

October 12, 2020

To,

BSE Limited Corporate Relationship Department P.J. Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400 001 Scrip Code - 531921	National Stock Exchange of India Limited 'Exchange Plaza' C-1, Block G, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400 051 Symbol: AGARIND; Series: EQ
--	---

Sub: Submission of Twenty Sixth Annual Report – F.Y. 2019-20 under Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Dear Sir/Madam,

We are pleased to attach herewith, Twenty Sixth Annual Report – F.Y. 2019-20 under Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 which has been dispatched to all the Members of the Company today i.e. September 05, 2020, in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder (as amended) and the SEBI (LODR), Regulations 2015.

This is for your kind information and records.

Thanking You,

For Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited


Sachin Ghanghas
Company Secretary



Encl: a/a



PAVING THE WAY FORWARD

26TH ANNUAL REPORT

F.Y. 2019-2020



**AGARWAL
INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION LIMITED**

We value relationships



AGARWAL INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION LIMITED

(CIN: L99999MH1995PLC084618)

TWENTY SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT 2019-20

INSIDE THIS REPORT

Contents	Page No.
Corporate Information	2
Notice of the Annual General Meeting	4
Directors' Report	14
Report on Corporate Governance	38
Management Discussion and Analysis	48
Auditors' Certificate on Corporate Governance	58
Standalone Financial Statements	
Independent Auditor's Report	65
Balance Sheet	72
Statement of Profit & Loss Account	73
Cash Flow Statement	74
Notes on Financial Statement	76
Consolidated Financial Statements	
Independent Auditor's Report	109
Balance Sheet	114
Statement of Profit & Loss Account	115
Cash Flow Statement	116
Notes on Financial Statement	118
Statement under Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form AOC-1 relating to Subsidiary Companies	152

CORPORATE INFORMATION

TWENTY SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT 2019-20

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal
Managing Director

Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal
Whole Time Director

Mr. Mahendra Agarwal
Non Independent, Non Executive Director

Mr. Lalit Agarwal
Whole Time Director

Mr. Harikrishna Patni
Independent Director

Mr. Rajkumar Mehta
Independent Director

Mr. Alok Bharara
Independent Director

Ms. Priti Lodha
Independent Woman Director

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Vipin Agarwal

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Sachin Ghanghas
(w.e.f. April 1, 2020)

Ms. Lucinda D'souza
(upto March 31, 2020)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Eastern Court, Unit No. 201-202,
Plot No. 12, V. N. Purav Marg,
S.T. Road, Chembur, Mumbai - 400071.
Phone Nos: +91-22-25291149/50
Fax: +91-22-25291147.
Website: www.aicltd.in
E-mail: contact@aicltd.in

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s Ladha Singhal & Associates,
Chartered Accountants,
202, Metro Avenue, Parera Hill Road,
Near WEH Metro Station, Off. Andheri
Kurla Road, Andheri East,
Mumbai – 400 093

WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

Bituminex Cochin Pvt. Ltd., Kochi
AICL OVERSEAS – FZ LLC

PLANTS

Belgaum

Plot No. 40, KIADB, Honga Industrial Area, Honga, Belgaum, Karnataka

Hyderabad

Survey No. 196/P, Elikatta Village,
Shad Nagar-Pargi Road,
Farooq Nagar Mandal
Telangana– 509216.

Taloja

Plot No. 37, New Chemical Zone,
Near PCI, MIDC, Taloja, Dist. Raigad,
Maharashtra

Baroda

Plot No. 49, Ranoli Industrial Area,
GDIC, Ranoli,
Vadodra, Gujarat.

Bulk Bitumen Storage Facilities

Karwar, Karnataka
Haldia Port, West Bengal
Dighi Port, Maharashtra
Hazira Port, Gujarat.

Workshop

Shahapur, Asangaon, (Maharashtra)

BANKERS

Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd
Citi Bank N.A.
IDFC First Bank Ltd
HDFC Bank Ltd

REGISTRARS & SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS

Universal Capital Securities Pvt Ltd.

C 101, 247 Park,
LBS Road, Vikhroli West,
Mumbai – 400083.
Tel Nos. : (022) 28207203-05
Fax No. : (022) 28207207
Contact Person: Mr. Ravindra Utekar

CORPORATE IDENTITY NUMBER (CIN)

L99999MH1995PLC084618

BSE SCRIP ID AND CODE

ID –AGARIND Code – 531921

NATIONAL STOCK EXCHANGE LTD

Scrip ID and Code
Symbol – AGARIND
Series – EQ

**NOTICE OF THE
26TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
OF THE COMPANY THROUGH
VIDEO CONFERENCING
(VC)/OTHER AUDIO VISUAL
MEANS (OAVM) FOR
THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED
MARCH 31, 2020.**



AGARWAL INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION LIMITED

Registered Office: Eastern Court, Unit No. 201 -202, Plot No. 12, V. N. Purav Marg, S. T. Road, Chembur, Mumbai 400 071

Tel. Nos: +91-22-25291149/50; **Fax No.:** +91-22-25291147; **Website:** www.aicltd.in; **E-mail:** contact@aicltd.in

CIN: L99999MH1995PLC084618

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the **Twenty Sixth Annual General Meeting of the Members of Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited to be held through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) on Wednesday, September 30, 2020 at 11.00 A.M. in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder as amended read with MCA General Circular No. 20/2020, 14/2020 and 17/2020 dated 5th May, 2020, 8th April, 2020 and 13th April, 2020 respectively, to transact the following business:**

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To receive, consider and adopt:

- (a) the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020 along with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Independent Auditors thereon: and
- (b) the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020 along with the Report of the Independent Auditors thereon.

2. To declare Dividend on Equity Shares for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020.

3. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Lalit Agarwal (DIN- 01335107), who retires by rotation, and being eligible, offers himself for re- appointment.

4. To ratify the appointment of Statutory Auditors: in this regard, to consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:**

“RESOLVED THAT, pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 and 142 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (“Rules”) (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), the Company hereby ratifies the appointment of M/s Ladha Singhal & Associates, Chartered Accountants, 202, Metro Avenue, Parera Hill Road, Near WEH Metro Station, Off. Andheri Kurla Road, Andheri East, Mumbai – 400 099, as the Auditors of the Company under the second term of five years (who were appointed for Second term of five years from the conclusion of Twenty fifth Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the Thirtieth Annual General Meeting), to hold office from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting (AGM) till the conclusion of the next (AGM) of the Company.”

SPECIAL BUSINESS

5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

To consider and, if thought fit to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as a **Special Resolution:**

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, as amended (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), and as per the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and further pursuant to the approval of Board of Directors and the Audit Committee with regard to omnibus approval for related party transactions on annual basis for the financial year 2020-21, in their respective meetings held on June 30, 2020, the consent of the Company be and is hereby accorded for omnibus approval for entering into contract or arrangement with the related parties on annual basis for the financial year 2020-21, as defined under the said Act and the Rules made thereunder, as amended, as set out under item No. 5 of the Explanatory Statement annexed to this Notice.”

“**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors be and is hereby severally authorized to perform and execute all such acts, deeds, matters and things including delegate such authority, as may be deemed necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution and for the matters connected herewith or incidental hereto.”

6. APPOINTMENT OF COST AUDITORS

To consider and, if thought fit to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

“**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactments thereof, for the time being in force), Mr. Vinayak Kulkarni, Cost Accountant (Membership No - 28559), the Cost Auditors appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company and the Audit Committee of the Board to conduct the cost records of the Company for relevant segments for the financial year ending March 31, 2021, be paid the remuneration as set out under item No. 6 of the Explanatory Statement annexed to the Notice convening this meeting.”

“**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors be and is hereby severally authorized to perform and execute all such acts, deeds, matters and things including delegate such authority, as may be deemed necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution and for the matters connected herewith or incidental hereto.”

By Order of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai
Dated: September 03, 2020

Sachin Ghanghas
Company Secretary

Registered Office:

Eastern Court, Unit No. 201-202,
Plot No. 12, V. N. Purav Marg,
S. T. Road, Chembur,
Mumbai - 400071.

NOTES:

1. Considering the present Covid-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) has vide its Circular dated May 5, 2020 read together with Circulars dated April 8, 2020 and April 13, 2020 (collectively referred to as “MCA Circulars”) permitted convening the Annual General Meeting (“AGM” / “Meeting”) through Video Conferencing (“VC”) or Other Audio Visual Means, (“OAVM”) without the physical presence of the members at a common venue. In accordance with the MCA Circulars, provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (‘the Act’) and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“SEBI Listing Regulations”), the AGM of the Company is being held through VC. The deemed venue for the AGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company.
2. An Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Act, relating to the Special Business to be transacted at the AGM is annexed hereto.
3. Generally, a member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on a poll instead of himself and the proxy need not be a member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held through VC/OAVM pursuant to the MCA Circulars, physical attendance of members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed hereto.
4. Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM the route map of the venue of the Meeting is not annexed hereto.
5. In terms of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Lalit Agarwal (DIN- 01335107) retires by rotation at the Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. The Board of Directors of the Company recommend his reappointment. A brief resume of Mr. Lalit Agarwal is provided herewith, as stipulated under Regulation 36 (3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 interest, if any, in the Company.
6. Member who wants to seek any information or clarification on the Accounts are requested to send in written queries to the Company at least one week before the date of the Annual General Meeting.
7. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 91 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Share Transfer Books and the Register of Members shall remain closed from **September 24, 2020 to September 30, 2020**, both days inclusive.

8. The Board of Directors have recommended a dividend of ₹ 1.50 per Equity Share of the Face Value of ₹ 10/- each fully paid-up for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020. If declared at the Annual General Meeting, the same will be paid to the shareholders, whose names are on the Register of Members as on **September 23, 2020** (Cut – off Date) and shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, as amended.
9. Pursuant to the amendments introduced by the Finance Act, 2020 the Company will be required to withhold taxes at the prescribed rates on the dividend paid to its shareholders w.e.f. 1st April 2020. **No tax will be deducted on payment of dividend to the resident individual shareholders if the total dividend paid does not exceed ₹5,000/-**. The withholding tax rate would vary depending on the residential status of the shareholder and documents registered with the Company.
10. The Company's Registrar and Transfer Agents for its Share Registry Work (Physical and Electronic) are:
Universal Capital Securities Pvt. Ltd.
(Formerly known as Mondkar Computers Pvt. Ltd.)
T:+91 (022) 28207203-05 F: +91 (022) 28207207 E: info@unisec.in; W:www.unisec.in
C 101, 247 Park, LBS Road, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400083.
11. **Members are requested to:**
- intimate to the depository participant, changes if any, in their registered addresses/ bank account details/ email ids/ mandates/ nominations/ power of attorney/ contact numbers, if the shares are held in dematerialized form.
 - intimate to the Company's RTA, at the address given in point no. 10, above changes if any, registered addresses/ bank account details/ email ids/ mandates/ nominations/ power of attorney/ contact numbers, if the shares are held in physical form (having share certificates)
 - consolidate their holdings into one folio in case they hold shares under multiple folios in the identical order of names.
 - dematerialize their Physical Shares to Electronic Form (Demat) to eliminate all risks associated with Physical Shares.
12. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form who have not done so are requested to submit the PAN to their Depository Participant with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company / RTA.
13. All documents, transfers, dematerialization requests and other communications in relation thereto should be addressed directly to the Company's Registrar & Transfer Agents.
14. In view of the circular issued by SEBI, the National Electronic Clearing Services (NECS) facility should mandatorily be used by the companies for the distribution of dividend to its members. In order to avail the facility of NECS, Members holding shares in physical form are requested to provide bank account details to the Company or its Registrar and Share Transfer Agents. Members holding shares in electronic form are hereby informed that the bank particulars registered against their respective depository accounts will be used by the Company for payment of dividend. Any changes in such bank mandate must be advised only to the Depository Participant of the Members.
15. In compliance with the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2020, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2019-20 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2019-20 will also be available on the Company's website www.aicld.in, and on the website of BSE & NSE.
16. As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, facility for making nomination is available for the Members in respect of the shares held by them. Members holding shares in single name and who have not yet registered their nomination, are requested to register the same by submitting Form No. SH-13. If a Member desires to cancel the earlier nomination and record fresh nomination, he / she may submit the same in Form No. SH-14. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to submit the forms to the Company. Members holding shares in electronic form must submit the forms to their respective Depository Participants. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form to eliminate risks associated with physical shares and for ease in portfolio management.
17. The format of the Register of Members prescribed by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs under the Act, requires the Company to record additional details of Members, including their PAN details, email address, bank details for payment of dividend, etc. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to submit details to the Company and Members holding shares in electronic form are requested to submit the details to their respective Depository Participants.

18. In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of the names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote.
 19. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act, the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Act, and the relevant documents referred to in the Notice will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM. All documents referred to in the Notice will also be available electronically for inspection without any fee by the members from the date of circulation of this Notice up to the date of AGM. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to cs@aicld.in.
 20. Members seeking any information with regards to the accounts or any matter to be placed at the AGM, are requesting to write to the Company on or before Wednesday, September 23, 2020 through email on cs@aicld.in. The same will be replied by the company suitable.
 21. As you are aware, in view of the situation arising due to COVID-19 global pandemic, the general meetings of the companies shall be conducted as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020. The forthcoming AGM will thus be held through through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.
 22. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
23. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
24. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
 25. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
 26. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.aicld.in The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
 27. The AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020.

THE INTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDRES FOR REMOTE E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:

- i. The e-voting period begins on **Sunday, September 27, 2020 (9.00 a.m IST)** and ends on **Tuesday September 29, 2020 (5.00 p.m IST)**. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of **Wednesday, September 23, 2020** may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- ii. The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.

- iii. Click on “Shareholders” module.
- iv. Now enter your User ID
For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.

OR

Alternatively, if you are registered for CDSL’s EASI/EASIEST e-services, you can log-in at <https://www.cdslindia.com> from Login – Myeasi using your login credentials. Once you successfully log-in to CDSL’s EASI/EASIEST e-services, click on e-Voting option and proceed directly to cast your vote electronically.

- v. Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- vi. If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- vii. If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

For Shareholders holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form	
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).

- viii. After entering these details appropriately, click on “SUBMIT” tab.
- ix. Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach ‘Password Creation’ menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- x. For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- xi. Click on the EVSN for the **Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited** on which you choose to vote.
- xii. On the voting page, you will see “RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION” and against the same the option “YES/NO” for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- xiii. Click on the “RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK” if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- xiv. After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on “SUBMIT”. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on “OK”, else to change your vote, click on “CANCEL” and accordingly modify your vote.
- xv. Once you “CONFIRM” your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- xvi. You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on “Click here to print” option on the Voting page.
- xvii. If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- xviii. Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL’s mobile app “m-Voting”. The m-Voting app can be downloaded from respective Store. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while Remote Voting on your mobile.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHO'S EMAIL ADDRESSES ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE DEPOSITORIES FOR OBTAINING LOGIN CREDENTIALS FOR E-VOTING FOR THE RESOLUTIONS PROPOSED IN THIS NOTICE:

- I. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company/RTA email id.
- II. For Demat shareholders -, please provide Demat account details (CDSL-16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to Company/RTA email id.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- I. Shareholder will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the CDSL e-Voting system. Shareholders may access the same at <https://www.evotingindia.com> under shareholders/members login by using the remote e-voting credentials. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in shareholder/members login where the EVSN of Company will be displayed.
- II. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- III. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- IV. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- V. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance atleast **7 days prior to meeting** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance **Seven days prior to meeting** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- VI. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING DURING THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

- I. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- II. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- III. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.
- IV. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.

xx. Note for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the “Corporates” module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.

- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; cs@aicld.in, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the e-Voting System, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cDSLindia.com.

Other Instructions:

- (i) The e-voting period begins on **September 27, 2020 (9.00 a.m IST)** and ends on **September 29, 2020 (5.00 p.m IST)**
- (ii) In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com under Help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cDSLindia.com.
- (iii) The voting rights of the Members shall be in proportion to their shares in the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut off date viz **September 23, 2020 (cut-off date)**. A person whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the Depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting as well as voting at the AGM. Once the vote on a Resolution is cast by the Member, he/ she shall not be allowed to change it subsequently or cast the vote again.
- (iv) Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after dispatch of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date, may cast their vote by remote e-voting or by e-voting at the time of Meeting. However, if you are already registered with CDSL for remote e-voting then you can use existing user ID and password for casting your vote. If you forget your password you can reset your password by using Forgot Password option available on www.evotingindia.com.
- (v) Mr. P. M. Vala, Practicing Company Secretary (FCS- 5193, CP- 4237) has been appointed as the Scrutinizer by the Board of Directors of the Company to scrutinize the remote e-voting and the voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- (vi) The Scrutinizer shall immediately after the conclusion of the voting period, thereafter unblock the votes through remote e-voting in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company and shall prepare, not later than two days of the conclusion of the meeting, a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, forthwith to the Chairman or any person authorised by the Chairman in writing, who shall countersign the same.
- (vii) A member can opt for only single mode of voting per EVEN, i.e., through remote e-voting or voting at the Meeting. If a member casts vote(s) by both modes, then voting done through remote e-voting shall prevail and vote(s) cast at the Meeting shall be treated as "INVALID".
- (ix) The Chairman or the person authorized by him in writing, shall forthwith on receipt of the consolidated Scrutinizer's Report declare the Results of the voting within 48 hours of the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting. The Results declared, along with the Scrutinizer's Report, shall be placed on the Company's website www.aicld.in and on the website of CDSL immediately after the results are declared by the Chairman of the meeting. The Company shall simultaneously forward the results to BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India where the shares of the Company are listed.
- (x) Subject to receipt of requisite number of votes, the Resolutions shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the AGM i.e. **September 30, 2020**.

Explanatory Statement

(Pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, as amended)

As required by Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act), the following Explanatory Statement sets out all material facts relating to the business mentioned under Item Nos. 5 & 6 of the accompanying Notice.

ITEM No. 5 OMNIBUS APPROVAL FOR RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS.

As per Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, as amended (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), and as per the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and further pursuant to the approval of Board of Directors and the Audit Committee with regard to omnibus approval for related party transactions on annual basis for the financial year 2020-21, in their respective meetings held on June 30, 2020, the consent of the Company is required for omnibus approval for entering into contract or arrangement with the related parties already in existence and which are proposed to be entered into by the Company on annual basis for the financial year 2020-21, as set out here under :

i) Names of the Related Parties and Description of relationship

Subsidiary (100 %)	Bituminex Cochin Pvt Ltd. (BCPL) AICL OVERSEAS FZ-LLC
Key Management Personnel	Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal (Managing Director) Mr. Lalit Agarwal (Whole Time Director) Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal (Whole Time Director) Mr. Vipin Agarwal (Chief Financial Officer) Mr. Sachin Ghanghas (Company Secretary)
Relatives of KMP	Mr. Nilesh Agarwal Mr. Mukul Agarwal Mr. Virel Agarwal
Concerns in which Directors are interested	ANZ Transporters Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal, Mr. Lalit Agarwal, Mr. Mahendra Agarwal. (Partners – Brothers)
	Agarwal Gas Carriers Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Mr. Kishan Agarwal, Mr. Jugal Kishore Agarwal. (Partners – Brothers)
	Agarwal Translink P Ltd (Directors: Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Mr. Mahendra Agarwal, Mr. Kishan Agarwal) – Brothers
	Agarwal Motors Repairs Jaiprakash Agarwal (Proprietor)
	Balaji Tyres Shailesh Agarwal (Proprietor)
	Shree Balaji Engineering Work Shailesh Agarwal (Proprietor)
	Murlidhar Ishwardas

Omnibus Approval for Related Party Transactions as approved by the Board of Directors and Audit Committee in their respective meetings held on June 30, 2020 for the F.Y 2020-21:

(₹ in Lacs)

Nature of Transaction	Subsidiary (Amount not exceeding)	KMPs & Relatives of KMPs (Amount not exceeding Consolidated)	Concerns in which KMP & their Relatives are interested Amount not exceeding Consolidated)	Total for F.Y. 2020- 21
Remuneration Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Mr. Lalit Agarwal, Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal Mr. Vipin Agarwal, Mr. Sachin Ghanghas Relatives of KMPs	-	240	-	240
Sub-Contract Payment ANZ Transporters Agarwal Gas Carriers Agarwal Translink P Ltd	-	-	1000	1000
Sub-Contract Receipt ANZ Transporters Agarwal Gas Carriers Agarwal Translink P Ltd	-	-	1000	1000
Labour Charges Received ANZ Transporters Agarwal Gas Carriers Agarwal Translink P Ltd	-	-	20	20
Sales of Spare Parts & Oil ANZ Transporters Agarwal Gas Carriers Agarwal Translink P Ltd	-	-	40	40
Spare Parts, HSD & Oil Purchase ANZ Transporters Agarwal Gas Carriers Agarwal Translink P Ltd	-	-	800	800
Purchase of Fixed Asset and Repairing Charges Shree Balaji Engineering Works	-	-	60	60
Rent Payable Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal Mr. Lalit Agarwal	-	40	-	40
Loan to 100% Subsidiary Bituminex Cochin Pvt Ltd AICL OVERSEAS FZ – LLC	2700	-	-	2700
Bitumen Purchase From BCPL	200	-	-	200
Bitumen Sale to BCPL	500	-	-	500

Note: Individuals limits of related parties and their relatives as approved by the Board have been submitted to the Audit Committee and the same have also been approved by the Audit Committee.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel(s) of the Company or their relatives, other than Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Managing Director, Mr. Lalit Agarwal, Whole Time Director, Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal, Whole Time Director and Mr. Mahendra Agarwal, Non-Executive Non Independent Director, being Promoters and Directors & Brothers & Mr. Vipin Agarwal, Chief Financial Officer (KMP) are concerned or interested financially or otherwise in the resolution except to the extent of their shareholding in the Company, if any., in the Special Resolution set out at Item no 5 of the Notice.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution as set out in Item no. 5 of the Notice for approval of the members.

ITEM NO 6. TO APPROVE APPOINTMENT OF COST AUDITORS FOR F.Y 2020-21.

The Board, on the recommendations of the Audit Committee, has approved the appointment and remuneration of the Cost Auditors, Mr. Vinayak Kulkarni, Cost Accountant (Membership No - 28559) at a remuneration (Cost Audit Fee) of ₹ 75,000 (consolidated) plus taxes, as applicable, to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for relevant business segments of the Company covered under The Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Amendment Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or reenactments thereof, for the time being in force) for the Financial Year 2020-21. Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the relevant rules mentioned herein above, require ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors by the members of the Company.

Accordingly, the consent of the members is sought for passing an Ordinary Resolution as set out at item No. 6 of the Notice for ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2021.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives, are in any way directly or indirectly concerned or interested, in the resolution.

The Board recommends the Ordinary Resolution as set out in item no. 6 of the Notice for approval of the members.

(ANNEXURE TO NOTICE DATED SEPTEMBER 03, 2020)

DETAILS OF DIRECTORS SEEKING APPOINTMENT/RE-APPOINTMENT AT THE FORTHCOMING ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (DIRECTOR RETIRING BY ROTATION)

[Pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard 2 on General Meetings]

Name of the Director	Mr. Lalit Agarwal
Date of Birth	12.09.1963
Date of Re-appointment	30.09.2019
Qualifications	M. Com
Expertise	Finance, Management, Operations & Human Resources
Directorships held in other public companies including private companies which are subsidiaries of public companies (excluding foreign companies)	Bituminex Cochin Pvt. Ltd,

By Order of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai
Dated: September 03, 2020

Sachin Ghanghas
Company Secretary

Registered Office:
Eastern Court, Unit No. 201-202,
Plot No. 12, V. N. Purav Marg,
S. T. Road, Chembur,
Mumbai - 400071.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS

The Directors have pleasure in presenting the **Twenty Sixth Annual Report** of the Company together with its Audited Statement of Profit and Loss for the **Financial Year ended March 31, 2020** and the Balance Sheet as on that date:

FINANCIAL RESULTS

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Standalone	
	2019-20	2018-19
Financial Year	Audited	Audited
Total Revenue	75,544.57	52,943.64
Profit before Depreciation, Finance Costs and Tax	3,703.63	3,748.39
Less: Depreciation	793.47	832.79
Less: Finance Costs	886.66	922.41
Profit before Tax	2,023.50	1993.19
Less: Provision for Tax		
(a) Current Tax	547.00	614.00
(b) Deferred Tax (Assets)/ Liability	0.22	57.82
(c) Short Provision for Tax for earlier years	-	-
Profit after Tax	1,476.28	1,321.37
Other Comprehensive (Income)/ Loss	-5.63	3.59
Total Comprehensive Income For The Year	1,470.65	1,324.96
Dividend Paid	184.66	152.38
Tax on Dividend Paid	37.96	31.63
Balance carried to Other Equity	1,248.03	1,139.44

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The total Revenue of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020, was ₹ 75,544.57 Lakhs as compared previous year's total Revenue of ₹ 52,943.64 Lakhs thus indicating an impressive increase of 42.69% over the previous year. Further, Profit before Tax and Profit after Tax were ₹ 2,023.50 Lakhs and ₹ 1,476.28 Lakhs respectively during the year under review as against ₹ 1993.19 Lakhs and ₹ 1,321.37 Lakhs in the corresponding previous year.

STATE OF AFFAIRS & BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Your Company is well segmented Company as it is engaged in varied business of (i) manufacturing and trading of Bitumen & value added Bituminous Products and has bulk bitumen storage facilities at Karwar, Haldia, Dighi and Hazira Gujarat. (ii) has large fleet of specialized Bulk Bitumen & LPG Tankers (Logistics) (iii) generates power through wind mills situated in Jaisalmer and Dhulia and last but not the least has an Authorized workshop of Ashok Leyland as Shahpur, Maharashtra. Your Directors assure you that the state of affairs of the Company and the Business Scenario continuous to be good post CoVID-19 and the future seems to be brighter.

For more details, please refer to the Chapter on Management Discussion and Analysis for industry and business scenario.

DIVIDEND

Your Directors have recommended a dividend of ₹ 1.50 per equity share of the face value of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up for the financial year ended March 31, 2020. The dividend distribution is subject to approval of the members of the Company at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In view of the changes made under the Income-tax Act, 1961, by the Finance Act, 2020, dividends paid or distributed by the Company shall be taxable in the hands of the Shareholders. Your Company shall, accordingly, make the payment of the Final Dividend after deduction of tax at source.

AMOUNT TO BE CARRIED TO OTHER EQUITY

The Company has transferred ₹1,248.03 Lakhs to the Other Equity for the F.Y. March 31, 2020 after appropriating ₹ 184.66 Lakhs towards dividend paid for the F.Y. ended March 31, 2019 and ₹ 37.96 Lakhs towards dividend tax paid thereon.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

As at March 31, 2020, the Capital Expenditure during the year under review amounted to ₹ 768.98 Lakhs including Work in Progress (WIP) amounted to ₹ 414.71 Lakhs.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Consolidated Financial Results have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendments) Rules, 2016.

SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company in UAE

The Company's Wholly Owned Subsidiary (W.O.S) in UAE under the name "AICL OVERSEAS" in Ras Al Khaimah Economic Zone (RAKEZ) in United Arab Emirates (UAE) for undertaking various ship/vessel /ocean related activities, has been reporting good financial performance since its inception and continuous to grow and develop strategically.

Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company in India

Bituminex Cochin Pvt Ltd (BCPL), is the first Wholly Owned Indian Subsidiary (W.O.S) and doing steady business of manufacturing and trading of bitumen and bituminous products.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Act, a statement containing salient features of the financial statements of the Company's Subsidiaries in Form AOC-1 is attached to the financial statements of the Company. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 136 of the Act, the financial statements of the Company, consolidated financial statements along with relevant documents and separate audited accounts in respect of subsidiary are available on the website of the Company: www.aicltd.in. There are no joint ventures or associate companies as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, as amended.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY, BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

1. COVID-19 Pandemic:

There is no material adverse impact of CoVID – 19 pandemic on the Company and its operations / profitability during the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020. However CoVID – 19 pandemic effect, if any, on Company operations/ profitability in the current F.Y 2020-21 can only be assessed in due course.

2. Previous Matters.

Since the previous Directors' Report, there has been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year and the date of this Report except as stated hereinafter. (i) It may be recalled that in the previous Report, we had mentioned that Panvel Municipal Corporation (PMC) had raised LBT demand on erstwhile merged Company, Agarwal Petrochem Private Limited for the period Jan-Jun 2017, which in line with others Petitioners, had filed a Writ Petition in the Hon'ble Bombay High Court, which as an interim relief has directed the PMC not to initiate any coercive action against the petitioners till the further orders. Accordingly, the actual financial impact of such demand are not known due to pending assessments and the status of the case remains the same. (ii) The Asst. Commissioner of Customs, Kakinada had filed three Appeals with The Commissioner (Appeals), Customs, Central Excise and Service Tax, Guntur, after the Review Orders were passed by the Commissioner of Customs (Preventive), to set aside three Orders-in-Original, two dated 08.11.2017 and one dated 30.11.2017 respectively, passed by the Asst. Commissioner of Customs, Kakinada sanctioning thereby Special Additional Duty refunds aggregating to ₹ 86.55 Lakhs to the Company. The Commissioner (Appeals), Customs, Central Excise and Service Tax, Guntur vide its three Orders dated 29.06.2018, set aside all three Orders-in-Original passed by the Asst. Commissioner of Customs, Kakinada as stated herein above and allowed all three Applications filed by the Asst. Commissioner of Customs, Kakinada. In this regard, against the aforesaid three Orders passed by the Commissioner (Appeals), Customs, Central Excise and Service Tax, Guntur, your Company has already filed respective Appeals with the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal at Hyderabad. (iii) The erstwhile merged Company, Agarwal Petrochem Private Limited had filed an Appeal before the Commissioner of Central Tax (Appeals- I), Mumbai against the Order-in-Original dated 19.01.2017 passed by the Asstt. Commissioner, Service Tax-I wherein a total service tax demand of ₹ 13.96 Lakhs was confirmed and imposed a penalty of the equal amount for the periods April 2010 to March 2015. However, vide Order dated 29/06/2018, the Commissioner of Central Tax (Appeals- I), Mumbai has dismissed the appeal filed by the Company and upheld the Order-in-Original as stated above. In due course, the Department announced a Scheme namely "Sabka Vishwas (Legacy Dispute Resolution) Scheme 2019" under which

the Company applied to the Department for availing the said Scheme. The Board is happy to report that the settlement was arrived at under the Scheme and there is no pending liability under the erstwhile Excise and Service Tax Act which was abolished due to commencement of the new GST Act, 2017.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls commensurate with the size, scale and nature of its operations. The Internal Auditor monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of internal control systems in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies at all locations of the Company.

VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy to provide a mechanism for the Directors and employees to report genuine concerns about any unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct. The provisions of this policy are in line with the provisions of Section 177 (9) of the Act and as per Regulation 22(1) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015. The Whistle Blower Policy can be accessed on the Company's website - www.aicld.in.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has in place an Audit Committee in terms of the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rules made thereunder and Regulation 18 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The details relating to the same are given in Report on Corporate Governance forming part of this Board Report.

During the year under Report, the Board of Directors in its meeting held on August 14, 2019, appointed Mr. Alok Bharara, an Independent Director as Chairman of the Audit Committee and the reconstituted Audit Committee is as follows:

Mr. Alok Bharara – Independent Director – Chairman
Mr. Rajkumar Mehta – Independent Director
Mr. Mahendra Agarwal – Non Independent – Non Executive Director.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013, ("THE ACT")

Particulars of loans given, investments made and securities provided are mentioned in the financial statement under Notes 3, 6, 10 and 13 respectively of the said statement. Your Company has not provided any guarantee or given security in connection with loan to any other body corporate or person.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has constituted a Risk Management Committee, details of which are set out in the Corporate Governance Report. The Company has adopted a Risk Management Policy, pursuant to the provisions of Section 134 of the Act, which has a Risk Management framework to identify and evaluate business risks and opportunities. This framework seeks to create transparency, minimize adverse impact on business objective and enhance the Company's competitive advantage. The risk framework defines the risk management approach across the enterprise at various levels including documentation and reporting.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (KMP)

In terms of Section 149 of the Act and pursuant to the Regulation 17 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board of the Company has optimum combination of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors. The Board also comprises of an Independent Woman Director. For details, please refer to Corporate Governance Report attached hereinafter.

Re-appointments of Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Mr. Lalit Agarwal and Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal:

Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Mr. Lalit Agarwal and Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal, Promoter Directors and were re-appointed as the Managing Director and Whole Time Directors of the Company for a period of 3 years with effect from April 01, 2016 to March 31, 2019 by the members of the Company in the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 22, 2016. The existing term expired on March 31, 2019.

Considering the invaluable contribution to the growth and development of the Company since its inception, the Board of Directors of the Company on the recommendations of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, re-appointed Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Mr. Lalit Agarwal and Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal as the Managing Director of the Company for period of 3 Years w.e.f April 01, 2019 till March 31, 2022 in their respective meetings held on March 30, 2019.

Re-appointments of Independent Directors for the Second Term:

Mr. Rajkumar Mehta, Mr. Alok Bharara, Mr. Harikrishna Patni & Mrs. Priti Lodha have been appointed as Independent Directors by the Members of the Company for the second term of 5 years w.e.f. September 30, 2019.

Ms. Lucinda D'souza, Company Secretary / Compliance Officer of the Company resigned from the services on personal grounds and was relieved from duties w.e.f. March 31, 2020. The Board of Directors placed on record its appreciation for his dedicated services during his tenure of services in the Company.

Mr. Sachin Ghanghas was appointed Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company w.e.f. April 1, 2020.

In terms of Section 203 of the Act the following were designated as KMP of your Company by the Board:

Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal	-	Managing Director
Mr. Lalit Agarwal	-	Whole Time Director
Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal	-	Whole Time Director
Mr. Vipin Agarwal	-	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Sachin Ghanghas	-	Company Secretary (w.e.f. April 1, 2020)

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as stipulated under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 and as per Regulation 17 SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

BOARD MEETINGS

During the year under review, 9 (Nine) Board Meetings (including Exclusive Meeting of Independent Directors) were held and the intervening gap between the meetings did not exceed the period prescribed under the Act, the details of which are given in the Corporate Governance Report.

BOARD EFFECTIVENESS

The Company once again emphasize that it has adopted the Governance guidelines which, inter alia, cover aspects related to composition and role of the Board, Directors, Board diversity, definition of independence and mandates of Board Committees. It also covers aspects relating to nomination, appointment, induction and development of Directors, Directors remuneration, Code of Conduct and Board Effectiveness Review.

A. Board Evaluation

During the year under review, the Board of Directors has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, Board Committees and individual Directors pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the corporate governance requirement as prescribed by Securities Exchange Board of India (SEBI) under Regulation 17(10) of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The performance of the Board was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from the Directors on the basis of the criteria such as the Board Composition and structures, effectiveness of board processes, information and functioning, etc. The Board evaluates performance of the committees after seeking inputs from the committee members on the basis of the criteria such as the composition of committees, effectiveness of committee meetings, etc. The Board and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) reviewed the performance of the individual Directors on the basis of the criteria such as the contribution of the individual Director to the Board and Committee meetings like preparedness on the issues to be discussed, meaningful and constructive contribution and inputs in meetings, etc.

In a separate meeting of Independent Directors, performance of Non-Independent Directors, performance of the board as a whole was evaluated, taking into account the views of the Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors. The same was discussed in the Board meeting that followed the meeting of the Independent Directors, at which the performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors was also discussed.

B. Appointment of Directors and Criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director

As per Company's Policy, the NRC is responsible for developing competency requirements for the Board based on the industry and strategy of the Company. The NRC reviews and meets potential candidates, prior to recommending their nomination to the Board. At the time of appointment, specific requirements for the position, including expert knowledge expected, is communicated to the appointee.

The NRC has formulated the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of Directors in terms of provisions of Section 178 (3) of the Act and Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015. Independence: A Director will be considered as an 'Independent Director' if he/ she meets with the criteria for 'Independence' as laid down in the Act and Regulation 16(1)(b) SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Competency: A transparent Board nomination process is in place that encourages diversity of thought, experience, knowledge, perspective, age and gender. It is ensured that the Board has a mix of members with different educational qualifications, knowledge and with adequate experience in banking and finance, accounting and taxation, economics, legal and regulatory matters.

Additional Positive Attributes:

- The Directors should not have any other pecuniary relationship with the Company, its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures and the Company's promoters, except as provided under law.
- The Directors should maintain an arm's length relationship between themselves and the employees of the Company, as also with the Directors and employees of its subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures, promoters and stakeholders for whom the relationship with these entities is material.
- The Directors should not be the subject of proved allegations of illegal or unethical behavior, in their Private or professional lives.
- The Directors should have the ability to devote sufficient time to the affairs of the Company.

C. Remuneration Policy

The Company had adopted a Remuneration Policy, subject to review from time to time for the Directors, KMP and other employees, pursuant to the provisions of the Act and Regulation 19(4) read with Part B of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The key principles governing the Company's Remuneration Policy are as follows:

Remuneration for Independent Directors and Non-Independent Non-Executive Directors

- Independent Directors (ID) and Non-Independent Non-Executive Directors (NINED) may be paid sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and of Committees of which they may be members.
(Presently, all Independent Directors and one Non-Independent Non-Executive Director have voluntarily foregone sitting fee for attending Board and Committee Meetings.)
- Overall remuneration should be reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate Directors aligned to the requirements of the Company, taking into consideration the challenges faced by the Company and its future growth imperatives.
- Remuneration paid should be reflective of the size of the Company, complexity of the sector/ industry/ Company's operations and the Company's capacity to pay the remuneration and be consistent with recognized best practices.
- The remuneration payable to Directors shall be inclusive of any remuneration payable for services rendered in any other capacity, unless the services rendered are of a professional nature and the NRC is of the opinion that the Director possesses requisite qualification for the practice of the profession. It may be noted that the Independent Directors of the Company have voluntarily foregone remuneration of any type and kind including sitting fee and accordingly no payment is made to them in this regard. Remuneration for Managing Director (MD)/ Executive Directors (ED)/ Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)/ rest of the Employees
- The extent of overall remuneration should be sufficient to attract and retain talented and qualified individuals suitable for every role. Hence remuneration should be market competitive, driven by the role played by the individual, reflective of the size of the Company, complexity of the sector/ industry/ Company's operations and the Company's capacity to pay, consistent with recognized best practices and aligned to any regulatory requirements.
- Basic/ fixed salary is provided to all employees to ensure that there is a steady income in line with their skills and experience. It is affirmed that the remuneration paid to Managing Director, Whole Time Directors and KMP is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company. Presently no remuneration or sitting fee, of whatsoever kind and nature, is paid to any Independent Director.

PROTECTION OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE

The Company has formulated a policy on 'Protection of Women's Rights at Workplace' as per the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. This has been widely disseminated. There were no cases of sexual harassment received by the Company during the F.Y. 2019-20 & between the end of the financial year and the date of this Report.

Mrs. Harshada Patil is the External Member of Internal Complaints Committee.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS

During the year under review, no significant material orders were passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations.

CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

There was no change in the nature of business of the Company during the year under review.

COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS ON BOARD AND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS

The Company has complied with Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Board Meetings and Annual General Meetings.

STATUTORY AUDITORS

At the ensuing Twenty Sixth Annual General Meeting of the Company, the Members will be requested to ratify the appointment of M/s. Ladha Singhal & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai as the Auditors of the Company to hold office from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting at such remuneration as may be mutually agreed upon between the Board of Directors of the Company and the Auditors. They have confirmed their eligibility to the effect would be within the prescribed limits under the Act and they are not disqualified for re-appointment.

The notes on financial statements referred to in the Auditors' Report are self explanatory and do not call for any further comments.

The Auditors' Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The details forming part of the extract of the Annual Return in Form MGT-9 is annexed herewith as **ANNEXURE - I**.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT

The Board of Directors of your Company has appointed Mr. P. M. Vala, Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No. FCS - 5193, CP No. - 4237) to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year 2019-20. The Secretarial Audit Report in Form No. MR-3 for the financial year ended March 31, 2020 is annexed herewith as **ANNEXURE - II**.

Secretarial Auditors' observations: The report does not contain any qualifications, reservation or adverse remarks.

COST AUDITOR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactments thereof, for the time being in force), the Board of Directors of the Company appointed Mr. Vinayak Kulkarni, Cost Accountant (Membership No. - 28559) as the Cost Auditors to conduct the cost records of the Company for relevant segments for the financial year ending March 31, 2021.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

As required under Section 134(3)(M) of the Act, read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the information relating to Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo, during the financial year ended March 31, 2020 is given as below :

(A) Conservation of Energy:

As stated in the Director's Report of previous financial year, conservation of energy is an ongoing process and, in this regard, your Company ensures optimal use of energy, avoid wastages and attempts to conserve energy as best as possible. However, no significant investments were made in this regard during the year under review.

(B) Technology Absorption:

As mentioned in the previous Report, your Company continues to adopt technology absorption techniques which are effective and have been successfully carried out for many years now. In its endeavor to improve constantly, your Company ensures regular monitoring and reviewing of the existing technology and always attempts if the same can be modified, upgraded or improved upon for increased and better operations. However, no specific research and development activities were carried out during the year under review.

(C) Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:

	(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	F.Y. 2019-20
Earnings	179.28
Outgo	58,410.19

DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) AMENDMENT RULES, 2016

Disclosure pursuant to the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016 is attached herewith as per **ANNEXURE- III**.

However, since there were no employees drawing remuneration in excess of the limit set out in the aforesaid amended rules, the particulars of employees required to be furnished pursuant to Section 197 (12) read with Rule 5 (2) and Rule 5 (3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personal) Amendment Rules, 2016 does not form part of this annual report.

FIXED DEPOSITS

The Company did not accept any Fixed Deposits from the public and no fixed deposits were outstanding or unclaimed as on March 31, 2020.

STATUS OF UNCLAIMED/ UNPAID DIVIDEND AMOUNTS

The status of unclaimed/ unpaid Dividend amounts as on March 31, 2020: ₹13.31 Lakhs

BORROWINGS AND DEBT SERVICING

During the year under review, your Company has met all its obligations towards repayment of principal and interest on loans availed.

LISTING OF SHARES

The equity shares of your Company have been listed on the BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited. The listing fees for the year 2020-21 have been duly paid.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Your Directors state and confirm that:

- (i) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2020, the applicable accounting standards read with requirements set out under Schedule III to the Act, have been followed and that there are no material departures from the same;
- (ii) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020 and of the profits of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- (iii) the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (iv) the Directors have prepared the accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2020 on a 'going concern' basis;

- (v) the Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively;
- (vi) the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and are operating effectively.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Your Company ensures maintaining highest standards of corporate governance as per corporate governance requirements formulated by SEBI. The report on Corporate Governance as per SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 forms an integral part of the Annual Report. **(ANNEXURE – IV)**. The requisite certificate from the Auditors of the Company confirming compliance with the conditions of corporate governance is attached to report on corporate governance.

MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Management’s Discussion and Analysis Report for the year under review, as stipulated under Regulation 34(2) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. **(ANNEXURE – V)**.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All related party transactions entered during the F. Y. 2019-20 on omnibus basis were approved by the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee and were also consented by the members in the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 30, 2019 in accordance with Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder (as amended) and as per earlier Listing Agreements and subsequently on the basis of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Details of related party transactions entered during the F. Y. 2019-20 are placed under **ANNEXURE –VI** as per Form AOC-2 attached with this Board Report. The Policy on materiality of related party transactions may be accessed on the Company’s website- www.aic ltd.in

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee comprises of Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Managing Director, Mr. Lalit Agarwal, Whole Time Director and Mr. Alok Bharara, an Independent Director. Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Managing Director, is the Chairman of the Committee.

The details of the various projects and programs which can be undertaken by the Company as a part of its CSR Policy framework is available on its website www.aic ltd.in.

The disclosures required to be given under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(1) of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 are given in **ANNEXURE- VII** forming part of this Board Report.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors place on record their deep sense of appreciation for the contribution made by employees towards the success and growth of your Company. Your Directors also thank all the shareholders, investors, customers, vendors, bankers, business partners, government and regulatory authorities for their continued co-operation and support.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Jaiprakash Agarwal
Managing Director

Date: September 03, 2020
Place: Mumbai
Registered Office:
Eastern Court, Unit No. 201-202,
Plot No. 12, V. N. Purav Marg,
S. T. Road, Chembur, Mumbai – 400071.

ANNEXURE I

Form No. MGT- 9

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN AS ON THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies
(Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

- i) CIN : L99999MH1995PLC084618
- ii) Registration Date : January 13, 1995
- iii) Name of the Company : Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited
- iv) Category : Company Limited by Shares
- v) Sub-Category of the Company : Indian Non- Government Company
- vi) Address of the Registered Office : Eastern Court, Unit No. 201-202,
Plot No. 12, V.N. Purav Marg,
S. T. Road, Chembur, Mumbai 400 071
- vii) Whether listed company : Yes
- viii) Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any Registrar & Share Transfer Agent (w.e.f. June 30, 2018) : **Universal Capital Securities Pvt Ltd.**
(SEBI REG. NO. INR000004082)
CIN NO – U74200MH1991PTC062536
C 101, 247 Park, LBS Road, Vikhroli West, Mumbai – 400083.
Tel No. : +91 (022) 28207203-05
Fax No. : +91 (022) 28207207; W:www.unisec.in; E-mail:info@unisec.in

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the Company shall be stated:-

Sl. No.	Name and Description of main products / service	NIC Code of the Product/ service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Manufacturing of Petroleum Bitumen	19209	92.45
2	Transportation	60231	6.93

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Sl. No.	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE COMPANY	CIN/GLN	HOLDING/ SUBSIDIARY/ ASSOCIATE	% of shares Held	Applicable Section
1	Bituminex Cochin Pvt.Ltd. (Building No: II, 1, 2, 3, Ambalamugal, P.O. Ernakulam, Kerala- 682302)	U10300KL1980PTC003141	Subsidiary	100 %	2(87)
2	AICL Overseas FZ – LLC (T1-FF-3C, RAKEZ Amenity Center, Al Hamra Industrial Zone -FZ RAK, United Arab Emirates)	00000047002075	Subsidiary	100 %	2(87)

(*One Equity Share held by Sh. Lalit Agarwal as Nominee of the Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited, Holding Company and to further comply with the requirement of minimum two members in a private limited company)

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

I) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (i.e. as on 01.04.2019)				No. of Shares held at the end of the year (i.e. as on 31.03.2020)				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/HUF	6086392	-	6086392	59.33	6086392	-	6086392	59.33	-
b) Central Govt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) State Govt (s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) Bodies Corp	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Any Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (A)(1):-	6086392	-	6086392	59.33	6086392	-	6086392	59.33	-
(2) Foreign									
a) NRIs - Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Other -Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Bodies Corp	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Any Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (A)(2):-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Shareholding of Promoter / Promoter Group (A)=(A)(1)+(A)(2)	6086392	-	6086392	59.33	6086392	-	6086392	59.33	-
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Central Govt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) State Govt(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Insurance Companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
g) FIs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Others (specify) Foreign Portfolio Investors	4000	-	4000	0.04	4000	-	4000	0.04	-
Sub-total (B)(1):-	4000	-	4000	0.04	4000	-	4000	0.04	-
2. Non-Institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.									
i) Indian	1713219	-	1713219	16.70	940152	-	940152	9.16	-7.54
ii) Overseas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto ₹ 1 lakh	767147	5505	772652	7.53	1052281	10405	1062686	10.359	2.829
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of ₹ 1 lakh	683057	5000	688057	6.70	896285	-	896285	8.737	2.03

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (i.e. as on 01.04.2019)				No. of Shares held at the end of the year (i.e. as on 31.03.2020)				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
c) Others (specify)									
i) NRI & OCB	425272	-	425272	4.15	515321	-	515321	5.02	0.87
ii) Clearing Members	34177	-	34177	0.33	24634	-	24634	0.24	-0.15
iii) LLP/ Partnership Firm	402529	-	402529	3.92	419100	-	419100	4.08	0.16
iv) HUF	115859	-	115859	1.13	293586	-	293586	2.86	1.73
V) IEPF Suspense A/c	16591	-	16591	0.16	16591	-	16591	0.16	0.00
Sub-total (B)(2):-	4157851	10505	4168356	40.63	4157950	10405	4168355	40.63	0.00
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)	4161851	10505	4172356	40.67	4161950	10405	4172355	40.67	0.00
Total (A) + (B)	10248342	10505	10258747	100	10248342	10405	10258747	100	0.00
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs Public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A+B+C)	10248242	10505	10258747	100	10248342	10405	10258747	100	0.00

II) Shareholding of Promoters

Sr. No.	Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (i.e. as on 01.04.2019)			No. of Shares held at the end of the year (i.e. as on 31.03.2020)			% Change In Share holding during the year
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	
1.	Jaiprakash Agarwal	641850	6.26	0.00	641850	6.26	0.00	0.00
2.	Ramchandra Agarwal	532525	5.19	0.00	532525	5.19	0.00	0.00
3.	Kishan Agarwal	498225	4.86	0.00	498225	4.86	0.00	0.00
4.	Mahendra Agarwal	491100	4.79	0.00	491100	4.79	0.00	0.00
5.	Usha Agarwal	458283	4.47	0.00	458283	4.47	0.00	0.00
6.	Lalit Agarwal	400625	3.91	0.00	400625	3.91	0.00	0.00
7.	Jugal Kishore Agarwal	395000	3.85	0.00	395000	3.85	0.00	0.00
8.	Rekha Agarwal	296114	2.89	0.00	296114	2.89	0.00	0.00
9.	Nilesh Agarwal	279650	2.73	0.00	279650	2.73	0.00	0.00
10.	Padma Agarwal	244105	2.38	0.00	244105	2.38	0.00	0.00
11.	Sushila Agarwal	240100	2.34	0.00	240100	2.34	0.00	0.00
12.	Shailesh Agarwal	231300	2.25	0.00	231300	2.25	0.00	0.00
13.	Uma Agarwal	223600	2.18	0.00	223600	2.18	0.00	0.00
14.	Vipin Agarwal	168975	1.65	0.00	168975	1.65	0.00	0.00
15.	Jaiprakash Rahulkumar HUF	135875	1.32	0.00	135875	1.32	0.00	0.00
16.	Sudha Agarwal	132040	1.29	0.00	132040	1.29	0.00	0.00
17.	Ramchandra Agarwal HUF	125000	1.22	0.00	125000	1.22	0.00	0.00
18.	Mangilal Agarwal HUF	101300	0.99	0.00	101300	0.99	0.00	0.00
19.	Mukul Agarwal	76900	0.75	0.00	76900	0.75	0.00	0.00
20.	Kishan Agarwal HUF	71500	0.70	0.00	71500	0.70	0.00	0.00
21.	Lalit Agarwal HUF	71500	0.70	0.00	71500	0.70	0.00	0.00

Sr. No.	Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (i.e. as on 01.04.2019)			No. of Shares held at the end of the year (i.e. as on 31.03.2020)			% Change In Share holding during the year
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	
22.	Virel Agarwal	66300	0.65	0.00	66300	0.65	0.00	0.00
23.	Pooja Agarwal	53850	0.52	0.00	53850	0.52	0.00	0.00
24.	Yash Agarwal	48400	0.47	0.00	48400	0.47	0.00	0.00
25.	Lakshya Agarwal	47900	0.47	0.00	47900	0.47	0.00	0.00
26.	Mahendra Agarwal HUF	25000	0.24	0.00	25000	0.24	0.00	0.00
27.	Jugalkishore Agarwal HUF	19000	0.19	0.00	19000	0.19	0.00	0.00
28.	Sanchi Agarwal	4500	0.04	0.00	4500	0.04	0.00	0.00
29.	Namrata Agarwal	3375	0.03	0.00	3375	0.03	0.00	0.00
30.	Aayushi Agarwal	2500	0.02	0.00	2500	0.02	0.00	0.00

iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (specify if there is no change): No Change

Sl. No.	Particulars	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the	
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	No of shares	% of total Shares of the company
1.	Jaiprakash Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	641850	6.26		
	At the end of the year			641850	6.26
2	Ramchandra Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	532525	5.19		
	At the end of the year			532525	5.19
3	Kishan Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	498225	4.86		
	At the end of the year			498225	4.86
4	Mahendra Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	491100	4.79		
	At the end of the year			491100	4.79
5	Usha Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	458283	4.47		
	At the end of the year			458283	4.47
6	Lalit Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	400625	3.91		
	At the end of the year			400625	3.91
7	Jugal Kishore Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	395000	3.85		
	At the end of the year			395000	3.85

Sl. No.	Particulars	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the	
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	No of shares	% of total Shares of the company
8	Rekha Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	296114	2.89		
	At the end of the year			296114	2.89
9	Nilesh Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	279650	2.73		
	At the end of the year			279650	2.73
10	Padma Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	244105	2.38		
	At the end of the year			244105	2.38
11	Sushila Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	240100	2.34		
	At the end of the year			231300	2.34
12	Shailesh Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	231300	2.25		
	At the end of the year			231300	2.25
13	Uma Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	223600	2.18		
	At the end of the year			223600	2.18
14	Vipin Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	168975	1.65		
	At the end of the year			168975	1.65
15	Jaiprakash Rahulkumar HUF				
	At the beginning of the year	135875	1.32		
	At the end of the year			135875	1.32
16	Sudha Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	132040	1.29		
	At the end of the year			132040	1.29
17	Ramchandra Agarwal HUF				
	At the beginning of the year	125000	1.22		
	At the end of the year			125000	1.22
18	Mangilal Agarwal HUF				
	At the beginning of the year	101300	0.99		
	At the end of the year			101300	0.99
19	Mukul Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	76900	0.75		
	At the end of the year			76900	0.75

Sl. No.	Particulars	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the	
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	No of shares	% of total Shares of the company
20	Kishan Agarwal HUF				
	At the beginning of the year	71500	0.70		
	At the end of the year			71500	0.70
21	Lalit Agarwal HUF				
	At the beginning of the year	71500	0.70		
	At the end of the year			71500	0.70
22	Virel Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	66300	0.65		
	At the end of the year			66300	0.65
23	Pooja Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	53850	0.52		
	At the end of the year			53850	0.52
24	Yash Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	48400	0.47		
	At the end of the year			48400	0.47
25	Lakshya Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	47900	0.47		
	At the end of the year			47900	0.47
26	Mahendra Agarwal HUF				
	At the beginning of the year	25000	0.24		
	At the end of the year			25000	0.24
27	Jugal Kishore Agarwal HUF				
	At the beginning of the year	19000	0.19		
	At the end of the year			19000	0.19
28	Sanchi Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	4500	0.04		
	At the end of the year			4500	0.04
29	Namrata Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	3375	0.03		
	At the end of the year			3375	0.03
30	Aayushi Agarwal				
	At the beginning of the year	2500	0.02		
	At the end of the year			2500	0.02

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sr. No.	Name	No of Shares at on (01-04-19) / end of the year (31-03-20)		Date	Increase/ Decrease in Share	Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No of Shares	% of total shares of the Company			No of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
1.	AAVYANA ADVISORS LLP	400000	3.90	31/03/2020	0	4,00,000	3.90
2.	GARNET INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	1141522	11.13	05/04/2019	-403523	737999	7.19
				12/04/2019	403523	1141522	11.13
				26/04/2019	-9139	1132383	11.04
				03/05/2019	-1000	1131383	11.03
				10/05/2019	-9320	1122063	10.94
				17/05/2019	-163017	959046	9.35
				24/05/2019	-12708	946338	9.22
				07/06/2019	-15940	930398	9.07
				14/06/2019	-28632	901766	8.79
				21/06/2019	-43292	858474	8.37
				29/06/2019	-31157	827317	8.06
				12/07/2019	1620	828937	8.08
				19/07/2019	2700	831637	8.11
				26/07/2019	3660	835297	8.14
				02/08/2019	-741	834556	8.14
				09/08/2019	-3200	831356	8.1
				23/08/2019	-150	831206	8.1
				30/08/2019	-2148	829058	8.08
				06/09/2019	-12120	816938	7.96
				13/09/2019	-29000	787938	7.68
				20/09/2019	249	788187	7.68
				30/09/2019	-48973	739214	7.21
				04/10/2019	-43530	695684	6.78
				25/10/2019	-59314	636370	6.2
				01/11/2019	-13428	622942	6.07
				08/11/2019	-14958	607984	5.93
				15/11/2019	-17000	590984	5.76
				22/11/2019	-650	590334	5.75
				06/12/2019	-10450	579884	5.65
				13/12/2019	-5324	574560	5.6
				20/12/2019	-12000	562560	5.48
				31/12/2019	-12619	549941	5.36
				10/01/2020	-20428	529513	5.16
				24/01/2020	-54306	475207	4.63
				31/01/2020	-65641	409566	3.99
				07/02/2020	-48168	361398	3.52
				21/02/2020	-10000	351398	3.43
				13/03/2020	-17651	333747	3.25
				20/03/2020	-9000	324747	3.17

Sr. No.	Name	No of Shares at on (01-04-19) / end of the year (31-03-20)		Date	Increase/ Decrease in Share	Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No of Shares	% of total shares of the Company			No of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
3.	ASHIT MEHTA	290935	2.84	31/03/2020	0	290935	2.84
4.	BRAJA KISHORE MISHRA	76000	0.74	17/05/2019	25000	101000	0.98
				15/11/2019	-135	100865	0.98
				22/11/2019	19411	120276	1.17
5.	NISHU FINLEASE PRIVATE LIMITED	184300	1.80	23/08/2019	-5000	134300	1.31
				20/09/2019	-3000	131300	1.28
				03/01/2020	-14000	117300	1.14
				10/01/2020	-8500	108800	1.06
6.	ASHWANI DEEDWANIA	2000	0.02	14/06/2019	500	2500	0.02
				21/06/2019	4500	7000	0.07
				29/06/2019	4000	11000	0.11
				05/07/2019	8205	19205	0.19
				12/07/2019	3961	23166	0.23
				19/07/2019	5169	28335	0.28
				26/07/2019	3588	31923	0.31
				02/08/2019	1000	32923	0.32
				09/08/2019	683	33606	0.33
				30/09/2019	23019	56625	0.55
				04/10/2019	1132	57757	0.56
				11/10/2019	1009	58766	0.57
				20/12/2019	7178	65944	0.64
				17/01/2020	-6000	59944	0.58
7.	FERRO TECH INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED	54114	0.53	31/03/2020	0	54114	0.53
8.	HEM SECURITIES LIMITED	13	0.00	17/05/2019	200	213	0.00
				7/6/2019	-200	13	0.00
				14/06/2019	200	213	0.00
				21/06/2019	150	363	0.00
				29/06/2019	407	770	0.01
				5/7/2019	26	796	0.01
				12/7/2019	174	970	0.01
				19/07/2019	-74	896	0.01
				26/07/2019	-26	870	0.01
				9/8/2019	-382	488	0.00
				23/08/2019	-75	413	0.00
				30/08/2019	-200	213	0.00
				20/09/2019	-78	135	0.00
				30/09/2019	-13	122	0.00
				18/10/2019	39878	40000	0.39
				25/10/2019	10000	50000	0.49
				29/11/2019	50	50050	0.49

Sr. No.	Name	No of Shares at on (01-04-19) / end of the year (31-03-20)		Date	Increase/ Decrease in Share	Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No of Shares	% of total shares of the Company			No of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
				20/12/2019	300	50350	0.49
				31/12/2019	-300	50050	0.49
				03/01/2020	388	50438	0.49
				10/1/2020	409	50847	0.50
				17/01/2020	-157	50690	0.49
				24/01/2020	-650	50040	0.49
				31/01/2020	760	50800	0.50
				07/02/2020	-148	50652	0.49
				14/02/2020	-412	50240	0.49
				06/03/2020	-54	50186	0.49
				13/03/2020	-46	50140	0.49
				20/03/2020	100	50240	0.49
				31/03/2020	-200	50040	0.49
9.	VRITIKA TRADING PRIVATE LIMITED	0	0.00	06/09/2019	50000	50000	0.49
10.	CALMATIVE TRADING PVT LTD	0	0.00	26/07/2019	50000	50000	0.49

Note: The above mentioned details regarding Shareholding Pattern of top ten shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs) are based upon the top ten shareholders during financial year 2019-20 derived from the Benpos received from Depositories & furnished to us by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent of the Company)

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the Year	
	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company
Jaiprakash Agarwal				
At the beginning of the year	641850	6.26	641850	6.26
Date wise Increase /Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase/decrease (e.g. allotment /transfer / bonus/sweat equity etc):	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
At the end of the year	641850	6.26	641850	6.26
Ramchandra Agarwal				
At the beginning of the year	532525	5.19	532525	5.19
Date wise Increase /Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase/decrease (e.g. allotment /transfer / bonus/sweat equity etc):	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
At the end of the year	532525	5.19	532525	5.19
Mahendra Agarwal				
At the beginning of the year	491100	4.79	491100	4.79
Date wise Increase /Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase/decrease (e.g. allotment /transfer / bonus/sweat equity etc):	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
At the end of the year	491100	4.79	491100	4.79

Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the Year	
	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company
Lalit Agarwal At the beginning of the year Date wise Increase /Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase/decrease (e.g. allotment /transfer / bonus/sweat equity etc):	400625	3.91	400625	3.91
At the end of the year	400625	3.91	400625	3.91
Vipin Agarwal At the beginning of the year Date wise Increase /Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase/decrease (e.g. allotment /transfer / bonus/sweat equity etc):	168975 Nil	1.65 Nil	168975 Nil	1.65 Nil
At the end of the year	168975	1.65	168975	1.65

VI. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment:

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Secured Loans Excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	6773.08	Nil	Nil	6773.08
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	Nil	Nil	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	Nil	Nil	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	6773.08	Nil	Nil	6773.08
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
Addition	1797.74	Nil	Nil	1797.74
Reduction	-	Nil	Nil	-
Net Change	1797.74	Nil	Nil	1797.74
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year	8570.82	Nil	Nil	8570.82
i) Principal Amount	-	-	-	-
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	8570.82	Nil	Nil	8570.82

VII. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

(₹in Lacs)

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Jaiprakash Agarwal	Ramchandra Agarwal	Lalit Agarwal
1)	Gross Salary:-			
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in Section 17(1) of the Income-Tax Act, 1961	54.00	48.00	48.00
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-Tax Act, 1961	-	-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-Tax Act, 1961	Nil	Nil	Nil
2)	Stock Options	Nil	Nil	Nil
3)	Sweat Equity	Nil	Nil	Nil
4)	Commission paid - as % of Profit	Nil	Nil	Nil
5)	Others	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Total	54.00	48.00	48.00

Remuneration to other Directors:

Independent Directors: NIL

Sl. no.	Particulars of Remuneration	Total Amount
		NIL

Non- Executive Directors: NIL

Sl. no.	Particulars of Remuneration	Total Amount
		NIL

B. REMUNERATION PAID TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

(₹in Lacs)

Sr. no.	Particulars of Remuneration	Vipin Agarwal	Lucinda D'souza*
1	Gross salary		
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in Section 17(1) of the Income-Tax Act, 1961	18.00	5.70
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-Tax Act, 1961	-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-
2	Stock Option		
	Sweat Equity	NIL	NIL
	Commission		
	- as % of Profit		
	- Others, specify		
	Others		
	Total	18.00	5.70

* Ceased to be Company Secretary w.e.f. 31.03.2020.

VIII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Type	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty /Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)
A. COMPANY (Penalty / Punishment / Compounding)	NIL				
B. DIRECTORS (Penalty / Punishment / Compounding)					
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT (Penalty / Punishment / Compounding)					

ANNEXURE – II

Form No. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH' 2020

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members
Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited
CIN: L99999MH1995PLC084618
Eastern Court, Unit No. 201-202
Plot No.12, V. N. Purav Marg, S. T. Road,
Chembur, Mumbai - 400 071

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited (CIN: L99999MH1995PLC084618)** (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minutes books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on **31st March' 2020 ("Audit Period")** complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company for the financial year ended on **31st March' 2020** according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') to the extent applicable to the Company :-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; - **(Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period)**
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014; - **(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period)**
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; - **(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period)**
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; - **(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period)**
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; - **(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period)**

- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; - **(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period)**; and
 - (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI LODR');
- (vi) The Management has identified and confirmed the following laws as specifically applicable to the Company;
- (a) Petroleum Act, 1934 and Rules made thereunder;
 - (b) Carriage by Road Act, 2007
 - (c) Motor Vehicles Act, 1988
 - (d) Electricity Act, 2003

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with the BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ('NSE') and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc mentioned above.

I further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors and Woman Director.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board/Committee Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent generally seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings were carried with requisite majority as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committees of the Board, as may be, while the dissenting members' views, if any, were captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period the Company no events occurred which had bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc,

For P. M. Vala & Associates,
Company Secretaries

P. M. Vala
(Proprietor)
FCS 5193 CP 4237
Place: Thane
Date: August 31, 2020
UDIN: F005193B000638353

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure A to Secretarial Audit Report

To,
The Members
Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited
CIN: L99999MH1995PLC084618
Eastern Court, Unit No.201-202
Plot No.12, V. N. Purav Marg, S. T. Road,
Chembur, Mumbai - 400 071

My Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year **31st March' 2020** is to be read along with this letter.

Management Responsibility

1. It is the responsibility of the Management of the Company to maintain Secretarial records, devise proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and regulations and to ensure that the systems are adequate and operate effectively. My examination was limited to the verification of records and procedures on test check basis for the purpose of issue of the Secretarial Audit Report.

Auditor's Responsibility

2. Maintenance of secretarial and other records of applicable laws is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these Secretarial records based on my audit.
3. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial and other legal records, legal compliance mechanism and corporate conduct. The verification was done on test check basis to ensure that correct facts as reflected in secretarial and other records produced to me. I believe that the processes and practices I followed, provides a reasonable basis for my opinion for the purpose of issue of the Secretarial Audit Report.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and major events during the audit period.

Disclaimer

5. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
6. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.

For P. M. Vala & Associates,
Company Secretaries

P. M. Vala
(Proprietor)
FCS 5193 CP 4237

Place: Thane
Date: August 31, 2020
UDIN: F005193B000638353

ANNEXURE – III

THIS REPORT FORMS PART OF DIRECTORS' REPORT

DISCLOSURE IN DIRECTORS' REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) AMENDMENT RULES, 2016

1. The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the Financial Year 2019-20 & percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary in the Financial Year 2019-20.

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Designation	remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees	ratio of the percentage increase in remuneration
1.	Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal	Managing Director	23.71	28.57
2.	Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal	Whole Time Director	21.07	33.33
3.	Mr. Lalit Agarwal	Whole Time Director	21.07	33.33
4.	Mr. Vipin Agarwal	Chief Financial Officer	-	25.00
5.	Ms. Lucinda D'souza	Company Secretary	-	-
6.	Mr. Sachin Ghanghas	Company Secretary	-	-

2. the median remuneration of employees of the Company in the Financial year 2019-20 is ₹2.28 lacs
 - Percentage decreased in the median remuneration of all employees in the Financial Year 2019-20 is 4.50%
3. Number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company as on March 31, 2020: 45
4. Average percentile increase already made in salaries of employees other than the Managerial Personnel in the last Financial Year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the Managerial Remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial Remuneration: Average decrease in remuneration for Employees other than Managerial Personnel is 13.19% and Average increase for Managerial Personnel Remuneration is 25.32%.
5. Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company

It is confirmed that the remuneration paid to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

ANNEXURE – IV

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Philosophy on Code of Corporate Governance

The report containing details of Corporate Governance systems and processes of Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited (hereinafter referred to as “AICL” or “the Company”) in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 (“Listing Regulations”) is as follows:

Company’s Philosophy on Code of Governance Corporate Governance is about commitment to values and ethical business conduct. We look upon good Corporate Governance practices as a key driver of sustainable corporate growth and long-term shareholders’ value creation. Good Corporate Governance is about enhancing value for all our stakeholders. The Company is committed to adopt best practices in Corporate Governance and disclosures thereunder. This includes its corporate and other structures, culture, policies and the manner in which it deals with various stakeholders. Timely and accurate disclosures of information regarding the financial situation, performance, ownership and governance of the Company are an important part of Corporate Governance.

Corporate Governance signifies blend of laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, procedures and profound corporate practices which ensure attainment of the highest standards of accountability and equity in all facets of its operations and its accurate and timely disclosures to its shareholders regarding its financial and operational state of affairs. Over the years, your Company has practiced such good governance practices which have not only enjoyed investors respect and trust but also build up strong inter and intra relationships across all segments of its ever-flourishing business and ensures that it would continue to do so in the years to come.

The Board of Directors:

1. The Board of Directors comprises Executive, Non-Executive as well as Independent Directors in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and the rules made thereunder and is in conformity with SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. Presently, the Board of Directors comprises of total 8 (Eight) Directors out of which 3 (Three) are Executive, Non-Independent Directors and 1 (One) is Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director, and 4 (Four) are Independent Directors of which one is a Woman Director. The Directors possess experience in fields as varied as finance, marketing, production, imports and logistics industry. The skill and knowledge of the Directors have proved to be of immense value to the Company. The details of Director seeking re-appointment have been attached along with the Notice of the Annual General Meeting.
2. “Independent Directors” do not have any material pecuniary relationships or transactions with the Company, its Promoters, its Directors, its Senior Management or its Subsidiary which may affect the independence of the Director. All the Independent Directors have confirmed that they meet the criteria of independence as mentioned under Regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI (LODR) Regulation, 2015 and Section 149 of the Companies Act 2013.
3. During the year under review, the Board of Directors of the Company met Nine (9) times (including Exclusive Meeting of Independent Directors) and the period between any two meetings did not exceed 120 days. The Board Meeting dates were: May 30, 2019, August 14, 2019, August 31, 2019, October 12, 2019, November 14, 2019, January 15, 2020, February 14, 2020, March 23, 2020 and an Independent Directors Meeting held on March 23, 2020. A detailed explanation, in the form of a table illustrating the above matters is given on page no. 40 & 41 for ready reference.
4. None of the Directors are related to each other, except Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal, Mr. Mahendra Agarwal and Mr. Lalit Agarwal who are related to each other, being brothers.
5. During the year, a separate meeting of Independent Directors was held inter-alia to review the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole. The process for evaluation of Board performance, Non-Independent and Non-Executive Directors is detailed in the Board’s Report.
6. The Company has put in place a programme to familiarize the Independent Directors with the Company, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model of the Company, etc. The details of the familiarization programme are disclosed on the Company’s website: www.aicld.in.
7. The Non-Executive Director and Independent Directors have voluntarily decided not to take any sitting fee or remuneration of whatsoever kind and nature.
8. The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for all its Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel. All Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors have affirmed compliance with the said Code for the financial year ended March 31, 2020. All Senior Management of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Company Code of Conduct. The Code of Conduct is also displayed on the Company’s web site. The Annual Report of the Company contains a Certificate duly signed by the Managing Director in this regard.

Committees of the Board

The mandatory Committees constituted by the Board of Directors of the Company are as under:

1) Audit Committee:

The Audit Committee is as follows:

Mr. Alok Bharara	– Independent Director	– Chairman
Mr. Rajkumar Mehta	- Independent Director	
Mr. Mahendra Agarwal	- Non Independent	– Non Executive Director.

Each Member of the Committee has the relevant experience in the field of finance, banking and accounting. The Committee has, inter alia, the following terms of reference:

- i. Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible.
- ii. The recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of statutory auditors of the Company.
- iii. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors.
- iv. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013.
 - Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same.
 - Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management.
 - Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings.
 - Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements.
 - Disclosure of any related party transactions.
 - Qualifications in the draft audit report.
- v. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval.
- vi. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter.
- vii. Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process.
- viii. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties.
- ix. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments.
- x. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary.
- xi. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems.
- xii. Examination of the financial statement and the auditors' report thereon.
- xiii. Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems.
- xiv. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit.
- xv. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on.
- xvi. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board.

- xvii. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.
- xviii. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors.
- xix. To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower mechanism.
- xx. Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e., the whole-time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate.

The Committee met Five times during the period under review, the details of attendance thereat are given below. Audit Committee meetings are attended by invitation by the CFO, Internal Auditor and the Statutory Auditors as deem necessary from time to time. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Audit Committee. The Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting.

2) Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

The Company has a Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) which is now a mandatory requirement as per Regulation 29 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulation, 2015, and also under the Companies Act, 2013. The Committee consists of 3 (Three) Independent Directors, the Committee comprises Mr. Harikrishna Patni, Mr. Rajkumar Mehta and Mr. Alok Bharara. The broad terms of reference of the Committee inter alia, include the following:

- Recommend to the Board the set up and composition of the Board and its Committees including the formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director. The Committee will consider periodically reviewing the composition of the Board with the objective of achieving an optimum balance of size, skills, independence, knowledge, age, gender and experience.
- Recommend to the Board the appointment or re-appointment of Directors.

Details of Directors, Remuneration, Directorship and Meetings of Board & Committees during the F.Y. 2019-20												
Names	Category	Remuneration paid			No. of outside Directorships as at March 31, 2020		No. of outside Committee Positions Held		No of Board Meetings Attend-ed	No. of Audit Committee Meetings attend-ed	No. of NRC Committee Meetings attend-ed	Attend-ance at the last AGM
		₹ in Lacs			Indian	For-foreign	As Mem-ber	As Chair-man				
		Salary & Perks 2019-20	Sitting Fees 2019-20	Com-mis-sion 2019-20								
Jaiprakash Agarwal	Managing Director	54.00	Nil	Nil	1	Nil	-	-	8	-	-	No
Ramchandra Agarwal	Director	48.00	Nil	Nil	1	Nil	-	-	8	-	-	Yes
Lalit Agarwal	Director	48.00	Nil	Nil	2	Nil	-	-	8	-	-	Yes
Mahendra Agarwal	Director	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	Nil	-	-	8	5	-	Yes
Jaswant D.Sharma# (Ceased)	Director	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	-	-	3*	1	-	No
Harikrishna Patni	Director	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	-	-	9*	-	1	No
Rajkumar Mehta	Director	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	Nil	-	-	8*	1	-	Yes
Alok Bharara	Director	Nil	Nil	Nil	2	Nil	-	-	9*	5	1	Yes
Priti Lodha	Woman Director	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	-	-	7*	-	-	No

* Includes Exclusive meeting of the Independent Directors held on March 23, 2020.

Ceased to be Independent Director w.e.f. September 29, 2019.

- iii. Devise a policy on Board diversity.
- iv. Recommend to the Board appointment of Key Managerial Personnel (KMP as defined by the Act) and executive team members of the Company (as defined by this Committee).
- v. Carry out evaluation of every Director's performance and support the Board and Independent Directors in evaluation of the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors. This shall include formulation of criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board.
- vi. Recommend to the Board the remuneration policy for Directors, Executive team or Key Managerial Personnel as well as the rest of the employees.
- vii. On an annual basis, recommend to the Board the remuneration payable to the Directors and oversee the remuneration to Executive team or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company
- viii. Oversee familiarization programmes for Directors.
- ix. Oversee the human resource philosophy, human resource and people strategy and human resource practices including those for leadership development, rewards and recognition, talent management and succession planning (specifically for the Board, Key Managerial Personnel and executive team).
- x. Provide guidelines for remuneration of Directors on material subsidiaries.
- xi. Recommend to the Board on voting pattern for appointment and remuneration of Directors on the Boards of its material subsidiary companies.
- xii. Performing such other duties and responsibilities as may be consistent with the provisions of the Committee charter.

During the year, the Committee met Once, the details of attendance whereat are on page no. 40 & 41.

Remuneration Policy:

As recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC), the Board has adopted a Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees. The Policy envisages payment of remuneration according to qualification, experience and performance and is based on the commitment of fostering a culture of leadership with Trust. The remuneration of the Whole-time Director(s), is recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee based on factors such as industry benchmarks, the Company's performance vis-à-vis the industry, performance/ track record of the Whole Time Director(s) which is decided by the Board of Directors Remuneration comprises a fixed component viz. salary, benefits, perquisites and allowances in accordance with the relevant laws, rules and regulations in force from time to time. The NRC also recommends the annual increments within the salary scale approved by the Members.

NOTE:

During the financial year under review, all Independent Directors (ID) and Non-Independent Non-Executive Director (NINED) have voluntarily decided not to receive any sitting fee for the Board/Committee meeting attended during the financial year 2019-20.

3. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee:

The Company's Stakeholders' Relationship Committee comprises of Mr. Harikrishna Patni, (Chairman), Mr. Rajkumar Mehta and, Mr. Alok Bharara, all Independent Directors The scope of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee includes reporting of the status of shareholders The brief terms of reference of the Committee include resolving grievances of all the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer of shares, non-receipt of balance sheet, non-receipt of declared dividend etc. The Committee met twelve (12) times during the period under review.

4. Other Committees:

i. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee:

Although the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, is applicable to the Company for the financial year 2019-20, in accordance with the provisions of said section, the Company has constituted a CSR Committee comprising of Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Managing Director, Mr. Lalit Agarwal, Whole Time Director and Mr. Alok Bharara, Independent Director. The broad terms of reference of the CSR Committee are as under:

- Formulating and recommending to the Board, the CSR Policy which aid section, shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company.

- Recommending the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the aforesaid activities and;
- Reviewing and Monitoring the CSR Policy of the company from time to time.

During the year, the Committee met Thrice during the year.

ii. Risk Management Committee:

The Board of Directors have constituted a Risk Management Committee to frame, implement and monitor the risk management plan of the Company. The Committee comprises entirely of Mr. Lalit Agarwal, Mr. Rajkumar Mehta and, Mr. Alok Bharara. The Committee has formulated a Risk Management Policy, which lays down a vigorous and active process for identification and mitigation of risks. The Committee reviews and monitors the risk management and mitigation plan from time to time. The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee inter alia, include the following:

- To review the Risk Management Plan / Policy and its deployment within the Company.
- To monitor the effectiveness of the Risk Management Plan /Policy.
- To decide the maximum risk-taking ability of the Company to guide the Board in making new investments.
- To review the major risks of the Company and advise on its mitigation to the Board.
- Such other functions as may be delegated by the Board from time to time.

During the year, the Committee met Once and was attended by all the Members.

Details on General Meetings:

Location, date, time and Special Resolutions passed at the Annual General Meetings held in the last 3 years are as under

Location	Date	Time	Special Resolutions passed
Hotel Stars Parade, Lower Hall, Swami Jairamdas Building, Near Basant Park, Chembur, Mumbai – 400 071	September 30, 2019	10.30 A.M.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Re-appointment of Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal as Managing Director of the Company. - Re-appointment of Mr. Lalit Agarwal as the Whole Time Director of the Company. - Re-appointment of Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal as the whole Time Director of the Company. - Re-appointment of Mr. Rajkumar Mehta as an Independent Director of the Company for the Second Term - Re-appointment of Mr. Harikrishna Patni as an Independent Director of the Company for the Second Term
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Re- Appointment of Mr. Alok Bharara as an Independent Director of the Company for the Second Term - Re-Appointment of Mrs. Priti Lodha as an Independent Director of the Company for the Second Term - Related Party Transactions.
Hotel Stars Parade, Lower Hall, Swami Jairamdas Building, Near Basant Park, Chembur, Mumbai – 400 071	September 29, 2018	10.30 A.M.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Related party transactions.
Hotel Stars Parade, Lower Hall, Swami Jairamdas Building, Near Basant Park, Chembur, Mumbai – 400 071	September 30, 2017	10.30 A.M.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Related party transactions.

- All Special Resolutions passed in the previous three Annual General Meetings of the Company were passed with requisite majority.

- One Extra-Ordinary General Meetings were held during the last three years.
- 4 Special Resolutions were passed by Postal Ballot during the year under review.

Disclosures

- i. All related party transactions entered during the F. Y. 2019-20 were approved by the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee and were also consented by the members in the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 30, 2019 in accordance with Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder (as amended) and as per earlier Listing Agreements and subsequently on the basis of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Details of related party transactions entered during the F. Y. 2019-20 are placed under Form AOC-2 mentioned herewith.
- ii. There were no materially significant transactions with Related Parties during the financial year which were in conflict with the interest of the Company. Suitable disclosure as required by the Ind AS 24 has been made in the notes to the Financial Statements.
- iii. The Board of Directors receive, from time to time, disclosures relating to financial and commercial transactions from Key Managerial Personnel of the Company, where they and / or their relatives have personal interest.
- iv. The Company has complied with the requirements of the Stock Exchanges / Securities and Exchange Board of India / Statutory Authorities on all matters relating to capital markets, during the last 3 years.
- v. In accordance with requirement of the Companies Act as well as the Listing Agreement, the Company has adopted the Whistle Blower Policy pursuant to which employees can raise their concerns relating to fraud, malpractice or any other activity or event which is against the Company's interest by approaching the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The policy has been disclosed on the website of the Company under <http://www.aicld.in>.
- vi. The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading with a view to regulate trading in securities by the Directors and Designated Employees of the Company.
- vii. Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 17(8) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Managing Director and CFO have issued a certificate to the Board, for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Subsidiary Companies:

Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company in UAE

The Company's Wholly Owned Subsidiary (W.O.S) in UAE under the name "AICL OVERSEAS" in Ras Al Khaimah Economic Zone (RAKEZ) in United Arab Emirates (UAE) for undertaking various ship/vessel /ocean related activities, has been reporting good financial performance since its inception and continuous to grow and develop strategically.

Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company in India

Bituminex Cochin Pvt Ltd (BCPL), is the first Wholly Owned Indian Subsidiary (W.O.S) and doing steady business of manufacturing and trading of bitumen and bituminous products.

There are no Joint Ventures or Associate Companies related to your Company.

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and its Wholly Owned Subsidiaries prepared in accordance with the relevant Indian Accounting Standards of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, duly audited by the Statutory Auditors, form a part of the Annual Report and are reflected in the Consolidated Accounts.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Act, a statement containing salient features of the financial statements of the Company's subsidiaries for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020 in Form AOC-1 is attached to the financial statements of the Company.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 136 of the Act, the financial statement of the Company consolidated financial statements along with relevant documents and separate audited accounts in respect of subsidiary are available on the website of the Company.

During the year, the Company has not disposed of any shares in its material subsidiaries or disposed or leased the assets amounting to more than twenty percent of the assets of the material subsidiary.

Means of Communication

Quarterly, half-yearly and annual results of the Company were published in leading English and vernacular newspapers viz. Business Standard – All editions and Mumbai Lakshdeep. Additionally, the results and other important information/disclosures are also periodically updated on the Company's website viz. www.aicld.in which also contains a separate dedicated section "Investor Relations".

BSE Listing Centre

BSE Limited has launched an Online Portal - BSE Corporate Compliance & Listing Centre (the "Listing Centre") for submission of various filings by listed companies. All disclosures and periodic filings submitted to the BSE are also uploaded on the Listing Centre.

NSE Electronic Application Processing System (NEAPS)

The Company also files information through NEAPS – a web based application provided by NSE which facilitates online filing of Corporate Governance Report, the Shareholding Pattern by companies, Results and other disclosures.

Extensive Business Reporting Language (XBRL)

XBRL is a language for electronic communication of business and financial data. It offers major benefits to all those who have to create, transmit, use or analyze such information which aids better analysis and decision making. Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide its circular No. 37/2011 dated June 7, 2011, had mandated certain companies to file their Annual Accounts vide this mode. The Company has filed its Annual Accounts on MCA through XBRL.

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA)

The Company has periodically filed all the necessary documents with the MCA.

SEBI Complaints Redress System (SCORES)

A centralized web based complaints redress system which serves as a centralized database of all complaints received, enables uploading of Action Taken Reports (ATRs) by the concerned companies and online viewing by the investors of actions taken on the complaint and its current status.

Annual Report

The Annual Report containing inter alia the Audited Financial Statements, Consolidated Financial Statements, Directors' Report, Auditors' Report and other important information is circulated to the investors Management Discussion and Analysis forms part of the Annual Report. Pursuant to the Green Initiative launched by the MCA, the Company e-copies of the Annual Report to Members who have registered for the same. The Annual Reports are also available in the Investor Relations section on the Company's web site www.aicld.in

General Shareholders Information

Annual General Meeting

Date and Time	:	September 30, 2020 at 11.00 A.M.
Venue	:	Through Video Conferencing.
Registered Office	:	Eastern Court, Unit- 201-202, Plot No. 12, V. N. Purav Marg, S. T. Road, Chembur, Mumbai – 400071
Telephone No.	:	022-25251149/50 Fax: 022-25291147
Website	:	www.aicld.in
E mail	:	contact@aicld.in
Book Closure	:	September 24, 2020 to September 30, 2020 (Both days inclusive)

Cut-off Date for dividend entitlement if declared by the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting is September 23, 2020.

Financial Calendar

Financial reporting for:

- Quarter ending June 30, 2020 : Board Meeting held on August 26, 2020 pursuant to SEBI Circular dated July 29, 2020

- Quarter ending September 30, 2020 : On or before November 14, 2020
- Quarter ending December 31, 2020 : On or before February 14, 2021
- Quarter ending March 31, 2021 : On or before May 30, 2021

Listing

- Ordinary Shares : BSE Limited
: National Stock Exchange of India Limited
- Compulsorily Convertible Debentures : N.A.
- Global Depository Receipt : N.A.
- Share Transfer Agent : **Universal Capital Securities Pvt Ltd. (w.e.f. June 30, 2018)**
(SEBI REG. NO. INR000004082)
CIN NO – U74200MH1991PTC062536
C 101, 247 Park, LBS Road, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - Mumbai – 400083.
Tel No. : +91 (022) 28207203-05
Fax No.: +91(022) 28207207;
Website: www.unisec.in; E-mail: info@unisec.in
- Share Transfer System : In accordance with Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder & SEBI (LODR) Regulation, 2015, as amended.

The Company had paid annual listing fees to the Stock Exchanges in respect of the financial year 2019-20. The Company has also paid annual listing fees to the Stock Exchanges in respect of the financial year 2020-21.

Stock Codes

STOCK EXCHANGE	STOCK CODE
BSE Limited	531921 ISIN: INE204E01012
National Stock Exchange of India Limited	AGARIND Series: EQ

Market Price Data: High, Low during each month in the financial year 2019-20

Months	BSE High	BSE Low	No. of Shares traded	NSE High	NSE Low	No. of Shares traded
April'19	190.75	145.10	13915	194.65	146.10	181140
May' 19	185.00	142.20	158563	183.00	144.00	182733
June' 19	164.00	97.25	109911	164.00	100.50	367975
July' 19	127.85	110.90	7571	131.05	111.05	153417
August' 19	139.80	112.00	60383	140.00	110.20	223624
September' 19	133.00	110.00	68637	135.00	108.10	363405
October' 19	136.80	110.10	33564	130.30	108.00	214659
November' 19	118.25	92.25	7927	124.90	98.45	108501
December' 19	102.00	68.85	38118	105.00	68.15	289304
January' 20	124.05	81.95	110052	123.90	81.00	625571
February' 20	87.35	68.00	36889	89.95	68.00	248653
March' 20	76.75	44.00	38464	75.75	43.95	321072

Source: www.bseindia.com and www.nse-india.com

Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited - Distribution of Shareholding as on March 31, 2020

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held	% to Paid up capital
Promoters	6086392	59.33
Resident Individuals	1958971	19.10
Financial Institutions / Banks	-	-
Foreign Institutional Investors	-	-
Corporate Bodies	940152	9.16
Clearing Members	24634	0.24
Foreign Portfolio Investors	4000	0.04
Insurance Companies	-	-
Mutual Funds / UTI	-	-
IEPF Suspense A/c	16591	0.16
LLP/Partnership Firm	419100	4.09
HUF	293586	2.86
Non-Resident Indian	515321	5.02

Distribution of Equity Shareholding of Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited as on March 31, 2020

No. of Shares held	Total Members	Total Shares	Total % to Paid Up Share Capital
Upto 500	2343	248055	2.418
501 - 1,000	219	171052	1.667
1,001 - 2,000	143	213133	2.078
2,001 - 3,000	59	149937	1.462
3,001 - 4,000	35	125156	1.220
4,001 - 5,000	18	82367	0.803
5,001 - 10,000	46	326725	3.185
10,001 and above	96	8942322	87.168
Total	2959	10258747	100.00

Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit

In keeping with the requirements of the SEBI and the Stock Exchanges, a Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit by a Practicing Company Secretary is carried out at the end of every quarter to reconcile the total admitted capital with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and the total issued and listed capital. The said audit confirms that the total issued / paid – up capital tallies with the total number of shares in physical form and the total number of dematerialized shares held with NSDL and CDSL.

Report on Corporate Governance

The Company regularly submits to the Stock Exchanges, within the prescribed period, quarterly reports on Corporate Governance through XBRL mode as mandated by BSE through its BSE Listing Centre and to NSE through NEAPS application of NSE. A certificate from a practising Chartered Accountant on Corporate Governance is attached as an annexure to this Report.

Dematerialisation of Shares & Liquidity

As at the end of March 31, 2020, shares comprising approximately 99.89% of the Company's Equity Share Capital have been dematerialised.

Status on Dematerialised shares (Equity ISIN No. INE204E01012)

Shares held through Percentage of Holding

NSDL	21.65
CDSL	78.25
Physical	0.10
Total	100.00

Investor Correspondence

For any queries, investors are requested to get in touch with the Company's Registrar & Transfer Agent at **Universal Capital Securities Pvt. Ltd.**, C 101, 247 Park, LBS Road, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 83. A dedicated e-mail Id. info@uniseq.in has been set up for investor complaints.

As Managing Director of Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited and as required under the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, I, Jaiprakash Agarwal, hereby declare that all the members of the Board of Directors and senior management personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics of the Company for the Financial Year 2019-20.

For Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited

Jaiprakash Agarwal

Managing Director

Place: Mumbai

Date: September 03, 2020

ANNEXURE - V

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Please note that disclosures given in this Annexure - Management Discussion and Analysis' (MD&A) are meant to ensure that there is transparency in Company's financial performance. They enable our investors to evaluate the company and make informed investment decisions. Financial statements alone are not sufficient to judge a company's current performance and predict the future performance. The ordinary investor needs narrative explanations to have a better understanding of the performance and the environment in which the firm operates. MD&A fulfills this objective. It gives the investor an opportunity to look at the company through the eyes of management by providing both a short and long-term analysis of the business of the company.

Some statements in this discussion describing the projections, estimates, expectations or outlook may be forward looking. Actual results may, however, differ materially from those stated, on account of various factors such as changes in government regulations, tax regimes, economic developments within India and the countries within which your Company conducts its business, exchange rates and interest rates fluctuations, impact of competition, demand and supply constraints, etc.

INDUSTRY SCENARIO

India Bitumen Market Outlook - 2026

The India bitumen market was valued at \$2.8 billion in 2018, and is projected to reach \$3.6 billion by 2026, growing at a CAGR of 2.8% from 2019 to 2026.

Bitumen is a black to dark brown sticky material, composed principally of high molecular weight hydrocarbons. It is a semi-solid hydrocarbon product of crude oil distillation, which is produced by removing the lighter fractions (such as liquid petroleum gas, petrol, and diesel) from heavy crude oil during the refining process. The physical properties of bitumen include adhesion, resistance to water, hardness, ductility, and higher softening point.

The growth of India bitumen market is majorly driven by increase in road and building construction activities. Construction of various national highways, expressways, and airport runways boosts the demand for bitumen across the country. Bitumen is processed into asphalt for road construction. In addition, rise in investments by the government for the development of national highways and expressways, which include projects relating two-laning of highways, the National Highways Development Project, six-laning of crowded stretches of the Golden Quadrilateral, a special program for the development of road connectivity in naxal affected areas, development of Vijayawada-Ranchi road, and for providing last mile connectivity, is anticipated to drive the growth of the market. Furthermore, bitumen is widely used in the construction industry for roofs, owing to its physical properties such as adhesion, resistance to water, hardness, ductility, and higher softening point. Therefore, growth in the construction industry due to growth in population across the cities and demand for new houses led to increase in demand for bitumen across the country. In addition, government initiatives such as Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) that includes construction of houses for poor people living in both rural and urban areas is likely to increase the demand for bitumen; thereby, driving the growth of the India bitumen market.

However, human health & environmental issues associated with bitumen, fluctuating international crude oil prices, and increase in use of alternative of bitumen such as concrete in roadway construction applications are expected to restrain the growth of the market. Moreover, development of bio-based bitumen and EME (Enrobés à Module Elevé) binder is anticipated to provide lucrative opportunities for further development of the market.

The India bitumen market size is segmented on the basis of type, end-use industry, and region. Depending on type, the market is classified into paving grade bitumen, oxidized bitumen, polymer modified bitumen, and bitumen emulsions. By end-use industry, it is classified into road construction, waterproofing, and others. Region wise, it is analyzed across North India, East India, Northeast India, South India, and West India.

The major key players operating in the India bitumen market include Indian Oil Corporation Ltd., Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited, Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd., Oil & Natural Gas Corporation Ltd., Total India, Tiki Tar Industries India Ltd., Agarwal Industries Corporation Ltd. (our Company), Juno Bitumix Pvt Ltd., Universal Bituminous Industries Pvt. Ltd., and Swastik Tar Industries. Other players operating in this market include Hincol, Jainidhi Bitumen Specialities Pvt. Ltd., OOMS Polymer Modified Bitumen Pvt Ltd., Sapco, and UFTI. These major key players are adopting different strategies such as joint venture, agreement, and business expansion to stay competitive in the Indian market.

North India accounted for the major India bitumen market share in 2018, owing to major road network development initiatives undertaken by the Government of India (GoI) in the North India Region, which include national highways projects in Uttar Pradesh and Punjab. In addition, maintenance and repair of rural roads constructed under Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY) in Haryana, Rajasthan, Uttarakhand, and Himachal Pradesh is anticipated to increase the demand for bitumen across these

states; thereby, driving the growth of the bitumen market across North India.

India Bitumen Market, By Type

Paving Grade Bitumen is projected as the most lucrative segment. Paving grade bitumen segment accounted for the major share in 2018, owing to growth in road construction development activities across the country. Government projects such as Bharatmala, various national highway projects, and construction of various economic corridors in different states fuel the demand for bitumen emulsion across the country. In addition, initiatives launched by Government of India for construction of roads in rural areas such as Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY) and upgradation, maintenance, and repair work of existing rural roads, national highways, and expressways are likely to boost the demand for bitumen across India; thereby, driving the India bitumen market growth.

India Bitumen Market By End-Use Industry

Road Construction is projected as the most lucrative segment. Depending on end-use industry, the road construction segment accounted for the major market share in 2018. The road construction segment includes national highway, state highway, rural roads, and airport runways. Government has initiated various road projects that include construction of various national and state highways, expressways, and airports to boost the infrastructural activities. In addition, to connect the rural areas of the country to the cities the government has launched initiatives like Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana that provide good all-weather roads. This factor is anticipated to drive the growth of the market.

Key Benefits for India Bitumen Market:

- The India bitumen market analysis covers in-depth information of major industry participants.
- Porter's five forces analysis helps analyze the potential of buyers & suppliers and the competitive scenario of the industry for strategy building.
- Major countries have been mapped according to their individual revenue contribution to the regional market.
- The report provides an in-depth analysis of the India bitumen market forecast for the period 2019-2026.
- The report outlines the current India bitumen market trend and future estimations of the market from 2018 to 2026 to understand the prevailing opportunities and potential investment pockets.
- The key drivers, restraints, and India bitumen market opportunity and their detailed impact analysis is elucidated in the study.

India Bitumen Key Market Segments:

By Type

- Paving Grade Bitumen
- Oxidized Bitumen
- Polymer Modified Bitumen
- Bitumen Emulsion
- Others

By End-Use Industry

- Road Construction
 - o National Highways
 - o State Highways
 - o Rural Road
 - o Airport Runways
- Waterproofing
- Others

By Region

- North India
 - o Uttar Pradesh
 - o Rajasthan
 - o Punjab
 - o Haryana
 - o Rest of North India
- East India
 - o Bihar
 - o Jharkhand
 - o West Bengal
 - o Odisha
 - o Andaman & Nicobar
- Northeast India
 - o Arunachal Pradesh
 - o Assam
 - o Tripura
 - o Meghalaya
 - o Rest of East India
- South India
 - o Tamil Nadu
 - o Karnataka
 - o Andhra Pradesh
 - o Telangana
 - o Kerala
 - o Rest of South India
- West India
 - o Maharashtra
 - o Gujarat
 - o Madhya Pradesh
 - o Chhattisgarh
 - o Rest of West India

(Source: Allied Market Research)

PROMINENT MARKET TRENDS

Increasing Demand Due to Increasing Road Construction Activities

- The majority of bitumen consumed is processed into asphalt for road construction. Asphalt is a mixture of rock aggregates and bitumen. Bitumen serves as a binding agent and thus, is responsible for the stability of asphalt. Depending on the type of bitumen or composition of the mixture used, asphalt roads can be made suitable for regions with different climatic conditions or various levels of operational demands. Asphalt is also used for airport runways, parking decks, and working areas in ports.
- Roadways is one of the key sectors that determines a country's economic growth. Roads, airport runways, and parking decks are essential services that drive the economic activity by channelizing trade and mobility. Massive investments are required that help in modernization and maintenance of these systems.
- Globally, the infrastructure sector is experiencing stable growth, as a result of increasing government spending to promote local infrastructure. In keeping pace with the growing economic activity and shifting demographic trends, spending on infrastructure activities is largely driven by developing economies in comparison to developed economies
- In developing economies in Asia-Pacific, infrastructure activities are expected to increase significantly, especially in the transportation sector, owing to increasing urbanization and shifting focus toward the developing secondary sector in these countries. Furthermore, increasing economic prosperity is driving the infrastructure financing toward consumer sectors, including transportation and manufacturing, which provide and distribute raw materials for consumer goods.
- As these sectors have potential to fetch larger investments in near future, the governments of developing economies (such as China and India, among others) are taking initiatives by floating tenders reflecting opportunities in building infrastructure, essential for the growth of a specific sector. Furthermore, the emergence of megacities in both, emerging and developed markets, which reflects the shifting economic and demographic trends, may create enormous need for new infrastructure.
- All the aforementioned factors are expected to drive the global market during the forecast period.

The Asia-Pacific Region is Expected to Dominate the Market

- The Asia-Pacific region is expected to experience robust bitumen growth, owing to the industrial and infrastructural activities in countries, like China and India.
- The government has also approved the construction of urban and inter-city rail projects worth USD 127.26 billion (CNY 860 billion) in several cities, including Shanghai and Wuhan.
- Similarly, India is expected to have a requirement of investment worth USD 777.73 billion in infrastructure by 2022, to have sustainable development in the country.
- Such factors are projected to drive the market in the Asia-Pacific region.

OUR OPERATIONS – BUSINESS SEGMENTS

MANUFACTURING OF BITUMEN & BITUMINOUS PRODUCTS

The Company is a leading manufacturers and importers of Bitumen & Bituminous products and our plants are located at Belgaum, Hyderabad, Talaja, Baroda and Cochin (Company's WOS). We manufacture and trade quality products like Paving grade Bitumen, Industrial Grade Bitumen, Bitumen Emulsions, Modified Bitumen, Bitumen Coat, Bitumen Paints, Bitumen Insulation material etc which are known for their quality and standard. Our profound background of being in the logistics business (transportation of Bitumen & LPG) has been a key factor to foray into this segment. Your Company has excellent professional relations with all major road contractors in India due to Company's ethical, transparent and good governance policies. Company's plants are located at Belgaum, Talaja, Hyderabad and Baroda

BULK BITUMEN STORAGE FACILITIES

Your Company has excellent Bulk Bitumen Storage facilities to effectively handle and market bitumen imports at Karwar, Belgaum, Haldia, West Bengal, Dighi, Maharashtra and Hazira, Gujarat.

BULK BITUMEN TRANSPORTATION

We are the pioneers of logistics in Bitumen, which is predominantly used in road construction business. It can be procured either in bulk or in packed form. In either case the product has to be dispatched to the construction site or to the storage facilities of our industrial consumers. The bulk bitumen is transported via specially designed tankers that are insulated and have pumping

facility for loading and unloading the bitumen. Most of our Bitumen tankers are under contract with major oil companies in India like HPCL, BPCL and IOCL and by other major consumers of the product.

BULK LPG TRANSPORTATION

We are amongst the leading transporters of LPG in India, which is the most widely used fuel for domestic as well as industrial purposes. While we already own a large fleet of tankers, we also hire tankers on long term contracts to cater to the demand from customers. LPG is mainly sourced from domestic refineries and via bulk imports. Bulk LPG is mainly transported from the source to the industrial user or to their bottling plants through specially designed tankers. LPG, being highly inflammable, requires tankers that take care of all safety aspects while loading, transporting and unloading. Most of the LPG tankers are under contract with major oil companies like HPCL, BPCL and IOCL.

POWER GENERATION THROUGH WIND MILLS

Wind Mills

The Company has diversified into Non-Conventional energy generation by installing wind mills at Rajasthan and Maharashtra, keeping in view of the likely shortage of energy resources in future. Your Company has one Windmill at Dhulia, Maharashtra and two in Jaisalmer, Rajasthan.

AUTHORIZED SERVICE CENTRE OF ASHOK LEYLAND

We own a large fleet of tankers which necessarily calls for regular periodic checks and maintenance. As also, our entire fleet of tankers come from the Ashok Leyland stable. Both these factors influenced our decision to set up an authorized service center, for Ashok Leyland vehicles, within the company. Not only does this ensure a timely turnaround of the fleet serviced but is an economically beneficial proposition for the company. We have our own workshop and maintenance facilities at strategic locations like Mumbai, Baroda and Jodhpur.

(Source : Mordor Intelligence)

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AND OPERATIONS

Major indicators of your Company's financial performance for the year ended March 31, 2020 are presented in the accompanying Audited Financial Statements. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendments) Rules, 2016. The Company has adopted Ind AS from April 01, 2017 for the first time and accordingly these financial results are Ind AS 101 (First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards) compliant.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The total Revenue of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020, was ₹ 75,544.57 Lakhs as compared to previous year's total Revenue of ₹ 52,943.64 Lakhs thus indicating an impressive increase of 42.69% over the previous year. Further, Profit before Tax and Profit after Tax were ₹ 2,023.50 Lakhs and ₹ 1,476.28 Lakhs respectively during the year under review as against ₹ 1,993.19 Lakhs and ₹ 1,321.37 Lakhs in the corresponding previous year.

DIVIDEND

Your Directors have recommended a dividend of ₹ 1.50 per equity share of the face value of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up for the financial year ended March 31, 2020. The dividend distribution is subject to approval of the members of the Company at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. *In view of the changes made under the Income-tax Act, 1961, by the Finance Act, 2020, dividends paid or distributed by the Company shall be taxable in the hands of the Shareholders. Your Company shall, accordingly, make the payment of the Final Dividend after deduction of tax at source.*

SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review, there was no change in the Share capital of the Company.

AMOUNT TO BE CARRIED TO OTHER EQUITY

The Company has transferred ₹ 1,248.03 Lakhs to the Other Equity for the F.Y. March 31, 2020 after appropriating ₹ 184.66 Lakhs towards dividend paid for the F.Y. ended March 31, 2019 and ₹ 37.96 Lakhs towards dividend tax paid thereon.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

As at March 31, 2020, the Capital Expenditure during the year under review amounted to ₹ 768.98 Lakhs including Work in Progress (WIP) amounted to ₹ 414.71 Lakhs.

SEGMENTWISE / PRODUCTWISE PERFORMANCE

For Segment wise/ Product wise performance of the Company, please refer to Financial Statements of the Company.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Audited Consolidated Financial Results for the F.Y ended March 31, 2020 which incorporate audited financial results of Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited ("The Parent") and its subsidiaries, Bituminex Cochin Private Limited and AICL Overseas FZ LLC (the holding company and its subsidiaries constitute "the Group") which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, and the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended and, notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

OUR STRENGTHS

- ▶ Promoters with profound Industry Experience of over 36 years.
- ▶ Well diversified Company: Manufacturing & Trading of Bitumen and other value added products; Transportation of Bulk Bitumen & LPG: Power Generation through Wind Mills.
- ▶ Bulk Bitumen Storage facilities near ports for effective and optimum handling of bitumen imports.
- ▶ Consistently Dividend Paying Company
- ▶ Bitumen manufacturing is our finest forward integration and is an extension of our parent Business i.e. Bitumen Bulk Transportation.
- ▶ Strong Suppliers & Client relationship continuing for past many years.
- ▶ Comprehensive consolidated financial Strength through Wholly Owned Subsidiary Companies incorporated in UAE under the name "AICL OVERSEAS" in Ras Al Khaimah Economic Zone (RAKEZ) in United Arab Emirates (UAE) for undertaking various ship/vessel /ocean related activities and already existing Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company named Bituminex Cochin Private Limited.
- ▶ Cost Advantages through bulk imports.
- ▶ Being amongst the largest fleet operators of specialized Bitumen and LPG Tankers in the country adds to customer comfort and ensures supply reliability.
- ▶ Market share gain over the years, spurred by superior product quality and increased customer satisfaction though no identified identical business peer.
- ▶ Majority of our manufacturing facilities are ISO Certified.
- ▶ All major capex till date from capital infusion and internal accruals so far thus improving bottom line through saving financial costs.
- ▶ Benefits of Listed Company - Capital appreciation, liquidity and transparency of operations..
- ▶ Geographically well located Company in different parts of the country.

For details, please refer to relevant sections of Directors' Report.

OUR CHALLENGES

- Imports – Shipments at Right time, Right Pricing, Quality Material.
- Pricing – Competition with other players in the Industry.
- Continuous development of Infrastructure Sector.
- Timely payment to our clients from the related government authorities.
- Cost reduction/cost minimization through consistent guidance and motivational efforts. at all levels of operations

OUR OPPORTUNITIES

- ▶ Directly related to Infrastructure projects which are under Govt's priority agenda.
- ▶ Endless opportunities for expansion of Bitumen Products as road construction within the ambit of infrastructural growth.
- ▶ Tremendous scope for developing Value Added Products with potential of higher margins.
- ▶ Huge deficit in bitumen indigenous supply and demand leaving tremendous scope for imports
- ▶ Huge deficit in power demand and power supply leaving tremendous scope for expansion of Wind Power Mills
- ▶ Having own manufacturing plants and bulk imports minimize dependency on oil companies.

OUR THREATS

There are no major business / industry threats before us as ours is a well diversified and fundamentally strong Company with clear vision for future growth and prosperity and is under priority infrastructure sector. However, there are some factors which are beyond the control of the Company viz impact due to fluctuations in the economy caused by changes in global and domestic economies, competition in the industry, changes in government policies and regulations, fluctuations in interest rates etc which are common to all sectors, so we are no exception. Nevertheless, your Company ensures all safeguards to combat any such eventuality. to the best of its ability and vast industry experience.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Your Company has in place an adequate system of internal controls, with documented procedures covering all corporate functions. Systems of internal controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the effectiveness and efficiency of operations, the adequacy of safeguards for assets, the reliability of financial controls, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The Audit Committee of the Board oversees the adequacy of the internal control environment through regular reviews of the audit findings and monitoring implementations of internal audit recommendations through the compliance reports submitted to them.

MANPOWER

Your Company is committed to attract, develop and retain high quality talent. We promote culture of higher commitment and entrepreneurial approach across all over management positions to foster organization's growth. During the year under report, your company maintained harmonious and cordial industrial relations with its staff and employees.

PROTECTION OF WOMEN AT WORK PLACE

The Company has formulated a policy on 'Protection of Women's Rights at Workplace' as per the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013.

There were no cases of sexual harassment received by the Company in 2019-20 & between the end of the financial year and the date of this Report.

SAFETY, HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENT

Safety, health and development of human resources is our paramount objective and your Company actively pursues measures to sustain and improve the same on regular basis.

MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS (MIS)

Effective Management Information Systems are core to any successful business and your Company is supported and empowered by installing updated and advanced MISs to be in forefront of this competitive industry.

**ANNEXURE VI
FORM NO. AOC -2**

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis.

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	----As per Annexure-A enclosed *----
	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	
	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	
	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	
	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions'	
	Date of approval by the Board	
	Amount paid as advances, if any	
	Date on which the special resolution was passed in General meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	

* (please refer to annexure A attached herewith)

2. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis.

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	----As per Annexure-A enclosed *----
	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	
	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	
	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	
	Date of approval by the Board Amount paid as advances, if any	

Annexure-A
Forming part of Form AOC-2 above
RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(₹ in Lacs)

NAME	NATURE OF RELATION	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transaction	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	F.Y. 2019-20
Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal	Managing Director	Three Years w.e.f. 01.04.2019	Remuneration	54.00
Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal	Whole Time Director	Three Years w.e.f. 01.04.2019	Remuneration	48.00
Mr. Lalit Agarwal	Whole Time Director	Three Years w.e.f. 01.04.2019	Remuneration	48.00
Mr. Lalit Agarwal	Whole Time Director	Three Years w.e.f. 01.04.2019	Rent	13.80
Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal	Managing Director	Three Years w.e.f. 01.04.2019	Rent	10.32
Mr. Vipin Agarwal	Chief Financial Officer	Year to Year Basis	Remuneration	18.00
Ms. Lucinda D'souza *	Company Secretary	Year to Year Basis	Remuneration	5.71
Mr. Sachin Ghanghas #	Company Secretary	Year to Year Basis	Remuneration	0.84
Mr. Nilesh Agarwal	Relatives of KMP	Year to Year Basis	Salary	14.40
Mr. Mukul Agarwal	Relatives of KMP	Year to Year Basis	Salary	6.00
Mr. Virel Agarwal	Relatives of KMP	Year to Year Basis	Salary	6.00
ANZ Transporters	Firm in which Directors are Partners	Year to Year Basis	Transportation paid	158.26
ANZ Transporters	Firm in which Directors are Partners	Year to Year Basis	Transportation Recd	67.40
ANZ Transporters	Firm in which Directors are Partners	Year to Year Basis	Labour charges Recd	6.26
ANZ Transporters	Firm in which Directors are Partners	Year to Year Basis	Spare Parts & Oil	8.02
Agarwal Gas Carriers	Firm in which Directors are Partners	Year to Year Basis	Transportation paid	112.20
Agarwal Gas Carriers	Firm in which Directors are Partners	Year to Year Basis	Transportation Recd	2.34
Agarwal Gas Carriers	Firm in which Directors are Partners	Year to Year Basis	Labour charges Recd	1.51
Agarwal Gas Carriers	Firm in which Directors are Partners	Year to Year Basis	Spare Parts & Oil	11.39
Agarwal Translink P. Ltd	Company in which Directors are Directors	Year to Year Basis	Transportation paid	9.63
Agarwal Translink P. Ltd	Company in which Directors are Directors	Year to Year Basis	Transportation Recd	331.12
Agarwal Translink P. Ltd	Company in which Directors are Directors	Year to Year Basis	Labour charges Recd	2.08
Agarwal Translink P. Ltd	Company in which Directors are Directors	Year to Year Basis	Spare Parts & Oil	3.80

NAME	NATURE OF RELATION	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transaction	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	F.Y. 2019-20
Agarwal Translink P. Ltd	Company in which Directors are Directors	Year to Year Basis	HSD/OIL	468.72
Agarwal Motor Repairs	Proprietorship	Year to Year Basis	Transportation Recd	286.39
Balaji Tyres	Proprietorship	Year to Year Basis		74.97
Shree Balaji Engineering Work	Proprietorship	Year to Year Basis	Tyres and Spare Parts purchased, Fixed Assets Purchased & Vehicle Running Expenses - Repairs & Maintenance	36.61
Bituminex Cochin Pvt Ltd	100% Subsidiary	Year to Year Basis	Sale of Material to Subsidiary	135.04
Bituminex Cochin Pvt Ltd	100% Subsidiary	No fixed duration	Loan Given & Outstanding	21.00
AICL Overseas FZ-LLC	100% Subsidiary	No fixed duration	Loan Given & Outstanding	2699.65
AICL Overseas FZ-LLC	100% Subsidiary	No fixed duration	Interest Received	179.28

* Resigned w.e.f March 31, 2020

Appointed w.e.f April 1, 2020

MANAGING DIRECTOR / CFO CERTIFICATE

1. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement of Agarwal Industrial Corporation Ltd for the year ended March 31, 2020 and to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - i. These statements do not contain any materiality untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - ii. These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
2. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transaction entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.
3. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of Company's internal control systems pertaining to financial reporting. We have not come across any reportable deficiencies in the design or operation of such controls.
4. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee
 - i. that there are no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - ii. that there are no significant changes in accounting policies during the year; and
 - iii. that there are no instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware.

Vipin Agarwal
(Chief Financial Officer)

Jaiprakash Agarwal
(Managing Director)

Place: Mumbai

Date: September 03, 2020

AUDITORS CERTIFICATE ON COMPLIANCE OF CONDITIONS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To,
The Members,

Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited

We have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by **Agarwal Industrial Corporation Ltd.** for the financial year ended March 31, 2020, as stipulated in Regulation 34 & Schedule V of SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015. The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination is limited to the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring such compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied in all material respect with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above mentioned in the Regulations.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

FOR LADHA SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(FRN. No. 120241W)

(Ajay Singhal)

Partner

M. No. 104451

UDIN : 20104451AAAACB8175

Place: Mumbai

Date: September 03, 2020

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C Clause (10)(i) of the SEBI
(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
The Members,
Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited
CIN: L99999MH1995PLC084618
Eastern Court, Unit No. 201-202
Plot No.12, V. N. Purav Marg, S. T. Road,
Chembur, Mumbai - 400 071

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of **Agarwal Industrial Corporation Ltd.** (CIN: L99999MH1995PLC084618) and having Registered Office Eastern Court, Unit No. 201-202, Plot No. 12, V. N. Purav Marg, S. T. Road, Chembur, Mumbai - 400 071 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para C Clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company and its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the financial year ending on March 31, 2020 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of Appointment in Company
1	Jai Prakash Agarwal (Managing Director)	01379868	September 30, 2010
2	Ram Chandra Agarwal (Whole Time Director)	02064854	January 01, 1995
3	Lalit Agarwal (Whole Time Director)	01335107	January 01, 1995
4	Mahendra Agarwal (Non Independent, Non Executive)	01366495	January 01, 1995
5	Rajkumar Moolraj Mehta (Independent Director)	01729041	February 14, 2007
6	Harikrishna Rameshchandra Patni (Independent Director)	01316552	February 14, 2007
7	Alok Bharara (Independent Director)	02720802	May 6, 2011
8	Priti Anil Lodha (Independent Director)	02182233	September 30, 2014

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment/continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For P. M. Vala & Associates,
Company Secretaries

P. M. Vala
(Proprietor)
FCS 5193 CP 4237
UDIN: F005193B000638287
Thane, August 31, 2020

ANNEXURE VII

ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES

1. A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR Policy and projects or programs.

The Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities of the Company are continued to be guided by the Vedik Mantra "Sarve Bhavantu Sukhna, Sarve Santu Nirmaya" meaning "ALL SHOULD BE BLESSED AND HAPPY". The vision and philosophy of CSR Policy embodies the concept of Trusteeship and common good, and lays the foundation for ethical, value based and transparent functioning. This philanthropic approach has taken the Company to higher levels of success and respect. The Company believes that the true and full measure of growth, success and progress lies beyond balance sheets or conventional economic indices. It is best reflected in the difference that business and industry make to the lives of people.

The CSR Policy broadly outlines the Company's responsibility as a corporate citizen and lays down the parameters, guidelines and mechanism for undertaking activities for welfare & sustainable development of the community at large for common good. The vital elements of CSR is the continuing commitment by business to ethical principles, protection of human rights, care for the environment while improving the quality of life of all the stakeholders including the local community and society at large.

The Company would carry out its CSR activities with the objectives of overall National and Community Development. At the same time the Company would give preference to the local areas around the locations where it operates in India like Jodhpur, Mumbai, Baroda, Belgaum, Hyderabad, Jaisalmer, Dhulia, Taloja, Haldia, Karwar and Hazira etc. The Company would continue to undertake CSR activities to do overall good to the community with special emphasis on activities for the benefit of the poor and needy sections of the society. In particular the Company will undertake CSR activities as specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 but presently focus is to the following:

- i. Eradicating hunger poverty and malnutrition, promoting preventive health care and sanitation and making available safe drinking water.
 - ii. Promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocational skills especially among children, women elderly and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects.
 - iii. Promoting gender equality, empowering women, setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans; setting up old age homes, day care centers and such other facilities for senior citizens and measures for reducing inequalities faced by socially and economically backward groups.
 - iv. For Company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken, please refer to the web-link <http://www.aicld.in/documents/AICL-CSR-POLICY.pdf>
2. **The Composition of the CSR Committee:**
- The Company has constituted a CSR Committee of the Board consisting of Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Managing Director, Mr. Lalit Agarwal, Whole Time Director and Mr. Alok Bharara, an Independent Director.
3. Average net profit of the Company for last three financial years: ₹ 1619.60 Lakhs
 4. Prescribed CSR Expenditure (two percent of the amount as in item 3 above): ₹ 32.51 Lakhs.
 5. Details of CSR spent during the financial year:
 - a. Total amount to be spent for the financial year: ₹ 32.51 Lakhs
 - b. Amount unspent: ₹ 4.01 Lakhs
 - c. Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year is detailed below:

(DURING FINANCIAL YEAR: 2019-20)

(1) S. No	(2) CSR project or activity identified	(3) Sector in which the project is covered	(4) Projects or programs (1) Local area or other (2) Specify the State and district where projects or programs was undertaken	(5) Amount outlay (budget) project or program wise	(6) Amount spent on the projects or programs Sub-heads: (1) Direct expenditure on projects or programs Overheads:	(7) Cumulative expenditure up to the reporting period	(8) Amount spent: Direct or through implementing agency
1.	Distribution of School Bags, Sweater & Food at schools and cultural programmes	Education/ School & Social welfare	Jodhpur & Mumbai	10,06,000	8,67,987	NIL	Anand Canvas Industries & Direct Expenses.
2.	Social welfare	Social Welfare	Jodhpur	2,00,000	1,62,000	NIL	Sudarshan Seva Sanshthan
3.	Social / Welfare Projects	Health care and sanitation (setting of Air purifier (4 nos) for infants & Water purifier (12 nos) in public places for the poor and marginalized section of the society making available safe drinking water, helping by giving medicines, and cultural and social welfare programmes (Malnutrition & Food)	Jodhpur, Taloja & Mumbai	5,95,000	3,86,725	NIL	Akshay Patra Foundation, Achievers Public School and Directly
4.	Health Care	To improve the quality of life of HIV Positive People.	Jodhpur	7,00,000	7,00,000	NIL	Jodhpur Network of Positive People/ Hadoti Network People Living
5.	Orphanage/Old age homes/ Destitute persons	Promoting education and healthcare of orphan children	Jodhpur	7,50,000	7,03,100	NIL	Bal Basera Welfare Charitable Trust
6.	Sustainable development through Health & Education	Promotion of Health & Education	Jodhpur	50,000	30,000	NIL	united way Baroda
	TOTAL			32,51,000	28,49,812		

6. In case the Company has failed to spend the two percent of the average net profit of the last three financial years or any part thereof, the company shall provide the reasons for not spending the amount in its Board report:

Lack of availability of the authenticated and genuine channels to disburse funds and availability of focused projects still persist and despite of our best efforts, despite having sufficient funds and desire to serve the deprived section of the society, we couldn't spent the designated amount.

7. A responsibility statement of the CSR Committee that the implementation and monitoring of CSR Policy, is in compliance with CSR objectives and Policy of the Company.

The CSR Committee confirms that the implementation and monitoring of CSR Policy, is in compliance with CSR objectives and Policy of the Company

Date: Mumbai
Place: September 03, 2020

Jaiprakash Agarwal
Managing Director and Chairman of CSR Committee

Results of Operations for the year ended March 31, 2020

Consolidated Financial Results

The following table sets forth financial information of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
	₹in Lakhs	₹in Lakhs
Total Revenue	78,910.33	53,222.78
Profit before Depreciation, Finance Costs and Tax	4,891.41	3,784.30
Less: Depreciation	895.70	836.31
Less: Finance Costs	886.66	922.43
Profit before Tax & Exceptional Item	3,109.05	2,025.56
Less: Exceptional Items	Nil	Nil
Profit/(Loss) before Tax	3,109.05	2,025.56
Less: Tax Expense	553.66	681.03
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	2,555.39	1,344.53
Other Comprehensive Income - Loss	64.59	3.59
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	2,619.97	1,348.12
Out of Total Comprehensive Income above		
(a) Profit for the year attributable to:		
(i) Owners of the parent	2,555.39	1,344.53
(ii) Non-controlling interests	-	-
(ii) Non-controlling interests	-	-
(b) Other comprehensive income - Loss attributable to:		
(i) Owners of the parent	64.59	3.59
(ii) Non-controlling interests	-	-
(c) Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
(i) Owners of the parent	2,619.97	1,348.12
(ii) Non-controlling interests	-	-

**AUDITED STANDALONE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED
MARCH 31, 2020**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

1. We have audited the accompanying Standalone financial statements of **Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, and the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of cash flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended and, notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, and profit, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

4. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.
5. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

6. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.
7. Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
8. In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

9. The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting the frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

10. In preparing the standalone financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.
12. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also :
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
13. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

16. As required by section 197(16) of the Act, we report that the Company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

17. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
18. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2020, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in note no. 33 of its standalone financial statements;
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and
 - iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Ladha Singhal & Associates

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 120241W)

Ajay Singhal

(Partner)

M. No. 104451

UDIN : 20104451AAAABD2211

Place: Mumbai

Dated: 30th June 2020

Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to as 'Annexure A' in paragraph 17 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of **Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited** on the standalone financial statements for the year ended on 31st March, 2020, we report that:

- (i) (a) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- (b) The fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year under a regular program of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. No discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and the explanation given to us and the records examined by us, we report that the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company as at the Balance Sheet date.
- (ii) As explained to us, the inventories were physically verified during the year by the management at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification.
- (iii) The Company has granted unsecured loan to one overseas wholly owned subsidiary and interest free loan to one Indian wholly owned subsidiary covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act').
 - (a) In respect of aforesaid loans granted, the terms and condition under which such loans are granted are not prejudicial to the interest of the company.
 - (b) In respect of aforesaid interest bearing and interest free loans granted to wholly owned subsidiaries by the company, there is no schedule of repayment of interest and principle and the same have been repaid when demanded by the Company.
 - (c) There are no overdue amounts for more than ninety days or more in respect of the loan granted to the bodies corporates listed in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans and investments made.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information given to us, the company has not accepted deposits and hence, compliance with the directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under with regard to the deposits accepted is not applicable.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of accounts maintained by the Company pursuant to the Rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act in respect of Company's products/services and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities applicable undisputed statutory dues including employee state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, goods and service tax, cess.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of employee state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, goods and services tax or cess were in arrears as at 31st March, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (c) According to the information and explanation given to us, details of employee state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax or cess which have not been deposited as on 31st March, 2020 on account of any dispute are as given below:

Name of Statute	Nature of the dues	Unpaid disputed Amount (in Lacs)	Period for which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
The Karnataka Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 1979	Tax on Entry of Goods Demand	15.49	April 2012 to March 2016	CESAT Appellate Tribunal
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax Demand	20.25	A.Y. 2003-04	Rectification pending before Assessing Officer
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax Demand	17.50	A.Y. 2004-05	Rectification pending before Assessing Officer
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Assessment Dues	4.97	A.Y. 2008-09	On Appeal, the matter have been set aside to the file of assessing officer by the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Assessment Dues	23.61	A.Y. 2009-10	--do--
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Assessment Dues	24.89	A.Y. 2010-11	--do--
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Assessment Dues	37.56	A.Y. 2011-12	--do--
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Assessment Dues	35.43	A.Y. 2013-14	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeal)
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Assessment Dues	22.39	A.Y. 2014-15	--do--
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax Demand	15.34	A.Y. 2015-16	Rectification pending before Assessing Officer
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax Demand	147.19	A.Y. 2016-17	--do--
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax Demand	75.21	A.Y. 2017-18	Rectification pending before the AO to give credit of remaining taxes & Appeal before Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeal)22 against disallowances of ₹ 10,67,459/- made by AO.
Local Body Tax	LBT Demand	11.29	Jan to March 2017	In response to Writ Petition filed, the Hon. High Court have stayed the Demand.

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings to banks or financial institutions. The Company does not have any borrowings from government and has not issued any debentures.
- (ix) The Company has not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans during the year; hence clause 3(ix) of the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the Company.
- (x) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- (xi) According to the information and explanation give to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company has paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with the Schedule V to the Act.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company; hence clause 3(xii) of the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 is not applicable to the Company.

- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with the sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone Ind AS financial statements in note no 41 as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosure specified under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014.
- (xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year hence; clause 3(xiv) of the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with the directors or the persons connected to its directors; hence clause 3(xv) of the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For Ladha Singhal & Associates

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 120241W)

(Ajay Singhal)

Partner

M. No. 104451

Mumbai, 30th June, 2020.

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to as 'Annexure B' in paragraph 18(f) of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of **Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited** on the standalone financial statements for the year ended on 31st March, 2020.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

1. We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited** ("the Company") as on 31st March, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended and as on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the Guidance Note"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with the ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

6. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Ladha Singhal & Associates

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 120241W

(Ajay Singhal)

Partner

M. No.: 104451

Place : Mumbai

Dated : 30th June, 2020

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2020

Particulars	Note No.	(₹ in Lakhs)	
		As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
I. ASSETS			
1. Non - Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	2	4,681.56	5,436.36
Capital Work-in-Progress		332.81	52.42
Financial assets			
(a) Investments	3	422.68	232.55
(b) Other Financial Assets	4	91.53	105.03
		<u>5,528.58</u>	<u>5,826.35</u>
2. Current Assets			
Inventories	5	2,523.67	2,700.13
Financial assets			
(a) Investments	6	679.14	938.09
(b) Trade Receivable	7	13,778.86	11,300.42
(c) Cash & Cash Equivalents	8	254.54	174.38
(d) Bank Balances Other than (c) above	9	358.74	114.30
(e) Loans	10	2,740.80	38.00
(f) Other Financial Assets	11	50.92	26.57
Current Tax Assets (net)	12	141.47	-
Other Current Assets	13	1,105.89	1,530.66
		<u>21,634.02</u>	<u>16,822.57</u>
TOTAL		<u>27,162.60</u>	<u>22,648.92</u>
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1. Shareholders' Funds			
(a) Share Capital	14(A)	1,025.87	1,025.87
(b) Other Equity	14(B)	13,516.71	12,268.68
		<u>14,542.59</u>	<u>13,294.55</u>
2. Non - Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
(a) Borrowings	15	185.09	495.03
Provisions	16	41.25	26.96
Deferred Tax Liability (Net)	31	431.67	433.34
		<u>658.00</u>	<u>955.34</u>
3. Current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(a) Borrowing	17	8,385.74	6,278.05
(b) Trade Payables	18		
(i) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		6.60	2.50
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		2,695.56	676.98
(c) Other Current financial liabilities	19	587.49	1,016.19
Other current liabilities	20	285.92	384.14
Short Term Provisions	21	0.70	0.48
Current Tax Liabilities (net)	22	-	40.69
		<u>11,962.01</u>	<u>8,399.03</u>
TOTAL		<u>27,162.60</u>	<u>22,648.92</u>

Significant Accounting Policies 1
The accompanying notes are integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date
For LADHA SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Regd. No. 120241W)

(JAIPRAKASH AGARWAL)
MANAGING DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01379868)

(MAHENDRA AGARWAL)
DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01366495)

(AJAY SINGHAL)
PARTNER
M.No. 104451
Place : Mumbai
Date : 30th June, 2020

(LALIT AGARWAL)
WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01335107)

(VIPIN AGARWAL)
**CHIEF FINANCIAL
OFFICER**

(SACHIN GHANGHAS)
COMPANY SECRETARY

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
I Revenue from Operations	23	75,159.96	52,868.63
II Other Income	24	384.61	75.02
III Total Revenue (I + II)		75,544.57	52,943.64
IV Expenses			
Cost of Material Consumed	25	29,668.13	12,838.21
Purchase of Stock in Trade		34,723.32	28,017.39
Change in inventories of Finished goods and Semi finished goods	26	457.00	1,300.82
Manufacturing, operating and Other Direct Expenses	27	5,643.16	6,112.33
Employee Benefits Expenses	28	523.44	472.35
Finance Cost	29	886.66	922.41
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	2	793.47	832.79
Other Expenses	30	825.89	454.15
Total Expenses		73,521.08	50,950.45
V Profit / (Loss) before Exceptional and Extraordinary Items and Tax (III-IV)		2,023.49	1,993.19
VI Exceptional Items / Extraordinary Items		-	-
VII Profit / (Loss) Before Tax (V-VI)		2,023.49	1,993.19
VIII Tax Expense:	31		
(a) Current Tax		547.00	614.00
(b) Deferred Tax (Asset) / Liability		0.22	57.83
(c) Short Provision for Tax for earlier years		-	-
		547.22	671.83
IX. Profit / (Loss) for the Year (VII - VIII)		1,476.28	1,321.36
X. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
A.(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit & loss-Income (Expense)			
Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligations		(7.52)	5.52
A.(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		1.89	(1.93)
XI. TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR (IX - X)		1,476.65	1,324.95
XII. Earnings Per Equity Share of ₹10/- each :			
Weighted average no. of shares (Basic & Diluted)		10,258,747	10,258,747
(1) Basic Earning Per Share (₹)		14.39	12.88
(2) Diluted Earning Per Share (₹)		14.39	12.88

Significant Accounting Policies 1
The accompanying notes are integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date

For LADHA SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Regd. No. 120241W)

FOR & ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(JAIPRAKASH AGARWAL)
MANAGING DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01379868)

(MAHENDRA AGARWAL)
DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01366495)

(AJAY SINGHAL)

PARTNER
M.No. 104451
Place : Mumbai
Date : 30th June, 2020

(LALIT AGARWAL)
WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01335107)

(VIPIN AGARWAL)
**CHIEF FINANCIAL
OFFICER**

(SACHIN GHANGHAS)
COMPANY SECRETARY

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

PARTICULARS	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Profit/(Loss) before tax	2,023.49	1,993.19
Adjustments for		
Depreciation	793.47	832.79
Interest & Finance Charges	886.66	922.41
Interest Received	(211.01)	(5.89)
Dividend received	(15.90)	(13.54)
Loss / (Profit) on sale of Mutual Funds	(56.06)	(19.92)
Loss / (Profit) on sale of fixed assets	(7.80)	2.58
Expected credit loss allowance	2.43	10.59
Fair valuation impact on Financial Assets	68.88	(32.36)
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Adjustments	3,484.18	3,689.85
Changes in Working Capital		
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:		
Inventories	176.47	932.22
Trade receivables	(2,480.87)	(43.18)
Other financial assets (Current & Non-Current)	(2,954.84)	(11.23)
Other assets (Current & Non-Current)	424.77	(533.64)
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Trade payables	2,022.68	(684.74)
Other financial liabilities (Current & Non-Current)	(428.70)	(313.10)
Other liabilities (Current & Non-Current)	(91.24)	296.86
Cash generated from operations	152.45	3,333.04
Direct Tax Paid (Refund) [Net]	(729.16)	(425.82)
Net cash flow from / (used in) operating activities (A)	(576.71)	2,907.21
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditure on fixed assets	(354.27)	(386.06)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	43.00	8.34
Dividend Received	15.90	13.54
Sale of Mutual Fund-Current Investment	1,027.20	1,093.67
Investments in Subsidiary	(190.13)	-
Interest Received	211.01	5.89
Purchase of Mutual Fund-Current Investment	(784.32)	(1,123.92)
Net cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B)	(31.61)	(388.53)
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Loan Repayment	-	121.00
Interest & Finance Charges	(886.66)	(864.58)
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Working Capital Borrowing	2,107.69	(824.48)
(Repayment) / Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings (Net)	(309.94)	(868.09)
Dividend Paid	(184.66)	(153.88)
Dividend Tax Paid	(37.96)	(31.63)
Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C)	688.47	(2,621.66)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	80.15	(102.98)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	174.38	277.37
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	254.54	174.38

NOTES:

(1) Net Debt Reconciliations

	(₹ in Lakhs)			
	As at March 31, 2019	Cash Flows	Other - Borrowing Cost	As at March 31, 2020
Borrowings (Current)	6,278.05	2,065.37	42.32	8,385.74
Borrowings (Non-Current)	495.03	(309.94)	-	185.09
Total	6,773	1,755	42.32	8,570.83

As per our report of even date
For **LADHA SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES**
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Regd. No. 120241W)

FOR & ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(**JAIPRAKASH AGARWAL**)
MANAGING DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01379868)

(**MAHENDRA AGARWAL**)
DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01366495)

(**AJAY SINGHAL**)
PARTNER
M.No. 104451
Place : Mumbai
Date : 30th June, 2020

(**LALIT AGARWAL**)
WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01335107)

(**VIPIN AGARWAL**)
**CHIEF FINANCIAL
OFFICER**

(**SACHIN GHANGHAS**)
COMPANY SECRETARY

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

(A) Equity Share Capital

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Amount
Balance as at April 01, 2018	1,025.87
Changes in share capital during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2019	1,025.87
Changes in share capital during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	1,025.87

(B) Other Equity

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus		Share Forfeiture	Share Warrants	Capital Reserve	Other Comprehensive income - Employee Benefit Expenses	Total
	Securities premium	Retained Earning					
Balance as at 1 April, 2018	5,126.58	5,577.79	82.12	345.00	-	(2.26)	11,129.23
Issue of Share warrants during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conversion of warrants into Equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
On conversion of warrants during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit for the year	-	1,321.36	-	-	-	-	1,321.36
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	3.59	3.59
Dividend paid during the year	-	(153.88)	-	-	-	-	(153.88)
Tax on Dividends	-	(31.63)	-	-	-	-	(31.63)
Warrants Lapsed	-	-	-	(345.00)	-	-	(345.00)
Forfeiture of Warrants	-	-	-	-	345.00	-	345.00
Balance as at March 31, 2019	5,126.58	6,713.64	82.12	-	345.00	1.33	12,268.68
Issue of Share warrants during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conversion of warrants into Equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
On conversion of warrants during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit for the year	-	1,476.28	-	-	-	-	1,476.28
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(5.63)	(5.63)
Dividend paid during the year	-	(184.66)	-	-	-	-	(184.66)
Tax on Dividends	-	(37.96)	-	-	-	-	(37.96)
Balance as at March 31, 2020	5,126.58	7,967.30	82.12	-	345.00	(4.29)	13,516.71

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date

FOR & ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

For LADHA SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Regd. No. 120241W)

(JAIPRAKASH AGARWAL)
MANAGING DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01379868)

(MAHENDRA AGARWAL)
DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01366495)

(AJAY SINGHAL)

PARTNER
M.No. 104451
Place : Mumbai
Date : 30th June, 2020

(LALIT AGARWAL)
WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01335107)

(VIPIN AGARWAL)
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

(SACHIN GHANGHAS)
COMPANY SECRETARY

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020

1 (A) CORPORATE INFORMATION:

The Company, Agarwal Industrial Corporation Ltd was originally incorporated with the name, Bombay Baroda Roadways (India) Limited in the year 1995 as a public limited company under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Subsequently, in the year 2008, the name of company was changed from Bombay Baroda Roadways (India) Limited to Agarwal Industrial Corporation Ltd. The equity shares of the company are listed on the National Stock Exchange (NSE) and Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE). The Company is principally engaged in the business activities of manufacturing and trading of Petrochemicals (Bitumen and Bituminous Products), Logistics of Bitumen and Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) and energy generation through Wind Mills.

1 (B) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules as amended from time to time and other related provisions of the Act.

The financial statements of the Company are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and Historical cost convention except for the following material items that have been measured at fair value as required by the relevant Ind AS:

- (i) Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at Fair value (Refer note no. 7 below)
- (ii) Defined benefit employee plan (Refer note no. 13 below)

The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

The financial statements are presented in INR, the functional currency of the Company.

2. Use of Estimates and judgments:

The preparation of the financial statements requires the Management to make, judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The recognition, measurement, classification or disclosure of an item or information in the financial statements is made relying on these estimates. The estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the financial statements are continuously evaluated by the management and are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectations of future events) that the management believes to be reasonable under the existing circumstances. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

Critical accounting judgements and key source of estimation uncertainty

The Company is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis.

- (a) Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations, key actuarial assumptions - Note no. - 13
- (b) Estimation of current tax expenses and payable - Refer note no. - 14

Estimation of uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic from COVID-19:

The Company has considered the possible effects that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 on the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipments, investments, inventories, receivables, and other current assets. In developing the assumptions relating to the possible future uncertainties in the global economic conditions because of this pandemic, the Company, as at the date of approval of these financial statements has used internal and external sources of information. There is no material adverse impact of CoVID - 19 pandemic on the Company

and its operations/profitability during the financial year ended March 31, 2020. However, CoVID - 19 pandemic effect if any, on the Company's operation / profitability in the current financial year 2020-21 can only be assessed in due course.

3. Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

Property, plant and equipment is stated at acquisition cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Subsequent expenditure and subsequent costs are included in the assets carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and that the cost of the item can be reliably measured.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress".

4. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

5. Depreciation and Amortization:

(a) Property plant and equipment (PPE)

Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis on the straight line method based on estimated useful life prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(b) Intangible assets

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Finite-life intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of their expected useful lives.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for finite life intangible assets is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. For indefinite life intangible assets, the assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether it continues, if not, it is impaired or changed prospectively on the basis of revised estimates."

6. Investment Properties:

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs less depreciation and impairment if any.

Depreciation on building is provided based on straight line method using the useful life as specified in schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 .

7. Financial Instruments:

Financial assets - Initial recognition:

Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value, in case of Financial assets which

are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement:

Financial assets are subsequently classified and measured at:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit & loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

The above classification is being determined considering the:

- (a) the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- (b) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their recognition, except if and in the period the group changes its business model for managing financial assets.

(i) Measured at amortised cost:

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and contractual terms of financial asset give that rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI):

Financial assets are measured at FVTOCI, if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows that give rise on specified dates to solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and by selling financial assets. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). Interest income measured using the Effective Interest Rate method and impairment losses, if any are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss

(iii) Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

Financial assets other than equity instrument are measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI on initial recognition. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Equity instruments:

On initial recognition, the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income pertaining to investments in equity instruments. This election is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading. These elected investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the 'Reserve for equity instruments through other comprehensive income'. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss on disposal of the investments.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably. Dividends recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss are included in the 'Other income' line item.

Impairment

The Company recognises a loss allowance for Expected Credit Losses (ECL) on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost and at FVTOCI. The credit loss is difference between all contractual cash flows that are due

to an entity in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate. This is assessed on an individual or collective basis after considering all reasonable and supportable including that which is forward looking.

The Company's trade receivables or contract revenue receivables do not contain significant financing component and loss allowance on trade receivables is measured at an amount equal to life time expected losses i.e. expected cash shortfall, being simplified approach for recognition of impairment loss allowance.

Under simplified approach, the Company does not track changes in credit risk. Rather it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on the lifetime ECL at each reporting date right from its initial recognition. The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivable and is adjusted for forward looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

For financial assets other than trade receivables, the Company recognises 12-months expected credit losses for all originated or acquired financial assets if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer significant increase in credit risks since initial recognition, then the Company reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12 months ECL. The impairment losses and reversals are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. For equity instruments and financial assets measured at FVTPL, there is no requirement of impairment testing.

Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers rights to receive cash flows from an asset, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement.

In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Financial Liabilities

Initial Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value net of transaction costs for all financial liabilities not carried at fair value through profit or loss.

The Company's financial liabilities includes trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Subsequent measurement : Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are subsequently measured at using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans & Borrowings: After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit & loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through EIR amortization process.

Financial Guarantee Contracts : Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that requires a payment to be made or to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtors fails to make payment when due in accordance with the term of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognized initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. “

De-recognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms,

or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Derivative financial instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward foreign exchange contracts, to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

8. Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives, investments at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (a) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.”

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant’s ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:”

- (i) Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (iii) Level 3 -Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.”

9. Inventory

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is computed on First-in-First-Out (FIFO) basis. Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress include all costs of purchases, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

10. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and Cash equivalents include cash and Cheque in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash & which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value where original maturity is three months or less.

11. Foreign Currency Transactions:

a) Initial Recognition

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising on foreign exchange transactions settled during the year are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year.

b) Measurement of Foreign Currency Items at the Balance Sheet Date

Foreign currency monetary items of the Company are restated at the closing exchange rates. Non monetary items are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising out of these transactions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.”

12. Revenue Recognition:

Revenue is measured at the value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances, rebates, discounts, loyalty discount, value added taxes and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

The Company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and specific criteria have been met for each of the Company's activities as described below :

Sale of Goods

Revenues are recognized at a point in time when control of the goods passes to the buyer, usually upon either at the time of dispatch or delivery. In case of export sale, it is usually recognised based on the shipped-on board date as per bill of lading

Rendering of Services

Income from services rendered is recognised based on agreements /arrangements with the customers as the service is performed / rendered.

Interest

Revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the interest rate applicable and based on Effective interest rate method.

Dividend

Dividend Income is recognized when right to receive the same is established.

13. Employee Benefits:

The Company has provided following post-employment plans:

- (a) Defined benefit plans such a gratuity and
- (b) Defined contribution plans such as Provident fund

a) Defined-benefit plan:

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plan is the present value of defined benefit obligations at the end of the reporting period less fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligations is calculated annually by actuaries through actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method.

The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss:

- (a) Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailment and non-routine settlements; and
- (b) Net interest expense or income”

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expenses in the statement of the profit & loss. Re-measurement comprising of actuarial gains and losses arising from

- (a) Re-measurement of Actuarial (gains)/losses
- (b) Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognized in effect of asset ceiling
- (c) Re-measurement arising because of change in effect of asset ceiling

are recognised in the period in which they occur directly in Other comprehensive income. Re-measurement are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Ind AS 19 requires the exercise of judgment in relation to various assumptions including future pay rises, inflation and discount rates and employee and pensioner demographics. The Company determines the assumptions in conjunction with its actuaries, and believes these assumptions to be in line with best practice, but the application of different assumptions could have a significant effect on the amounts reflected in the income statement, other comprehensive income and balance sheet. There may be also interdependency between some of the assumptions.

b) Defined-contribution plan:

Under defined contribution plans, provident fund, the Company pays pre-defined amounts to separate funds and does not have any legal or informal obligation to pay additional sums. Defined Contribution plan comprise of contributions to the employees’ provident fund with the government, superannuation fund and certain state plans like Employees’ State Insurance and Employees’ Pension Scheme. The Company’s payments to the defined contribution plans are recognised as expenses during the period in which the employees perform the services that the payment covers.”

14. Taxes on Income:

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit is different from accounting profit due to temporary differences between accounting and tax treatments, and due to items that are never taxable or tax deductible. Tax provisions are included in current liabilities. Interest and penalties on tax liabilities are provided for in the tax charge. The Company offsets, the current tax assets and liabilities (on a year on year basis) where it has a legally enforceable right and where it intends to settle such assets and liabilities on a net basis or to realise the assets and liabilities on net basis.”

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements. Deferred income tax asset are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are not recognised where it is more likely than not that the assets will not be realised in the future. The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.”

Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Minimum Alternative Tax (‘MAT’) credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income-tax during the specified period. The Company reviews the same at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of MAT credit entitlement to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that Company will pay normal income-tax during the specified period.

15. Borrowing Cost:

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalized as a part of Cost of that assets, during the period till all the activities necessary to prepare the Qualifying assets for its intended use or sale are complete during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the assets for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.”

16. Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per shares are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss after tax for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

17. Leases:

Where the Company is Lessee

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on accrual basis as per the terms of agreements entered with the counter parties.

Where the Company is Lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Assets subject to operating leases are included in property, plant and equipment. The Company recognizes lease rentals from the property leased out, on accrual basis as per the terms of agreements entered with the counter parties. Costs, including depreciation, are recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

18. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract.

A disclosure for contingent liabilities is made where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may probably not require an outflow of resources or an obligation for which the future outcome cannot be ascertained with reasonable certainty. When there is a possible or a present obligation where the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.”

Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020

Particulars	Note 2 - Property, Plant & Equipment											₹ in Lakhs			
	Land	Land - Lease Hold	Commercial Vehicles	Furniture & Fixtures	Computers & Printers	Office Equipments	Electrical Fittings	Borewell	Factory Building	Motor Car & Other Vehicles	Workshop	Plant & Machinery	Laboratory Equipment	Wind Mill	Total
Gross carrying amount															
Balance as at March 31, 2018	139.21	4.59	3,906.28	56.34	8.44	20.53	85.18	3.65	312.91	294.92	25.47	1,725.87	4.42	711.03	7,298.82
Additions	-	104.87	221.85	19.54	1.92	3.97	2.46	-	-	-	19.73	-	-	-	374.33
Disposals	-	-	(8.52)	-	-	-	-	-	(17.35)	-	-	-	-	-	(25.87)
Balance as at March 31, 2019	139.21	109.46	4,119.60	75.88	10.36	24.50	87.64	3.65	312.91	277.57	25.47	1,745.60	4.42	711.03	7,647.28
Additions	-	-	11.00	0.21	1.22	1.19	-	-	-	19.70	-	38.73	-	-	72.05
Disposals	-	-	(130.04)	-	-	-	-	-	(8.86)	-	(1.07)	-	-	-	(139.97)
Balance as at March 31, 2020	139.21	109.46	4,000.56	76.09	11.58	25.68	87.64	3.65	312.91	288.41	25.47	1,783.26	4.42	711.03	7,579.36
Accumulated depreciation															
Accumulated depreciation as at March 31, 2018	-	-	1,031.22	15.10	5.87	10.73	14.81	1.87	17.17	59.95	2.16	139.19	1.52	93.48	1,393.08
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-	618.83	8.82	2.02	4.07	9.81	0.53	9.90	33.01	1.08	97.27	0.70	46.74	832.79
Disposals	-	-	(5.48)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9.46)	-	-	-	-	(14.94)
Accumulated depreciation as at March 31, 2019	-	-	1,644.56	23.93	7.89	14.80	24.62	2.41	27.07	83.50	3.24	236.46	2.22	140.23	2,210.93
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-	583.16	8.60	1.64	3.61	9.23	0.31	9.90	29.42	1.08	98.96	0.82	46.74	792.47
Disposals	-	-	(101.14)	-	-	-	-	-	(4.87)	-	-	(0.59)	-	-	(106.59)
Accumulated depreciation as at March 31, 2020	-	-	2,126.58	32.52	9.53	18.41	33.85	2.72	36.97	108.05	4.32	334.84	3.04	186.97	2,897.80
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2019	139.21	109.46	2,475.04	51.95	2.47	9.70	63.02	1.24	285.84	194.07	22.23	1,509.13	2.20	570.80	5,436.36
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2020	139.21	109.46	1,873.98	43.57	2.04	7.28	53.79	0.93	275.93	180.36	21.15	1,448.42	1.37	524.06	4681.56

Notes:

1. Refer note no. 34 for disclosure on contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

(b) Capital work in progress	As at	
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Building	7.60	9.42
Bulk Liquid Storage Terminal	42.99	42.99
Storage Tank	240.92	-
Plant & Machinery	41.30	-
Total	332.81	52.42

Note 3 : Non-Current Investments

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Trade - Unquoted		
Investment in Equity Shares - At Cost		
6200 (as at March 31, 2019 - 6200) Equity shares of wholly owned subsidiary, M/s Bituminex Cochin Private Limited of ₹ 100/- each, fully paid up	232.50	232.50
1000 (as at March 31, 2019 - Nil) Equity shares of wholly owned subsidiary, M/s AICL Overseas FZ LLC of AED 1000/- each, fully paid up	190.13	-
Investment in Government Securities - At Cost		
National Saving Certificate (lying with government authority)	0.05	0.05
TOTAL	422.68	232.55
Note:		
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	-	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	422.68	232.55

Note 4 : Other financial assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Unsecured, Considered good		
Security Deposit	91.53	105.03
TOTAL	91.53	105.03

Note 5 : Inventories

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
(Valued at lower of Cost or Net Realizable Value)		
Finished Goods	1,572.11	2,012.10
Semi Finished Goods	107.64	124.64
Raw Material	815.06	502.54
Stores, Spares & Packing Material	28.86	60.85
TOTAL	2,523.67	2,700.13

Note 6 : Current Investments

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Investment in Mutual Fund		
Fair Value through Profit & loss Account		
Non Trade - Unquoted		
Nil (431725.782) units of Reliance Equity Saving fund	-	55.26
431725.782 units of Nippon India Equity Saving Fund-Segregated Portfolio	1.25	-
2067.671 units of DSP Equity Opportunities Fund	3.48	-
Nil (78343.39) units of SBI Corporate Bond Fund Regular Plan Growth	-	23.41
Nil (495) units of SBI Premier Liquid Fund Regular Plan Growth	-	14.43
Nil (242350.803) units of ICICI Prudential Balanced Advantage Fund	-	85.65
Nil (914899.913) units of Reliance Gilt Securities Fund	-	227.17
43838.499 units of Tata Multi Cap Fund Regular Plan Growth	3.78	-
811522.912 (771680.032) units of ICICI Prudential Equity Arbitrage Fund - Dividend	110.97	105.11
Nil (82000) units of Axis Dynamic Equity fund Growth	-	8.95
1655441.196 (1575085.315) units of Nippon India Arbitrage Fund (Formerly Reliance Arbitrage Advantage Fund)	176.65	167.37
Nil (239117.751) units of Reliance Hybrid Bond Fund Growth Plan	-	104.30
258189.51 units of ICICI Prudential equity arbitrage fund direct dividend	37.62	-
Nil (5721.441) units of ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund Growth	-	15.76
Nil (9700.619) units of ICICI Prudential Money Market Fund Growth	-	25.11
500000 (500000) units of ICICI Prudential Manufacture in India Fund Growth	36.05	52.65
829664.276 units of ICICI Prudential Ultra Short Term Fund - Growth	168.97	-
497582.932 (96666.993) units of ICICI Prudential Ultra Short Term Fund - Monthly Dividend	106.85	10.32
15898.047 (15898.047) units of ICICI Prudential Multi Assets Fund - Growth	33.54	42.60
TOTAL	679.14	938.09
Note:		
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	-	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	679.14	938.09

Note 7 : Trade Receivable

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Trade Receivables considered good - Secured	-	-
Trade Receivables considered good - Unsecured	11,310.74	9,471.24
Less: Expected Credit Loss	(57.35)	(54.92)
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	2,525.47	1,884.11
Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-
TOTAL	13,778.86	11,300.42

Note 8 : Cash and Cash Equivalents

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Cash on Hand	69.64	60.49
Balance with Scheduled Banks		
- In Current Accounts	184.89	105.74
Cheques, Drafts on Hand	-	8.15
TOTAL	254.54	174.38

Note 9 : Bank balances other than cash & cash equivalents

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Balance with banks		
- In Dividend Accounts	13.32	13.42
- In Fixed Deposit Account	345.42	100.88
TOTAL	358.74	114.30

Note 10 : Loans

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Loans Receivables considered good - Secured	-	-
Loans Receivables considered good - Unsecured		
- To Wholly Owned Subsidiaries	2,720.65	21.00
- Advances to Staff	20.15	17.00
Loans Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-
Loans Receivables - credit impaired	-	-
TOTAL	2,740.80	38.00

Note 11 : Other Financial Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Accrued Interest on Fixed Deposit	50.92	26.57
TOTAL	50.92	26.57

Note 12 : Current tax assets (net)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Advance Income Tax and Tax Deducted at Source (Net of Provision)	141.47	-
TOTAL	141.47	-

Note 13 : Other current assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Unsecured, Considered good		
Other Loan and Advances		
- Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	637.36	564.29
- Advance to Supplier	101.85	740.72
- Prepaid Rent - Fair valuation of leased deposits	5.13	8.56
Balance with Government Authorities		
- Deposit with Custom Authority - Under Appeal	25.53	25.53
- Deposit with Sales Tax Authority - Under Appeal	28.23	28.23
- Income Tax Paid - Under Appeal	109.00	109.00
- Excise Duty Paid - Under Appeal	-	1.00
- Service tax Paid - Under Appeal	-	1.40
- Input Tax Credit under GST Receivable	139.08	33.11
- VAT Refund Receivable-GVAT	0.14	0.14
- Amount due as refund of Additional Duty of Custom	-	18.69
- Custom Duty Refund Receivable	59.57	-
TOTAL	1,105.89	1,530.66

Note 14(A) : Share Capital

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Authorised:		
1,30,00,000 (PY 1,30,00,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each	1,300.00	1,300.00
TOTAL	1,300.00	1,300.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:		
1,02,58,747 (PY 1,02,58,747) Equity Shares of ₹10/- each with voting rights, fully paid up	1,025.87	1,025.87
TOTAL	1,025.87	1,025.87

(i) Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period :

Number of shares at the beginning of the year	10,258,747	10,258,747
Add: Issue of Shares during the year on Conversion of warrants	-	-
Number of shares at the end of the year	10,258,747	10,258,747

(ii) Terms/rights attached to Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(iii) Detail of shares held by the holding company, the ultimate holding company, their subsidiaries and associates :

Nil Nil

(iv) Details of shareholder holding more than 5% shares in the company :

Name of Share Holder	As at 31st March 2020		As at 31st March 2019	
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
Ramchandra Agarwal	5,32,525	5.19	5,32,525	5.19
Jaiprakash Agarwal	6,41,850	6.26	6,41,850	6.26
Garnet International Ltd	-	-	11,41,522	11.13

Note 14(B) : Other Equity

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
a) Security Premium	5,126.58	5,126.58
Amount received (on issue of shares) in excess of the par value has been classified as securities premium		
b) Retained Earning	7,967.30	6,713.64
These are Retained earnings comprises of the prior year's undistributed earning after taxes increased by undistributed profits for the year		
c) Other comprehensive income	(4.29)	1.33
Other comprehensive income consist of FVOCI financial assets and financial liabilities and remeasurement of defined benefit assets and liability		
d) Share Forfeiture	82.12	82.12
Shares allotted being forfeited on account of calls remained unpaid		
e) Capital Reserve	345.00	345.00
Amount transferred on account of share warrants that lapsed due to non-compliance being forfeited		
	13,516.71	12,268.68

Note 15 : Borrowings - Non- Current

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Non-Current Portion		Current Portion	
	As at	As at	As at	As at
	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Secured Loans				
Term Loans				
(i) From Bank	185.09	495.03	456.52	892.34
	185.09	495.03	456.52	892.34
Less: Unamortized borrowing cost	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	185.09	495.03	456.52	892.34

Note:

- Above Loan consisting of Vehicle Loan from Various Banks and Financial Institution.
- Vehicle finance from Banks & FI's is secured against Hypothecation of specific vehicle financed and is repayable in equated monthly installment over the tenure of the loan.

Note 16 : Provisions - Non Current

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Provision for Employees Benefit expenses	41.25	26.96
TOTAL	41.25	26.96

Note 17 : Borrowing - Current

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Secured Loans		
(i) From Bank		
Working Capital Finance	8,385.74	6,278.05
(Secured against Hypothecation of Stock, Books Debts, Current Assets, movable & immovable fixed assets of the Company, immovable property of it's directors and personal guarantee of some of the Directors)		
TOTAL	8,385.74	6,278.05

Note 18 : Trade Payables(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Trade Payables:		
Payable for Goods & Services		
Due to micro and small enterprises*	6.60	2.50
Due to others	2,695.56	676.98
TOTAL	2,702.16	679.48

*Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act, 2006") as at 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019 :

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
i) The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year;	6.60	2.50
ii) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	-	-
iii) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	-	-
iv) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	-	-
v) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.	-	-

The above information regarding Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

Note 19 : Other current financial Liabilities (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Current maturity of Long Term Borrowings (Refer Note No 15)	456.52	892.34
Payable for Expenses	72.00	85.49
Payable for Capital Goods	38.16	17.45
Unclaimed Dividend	13.31	13.41
Other Liability	7.50	7.50
TOTAL	587.49	1,016.19

Note 20 : Other Current Liabilities (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Statutory Remittances	113.31	110.98
Advances From Customer	172.61	273.16
	285.92	384.14

Note 21 : Short Term Provisions (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Provision for Employee benefits	0.70	0.48
TOTAL	0.70	0.48

Note 22 : Current tax liabilities (net) (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Provision for Taxation (Net of Taxes Paid)	-	40.69
TOTAL	-	40.69

Note 23 : Revenue from Operations (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Sales of goods	69,839.91	46,599.94
Sale of Services		
Vehicle Freight Income	5,176.80	6,044.10
Labour & Processing Charges	20.38	60.33
Other operating revenue		
Sale of Power - Wind mill	122.86	164.25
TOTAL	75,159.96	52,868.63

Note 24 : Other Income

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Foreign exchange fluctuation gain	161.90	3.31
Interest received on fixed deposits with banks	31.73	5.89
Interest received on Loan to Subsidiary	179.28	-
Miscellaneous Income	80.59	33.46
Gain on Fair valuation of Financial assets	(68.88)	32.36
TOTAL	384.61	75.02

Note 25 : Cost of Material Consumed

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Opening Stock	502.54	169.79
Add:- Purchases during the year	29,980.65	13,170.96
	30,483.18	13,340.75
Less: - Closing Stock	815.06	502.54
TOTAL	29,668.13	12,838.21

Note 26 : Change in inventories of Finished goods and Semi finished goods

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Opening Stock		
Inventory of Finished Goods as at the beginning of the year	2,012.10	3,282.77
Inventory of Semi Finished Goods as at the beginning of the year	124.64	154.80
Less : Closing Stock		
Inventory of Finished Goods as at the end of the year	1,572.11	2,012.10
Inventory of Semi Finished Goods as at the end of the year	107.64	124.64
TOTAL	457.00	1,300.82

Note 27 : Manufacturing, operating and Other Direct Expenses

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Transportation Charges	716.13	424.89
Labour Charges	54.50	65.57
Repairs & Maintenance - Machinery	19.48	33.30
Electricity, Power & Fuel	48.68	36.75
Storage Terminal Rent	389.80	416.53
Heating and Fuel Charges	189.14	198.52
Other Direct Expenses	62.36	67.94
Vehicle Running & Maintenance Expenses	4,008.10	4,314.90
Freight Paid	138.47	517.48
Wind Mill Expenses	16.50	36.46
TOTAL	5,643.16	6,112.33

Note 28 : Employees Benefits Expenses

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Salaries and Wages	323.64	310.02
Directors Remuneration	150.00	114.00
Contribution towards employees welfare fund	0.69	0.63
Gratuity	6.98	5.79
Staff Welfare	42.13	41.90
TOTAL	523.44	472.35

Note 29 : Finance Cost

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Interest Paid to Banks	841.20	853.70
Interest Paid to Others	3.14	10.88
Other Borrowing Cost	42.32	57.83
TOTAL	886.66	922.41

Note 30 : Other Expenses

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
(A) Administrative Expenses		
Rent, Rates & Taxes	101.01	49.76
Payment to Auditors		
- Statutory Audit fees	2.50	2.50
- Tax Audit Fees	1.00	1.00
- Certification Work	0.75	0.75
- Other Services	0.14	-
Insurance	10.21	10.36
Share Transfer Fees	1.51	1.51
Legal & Professional Charges	66.70	45.81
Bank Charges & Commission	12.19	8.77
Electricity Expenses	8.42	8.32
Listing Fees & Custodian Charges	6.30	6.85
Postage and Telephone	6.82	11.41
Security Charges	15.88	13.42
Printing & Stationery	10.31	6.22
Vehicle Expenses	9.25	12.63
Travelling & Conveyance	116.69	80.05
Bad Debts written off	102.28	-
Expected credit loss allowance/ (reversed)	2.43	10.59
Repair & Maintenance - Other	25.48	8.81
Repairs to Building	21.58	0.20
Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility	32.51	25.71
Miscellaneous Expenses	46.77	43.64
	600.73	348.30

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
(B) Selling and Distribution Expenses		
Advertisement & Business Promotion Expenses	45.06	5.80
Commission Paid	180.10	100.04
	225.16	105.84
TOTAL	825.89	454.15

31. Income Tax

(a) Tax expense recognised in the Statement of profit and loss:

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Current tax		
Current year	547.00	614.00
Short Provision for Tax for earlier years	-	-
Total current tax	547.00	614.00
Deferred tax		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary difference	0.22	57.83
Total deferred income tax expense/(credit)	0.22	57.83
Total income tax expense/(credit)	547.22	671.83

A reconciliation between the statutory income tax rate applicable to the Company and the effective income tax rate of the Company is as follows :

(b) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Profit /(loss) before taxation	2,023.49	1,993.19
Enacted income tax rate in India	25.17%	34.94%
Tax at the enacted income tax rate	509.27	696.50
Reconciliation line items:		
Tax benefits u/s 80IA	-	(44.65)
Effect of non-deductible expenses	12.00	10.65
Tax pertaining to Earlier Years	-	-
Others - Due to change in the tax rate and other disallowances	25.94	9.33
Tax expense/ (credit)	547.22	671.83

(c) The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019:

For the year Ended March 31, 2019

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at April 01, 2018	Charge / (Credit) in Statement of profit and loss	As at March 31, 2019
Deferred tax liabilities / (assets)			
On Account of Depreciation	388.55	54.29	442.83
Due to disallowances under Income Tax	(8.98)	(0.61)	(9.59)
On account of Fair valuation of Financial assets and liabilities	(5.98)	6.07	0.10
	373.59	59.76	433.34

For the year Ended March 31, 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at April 01, 2019	Charge / (Credit) in Statement of profit and loss	As at March 31, 2020
Deferred tax liabilities / (assets)			
On Account of Depreciation	442.83	18.13	460.96
Due to disallowances under Income Tax	(9.59)	(15.40)	(24.99)
On account of Fair valuation of Financial assets and liabilities	0.10	(4.40)	(4.31)
	433.34	(1.68)	431.67

32 DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO IND AS - 19 "EMPLOYEE BENEFITS"

- i) **Gratuity:** In accordance with the applicable laws, the Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ("The Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees on retirement (subject to completion of five years of continuous employment), death, incapacitation or termination of employment that are based on last drawn salary and tenure of employment. Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation on the reporting date.

The disclosure in respect of the defined Gratuity Plan are given below:

A. Balance Sheet

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Defined benefit plans	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Present value of plan liabilities	41.94	27.44
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Asset/(Liability) recognised	41.94	27.44

B. Movements in plan assets and plan liabilities

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Present value of obligations	Fair Value of Plan assets
As at 1st April 2019	27.44	-
Current service cost	4.89	-
Past service cost	-	-
Interest Cost/(Income)	2.10	-
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in net finance income/cost	-	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from changes in financial assumptions	4.12	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from experience adjustments	3.40	-
Employer contributions	-	-
Benefit payments	-	-
As at 31st March 2020	41.94	-

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Present value of obligations	Fair Value of Plan assets
As at 1st April 2018	27.17	-
Current service cost	3.76	-
Past service cost	-	-
Interest Cost/(Income)	2.04	-
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in net finance income/cost	-	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from changes in financial assumptions	(0.50)	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from experience adjustments	(5.02)	-

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Present value of obligations	Fair Value of Plan assets
Employer contributions	-	-
Benefit payments	-	-
As at 31st March 2019	27.44	-

C. Statement of Profit and Loss

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Employee Benefit Expenses:		
Current service cost	4.89	3.76
Interest cost/(income)	2.10	2.04
Total amount recognised in Statement of Profit & Loss	6.98	5.79
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability:		
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in net finance income/(cost)	-	-
Actuarial gains/(losses) arising from changes in financial assumptions	4.12	(0.50)
Experience gains/(losses)	3.40	(5.02)
Total amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	7.52	(5.52)

D. Assumptions

With the objective of presenting the plan assets and plan liabilities of the defined benefits plans at their fair value on the balance sheet, assumptions under Ind AS 19 are set by reference to market conditions at the valuation date.

The significant actuarial assumptions were as follows:

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Financial Assumptions		
Discount rate	6.82%	7.65%
Salary Escalation Rate	5.00%	5.00%

E. Sensitivity

The sensitivity of the overall plan liabilities to changes in the weighted key assumptions are:

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Impact on defined benefit obligation		
	Change in assumption	Increase in assumption	Decrease in assumption
Discount rate	1.00%	37.06	47.87
Salary Escalation Rate	1.00%	48.12	36.79

The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period and may not be representative of the actual change. It is based on a change in the key assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. When calculating the sensitivity to the assumption, the same method used to calculate the liability recognised in the balance sheet has been applied. The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared with the previous period.

F. The defined benefit obligations shall mature after year end 31st March, 2020 as follows: (₹ in Lakhs)

Year ending March 31, 2020	Defined benefit obligation
2020	0.70
2021	0.75
2022	3.58
2023	0.81
2024	0.86
Thereafter	24.77

33 Contingent liabilities (₹ in Lakhs)

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts liabilities that may arise in respect of disputed matters in relation to		
- Entry tax	43.72	43.72
- Import duty	-	32.00
- Excise duty	-	12.43
- Income tax	533.35	442.79
- Service tax	-	27.93
- Local Body Tax	14.11	14.11
	591.18	572.98

Note: - The Company's pending litigations comprise of claims against the Company and proceedings pending with tax and other authorities. The Company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has made adequate provisions, wherever required and disclosed the contingent liabilities, wherever applicable, in its financial statements. The Company does not reasonably expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a material impact on its financial statements.

34 Commitments

The Company does not have any commitments (including capital commitments) as on the Balance sheet date.
(As at march 31, 2019 - Nil)

35 Earning Per share (₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Profit after tax available for equity shareholders	1,476.28	1,321.36
Weighted average number of equity shares	10,258,747	10,258,747
Nominal value of equity shares	10.00	10.00
Basic and diluted Earning Per Share	14.39	12.88

36 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) expenditure

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Amount required to be spent as per section 135 of the Act		
(i) Unspent amount as at the beginning of the year	26.44	16.72
(ii) Amount provisioned during the year based on average of preceeding three year profits	32.51	25.71
Total amount required to be spent	58.95	42.43
Amount spent during the year on :		
(i) Construction/acquisition of assets	-	-
(ii) on purpose other than above	28.50	15.99
Balance amount to be spent as per section 135 of the Act	30.45	26.44

37 Financial instruments

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

1. Fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments.
2. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts.

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments by category are as follows:

As at March 31, 2020					(₹ in Lakhs)
Financial assets	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Total fair value	Carrying amount
Investments	-	679.14	422.68	1,101.82	1,101.82
Trade receivables	-	-	13,778.86	13,778.86	13,778.86
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	254.54	254.54	254.54
Other bank balances	-	-	358.74	358.74	358.74
Loans	-	-	2,740.80	2,740.80	2,740.80
Other financial assets	-	-	142.45	142.45	142.45
Total	-	679.14	17,698.06	18,377.20	18,377.20

Financial assets	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Total fair value	Carrying amount
Financial liabilities					
Borrowings	-	-	8,570.83	8,570.83	8,570.83
Trade payables	-	-	2,702.16	2,702.16	2,702.16
Others	-	-	587.49	587.49	587.49
Total financial liabilities	-	-	11,860.48	11,860.48	11,860.48

As at March 31, 2019

(₹ in Lakhs)

Financial assets	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Total fair value	Carrying amount
Investments	-	938.09	232.55	1,170.64	1,170.64
Trade receivables	-	-	11,300.42	11,300.42	11,300.42
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	174.38	174.38	174.38
Other bank balances	-	-	114.30	114.30	114.30
Loans	-	-	38.00	38.00	38.00
Other financial assets	-	-	131.60	131.60	131.60
Total	-	938.09	11,991.26	12,929.35	12,929.35
Financial liabilities					
Borrowings	-	-	6,773.08	6,773.08	6,773.08
Trade payables	-	-	679.48	679.48	679.48
Others	-	-	1,016.19	1,016.19	1,016.19
Total financial liabilities	-	-	8,468.75	8,468.75	8,468.75

Fair value estimation

For financial instruments measured at fair value in the Balance Sheet, a three level fair value hierarchy is used that reflects the significance of inputs used in the measurements. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The categories used are as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices for identical instruments
- Level 2: directly or indirectly observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and
- Level 3: inputs which are not based on observable market data.

For assets and liabilities which are carried at fair value, the classification of fair value calculations by category is summarised below:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
March 31, 2020			
Assets at fair value - Investments	679.14	-	-
March 31, 2019			
Assets at fair value - Investments	938.09	-	-

There were no significant changes in classification and no significant movements between the fair value hierarchy classifications of financial assets and financial liabilities during the period.

38 Financial risk factors

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, advances and trade and other payables. The purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company's activities exposes it to Liquidity Risk, Market Risk and Credit risk. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised as below.

(a) Liquidity risk

The risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk management implies maintenance sufficient cash including availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet the obligations as and when due.

The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring as far as possible that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its short term and long term liabilities as and when due. Anticipated future cash flows are expected to be sufficient to meet the liquidity requirements of the Company.

(i) Financing arrangements

The Company has access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities as at the end of the reporting period:

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Secured working capital credit facility from Banks	1,264.26	946.95

(ii) The following is the contractual maturities of the financial liabilities:

	Carrying amount	Payable on demand	1-12 months	More than 12 months
(₹ in Lakhs)				
As at March 31, 2020				
Non-derivative liabilities				
Borrowings	8,570.83	-	8,385.74	185.09
Trade payables	2,702.16	-	2,702.16	-
Other financial liabilities	587.49	-	587.49	-
	11,860.48	-	11,675.39	185.09
As at March 31, 2019				
Non-derivative liabilities				
Borrowings	6,773.08	-	6,278.05	495.03
Trade payables	679.48	-	679.48	-
Other financial liabilities	1,016.19	-	1,016.19	-
	8,468.75	-	7,973.72	495.03

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk includes investment, deposits, foreign currency receivables and payables. The Company's treasury team manages the Market risk, which evaluates and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management.

(i) Foreign currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company has foreign currency trade payables and foreign currency loan to wholly owned overseas subsidiary and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk. The exchange rates have been volatile in the recent years and may continue to be volatile in the future. Hence the operating results and financials of the Company may be impacted due to volatility of the rupee against foreign currencies.

Unhedged Foreign currency exposure		(₹ in Lakhs)	
As at March 31, 2020	Trade payables	Loan to Subsidiary	
AED	10,083,387	13,271,000	
INR	2,051.21	2,699.65	
<hr/>			
As at March 31, 2019			
AED	-	-	
INR	-	-	

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. According to the Company, interest rate risk exposure is only for floating rate borrowings. The Company is not significantly exposed to the interest rate risk, since the borrowings of the Company are on Fixed interest rate basis.

(iii) Commodity risk

Commodity price risk arises due to fluctuation in prices of crude oil. Volatility in Crude Oil prices, Currency fluctuation of Rupee vis-à-vis other prominent currencies coupled with demand–supply scenario in the world market affect the effective price and availability. The Company manages this risk by widening its source base, appropriate contracts and commitments and well planned procurement.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counter-party fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company is exposed to credit risks from its operating activities, primarily trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial instruments.\

Credit risk is managed by the Company through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the credit worthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

(₹ in Lakhs)		
Exposure to the Credit risks	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Expected Credit Losses (ECL)	2,883.25	169.60
<hr/>		
(₹ in Lakhs)		
Exposure to the Credit risks	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using Life time Expected Credit Losses (ECL)		
- Trade Receivables	13,778.86	11,300.42

Trade and other receivables

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of assets and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risks on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period.

To assess whether there is a significant change increase in credit risk, the Company compares the risks of default occurring on the assets as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers the reasonable and supportive forward looking information such as:

- (i) Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business.
- (ii) Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty.
- (iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparty's ability to meet its obligations.
- (iv) Significant increase in credit risk on other financial instruments of same counterparty.

Ageing of the accounts receivables

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
0-90 days	7,667.77	5,608.50
90-180 days	863.79	785.33
>180 days	5,304.65	4,961.51
	13,836.21	11,355.34

Movement in provisions of doubtful debts and advances - There were no Provision of doubtful debts as on March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019.

39 (a) Financial risk factors

Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to :

- (i) safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- (ii) maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders etc. The Company's policy is to maintain a stable and strong capital structure with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investor, creditors and market confidence and to sustain future development and growth of its business. The Company will take appropriate steps in order to maintain, or if necessary adjust, its capital structure.

The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio being a ratio of net debt as a percentage of total capital.

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Total equity	14,542.59	13,294.55
Net debt (Total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents)	7,957.55	6,484.39
Total capital (Borrowings and Equity)	22,500.14	19,778.94
Gearing ratio	35.37%	32.78%

(b) Dividends

The Company follows the policy of Dividend for every financial year as may be decided by Board considering financial performance of the company and other internal and external factors enumerated in the Company dividend policy.

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Final Dividend paid		
Final dividend for the year ended March 31, 2019 of ₹ 1.80 Per fully paid up share [Including dividend distribution tax of ₹ 37,95,688 (as at 31-March 2019 - ₹ 31,63,073)]	222.61	185.51
Dividends not recognised at the end of reporting period		
Since year end, the directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of ₹ 1.50 per fully paid up equity share (March 31, 2019 - ₹ 1.80 per fully paid up equity shares) [Including dividend distribution tax of ₹ Nil (as at 31-March 2019 - ₹ 37,95,688)]	153.88	222.61

40 Segment Reporting

The Company's Board of Directors consisting of Managing Director together with the Chief Financial Officer has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) as defined under Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments". The CODM evaluates the Company's performance and allocated the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of manufacturing of petrochemical products (Bitumen & Bituminous products), Logistic business - Bitumen and LPG and Sale of Power - Wind mill. The Company has accordingly identified these 3 activities as Operating segments in accordance with requirements of Ind AS 108 on 'Operating segments'.

Operating segments

- (a) Petrochemical business - Bitumen products
- (b) Transportation - Bitumen and LPG
- (c) Sale of power - Wind mill

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Segment Revenue		
a) Transportation	5,237.40	6,113.12
b) Windmill	122.86	164.25
c) Petrochemicals (Bituminous & Allied Products)	69,843.31	46,604.17
d) Other (Unallocable)	341.01	62.10
Total	75,544.57	52,943.64
Less Intersegment Revenue	-	-
Net Sales/Income From Operations	75,544.57	52,943.64
Segment Result Profit/(Loss) before tax and interest from Each Segment		
a) Transportation	175.81	373.69
b) Windmill	59.62	81.04
c) Petrochemicals (Bituminous & Allied Products)	2,333.72	2,398.77
Total	2,569.15	2,853.50
Less: i) Interest	886.66	922.41
ii) Other Un-allocable Expenditure net off	-	-
iii) Un-allocable Income	(341.01)	(62.10)
Total Profit Before Tax	2,023.49	1,993.19

Segment assets & liabilities

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Segment Assets		
a) Transportation	3,217.84	3,982.81
b) Windmill	623.04	649.17
c) Petrochemicals (Bituminous & Allied Products)	19,235.50	16,702.92
d) Others	4,086.22	1,314.02
Total Assets	27,162.60	22,648.92
Segment Liabilities		
a) Transportation	879.64	1,643.04
b) Windmill	-	-
c) Petrochemicals (Bituminous & Allied Products)	11,253.43	7,196.44
d) Others	486.93	514.89
Total Liability	12,620.01	9,354.37

41 Related party disclosure under Ind AS 24

Name and description of related parties

(a) Subsidiary

- Bituminex Cochin Pvt Ltd
- AICL Overseas FZ-LLC

(b) Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)

- Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Managing Director
- Mr. Lalit Agarwal, Whole Time Director
- Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal, Director
- Mr. Vipin Agarwal, Chief Financial Officer
- Mr. Rakesh Bhalla, Company Secretary (resigned w.e.f. 17.12.2018)
- Ms. Lucinda D'souza, Company Secretary (resigned w.e.f 31.03.2020)
- Mr. Sachin Ghanghas, Company Secretary (appointed w.e.f 01.02.2020)

(c) Relatives of KMP

- Mr. Nilesh Agarwal
- Mr. Mukul Agarwal
- Mr. Virel Agarwal

(d) Concerns in which KMP are interested

- ANZ Transporters
- Agarwal Gas Carriers
- Agarwal Translink Private Limited
- Agarwal Motor Repairs

(e) Concerns in which Relatives of KMP are interested

Balaji Tyre
Shree Balaji Engineering Work
Murlidhar Ishwardas

Transaction with the related parties during the year

(₹ in Lakhs)

Name of Party	For the year Ended 31st March 2020	For the year Ended 31st March 2019
Key Managerial Peronnel (KMP)		
<u>Directors remuneration</u>		
Jaiprakash Agarwal	54.00	42.00
Lalit Agarwal	48.00	36.00
Ramchandra Agarwal	48.00	36.00
Salary		
Vipin Agarwal	18.00	14.40
Sachin Ghanghas	0.84	-
Lucinda Dsouza	5.71	1.34
Rakesh Bhalla	-	9.54
Rent Paid		
Jaiprakash Agarwal	10.32	7.32
Lalit Agarwal	13.80	9.00
Relatives of KMP		
Salary		
Nilesh Agarwal	14.40	12.00
Mukul Agarwal	6.00	6.00
Virel Agarwal	6.00	1.50
Subsidiary		
<u>Sale of Material</u>		
Bituminex Cochin Private Limited	135.04	86.29
<u>Interest received</u>		
AICL Overseas FZ-LLC	179.28	-
Concern in which KMP are interested		
<u>Freight Paid</u>		
ANZ Transporters	225.66	333.67

Transaction with the related parties during the year

(₹ in Lakhs)

Name of Party	For the year Ended 31st March 2020	For the year Ended 31st March 2019
Agarwal Translink Private Limited	340.75	275.94
Agarwal Gas Carriers	114.54	138.47
Transportation Charges Received		
ANZ Transporters	67.40	37.09
Agarwal Translink Private Limited	331.12	361.27
Agarwal Gas Carriers	2.34	357.77
Agarwal Motor Repairs	286.39	113.84
Labour Charges Received		
ANZ Transporters	6.26	7.89
Agarwal Translink Private Limited	2.08	5.04
Agarwal Gas Carriers	1.51	7.71
Sale of Spare Parts & Oil		
ANZ Transporters	8.02	15.89
Agarwal Translink Private Limited	3.80	8.45
Agarwal Gas Carriers	11.39	19.81
Purchase of HSD & Oil		
Agarwal Translink Private Limited	468.72	575.87
Concern in which relatives of KMP are interested		
<u>Purchase of HSD & Oil</u>		
Murlidhar Ishwardas	32.44	136.17
Purchase of Tyre & Spare Parts		
Balaji Tyres	74.97	145.18
Shree Balaji Engineering Work	9.92	6.78
Purchase of Fixed Assets		
Shree Balaji Engineering Work	11.00	-
Vehicle Running Expenses - Repairing charges		
Shree Balaji Engineering Work	15.69	-
Balance outstanding as at year end		

Balance Outstanding as at year end

(₹ in Lakhs)

Name of Party	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Subsidiary		
<u>Investment in equity shares</u>		
Bituminex Cochin Pvt Ltd	232.50	232.50
AICL Overseas FZ-LLC	190.13	-
Loan to subsidiary		
Bituminex Cochin Pvt Ltd	21.00	21.00
AICL Overseas FZ-LLC	2,699.65	-
Key Managerial Peronnel (KMP)		
<u>Salary Payable</u>		
Vipin Agarwal	5.52	-
Rakesh Bhalla	-	0.99
Relatives of KMP		
<u>Salary Payable</u>		
Nilesh Agarwal	26.47	24.42
Mukul Agarwal	0.49	-
Concern in which KMP are interested		
<u>Receivables</u>		
Agarwal Translink Private Limited	546.55	473.17
ANZ Transporters	-	50.48
Agarwal Motor Repairs	-	22.30
Concern in which relatives of KMP are interested		
<u>Payable</u>		
Balaji Tyres	52.50	39.67
Shree Balaji Engineering Work	12.65	7.31
Murlidhar Ishwardas	8.84	10.88

42 Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable for future periods.

- 43 The Company is yet to receive balance confirmations in respect of certain financial assets and financial liabilities. The Management does not expect any material difference affecting the current year's financial statements due to the same.
- 44 The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on June 30, 2020.
- 45 The figures of the previous year's have been regrouped or reclassified wherever necessary to make them comparable.

As per our report of even date

For LADHA SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Regd. No. 120241W)

FOR & ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

**(JAIPRAKASH AGARWAL)
MANAGING DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01379868)**

**(MAHENDRA AGARWAL)
DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01366495)**

(AJAY SINGHAL)

PARTNER

M.No. 104451

Place : Mumbai

Date : 30th June, 2020

**(LALIT AGARWAL)
WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01335107)**

**(VIPIN AGARWAL)
CHIEF FINANCIAL
OFFICER**

**(SACHIN GHANGHAS)
COMPANY SECRETARY**

**AUDITED CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED
MARCH 31, 2020**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of **Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited**

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited** (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries, **Bituminex Cochin Private Limited and AICL Overseas FZ LLC** (the holding company and its subsidiaries constitute "the Group") which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, and the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended and, notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").
2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of report of other auditor on separate financial statements of subsidiaries as were audited by the other auditor, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2020, and their consolidated profits, their consolidated cash flows and their consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

4. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.
5. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

6. The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.
7. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
8. In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

9. The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting the frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.
10. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The respective Board of Directors of the Companies included in the Group is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.
12. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also :
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Parent has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
 - Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements, of which we are the independent auditors. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such entities. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities in this regard are further described in the section titled 'Other Matters' in this audit report.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of audit reports of the other auditors referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

13. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

16. We did not audit the financial statements of Bituminex Cochin Private Limited and AICL Overseas FZ-LLC, subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements, whose financial statements reflect total assets of ₹ 57,60,13,957/- as at 31st March, 2020, total revenues of ₹36,77,78,392/-, total net profit after tax of ₹ 10,79,10,798/-, total comprehensive income of ₹ 70,21,430/- and cash flows (net) of ₹ 1,57,72,805/- for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act, in-so-far as it relates to aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

17. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditor.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

18. As required by section 197(16) of the Act, in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on the reports of the statutory auditors of subsidiary companies which were not audited by us, we report that the Holding Company, and its subsidiary company incorporated in India and covered under the Act, paid remuneration to their respective directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 of the Act read with Schedule V to the Act.
19. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries as were audited by other auditors, as noted in the 'Other Matters' paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditor.
 - c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Consolidated Statement of Change in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31st March, 2020, taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and on the basis of the report of the statutory auditor of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our report in "Annexure A" which is based on the auditors' reports of the Parent and subsidiary companies incorporated in India. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of internal financial controls over financial reporting of those companies.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of the subsidiary, as noted in the 'Other Matters' paragraph:
- i) The Consolidated financial statements disclosed the impact of pending litigation as at 31st March 2020 on the consolidated financial position of the Group – Refer Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements;
 - ii) The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and
 - iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Parent and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India.

For Ladha Singhal & Associates

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 120241W)

Ajay Singhal

(Partner)
M. No. 104451
UDIN : 20104451AAAABD2211

Place: Mumbai
Dated : 30th June, 2020

Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to as "Annexure A" in paragraph 19(f) under Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of **Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited** on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended on 31st March, 2020.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

1. We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited** ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiary company which are incorporated in India, as on 31st March, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended and as on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the Guidance Note"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with the ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditor of the subsidiary company incorporated in India, in terms of their reports referred to in sub-paragraph 9 of the Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Group's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

6. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion

or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Holding Company and its subsidiary company incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company and its subsidiary company incorporated in India considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

Other Matter

9. Our aforesaid report under section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting insofar as it relates to its subsidiary company incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such company incorporated in India.
10. Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matters.

For Ladha Singhal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 120241W

(Ajay Singhal)

Partner

M. No.: 104451

Place : Mumbai

Dated : 30th June, 2020

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
I. ASSETS			
1. Non - Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	2	9,957.19	5,453.28
Capital Work-in-Progress		332.81	52.42
Goodwill on Consolidation		226.30	226.30
Financial assets			
(a) Investments	3	0.05	0.05
(b) Other Financial Assets	4	96.10	108.53
		10,612.45	5,840.58
2. Current Assets			
Inventories	5	2,755.67	2,718.60
Financial assets			
(a) Investments	6	679.14	938.09
(b) Trade Receivable	7	13,789.18	11,312.93
(c) Cash & Cash Equivalents	8	478.32	230.48
(d) Bank Balances Other than (c) above	9	359.57	114.30
(e) Loans	10	20.37	17.30
(f) Other Financial Assets	11	50.92	26.57
Current Tax Assets (net)	12	137.86	-
Other Current Assets	13	1,118.65	1,533.50
		19,389.70	16,891.78
TOTAL		30,002.15	22,732.36
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1. Shareholders' Funds			
(a) Share Capital	14(A)	1,025.87	1,025.87
(b) Other Equity	14(B)	14,724.70	12,327.34
		15,750.58	13,353.22
2. Non - Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
(a) Borrowings	15	185.09	495.03
Provisions	16	41.25	26.96
Deferred Tax Liability (Net)	31	431.28	432.78
		657.62	954.78
3. Current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(a) Borrowing	17	8,385.74	6,278.05
(b) Trade Payables	18		
(i) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		6.84	8.09
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		4,243.29	684.08
(c) Other Current financial liabilities	19	590.96	1,017.00
Other current liabilities	20	366.43	390.87
Short Term Provisions	21	0.70	0.48
Current Tax Liabilities (net)	22	-	45.80
		13,593.95	8,424.36
TOTAL		30,002.15	22,732.36
Significant Accounting Policies	1		

The accompanying notes are integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date

FOR & ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

For LADHA SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Regd. No. 120241W)

(JAIPRAKASH AGARWAL)
MANAGING DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01379868)

(MAHENDRA AGARWAL)
DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01366495)

(AJAY SINGHAL)
PARTNER
M.No. 104451
Place : Mumbai
Date : 30th June, 2020

(LALIT AGARWAL)
WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01335107)

(VIPIN AGARWAL)
CHIEF FINANCIAL
OFFICER

(SACHIN GHANGHAS)
COMPANY SECRETARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
I Revenue from Operations	23	78,702.58	53,147.47
II Other Income	24	207.75	75.31
III Total Revenue (I + II)		78,910.33	53,222.78
IV Expenses			
Cost of Material Consumed	25	29,822.48	13,003.68
Purchase of Stock in Trade		34,603.37	28,018.82
Change in inventories of Finished goods and Semi finished goods	26	454.55	1,300.89
Manufacturing, operating and Other Direct Expenses	27	7,596.07	6,155.51
Employee Benefits Expenses	28	549.80	495.78
Finance Cost	29	886.66	922.43
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	2	895.70	836.31
Other Expenses	30	992.65	463.80
Total Expenses		75,801.28	51,197.22
V Profit / (Loss) before Exceptional and Extraordinary Items and Tax (III-IV)		3,109.05	2,025.56
VI Exceptional Items / Extraordinary Items		-	-
VII Profit / (Loss) Before Tax (V-VI)		3,109.05	2,025.56
VIII Tax Expense:	31		
(a) Current Tax		552.95	622.90
(b) Deferred Tax (Asset) / Liability		0.39	57.44
(c) Short Provision for Tax for earlier years		0.33	0.69
		553.66	681.03
IX. Profit / (Loss) for the Year (VII - VIII)		2,555.39	1,344.53
X. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
A.(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit & loss-Income/ (Expense)			
Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligations		(7.52)	5.52
A.(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		1.89	(1.93)
B. (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss-Income/ (Expense)			
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		70.21	-
B. (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
XI. TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR (IX - X)		2,619.97	1,348.12
Out of the Total Comprehensive Income above			
(a) Profit for the year attributable to:			
(i) Owners of the parent		2,555.39	1,344.53
(ii) Non-controlling interests		-	-
(b) Other comprehensive income - Loss attributable to:			
(i) Owners of the parent		64.59	3.59
(ii) Non-controlling interests		-	-
(c) Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
(i) Owners of the parent		2,619.97	1,348.12
(ii) Non-controlling interests		-	-
XII. Earnings Per Equity Share of ₹10/- each :			
Weighted average no. of shares (Basic & Diluted)		10,258,747	10,258,747
(1) Basic Earning Per Share (₹)		24.91	13.11
(2) Diluted Earning Per Share (₹)		24.91	13.11
Significant Accounting Policies	1		
The accompanying notes are integral part of these financial statements			

As per our report of even date

For LADHA SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Regd. No. 120241W)

FOR & ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(JAIPRAKASH AGARWAL)
MANAGING DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01379868)

(MAHENDRA AGARWAL)
DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01366495)

(AJAY SINGHAL)

PARTNER

M.No. 104451

Place : Mumbai

Date : 30th June, 2020

(LALIT AGARWAL)
WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01335107)

(VIPIN AGARWAL)
CHIEF FINANCIAL
OFFICER

(SACHIN GHANGHAS)
COMPANY SECRETARY

CONSOLIDATES CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

PARTICULARS	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Profit/(Loss) before tax	3,109.05	2,025.56
Adjustments for		
Depreciation	895.70	836.31
Interest & Finance Charges	886.66	922.43
Interest Received	(31.73)	(5.96)
Dividend received	(15.90)	(13.54)
Loss / (Profit) on sale of Mutual Funds	(56.06)	(19.92)
Loss / (Profit) on sale of fixed assets	(7.80)	2.58
Expected credit loss allowance	2.43	10.59
Fair valuation impact on Financial Assets	68.88	(32.36)
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Adjustments	4,851.24	3,725.70
Changes in Working Capital		
<u>Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:</u>		
Inventories	(37.07)	966.04
Trade receivables	(2,478.68)	(36.77)
Other financial assets (Current & Non-Current)	(257.01)	9.78
Other assets (Current & Non-Current)	414.85	(534.34)
<u>Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:</u>		
Trade payables	3,557.96	(683.10)
Other financial liabilities (Current & Non-Current)	(426.04)	(313.64)
Other liabilities (Current & Non-Current)	(12.15)	290.31
<u>Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in Foreign Currency Translation Reserve</u>	<u>70.21</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash generated from operations	5,683.31	3,423.97
Direct Tax Paid (Refund) [Net]	(736.94)	(430.84)
Net cash flow from / (used in) operating activities (A)	4,946.37	2,993.13
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditure on fixed assets	(5,720.51)	(386.06)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	43.00	8.34
Dividend Received	15.90	13.54
Sale of Mutual Fund-Current Investment	1,027.20	1,093.67
Interest Received	31.73	5.96
Purchase of Mutual Fund-Current Investment	(784.32)	(1,123.92)
Net cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B)	(5,387.00)	(388.47)
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interest & Finance Charges	(886.66)	(864.60)
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Working Capital Borrowing	2,107.69	(824.48)
(Repayment) / Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings (Net)	(309.94)	(868.09)
Dividend Paid	(184.66)	(153.88)
Dividend Tax Paid	(37.96)	(31.63)
Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C)	688.47	(2,742.68)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	247.84	(138.02)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	230.48	368.51
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	478.32	230.48

NOTES:

(1) Net Debt Reconciliations

	As at March 31, 2019	Cash Flows	Other - Borrowing Cost	As at March 31, 2020
Borrowings (Current)	6,278.05	2,065.37	42.32	8,385.74
Borrowings (Non-Current)	495.03	(309.94)	-	185.09
Total	6,773.08	1,755.43	42.32	8,570.83

As per our report of even date

For LADHA SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Regd. No. 120241W)

FOR & ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(JAIPRAKASH AGARWAL)
MANAGING DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01379868)

(MAHENDRA AGARWAL)
DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01366495)

(AJAY SINGHAL)

PARTNER

M.No. 104451

Place : Mumbai

Date : 30th June, 2020

(LALIT AGARWAL)
WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01335107)

(VIPIN AGARWAL)
**CHIEF FINANCIAL
OFFICER**

(SACHIN GHANGHAS)
COMPANY SECRETARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

(A) Equity Share Capital

	Amount
Balance as at April 01, 2018	1,025.87
Changes in share capital during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2019	1,025.87
Changes in share capital during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	1,025.87

(B) Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus								Total
	Securities premium	Capital Investment Subsidy	Investment Allowance Reserve (Utilised)	Retained Earning	Share Forfeiture	Capital Reserve	Share Warrants	Other Comprehensive income	
Balance as at April 01, 2018	5,126.58	0.76	0.62	5,611.91	82.12	-	345.00	(2.26)	11,164.74
Issue of Share warrants during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conversion of warrants into Equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
On conversion of warrants during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit for the year	-	-	-	1,344.53	-	-	-	-	1,344.53
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.59	3.59
Dividend paid during the year	-	-	-	(153.88)	-	-	-	-	(153.88)
Warrant lapsed	-	-	-	-	-	-	(345.00)	-	(345.00)
On forfeiture of warrents	-	-	-	-	-	345.00	-	-	345.00
Tax on Dividends	-	-	-	(31.63)	-	-	-	-	(31.63)
Balance as at March 31, 2019	5,126.58	0.76	0.62	6,770.93	82.12	345.00	-	1.33	12,327.34
Issue of Share warrants during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conversion of warrants into Equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
On conversion of warrants during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit for the year	-	-	-	2,555.39	-	-	-	-	2,555.39
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,458,781	64.59
Dividend paid during the year	-	-	-	(184.66)	-	-	-	-	(184.66)
Tax on Dividends	-	-	-	(37.96)	-	-	-	-	(37.96)
Balance as at March 31, 2020	5,126.58	0.76	0.62	9,103.70	82.12	345.00	-	65.92	14,724.70

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date

FOR & ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

For LADHA SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Regd. No. 120241W)

(JAIPRAKASH AGARWAL)
MANAGING DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01379868)

(MAHENDRA AGARWAL)
DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01366495)

(AJAY SINGHAL)

PARTNER
M.No. 104451
Place : Mumbai
Date : 30th June, 2020

(LALIT AGARWAL)
WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01335107)

(VIPIN AGARWAL)
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

(SACHIN GHANGHAS)
COMPANY SECRETARY

1 (A). CORPORATE INFORMATION:

The consolidated financial statements comprises financial statements of **Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited** (Parent Group) and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Bituminex Cochin Private Limited and AICL Overseas FZ LLC (hereinafter to be referred as the Group) for the year ended March 31, 2020.

The Parent Company, Agarwal Industrial Corporation Ltd was originally incorporated with the name, Bombay Baroda Roadways (India) Limited in the year 1995 as a public limited company under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Subsequently, in the year 2008, the name of parent company was changed from Bombay Baroda Roadways (India) Limited to Agarwal Industrial Corporation Ltd. The equity shares of the company are listed on the National Stock Exchange (NSE) and Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE). The Company is principally engaged in the business activities of manufacturing and trading of Petrochemicals (Bitumen and Bituminous Products), Logistics of Bitumen and Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) and energy generation through Wind Mills.

1 (B) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis of Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements:

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules as amended from time to time and other related provisions of the Act.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and historical cost convention except for the following material items that have been measured at fair value as required by the relevant Ind AS:

- (i) Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at Fair value (Refer note no. 7 below)
- (ii) Defined benefit employee plan (Refer note no. 13 below)

The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Group's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries as at March 31, 2020.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has

- (a) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- (b) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee
- (c) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group losses control of the subsidiary.

Consolidation Procedure

Subsidiaries

- (a) Combine, on line by line basis like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the Parent with those of its subsidiaries.
- (b) Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the Parent's investment in each subsidiary and the Parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary. Business combinations policy explains how to account for any related goodwill.

- (c) Eliminate in full intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and Cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the group (profits or losses resulting from intra-group transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and property, plant and equipment (PPE), are eliminated in full). Intra-group losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Ind AS 12 Income Taxes applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intra-group transactions.
- (d) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Parent Company and to the noncontrolling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Parent Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
- (e) Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that Group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in existing subsidiaries:

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the group.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any noncontrolling interests.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in INR, the functional currency of the Group.

2. Use of Estimates and judgments:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires the Management to make, judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The recognition, measurement, classification or disclosure of an item or information in the financial statements is made relying on these estimates. The estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are continuously evaluated by the management and are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectations of future events) that the management believes to be reasonable under the existing circumstances. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

Critical accounting judgements and key source of estimation uncertainty

The Group is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis.

- (a) Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations, key actuarial assumptions - Note no. - 13
- (b) Estimation of current tax expenses and payable - Refer note no. - 14

Estimation of uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic from COVID-19:

The Group has considered the possible effects that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 on the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipments, investments, inventories, receivables, and other current assets. In developing the assumptions relating to the possible future uncertainties in the global economic conditions because of this pandemic, the Group, as at the date of approval of these financial statements has used internal and external sources of information. There is no material adverse impact of CoVID - 19 pandemic on the Group and its operations/

profitability during the financial year ended March 31, 2020. However, CoVID - 19 pandemic effect if any, on the Group's operation / profitability in the current financial year 2020-21 can only be assessed in due course.

3. Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

Property, plant and equipment is stated at acquisition cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Subsequent expenditure and subsequent costs are included in the assets carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and that the cost of the item can be reliably measured.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress".

4. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

5. Depreciation and Amortization:

(a) Property plant and equipment (PPE)

Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis on the straight line method based on estimated useful life prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(b) Intangible assets

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Finite-life intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of their expected useful lives.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for finite life intangible assets is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. For indefinite life intangible assets, the assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether it continues, if not, it is impaired or changed prospectively on the basis of revised estimates.

6. Investment Properties:

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Group, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs less depreciation and impairment if any.

Depreciation on building is provided based on straight line method using the useful life as specified in schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 .

7. Financial Instruments:

Financial assets - Initial recognition:

Financial assets are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value, in case of Financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement:

Financial assets are subsequently classified and measured at:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit & loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

The above classification is being determined considering the:

- (a) the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- (b) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their recognition, except if and in the period the group changes its business model for managing financial assets.

- (i) Measured at amortised cost:

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost, if these financial assets are held within a business module whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified date to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

- (ii) Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI):

Financial assets are measured at FVTOCI, if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows that give rise on specified dates to solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and by selling financial assets. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). Interest income measured using the Effective Interest Rate method and impairment losses, if any are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

- (iii) Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

Financial assets other than equity instrument are measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI on initial recognition. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Equity instruments:

On initial recognition, the Group can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income pertaining to investments in equity instruments. This election is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading. These elected investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the 'Reserve for equity instruments through other comprehensive income'. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss on disposal of the investments.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably. Dividends recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss are included in the 'Other income' line item.

Impairment

The Group recognises a loss allowance for Expected Credit Losses (ECL) on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost and at FVTOCI. The credit loss is difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate. This is assessed on an individual or collective basis after considering all reasonable and supportable including that which is forward looking.

The Group's trade receivables or contract revenue receivables do not contain significant financing component and loss allowance on trade receivables is measured at an amount equal to life time expected losses i.e. expected cash shortfall, being simplified approach for recognition of impairment loss allowance.

Under simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk. Rather it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on the lifetime ECL at each reporting date right from its initial recognition. The Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivable and is adjusted for forward looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

For financial assets other than trade receivables, the Group recognises 12-months expected credit losses for all originated or acquired financial assets if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer significant increase in credit risks since initial recognition, then the Group reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12 months ECL. The impairment losses and reversals are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. For equity instruments and financial assets measured at FVTPL, there is no requirement of impairment testing.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers rights to receive cash flows from an asset, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Financial Liabilities

Initial Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value net of transaction costs for all financial liabilities not carried at fair value through profit or loss.

The Group's financial liabilities includes trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Subsequent measurement : Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are subsequently measured at using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans & Borrowings : After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit & loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through EIR amortization process.

Financial Guarantee Contracts : Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that requires a payment to be made or to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtors fails to make payment when due in accordance with the term of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognized initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee.

De-recognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward foreign exchange contracts, to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

8. Fair Value Measurement

The Group measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives, investments at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (a) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.”

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant’s ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (iii) Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.”

9. Inventory

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is computed on First-in-First-Out (FIFO) basis. Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress include all costs of purchases, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

10. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and Cash equivalents include cash and Cheque in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash & which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value where original maturity is three months or less.

11. Foreign Currency Transactions:

a) Initial Recognition

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising on foreign exchange transactions settled during the year are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year.

b) Measurement of Foreign Currency Items at the Balance Sheet Date

Foreign currency monetary items of the Group are restated at the closing exchange rates. Non monetary items are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising out of these transactions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.”

12. Revenue Recognition:

Revenue is measured at the value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances, rebates, discounts, loyalty discount, value added taxes and amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group recognizes revenue, whenever control over distinct goods or services is transferred to the customer; i.e. when the customer is able to direct the use of the transferred goods or services and obtains substantially all of the remaining benefits, provided a contract with enforceable rights and obligations exists and amongst others collectability of consideration is probable taking into account customer 's creditworthiness. It is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below.

Sale of Goods

Revenues are recognized at a point in time when control of the goods passes to the buyer, usually upon either at the time of dispatch or delivery. In case of export sale, it is usually recognised based on the shipped-on board date as per bill of lading

Rendering of Services

Income from services rendered is recognised based on agreements /arrangements with the customers as the service is performed / rendered.

Interest

Revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the interest rate applicable and based on Effective interest rate method.

Dividend

Dividend Income is recognized when right to receive the same is established.

13. Employee Benefits:

The Group has provides following post-employment plans:

- (a) Defined benefit plans such a gratuity and
- (b) Defined contribution plans such as Provident fund

a) Defined-benefit plan:

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plan is the present value of defined benefit obligations at the end of the reporting period less fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligations is calculated annually by actuaries through actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method.

The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss:

- (a) Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailment and non-routine settlements; and

(b) Net interest expense or income

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expenses in the statement of the profit & loss.

Re-measurement comprising of actuarial gains and losses arising from

- (a) Re-measurement of Actuarial (gains)/losses
- (b) Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognized in effect of asset ceiling
- (c) Re-measurement arising because of change in effect of asset ceiling are recognised in the period in which they occur directly in Other comprehensive income. Re-measurement are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Ind AS 19 requires the exercise of judgment in relation to various assumptions including future pay rises, inflation and discount rates and employee and pensioner demographics. The Group determines the assumptions in conjunction with its actuaries, and believes these assumptions to be in line with best practice, but the application of different assumptions could have a significant effect on the amounts reflected in the income statement, other comprehensive income and balance sheet. There may be also interdependency between some of the assumptions.

b) Defined-contribution plan:

Under defined contribution plans, provident fund, the Group pays pre-defined amounts to separate funds and does not have any legal or informal obligation to pay additional sums. Defined Contribution plan comprise of contributions to the employees' provident fund with the government, superannuation fund and certain state plans like Employees' State Insurance and Employees' Pension Scheme. The Group's payments to the defined contribution plans are recognised as expenses during the period in which the employees perform the services that the payment covers.

14. Taxes on Income:

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit is different from accounting profit due to temporary differences between accounting and tax treatments, and due to items that are never taxable or tax deductible. Tax provisions are included in current liabilities. Interest and penalties on tax liabilities are provided for in the tax charge. The Group offsets, the current tax assets and liabilities (on a year on year basis) where it has a legally enforceable right and where it intends to settle such assets and liabilities on a net basis or to realise the assets and liabilities on net basis."

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements. Deferred income tax asset are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are not recognised where it is more likely than not that the assets will not be realised in the future.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date."

Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income-tax during the specified period. The Group reviews the same at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of MAT credit entitlement to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that Group will pay normal income-tax during the specified period."

15. Borrowing Cost:

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalized as a part of Cost of that assets, during the period till all the activities necessary to prepare the Qualifying assets for its intended use or sale are complete during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the assets for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

16. Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per shares are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss after tax for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

17. Leases:

Where the Group is Lessee

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on accrual basis as per the terms of agreements entered with the counter parties.

Where the Group is Lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Assets subject to operating leases are included in property, plant and equipment. The Group recognizes lease rentals from the property leased out, on accrual basis as per the terms of agreements entered with the counter parties. Costs, including depreciation, are recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

18. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Group from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract.

A disclosure for contingent liabilities is made where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may probably not require an outflow of resources or an obligation for which the future outcome cannot be ascertained with reasonable certainty. When there is a possible or a present obligation where the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.”

Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2020
Note 2 - Property, Plant & Equipment

Particulars	Land	Land - Lease Hold	Commercial Vehicles	Furniture & Fixtures	Computers & Printers	Office Equipments	Electrical Fittings	Borewell	Factory Building	Motor Car & Other Vehicles	Workshop	Plant & Machinery	Laboratory Equipment	Ship / Vessels	Wind Mill	Total
Gross carrying amount																
Balance as at March 31, 2018	139.88	4.59	3,906.28	56.44	8.48	20.67	85.18	3.65	315.09	294.92	25.47	1,752.83	4.48	-	711.03	7,328.98
Additions	-	104.87	221.85	19.54	1.92	3.97	2.46	-	-	(17.35)	-	19.73	-	-	-	374.33
Disposals	-	-	(852.181)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25.87)
Translation Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2019	139.88	109.46	4,119.60	75.98	10.40	24.64	87.64	3.65	315.09	277.57	25.47	1,772.56	4.48	-	711.03	7,677.45
Additions	-	-	11.00	0.21	1.22	1.19	-	-	-	19.70	-	38.73	-	5,366.24	-	5,438.29
Disposals	-	-	(130.04)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8.86)	-	(1.07)	-	-	-	(139.97)
Translation Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	139.88	109.46	4,000.56	76.19	11.62	25.83	87.64	3.65	315.09	288.41	25.47	1,810.22	4.48	5,366.24	711.03	12,975.77
Accumulated depreciation as at March 31, 2018	-	-	1,031.22	15.16	5.87	10.73	14.85	1.87	17.54	59.95	2.16	148.42	1.55	-	93.48	1,402.80
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-	618.83	8.84	2.02	4.07	9.82	0.53	10.06	33.01	1.08	100.61	0.71	-	46.74	836.31
Disposals	-	-	(5.48)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9.46)	-	-	-	-	-	(14.94)
Translation Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation as at March 31, 2019	-	-	1,644.56	24.00	7.89	14.80	24.67	2.41	27.60	83.50	3.24	249.03	2.26	-	140.23	2,224.16
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-	583.16	8.60	1.64	3.61	9.23	0.31	10.05	29.42	1.08	101.65	0.83	99.38	46.74	895.70
Disposals	-	-	(101.14)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4.87)	-	(0.59)	-	-	-	(106.59)
Translation Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation as at March 31, 2020	-	-	2,126.58	32.60	9.53	18.41	33.90	2.72	37.64	108.05	4.32	350.10	3.09	104.69	186.97	3,018.58
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2019	139.88	109.46	2,475.04	51.98	2.51	9.84	62.98	1.24	287.49	194.07	22.23	1,523.53	2.22	-	570.80	5,453.28
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2020	139.88	109.46	1,873.98	43.59	2.09	7.42	53.75	0.93	277.45	180.36	21.15	1,460.12	1.39	5,261.56	524.06	9,957.19

Notes:

1. Refer note no. 34 for disclosure on contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

(b) Capital work in progress	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Building	7.6	9.4
Bulk Liquid Storage Terminal	43.0	43.0
Storage Tank	240.9	-
Plant & Machinery	41.3	-
Total	332.8	52.4

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 3 : Non-Current Investments

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Trade - Unquoted		
Investment in Government Securities - At Cost		
National Saving Certificate (lying with government authority)	0.05	0.05
TOTAL	0.05	0.05
Note:		
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	-	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	0.05	0.05

Note 4 : Other Financial Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Unsecured, Considered good		
Security Deposit	96.10	108.53
TOTAL	96.10	108.53

Note 5 : Inventories

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
(Valued at lower of Cost or Net Realizable Value)		
Finished Goods	1,581.53	2,018.99
Semi Finished Goods	107.69	124.64
Raw Material	821.88	511.98
Stores, Spares & Packing Material	244.57	62.99
TOTAL	2,755.67	2,718.60

Note 6 : Current Investments

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Investment in Mutual Fund		
Fair Value through Profit & loss Account		
Non Trade - Unquoted		
Nil (431725.782) units of Reliance Equity Saving fund	-	55.26
431725.782 units of Nippon India Equity Saving Fund-Segregated Portfolio	1.25	-
2067.671 units of DSP Equity Opportunities Fund	3.48	-
Nil (78343.39) units of SBI Corporate Bond Fund Regular Plan Growth	-	23.41
Nil (495) units of SBI Premier Liquid Fund Regular Plan Growth	-	14.43
Nil (242350.803) units of ICICI Prudential Balanced Advantage Fund	-	85.65
Nil (914899.913) units of Reliance Gilt Securities Fund	-	227.17
43838.499 units of Tata Multi Cap Fund Regular Plan Growth	3.78	-
811522.912 (771680.032) units of ICICI Prudential Equity Arbitrage Fund - Dividend	110.97	105.11
Nil (82000) units of Axis Dynamic Equity fund Growth	-	8.95
1655441.196 (1575085.315) units of Nippon India Arbitrage Fund (Formerly Reliance Arbitrage Advantage Fund)	176.65	167.37
Nil (239117.751) units of Reliance Hybrid Bond Fund Growth Plan	-	104.30
258189.51 units of ICICI Prudential equity arbitrage fund direct dividend	37.62	-
Nil (5721.441) units of ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund Growth	-	15.76
Nil (9700.619) units of ICICI Prudential Money Market Fund Growth	-	25.11
500000 (500000) units of ICICI Prudential Manufacture in India Fund Growth	36.05	52.65
829664.276 units of ICICI Prudential Ultra Short Term Fund - Growth	168.97	-
497582.932 (96666.993) units of ICICI Prudential Ultra Short Term Fund - Monthly Dividend	106.85	10.32
15898.047 (15898.047) units of ICICI Prudential Multi Assets Fund - Growth	33.54	42.60
TOTAL	679.14	938.09
Note:		
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	-	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	679.14	938.09

Note 7 : Trade Receivable

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Trade Receivables considered good - Secured		
Trade Receivables considered good - Unsecured	11,321.07	9,483.75
Less: Expected Credit Loss	(57.35)	(54.92)
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	2,525.47	1,884.11
Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-
TOTAL	13,789.18	11,312.93

Note 8 : Cash and Cash Equivalents

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Cash on Hand	71.06	62.26
Balance with Scheduled Banks		
- In Current Accounts	254.27	160.08
- In Other Accounts	152.99	-
Cheques, Drafts on Hand	-	8.15
TOTAL	478.32	230.48

Note 9 : Bank balances other than cash & cash equivalents

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Balance with banks		
- In Dividend Accounts	13.32	13.42
- In Fixed Deposit Account	346.25	100.88
TOTAL	359.57	114.30

Note 10 : Loans

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Loans Receivables considered good - Secured		
Loans Receivables considered good - Unsecured		
- Advances to Staff	20.37	17.30
Loans Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-
Loans Receivables - credit impaired	-	-
TOTAL	20.37	17.30

Note 11 : Other Financial Assets (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Accrued Interest on Fixed Deposit	50.92	26.57
TOTAL	50.92	26.57

Note 12 : Current tax assets (net) (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Advance Income Tax and Tax Deducted at Source (Net of Provision)	137.86	-
TOTAL	137.86	-

Note 13 : Other current assets (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Unsecured, Considered good		
Other Loan and Advances		
- Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	649.01	564.29
- Advance to Supplier	102.91	741.79
- Prepaid Expenses	5.13	9.93
Balance with Government Authorities		
- Deposit with Custom Authority - Under Appeal	25.53	25.53
- Deposit with Sales Tax Authority - Under Appeal	28.23	28.23
- Income Tax Paid - Under Appeal	109.00	109.00
- Excise Duty Paid - Under Appeal	-	1.00
- Service tax Paid - Under Appeal	-	1.40
- Input Tax Credit under GST Receivable	139.13	33.50
- VAT Refund Receivable-GVAT	0.14	0.14
- Amount due as refund of Additional Duty of Custom	-	18.69
- Custom Duty Refund Receivable	59.57	-
TOTAL	1,118.65	1,533.50

Note 14(A) : Share Capital (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Authorised:		
1,30,00,000 (PY 1,30,00,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each	1,300.00	1,300.00
TOTAL	1,300.00	1,300.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:		
1,02,58,747 (PY 1,02,58,747) Equity Shares of ₹10/- each with voting rights, fully paid up	1,025.87	1,025.87
TOTAL	1,025.87	1,025.87

(i) Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period :

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Number of shares at the beginning of the year	10,258,747	10,258,747
Add: Issue of Shares during the year on Conversion of warrants	-	-
Number of shares at the end of the year	10,258,747	10,258,747

(ii) Terms/rights attached to Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(iii) Detail of shares held by the holding company, the ultimate holding company, their subsidiaries and associates :

NIL

NIL

(iv) Details of shareholder holding more than 5% shares in the company :

Name of Share Holder	As at 31st March 2020		As at 31st March 2019	
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
Ramchandra Agarwal	5,32,525	5.19	5,32,525	5.19
Jaiprakash Agarwal	6,41,850	6.26	6,41,850	6.26
Garnet International Ltd	-	-	11,41,522	11.13

Note 14(B) : Other Equity

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
a) Security Premium	5,126.58	5,126.58
Amount received (on issue of shares) in excess of the par value has been classified as securities premium		
b) Capital Investment Subsidy	0.76	0.76
The reserve was created in compliance of prevailing provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 to avail certain tax benefits		
c) Investment Allowance Reserve (Utilised)	0.62	0.62
The reserve was created in compliance of prevailing provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 to avail certain tax benefits		
d) Retained Earning	9,103.70	6,770.93
These are Retained earnings that comprises prior year's undistributed earning after taxes increased by undistributed profits for the year		
e) Other comprehensive income	65.92	1.33
Other comprehensive income consist of FVOCI financial assets and financial liabilities and remeasurement of defined benefit assets and liability		

Note 14(B) : Other Equity

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
f) Share Forfeiture	82.12	82.12
Shares allotted being forfeited on account of calls remained unpaid		
g) Capital Reserve	345.00	345.00
Amount transferred on account of share warrants that lapsed due to non-compliance being forfeited		
TOTAL	14,724.70	12,327.34

Note 15 : Borrowings - Non- Current

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Non-Current Portion		Current Portion	
	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Secured Loans				
Term Loans				
(i) From Bank	185.09	495.03	456.52	892.34
	185.09	495.03	456.52	892.34
Less: Unamortised borrowing cost	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	185.09	495.03	456.52	892.34

Note:

- Above Loan consisting of Vehicle Loan from Various Banks and Financial Institution.
- Vehicle finance from Banks & FI's is secured against Hypothecation of specific vehicle financed and is repayable in equated monthly installment over the tenure of the loans.

Note 16 : Provisions - Non Current

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Provision for Employees Benefit expenses	41.25	26.96
TOTAL	41.25	26.96

Note 17 : Borrowing - Current

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Secured Loans		
(i) From Bank		
Working Capital Finance	8,385.74	6,278.05
(Secured against Hypothecation of Stock, Books Debts, Current Assets, movable & immovable fixed assets of the Company, immovable property of it's directors and personal guarantee of some of the Directors)		
TOTAL	8,385.74	6,278.05

Note 18 : Trade Payables

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Trade Payables:		
Payable for Goods & Services		
Due to micro and small enterprises*	6.84	8.09
Due to others	4,243.29	684.08
TOTAL	4,250.13	692.17

*Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act, 2006") as at 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019 :

Particulars	31 March 2020 (₹)	31 March 2019 (₹)
i) The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year;	6.84	8.09
ii) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	-	-
iii) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	-	-
iv) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	-	-
v) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.	-	-

The above information regarding Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Group.

Note 19 : Other Current Financial Liabilities

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Current maturity of Long Term Borrowings (Refer Note No 15)	456.52	892.34
Payable for Expenses	75.46	86.30
Payable for Capital Goods	38.16	17.45
Unclaimed Dividend	13.31	13.41
Other Liability	7.50	7.50
TOTAL	590.96	1,017.00

Note 20 : Other Current Liabilities

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Statutory Remittances	115.17	116.16
Advances From Customer	177.75	274.71
Advance Income	73.51	-
TOTAL	366.43	390.87

Note 21 : Short Term Provisions

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Provision for Employee benefits	0.70	0.48
TOTAL	0.70	0.48

Note 22 : Current Tax liabilities (Net)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Provision for Taxation (Net of Taxes Paid)	-	45.80
TOTAL	-	45.80

Note 23 : Revenue from Operations

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Sales of goods	69,955.91	46,878.79
Sale of Services		
Vehicle Freight Income	5,176.80	6,044.10
Ship Operating & Chartering Income	3,426.63	-
Labour & Processing Charges	20.38	60.33
Other operating revenue		
Sale of Power - Wind mill	122.86	164.25
TOTAL	78,702.58	53,147.47

Note 24 : Other Income

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Foreign exchange fluctuation gain	164.20	3.31
Interest received on fixed deposits with banks	31.73	5.96
Miscellaneous Income	80.70	33.69
Gain on Fair valuation of Financial assets	(68.88)	32.36
TOTAL	207.75	75.31

Note 25 : Cost of Material Consumed

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Opening Stock	513.98	214.98
Add:- Purchases during the year	30,132.66	13,302.68
	30,646.63	13,517.66
Less: - Closing Stock	824.16	513.98
TOTAL	29,822.48	13,003.68

Note 26 : Change in inventories of Finished goods and Semi finished goods

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Opening Stock		
Inventory of Finished Goods as at the beginning of the year	2,018.99	3,289.87
Inventory of Semi Finished Goods as at the beginning of the year	124.78	154.80
Less : Closing Stock		
Inventory of Finished Goods as at the end of the year	1,581.53	2,019.13
Inventory of Semi Finished Goods as at the end of the year	107.69	124.64
TOTAL	454.55	1,300.89

Note 27 : Manufacturing, Operating and Other Direct Expenses

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Transportation Charges	732.21	430.67
Labour Charges	54.50	65.57
Port Charges	360.06	-
Repairs & Maintenance - Machinery	40.80	34.06
Electricity, Power & Fuel	954.34	38.18
Storage Terminal Rent	389.80	416.53
Heating and Fuel Charges	189.14	198.52
Crew Charges	318.05	-
Other Direct Expenses	66.53	73.26
Other Vessel Running Expenses	327.55	-
Vehicle Running & Maintenance Expenses	4,008.10	4,314.90
Freight Paid	138.47	547.37
Wind Mill Expenses	16.50	36.46
TOTAL	7,596.07	6,155.51

Note 28 : Employees Benefits Expenses

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Salaries and Wages	347.54	331.77
Directors Remuneration	150.00	114.00
Contribution towards employees welfare fund	0.84	0.77
Gratuity	6.98	5.79
Staff Welfare	44.44	43.45
TOTAL	549.80	495.78

Note 29 : Finance Cost

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
Interest Paid to Banks	841.20	853.70
Interest Paid to Others	3.14	10.90
Other Borrowing Cost	42.32	57.83
TOTAL	886.66	922.43

Note 30 : Other Expenses

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2020	For the year ended 31st March 2019
(A) Administrative Expenses		
Rent, Rates & Taxes	102.51	50.70
Payment to Auditors		
- Statutory Audit fees	2.73	2.73
- Tax Audit Fees	1.18	1.18
- Certification Work	0.75	0.75
- Other Services	0.14	-
Insurance	80.35	10.81
Share Transfer Fees	1.51	1.51
Legal & Professional Charges	76.85	46.14
Bank Charges & Commission	12.42	10.37
Electricity Expenses	8.42	9.54
Listing Fees & Custodian Charges	6.30	6.85
Postage and Telephone	7.12	11.81
Security Charges	17.08	14.62
Printing & Stationery	18.21	6.66
Vehicle Expenses	9.25	12.63
Travelling & Conveyance	117.67	80.98
Bad Debts written off	105.13	-
Expected credit loss allowance/ (reversed)	2.43	10.59
Repair & Maintenance - Other	25.83	8.97
Repairs to Building	22.44	0.20
Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility	32.51	25.71
Miscellaneous Expenses	116.67	45.21
	767.49	357.96

(B) Selling and Distribution Expenses

Advertisement & Business Promotion Expenses	45.06	5.80
Commission Paid	180.10	100.04
	225.16	105.84
TOTAL	992.65	463.80

31. Income Tax

(a) Tax expense recognised in the Statement of profit and loss:

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Current tax		
Current year	552.95	622.90
Short Provision for Tax for earlier years	0.33	0.69
Total current tax	553.28	623.59
Deferred tax		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary difference	0.39	57.44
Total deferred income tax expense/(credit)	0.39	57.44
Total income tax expense/(credit)	553.66	681.03

A reconciliation between the statutory income tax rate applicable to the Group and the effective income tax rate of the Group is as follows :

(b) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Profit /(loss) before taxation	3,109.05	2,025.56
Enacted income tax rate in India	25.17%	34.94%
Tax at the enacted income tax rate	782.49	707.81
Reconciliation line items:		
Tax benefits u/s 80IA	-	(44.65)
Effect of non-deductible expenses	12.00	10.65
Due to non-taxable income for Indian tax purposes	(268.14)	-
Tax pertaining to Earlier Years	-	-
Others (Including the effect of change in the tax rate)	27.31	7.22
Tax expense/ (credit)	553.66	681.03

(c) The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019:

For the year Ended March 31, 2019

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at April 01, 2018	Charge / (Credit) in Statement of profit and loss	As at March 31, 2019
Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) (net)			
On Account of Depreciation	388.37	53.90	442.28
Due to disallowances under Income Tax	(8.98)	(0.61)	(9.59)
On account of Fair valuation of Financial assets and liabilities	(5.98)	6.07	0.10
	373.41	59.37	432.78

For the year Ended March 31, 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at April 01, 2019	Charge / (Credit) in Statement of profit and loss	As at March 31, 2020
Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) (net)			
On Account of Depreciation	442.28	18.30	460.58
Due to disallowances under Income Tax	(9.59)	(15.40)	(24.99)
On account of Fair valuation of Financial assets and liabilities	0.10	(4.40)	(4.31)
	432.78	(1.50)	431.28

32 DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO IND AS - 19 "EMPLOYEE BENEFITS"

- i) **Gratuity:** In accordance with the applicable laws, the parent Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ("The Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees on retirement (subject to completion of five years of continuous employment), death, incapacitation or termination of employment that are based on last drawn salary and tenure of employment. Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation on the reporting date.

The disclosure in respect of the defined Gratuity Plan are given below:

A. Balance Sheet

Defined benefit plans

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Present value of plan liabilities	41.94	27.44
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Asset/(Liability) recognised	41.94	27.44

B. Movements in plan assets and plan liabilities

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Present value of obligations	Fair Value of Plan assets
As at 1st April 2019	27.44	-
Current service cost	4.89	-
Past service cost	-	-
Interest Cost/(Income)	2.10	-
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in net finance income/cost	-	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from changes in financial assumptions	4.12	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from experience adjustments	3.40	-
Employer contributions	-	-
Benefit payments	-	-
As at 31st March 2020	41.94	-

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Present value of obligations	Fair Value of Plan assets
As at 1st April 2018	27.17	-
Current service cost	3.76	-
Past service cost	-	-
Interest Cost/(Income)	2.04	-
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in net finance income/cost	-	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from changes in financial assumptions	(0.50)	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from experience adjustments	(5.02)	-
Employer contributions	-	-
Benefit payments	-	-
As at 31st March 2019	27.44	-

C. Statement of Profit and Loss

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Employee Benefit Expenses:		
Current service cost	4.89	3.76
Interest cost/(income)	2.10	2.04
Total amount recognised in Statement of Profit & Loss	6.98	5.79
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability:		
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in net finance income/(cost)	-	-
Actuarial gains/(losses) arising from changes in financial assumptions	4.12	(0.50)
Experience gains/(losses)	3.40	(5.02)
Total amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	7.52	(5.52)

D. Assumptions

With the objective of presenting the plan assets and plan liabilities of the defined benefits plans at their fair value on the balance sheet, assumptions under Ind AS 19 are set by reference to market conditions at the valuation date.

The significant actuarial assumptions were as follows:

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Financial Assumptions		
Discount rate	6.82%	7.65%
Salary Escalation Rate	5.00%	5.00%

E. Sensitivity

The sensitivity of the overall plan liabilities to changes in the weighted key assumptions are: (₹ in Lakhs)

	Impact on defined obligation		
	Change in assumption	Increase in assumption	Decrease in assumption
Discount rate	1.00%	37.06	47.87
Salary Escalation Rate	1.00%	48.12	36.79

The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period and may not be representative of the actual change. It is based on a change in the key assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. When calculating the sensitivity to the assumption, the same method used to calculate the liability recognised in the balance sheet has been applied. The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared with the previous period.

F. The defined benefit obligations shall mature after year end 31st March, 2020 as follows: (₹ in Lakhs)

Year ending March 31, 2020	Defined benefit obligation
2020	0.70
2021	0.75
2022	3.58
2023	0.81
2024	0.86
Thereafter	24.77

33 Contingent liabilities (₹ in Lakhs)

	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
<i>Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts</i>		
liabilities that may arise in respect of disputed matters in relation to		
- Entry tax	43.72	43.72
- Import duty	-	32.00
- Excise duty	-	12.43
- Income tax	533.35	442.79
- Service tax	-	27.93
- Local Body Tax	14.11	14.11
	591.18	572.98

Note: - The Group's pending litigations comprise of claims against the Group and proceedings pending with tax and other authorities. The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has made adequate provisions, wherever required and disclosed the contingent liabilities, wherever applicable, in its financial statements. The Group does not reasonably expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a material impact on its financial statements.

34 Commitments

The Group does not have any commitments (including capital commitments) as on the Balance sheet date. (As at March 31, 2019 - Nil)

35 Earning Per share

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Profit after tax available for equity shareholders	2,555.39	1,344.53
Weighted average number of equity shares	10,258,747	10,258,747
Nominal value of equity shares	10.00	10.00
Basic and diluted Earning Per Share	24.91	13.11

36 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) expenditure

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Amount required to be spent as per section 135 of the Act		
(i) Unspent amount as at the beginning of the year	26.44	16.72
(ii) Amount provisioned during the year based on average of preceeding three year profits	32.51	25.71
Total amount required to be spent	58.95	42.43
Amount spent during the year on :		
(i) Construction/acquisition of assets	-	-
(ii) on purpose other than above	28.50	15.99
Balance amount to be spent as per section 135 of the Act	30.45	26.44

37 Financial instruments

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

1. Fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments.
2. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Group based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts.

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The carrying amount of fair value of financial instruments by category are as follows

As at March 31, 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

Financial assets	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Total fair value	Carrying amount
Investments	-	679.14	0.05	679.19	679.19
Trade receivables	-	-	13,789.18	13,789.18	13,789.18
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	478.32	478.32	478.32
Other bank balances	-	-	359.57	359.57	359.57
Loans	-	-	20.37	20.37	20.37
Other financial assets	-	-	147.02	147.02	147.02
Total	-	679.14	14,794.51	15,473.66	15,473.66

Financial Liabilities

Borrowings	-	-	8,570.83	8,570.83	8,570.83
Trade payables	-	-	4,250.13	4,250.13	4,250.13
Others	-	-	590.96	590.96	590.96
Total financial liabilities	-	-	13,411.92	13,411.92	13,411.92

As at March 31, 2019

Financial assets	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Total fair value	Carrying amount
Investments	-	938.09	0.05	938.14	938.14
Trade receivables	-	-	11,312.93	11,312.93	11,312.93
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	230.48	230.48	230.48
Other bank balances	-	-	114.30	114.30	114.30
Loans	-	-	17.30	17.30	17.30
Other financial assets	-	-	135.10	135.10	135.10
Total	-	938.09	11,810.16	12,748.26	12,748.26

Financial liabilities

Borrowings	-	-	6,773.08	6,773.08	6,773.08
Trade payables	-	-	692.17	692.17	692.17
Others	-	-	1,017.00	1,017.00	1,017.00
Total financial liabilities	-	-	8,482.25	8,482.25	8,482.25

Fair value estimation

For financial instruments measured at fair value in the Balance Sheet, a three level fair value hierarchy is used that reflects the significance of inputs used in the measurements. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The categories used are as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices for identical instruments
- Level 2: directly or indirectly observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and
- Level 3: inputs which are not based on observable market data.

For assets and liabilities which are carried at fair value, the classification of fair value calculations by category is summarised below:

March 31, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets at fair value - Investments	679.14		
March 31, 2019			
Assets at fair value - Investments	938.09	-	-

There were no significant changes in classification and no significant movements between the fair value hierarchy classifications of financial assets and financial liabilities during the period.

38 Financial risk factors

The Group's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, advances and trade and other payables. The purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations and to provide to support its operations. The Group's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Group's activities exposes it to Liquidity Risk, Market Risk and Credit risk. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised as below.

(a) Liquidity risk

The risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk management implies maintenance sufficient cash including availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet the obligations as and when due.

The Group manages its liquidity risk by ensuring as far as possible that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its short term and long term liabilities as and when due. Anticipated future cash flows are expected to be sufficient to meet the liquidity requirements of the Group.

(i) Financing arrangements

The Group has access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities as at the end of the reporting period: (₹ in Lakhs)

	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
Secured working capital credit facility from Banks	1,264.26	946.95

(ii) The following is the contractual maturities of the financial liabilities:

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Carrying amount	Payable on demand	1-12 months	More than 12 months
As at March 31, 2020				
Non-derivative liabilities				
Borrowings	8,570.83	-	8,385.74	185.09
Trade payables	4,250.13	-	4,250.13	-
Other financial liabilities	590.96	-	590.96	-
	13,411.92	-	13,226.83	185.09

(₹ in Lakhs)				
	Carrying amount	Payable on demand	1-12 months	More than 12 months
As at March 31, 2019				
Non-derivative liabilities				
Borrowings	6,773.08	-	6,278.05	495.03
Trade payables	692.17	-	692.17	-
Other financial liabilities	1,017.00	-	1,017.00	-
	8,482.25	-	7,987.22	495.03

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk includes investment, deposits, foreign currency receivables and payables. The Group's treasury team manages the Market risk, which evaluates and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management.

(i) Foreign currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group has foreign currency trade payables and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk. The exchange rates have been volatile in the recent years and may continue to be volatile in the future. Hence the operating results and financials of the Group may be impacted due to volatility of the rupee against foreign currencies.

Unhedged Foreign currency exposure	(₹ in Lakhs)
As at March 31, 2020	
AED	10,083,387
INR	2,051.21
As at March 31, 2019	
AED	-
INR	-

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. According to the Group, interest rate risk exposure is only for floating rate borrowings. The Group is not significantly exposed to the interest rate risk, since the borrowings of the Group are on Fixed interest rate basis.

(iii) Commodity risk

Commodity price risk arises due to fluctuation in prices of crude oil. Volatility in Crude Oil prices, Currency fluctuation of Rupee vis-à-vis other prominent currencies coupled with demand-supply scenario in the world market affect the effective price and availability. The Group manages this risk by widening its source base, appropriate contracts and commitments and well planned procurement.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counter-party fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group is exposed to credit risks from its operating activities, primarily trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial instruments.

Credit risk is managed by the Group through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the credit worthiness of customers to which the Group grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Exposure to the Credit risks	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Expected Credit Losses (ECL)	167.39	152.39
Exposure to the Credit risks	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using Life time Expected Credit Losses (ECL)		
- Trade Receivables	13,789.18	11,312.93

Trade and other receivables

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of assets and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risks on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period.

To assess whether there is a significant change increase in credit risk, the Group compares the risks of default occurring on the assets as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers the reasonable and supportive forward looking information such as:

- (i) Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business.
- (ii) Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty.
- (iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparty's ability to meet its obligations.
- (iv) Significant increase in credit risk on other financial instruments of same counter party.

Ageing of the accounts receivables

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 01, 2019
0-90 days	7,672.45	5,615.32
90-180 days	863.79	785.33
>180 days	5,310.30	4,967.20
	13,846.54	11,367.85

Movement in provisions of doubtful debts and advances - There were no Provision of doubtful debts as on March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019.

39 (a) Financial risk factors

Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to :

- (i) safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- (ii) maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Parent Company may issue new shares, adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders etc. The Group's policy is to maintain a stable and strong capital structure with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investor, creditors and market confidence and to sustain future development and growth of its business. The Group will take appropriate steps in order to maintain, or if necessary adjust, its capital structure.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio being a ratio of net debt as a percentage of total capital.

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Total equity	15,750.58	13,353.22
Net debt (Total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents)	7,732.93	6,428.29
Total capital (Borrowings and Equity)	23,483.51	19,781.51
Gearing ratio	32.93%	32.50%

(b) Dividends

The Parent Company follows the policy of Dividend for every financial year as may be decided by Board considering financial performance of the company and other internal and external factors enumerated in the Parent Company's dividend policy.

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Final Dividend paid		
Final dividend for the year ended March 31, 2019 of ₹ 1.80 Per fully paid up share [Including dividend distribution tax of ₹ 37,95,688 (as at 31-March 2019 - ₹ 31,63,073)]	222.61	185.51
Dividends not recognised at the end of reporting period		
Since year end, the directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of ₹ 1.50 per fully paid up equity share (March 31, 2019 - ₹ 1.80 per fully paid up equity shares) [Including dividend distribution tax of ₹ Nil (as at 31-March 2019 - ₹ 37,95,688)]	153.88	222.61

40 Segment Reporting

The Parent Company's Board of Directors consisting of Managing Director together with the Chief Financial Officer has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) as defined under Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments". The CODM evaluates the Group's performance and allocated the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators. The Group is primarily engaged in the business of manufacturing of petrochemical products (Bitumen & Bituminous products), Logistic business - Bitumen and LPG, Sale of Power - Wind mill and Ship Operating and Chartering. The Group has accordingly identified these 4 activities as Operating segments in accordance with requirements of Ind AS 108 on 'Operating segments'.

Operating segments

- (a) Petrochemical business - Bitumen products
- (b) Transportation - Bitumen and LPG
- (c) Sale of power - Wind mill
- (d) Ship Operating and Chartering

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Segment Revenue		
a) Transportation	5,237.40	6,113.12
b) Windmill	122.86	164.25
c) Petrochemicals (Bituminous & Allied Products)	69,959.41	46,883.31
d) Ship Operating & Chartering	3,426.63	-
e) Other (Unallocable)	341.01	62.10
Total	79,087.31	53,222.78
Less Intersegment Revenue	176.97	-

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Net Sales/Income From Operations	78,910.33	53,222.78
Segment Result Profit/(Loss) before tax and interest from Each Segment		
a) Transportation	175.81	373.69
b) Windmill	59.62	81.04
c) Petrochemicals (Bituminous & Allied Products)	2,353.89	2,431.16
d) Ship Operating & Chartering	1,065.38	-
Total	3,654.70	2,885.89
Less: i) Interest	886.66	922.43
ii) Other Un-allocable Expenditure net off	-	-
iii) Un-allocable Income	(341.01)	(62.10)
Total Profit Before Tax	3,109.05	2,025.56
Segment assets & liabilities	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Segment Assets		
a) Transportation	3,217.85	3,982.81
b) Windmill	623.04	649.17
c) Petrochemicals (Bituminous & Allied Products)	19,355.22	16,813.57
d) Ship Operating & Chartering	5,640.41	-
e) Others	1,165.62	1,286.82
Total Assets	30,002.15	22,732.36
Segment Liabilities		
a) Transportation	879.65	1,643.04
b) Windmill	-	-
c) Petrochemicals (Bituminous & Allied Products)	11,270.35	7,216.66
d) Ship Operating & Chartering	1,615.03	-
e) Others (Including Shareholders Funds)	486.54	519.44
Total Liability	14,251.57	9,379.14

41 Related party disclosure under Ind AS 24

Name and description of related parties

(a) Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)

Mr. Jaiprakash Agarwal, Managing Director

Mr. Lalit Agarwal, Whole Time Director

Mr. Ramchandra Agarwal, Director

Mr. Vipin Agarwal, Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Rakesh Bhalla, Company Secretary (resigned w.e.f. 17.12.2018)

Ms. Lucinda D'souza, Company Secretary (resigned w.e.f 31.03.2020)

Mr. Sachin Ghanghas, Company Secretary (appointed w.e.f 01.02.2020)

(b) Relatives of KMP

Mr. Nilesh Agarwal

Mr. Mukul Agarwal

Mr. Virel Agarwal

(c) Concerns in which KMP are interested

ANZ Transporters

Agarwal Gas Carriers

Agarwal Translink Private Limited

Agarwal Motor Repairs

(d) Concerns in which Relatives of KMP are interested

Balaji Tyre

Shree Balaji Engineering Work

Murlidhar Ishwardas

Transaction with the related parties during the year

(₹ in Lakhs)

Name of Party	For the year Ended 31st March 2020	For the year Ended 31st March 2019
Key Managerial Peronnel (KMP)		
Directors remuneration		
Jaiprakash Agarwal	54.00	42.00
Lalit Agarwal	48.00	36.00
Ramchandra Agarwal	48.00	36.00
Salary		
Vipin Agarwal	18.00	14.40
Sachin Ghanghas	0.84	-
Lucinda Dsouza	5.71	1.34
Rakesh Bhalla	-	9.54
Rent Paid		
Jaiprakash Agarwal	10.32	7.32
Lalit Agarwal	13.80	9.00
Relatives of KMP		
Salary		
Nilesh Agarwal	14.40	12.00
Mukul Agarwal	6.00	6.00
Virel Agarwal	6.00	1.50
Concern in which KMP are interested		
Freight Paid		
ANZ Transporters	225.66	333.67
Agarwal Translink Private Limited	340.75	275.94
Agarwal Gas Carriers	114.54	138.47

(₹ in Lakhs)

Name of Party	For the year Ended 31st March 2020	For the year Ended 31st March 2019
Transportation Charges Received		
ANZ Transporters	67.40	37.09
Agarwal Translink Private Limited	331.12	361.27
Agarwal Gas Carriers	2.34	357.77
Agarwal Motor Repairs	286.39	113.84
Labour Charges Received		
ANZ Transporters	6.26	7.89
Agarwal Translink Private Limited	2.08	5.04
Agarwal Gas Carriers	1.51	7.71
Sale of Spare Parts & Oil		
ANZ Transporters	8.02	15.89
Agarwal Translink Private Limited	3.80	8.45
Agarwal Gas Carriers	11.39	19.81
Purchase of HSD & Oil		
Agarwal Translink Private Limited	468.72	575.87
Concern in which relatives of KMP are interested		
Purchase of HSD & Oil		
Murlidhar Ishwardas	32.44	136.17
Purchase of Tyre & Spare Parts		
Balaji Tyres	74.97	145.18
Shree Balaji Engineering Work	9.92	6.78
Purchase of Fixed Assets		
Shree Balaji Engineering Work	11.00	-
Vehicle Running Expenses - Repairing charges		
Shree Balaji Engineering Work	15.69	-

Balance outstanding as at year end

(₹ in Lakhs)

Name of Party	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Key Managerial Peronnel (KMP)		
Salary Payable		
Vipin Agarwal	5.52	-
Rakesh Bhalla	-	0.99
Relatives of KMP		
Salary Payable		
Nilesh Agarwal	26.47	24.42
Mukul Agarwal	0.49	-
Concern in which KMP are interested		
Receivables		
Agarwal Translink Private Limited	546.55	473.17
ANZ Transporters	-	50.48
Agarwal Motor Repairs	-	22.30

Balance outstanding as at year end (₹ in Lakhs)

Name of Party	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Concern in which relatives of KMP are interested		
Payable		
Balaji Tyres	52.50	39.67
Shree Balaji Engineering Work	12.65	7.31
Murlidhar Ishwardas	8.84	10.88

42 Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable for future periods.

43 Additional disclosure mandated by Schedule III of Companies Act, 2013 (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Parent Company - Agarwal Industrial Corporation Limited	Indian Subsidiary - Bituminex Cochin Private Limited	Foreign Subsidiary - AICL Overseas FZ-LLC	Adjustment arising on consolidation	Total
Net assets i.e. total assets - total liabilities					
Amount	14,542.59	78.59	1,325.73	(196.33)	15,750.58
As a % of Consolidated net assets	92.33%	0.50%	8.42%	-1.25%	100.00%
Share in Profit & Loss					
Amount	1,476.28	13.72	1,065.38	-	2,555.39
As a % of Consolidated Profit or Loss	57.77%	0.54%	41.69%	0.00%	100.00%
Share in Other Comprehensive Income - Loss					
Amount	(5.63)	-	70.21	-	64.59
As a % of Consolidated other Comprehensive Income	-8.71%	0.00%	108.71%	0.00%	100.00%
Share in Total Comprehensive Income					
Amount	1,470.65	13.72	1,135.60	-	2,619.97
As a % of Consolidated total Comprehensive Income	56.13%	0.52%	43.34%	0.00%	100.00%

44 The Group is yet to receive balance confirmations in respect of certain financial assets and financial liabilities. The Management does not expect any material difference affecting the current year's financial statements due to the same.

45 The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on June 30, 2020.

46 The figures of the previous year's have been regrouped or reclassified wherever necessary to make them comparable.

As per our report of even date

For LADHA SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Regd. No. 120241W)

FOR & ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

**(JAIPRAKASH AGARWAL)
MANAGING DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01379868)**

**(MAHENDRA AGARWAL)
DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01366495)**

**(AJAY SINGHAL)
PARTNER
M.No. 104451
Place : Mumbai
Date : 30th June, 2020**

**(LALIT AGARWAL)
WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR
(DIN : 01335107)**

**(VIPIN AGARWAL)
CHIEF FINANCIAL
OFFICER**

**(SACHIN GHANGHAS)
COMPANY SECRETARY**

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)
Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(₹ in lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Name of the subsidiary	Bituminex Cochin Private Limited
2.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	01/04/2019 to 31/03/2020
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	INR
4.	Share capital	6.20
5.	Other Equity	72.39
6.	Total assets	120.21
7.	Total Liabilities	120.21
8.	Investments	Nil
9.	Turnover	251.09
10.	Profit before taxation	20.17
11.	Provision for taxation	6.45
12.	Profit after taxation	13.72
13.	Other Comprehensive Income	Nil
14.	Total Comprehensive Income	13.72
15.	Proposed Dividend	Nil
16.	% of shareholding	100%

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Name of the subsidiary	AICL Overseas FZ LLC
2.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	01/01/2020 to 31/12/2020
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	AED & Closing Rate 20.3425 & Average Rate 19.3108
4.	Share capital	190.13
5.	Other Equity	1135.60
6.	Total assets	5640.41
7.	Total Liabilities	5640.41
8.	Investments	Nil
9.	Turnover	3426.63
10.	Profit before taxation	1065.38
11.	Provision for taxation	Nil
12.	Profit after taxation	1065.38
13.	Other Comprehensive Income	70.21
14.	Total Comprehensive Income	1135.59
15.	Proposed Dividend	Nil
16.	% of shareholding	100%

Notes:

- Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations: NIL
- Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: NIL

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

There are no Joint Venture or Associate Companies related to your Company



+91-022-2529 1149/50



+91-22-25291147



contact@aicltd.in

Visit us at: www.aicltd.in

AGARWAL INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION LIMITED

REGISTERED OFFICE:

AGARWAL INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION LIMITED

Eastern Court, Unit No 201-202, Plot No 12, V.N. Purav Marg, S.T. Road, Chembur,
Mumbai - 400071, Maharashtra, India.