - i. is holding any security of or interest in the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
 - ii. is indebted to the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company or their promoters, or directors, in excess of such amount as may be prescribed during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
 - iii. as given a guarantee or provided any security in connection with the indebtedness of any third person to the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company or their promoters, or directors of such holding company, for such amount as may be prescribed during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
 - iv. has any other pecuniary transaction or relationship with the company, or its subsidiary, or its holding or associate company amounting to two per cent. or more of its gross turnover or total income singly or in combination with the transactions referred to in sub-clause (i), (ii) or (iii);
 - v. has or had pecuniary relationship or transaction with the Company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company, or their promoters, or directors, amounting to two per cent. or more of its gross turnover or total income or fifty lakh rupees or such higher amount as may be prescribed from time to time, whichever is lower, during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
5. Neither me nor my relatives :
 - i. holds or has held the position of a key managerial personnel or is or has been employee of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company in any of the three financial years immediately preceding the financial year in which he is proposed to be appointed;
 - ii. is or has been an employee or proprietor or a partner, in any of the three financial years immediately preceding the financial year of (a) a firm of auditors or company secretaries in practice or cost auditors of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company; or (b) any legal or a consulting firm that has or had any transaction with the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company amounting to 10% or more of the gross turnover of such firm;
 - iii. holds together with my relatives 2% or more of the total voting power of the company; or
 - iv. is a Chief Executive or director, by whatever name called, of any non-profit organization that receives 25% or more of its receipts from the company, any of its promoters, directors or its holding, subsidiary or associate company or that holds 2% or more of the total voting power of the company; or
6. I am not below the age of 21 Years.
7. I am not material supplier, service provider or customer or a lessor or lessee of the Listed Entity.
8. I am not a non-independent director of another company on the board of which any non-independent director of the listed entity is an independent director and I meet the criteria of independence as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Yours Faithfully,
Sd/-

Aakanksha
(Independent director)

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 16.05.2022

Annexures-L

FORM MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

(Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and
Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

To
The Members of
M/s. Palred Technologies Limited

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s. Palred Technologies Limited (hereinafter called "the Company"). Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's Books, Papers, Minute Books, Forms and Returns filed and other Records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 2021 and ended 31st March, 2022, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board process and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

1. I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by M/s. Palred Technologies Limited ("The Company") for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022, according to the provisions of:
 - a. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;
 - b. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made there under;
 - c. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under.
 - d. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) and Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
2. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') is furnished hereunder for the financial year 2021-22: -
 - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; including the provisions with regard to disclosures and maintenance of records required under the said Regulations;
 - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 and Amended Regulations 2018; The Company has framed code of conduct for regulating & reporting trading by insiders and for fair disclosure and displayed the same on the Company's website i.e., www.palred.com
 - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 - Not Applicable as there was no reportable event during the financial year under review;
 - d. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; Not Applicable as the Company has not issued any Employee Stock Options during the year under review.
 - e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021: Not Applicable as the Company has not issued any debt securities during the year under review.
 - f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993, regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; Not Applicable as the Company is not registered as Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agent during the year under review.
 - g. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; Not Applicable as the company has not delisted/ proposed to delist its equity shares during the year under review.
 - h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018. Not Applicable as the Company has not bought back/ proposed to buy-back any of its securities during the year under review.
 - i. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
3. I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:
 - a. Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Meetings of the Board of Directors and General Meetings.
 - b. Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 & Circulars, Master Circulars and Regulations issued by SEBI and applicable to the Company.
 - c. Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited.
4. The Management has identified and confirmed the following laws as being specifically applicable to the Company:
 - The Code on Social Security, 2020
 - The Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020
 - The Code on Wages, 2019
 - Shops and Establishments Act, 1948
 - Clearance from Various Local Authorities.

- Information Technology Act, 2000 and the rules made thereunder.
 - Software Technology Parks of India rules and regulations.
5. We have not examined compliance by the Company with applicable financial laws, like direct and indirect tax laws, since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial auditor and other designated professionals.
6. As per the information and explanations provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we report that
- a. As per the information and explanations provided by the company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we report that the Company has not made any GDRs/ADRs or any Commercial Instrument under the financial year under report.
- b. The provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made there under to the extent of:
- External Commercial Borrowings were not attracted to the Company under the financial year under report;
 - Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) was compiled by the company under the financial year under report;
 - Overseas Direct Investment by Residents in Joint Venture/ Wholly Owned Subsidiary abroad was not attracted to the company under the financial year under report.

We further report that: -

- The Company has Chairperson & Managing Director Namely, Mrs. Palem Supriya Reddy.
- The company has a Company Secretary namely Ms. Shruti Mangesh Rege.
- The Company has the internal auditors namely M/s. Laxminiwas & Co. Chartered Accountants, Hyderabad.
- The company has a chief financial officer namely Mr.P.Harish Naidu,

7. During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, etc. mentioned above including the following:
- a. During the year the Company has conducted 8 meetings of the Board of Directors, 5 Meetings of Audit Committee meeting, 2 Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meetings, 4 meeting of Stakeholders and Relationship Committee Meeting and 1 meeting of Independent Directors Committee Meeting.
- b. The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- c. Adequate notice of board meeting is given to all the directors along with agenda at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and meaningful participation at the meeting.
- d. As per the minutes of the meeting duly recorded and signed by the Chairman, the decisions of the Board were unanimous and no dissenting views have been recorded.
- e. I further report that during the year under report, the Company has not undertaken event/action having a major bearing on the company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc. other than those already disclosed to Stock Exchange i.e., BSE.
- f. I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

Sd/-

Mr. Vivek Surana

Practicing Company Secretary

C. P. No: 12901

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 19.08.2022

UDIN: A024531D000814727

Annexure- A to Secretarial Audit Report

To
The Members of
Palred Technologies Limited

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. I have relied on the reports given by the concerned professionals in verifying the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Sd/-

Mr. Vivek Surana

Practicing Company Secretary

C. P. No: 12901

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 19.08.2022

UDIN: A024531D000814727

FORM MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

(Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and
Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

To
The Members of
M/s. Palred Electronics Private Limited

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s. Palred Electronics Private Limited (hereinafter called "the Company"). Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's Books, Papers, Minute Books, Forms and Returns filed and other Records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 2021 and ended 31st March, 2022, complied with the statutory provisions and also that the Company has proper Board process and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by M/s. Palred Electronics Private Limited ("The Company") for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022, according to the provisions of:

1. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under ;
2. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) and Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
3. Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Meetings of the Board of Directors and General Meetings.
4. The Management has identified and confirmed the following laws as being specifically applicable to the Company:
 - The Code on Social Security, 2020
 - The Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020
 - The Code on Wages, 2019
 - Shops and Establishments Act, 1948
 - Clearance from Various Local Authorities.
 - Information Technology Act, 2000 and the rules made thereunder.
 - Software Technology Parks of India rules and regulations.
5. We have not examined compliance by the Company with applicable financial laws, like direct and indirect tax laws, since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial auditor and other designated professionals.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, etc. mentioned above

We further report that:-

- a. Company has a Managing Director namely Mr. Ameen Ashik Khwaja.
- b. The company has Company Secretary namely Mrs. Shruti Mangesh Rege.

Non-compliance:

*As per provisions of Sec.148 of Companies Act 2013, the Company has not appointed Cost Auditor for F.Y.2021-22.

We further report that-

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

As per the minutes of the meetings duly recorded and signed by the Chairman, the decisions of the Board were unanimous and no dissenting views have been recorded.

We further report that based on the review of the compliance/certificates of the Company Secretary which were taken on record by the Board of Directors, there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period there was no event/action having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines etc.

Sd/-

Mr. Vivek Surana
Practicing Company Secretary
C. P. No: 12901

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 19.08.2022
UDIN: A024531D000866438

Annexure- A to Secretarial Audit Report

To
The Members of
Palred Electronics Private Limited

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have relied on the reports given by the concerned professionals in verifying the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company

Sd/-

Vivek Surana

Practicing Company Secretary

C. P. No: 12901

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 19.08.2022
UDIN: A024531D000866438

Annexures-M

Particulars of Loans and Advances in the nature of loans as required by regulation 34(3) of SEBI (Listing obligations and disclosure requirements) regulations, 2015

Sr. No.	Particulars of transactions	Balance as at		Maximum outstanding during the year ended	
		31-03-2022	31-03-2021	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
1.	In the Nature of Loans & Advances- Corporate Guarantee given by Holding Company	3145.56	2716.13	4011.02	3330.00
2.	Investments by the Holding Company in the shares of Subsidiary Companies when the Holding Company has made a loan or advance in the nature of loan	1198.13	501.62	1246.76	976.77

TRUE WIRELESS

E A R B U D S

Best Seller

Bassbuds Duo

Portable, ergonomic & classy pair of TWS stereo earbuds with massive 32 hours of playback. Incredible wearing comfort & ultra lightweight. On-the-go charging case with Type C fast charging for wire-free calls & audio all-day long.



Bassbuds Fute

Exquisitely designed Truly Wireless earbuds with transparent charging case & cutting edge technology. Ergonomic & Featherlite, optimised Dual HD mics for Immersive stereo audio.

Best Seller

Bassbuds Jade

Ultimate wireless gaming earbuds with our proprietary AptSense™ Technology for immersive gaming and audio experience. Long playtime with crystal clear voice calls.



Best Seller

Bassbuds Wave

Boost your beats & performance with Ultimate Clarity, Powerful Bass. Dual mic noise cancellations with 40 hours playtime. Comfort Focused fit & 50ms Lag free Earbuds.

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of **Plared Technologies Limited**

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the Standalone financial statements of Plared Technologies Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, and the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and loss, changes in Equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (current period). These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter was addressed in our audit
1	<p>Valuation of Investments in Equity Shares of Subsidiaries:</p> <p>Refer to the disclosures related to Investments in Note 5 of the standalone financial statements for the year ending March 31, 2022.</p> <p>The company has three subsidiaries, out of which investment in two of the subsidiaries (Palred Retail Private Limited and Palred Technology Services Private Limited) amounts to Rs. 2.04 Crores and Rs.11.01 Crores respectively. The management has provided for impairment in the carrying value of the investment in Palred Technologies Services Private Limited amounting to Rs. 7.77 Crores, Rs. Nil Crores and Rs. 4.75 Crores in FY 2018 -19, FY 2019-20 and FY 2020-21 respectively and impairment in the carrying value of the investment in Palred Retail Private Limited amounting to Rs. 3.04 Crores during the year.</p> <p>Further investment in one of the subsidiaries (Palred Electronics Private Limited) amounts to Rs. 4.53 Crores. Based on the turnover of the Palred Electronics Pvt Ltd & the valuation report of the Palred Technologies Limited, management has reversed the impairment done in earlier years in Palred Electronics Private Limited amounting to Rs 7.45 Crores.</p> <p>Such investments are accounted for at cost in accordance with Ind AS 27, Separate Financial Statements.</p> <p>The Company assesses the recoverable amount of the investment when impairment indicators exist, by comparing the fair value (less costs of disposal) and carrying amount of the investment as on the reporting date. The investments are tested for impairment on account of continuous losses incurred by the subsidiary entity. The process for measuring and recognizing impairment loss is complex and requires management judgement. The key assumptions underpinning management's assessment of valuation include, but are not limited to, projections of recoverable amounts of recognized assets and liabilities, revenue projections and market valuation of the company. The recovery of investments of the company depends on subsidiaries establishing profitable business in future.</p> <p>Considering the materiality, complexity and significance of the judgement involved, valuation of investments has been considered to be a key audit matter.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures in respect of this area included:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Obtained an understanding and assessed management's process and controls w.r.t. determining valuation of investments. 2. Evaluated and tested the design and the operating effectiveness of the key controls in relation to valuation. 3. Verified the Company's valuation methodology, assumptions and arithmetical accuracy for determining the fair value of the investment as obtained from the management assessment. 4. Tested the mathematical accuracy of the computation by comparing the pro rata share of net assets of each of the subsidiaries to the investment held by the Company and market value of the company to the consolidated net worth. 5. Verified the Valuation report of Palred Technologies Limited. 6. Evaluated the reasonableness of the future revenue and margins, the historical accuracy of the Company's estimates and its ability to produce accurate long-term forecasts. 7. Evaluated the appropriateness of the disclosures made in the financial statement in relation to such investments as required by applicable accounting standards.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in Equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance

with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone financial statements.

We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure C".
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Standalone financial statements – Refer Note 29 to the Standalone financial statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share

premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Parties), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise,

as on the date of this audit report, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- v. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.

3. As required by The Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017, in our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors is within the limits laid prescribed under Section 197 of the Act and the rules thereunder.

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal

Partner
Membership No. 214198
UDIN: 22214198AJBCCG5991

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PALRED TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022, and are therefore, the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal

Partner
Membership No. 214198
UDIN: 22214198AJBCCG5991

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

ANNEXURE B TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PALRED TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report]

- i. (a) A. The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
- (b) Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies were identified on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no immovable properties, and accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and its intangible assets. Accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(i)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- ii. The Company is involved in the business of rendering services. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iii. According to the information explanation provided to us, the Company has not made any investments in, provided any guarantee or security, or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Hence, the requirements under paragraph 3(iii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not either directly or indirectly, granted any loan to any of its directors or to any other person in whom the director is interested, in accordance with the provisions of section 185 of the Act and the Company has not made investments through more than two layers of investment companies in accordance with the provisions of section 186 of the Act. Accordingly, provisions stated in paragraph 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act, the rules framed thereunder and the Circulars, notifications issued from time to time with regard to the deposits accepted. No order has been passed by the Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal in this respect.
- vi. The provisions of sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act are not applicable to the Company as the Central Government

of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records for any of the products of the Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (vi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, undisputed statutory dues including goods and service tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, cess have been regularly deposited by the company with appropriate authorities in all cases during the year.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and examination of records of the Company, the outstanding dues of income-tax, goods and service tax, customs duty, cess and any other statutory dues on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount Rs.	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending	Remarks, if any
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	6,02,00,000	AY 2008-09	Income Tax Appellate Tribunal, Hyderabad.	None

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transactions which are not accounted in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in Tax Assessment of the Company. Also, there are no previously unrecorded income which has been now recorded in the books of account. Hence, the provision stated in paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix.(a) The Company does not have any loans or borrowings and repayment to lenders during the year. Accordingly, the provision stated in paragraph 3(ix) (a) to (f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information explanation provided to us, no money was raised by way of term loans. Accordingly, the provision stated in paragraph 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) In our opinion, according to the information explanation provided to us, there are no funds raised on short term basis. Accordingly, the provision stated in paragraph 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) According to the information explanation given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from an any entity or person on

- account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its securities, joint ventures or associate companies.
- x. (a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (x) (a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully, partly or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (x)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xi. (a) During the course of our audit, examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company nor on the Company.
- (b) We have not come across of any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company during the course of audit of the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2022, accordingly the provisions stated in paragraph (xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the course of audit. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph (xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to company.
- xii. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(xii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered internal audit reports issued by internal auditors during our audit.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with its directors and hence, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xvi)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (b) In our opinion, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without any valid Certificate of Registration from Reserve Bank of India. Hence, the reporting under paragraph clause 3 (xvi)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- (c) The Company is not a Core investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Hence, the reporting under paragraph clause 3 (xvi)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (d) The Company does not have more than one CIC as a part of its group. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xvi)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. According to the information explanation provided to us, the Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xvii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xviii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of financial ratios, ageing and expected date of realization of financial assets and payment of liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of audit report and the Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- xx. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Hence, the provisions of paragraph (xx) (a) to (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal

Partner

Membership No. 214198

UDIN: 22214198AJBCCG5991

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

ANNEXURE C TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PALRED TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

[Referred to in paragraph (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the Members of Palred Technologies Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of Palred Technologies Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and

evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With reference to Standalone Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With reference to Standalone financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal

Partner
Membership No. 214198
UDIN: 22214198AJBCCG5991

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	531,825	714,653
Right of Use Assets	4 (a)	1,428,718	-
Financial assets			
Investments	5	119,813,501	80,562,462
Other non-current assets	6	27,560,089	25,544,312
Total non-current assets		149,334,133	106,821,427
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Investments	5	-	2,294,575
Trade receivables	7	-	82,963
Cash and cash equivalents	8	183,221	400,681
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent	9	236,800,664	144,763,072
Other financial assets	10	1,117,758	12,760,604
Other current assets	11	66,495	201,355
Total current assets		238,168,138	160,503,250
Total assets		387,502,271	267,324,677
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	12	97,325,660	97,325,660
Other equity	13	281,908,230	161,790,500
Total equity		379,233,890	259,116,160
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Lease liabilities	4 (b)	773,176	-
Provisions	14	1,492,025	1,348,918
Total non-current liabilities		2,265,201	1,348,918
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Lease liabilities	4 (b)	712,244	-
Other financial liabilities	15	4,955,730	6,630,325
Other current liabilities	16	297,665	195,977
Provisions	14	37,541	33,297
Total current liabilities		6,003,180	6,859,599
Total liabilities		8,268,381	8,208,517
Total equity and liabilities		387,502,271	267,324,677
See accompanying notes to the financial statements	1-40		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.			

As per our report of even date
For **MSKA & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.:105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal
Partner
Membership No: 214198

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Palred Technologies Limited
CIN: L72200TG1999PLC033131

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
DIN: 00055870

Pinekalapati Harish Naidu
Chief Finance Officer

S.Vijaya Saradhi
Director
DIN: 03089889

Shruti Rege
Company Secretary
Membership No. A43523

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Income			
Revenue from operations	17	15,000,000	15,101,701
Other income	18	7,021,714	8,116,755
Total income		22,021,714	23,218,456
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	19	10,144,279	9,340,966
Finance costs	20	142,346	30,734
Depreciation and amortization expense	21	897,187	945,963
Other expenses	22	10,006,824	8,770,571
Total expenses		21,190,636	19,088,234
Profit /(Loss) before exceptional item		831,078	4,130,222
Exceptional item	23	39,251,037	(47,514,438)
Profit /(Loss) before tax		40,082,115	(43,384,216)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability		35,615	21,648
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		35,615	21,648
Total comprehensive income for the year		40,117,730	(43,362,568)
Earnings per equity share			
Basic earnings per equity share		4.12	(4.46)
Diluted earnings per equity share		4.10	(4.46)
See accompanying notes to the financial statements	1-40		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.			

As per our report of even date
For **MSKA & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.:105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal
Partner
Membership No: 214198

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Palred Technologies Limited
CIN: L72200TG1999PLC033131

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
DIN: 00055870

Pinekalapati Harish Naidu
Chief Finance Officer

S.Vijaya Saradhi
Director
DIN: 03089889

Shruti Rege
Company Secretary
Membership No. A43523

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	40,082,115	(43,384,216)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortization expenses	897,187	945,963
Dividend on Mutual Fund	(20,094)	(127,489)
Finance cost	142,346	30,734
Interest income	(7,001,620)	(7,897,982)
Income on derecognition of lease	-	(91,284)
Impairment towards investment in subsidiaries	(39,251,037)	47,514,438
Operating loss before working capital changes	(5,151,103)	(3,009,836)
Changes in working capital		
Decrease/ (increase) in trade receivables	82,963	3,141,392
(Decrease)/ increase in other current liabilities	(1,383,732)	(30,173)
(Decrease)/ increase in non-current liabilities	(1,674,595)	(632,623)
(Decrease)/Increase in provisions	182,966	100,663
Decrease/ (increase) in other financial assets	11,642,845	(7,172,979)
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	134,860	(88,846)
Decrease/ (Increase) in non-current assets	174,612	824,880
Cash generated used in operations	4,008,817	(6,867,522)
Income Tax	2,190,389	2,130,430
Net cash flows used in operating activities (A)	1,818,428	(8,997,952)
Cash flow from Investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	(8,051)
Net proceeds from mutual funds	2,294,575	572,511
Dividend income from mutual funds	20,094	127,489
Net proceeds from fixed deposits	(92,037,592)	-
Interest received	7,829,381	7,897,982
Net cash flow from investing activities (B)	(81,893,542)	8,589,931
Cash flow from Financing activities		
Money received against share warrants	80,000,000	-
Interest paid	(142,346)	(30,734)
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	79,857,654	(30,734)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(217,460)	(438,755)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	400,681	839,436
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	183,221	400,681
Cash and cash equivalents comprise		
Balances with banks		
On current accounts	180,826	379,002
Cash on hand	2,395	21,679
Total cash and bank balances at end of the year	183,221	400,681
See accompanying notes to the financial statements	1-40	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.		

As per our report of even date
For **MSKA & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.:105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal
Partner
Membership No: 214198

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Palred Technologies Limited
CIN: L72200TG1999PLC033131

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
DIN: 00055870

Pinekalapati Harish Naidu
Chief Finance Officer

S.Vijaya Saradhi
Director
DIN: 03089889

Shruti Rege
Company Secretary
Membership No. A43523

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

(A)		As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
		No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
	Equity share capital				
	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid				
	Opening	9,732,566	97,325,660	9,732,566	97,325,660
	Add: issue during the year	-	-	-	-
	Closing	9,732,566	97,325,660	9,732,566	97,325,660

(B) Other equity

	Reserves and surplus				Other Comprehensive Income	Money received against share warrants	Total
	Capital Reserve	Security premium	General reserve	Retained earnings	Remeasurement of defined benefit plans		
Balance as at 1 April 2020	14,280,000	672,030,093	132,524,353	(613,333,719)	(347,659)	-	205,153,068
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(43,384,216)	-	-	(43,384,216)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	21,648	-	21,648
Balance as at 31 March 2021	14,280,000	672,030,093	132,524,353	(656,717,935)	(326,011)	-	161,790,500
Profit for the year	-	-	-	40,082,115	-	-	40,082,116
Other comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	35,615	-	35,615
Money received against share warrants						80,000,000	80,000,000
	14,280,000	672,030,093	132,524,353	(616,635,819)	(290,396)	80,000,000	281,908,231

As per our report of even date
For **MSKA & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.:105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal
Partner
Membership No: 214198

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Palred Technologies Limited
CIN: L72200TG1999PLC033131

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
DIN: 00055870

Pinekalapati Harish Naidu
Chief Finance Officer

S.Vijaya Saradhi
Director
DIN: 03089889

Shruti Rege
Company Secretary
Membership No. A43523

Summary of significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

1. Corporate Information

Palred Technologies Limited (the "Company") is a public company incorporated and domiciled in India and incorporated in accordance with the provisions of the erstwhile Companies Act, 1956. The Company's registered office is at 8-2-703/2/B/, Plot No.2, Road No.12, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana-500 034. Its shares are listed on two recognised stock exchanges of India, the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited. The Company is engaged in the business of E commerce. The Board of Directors approved the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 and authorised for issue on 16 May 2022.

2. Basis of preparation of standalone financial statements

Statement of Compliance with Ind AS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. These financial statements have been prepared for the Company as a going concern on the basis of relevant IND AS that are effective at the Company's annual reporting date 31 March 2022.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on accrual basis, except for the following material items in the Balance sheet:

- i) Certain financial assets and liabilities measured either at fair value; and
- ii) Net defined assets/ (Liability) are measured at fair value of plan assets, less present value of defined benefit obligations.

(i) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgements, estimate and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and reported amount of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the standalone financial statements in the period in which changes are made and in any future periods effected

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the standalone financial statements is included in the following notes:

- i. Note (c) and (d) — Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets;
- ii. Note (e) — Impairment;
- iii. Note (g) — Financial instruments;
- iv. Note (k) — Employee benefits;
- v. Note (m) — Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets; and
- vi. Note (l) — Income taxes

(ii) Summary of significant accounting policies

The standalone financial statements have been prepared using the accounting policies and measurement basis summarized below.

a. Functional Currency

The standalone financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee ('INR') which is also the functional and presentation currency of the Company. All financial information presented in Indian rupees has been rounded to the nearest Rupee, unless otherwise stated.

b. Current and non-current classification

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Division II- Ind AS Schedule III to the Act. The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when it is:

- i. Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle.
- ii. Held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- iii. Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv. Cash and cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

A liability is classified as current when:

- i. It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle.
- ii. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- iii. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

Current assets/ liabilities include the current portion of non-Current assets/liabilities respectively. All other assets/liabilities including deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

c. Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities), borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. If significant parts of an item of PPE have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (Major components) of PPE.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances. Capital Work-in-progress includes cost of property, plant and equipment under installation/ under development as at the balance sheet date.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated on pro-rata basis on straight line method using the useful lives of the assets estimated by management. The useful life is as follows:

Asset	Useful life (in years)
Leasehold improvement	Lease period
Vehicles	10 years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 years
Office Equipment	5 years
Computers:	
-Servers	6 years
-End user devices such as, desktops, laptops etc.	3 years

Depreciation on additions/ disposals is provided on pro-rata basis i.e. from/ up to the date on which asset is ready for use/ disposed-off.

The useful lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events. The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the assets. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year- end and adjusted retrospectively, if appropriate.

d. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization and impairment. These are derecognised upon disposal (i.e., at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from disposal of the intangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the assets are disposed off.

Intangible assets are amortized over their useful economic lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The

other intangible assets comprise of computer software expenditure and are amortized over a period of three years. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset is reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

e. Impairment

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's tangible and intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or the cash-generating unit for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets.

An impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss if the estimated recoverable amount of an asset or its cash generating unit is lower than its carrying amount. If, at the reporting date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been previously recognised.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost.

Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. For all other financial assets, ECL are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL.

Loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from gross carrying amount of the assets.

f. Leases:

The Company has applied Ind AS 116 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under Ind AS 17.

Company as a lessee

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease

liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following: –

- i. Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- ii. Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- iii. Amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- iv. The exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in 'property, plant and equipment' and lease liabilities in 'loans and borrowings' in the statement of financial position. (Refer 4).

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases of real estate properties that have a lease term of 12 months. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term

Comparative Information under Ind AS 17

In the comparative period, as a lessee the Company classified leases that transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership as finance leases. When this was the case, the leased assets were measured initially at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments were the payments over the lease term that the lessee was required to make, excluding any contingent rent.

Subsequently, the assets were accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Assets held under other leases were classified as operating leases and were not recognised in the Company's statement of financial position. Payments made under operating leases were recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received were recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset to the Company. All other leases are classified as operating leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in borrowings or other financial liabilities as appropriate. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Land under perpetual lease for is accounted as finance lease which is recognised at upfront premium paid for the lease and the present value of the lease rent obligation. The corresponding liability is recognised as a finance lease obligation. Land under non-perpetual lease is treated as operating lease.

Operating lease payments for land are recognised as prepayments and amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Contingent rentals, if any, arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

g. Financial Instruments

Initial Recognition and measurement

Trade receivables are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset or financial liability is initially measured at fair value and, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial Assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- i. amortised cost;
- ii. fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")
 - debt investment;

- iii. FVTOCI – equity investment; or
- iv. FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets

Amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- i. the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii. the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in Other Income in the statement of profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

FVTOCI – debt investment

A debt investment is measured at FVTOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- i. the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- ii. the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognised in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Company recognises interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to statement of profit or loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

Equity investment

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI (designated as FVTOCI – equity investment). This election is made on an investment by- investment basis.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, including foreign exchange gain or loss and excluding dividends, are recognised in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit or loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

FVTPL

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost as described above are measured at FVTPL. This

includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held- for- trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in statement of profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in statement of profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in statement of profit or loss.

De-recognition

Financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

Financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Company uses derivative financial instruments such as forward exchange contracts and interest rate risk exposures to hedge its risk associated with foreign currency fluctuations and changes in interest rates. Derivatives are initially measured at fair value and subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognised in statement of profit or loss, since the Company's hedging instruments did not qualify for hedge accounting in accordance with the Ind-AS 39. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash

equivalents includes cash on hand, deposit held at call with financial institutions, other short - term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Dividend distribution to equity holders of the Company

The Company recognises a liability to make dividend distributions to equity holders of the Company when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

h. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency of the Company at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting period are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies which are carried at historical cost are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or any other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured.

Exchange differences arising on monetary items on settlement, or restatement as at reporting date, at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded, are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the year in which they arise.

i. Investments in the nature of equity in subsidiaries

The Company has elected to recognise its investments in equity instruments in subsidiaries at cost in the separate financial statements in accordance with the option available in Ind AS 27, 'Separate Financial Statements.'

The Company regardless of the nature of its involvement with an entity (the investee), determines whether it is a parent by assessing whether it controls the investee. The Company controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Thus, the Company controls an investee if and only if it has all the following:

- (a) power over the investee;
- (b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and
- (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the returns.

Investments are accounted in accordance with Ind AS 105 when they are classified as held for sale. On disposal of investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the statement of profit and loss.

j. Revenue recognition

The Company has adopted Ind AS 115- Revenue from Contracts with customers, using modified retrospective application method with effect from 1 April 2018 and accordingly these financial statements are prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Ind AS 115. The application of Ind AS

115 did not have any significant impact on recognition and measurement of revenue and related items in the financial statements of the Company as the Company is yet to identify the business opportunities in the areas of IT Solutions and services.

Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Other income - Interest income

Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and rate applicable. For all debt instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

Other income - Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally, when shareholders approve the dividend.

k. Retirement and other employee benefits

Defined contribution plan

The Company's contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense as and when the services are received from the employees entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit plan

The liability in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. The Company recognises the net obligation of a defined benefit plan as a liability in its balance sheet. Gains or losses through remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability are recognised in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit and loss in the subsequent periods. The effect of any plan amendments are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits comprise of employee costs such as Salaries, bonus etc. is recognized on an undiscounted and accrual basis during the period when the employee renders service of the benefit.

l. Taxes

Tax expense recognized in statement of profit or loss consists of current and deferred tax except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in OCI or directly in equity respectively.

Current income tax, assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the Income Computation and Disclosure

Standards (ICDS) enacted in India by using tax rates and the tax laws that are enacted at the reporting date. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. Withholding tax arising out of payment of dividends to shareholders under the Indian Income tax regulations is not considered as tax expense for the Company and all such taxes are recognised in the statement of changes in equity as part of the associated dividend payment.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent it is reasonably certain that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

As at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021, the Company has deferred tax asset on account of unabsorbed business loss, unabsorbed tax depreciation and other items, which have not been recognized on the grounds of prudence. Consequently, there is no deferred tax asset or liability recorded in the financial statements as at reporting periods presented.

Further, as at 31 March, 2022 and 31 March, 2021, the Company has MAT credit of Rs. 9,17,53,770, carried forwarded under the Income-tax laws, not recognised in books due to lack of reasonable certainty.

m. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- i. Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or

- ii. Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed. However, when realization of income is virtually certain, related asset is recognized.

n. Cash flow statement

The Cash flow statement is prepared as per the Indirect Method. Cash flow statement present the cash flows by operating, financing and investing activities of the Company. Operating cash flows are arrived by adjusting profit or loss before tax for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments, and items of income or expense associated with investing or financing cash flows.

o. Exceptional Items

Exceptional items are transactions which due to their size or incidence are separately disclosed to enable a full understanding of the Company's financial performance. Items which may be considered exceptional are significant restructuring charges, gains or losses on disposal of investments in subsidiaries, impairment losses/write down in value of investment in subsidiaries, significant disposal of fixed assets etc.

p. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

q. Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

r. Standards (including amendments) issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 01, 2022.

Standards that became effective during the year

There are no new Standards that became effective during the year. The Company has applied certain amendments that became effective during the year which are discussed below:

- (i) Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2: Amendments to Ind AS 109, Ind AS 107, Ind AS 104 and Ind AS 116

The amendments provide temporary reliefs which address the financial reporting effects when an interbank offered rate (IBOR) is replaced with an alternative nearly risk-free interest rate (RFR).

The amendments include the following practical expedients:

- A practical expedient to require contractual changes, or changes to cash flows that are directly required by the reform, to be treated as changes to a floating interest rate,

- equivalent to a movement in a market rate of interest
- Permit changes required by IBOR reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued
- Provide temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR instrument is designated as a hedge of a risk component

These amendments have no impact on the financial statements of the Company. The Company intends to use the practical expedients in future periods as and when it become applicable

(ii) Amendments to Ind AS consequential to Conceptual Framework under Ind AS

The Framework is not a Standard and it does not override any specific standard. Therefore, this does not form part of a set of standards pronounced by the standard-setters. While, the Framework is primarily meant for the standard-setter for formulating the standards, it has relevance to the preparers in certain situations such as to develop consistent accounting policies for areas that are not covered by a standard or where there is choice of accounting policy, and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the Standards.

The amendments made in following standards due to Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Ind AS .includes amendment of the footnote to the definition of an equity instrument in Ind AS 102- Share Based Payments, footnote to be added for definition of liability i.e. definition of liability is not revised on account of revision of definition in conceptual framework in case of Ind AS 37 - Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets etc.

The MCA has notified the Amendments to Ind AS consequential to Conceptual Framework under Ind AS vide notification dated June 18, 2021, applicable for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2021. Accordingly, the Conceptual Framework is applicable for preparers for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021

These amendments have no impact on the financial statements of the Company.

(iii) Ind AS 116: COVID-19 related rent concessions

MCA issued an amendment to Ind AS 116 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 to update the condition for lessees to apply the relief to a reduction in lease payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022 from 30 June 2021. The amendment applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021. In case a lessee has not yet approved the financial statements for issue before the issuance of this amendment, then the same may be applied for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2020.

These amendments have no impact on the financial statements of the Company.

(iv) Ind AS 103: Business combination

The MCA clarified that for the purpose of this Ind AS, acquirers are required to apply the definition of asset and liability given in the framework for preparation and presentation of financial statements with Indian Accounting standards rather than the conceptual framework. Therefore, the acquirer does not recognise those costs as part of applying the acquisition method. Instead, the acquirer recognises those costs in its post-combination financial statements in accordance with other Ind AS.

These amendments have no impact on the financial statements of the Company.

(v) Amendment to Ind AS 105, Ind AS 16 and Ind AS 28

In the definition of "Recoverable amount" the words "the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use" are replaced with "higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use". The consequential amendments are made in Ind AS 105, Ind AS 16 and Ind AS 28.

These amendments have no impact on the financial statements of the Company.

Summary of significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022
(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

3. Property, plant and equipment

	Lease hold Improvement	Vehicles	Furniture and Fixtures	Office Equipment	Computers	Total
Gross carrying value (at deemed cost)						
Balance as at 31 March 2020	316,020	34,178	3,746,545	607,944	573,984	5,278,671
Additions	-	-	8,050	-	-	8,050
Disposals/retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	316,020	34,178	3,754,595	607,944	573,984	5,286,721
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals/retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2022	316,020	34,178	3,754,595	607,944	573,984	5,286,721
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance as at 31 March 2020	316,020	23,919	2,873,660	557,497	551,662	4,322,758
Additions	-	2,648	225,617	9,856	11,189	249,310
Disposals/retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	316,020	26,567	3,099,277	567,353	562,851	4,572,068
Charge for the year	-	1,970	169,649	5,762	5,447	182,828
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals/retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2022	316,020	28,537	3,268,926	573,115	568,298	4,754,896
Net carrying value as at 31 March 2021	-	7,611	655,318	40,591	11,133	714,653
Net carrying value as at 31 March 2022	-	5,641	485,669	34,829	5,686	531,825

4 (a) Right of Use Asset as at 31 March 2022

Particulars	Category of ROU Asset	Total
	Buildings	
Balance as at 1 April 2021	-	-
Additions	2,143,077	2,143,077
Deletions	-	-
Depreciation	714,359	714,359
Balance as at 31 March 2022	1,428,718	1,428,718

The aggregate depreciation expenses on ROU Assets is included under depreciation and amortization expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(b) Lease liabilities as at 31 March 2022

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022
i) Non-Current	773,176
ii) Current	712,243
Total	1,485,419

The movement in lease liabilities during the year ended 31 March 2022 is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022
Balance as at 1 April 2021	-
Additions	2,143,077
Finance cost accrued during the year	142,346
Deletions	-
Payment of lease liabilities	800,004
Balance as at 31 March 2022	1,485,419

The details of the contractual maturities of lease liabilities as at 31 March 2022 on an undiscounted basis as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022
Less than one year	712,243
One year to three years	773,176
More than three years	-
Total	1,485,419

5. Financial Assets- Investments

		As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
A.	Non-Current		
	Investments in unquoted equity shares (Fully paid up, unless stated otherwise)		
	In Subsidiaries (Carried at cost)		
i)	Palred Electronics Private Limited(Formerly known as Palred Online Technologies Private Limited), principal place of business at Hyderabad, India		
	Number of shares	27,206,574	27,206,574
	Par value of each share	10	10
	% of holding	78.17%	78.17%
	Gross Carrying Amount	45,300,000	45,300,000
	Reversal of Impairment towards investments (Refer Note below)	(74,513,500)	-
	Net Carrying Amount	119,813,500	45,300,000
ii)	Palred Retail Private Limited, principal place of business at Hyderabad, India		
	Number of shares	3,040,000	3,040,000
	Par value of each share	10	10
	% of holding	97.81%	97.81%
	Gross Carrying Amount	30,400,000	30,400,000
	Impairment towards investments (Refer Note below)	30,400,000	-
	Net Carrying Amount	-	30,400,000
iii)	Palred Technology Services Private Limited, principal place of business at Hyderabad, India		
	Number of shares	13,010,000	13,010,000
	Par value of each share	10	10
	% of holding	100%	100%
	Gross Carrying Amount	4,862,463	52,376,900
	Impairment towards investments (Refer Note below)	4,862,463	47,514,438
	Net Carrying Amount	-	4,862,462
	Total	119,813,500	80,562,462
B.	Current		
	Investments in mutual funds, non-trade, unquoted		
	Nil units (31 March 2021: 2199.586 units) of Kotak Arbitrage Fund - Monthly Dividend Reinvestment plan	-	2,294,575
	Total	-	2,294,575
	Note:		
	Aggregate amount of quoted investments	-	2,294,575
	Aggregate book value of unquoted investments	119,813,500	80,562,462
	Aggregate amount of impairment of value in investment	(39,251,037)	47,514,438

Note:

Due to changes in the business conditions viz. the subsidiary companies (Palred Retail Private Limited and Palred Technology Services Private Limited) facing increased competition, higher customer acquisition costs etc. The subsidiary company strategically downsized the operations and employee base to cut down the future losses. On the basis of management evaluation, the aggregate carrying amount of investments exceeds the recoverable amount by Rs. 304.00 lakhs and Rs. 48.62 lakhs respectively as of 31 March 2022. Accordingly, the management has created provision for diminution in value of investment aggregating to Rs. 304.00 lakhs and Rs. 48.62 lakhs respectively as at 31 March 2022. Further the Company had impaired its investment in Palred Electronics Private Limited against which provision for impairment was provided in earlier years. Based upon the assessment of carrying value of investments, the company has reversed its impairment of Rs. 745.14 lakhs which was provided earlier.

6. Other non-current assets

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Advance tax (net of provision)	27,560,089	25,369,700
Balances with government authorities	-	174,612
Total other non-current other assets	27,560,089	25,544,312

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

7. Trade receivable

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at 31 march 2022	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 march 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Secured, considered good	-	-	-	-
Unsecured				
-Considered good	-	-	-	82,963
	-	-	-	82,963
Further classified as:				
Receivable from related parties (Refer footnote i)	-	-	-	82,963
Receivable from others	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	82,963

Ageing of Trade Receivables

31 March 2022	Current							
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Receipts					Total
			Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables –which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables–considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts (Disputed + Undisputed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

31 March 2021	Current							
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Receipts					Total
			Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	-	82,963	-	-	-	-	82,963
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables –which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables–considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts (Disputed + Undisputed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Footnote i : Include due from following Companies in which the Company is having common directors:

	Non-current		Current	
	As at 31 march 2022	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 march 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Palred Electronics Private Limited	-	-	-	82,841
Palred Retail Private Limited	-	-	-	-
Palred Technology Services Private Limited	-	-	-	122
	-	-	-	82,963

All amounts are short-term. The net carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.

8. Cash and cash equivalents

	As at 31 march 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Balances with banks		
On current accounts	180,826	379,002
Cash on hand	2,395	21,679
	183,221	400,681

9. Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalent

	As at 31 march 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Balance in unpaid dividend account	-	3,403,237
Balance in unpaid capital reduction account	1,359,835	1,359,835
"In Fixed deposit with maturity for more than 3 months but less than 12 months from balance sheet date"	235,440,829	140,000,000
	236,800,664	144,763,072

Note:

The Subsidiary entities (Palred Electronics Private Limited and Palred Technology Services Private Limited) taken the over draft facilities from ICICI Bank against the Fixed deposits.

10. Other financial assets

	As at 31 march 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	1,117,758	11,645,356
Accrued income	-	1,115,248
	1,117,758	12,760,604

11. Other current assets

	As at 31 march 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Advance recoverable	66,494	196,172
Prepaid expenses	-	5,183
Total	66,494	201,355

12. Share capital

Equity shares	As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Authorized				
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	28,038,800	280,388,000	28,038,800	280,388,000
14% Preference Shares of Rs.100 each	696,120	69,612,000	696,120	69,612,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up				
Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid	9,732,566	97,325,660	9,732,566	97,325,660
Total	9,732,566	97,325,660	9,732,566	97,325,660
(a) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year	For the period ended 31 March 2022		For the period ended 31 March 2021	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the year	9,732,566	97,325,660	9,732,566	97,325,660
Add: Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	9,732,566	97,325,660	9,732,566	97,325,660

(b) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share held. Dividend if any declared is payable in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company

Name of the equity shareholder	As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	Number	% holding	Number	% holding
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Stuthi Reddy	1,000,000	10.27%	1,000,000	10.27%
Supriya Reddy Palem	1,000,000	10.27%	1,000,000	10.27%
Sanhita Reddy	1,000,000	10.27%	1,000,000	10.27%
Passage to India Master Fund Limited	701,586	7.21%	701,586	7.21%
Ashish Dhawan	678,189	6.97%	678,189	6.97%
Palem Srikanth Reddy	602,261	6.19%	602,261	6.19%

Note: Mr. Palem Srikanth Reddy passed away during the financial year 2020-21. The process of Share Transfer to his nominee, Mrs. Supriya Reddy Palem is yet to complete.

Details of Shares held by Promoters at the end of the year

S. No	Promoter name	As at 31 March 2022			As at 31 March 2021		
		No. Of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	No. Of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
1	Palem Srikanth Reddy	602,261	6.19%	-	602,261	6.19%	-
2	Stuthi Reddy	1,000,000	10.27%	-	1,000,000	10.27%	-
3	Supriya Reddy Palem	1,000,000	10.27%	-	1,000,000	10.27%	-
4	Sanhita Reddy	1,000,000	10.27%	-	1,000,000	10.27%	-
5	Soujanya Reddy Parvatha	46,619	0.48%	-	46,619	0.48%	-
6	P Soujanya Reddy .	25,000	0.26%	-	25,000	0.26%	-
7	Palem Srinivas Reddy	2,600	0.03%	-	2,600	0.03%	-
8	Dakshayani Reddy	600	0.01%	-	600	0.01%	-
	Total	3,677,080	37.78%	-	3,677,080	37.78%	-

d) No class of shares have been issued as bonus shares or for consideration other than cash by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the current year end.

(e) Capital reduction of equity shares during 5 years immediately preceding the Balance Sheet date

Subsequent to the approval of the High Court of Judicature at Hyderabad for the State of Telangana and Andhra Pradesh for reduction of 60% of the paid up equity share capital during the financial year ended 31 March 2016, the Company has returned an amount of Rs. 16.50 at a premium of Rs. 11.50 per share and cancelled extinguished 60% of the equity shares of the Company of face value of Rs. 5 each in July 2015. After reduction, the issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital of Rs. 19,51,84,850 consisting of Rs. 3,90,36,970 equity shares of Rs. 5 each fully paid-up, was reduced to Rs. 7,80,73,940 consisting of Rs. 1,56,14,788 equity shares of Rs. 5 each.

	Number of shares
	1 April 2015 to 31 March 2022
Aggregate number of capital reduction of equity shares	23,422,182

13. Other equity

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Reserves and surplus		
Capital Reserve	1,42,80,000	1,42,80,000
Securities premium	67,20,30,093	67,20,30,093
General reserve	13,25,24,353	13,25,24,353
Retained earnings	(61,66,35,820)	(65,67,17,935)
Money Received Against share warrants*	8,00,00,000	-
Total reserves and surplus	28,21,98,626	16,21,16,511

* the Company held Extraordinary General Meeting on 20 November 2021 in which it proposed to create, offer, issue and allot to Mathew Cyriac, in one or more tranches, up to 25,00,000 (Twenty Five Lakhs) convertible warrants of the Company having a face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each, at an issue price of Rs.128/- per warrant (including a premium of Rs. 118 per warrant) determined as on the Relevant Date in accordance with Regulation 164(1) of the ICDR Regulations and applicable laws, for an

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

aggregate consideration not exceeding Rs.32,00,00,000/- (Rupees Thirty-Two Crores only) to Non-Promoters, by way of a preferential allotment and in such manner and on such other terms and conditions, as the Board may, in its absolute discretion, think fit. Further, the Company allotted the Share warrants to the Allottee, Mr. Mathew Cyriac in the Board Meeting held as on 19th January, 2022 and received 25% of the total Issue Price of Rs. 32,00,00,000/- (Rupees Thirty Two Crores only) i.e. Rs.8,00,00,000/- (Rupees Eight Crores only) as on 18th January, 2022.

Other Comprehensive Income

Remeasurement of defined benefit plan	(2,90,396)	(3,26,011)
Total other comprehensive income	(2,90,396)	(3,26,011)
Total Other equity	28,19,08,230	16,17,90,500

Nature and Purpose of reserve:

i. Capital Reserve

The reserve represents creation of capital reserve pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation. The Company uses capital reserve for transactions in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

ii. Securities Premium Account

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in securities premium. In case of equity-settled share based payment transactions, the difference between fair value on grant date and face value of share is accounted as securities premium. This reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

iii. General reserve

General reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes.

iv. Remeasurement of defined benefit plan

The reserve represents the remeasurement gains/(losses) arising from the actuarial valuation of the defined benefit plan of the Company. The remeasurement gains/(losses) are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated under this reserve within equity. The amounts recognized under this reserve are not reclassified to statement of profit or loss.

14. Provisions

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Non-current		
Gratuity (refer note (a))	14,92,025	13,48,918
	14,92,025	13,48,918
Current		
Gratuity (refer note (a))	37,541	33,297
	37,541	33,297

(a) Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of the Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of five years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/ termination is the employees last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionally 15 days salary multiplied for the number of the years of service. The gratuity plan is unfunded. The assumptions used in accounting for the gratuity plan are set out below.

		As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
i.	Change in projected benefit obligation		
	Projected benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	13,82,215	13,03,200
	Service cost	1,21,719	2,25,944
	Interest cost	94,820	78,713
	Actuarial (gain) / loss	(35,615)	(21,648)
	Settlements	(33,573)	-2,03,944
	Benefits paid	-	-
	Projected benefit obligation at the end of the year	15,29,566	13,82,265
ii.	Expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss		
	Service cost	1,21,719	2,25,944
	Interest cost	94,820	78,713
	Expected returns on plan assets	-	-
	Net gratuity costs	2,14,564	3,04,657
iii.	Expense recognized in OCI		
	Recognized net actuarial (gain)/ loss	(35,615)	(21,648)
iv.	Key actuarial assumptions		
	Financial assumptions		

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Discount rate	6.98%	6.68%
Salary escalation rate	7.00%	7.00%
Demographic assumptions	For Service 4 years and below 5%	
	For Service 5 years and above 2%	

Mortality rate as per Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 table

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
v. Sensitivity Analysis		
Projected defined benefit obligation		
Delta effect of +1% change in discount rate	15,29,566	(1,44,196)
Delta effect of -1% change in discount rate	(1,48,561)	1,68,028
Delta effect of -1% change in discount rate	1,71,523	89,519
Delta effect of -1% change in salary escalation rate	(85,754)	(84,758)
vi. Maturity analysis of projected benefit obligation		
1 year	37,541	33,297
2 to 5 years	1,39,174	1,55,486
6 to 10 years	14,29,681	2,54,673
More than 10 years	18,86,896	2914870

The significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are the discount rate and salary escalation rate. The calculation of the net defined benefit liability is sensitive to these assumptions. Sensitivity to these factors is disclosed above.

15. Other financial liabilities

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Current		
Unpaid dividends	-	34,03,237
Unclaimed capital reduction	13,59,835	13,59,835
Other Payables	35,95,895	18,67,253
Total other financial liabilities	49,55,730	66,30,325

16. Other current liabilities

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Statutory dues payable	1,80,960	1,95,977
Balances with government authorities	1,16,705	-
Total other current liabilities	2,97,665	1,95,977

17. Revenue from operations

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Sale of Services:		
E commerce fulfilment charges	-	17,02,922
Management fees	1,50,00,000	1,33,98,779
Total revenue from operations	1,50,00,000	1,51,01,701

18. Other income

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Interest Income	70,01,620	78,97,982
Dividend From Mutual Funds	20,094	1,27,489
Misc income		91,284
Total other income	70,21,714	81,16,755

19. Employee benefits expense

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Salaries, wages, bonus and other allowances	97,65,487	87,78,698
Contribution to Provident Fund	1,21,041	1,51,689
Gratuity expenses (Refer note 14)	2,16,539	3,04,657
Staff welfare expenses	41,212	1,05,922
	1,01,44,279	93,40,966

20. Finance costs

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Interest Expense on lease liability	1,42,346	30,734
	1,42,346	30,734

21. Depreciation and amortization expense

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,82,828	2,49,310
Depreciation of ROU Assets	7,14,359	6,96,653
	8,97,187	9,45,963

22. Other expenses

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Rates and taxes	25,80,779	13,83,712
Office expenses	13,72,286	15,14,860
Communication, broadband and internet expenses	40,682	55,166
Insurance	11,836	7,959
Travelling and conveyance	1,37,805	1,18,985
Legal and professional charges*	16,39,030	13,21,955
Auditor's Remuneration (Refer Note i)	14,00,000	14,00,000
Sitting Fees	2,35,000	30,000
Hosting Expenses	24,48,062	18,91,384
Advertisement	98,720	10,26,400
Miscellaneous expenses	42,625	20,150
	1,00,06,825	87,70,571

Note i : The following is the break-up of Auditors remuneration (exclusive of Goods and service tax)

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
As auditor:		
Statutory audit	14,00,000	14,00,000
Reimbursement of expenses	-	-
Total	14,00,000	14,00,000

23. Exceptional items

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Impairment Cost	(3,92,51,037)	4,75,14,438
	(3,92,51,037)	4,75,14,438

24. Earnings per equity share (EPES)

Basic earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the loss for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss attributable to equity holders (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

The following reflects the loss and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Loss attributable to equity holders	4,00,82,115	(4,33,84,216)
Weighted average number of equity shares	97,32,566	97,32,566
Adjusted number of shares for Dilutive EPS	97,85,775	97,32,566
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (INR)	4.12	(4.46)
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share (INR)	4.10	(4.46)

25. Fair value measurements

(i) Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

(ii) Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value

	As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 1	Level 2
Financial assets				
Current Investments	-	-	22,94,575	-

There are no transfers between levels during the year. The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels at the end of the reporting period.

(iii) Financial instruments by category

For amortised cost instruments, carrying value represents the best estimate of fair value.

	As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	FVTPL	Amortised cost	FVTPL	Amortised cost
Financial Assets				
Current Investments	-	-	22,94,575	-
Trade receivables	-	-	-	82,963
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,83,221	-	4,00,681
Other Bank balances	-	23,68,00,664	-	14,47,63,072
Other financial assets	-	11,17,758	-	1,27,60,604
Total financial assets	-	23,81,01,643	22,94,575	15,80,07,320
Financial liabilities				
lease liability	-	14,85,419	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	49,55,730	-	66,30,325
Total financial liabilities	-	64,41,149	-	66,30,325

iv. The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances that derive directly from its operations. The Company also holds FVTPL investments.

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of bank deposits, other financial assets, other financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost is not significant in each of the years presented. For all other amortised cost instruments, carrying value represents the best estimate of fair value.

For financial assets measured at fair values, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

26. Financial instruments risk management

The Company is exposed to financial risks arising from its operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company and seek to, where appropriate, minimize potential impact of the risk and to control and monitor such risks. There has been no change to the Company's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

The following sections provide details regarding the Company's exposure to the financial risks associated with financial instruments held in the ordinary course of business and the objectives, policies and processes for management of these risks:

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

A. Market risk:

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from adverse changes in market rates (such as interest rates) or in the price of market risk-sensitive instruments as a result of such adverse changes in market rates and prices. Market risk is attributable to all market risk-sensitive financial instruments. The Company's exposure to market risk is a function of investing activities.

B. Credit risk

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invests in deposits with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies. Investments primarily include investment in liquid mutual fund units and certificate of deposit which are funds deposited at a bank for a specified time period. None of the Company's cash equivalents, including term deposits (i.e. certificates of deposits) were past due or impaired as at the reporting periods.

C. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Company's reputation.

The Company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents and current investments. The Company believes that the working capital is sufficient to meet its current requirements. Accordingly, no liquidity risk is perceived. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and maintains adequate source of funding. The Company had following working capital at the end of the reporting year.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Current Assets	23,81,68,138	16,05,03,250
Current liabilities	60,03,180	68,59,599
Working Capital	23,21,64,958	15,36,43,651

27. Capital risk management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will continue as going concern while maximising the return to shareholders. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustment in light of changes in business condition. The overall strategy remains unchanged as compared to last year. There is no debt in the Company as on the reporting dates presented and accordingly, gearing ratio is nil as at various reporting dates.

28. Related Party disclosures

(a) Names of the related parties and nature of relationship

Names of related parties	Country	Nature of relationship
Palred Electronics Private Limited-Subsidiary	India	Subsidiary
Palred Retail Private Limited-Subsidiary	India	Subsidiary
Palred Technology Services Private Limited	India	Subsidiary
Mr. Palem Srikar Reddy		Key Managerial Personnel
Mr. Pinekalapati Harish Naidu, CFO		Key Managerial Personnel
Mrs. Shruti Rege, Company Secretary		Key Managerial Personnel
Ms. Supriya Reddy		Key Managerial Personnel
Ms. Stuthi Reddy		Relative of Key Managerial Personnel

(b) Transactions with related parties:

Related Party	Transaction	For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Palred Electronics Private Limited	Ecom Fulfilment Services	-	38,625
Palred Retail Private Limited	Ecom Fulfilment Services	-	16,60,777
Palred Technology Services Private Limited	Ecom Fulfilment Services	3,520	3,520
Palred Electronics Private Limited	Corporate guarantee	30,00,00,000	30,00,00,000
Palred Electronics Private Limited	Pledge of fixed deposits against working capital limits	21,29,81,310	8,55,00,000
Palred Technology Services Private Limited	Pledge of fixed deposits against working capital limits	2,24,59,519	3,80,00,000
Palred Electronics Private Limited	Management Fee	1,50,00,000	1,12,24,023
Palred Retail Private Limited	Management Fee	-	8,28,359

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Related Party	Transaction	For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Palred Technology Services Private Limited	Management Fee	-	13,46,397
Mr. Palem Srikanth Reddy	Remuneration*	-	10,00,000
Mr. Palem Srikanth Reddy	Reimbursement of expenses	-	81,519
Mr. Pinekalapati Harish Naidu	Salaries including bonuses	35,00,000	27,91,667
Mr. Murthy MVLN	Reimbursement of expenses	-	6,39,859
Mr. Pinekalapati Harish Naidu	Reimbursement of expenses	18,531	2,050
Ms. Supriya Reddy	Salaries including bonuses	15,00,000	10,00,000
Ms. Supriya Reddy	Reimbursement of expenses	1,15,753	2,22,042
Mrs. Shruti Rege	Salaries including bonuses	8,62,500	6,42,904
Ms. Stuthi Reddy	Rent	8,00,004	7,00,000

*Remuneration not include post employment benefits and other long term employee benefit expenditure which are computed for Company as a whole.

(c) Balances receivable/(payables)

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Palred Electronics Private Limited	(6,99,999)	82,841
Palred Technology Services Private Limited	-	122
Ms. Stuthi Reddy	-	(73,667)

29. Contingent liabilities and pending litigations

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Claim against company not acknowledged as debt - (Income Tax)		
Assessment year 2008-09 - refer note below	6,02,00,000	6,02,00,000

Note:

Pursuant to the income tax assessment for the financial year 2007 08 onwards, the Company had received various demands from the income tax authorities in relation to the inadmissibility of certain expenditure in accordance with the provisions of the income tax law and compliances with the arm's length guidelines in relation to international transactions with associated enterprises. The management, on the basis of its internal assessment of the facts of the case, the underlying nature of transactions, the history of judgements made by the various appellate authorities and the necessary advice received from the independent expert engaged in this regard, is of the view that the probability of the case being settled against the Company is remote and accordingly do not foresee any adjustment to the financial statements in this regard.

30. Segment reporting

The operations of the company are predominantly related to the trading in electronic products, fashion accessories and providing related services. As such there is only one primary reportable segment as per IND AS 108 'Operating Segments'.

31. Details of Benami Property held

The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami property.

32 Relationship with Struck off Companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956,

The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

33. Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

34. Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:

- (i) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

- (ii) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

35. The standalone financial statements are approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 16 May 2022.

36. Ratios

S No.	Ratio	Formula	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021		Ratio as on	Ratio as on	Variation	Reason (If variation is more than 25%)
			Numerator	Denominator	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2022	31 March 2021		
(a)	Current Ratio	Current Assets / Current Liabilities	23,81,68,138	60,03,180	16,05,03,250	68,59,599	39.67	23.40	70%	Note 1(a)
(b)	Debt-Equity Ratio	Debt / Equity	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
(c)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Net Operating Income / Debt Service	4,11,21,648	8,30,738	(4,24,07,519)	7,30,736	49.50	(58.03)	185%	Note 1(b)
(d)	Return on Equity Ratio	Profit after tax less pref. Dividend x 100 / Shareholder's Equity	4,00,82,115	37,92,33,890	(4,33,84,216)	25,91,16,160	10.57	(16.74)	163%	Note 1(b)
(f)	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Sales / Average Trade Receivables	1,50,00,000	41,481	1,51,01,701	16,53,659	361.61	9.13	3860%	Note 1(c)
(g)	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Revenue / Average Working Capital	1,50,00,000	19,29,04,304	1,51,01,701	15,16,98,369	0.08	0.10	22%	
(h)	Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit / Net Sales	4,00,82,115	1,50,00,000	(4,33,84,216)	1,51,01,701	2.67	(2.87)	193%	Note 1(b)
(i)	Return on Capital Employed	EBIT / Capital Employed	4,02,24,461	38,14,99,091	(4,33,53,482)	26,04,65,078	0.11	(0.17)	163%	Note 1(b)
(j)	Return on Investment	Net Profit / Net Investment	4,00,82,115	37,92,33,890	(4,33,84,216)	25,91,16,160	0.11	(0.17)	163%	Note 1(b)

Note1:

- Improvement in current ratio is due to creation of additional fixed deposits.
- Reversal of impairment on Non current assets has led to increase in profits.
- There are no trade receivables as at the balance sheet date which led to significant improvement in the ratio.

37. Undisclosed income

The Company does not have any undisclosed income which is not recorded in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year (previous year) in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

38. Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

39. The Code on Social Security 2020

The Code on Social Security 2020 ('the Code') relating to employee benefits, during the employment and post-employment, has received Presidential assent on September 28, 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. Further, the Ministry of Labour and Employment has released draft rules for the Code on November 13, 2020. However, the effective date from which the changes are applicable is yet to be notified and rules for quantifying the financial impact are also not yet issued. The Company will assess the impact of the Code and will give appropriate impact in the financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

40. Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified to confirm presentation as per Ind AS and as required by Schedule III of the Act.

As per our report of even date
For **MSKA & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.:105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal
Partner
Membership No: 214198

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Palred Technologies Limited
CIN: L72200TG1999PLC033131

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
DIN: 00055870

Pinekalapati Harish Naidu
Chief Finance Officer

S.Vijaya Saradhi
Director
DIN: 03089889

Shruti Rege
Company Secretary
Membership No. A43523

WIRELESS

NECKBAND

Tangent Lite

Crush the work in style. Robust bass, clear vocal, Magnetic & Light weight. Finely tuned earphones for powerful sound.



Tangent Urban

Less charging. More Flexing. Slim, Stylish & Powerful with monstrous 60 hrs playtime. 50 ms No Delay Gaming and ENC Technology for call clarity.



Best Seller

Tangent Beat

Move with your beats. Ergonomic Super Flexible In-Ear Wireless Headphones with Hi-Fi Sound & Deep Bass. Calls & Music Control at a Hands-free Experience.



Tangent Evo

Enjoy all day long 14hrs of Playtime with Powerful Performance and Deep bass. Lightweight Design and comfortable to wear.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of **Plared Technologies Limited**

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Palred Technologies Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of subsidiaries, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2022, of consolidated loss and the consolidated total other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in India in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by Institute of Chartered Accountant of India ("ICAI"), and the relevant provisions of the Act and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing ("SAs") will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies, none of the directors of the Group companies are disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group – Refer Note XX to the consolidated financial statements.
 - ii. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies.

- iv. The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that such parties shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- v. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.

2. As required by The Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017, in our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Group to its directors is within the limits laid prescribed under Section 197 of the Act and the rules thereunder.
3. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Company and on consideration of CARO reports of subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no Qualifications/adverse remarks.

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal

Partner
Membership No. 214198
UDIN: 22214198AJBCCG5991

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PALRED TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (current year) and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal

Partner
Membership No. 214198
UDIN: 22214198AJBCCG5991

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PALRED TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

[Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the Members of Palred Technologies Limited on the consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of Palred Technologies Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its three subsidiary companies as of that date.

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding company, its subsidiary companies, its associate companies and jointly controlled companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding company, its subsidiary companies, its associate companies and jointly controlled companies, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding company, its subsidiary companies, its associate companies and jointly controlled companies, which are companies incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to three subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal

Partner

Membership No. 214198

UDIN: 22214198AJBCCG5991

Place: Hyderabad

Date: May 16, 2022

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	4,109,322	3,661,831
Right of Use Asset	4 (a)	18,881,975	21,319,842
Intangible assets	5	557,767	626,931
Financial assets			
Other financial assets	6	6,650,827	3,432,377
Other non-current assets	7	33,052,115	34,257,881
Total non-current assets		63,252,006	63,298,862
Current assets			
Inventories	8	218,109,295	148,313,033
Financial assets			
Investments	9	-	2,294,575
Trade receivables	10	137,623,663	171,510,777
Cash and cash equivalents	11	2,775,373	8,504,769
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	12	237,713,196	174,045,525
Other financial assets	13	3,928,770	16,339,920
Other current assets	14	92,715,144	90,606,117
Total current assets		692,865,441	611,614,716
Total assets		756,117,447	674,913,578
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	15	97,325,660	97,325,660
Other equity	16	260,846,589	195,716,064
Equity attributable to owners		358,172,249	293,041,724
Non Controlling Interest		25,098,901	24,591,338
Total Equity		383,271,150	317,633,062
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Lease Liabilities	4 (b)	16,834,856	17,820,801
Other financial liabilities	17	2,500,000	3,000,000
Provisions	18	4,857,869	4,143,963
Total non-current liabilities		24,192,725	24,964,764
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	19	314,737,502	278,671,391
Trade payables			
i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises			
ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise and small enterprise	20	5,637,972	18,084,270
Lease liability	4 (b)	3,956,783	4,577,725
Other financial liabilities	17	22,299,746	29,151,862
Other current liabilities	21	1,841,255	1,745,103
Provisions	18	180,314	85,401
Total current liabilities		348,653,572	350,136,553
Total liabilities		372,846,297	357,280,516
Total equity and liabilities		756,117,447	674,913,578
See accompanying notes to the financial statements	1-46		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date
For **MSKA & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.:105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal
Partner
Membership No: 214198

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Palred Technologies Limited
CIN: L72200TG1999PLC033131

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
DIN: 00055870

Pinekalapati Harish Naidu
Chief Finance Officer

S.Vijaya Saradhi
Director
DIN: 03089889

Shruti Rege
Company Secretary
Membership No. A43523

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
Income			
Revenue from operations	22	1,275,876,686	1,170,022,222
Other income	23	10,391,176	17,794,335
Total income		1,286,267,862	1,187,816,557
Expenses			
Purchase of stock-in-trade		982,408,674	847,670,579
Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade	24	(642,89,310)	(25,396,009)
Employee benefits expense	25	83,524,559	68,861,177
Finance cost	26	32,349,651	27,369,072
Depreciation and amortization expense	27	6,269,528	7,136,221
Other expenses	28	262,639,912	227,970,702
Total expenses		1,301,353,335	1,153,611,742
Profit before exceptional items		(166,35,153)	34,204,815
Exceptional items		-	-
Loss for the period		(166,35,153)	34,204,815
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		782,371	(775,964)
		782,371	(775,964)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability		146,885	584,038
		146,885	584,038
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		929,256	(191,926)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(157,05,896)	34,396,741
Attributable to:			
Owners of PTL		(17,142,730)	25,135,303
Non-controlling interests		507,563	9,069,513
Profit is attributable to:			
Owners of PTL		(16,403,547)	25,360,133
Non-controlling interests		697,637	9,036,608
Other comprehensive income is attributable to:			
Owners of PTL		739,182	224,829
Non-controlling interests		190,074	-
Earnings per equity share			
Basic earnings per equity share		(1.76)	2.58
Diluted earnings per equity share		(1.75)	2.58
See accompanying notes to the financial statements	1-46		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.			

As per our report of even date
For **MSKA & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.:105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal
Partner
Membership No: 214198

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Palred Technologies Limited
CIN: L72200TG1999PLC033131

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
DIN: 00055870

Pinekalapati Harish Naidu
Chief Finance Officer

S.Vijaya Saradhi
Director
DIN: 03089889

Shruti Rege
Company Secretary
Membership No. A43523

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
Cash flow from operating activities		
Loss before tax	(166,35,152)	34,204,815
Adjustments for:	-	-
Depreciation and amortization expenses	6,269,528	7,136,221
Dividend on Mutual Fund	(20,094)	(127,489)
Finance cost	32,349,651	27,369,072
Interest income	(7,665,889)	(9,197,329)
Impairment loss	-	-
Unrealised Forex Gain, net	3,472,423	2,113,625
Provision no longer required, written back	-	-
Balances written off	101,948	-1,509,908
(Gain)/ loss on sale of fixed assets	-	-
Operating loss before working capital changes	19,422,093	59,989,006
Changes in working capital		
(Decrease)/ increase in trade payables	(12,446,298)	(9,371,246)
Decrease/ (increase) in inventories	(69,796,262)	(30,345,886)
Decrease/ (increase) in trade receivables	33,887,114	(116,491,438)
(Decrease)/ increase in other current liabilities	96,152	(467,686)
(Decrease)/ increase in non-current liabilities	151,097	11,960,222
(Decrease)/ increase in provisions	94,913	(245,949)
Increase/ (decrease) in other financial liabilities	(6,852,116)	-
Decrease/ (increase) in other financial assets	9,192,700	(12,906,476)
Decrease/ (increase) in other current assets	(2,109,027)	(33,875,696)
Cash generated used in operations	(28,359,635)	(131,755,149)
Taxes paid	(2,224,660)	(1,172,071)
Net cash flows used in operating activities (A)	(30,584,295)	(132,927,220)
Cash flow from Investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(1,406,444)	(1,148,913)
Net proceeds from mutual funds	2,294,575	572,511
Dividend income from mutual funds	20,094	127,489
Proceeds from sale/ disposal of fixed assets	-	-
Net proceeds from fixed deposits	(63,667,670)	(28,433,316)
Interest received	18,193,487	-
Net cash flow from investing activities (B)	(44,565,958)	(28,882,229)
Cash flow from Financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of equity share capital	80,000,000	-
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	36,066,111	157,729,659
Interest paid	(41,623,153)	(24,944,430)
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	74,442,958	132,785,229
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(707,294)	(29,024,220)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8,504,769	39,642,614
Effect on exchange rates	(3,472,423)	(2,113,625)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	4,325,052	8,504,769
Cash and cash equivalents comprise		
Balances with banks		
On current accounts	2,329,504	8,333,610
Cash on hand	135,356	171,159
Fixed Deposit	310,513	-
Total cash and bank balances at end of the year	2,775,373	8,504,769

As per our report of even date
For **MSKA & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.:105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal
Partner
Membership No: 214198

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Palred Technologies Limited
CIN: L72200TG1999PLC033131

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
DIN: 00055870

Pinekalapati Harish Naidu
Chief Finance Officer

S.Vijaya Saradhi
Director
DIN: 03089889

Shruti Rege
Company Secretary
Membership No. A43523

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

(A)		As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
		No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
	Equity share capital				
	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid				
	Opening	9,732,566	97,325,660	9,732,566	97,325,660
	Add: issue during the year	-	-	-	-
	Closing	9,732,566	97,325,660	9,732,566	97,325,660

(B) Other equity

	Reserves and surplus				Other Comprehensive Income		Total attributable to owners of parent	Non controlling interests	Total
	Capital Reserve	Security premium	General reserve	Retained earnings	Foreign currency translation reserve	Remeasurement of defined benefit plans			
Balance as at March 31, 2020	14,280,000	672,030,093	132,524,353	(646,245,062)	380,213	(435,824)	172,533,773	15,521,825	188,055,598
Issue of equity shares							-		-
Acquisition of additional interest in subsidiary				-			-		-
Contribution to Non-Controlling interests (NCI)				-			-		-
Net Loss for the year				25,135,303			25,135,303	9,069,513	34,204,816
Other comprehensive income (OCI)					(1,985,747)	584,038	(1,401,709)		(1,401,709)
Other adjustments				(551,303)			(551,303)		(551,303)
Balance as at March 31, 2021	14,280,000	672,030,093	132,524,353	(621,661,062)	(1,605,534)	148,214	195,716,064	24,591,338	220,307,402
Net Loss for the year				(17,142,730)			(17,142,730)	507,563	(16,635,167)
Other comprehensive income (OCI)					782,371	146,885	929,256		929,256
Other adjustments				23,993,281			23,993,281		23,993,281
Balance as at March 31, 2022	14,280,000	672,030,09	132,524,353	(614,810,511)	(823,163)	295,099	203,495,872	25,098,901	260,846,577

As per our report of even date
For **MSKA & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.:105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal
Partner
Membership No: 214198

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Palred Technologies Limited
CIN: L72200TG1999PLC033131

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
DIN: 00055870

Pinekalapati Harish Naidu
Chief Finance Officer

S.Vijaya Saradhi
Director
DIN: 03089889

Shruti Rege
Company Secretary
Membership No. A43523

Summary of significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

1. Corporate Information

The Consolidated financial statements of "Palred Technologies Limited" ("the Company" or "Parent Company") and its subsidiaries (Collectively referred to as "Group") are for the year ended March 31, 2022. The Company is a public company incorporated and domiciled in India and incorporated in accordance with the provisions of the erstwhile Companies Act, 1956. The Company's registered office is at 8-2-703/2/B/Plot No: 2, Road No.12, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana-500 034. Its shares are listed on two recognised stock exchanges of India, the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited. The Group is primarily engaged into trading in mobiles, electronic products, fashion accessories and providing related services.

The Board of Directors approved the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 and authorised for issue on May 16, 2022.

2. Basis of preparation

Compliance with Ind AS

The consolidated financial statements of the Company along with its subsidiaries (together referred to as "Group") have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared for the Group as a going concern on the basis of relevant IND AS that are effective at the Company's annual reporting date March 31, 2022.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on accrual basis, except for the following material items in the Balance sheet:

- i) Certain financial assets and liabilities measured either at fair value; and
- ii) Net defined assets/ (Liability) are measured at fair value of plan assets, less present value of defined benefit obligations.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Group's exposed, or variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Especially, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- i. Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- ii. Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- iii. The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether has power over an investee, including:

- i. The contractual agreement with the other voting holders of the investee
- ii. Rights arising from other contractual agreements.
- iii. The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.
- iv. The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed off during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that Group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies.

The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the Parent Company, i.e., year ended on March 31, 2022. When the end of the reporting period of the Parent Company is different from that of a subsidiary, the subsidiary prepares, for consolidation purposes, additional financial information as of the same date as the financial statements of the Parent Company to enable the Parent Company to consolidate the financial information of the subsidiary, unless it is impracticable to do so.

Consolidation procedure:

- i. Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the Parent Company with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- ii. Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary. Business combinations policy explains how to account for any related goodwill or capital reserve.

iii. Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and fixed assets, are eliminated in full). Intragroup losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Ind AS12 Income Taxes applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group

loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary
- Derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interests
- Derecognises the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity
- Recognises the fair value of the consideration received
- Recognises the fair value of any investment retained
- Recognises any surplus or deficit in profit or loss
- Reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognised in OCI to profit or loss or retained earnings, as appropriate, as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities

The following subsidiaries have been considered for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Name of the Company	Country	Relationship	Percentage holding/ interest %	
			As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Palred Electronics Private Limited ('PEP') (formerly known as Palred Online Technologies Private Limited)	India	Subsidiary	78.17%	78.17%
Palred Retails Private Limited (PRP)	India	Subsidiary	97.81%	97.81%
Palred Technology Services Private Limited ('PTS')	India	Subsidiary	100.00%	100.00%
Palred Online Technologies Limited ('POT')	Hong Kong	Subsidiary of PEP	100.00%	100.00%
Palred Technology Shenzhen Company Ltd	China	Subsidiary of POT	100.00%	100.00%
Palred Online Bilism Teknolojileri Ticaret Anonim Sirketi	Turkey	Subsidiary of PEP	100.00%	100.00%

(i) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make judgements, estimate and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and reported amount of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which changes are made and in any future periods effected.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements is included in the following notes:

- i. Note (c) and (d) — Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets;
- ii. Note (e) — Impairment;
- iii. Note (h) — Financial instruments;
- iv. Note (l) — Employee benefits;
- v. Note (o) — Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets; and
- vi. Note (n) — Income taxes

(ii) Summary of significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using

the accounting policies and measurement basis summarized below.

a. Functional Currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee ('INR') which is also the functional and presentation currency of the Group. All financial information presented in Indian rupees has been rounded to the nearest Rupee, unless otherwise stated.

b. Current and non-current classification

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per the Group's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Division II- Ind AS Schedule III to the Act. The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when it is:

- i. Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle.
- ii. Held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- iii. Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv. Cash and cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

A liability is classified as current when:

- i. It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle.
- ii. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- iii. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current assets/ liabilities include the current portion of non-Current assets/liabilities respectively. All other assets/ liabilities including deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

c. Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities), borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. If significant parts of an item of PPE have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (Major components) of PPE.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances. Capital Work-in-progress includes cost of property, plant and equipment under installation/ under development as at the balance sheet date.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated on pro-rata basis on written down value method using the useful lives of the assets estimated by management. The useful life is as follows:

Asset	Useful life (in years)
Leasehold improvement*	Lease period
Plant & Machinery	10 years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 years
Office Equipment	5 years
Computers:	
-Servers	6 years
-End user devices such as, desktops, laptops etc.	3 years

Depreciation on additions/ disposals is provided on pro-rata basis i.e. from/ up to the date on which asset is ready for use/ disposed-off.

The useful lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events. The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the assets. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year- end and adjusted retrospectively, if appropriate.

d. Intangible assets

Other intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization and impairment. These are derecognised upon disposal (i.e., at the date the recipient obtains

control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from disposal of the intangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the assets are disposed off.

Intangible assets are amortized over their useful economic lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The other intangible assets comprise of computer software expenditure and are amortized over a period of three years. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset is reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

e. Impairment

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's tangible and intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or the cash-generating unit for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets.

An impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss if the estimated recoverable amount of an asset or its cash generating unit is lower than its carrying amount. If, at the reporting date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been previously recognised.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost.

Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. For all other financial assets, ECL are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL.

Loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from gross carrying amount of the assets.

f. Leases:

The Group has applied Ind AS 116 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under Ind AS 17.

Group as a lessee

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following: –

- i. Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- ii. Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- iii. Amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- iv. The exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in 'property, plant and equipment' and lease liabilities in 'loans and borrowings' in the statement of financial position.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases of real estate properties that have a lease term of 12 months. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Comparative Information under Ind AS 17

In the comparative period, as a lessee the Group classified

leases that transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership as finance leases. When this was the case, the leased assets were measured initially at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments were the payments over the lease term that the lessee was required to make, excluding any contingent rent.

Subsequently, the assets were accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Assets held under other leases were classified as operating leases and were not recognised in the Group's statement of financial position. Payments made under operating leases were recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received were recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset to the Group. All other leases are classified as operating leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in borrowings or other financial liabilities as appropriate. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Land under perpetual lease for is accounted as finance lease which is recognised at upfront premium paid for the lease and the present value of the lease rent obligation. The corresponding liability is recognised as a finance lease obligation. Land under non-perpetual lease is treated as operating lease.

Operating lease payments for land are recognised as prepayments and amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Contingent rentals, if any, arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

g. Inventories:

Inventories comprise of stock-in-trade and packing materials

Stock-in-trade are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence, if any. Cost includes purchase price, import duties and other taxes excluding taxes those are subsequently recoverable from the concerned authorities, freight inwards and other expenditure incurred in bringing such inventories to their present location and condition. Cost of inventories is determined using the weighted average cost method.

Packing material is carried at cost. Cost of packing material is determined using the weighted average cost method

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs to complete the sales.

The factors that the Group considers in determining the allowance for slow moving, obsolete and other non-saleable inventory include estimated life, planned product discontinuances, price changes, ageing of inventory and introduction of competitive new products, to the extent each of these factors impact the Group's business and markets. The Group considers all these factors and adjusts the inventory provision to reflect its actual experience on a periodic basis.

h. Financial Instruments

Initial Recognition and measurement

Trade receivables are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset or financial liability is initially measured at fair value and, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial Assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- i. amortised cost;
- ii. fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") – debt investment;
- iii. FVTOCI – equity investment; or
- iv. FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- i. the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii. the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in Other Income in the statement of profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

FVTOCI – debt investment

A debt investment is measured at FVTOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- i. the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- ii. the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognised in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Group recognises interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to statement of profit or loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

Equity investment

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent

changes in the investment's fair value in OCI (designated as FVTOCI – equity investment). This election is made on an investment by- investment basis.

If the Group decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, including foreign exchange gain or loss and excluding dividends, are recognised in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit or loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

FVTPL

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held- for- trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in statement of profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in statement of profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in statement of profit or loss.

De-recognition

Financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

Financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as forward exchange contracts and interest rate risk exposures to hedge its risk associated with foreign currency fluctuations and changes in interest rates. Derivatives are initially measured at fair value and subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognised in statement of profit or loss, since the Group's hedging instruments

did not qualify for hedge accounting in accordance with the Ind-AS 39. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposit held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Dividend distribution to equity holders of the Company

The Group recognises a liability to make dividend distributions to equity holders of the Group when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Group. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

i. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency of the Group at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting period are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies which are carried at historical cost are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or any other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured.

Exchange differences arising on monetary items on settlement, or restatement as at reporting date, at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded, are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the year in which they arise.

j. Investments in the nature of equity in subsidiaries

The Company has elected to recognise its investments in equity instruments in subsidiaries at cost in the separate financial statements in accordance with the option available in Ind AS 27, 'Separate Financial Statements.'

The Company regardless of the nature of its involvement with an entity (the investee), determines whether it is a parent by assessing whether it controls the investee. The Company controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Thus, the Company controls an investee if and only if it has all the following:

- (a) power over the investee;
- (b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and
- (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the returns.

Investments are accounted in accordance with Ind AS 105 when they are classified as held for sale. On disposal of investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the statement of profit and

loss.

k. Revenue recognition

The Group has adopted Ind AS 115- Revenue from Contracts with customers, using modified retrospective application method with effect from April 1, 2018 and accordingly these consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Ind AS 115. The application of Ind AS 115 did not have any significant impact on recognition and measurement of revenue and related items in the consolidated financial statements of the Group as the Group is yet to identify the business opportunities in the areas of IT Solutions and services.

Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Group expects to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Other income - Interest income

Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and rate applicable. For all debt instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

Other income - Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally, when shareholders approve the dividend.

l. Retirement and other employee benefits

Defined contribution plan

The Group's contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense as and when the services are received from the employees entitling them to the contributions

Defined benefit plan

The liability in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. The Company recognises the net obligation of a defined benefit plan as a liability in its balance sheet. Gains or losses through remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability are recognised in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit and loss in the subsequent periods. The effect of any plan amendments are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits comprise of employee costs such as Salaries, bonus etc. is recognized on an undiscounted and accrual basis during the period when the employee renders service of the benefit.

m. Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost consists of interest, ancillary costs and other costs in connection with the borrowing of funds and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs.

Borrowing costs attributable to acquisition and/or qualifying assets are capitalised as a part of the cost of such assets are ready for their intended use. Other borrowing costs are charged to the statements of profit and loss.

n. Taxes

Tax expense recognized in statement of profit or loss consists of current and deferred tax except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in OCI or directly in equity respectively.

Current income tax, assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the Income Computation and Disclosure Standards (ICDS) enacted in India by using tax rates and the tax laws that are enacted at the reporting date. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Group.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. Withholding tax arising out of payment of dividends to shareholders under the Indian Income tax regulations is not considered as tax expense for the Group and all such taxes are recognised in the statement of changes in equity as part of the associated dividend payment.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent it is reasonably certain that the Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

As at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, the Group has deferred tax asset on account of unabsorbed business loss, unabsorbed tax depreciation and other items, which have not been recognized on the grounds of prudence. Consequently, there is no deferred tax asset or liability recorded in the consolidated financial statements as at reporting periods presented.

o. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to

reflect the current best estimates. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material

Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- i. Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or
- ii. Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed. However, when realization of income is virtually certain, related asset is recognized.

p. Cash flow statement

The Cash flow statement is prepared as per the Indirect Method. Cash flow statement present the cash flows by operating, financing and investing activities of the Company. Operating cash flows are arrived by adjusting profit or loss before tax for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments, and items of income or expense associated with investing or financing cash flows.

q. Exceptional Items

Exceptional items are transactions which due to their size or incidence are separately disclosed to enable a full understanding of the Group's financial performance. Items which may be considered exceptional are significant restructuring charges, gains or losses on disposal of investments in subsidiaries, impairment losses/write down in value of investment in subsidiaries, significant disposal of fixed assets etc.

r. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

s. Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

t. Standards, not yet effective and have not been adopted early by the Company

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2022.

u. Standards that became effective during the year

There are no new Standards that became effective during the year. The group has applied certain amendments that became effective during the year which are discussed below:

(a) Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2: Amendments to Ind AS 109, Ind AS 107, Ind AS 104 and Ind AS 116

The amendments provide temporary reliefs which address the financial reporting effects when an interbank offered rate (IBOR) is replaced with an alternative nearly risk-free interest rate (RFR)

The amendments include the following practical expedients:

- A practical expedient to require contractual changes, or

changes to cash flows that are directly required by the reform, to be treated as changes to a floating interest rate, equivalent to a movement in a market rate of interest

- Permit changes required by IBOR reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued
- Provide temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR instrument is designated as a hedge of a risk component

These amendments have no impact on the consolidated financial statements of the group. The group intends to use the practical expedients in future periods as and when it become applicable.

(b) Amendments to Ind AS consequential to Conceptual Framework under Ind AS

The Framework is not a Standard and it does not override any specific standard. Therefore, this does not form part of a set of standards pronounced by the standard-setters. While, the Framework is primarily meant for the standard-setter for formulating the standards, it has relevance to the preparers in certain situations such as to develop consistent accounting policies for areas that are not covered by a standard or where there is choice of accounting policy, and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the Standards.

The amendments made in following standards due to Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Ind AS includes amendment of the footnote to the definition of an equity instrument in Ind AS 102- Share Based Payments, footnote to be added for definition of liability i.e. definition of liability is not revised on account of revision of definition in conceptual framework in case of Ind AS 37 - Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets etc.

The MCA has notified the Amendments to Ind AS consequential to Conceptual Framework under Ind AS vide notification dated June 18, 2021, applicable for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2021. Accordingly, the Conceptual Framework is applicable for preparers for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021.

These amendments have no impact on the consolidated financial statements of the group.

(c) Ind AS 116: COVID-19 related rent concessions

MCA issued an amendment to Ind AS 116 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 to update the condition for lessees to apply the relief to a reduction in lease payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022 from 30 June 2021. The amendment applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021. In case a lessee has not yet approved the consolidated financial statements for issue before the issuance of this amendment, then the same may be applied for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2020.

These amendments have no impact on the consolidated financial statements of the group.

(d) Ind AS 103: Business combination

The MCA clarified that for the purpose of this Ind AS, acquirers are required to apply the definition of asset and liability given in the framework for preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements with Indian Accounting standards rather than the conceptual framework. Therefore, the acquirer does not recognise those costs as part of applying the acquisition method. Instead, the acquirer recognises those costs in its post-combination consolidated financial statements in accordance with other Ind AS.

These amendments have no impact on the consolidated financial statements of the group.

(e) Amendment to Ind AS 105, Ind AS 16 and Ind AS 28

In the definition of "Recoverable amount" the words "the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use" are replaced with "higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use." The consequential amendments are made in Ind AS 105, Ind AS 16 and Ind AS 28.

These amendments have no impact on the consolidated financial statements of the group.

Summary of significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022
(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

3. Property, plant and equipment

	Lease hold Improve-ment	Vehicles	Furniture and Fix-tures	Office Equipment	Computers	Electrical Installation	Total
Gross carrying value (at deemed cost)							
Balance as at March 31, 2020	1,752,962	89,725	9,688,465	2,473,845	8,160,205	524,923	22,690,125
Additions	4,746	-	302,707	177,872	440,833	133,000	1,059,159
Disposals/retirement							
Balance as at March 31, 2021	1,757,708	89,725	9,991,172	2,651,717	8,601,039	657,923	23,749,284
Additions	-	-	329,985	395,344	508,354	721,486	1,955,169
Disposals/retirement							
Balance as at March 31, 2022	1,757,708	89,725	10,321,158	3,047,061	9,109,393	1,379,409	25,704,453
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance as at March 31, 2020	1,747,241	79,466	6,797,146	2,005,247	7,521,240	368,300	18,518,640
Charge for the year	-	2,648	765,093	227,032	505,147	68,893	1,568,813
Adjustments for disposals/re-tirement							
Balance as at March 31, 2021	1,747,241	82,114	7,562,239	2,232,279	8,026,387	437,193	20,087,453
Charge for the year	5,721	1,970	646,519	203,213	521,746	128,509	1,507,679
Adjustments for disposals/re-tirement							
Balance as at March 31, 2022	1,752,962	84,084	8,208,758	2,435,492	8,548,133	565,702	21,595,131
Net carrying value as at March 31, 2021	10,467	7,611	2,428,933	419,438	574,652	220,730	3,661,831
Net carrying value as at March 31, 2022	4,746	5,641	2,112,399	611,569	561,260	813,707	4,109,322

4 (a) Right of Use Asset as at 31 March 2022

Particulars	Category of ROU Asset	Total
	Buildings	
Balance as at 1 April 2021	18,811,416	18,811,416
Additions	4,286,154	4,286,154
Deletions		-
Depreciation	4,215,595	4,215,595
Balance as at 31 March 2022	18,881,975	18,881,975

The aggregate depreciation expenses on ROU Assets is included under depreciation and amortization expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(b) Lease liabilities as at 31 March 2022

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022
i) Non-Current	16,834,856
ii) Current	3,956,783
Total	20,791,639

The movement in lease liabilities during the year ended 31 March 2022 is as follows:

Particulars	Amount INR
Balance as at 1 April 2021	22,398,526
Additions	4,286,154
Finance cost accrued during the year	1,954,233
Deletions	1,979,681
Payment of lease liabilities	5,867,592
Balance as at 31 March 2022	20,791,640

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

5. Intangible assets

	Computer Software	Goodwill	Total
Gross carrying value (at deemed cost)			
Balance as at March 31, 2020	7,171,188	22,888,215	30,059,403
Additions	256,750		256,750
Balance as at March 31, 2021	7,427,938	22,888,215	30,316,153
Additions	109,600		109,600
Balance as at March 31, 2022	7,537,538	22,888,215	30,425,753
Accumulated amortization			
Balance as at March 31, 2020	6,428,778	22,888,215	29,316,993
Charge for the year	372,229		372,229
Balance as at March 31, 2021	6,801,007	22,888,215	29,689,222
Charge for the year	178,764		178,764
Balance as at March 31, 2022	6,979,771	22,888,215	29,867,986
Net carrying value as at March 31, 2021	626,931	-	626,931
Net carrying value as at March 31, 2022	557,767	-	557,767

6. Other financial assets

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Security deposits		
Unsecured considered good		
Related parties	6,650,827	3,302,550
Others	-	129,827
	6,650,827	3,432,377

7. Other non-current assets

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Advance tax (net of provision)	27,813,080	25,588,420
Balances with government authorities	5,239,035	8,669,461
Total other non-current other assets	33,052,115	34,257,881

8. Inventories

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Stock-in-trade (at lower of cost or net realizable value)	208,389,714	142,550,724
Packing materials (at cost)	9,719,581	5,762,309
	218,109,295	148,313,033

9. Investments

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Current:		
Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")		
Investments in mutual funds, non-trade, unquoted		
2199.853 units (March 31, 2020: 2834.154) of Kotak Arbitrage Fund - Monthly Dividend Re-investment plan	-	2,294,575
	-	2,294,575

10. Trade receivable

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Unsecured				
-Considered good	-	-	137,623,663	171,510,777
	-	-	137,623,663	171,510,777
Further classified as:				
Receivable from others	-	-	137,623,663	171,510,777
	-	-	137,623,663	171,510,777

Ageing of Trade Receivables

March 31, 2022								
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Receipts					
			Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables –which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables–considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts (Disputed + Undisputed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

March 31, 2021								
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Receipts					
			Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables –which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables–considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts (Disputed + Undisputed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

11. Cash and cash equivalents

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Balances with banks		
On current accounts	2,329,504	8,333,610
Fixed Deposit	310,513	
Cash on hand	135,356	171,159
	2,775,373	8,504,769

There are no repatriation restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the reporting period.

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks		
On current accounts	2,329,504	8,333,610
Fixed Deposit	310,513	
Cash on hand	135,356	171,159
	2,775,373	8,504,769

12. Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalent

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Balance in unpaid dividend account *	-	3,403,237
Balance in unpaid capital reduction account**	1,359,835	1,359,835
In Fixed deposit with maturity for more than 3 months but less than 12 months from balance sheet date	235,440,829	169,282,453
China Merchants Bank	912,532	-
	237,713,196	174,045,525

Note:

**Capital reduction account balance of INR 13,59,835 outstanding as on March 31, 2022 which will complete the 7 year timeline by March 31, 2023.

13. Other financial assets

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	1,117,758	11,694,710
Accrued income	-	1,115,248
Others	2,811,012	3,529,961
	3,928,770	16,339,919

14. Other current assets

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Advance recoverable in kind	66,494	75,910,211
Balance with Government Authorities	18,085,138	8,861,008
Others	4,278,377	1,701,390
Prepaid expenses	4,759,866	4,133,507
Vendor and employee advances	65,525,269	
Total	92,715,144	90,606,116

15. Share capital

Equity shares	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Authorized				
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	28,038,800	280,388,000	28,038,800	280,388,000
14% Preference Shares of Rs.100 each	696,120	69,612,000	696,120	69,612,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up				
Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid	9,732,566	97,325,660	9,732,566	97,325,660
Total	9,732,566	97,325,660	9,732,566	97,325,660
(a) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year	For the year ended March 31, 2022		For the year ended March 31, 2021	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	9,732,566	97,325,660	9,732,566	97,325,660
Add: Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	9,732,566	97,325,660	9,732,566	97,325,660

(b) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

Equity Shares: The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of INR 10 per share. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share held. Dividend if any declared is payable in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders..

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company

Name of the equity shareholder	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	Number of shares	% of holding in the class
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Stuthi Reddy	1,000,000	10.27%	1,000,000	10.27%
Supriya Reddy Palem	1,000,000	10.27%	1,000,000	10.27%
Sanhita Reddy	1,000,000	10.27%	1,000,000	10.27%
Passage to India Master Fund Limited	701,586	7.21%	701,586	7.21%
Ashish Dhawan	678,189	6.97%	678,189	6.97%
Palem Srikanth Reddy	602,261	6.19%	602,261	6.19%

Note: *During the financial year Mr. Palem Srikanth Reddy wss expired. The shares are yet to be transferred to his nominee Ms. Supriya Reddy Palem.

(d) Details of Shares held by Promoters at the end of the year

S. No	Promoter name	As at March 31, 2022			As at March 31, 2021		
		No. Of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	No. Of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
1	Palem Srikanth Reddy	602,261	6.19%	-	602,261	6.19%	-
2	Stuthi Reddy	1,000,000	10.27%	-	1,000,000	10.27%	-
3	Supriya Reddy Palem	1,000,000	10.27%	-	1,000,000	10.27%	-
4	Sanhita Reddy	1,000,000	10.27%	-	1,000,000	10.27%	-
5	Soujanya Reddy Parvatha	46,619	0.48%	-	46,619	0.48%	-
6	P Soujanya Reddy .	25,000	0.26%	-	25,000	0.26%	-
7	Palem Srinivas Reddy	2,600	0.03%	-	2,600	0.03%	-
8	Dakshayani Reddy	600	0.01%	-	600	0.01%	-
	Total	3,677,080	37.78%	-	3,677,080	37.78%	-

(e) No class of shares have been issued as bonus shares or for consideration other than cash by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the current year end.

(f) Capital reduction of equity shares during 5 years immediately preceding the Balance Sheet date

Subsequent to the approval of the High Court of Judicature at Hyderabad for the State of Telangana and Andhra Pradesh for reduction of 60% of the paid up equity share capital during the financial year ended 31 March 2016, the Company has returned an amount of Rs. 16.50 at a premium of Rs. 11.50 per share and cancelled extinguished 60% of the equity shares of the Company of face value of Rs. 5 each in July 2015. After reduction, the issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital of Rs. 19,51,84,850 consisting of Rs. 3,90,36,970 equity shares of Rs. 5 each fully paid-up was reduced to Rs. 7,80,73,940 consisting of Rs. 1,56,14,788 equity shares of Rs. 5 each.

	Number of shares
	April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2022
Aggregate number of capital reduction of equity shares	23,422,182

16. Other equity

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Reserves and surplus		
Capital Reserve	1,42,80,000	1,42,80,000
Securities premium	67,20,30,093	67,20,30,093
General reserve	13,25,24,353	13,25,24,353
Retained earnings	(558,806,415)	(622,926,456)
Total reserves and surplus	260,028,031	195,907,990
Other Comprehensive Income		
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan	36,187	584,038
Foreign Currency translation reserve	782,371	(775,964)
Total other comprehensive income	818,558	(191,926)
Total Other equity	260,846,589	195,716,064

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Nature and Purpose of reserve:

i. Capital Reserve

The reserve represents creation of capital reserve pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation. The Company uses capital reserve for transactions in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

ii. Securities Premium Account

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in securities premium. In case of equity-settled share based payment transactions, the difference between fair value on grant date and face value of share is accounted as securities premium. This reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

iii. General reserve

General reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes.

iv. Remeasurement of defined benefit plan

The reserve represents the remeasurement gains/(losses) arising from the actuarial valuation of the defined benefit plan of the Company. The remeasurement gains/(losses) are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated under this reserve within equity. The amounts recognized under this reserve are not reclassified to statement of profit or loss.

v. Foreign currency translation reserve

Exchange differences on translation of the foreign operations are recognised in other comprehensive income as described in accounting policy and accumulated in a separate reserve with in equity. The cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss when the net investment is disposed off.

17. Other financial liabilities

a) Non-current	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Dealer Deposits	2,500,000	3,000,000
	2,500,000	3,000,000
b) Current	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Liability For Expenses	3,644,398	4,182,153
Payable towards customer refunds	-	-
Unpaid dividends	-	3,403,237
Unclaimed capital reduction	1,359,835	1,359,835
Other Payables	17,295,508	20,206,637
	22,299,741	29,151,862

18. Provisions

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31 2021
Non-current		
Gratuity (refer note below)	4,857,869	4,143,963
	4,857,869	4,143,963
Current		
Gratuity ((refer note below)	180,314	85,401
	180,314	85,401

Note:

The Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of the Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of five years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/ termination is the employees last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionally 15 days salary multiplied for the number of the years of service. The gratuity plan is unfunded. The assumptions used in accounting for the gratuity plan are set out below

		As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
i.	Change in projected benefit obligation		
	Projected benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	4,229,354	3,328,077
	Service cost	708,231	704,676
	Interest cost	281,035	176,676
	Actuarial (gain) / loss	(146,885)	(584,038)
	Settlements	(33,573)	870,638
	Benefits paid	-	-
	Projected benefit obligation at the end of the year	5,038,162	4,496,029

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

		As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
ii.	Expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss		
	Service cost	708,231	704,676
	Interest cost	281,035	176,676
	Expected returns on plan assets	-	-
	Net gratuity costs	989,266	881,352
iii.	Expense recognized in OCI		
	Recognized net actuarial (gain)/ loss	(146,885)	584,038
iv.	Key actuarial assumptions		
	Financial assumptions		
	Discount rate	6.57%	6.04%
	Expected return on plan assets	-	-
	Withdrawal Rate	-	-
	Salary escalation rate	7.00%	7.00%
	Demographic assumptions	For Service 4 years and below 5%	For Service 4 years and below 5%
		For Service 5 years and above 2%	For Service 5 years and above 2%

Mortality rate as per Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 table

		As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
v.	Sensitivity Analysis		
	Projected defined benefit obligation		
	Delta effect of +1% change in discount rate	(478,224)	(543,254)
	Delta effect of -1% change in discount rate	584,744	656,991
	Delta effect of -1% change in discount rate	456,120	479,919
	Delta effect of -1% change in salary escalation rate	(405,833)	(409,376)
vi.	Maturity analysis of projected benefit obligation		
	1 year	67,706	85,390
	2 to 5 years	365,991	430,129
	6 to 10 years	1,018,896	12,069,617
	More than 10 years	-	-

The significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are the discount rate and salary escalation rate. The calculation of the net defined benefit liability is sensitive to these assumptions. Sensitivity to these factors is disclosed above.

19. Borrowings

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Current		
Secured, loans repayable on demand from banks		
Bank Over draft	314,737,502	278,671,391
	314,737,502	278,671,391

Note:

i. Loan repayable on demand from banks is in the nature of bank over draft, secured by way of fixed deposits amounting to INR 14,00,00,000 and carries 1.5% over and above the pledged fixed deposits interest rates per annum.

ii. Net debt reconciliation

	Amounts
Net debt as at April 1, 2019	120,941,732
Cash flows, net	(120,941,732)
Interest expense	5,537,736
Interest paid	(5,537,736)
Net debt as at April 1, 2020	-
Cash flows, net	278,671,391
Interest expense	26,278,818
Interest paid	(26,278,818)
Net debt as at March 31, 2021	278,671,391
Cash flows, net	314,737,502
Interest expense	30,395,419
Interest paid	(30,395,419)
Net debt as at March 31, 2022	314,737,502

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

20. Trade payables

Trade Payables ageing schedule

March 31, 2022	Current						
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Payables Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Receipts				
			Less than 1 Year	1-2 years years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Trade Payables ageing schedule

March 31, 2022	Current						
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Payables Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Receipts				
			Less than 1 Year	1-2 years years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note:

1. Refer note 31 for the Company's liquidity risk management process
2. The Micro and Small Enterprises have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

Details of dues to such parties are given below:

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
The principal amount remaining unpaid as at the end of the year	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	-	-
Amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16, of (MSMED Act 2006) along with the amounts of payments made beyond the appointed date during the year.	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment without the interest specified under the (MSMED Act 2006)	-	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the (MSMED Act 2006)		

21. Other current liabilities

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Statutory dues payable	14,46,712	17,45,103
Balances with government authorities	1,16,705	-
Professional charges	2,77,838	-
Total other current liabilities	18,41,255	17,45,103

22. Revenue from operations

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Sale of Goods	1,26,08,64,145	1,15,41,61,688
Sale of Services	1,50,12,541	1,58,60,534
	1,27,58,76,686	1,17,00,22,222

23. Other income

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Interest income	76,65,889	91,97,329
Dividends From Mutual Funds	20,094	1,27,489
Provision no longer required, written back	9,85,135	32,60,154
Miscellaneous income	17,20,058	52,09,363
	1,03,91,176	1,77,94,335

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

24. Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Inventory at the beginning of the year	1441,00,403	11,61,90,474
Inventory at the end of the year	(20,83,89,713)	(14,15,86,483)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-
	(642,89,310)	-2,53,96,009

25. Employee benefits expense

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Salaries, wages, bonus and other allowances	7,72,84,218	6,33,01,796
Contribution to Provident Fund	37,06,157	29,98,926
Gratuity expenses (Refer note 14)	9,89,266	8,81,352
Staff welfare expenses	15,44,918	16,79,103
	8,35,24,559	6,88,61,177

26. Finance costs

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Interest on borrowing	3,03,95,419	2,62,78,818
Interest expense	19,54,232	10,90,254
	3,23,49,651	2,73,69,072

27. Depreciation and amortization expense

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	15,22,451	15,68,813
Depreciation of ROU Assets	45,87,213	51,95,180
Amortization of other intangible assets	1,59,864	3,72,228
	62,69,528	71,36,221

28. Other expenses

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Rent	8,00,000	-
Rates and taxes	69,87,402	35,67,171
Repairs and maintenance - others	11,21,586	20,60,606
Website Maintenance	8,01,424	9,26,724
Freight charges	8,26,486	2,94,349
Insurance	21,99,007	3,36,836
Office maintenance	72,89,324	65,53,234
Business promotion expenses	15,43,91,986	13,34,06,881
Postage and courier	46,241	65,384
Power and fuel	19,55,237	16,72,267
Travelling and conveyance	15,59,956	15,43,033
Delivery charges	2,61,76,318	2,94,13,788
Legal and professional charges	51,09,820	70,85,589
Auditor's Remuneration *	20,50,000	20,50,000
Hosting expenses	24,48,062	18,91,384
Refunds related expenses	75,81,450	37,71,860
Communication expenses	14,40,223	9,86,323
Packing material	55,60,477	44,57,238
Foreign exchange difference, net	34,72,423	21,13,625
Due from collection agencies written off	1,01,948	18,03,778
Bank charges	26,50,539	14,43,116
Printing and stationery	-	5,249
Sales commission	75,89,432	-
Online platform fee	4,70,914	8,13,146
Packing Charges	70,09,718	55,36,283
Sitting fees	2,35,000	-
Miscellaneous expenses	1,27,64,939	1,61,72,838
	26,26,39,912	22,79,70,701

Note i : The following is the break-up of Auditors remuneration (exclusive of Goods and service tax)

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
As auditor:		
Statutory audit	18,00,000	18,00,000
In other capacity:	-	-
Other matters	1,00,000	1,00,000
Reimbursement of expenses	-	-
	19,00,000	19,00,000

29. Earnings/ Loss per share

Earnings per equity share (EPES)

Basic earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the loss for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss attributable to equity holders (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following reflects the loss and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Loss attributable to equity holders	(1,71,42,730)	2,51,35,303
Weighted average number of equity shares	97,32,566	97,32,566
Adjusted number of shares for Dilutive EPS	97,85,775	-
Basic loss per share (INR)	(1.76)	2.58
Diluted loss per share (INR)	(1.75)	2.58

30. Fair value measurements

(i) Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

(ii) Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value

	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 1	Level 2
Financial assets				
Current Investments	-	-	22,94,575	-

There are no transfers between levels during the year. The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels at the end of the reporting period.

(iii) Financial instruments by category

For amortised cost instruments, carrying value represents the best estimate of fair value.

	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
	FVTPL	Amortised cost	FVTPL	Amortised cost
Financial Assets				
Current Investments	-	-	22,94,575	-
Trade receivables	-	13,76,23,663	-	17,15,10,777
Cash and cash equivalents	-	27,75,373	-	85,04,769
Other Bank balances	-	23,77,13,196	-	17,40,45,525
Other financial assets	-	39,28,770	-	1,63,39,920
Total financial assets	-	38,20,41,002	22,94,575	37,04,00,991
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	-	31,47,37,502	-	27,86,71,391
Trade payables	-	56,37,972	-	1,80,84,270
lease liability	-	39,56,783	-	45,77,725
Other financial liabilities	-	2,22,99,745	-	2,91,51,862
Total financial liabilities	-	34,66,32,002	-	33,04,85,248

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Set out below is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments carried at amortised cost:

	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial Assets				
Trade receivables	13,76,23,663	13,76,23,663	17,15,10,777	17,15,10,777
Cash and cash equivalents	27,75,373	27,75,373	85,04,769	85,04,769
Other Bank balances	23,77,13,196	23,77,13,196	17,40,45,525	17,40,45,525
Other financial assets	39,28,770	39,28,770	1,63,39,920	1,63,39,920
Total financial assets	38,20,41,002	38,20,41,002	37,04,00,991	37,04,00,991
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	31,47,37,502	31,47,37,502	27,86,71,391	27,86,71,391
Trade payables	56,37,972	56,37,972	1,80,84,270	1,80,84,270
lease liability	39,56,783	39,56,783	45,77,725	45,77,725
Other financial liabilities	2,22,99,745	2,22,99,745	2,91,51,862	2,91,51,862
Total financial liabilities	34,66,32,002	34,66,32,002	33,04,85,248	33,04,85,248

- iv. The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances that derive directly from its operations. The Company also holds FVTPL investments.

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of bank deposits, other financial assets, other financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost is not significant in each of the years presented. For all other amortised cost instruments, carrying value represents the best estimate of fair value.

For financial assets measured at fair values, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

31. Financial instruments risk management

The Company is exposed to financial risks arising from its operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company and seek to, where appropriate, minimize potential impact of the risk and to control and monitor such risks. There has been no change to the Company's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

The following sections provide details regarding the Company's exposure to the financial risks associated with financial instruments held in the ordinary course of business and the objectives, policies and processes for management of these risks:

A. Market risk:

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may results from adverse changes in market rates (such as interest rates) or in the price of market risk-sensitive instruments as a result of such adverse changes in market rates and prices. Market risk is attributable to all market risk-sensitive financial instruments. The Company's exposure to market risk is a function of investing activities.

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's investments in deposits is with banks and therefore do not expose the Group to significant interest rates risk. The Group's rate borrowing is subject to interest rate risk. However the same is fixed at 1.5%+ interest rates on investments in deposits. Accordingly, no interest rate risk is perceived.

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Fixed rate instruments		
Financial assets	23,54,40,829	16,92,82,453
Financial liabilities		

Commodity rate risk:

Exposure to market risk with respect to commodity prices primarily arises from Group's purchase and sale of computers, mobiles, electronic products, fashion accessories and related services. These are commodity products, whose prices may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time. The prices of the Group's purchases generally fluctuate in line with commodity cycles and are generally more volatile depending upon the market conditions. Commodity price risk exposure is evaluated and managed through operating procedures and sourcing policies. For the reporting periods presented, the Group had not entered into any material derivative contracts to hedge exposure to fluctuations in commodity.

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

B. Credit risk

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invest in deposits with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies. Investments primarily include investment in liquid mutual fund units and certificate's of deposit which are funds deposited at a bank for a specified time period. None of the Company's cash equivalents, including term deposits (i.e. certificates of deposits) were past due or impaired as at the reporting periods.

C. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Company's reputation.

The Company's principle sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents and current investments. The Company believes that the working capital is sufficient to meet its current requirements. Accordingly, no liquidity risk is perceived. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and maintains adequate source of funding. The Company had following working capital at the end of the reporting year.

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current Assets	69,28,65,441	61,16,14,716
Current liabilities	34,86,53,572	35,01,36,553
Working Capital	34,42,11,869	26,14,78,163

Except for other non-current financial liabilities, all the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities are payable on demand or are expected to be paid with in one year from the respective reporting years. Dealer deposits are expected to be settled beyond 1 year from the respective reporting years.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, mainly in the nature of purchases denominated in foreign currencies and other expenditures like sourcing commission. As a policy, the Group does not hedge any of its exposure to foreign currency

D. Excessive risk concentration

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of collection agencies to which the Group grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Group establishes an allowance for credit losses and impairment that represents its estimate of expected losses in respect of trade and other receivables.

Financial assets that are neither past due or nor impaired

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invest in deposits with banks with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies. Investments primarily include investment in liquid mutual fund units and certificates of deposit which are funds deposited at a bank for a specific time period. None of the Group's cash equivalents, including term deposits (i.e. certificates of deposits) were past due or impaired as at the reporting period.

Trade and other receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the customer, including the default risk of the industry and region in which the customer operates, also has an influence on credit risk assessment. The group has expected credit loss model to assess the impairment loss or gain. The Group uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade and other receivables. The provision matrix takes into account available external and internal credit risk factors such as default risk of industry, credit ratings from credit rating agencies and historical experience for customers.

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

32. Additional disclosure as required under paragraph 2 of 'General Instructions for the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements' of the Schedule III to the Act

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022		For the year ended March 31, 2022		For the year ended March 31, 2022		For the year ended March 31, 2022	
	Net assets (Total Assets-Total liabilities)		Share in profit/(loss)		Share in other comprehensive income/ (loss)		Total comprehensive income/ (loss)	
	As a % of consolidated assets	Amount	As a % of consolidated profit/ (loss)	Amount	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount	As a % of consolidated total comprehensive income/ (loss)	Amount
Parent	105.88%	37,92,33,888	-233.81%	4,00,82,113	4.82%	35,615	-244.57%	4,01,17,728
Subsidiaries:								
Indian								
Palred Electronics Private Limited	42.79%	15,32,72,996	23.66%	(40,56,442)	11.60%	85,772	24.21%	(39,70,670)
Palred Retail Private Limited	-3.95%	(1,41,41,951)	27.85%	(47,74,931)	3.45%	25,498	28.95%	(47,49,433)
Palred Technology Services Private Limited	-2.97%	(1,06,32,946)	90.39%	(1,54,95,407)	0.00%	-	94.46%	(1,54,95,407)
Foreign								
Palred Online Bilism Teknojileri Ticaret Anonim Sirketi, Turkey	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Palred Electronics Limited, Hong Kong	1.95%	69,77,408	44.86%	(76,90,897)	25.22%	1,86,433	45.75%	(75,04,464)
Palred Technology Shenzhen Company Ltd, China	-1.58%	(56,76,899)	-7.58%	13,00,023	80.62%	5,95,938	-11.56%	18,95,962
Non Controlling interests	-7.01%	(2,50,98,901)	2.96%	(5,07,563)	-25.71%	(1,90,074)	4.25%	(6,97,637)
Total	138.00%	48,39,33,596	-51.67%	88,56,896	100.00%	7,39,182	-58.50%	95,96,078
Consolidation adjustments	-35.11%	(12,57,61,347)	151.67%	(2,59,99,626)	-	-	158.50%	(2,59,99,626)
Net amounts	100.00%	35,81,72,249	100.00%	(1,71,42,730)	100.00%	7,39,182	100.00%	(1,64,03,548)

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021		For the year ended March 31, 2021		For the year ended March 31, 2021		For the year ended March 31, 2021	
	Net assets (Total Assets-Total liabilities)		Share in profit/(loss)		Share in other comprehensive income/ (loss)		Total comprehensive income/ (loss)	
	As a % of consolidated assets	Amount	As a % of consolidated profit/ (loss)	Amount	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount	As a % of consolidated total comprehensive income/ (loss)	Amount
Parent	88.42%	25,91,16,160	16.43%	41,30,221	9.63%	21,648	16.37%	41,51,869
Subsidiaries:								
Indian								
Palred Electronics Private Limited	53.66%	15,72,43,666	174.75%	4,39,23,195	-129.87%	(2,91,983)	172.05%	4,36,31,212
Palred Retail Private Limited	-3.21%	(93,92,520)	-11.95%	(30,04,769)	-53.91%	(1,21,204)	-12.33%	(31,25,973)
Palred Technology Services Private Limited	1.66%	48,62,462	-34.88%	(87,68,173)	191.28%	4,30,052	-32.88%	(83,38,121)
Foreign								
Palred Online Bilism Teknojileri Ticaret Anonim Sirketi, Turkey	0.00%	0	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Palred Electronics Limited, Hong Kong	4.91%	1,44,01,874	-21.75%	(54,68,002)	-186.56%	(4,19,453)	-23.22%	(58,87,455)
Palred Technology Shenzhen Company Ltd, China	-2.25%	(65,94,913)	13.05%	32,81,311	254.80%	5,72,866	15.20%	38,54,177
Non Controlling interests	-8.39%	(2,45,91,338)	-36.08%	(90,69,513)	14.64%	32,905	-35.63%	(90,36,608)
Total	138.00%	39,50,45,391	99.56%	2,50,24,270	100.00%	2,24,831	99.56%	2,52,49,101
Consolidation adjustments	-34.81%	(10,20,03,667)	0.44%	1,11,033	0.00%	-	0.44%	1,11,033
Net amounts	100.00%	29,30,41,724	100.00%	2,51,35,303	100.00%	2,24,831	100.00%	2,53,60,134

33. Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other shareholders, and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets. Gearing ratio is nil as at various reporting dates. There have been no material breaches in the financial covenants of any borrowing in the current period

34. Related Party disclosures

(a) Names of related parties and description of relationship as identified and certified by the Group:

Holding Company

Palred Technologies Limited

Entity under common control**Indian**

Palred Electronics Private Limited

Palred Retail Private Limited

Palred Technology Services Private Limited

Foreign

Palred Online Bilism Teknolojileri Ticaret Anonim Sirketi, Turkey

Palred Electronics Limited, Hong Kong

Palred Technology Shenzhen Company Ltd, China

Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Mr. Pinekalapati Harish Naidu, CFO

Mrs. Shruti Rege, Company Secretary

Mrs. Palem Supriya Reddy

Ms. Stuthi Reddy

(b) Transactions with related parties:

		For the year ended	For the year ended
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Mrs. Palem Supriya Reddy	Remuneration*	15,00,000	10,00,000
Mrs. Palem Supriya Reddy	Reimbursement of expenses	1,15,753	81,539
Mr. Pinekalapati Harish Naidu	Salaries including bonuses	35,00,000	27,91,667
Mr. Pinekalapati Harish Naidu	Reimbursement of expenses	18,531	2,050
Mrs. Shruti Rege	Salaries including bonuses	8,62,500	6,42,904
Ms. Stuthi Reddy	Rent	8,00,004	7,00,002

*Remuneration not include post employment benefits and other long term employee benefit expenditure which are computed for Company as a whole.

(c) Balances receivable/(payables)

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Ms. Stuthi Reddy	-	(73,667)

35. Contingent liabilities and pending litigations

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Disputed income tax liabilities		
Assessment year 2006-07 - refer note below	6,02,00,000	65,43,580
Assessment year 2014-15 - refer note below	15,09,75,849	-

Note:

Pursuant to the income tax assessment for the financial year 2005-06 and 2013-14, the Group had received various demands from the income tax authorities in relation to the inadmissibility of certain expenditure in accordance with the provisions of the income tax law and compliances with the arm's length guidelines in relation to international transactions with associated enterprises. The management, on the basis of its internal assessment of the facts of the case, the underlying nature of transactions, the history of judgements made by the various appellate authorities and the necessary advice received from the independent expert engaged in this regard, is of the view that the probability of the case being settled against the Company is remote and accordingly do not foresee any adjustment to the financial statements in this regard.

36. Segment reporting

After considering the Company's business model and the internal financial reporting, the management has identified only one reportable segment which is "Trading in computers, mobiles, electronic products, fashion accessories and providing related services". Further, all operations and location of PPE of the Company are based in India and hence, no separate financial disclosures are applicable in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 108- Operating segments.

(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

37. Details of Benami Property held

The group do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the group for holding any Benami property.

38. Relationship with Struck off Companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

The group do not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

39. Compliance with number of layers of companies

The group have complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

40. Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:

- (i) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (ii) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

41. Undisclosed income

The Company does not have any undisclosed income which is not recorded in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year (previous year) in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

42. Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

43. The Code on Social Security 2020

The Code on Social Security 2020 ('the Code') relating to employee benefits, during the employment and post-employment, has received Presidential assent on September 28, 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. Further, the Ministry of Labour and Employment has released draft rules for the Code on November 13, 2020. However, the effective date from which the changes are applicable is yet to be notified and rules for quantifying the financial impact are also not yet issued. The Company will assess the impact of the Code and will give appropriate impact in the financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

44. The consolidated financial statements are approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 16, 2022.

45. Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified to confirm presentation as per Ind AS and as required by Schedule III of the Act.

As per our report of even date
For **MSKA & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.:105047W

Amit Kumar Agarwal
Partner
Membership No: 214198

Place: Hyderabad
Date: May 16, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Palred Technologies Limited
CIN: L72200TG1999PLC033131

P. Supriya Reddy
Chairperson & Managing Director
DIN: 00055870

Pinekalapati Harish Naidu
Chief Finance Officer

S.Vijaya Saradhi
Director
DIN: 03089889

Shruti Rege
Company Secretary
Membership No. A43523

SPEAKERS & SOUNDBARS

Musicbot Lite

Versatile, Stylish, Empowering! Packed with all the features for a house party. Powerful Hi-fi sound for non stop party & fun.



Musicbot Evo

Ultra Compact Design with Bold Performance. With 10 Hours of Thumping Bass take Your Music on the Go. Pair 2 Musicbot Evo together to quick & hassle-free entertainment.

SMART WEARABLES



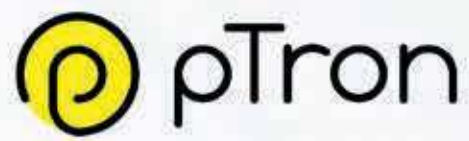
Force X10e

Grand 1.7 inch Colorful and bright Display with 24 Hrs Real time health monitoring. 300+ cloud based Custom Watch Faces to match your mood.

Force X10

Meticulously crafted with an aesthetically pleasing look & highly accurate touch response for an unparalleled visual experience. Answer Calls on your wrist. Robust durable and resistant to water & dust.





LIVE. LIFE. LOUD.



Scan or visit: <https://amzn.to/35aJxCa>