

भारतीय कंटेनर निगम लिमिटेड

बहविध संभारतंत्र कंपनी (भारत सरकार का नवरत्न उपक्रम)

Container Corporation of India Ltd.

A Multi-modal Logistics Company (A Navratna CPSE of Govt. of India)

कॉन/आइआरसी/SE/104/Vol.-VII/

दिनांक: 30.08.2024

National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. The Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd., Mumbai Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor, Plot No. C/1, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street G Block, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (E) Mumbai-400001 Mumbai-400 051 Scrip Code: CONCOR

Dear Sir/Madam,

Scrip Code: 531344

Sub: Notice of the 36th Annual General Meeting, Closure of Register of Members & Share Transfer Books and information regarding Remote e-voting.

Notice of AGM and Annual Report:

In compliance of the provisions of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, please find enclosed the Notice of the 36th Annual General Meeting of the Company scheduled to be held on 25th September, 2024 (Wednesday) at 3:00 P.M. through Video Conference/ Other Audio Visual Means (VC/OAVM) in accordance with the General Circular(s) issued by MCA and SEBI.

Also enclosed is the Annual Report for the year 2023-24.

In compliance with the relevant circulars, the Annual Report for the year 2023-24 comprising the Notice of the AGM, Financial Statements along with Director's Report, Auditor's Report and other documents, are being sent to members of the Company holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on Friday, 23.08.2024, at their email address registered with the Company / Depository Participants(s). Further, details about the manner of participation in the AGM and casting of votes electronically by shareholders are set out in the Notice of the AGM.

Book Closure period:

Pursuant to Section 91 of the Companies Act, 2013 along with applicable rules and Regulation 42 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, notice is hereby given that the Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the company would remain closed from 19.09.2024 to 25.09.2024 (both days inclusive) for AGM and for the purpose of payment of final dividend of Rs.2.50 per share of Rs.5/- each for the financial year ended on 31.03.2024, which is subject to approval by shareholders in the Annual General Meeting of the Company.

contd..2

पंजीकृत कार्यालयः कॉनकॉर भवन, सी-3, मधुरा रोड, नई दिल्ली-110076 Regd. Office: CONCOR Bhawan, C-3, Mathura Road, New Delhi-110076 -201300





CIN: L63011DL1988GO1030915 Visit us at: http://www.concorindia.co.in



Information regarding E-voting:

Pursuant to section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2015 and Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time, the company is providing to its members the facility to cast their vote by electronic means (remote e-voting and e-voting in AGM) on all resolutions set forth in the Notice of AGM. The instructions for e-voting are mentioned in the AGM Notice. The cut-off date fixed for e-voting is 18.09.2024 (Wednesday). The remote e-voting period would commence on 21.09.2024 (Saturday), 09.00 a.m. and would end on 24.09.2024 (Tuesday) at 05.00 p.m.

The above is for your information and record.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully, For Container Corporation of India Ltd.,

(Harish Chandra) Executive Director (Finance) & Company Secretary

30 3200

Encl: as above.



THINK LOGISTICS, THINK CONCOR

ANNUAL REPORT 2023-24

















The mission of the Company is -

- To join its community partners and stake holders to make CONCOR a Company of outstanding quality.
- To provide responsive, cost effective, efficient and reliable logistics solutions to its customers through synergy with community partners and ensuring profitability and growth.
- To be the first choice for our customers, the Company remains firmly committed to its social responsibility and prove worthy of trust reposed in it.

OBJECTIVES

- To be a customer focused, performance driven, result oriented organization, focused on providing value for money to its customers.
- To maximize productive utilization of resources, deliver high quality services and to be recognized for setting the standards for excellence.
- To look constantly for new and better ways to provide innovative services. It will aim for customer convenience and satisfaction, learn from its competitors and constantly strive for excellence.
- To set measurable performance goals to support the objectives and mission of the organisation and work as a professional, competent and dedicated team for the organisation to achieve excellence in all areas of business and operations.
- To follow highest standards of business ethics and add social value for the community at large by discharging social obligations as a responsible corporate entity.
- To maintain absolute integrity, honesty, transparency and fair-play in all its official dealings and strive to maintain high standards of ethics.





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Important Communication to Members

Members are requested to convert their shares into electronic mode and register e-mail and Bank account details for better servicing. Please refer notes to AGM notice.

Thirty Sixth Annual General Meeting on Wednesday, 25th September, 2024 at 15.00 Hrs.

The Annual Report can be accessed at www.concorindia.co.in



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Shri Sanjay Swarup Chairman & Managing Director w.e.f. 01.10.2023

Shri Manoj Kumar Dubey Director (Finance) & CFO

Shri Ajit Kumar Panda Director (Projects & Services),

Shri Mohammad Azhar Shams Director (Domestic Division)

Shri Priya Ranjan Parhi Director (Intl. Marketing & Operation) w.e.f. 23.10.2023

Shri Prabhas Dansana Part-Time Govt. Nominee Director w.e.f. 20.05.2024

Shri Sandeep Jain Part-Time Govt. Nominee Director w.e.f. 20.03.2024

Shri Satendra Kumar Independent Director

Shri Kedarashish Bapat Independent Director

Shri Chesong Bikramsing Terang Independent Director

Smt. Chandra Rawat Independent Director

Shri V. Kalyana Rama

Ex-Chairman & Managing Director upto 30.09.2023

Shri Amrendra Kumar Chandra
Ex-Part-Time Govt. Nominee Direct

Ex-Part-Time Govt. Nominee Director w.e.f. 16.03.2023 upto 29.02.2024

Shri R. C. Paul Kanagaraj Ex-Independent Director w.e.f. 15.06.2023 upto 24.03.2024

Shri Manoj Kumar Srivastava Ex-Part-Time Govt. Nominee Director w.e.f. 16.03.2023 upto 30.06.2023

COMPANY SECRETARY

Shri Harish Chandra Executive Director (Finance) & Company Secretary

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s Hem Sandeep & Co., New Delhi

BANKERS

Axis Bank Limited HDFC Bank Limited ICICI Bank Limited IDFC First Bank Limited Indian Bank IndusInd Bank Limited Punjab National Bank State Bank of India Yes Bank Limited

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

M/s. Beetal Financial & Computer Services (P) Ltd., New Delhi.

Key Dates

AGM : Thirty Sixth (36th)

Date : 25.09.2024
Day : Wednesday
Time : 15.00 Hrs. IST

Remote eVoting

Service Provider : NSDL Cut-off Date : 18.09.2024

Book Closure : 19.09.2024 to 25.09.2024

(Both Days inclusive)

eVoting Start : 21.09.2024 at 09.00 Hrs. IST eVoting End : 24.09.2024 at 17.00 Hrs. IST

Attendance at AGM

Mode : VC/ OAVM Login Start : 14.30 Hrs. IST



TEN YEARS FINANCIAL/ PHYSICAL PERFORMANCE

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

(Rs. in Crore)

										(18. 111	
S. No.	PARTICULARS	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
110.	Total Income	5,944.44	6,239.21	5,805.36	6,459.75	7,216.14	6,753.52	6,670.44	7,856.02	9 427 42	9,010.76
1		5,944.44	0,239.21	5,805.36	0,439.73	7,210.14	0,755.52	0,070.44	7,850.02	8,427.42	9,010.76
	(Including other Income) -Operating Income\$	E 505 22	5,921.73	5.516.10	6,157.16	C 001 01	6 472 70	C 294 0C	7.504.45	0 102 40	8,632.49
		5,585.23		5,516.12		6,881.91	6,473.79	6,384.96	7,594.45	8,103.40	
	-Other Income	359.21	317.48	289.24	302.59	334.23	279.73	285.48	261.57	324.02	378.27
2	Expenditure	4,277.30	4,583.35	4,304.17	4,681.36	5,101.94	4,798.86	5,352.10	5,864.52	6,261.34	6,702.93
	(Incl. increase/ decrease in stock)	1.667.14	1 655 06	1 501 10	1 770 20	2.114.20	1.054.66	1 210 24	1.001.50	2.166.00	2 207 02
3	Operating Margin (1-2)	1,667.14	1,655.86	1,501.19	1,778.39	2,114.20	1,954.66	1,318.34	1,991.50	2,166.08	2,307.83
4	Interest Expenses	-	0.15	3.66	0.09	0.74	36.07	33.96	54.58	57.01	65.33
5	Depreciation	372.69	347.76	351.82	392.65	424.58	513.00	521.92	529.82	554.09	600.88
6	Profit before Tax	1,294.45	1,307.95	1,145.71	1,385.65	1,688.88	1,405.59	762.46	1,407.10	1,554.98	1,641.62
7	Exceptional items	-	-	-	-	-	881.63	83.36	0.08	1.25	7.14
8	Profit before tax (after Exceptional	1,294.45	1,307.95	1,145.71	1,385.65	1,688.88	523.96	679.10	1,407.02	1,553.73	1,634.48
	items)										
9	Profit after Tax	1,047.55	950.82	835.20	1,044.46	1,215.41	375.78	503.33	1,062.34	1,169.08	1,230.79
10	Other Comprehensive Income	-	1.24	(3.14)	5.70	(1.86)	(10.33)	(7.89)	(1.34)	29.75	6.78
11	Total Comprehensive Income	1,047.55	952.06	832.06	1,050.16	1,213.55	365.45	495.44	1,061.00	1,198.83	1,237.57
12	Dividend declared for the year	261.27	263.21	369.96	416.76	520.95	219.35	304.65	548.37	670.22	700.70
13	Profit & Loss Account Balance	6,574.15	7,205.43	7,597.35	8,042.77	8,915.39	8,574.68	8,663.35	9,130.68	9,481.45	9,925.73
14	General Reserve	866.57	945.26	1,031.06	1,087.22	1,147.83	1,185.41	1,235.74	1,341.97	1,458.88	1,581.96
15	Short Term Working Capital loan	-	-	-	-	700.65	-	-	-	-	-
16	Reserves & Surplus (13+14)	7,440.72	8,150.69	8,628.41	9,129.99	10,063.22	9,760.09	9,899.09	10,472.65	10,940.33	11,507.69
17	Fixed Assets (Gross Block) #	5,191.77	#3,147.34	4,067.62	4,733.21	5,703.81	7,037.93	7,822.69	8,424.23	8,890.33	9,841.76
18	Sundry Debtors	36.57	49.26	42.48	60.40	88.36	159.13	155.48	176.14	213.10	329.45
19	Foreign Exchange Earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
20	Share Capital	194.97	194.97	194.97	243.72	304.65	304.65	304.65	304.65	304.65	304.65
21	Capital Employed	6,687.68	7,314.45	7,677.83	8,157.96	9,126.52	8,606.12	8,654.29	9,251.18	9,722.52	10,406.46
22	Government Investment	120.49	110.73	106.84	133.55	166.94	166.94	166.94	166.94	166.94	166.94
23	Net Worth (16+20)	7,635.69	8,345.66	8,823.38	9,373.71	10,367.87	10,064.74	10,203.74	10,777.30	11,244.98	11,812.34
24	Profit Before Tax to Capital Employed	0.19	0.18	0.15	0.17	0.19	0.16	0.09	0.15	0.16	0.16
	(6÷21)										
25	Operating Margin to Capital Employed (3÷21)	0.25	0.23	0.20	0.22	0.23	0.23	0.15	0.22	0.22	0.22
26	Profit after Tax to Share Capital (9÷20)	5.37	4.88	4.28	4.29	3.99	1.23	1.65	3.49	3.84	4.04



27	Expenditure to Income (2÷1)	0.72	0.73	0.74	0.72	0.71	0.71	0.80	0.75	0.74	0.74
28	Number of Employees	1,335	1,332	1,474	1,473	1,464	1,426	1,400	1,359	1,319	1,297
29	Income per Employee (1÷28)	4.45	4.68	3.94	4.39	4.93	4.74	4.76	5.78	6.39	6.95
30	Foreign Exchange Earnings Per	-		1	-		-	-		-	-
	Employee (19÷28)										
31	Current Ratio@	4.71	1.93	3.12	2.97	2.37	2.54	2.46	2.62	3.07	3.39
32	Short Term Debt/Equity Ratio (15÷23)	-	1	ı	-	0.07	ı	-	1	-	-
33	Investments	1,154.75	1,357.58	1,373.72	1,389.02	1,402.90	1,444.08	1,495.17	1,435.56	1,442.52	1,333.57

[#] As per the IND AS, Net block of Fixed Assets as on the date of transition i.e. 01.04.2015 has been considered as Gross Block and Assets re-classified.

PHYSICAL PERFORMANCE (TEUs)*

1	International Handling	26,21,385	24,75,868	26,41,695	30,01,948	32,45,259	31,54,596	30,35,794	32,69,026	34,06,864	36,48,076
2	Domestic Handling	4,89,371	4,48,178	4,60,516	5,29,952	5,84,160	5,93,162	6,07,536	8,03,899	9,54,267	10,71,908
3	Total (1+2)	31,10,756	29,24,046	31,02,211	35,31,900	38,29,419	37,47,758	36,43,330	40,72,925	43,61,131	47,19,984

^{*} Twenty Foot equivalent units

^{\$} Figures for the FY 2017-18 & 2016-17 have been recasted on account of impact of Ind AS 115.

[@] Current Ratio from the FY 2015-16 onwards derived as per Ind-AS and for previous periods as per Old GAAP.





SHRI SANJAY SWARUP Chairman and Managing Director

Mr. Sanjay Swarup has done his B.E. (Hons.) – Electronics and Communication Engineering from IIT Roorkee and PGDM (Public Policy and Management) from IIM Bangalore. He belongs to 1990 Batch of Indian Railway Traffic Service (IRTS).

Mr. Swarup has extensive experience of leadership roles in CPSE and Government. His more than three decades career spans a range of assignments in Public Sector and Government. He started his carrier in Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd. (BHEL) and worked there for more than 4 years. Thereafter, he worked with Indian Railways in various areas like Operations, Commercial, Safety and Information Technology functions. Prior to taking over as CMD, Mr. Swarup was holding the profile of Director (International Marketing & Operations), managing around 80% of CONCOR's business: Marketing Operations, Infrastructure development & Strategic Planning.

He is an expert in design, operation & management of Dry Ports & MMLPs and has got rich experience in railway operations, commercial and I.T. functions. Mr. Swarup has designed/commissioned and operationalized 15 greenfield MMLPs (@INR 3 billion each), took several IT initiatives in the Company like KYCL/ Logistics App/ Digital workplace solution/AI based TMS and introduced innovative marketing strategies like business solutions/long term agreements/credit policy to make CONCOR the market leader. He was instrumental in running of Time Tabled container trains and streamlined the Double Stack container trains, thereby saving 48% expenses on empty flat wagons. He was actively involved in negotiations and signing of INSTC MoU/service agreement with JSC Russian Railways (RZDL), streamlined intermodal operations to Nepal & Bangladesh and was instrumental in operation & management of the only rail connected Dry Port in Nepal. He organized export of multimodal cargo to Iran in CONCOR owned containers and introduced passive cooling technology in India in collaboration with a Japanese company. He also ensured Continuous Cargo Visibility to customers and Chat Based Customer Grievance System. He played a key role in Company's restructuring from 3-tier to 2-tier, bringing administrative efficiency and financial savings.

He has been trained at Maxwell School of Syracuse University (USA), Antwerp Port, Belgium and at several Institutes in India. Mr. Swarup has presented number of papers in leading National and International conferences in the areas of Multi Modal Logistics, Dry Ports and Supply Chain Management. He is life member of Chartered Institute of Logistics and Transport (CILT), Asian Institute of Transport Development (AITD), Centre for Transportation Research and Management (CTRAM) and All India Management Association (AIMA).





SHRI MANOJ KUMAR DUBEY

Director (Finance) & CFO

Shri Manoj Kumar Dubey took over as Director (Finance) & CFO, CONCOR w.e.f. 31.10.2018. He has done graduation and post-graduation from the Hindu College of the University of Delhi. Before clearing Civil Service in very first attempt and joining IRAS of 1993 batch, he worked with UTI for two years in blazing the trail in the arena of educating and assimilating rural masses into various lucrative schemes of Mutual Funds. He has done MBA from Indian School of Mines, Dhanbad and was conferred the overall Silver Medal for the batch 2011-13 from the then President of India for topping the batch.

A recipient of National Award for outstanding service at Minister of Railways level in the year 2011 and he has paved the path in Indian Railways in ushering - payment of salaries almost 100% through Bank, e-Tendering, e-Auction, payment of the contractor/ supplier through RTGS/NEFT, computerization of bill passing / pension settlement and PF etc. Attained several milestones in systems improvement and contributing phenomenally in operations, incentives and staff posting policy. He has vast experience of Train Operation Management and Freight Loading Mechanism having worked as Head of Finance of three major loading divisions of Indian Railway viz., Dhanbad, Asansol and Mughalsarai for nearly fifteen years.

Being entrusted as Director/Executive Director in PPP Directorate and Finance Commercial Directorate in Railway Board, Shri Dubey has been associated in many prestigious projects like setting up of Loco Factories through PPP/FDI for Indian Railways at Madhepura and Mahrora; has been functioning pivotally in High-Speed Rail of Indian Railways, and that in Dedicated Freight Corridor of Railways as key financial advisor to Infrastructure Directorate. He has also developed expertise in Tariff structuring of freight and passenger trains as well as for catering and tourism contracts at strategic level. He has the experience of drafting many Cabinet Notes and has vast experience of International Competitive Bidding for Mega Projects. Shri Dubey was in the Board of Directors of a Joint Venture Company of General Electricals of USA and IR, Alstom of France and IR, and a Joint Venture Company of NMDC, SAIL and Indian Railways.

During his tenure as Director (Finance) & CFO of CONCOR, he has been instrumental in reorganization of corporate structure. Numerous large capex proposals have been executed under his leadership. Various legacy issues with Indian Railways in respect including leased land were resolved. Under his able leadership Shareholders have skyrocketed from around 55,000 to around 3,00,000, which reflects the ever-increasing confidence of Investor's community.

Apart from excelling in professional responsibilities, he has been equally active in the field of Promotion and Administration of Sports as well as Indian Classical Dance and Music. He has been the Manager/ Government Observer in many Overseas Global Tournament.





SHRI AJIT KUMAR PANDA

Director (Projects & Services)

Shri Ajit Kumar Panda holds Degrees of BE (Hon's) in Mechanical Engineering from NIT, Rourkela and M. Tech (Thermal Engineering) from IIT, Delhi. He has been an Officer of Indian Railway Service of Mechanical Engineers (1990 batch). In his career spanning more than three decades, Shri Panda has acquired rich experience and expertise in Railway services, operations, productions, infrastructure, Rolling Stock and Public Private Partnerships.

Shri Panda has served as Executive Director (Mechanical Engineering and Project Planning & Development) in Rail Vikas Nigam Limited (RVNL), Director (Production Units and Efficiency & Research), Ministry of Railways (Railway Board), Chief Workshop Manager, East Coast Railway, Mancheswar and in various other positions of South Eastern Railway. He has also been a Director in Boards of four SPV companies, namely, Haridaspur Paradip Railway Company Limited, Angul Sukinda Railway Limited, Kutch Railway Company Limited and Krishnapatnam Railway Company Limited.

At RVNL, Shri Panda has led setting up several state of the art factories and depots by fast track turnkey execution through composite contracts. He also opened a new business stream of Rolling Stock at RVNL which has facilitated it to bag the largest ever Railway contract for manufacture and maintenance of 120 Vande Bharat trains in consortium with an international partner. He piloted Rolling Stock plans at Railway Board to rapidly switchover to High Horse Power Locomotives and LHB type coaches and coordinated record production of locomotives, coaches and wagons. He provided transformational leadership at Mancheswar Workshop through a series of interventions for organizational change and development.

Shri Panda has been two times recipient of Railway Minister's National Award for Outstanding Service.

Shri Panda is in the position of Director (Projects & Services) of Container Corporation of India Limited since December, 2022. As a Functional Director in the Board of CONCOR, Shri Panda is in charge of CONCOR's infrastructure including setting up of Multi Modal Logistics Parks, acquisition of new Rolling Stock, Containers and handling machines and development of CONCOR's MIS and IT platforms.





SHRI MOHAMMAD AZHAR SHAMS

Director (Domestic Division)

Shri Mohammad Azhar Shams is B.Tech (Computer Science) alongwith MBA. He is an ex-Indian Railways Traffic Service (IRTS) Officer of 1992 Batch. He started his career from South Eastern Railway and subsequently came to Northern/North Central Railway. During this period, he worked as DOM/Bilaspur, DTM/Tundla, Sr.DCM/Allahabad, Sr.DSO/ Prayagraj.

In 2007 he joined CONCOR on deputation and was made incharge of Vizag Terminal as Sr.GM. He continued there till 2010 and subsequently joined back Indian Railways. From 2010-2015, he worked as Sr.DCM/Kharagpur, Sr.DOM/Kharagpur in South Eastern Railway and Dy.COM/Jabalpur in West Central Railway. During his tenure with Indian Railways, he received many awards and accolades including two General Manager Awards, one Railway Minister Award and a Business and Passenger Services Shield for outstanding performance.

In 2015, he came back to CONCOR on deputation and took absorption there in 2018. He has held various portfolios like GGM/Operations, GGM/Int'l Mktg&HR, CPRO, মুন্তা যাজাৰ্মী, ED/ Int'l Mktg & HR, ED/BD & HR and ED/AREA III. During his CONCOR tenure in last few years, he introduced many business friendly schemes like Block Rake Movement, Concept of Container as Warehousing, Extended Gate facility, 45/90 days free time, Free Repositioning of Empty containers from Port to ICDs, etc. All these helped the Company in facing the ever-increasing competition in the logistic sector. As HR head also, he initiated many cost cutting measures like Restructuring the organisation from a three-tier to a two-tier system, zero based man power review, streamlining the deployment of security guards in the organisation, etc.

He is a Ghazal aficionado. His first book of Ghazal 'Dar Haqeeqat' got published in 2019.





SHRI PRIYARANJAN PARHI
Director (International Marketing & Operations)

Shri Priya Ranjan Parhi is an officer of the Indian Railways Traffic Service (1996) with more than 26 years of involvement in leadership positions in the areas of Railway Operations, Project Planning & Funding, Containerised cargo movements, PPP policy implementation, Freight Corridors, High Speed Corridors and International Rail Cooperation. Concurrently, he holds the post of Executive Director (Infrastructure) in the Railway Board and is the key functionary for Policy Formulation and execution of Special Projects of National importance such as DFC and High Speed corridors. He has been instrumental in the inception of the PPP policy framework for infrastructure development in Railways spearheading investment plans through Joint Ventures and other modes up to Rs 30,000 cr. so far and was also responsible for negotiations with Multilateral funding agencies, the World Bank and JICA for debt financing of DFC and High Speed projects. He has closely monitored linking of Rail network with the upcoming customers such as NICDC for MMLPs and also for Port, Mines and Coal connectivity involving the stake-holders of these sectors. He is the nodal officer for Infrastructure Directorate of Railway Board for the progress monitoring of important projects under PM Gatishakti.

In the earlier assignments he gained knowledge and experience of the Container Logistic Sector working as Group General Manager and Regional Head of CONCOR dealing with Operations, Business Development, Project Planning and government/non-government collaborations for both EXIM and Domestic container business. Importantly, he had also served as Director, Transport Planning in the Railway Board during which the PPP policy for Rail Investment had evolved and fructified through Joint Ventures and other models. His field experience in the Railways has been predominantly in the Freight Operations, Marketing and Planning in the South Eastern, South East Central, East Cost and Northern Railways as Divisional Operations Head and Deputy Chief Operations Manager overseeing Ports, Coal, Steel, Cement, Ores and Container logistics.

As a member of various Inter-Ministerial Committees, his contributions towards policy formulation was recognised in the Task Force on 12th Five Year Plan for Coal and Power, Standing Coal Linkage Committee, Committee for Screening of Coal blocks and Committee on Site Selection for Powerhouses. Further, he has represented the Ministry of Railways in various International Multilateral Transport Forums such as UIC, UNESCAP, SAARC, ASEAN and BIMSTEC for various negotiations on Intergovernmental Agreements and policies on International Rail Corridors and Railway Cooperation.

Additionally, he holds Directorships in PSU/JV companies of IR such as Konkan Railway Corporation, Pipavav Railway Corporation, Hassan Mangalore Rail Development Corporation, Chattisgarh East Railway Company, Chattisgarh East West Railway Company, Mahanadi Coal Railway Company and Jharkhand Central Railway Company as a Government nominee of MoR.

He was awarded Railway Minister's National Award for meritorious service in 2012 and General Manager's Award for meritorious service twice in 2007 and 2014.





SHRI PRABHAS DANSANADirector (Government Nominee)

Shri Prabhas Dansana, an Officer of Indian Railway Traffic Service is currently working as Principal Executive Director, Traffic Transportation(M), Railway Board, Ministry of Railways.

He is responsible for looking after freight operations and related policies. He has held various train operations, Commercial and Safety related assignments in different Divisions and Head Quarters of South Eastern Railway, Eastern Railway and Northeast Frontier Railway.

He has also worked in Kolkata Metro and Container Corporation of India Limited.





SHRI SANDEEP JAINDirector (Government Nominee)

Shri Sandeep Jain joined Indian Railway Service of Engineers (IRSE) in November, 1993 and held various positions i.e., AEN, DEN, Sr. DEN, Dy. Chief Engineer/Track Supply, Sr. DEN/Coord., Dy. Chief Engineer (Construction), CGM/IRCON.

Presently, he is working as Executive Director Planning (Civil & PSU), Railway Board since October, 2021. His extensive experience and leadership in railway engineering and planning contribute significantly to strategic initiatives.





SHRI SATENDRA KUMAR Independent Director

Shri Satendra Kumar is a practicing Chartered Accountant with firm name M/s Satendra & Co., in Patna, Bihar since 2007. In addition, he has post qualification certificates of Valuation of shares and Forensic Accounting & Fraud Detection (FAFD). He had also done his graduation in Physics (Honors) from B.N. College, Patna University, Patna.

He has expertise in Finance, Auditing, Direct and Indirect Taxation, Company Law Matters, Commercial Affairs, Secretarial Matters.





SHRI KEDARASHISH BAPAT Independent Director

Shri Kedarashish Bapat is a practicing Chartered Accountant, as partner of M/s S. B. Dandeker & Co., at Kolkata, West Bengal with over 25 years of experience in providing professional services covering Audits, Direct Taxation, Corporate Laws compliance and Management Consulting to a range of corporate and non corporate entities both in the Public and Private sector. He is a Commerce graduate from St. Xavier's College, Kolkata.

He is a Non Executive Director on the Board of YU Technologies Private Limited since November 2001, a company engaged in research and manufacturing of niche, end to end automation and process control solutions for the Sugar Industry, both in India and abroad. He has also served as an Independent Director from February 2017 to February 2020 on the Board of M/s Bridge & Roof Company (India) Limited, a "Mini Ratna" PSU under the Ministry of Heavy Industries & Public Enterprises.





SHRI CHESONG BIKRAMSING TERANG Independent Director

Shri Chesong Bikramsing Terang (born 01-06-1975) is a BE (Chemical) (from Assam Engineering College, Gauhati University) and being more passionate about writing short stories, inspired by fascinating Karbi legends and myths and real life stories of struggles, triumphs and tragedies.

Shri Terang hails from a humble rural farming family in West Karbi Anglong district of Assam which traces its pedigree to the iconic Waisong and Chesong Terang, medieval folk heroes, who fought for Karbi freedom. Shri Terang did not take up government job to pursue his dream of creative writing and started with a small book shop which he subsequently donated it to a friend and joined as a staff reporter of a local English Daily. Under the pen name of Nong-E Terang, he writes articles in local dailies on issues of the common man that are overlooked by the authorities and by those should be concerned.

Two of his short stories are translated into Hindi and published in Assam ki Kahaniya, a compilation of short stories by professor Sh. Uday Bhanu Pandey, Diphu Government College and published by Sutradhar Prakashan, Kachrapara, ISBN: 970-81-930544-08-2: his writings are in Karbi Studies volume I, II, III & IV and is the author of Black Snack Mountain, ISBN: 978-93-93-114-13-6, published by Centre for Karbi studies.

Shri Terang, who is also a farmer, lives in the small town of Diphu in Karbi Anglong, Assam with his wife and three children.





SMT CHANDRA RAWAT Independent Director

Smt. Chandra Rawat, is a graduate in Sanskrit and bangle from Allahabad University. Presently, she is Kshtriya Upadhyaksh, Avadh Prant, BJP, Lucknow. She was MLA from Assembly - Mohanlal Ganj from 2012 to 2017. Prior to that she was Jila Panchayat Sadasya from Ward - Mohanlal Ganj from 2000 to 2005 and Jila Adhyaksh of mahila Sabha from 1998 to 2012. She has always been actively engaged in social works and politics.



LETTER FROM CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR

Dear Shareholders,

It is my privilege to communicate with you through my first letter after taking over. My heartiest greetings to all of you. I am delighted to share this 36th Annual Report of the Company giving insights into the performance and achievements of the Company during 2023-24 and its plans going forward.

During the year, the global uncertainty stemming from adverse geopolitical developments remained elevated. As per the World Economic Outlook April 2024 from International Monetary Fund (IMF), the global economy registered a growth of 3.2 per cent in 2023 though marginally lower than 3.4 percent in 2022. Despite the global challenges, the Indian economy carried forward the momentum it built in previous year into FY 2023-24. The focus on maintaining macroeconomic stability ensured that external challenges had minimal impact on our economy. India



continues to be an outlier in terms of growth as its GDP grew by a robust 8.2% driven primarily by strong growth in investments, manufacturing and government spending.

In the backdrop of international supply chain vulnerabilities caused by geopolitical instability, it is comforting to note that your company has delivered robust performance on all fronts during the year. It has handled 4.72 million TEUs with an increase of 8.23% over the previous year. Gross revenue earned was Rs.9010 crores with an increase of 6.9% over previous year driven by a surge in container handling and transportation volumes. The net profit was Rs.1230.79 crores with an increase of 5.2% over previous year reflecting our focus on operational efficiency and cost optimization. The throughput, revenue and net profit achieved by the Company were highest ever in any financial year.

The Company has rewarded its shareholders by paying dividend every quarter. During the year three interim dividends totalling to 180% (Rs.9.00 per share) were paid and a final dividend of 50% (Rs.2.50 per share) has been recommended. The total dividend for the year would be Rs.700.69 Crores which would be 56.93% of the net profit. The market capitalization of the Company at the end of the year was Rs.53,746 crores.

The company is fully convinced about the long term sustainable economic growth of our country fostering bright prospects for logistics sector which is vital for trade and commerce. Therefore, the Company is continuing with the strategy of expanding its infrastructure and entering into new alliances. The capital expenditure incurred on development/ expansion of terminals, acquisition of wagons, handling equipments and IT infrastructure during the year was Rs.745 crores. Three new terminals at Jajpur, Kodakola and Paradeep were developed during the year. To promote Atmanirbhar Bharat in container manufacturing, orders were placed on domestic manufacturers who are now supplying containers for Company's business needs. The Company with its strong capabilities in the form of network of 66 Terminals; 16,997 wagons; 44,492 Containers; 108 RSTs etc. is well poised to achieve its objectives and retain its leadership position in the industry.

The Government of India is creating infrastructure in a big way with massive investment in the Railways and Road sectors. This will ensure supply chain efficiency and is likely to reduce logistics costs in the country. Indian Railways as a mode of transport can play an important role in lowering the logistics cost as it is significantly cost and time efficient over medium to long distances. With the thrust on investment in infrastructure in the union budget, Rs.11 lakh crores which is 3.4% of the GDP, has been allocated towards capital expenditure in which Rs.2.55 lakh crore is for Railways. This reflects Government's resolve to develop a world-class logistics ecosystem in the country that can support growing trade. The National Logistics Policy (NLP) is a great enabler helping in streamlining the processes for seamless coordination. The Gati Shakti Cargo Terminal policy of Indian Railways for multi-modal connectivity has promoted private investment in cargo terminal development.

The Government's clear focus on infrastructure development, productivity linked incentives, digital connectivity and improving the ease of doing business and a stable policy environment will play a significant role in driving



India's rise as a global supplier of goods and services. Aided by various initiatives of the Government, India's rank in Logistics Performance Index (LPI) of World Bank has jumped 6 places to 38 out of 139 countries.

Your Company is steadily marching ahead on the path of growth with its mantra of 'Think Logistics Think CONCOR'. The strategy is focused on setting up Multi Modal Logistics Parks (MMLPs) along Dedicated Freight Corridors (DFCs), increase in double stack haul of containers, value added services, innovative use of technology, expanding warehousing business, venture internationally, development of Rail Transshipment Hubs (RTH), operating State-of-the-Art Warehouses under PPP mode, movement of Bulk Cement in Tank Containers, storage and transportation of Liquid Cargo, etc.

The Company has taken a significant leap towards sustainable logistics by signing MOUs with IOCL & IGL, aiming to mutually explore opportunities in the use of LNG as fuel. The Company is now enhancing its First Mile and Last Mile (FMLM) service capability by adding 200 Liquified Natural Gas (LNG) Trucks to its fleet of 100 Trucks. The green logistics initiatives of the Company include deployment of LNG trucks and setting up solar based infrastructure at various terminals. Keeping in pace with the dynamics of the logistics industry, your company has also adopted various technological advances in logistics such as digital solutions in operations, launch of logistics apps, adoption of ice-battery technology in cold chain logistics, AI based Terminal management contributing towards enhanced productivity, customer centric services and logistics efficiency.

The HR strategy in the organisation promotes diversity, equality and inclusivity taking care of the health and safety needs of its employees who are working relentlessly towards achieving the mission and objectives of the company. They are imparted necessary training for skill upgradation thereby updating them with the changing requirements of the business. The work culture is open and dynamic enabling employees to take initiative in jobs with active support of the top management. The process of development of HR delivery mechanism has been democratized by providing accessibility to all employees to HRMS and Mobile Apps based HR applications ushering an era of developing digital mind-set within the organisation.

The Corporate governance, transparency and ethics have been fundamental pillars of your Company's success. As testimony to this, the Company has been rated outstanding by DPE on Corporate Governance parameters and it has received "NIL" comments from Comptroller & Auditor General of India (CAG) on the financial statements of the year 2023-24. The CSR activities of the Company are inter-alia focused on education, skill development, environment sustainability, sports and infrastructure development. Through its initiatives under CSR, it has impacted positively the lives of a large number of beneficiaries in the country and the work done by it has been appreciated by the stakeholders.

To conclude, I express my sincere appreciation to my fellow Board members for their valuable inputs and guidance. I am grateful to our shareholders for their trust in the management. I also thank Ministry of Railways, Department of Customs (Ministry of Finance), Central and State Governments, Value Chain partners, Customers, Regulators, etc., for their encouragement and support. I would like to place on record my appreciation for team CONCOR for their outstanding performance and with their commitment and talent, the Company is well positioned to achieve new pinnacle of success in future.

My best wishes to you and your family members!

Date: 30.08.2024 Place: New Delhi sd/-(Sanjay Swarup) Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 05159435



NOTICE

CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

Regd. Office: C-3, CONCOR Bhawan, Mathura Road, Opp. Apollo Hospital, New Delhi-110076. CIN: L63011DL1988GOI030915, Website: www.concorindia.co.in Phone: 011-41222500 / 600, Email: investorrelations@concorindia.com,

Notice is hereby given that the 36th Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of Container Corporation of India Limited will be held on Wednesday, 25th September, 2024 at 15.00 hrs. through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means ("VC/ OAVM") to transact, with or without modifications, as may be permissible, the following businesses:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions:

- 1) To receive, consider, approve and adopt the Audited Financial Statements (Standalone and Consolidated) of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2024, including Balance Sheet as at 31stMarch, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended on that date and the Reports of Board of Directors, Auditors and comments of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India thereon.
- 2) To confirm the payment of three Interim dividends and to declare Final dividend on equity shares for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024.
- 3) To appoint a Director in place of Shri Ajit Kumar Panda, Director (Projects & Services) (DIN: 08221385), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.
- 4) To appoint a Director in place of Shri Mohammad Azhar Shams, Director (Domestic Division) (DIN: 07627473), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.
- 5) To take note of the appointment of M/s. Hem Sandeep & Co., Chartered Accountants, New Delhi as Statutory Auditors of the Company and fix auditors' remuneration and to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT the appointment of M/s. Hem Sandeep & Co., Chartered Accountants, as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2023-24 in terms of the order No./CA.V/COY/CENTRAL GOVERNMENT,CCIL(1)/39 dated 12.09.2023 of Comptroller & Auditor General of India (C&AG) be and is hereby noted. The Statutory Auditors' of the Company, as appointed by C&AG of India from time to time, may be paid such remuneration as may be fixed by the Board of Directors of the Company."

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

6) To approve the appointment of Shri Sanjay Swarup (DIN: 05159435), as Chairman and Managing Director.

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, Regulation 17(1C) and other applicable provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and/or any other applicable laws (including any statutory amendment(s), modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force),



Shri Sanjay Swarup (DIN: 05159435), who was appointed as Chairman and Managing Director by Ministry of Railways, Railway Board, Govt. of India, vide its order no.2022/E(O)II/40/13 dated 30.08.2023 and was accordingly appointed by the Board of Directors, on recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, as Chairman and Managing Director on the Board of the Company from the date of his assumption of charge of the post on or after 01.10.2023 and till 31.07.2026 (i.e. the date of his superannuation) or until further orders, whichever is earlier and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from the Chairman and Managing Director himself, be and is hereby appointed as the Chairman and Managing Director of the Company from 01.10.2023 and till 31.07.2026 (i.e. the date of his superannuation) or until further orders and he shall be liable to retire by rotation."

7) To approve the appointment of Shri Priyaranjan Parhi (DIN: 09499859), as Director (International Marketing & Operations).

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, Regulation 17(1C) and other applicable provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and/or any other applicable laws (including any statutory amendment(s), modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), Shri Priyaranjan Parhi (DIN: 09499859), who was entrusted the charge of Director (International Marketing & Operations) (additional charge) by Ministry of Railways, Railway Board, Govt. of India, vide its order no.2015/E(O)II/40/7 Pt.4, dated 11.10.2023 and was accordingly appointed by the Board of Directors, on recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, as Director (International Marketing & Operations) (additional charge) on the Board of the Company with effect from 23.10.2023 and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from the Director himself, be and is hereby appointed as the Director (International Marketing & Operations) (additional charge) of the Company till appointment of a regular incumbent to the post or until further orders, whichever is the earliest and he shall be liable to retire by rotation."

8) To approve the appointment of Shri Sandeep Jain (DIN: 09435375), as Part Time Government Director.

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, Regulation 17(1C) and other applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and/or any other applicable laws (including any statutory amendment(s), modification(s), or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), Shri Sandeep Jain (DIN: 09435375), who was appointed as Part-time Government Director by Ministry of Railways, Railway Board, Govt. of India, vide its order no.2022/PL/57/10, dated 20.03.2024 and was accordingly appointed by the Board of Directors, on recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, as Part-time Government Director on the Board of the Company with effect from 20.03.2024 and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from the Director himself, be and is hereby appointed as the Part-time Government Director of the Company till he holds the post of Executive Director/ Planning (Civil & PSU), Railway Board or further orders, whichever is earlier and he shall be liable to retire by rotation."

9) To approve the appointment of Shri Prabhas Dansana (DIN: 07973307), as Part Time Government Director.

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:



"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, Regulation 17(1C) and other applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and/or any other applicable laws (including any statutory amendment(s), modification(s), or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), Shri Prabhas Dansana (DIN: 07973307), who was appointed as Part-time Government Director by Ministry of Railways, Railway Board, Govt. of India, vide its order no.2022/PL/57/10, dated 20.05.2024 and was accordingly appointed by the Board of Directors, on recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, as Part-time Government Director on the Board of the Company with effect from 20.05.2024 and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from the Director himself, be and is hereby appointed as the Part-time Government Director of the Company till he holds the post of Principal Executive Director/ TT(M), Railway Board or further orders, whichever is earlier and he shall be liable to retire by rotation."

By order of Board of CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

Date: 30.08.2024

Place: New Delhi

(Harish Chandra)

Executive Director (Finance) & Company Secretary

NOTES:

- 1. The following is annexed with this notice:
 - i) Explanatory Statement pursuant to section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (SEBI LODR Regulations) in respect of the Special Business, as applicable.
 - ii) Instructions for remote e-voting for business set out in the Notice to be transacted through electronic voting system for which the Company is providing facility for voting by electronic means.
 - iii) A brief resume of the Directors seeking appointment or re-appointment at this AGM as required under Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and Secretarial Standard 2 on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ("ICSI").
- 2. CONCOR is a Government Company under the administrative control of the Ministry of Railways (MoR), Government of India and the power to appoint/nominate Director(s) vests with the Government of India. All Directors of the Company viz. Executive, Non- Executive and Independent Directors are appointed/ nominated by Ministry of Railways, Government of India based on the skills/ expertise/competencies required for the Company. In view thereof, the Board of Directors has not identified the list of core skills/expertise/competencies required by a Director in the context of Company's business, as required under SEBI LODR Regulations.
- 3. CONCOR is a Government Company, therefore, the remuneration of its Whole Time Directors is determined by the Government of India.
- 4. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India ("MCA") issued General Circular Nos. 14/2020, 17/2020, 20/2020, 02/2021, 19/2021, 21/2021, 2/2022, 10/2022 and 09/2023 dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 5, 2020, January 13, 2021, December 8, 2021, December 14, 2021, May 5, 2022, December 28, 2022 and September 25, 2023, respectively, ("MCA Circulars") allowing, inter-alia, conducting of AGMs through Video Conferencing / Other Audio-Visual Means ("VC / OAVM") facility on or before September 30, 2024, in accordance with the requirements provided in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the MCA General Circular No. 20/2020. The Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") also vide its Circular No.



SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020; SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/ CFD/ CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated January 15, 2021, SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/P/CIR/2021/602 dated July 23, 2021, Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/ CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022, Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/POD-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated January 5, 2023 and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/167 dated October 7, 2023 ("SEBI Circulars") has provided certain relaxations from compliance with certain provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"). In compliance with these Circulars, provisions of the Act and Listing Regulations, the 36th AGM of the Company is being conducted through VC / OAVM facility, without the physical presence of Members at a common venue. The deemed venue for the 36th AGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company.

- 5. Pursuant to section 105 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), a proxy is allowed to be appointed, to attend and vote at a general meeting on behalf of a member who is not able to attend personally. Since, the Company is conducting AGM through VC /OAVM, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM and therefore, Proxy Form is not forming part of the Notice.
- 6. Since AGM is being conducted through VC/ OAVM and no physical presence is required, therefore, attendance slip and Route Map of the Venue is also not forming part of the Notice. Members attending the AGM through VC/ OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- 7. Pursuant to Section 101 of Companies Act, 2013 read with the relevant Rules, the Company is allowed to serve documents like notices, annual reports, etc., in electronic form to its members. It also facilitates prompt receipt of communications and thereby reduces postal transit losses. In compliance with the aforementioned MCA and SEBI Circulars, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2023-24 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Depository Participant. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2023-24 will also be available on the Company's website www.concorindia.co.in, websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively, and on the website of National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) https://www.evoting.nsdl.com.

Any member desirous of obtaining a hard copy of the Annual Report for the Financial Year 2023-24, may send request to the Company's e-mail address at investorrelations@concorindia.com mentioning Folio No./DP ID and Client ID.

- 8. Members desirous of making a nomination in respect of their shareholding in the Company, as permitted under Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 are requested to write to RTA of the Company in prescribed form as per the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014. For relevant forms, please visit the Company's website at https://concorindia.co.in/investors-relations.asp. In case of shares held in dematerialized form, the nomination form has to be lodged directly with the respective Depository Participant (DP).
- 9. All the documents referred to in the accompanying notice and the statement pursuant to Section 102 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 shall be available for inspection through electronic mode. For inspection of said documents, members are requested to write to the Company on investorrelations@concorindia.com on or before 20.09.2024 mentioning their name, demat account number, folio number, email ID, and mobile number. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which Directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, will be available for inspection by the members during the AGM.
- 10. In pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Act, Corporate Members intending to participate through their authorized representatives in the AGM are requested to send a duly certified copy of the Board Resolution/ Power of Attorney authorizing their representative to participate and vote on their behalf at the Annual General Meeting, by email at investorrelations@concorindia.com.



- 11. The equity shares of the Company are in compulsory demat mode and sale/purchase of the same is required to take place in dematerialized form only.
- 12. The Securities and Exchange Board of India has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in the securities market. Accordingly, members holding shares in electronic form are requested to submit their PAN to the Depository Participants with whom they maintain their demat account(s). Members holding shares in physical form should submit their PAN to the Company or RTA. Members may please note that SEBI has also made it mandatory for submission of PAN in the following cases, viz. (i) Deletion of name of the deceased shareholder(s) (ii) Transmission of shares to the legal heir(s); and (iii) Transposition of shares.
- 13. SEBI has made it mandatory to furnish PAN, email address, mobile number, bank account details, specimen signature and nomination by holders of physical securities. Accordingly, the concerned shareholders to furnish valid PAN, KYC and nomination details/ documents immediately to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA).
- 14. Members may note that SEBI vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/8 dated January 25, 2022 has mandated the listed companies to issue securities in dematerialized form only while processing service requests, viz. Issue of duplicate securities certificate; renewal/ exchange of securities certificate; endorsement; sub-division/ splitting of securities certificate; consolidation of securities certificates/folios; transmission and transposition. Therefore, members holding shares in physical mode are requested to get their holdings converted into dematerialized mode.
- 15. Members who hold shares in physical form are requested to send all correspondence concerning updation/ registration of their email address, change in address and bank account, etc. to RTA of the Company and in case of shares held in electronic mode, to their respective Depository Participants. To prevent fraudulent transactions, members are advised to exercise due diligence and notify change in address or demise of any member as soon as possible. Members are also advised not to leave their demat account(s) dormant for long. Periodic statement of holdings should be obtained from the concerned Depository Participant and holdings should be verified.
- 16. Pursuant to Section 91 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Register of Members and Share Transfer Books will remain closed from 19.09.2024 to 25.09.2024 (both days inclusive) for 36th AGM and for the purpose of determining entitlement of members to final dividend for the financial year ended on 31.03.2024.
- 17. During the year 1st Interim Dividend of Rs.2.00 per share (40%) of Rs.5/- each; 2nd Interim Dividend of Rs.3.00 per share (60%) of Rs.5/- each and 3rd Interim Dividend of Rs.4.00 per share (80%) of Rs.5/- each was paid to the shareholders. The Final dividend on equity shares as recommended by the Directors for the year ended on 31.03.2024, is Rs.2.50 per equity share (50%) of Rs.5/- each, which is subject to approval of Shareholders in AGM and if approved by the members at the Annual General Meeting, will be paid:
 - (i) to those Members whose names appear in the Register of Members of the Company, after giving effect to all valid Share Transfers lodged with the Company and its Registrar on or before 18.09.2024.
 - (ii) in respect of Shares held in electronic form, to those "deemed members" whose names appear on the Statements of beneficial ownership furnished by National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL), at the end of business hours on 18.09.2024.
- 18. As SEBI has made usage of electronic payment modes for making payments (like Dividend) to the investors mandatory, therefore members are advised to register the requisite particulars of their bank account in respect of shares held in dematerialised form with their respective depository participants, to enable the Company to make payment of dividend by electronic mode. Those holding shares in physical form may send their requisite bank account particulars to RTA of the Company. Those who have already furnished their banking particulars in this regard, need not send it again. In case the Company is unable to pay the dividend to any shareholder by



the electronic mode, due to non-availability of the details of the bank account or due to any other reason(s), the Company will dispatch the dividend warrants to such shareholder by post.

- 19. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 and Amendment Rules 2017 notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company is required to transfer all shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed by the Members for seven consecutive years or more in the name of Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF)Authority. Adhering to various requirements set out in the Rules, the Company takes appropriate action for transferring the shares to the Demat Account opened by the IEPF Authority, as and when they become due for such transfer. The Company has also uploaded details of such Members whose shares have been transferred to IEPF Authority on its website at https://concorindia.co.in/investors-relations.asp
- 20. Shareholders may note that pursuant to the provisions of Sections 124 and 125 of the Act, dividends which remain unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of transfer to the unpaid dividend account are required to be transferred to IEPF established by the Central Government. Thereafter, no claim shall be entertained by the company in respect of dividend transferred to the said Fund. The details of unpaid dividend are uploaded on the website of the Company at https://concorindia.co.in/investors-relations.asp.
- 21. The Company has transferred the unpaid or unclaimed dividend declared upto financial year 2015-16 and interim dividend of 2016-17 to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

Shareholders who have not encashed their dividend warrant(s) so far for the financial year ended 2016-17 (final dividend) or any subsequent financial year(s), are requested to make their claim to the Company or RTA of the Company. As per the Investor Education and Protection Fund (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 (IEPF Rules), as amended from time to time, the Company has uploaded the information in respect of the unpaid/ unclaimed dividends on the website of the IEPF viz. www.iepf.gov.in and under "Investors Relations Section" on the Website of the Company viz. www.concorindia.co.in.

Further, as per the provisions of IEPF Rules, the shares on which dividend had remained unpaid/ unclaimed for a period of continuous seven years or more were liable to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Authority. Members are advised to visit the website: www.concorindia.co.in to ascertain details of shares liable for transfer in the name of IEPF Authority.

Section 125 of the Act provides that a member whose dividend(s) / equity share(s) have been transferred to the IEPF shall be entitled to claim refund therefrom. The procedure for claiming the unpaid/unclaimed dividend and equity shares transferred to IEPF Authority is provided at http://www.iepf.gov.in/IEPF/refund.html.

To avoid such situation, the members are requested to write to RTA or to the Company for claiming the unpaid / unclaimed dividend.

- 22. Pursuant to provisions of Companies Act, 2013, the Auditors of a Government Company are appointed/reappointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General (C&AG) of India and in terms of provisions contained in Companies Act 2013, their remuneration shall be fixed by the Company in a General Meeting or in such manner as the Company in a General Meeting may determine. In pursuance of the same, C&AG of India had appointed M/s. Hem Sandeep & Co., Chartered Accountants, as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-24. Accordingly, the members are requested to authorize the Board of Directors of the Company to fix the remuneration for the Statutory Auditors of the Company appointed by C&AG of India from time to time.
- 23. Members desiring any information as regards to the businesses proposed to be transacted at this meeting are requested to write to the Company in advance mentioning their name, demat account number / folio number, e-mail id, mobile number at investorrelations@concorindia.com. Questions / queries received by the Company till 5.00 p.m. on 20.09.2024 shall be considered and responded during the AGM.



- 24. Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may register themselves as a 'Speaker' and may send their request mentioning their name, demat account number / folio number, email id, mobile number at investorrelations@concorindia.com between 9.00 a.m. on 18.09.2024 and 5.00 p.m. on 20.09.2024. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of questions and number of speakers, depending on the availability of time for the AGM.
- 25. The voting rights of the shareholders shall be in proportion to their shares in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date of 18.09.2024. In terms of the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, substituted by the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015, and regulation 44 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Company has provided a facility to the members to exercise their votes electronically through the electronic voting service facility arranged by National Securities Depositary Limited (NSDL). The facility for voting will also be made available at the AGM and the members attending the AGM who have not already casted their votes by remote e-voting shall be able to exercise their voting right at the AGM. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting as well as voting at the AGM. A person who is not a member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice for information purpose only.
- 26. It may be noted that the members can opt for only one mode of voting i.e. either e-voting or exercising this right in the meeting. Therefore, members who have cast their votes by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may attend the AGM but shall not be entitled to cast their votes again.
- 27. In order to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner and to carry out the required activities and based on consent received, the Board of Directors has appointed Shri Rakesh Kumar of M/s R K & Associates, Company Secretaries (Membership No. F7695), as the Scrutinizer. Further, the Company has also appointed Shri Deepak Kumar of M/s Akhil Rohatgi & Co., Company Secretaries (Membership No. F10189) as the alternate scrutinizer.
- 28. E-Voting period and Result Declaration:
 - i) The e-voting period commences on 21.09.2024 (09.00 A.M. IST) and ends on 24.09.2024 (05.00 P.M. IST). During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of 18.09.2024 (end of the day), may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the shareholder, the shareholder shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.
 - ii) The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of the voting at AGM, count the votes cast at the AGM and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in the presence of at least two (2) witnesses not in the employment of the Company. The Scrutinizer shall submit a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, not later than two working days of the conclusion of the AGM to the Chairman of the Company. The Chairman or any other person authorized by the Chairman, shall declare the result of voting forthwith.
 - iii) Subject to receipt of requisite number of votes, the resolutions proposed in the notice shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the meeting i.e. 25.09.2024.
 - iv) The result declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report will be placed on the Company's website www.concorindia.co.in and on the website of NSDL www.evoting.nsdl.com after the results are declared by the Chairman or any person authorized by the Chairman and the same shall be communicated to the Stock Exchanges where the equity shares of Company are listed.
- 29. The Company will be providing one-way live webcast of the proceedings of the AGM on the NSDL website. You may access the same by following the process mentioned in the notice under Access to NSDL system. The link will be available in shareholder login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed.
- 30. Procedure for joining the AGM through VC/OAVM:



- a. NSDL will be providing facility for voting through remote e-Voting, for participation in the 36th AGM through VC/OAVM facility and e-Voting during the 36th AGM.
- b. Members may note that the VC/OAVM facility, allows participation of at least 1,000 Members on a first-come-first-served basis.
- c. Members will be able to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM or view the live webcast of AGM provided by NSDL at https://www.evoting.nsdl.com by using their remote e-voting login credentials and selecting the link available against the EVEN for Company's AGM.

Members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned below in the Notice.

- d. Facility of joining the AGM through VC / OAVM shall open 30 minutes before the time scheduled for the AGM and will be available for Members on first-come-first-served basis.
- e. Members who need assistance before or during the AGM, can contact NSDL on evoting@nsdl.co.in / 022-48867000 or 022-24997000 or contact Ms. Pallavi Mhatre, Senior Manager NSDL at evoting@nsdl.co.in / 022-24994553.
- 31. Members may note that as per the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961, as amended by the Finance Act, 2020, dividends paid or distributed by the Company after 1stApril 2020, are taxable in the hands of the shareholders and the Company is required to deduct tax at source (TDS) at the prescribed rates from the dividend to be paid to shareholders. For details regarding the applicability of TDS on dividend for different shareholders and other related particulars members may refer to information placed on Company website at the link https://concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/Communicationtoshareholders.pdf. Further, the TDS certificates for tax deducted at source can be downloaded by the shareholder(s) from the link http://tds.concorindia.com.
- 32. Members are requested to:
 - i) quote their Folio/ Client ID and DP ID Nos., email address, contact no., etc. in all correspondence with the Company/ RTA;
 - ii) note that no gifts/ coupons will be announced/ distributed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of Board of CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

Date: 30.08.2024 sd/-

Place: New Delhi (Harish Chandra)

Executive Director (Finance) & Company Secretary



EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013, SEBI (LODR) REGULATIONS AND SECRETARIAL STANDARD-2, CONTAINING MATERIAL FACTS IN RESPECT OF ITEMS OF SPECIAL BUSINESSES SET OUT IN THE NOTICE of 36th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Item No.6

The Ministry of Railways vide its order no. 2022/E(O)II/40/13, dated 30.08.2023 communicated the appointment of Shri Sanjay Swarup (DIN: 05159435) as Chairman and Managing Director of the company from the date of his assumption of charge of the post on or after 01.10.2023 and till 31.07.2026 (i.e. the date of his superannuation) or until further orders, whichever is earlier. Accordingly, the Board of Directors on recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee appointed Shri Sanjay Swarup (DIN: 05159435) as Chairman and Managing Director of the company from the date of his assumption of charge of the post on or after 01.10.2023 and till 31.07.2026 (i.e. the date of his superannuation) or until further orders, whichever is earlier. Shri Sanjay Swarup took over the charge of Chairman & Managing Director on 01.10.2023.

The terms and conditions regulating the appointment of Shri Sanjay Swarup as Chairman and Managing Director are to be determined by the Government of India. His brief resume, inter-alia, giving nature of expertise in specific functional area are provided with this notice. He would be liable to retire by rotation under Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per Regulation 17(1C) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Company is required to obtain the approval of shareholders for appointment or re-appointment of a person on the Board of Directors at the next General Meeting.

The Board of Directors considers that in view of the background and experience of Shri Sanjay Swarup, it would be in the interest of the Company to appoint him as Chairman and Managing Director of the Company. The Board recommends the resolution for your approval.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives except Shri Sanjay Swarup, Chairman and Managing Director, being the appointee himself, is in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution.

Item No.7

The Ministry of Railways vide its order no. 2015/E(O)II/40/7 Pt.4 dated 11.10.2023 communicated that Shri Priyaranjan Parhi (DIN: 09499859), IRTS, Executive Director (Infra) Railway Board may be entrusted the additional charge of the post of Director (International Marketing & Operations) of the Company, in addition to his own w.e.f. the date of assumption of charge till appointment of a regular incumbent to the post or until further orders, whichever is the earliest. Accordingly, with the recommendation of Nomination & Remuneration Committee (NRC), he was appointed as Director (International Marketing & Operations) (additional Charge) of the Company by the Board of Directors w.e.f. 23.10.2023 till appointment of a regular incumbent to the post or until further orders, whichever is the earliest. Subsequently, vide Order No. 2015/E(O)II/40/7 Pt.4, dated 01.07.2024, Competent Authority has approved the extension of additional Charge of the post of Director (International Marketing & Operations) for a period of 06 months w.e.f. 23.07.2024 or till the appointment of a regular incumbent to the post, or until further orders, whichever is the earliest.

The terms and conditions regulating the appointment of Shri Priyaranjan Parhi are to be determined by the Government of India. His brief resume, inter-alia, giving nature of expertise in specific functional area are provided with this notice. He would be liable to retire by rotation under Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per Regulation 17(1C) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Company is required to obtain the approval of shareholders for appointment or re-appointment of a person on the Board of Directors at the next General Meeting.

The Board of Directors considers that in view of the background and experience of Shri Priyaranjan Parhi, it would be in the interest of the Company to appoint him as Director (International Marketing & Operations) of the Company. The Board recommends the resolution for your approval.



None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives except Shri Priyaranjan Parhi, Director (International Marketing & Operations), being the appointee himself, is in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution.

Item No.8

The Ministry of Railways vide its order no. 2022/PL/57/10, dated 20.03.2024 communicated the appointment of Shri Sandeep Jain, Executive Director/ Planning (Civil & PSU), Railway Board, (DIN: 09435375) as Part Time Government Director on the board of CONCOR. Accordingly, with the recommendation of Nomination & Remuneration Committee (NRC), he was appointed as Part Time Government Director of the Company by the Board of Directors w.e.f. 20.03.2024 till he holds the post of Executive Director/Planning (Civil & PSU), Railway Board or further orders, whichever is earlier.

The terms and conditions regulating the appointment of Shri Sandeep Jain are to be determined by the Government of India. His brief resume, inter-alia, giving nature of expertise in specific functional area are provided with this notice. He would be liable to retire by rotation under Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per Regulation 17(1C) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Company is required to obtain the approval of shareholders for appointment or re-appointment of a person on the Board of Directors at the next General Meeting.

The Board of Directors considers that in view of the background and experience of Shri Sandeep Jain, it would be in the interest of the Company to appoint him as Part Time Government Director of the Company. The Board recommends the resolution for your approval.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives except Shri Sandeep Jain, being the appointee himself, is in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution.

Item No.9

The Ministry of Railways vide its order no. 2022/PL/57/10, dated 20.05.2024 communicated the appointment of Shri Prabhas Dansana, Principal Executive Director/TT(M), Railway Board, (DIN: 07973307) as Part Time Government Director on the board of CONCOR. Accordingly, with the recommendation of Nomination & Remuneration Committee (NRC), he was appointed as Part Time Government Director of the Company by the Board of Directors w.e.f. 20.05.2024 till he holds the post of Principal Executive Director/TT (M), Railway Board or further orders, whichever is earlier.

The terms and conditions regulating the appointment of Shri Prabhas Dansana are to be determined by the Government of India. His brief resume, inter-alia, giving nature of expertise in specific functional area are provided with this notice. He would be liable to retire by rotation under Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per Regulation 17(1C) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Company is required to obtain the approval of shareholders for appointment or re-appointment of a person on the Board of Directors at the next General Meeting.

The Board of Directors considers that in view of the background and experience of Shri Prabhas Dansana, it would be in the interest of the Company to appoint him as Part Time Government Director of the Company. The Board recommends the resolution for your approval.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives except Shri Prabhas Dansana, being the appointee himself, is in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution.

By order of Board of CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

Date: 30.08.2024 Place: New Delhi sd/-(Harish Chandra)

Executive Director (Finance) & Company Secretary



BRIEF RESUME AND OTHER PARTICULARS OF DIRECTORS RETIRING BY ROTATION/ SEEKING APPOINTMENT/ REAPPOINTMENT [REFER POINT (1) OF NOTES TO NOTICE]

Particulars	Shri Sanjay Swarup	Shri Ajit Kumar	Shri Mohammad	Shri Priya Ranjan	Shri Sandeep	Shri Prabhas
		Panda	Azhar Shams	Parhi	Jain	Dansana
	(Appointment)	(Reappointment)	(Reappointment)	(Appointment)	(Appointment)	(Appointment)
DIN	05159435	08221385	07627473	09499859	09435375	07973307
Qualification and	Refer Note 1	Refer Note 2	Refer Note 3	Refer Note 4	Refer Note 5	Refer Note 6
Experience						
Date of Birth (Age)	01.08.1966 (58 years)	22.08.1968 (56 years)	19.02.1966 (58 years)	14.10.1968 (56 years)	21.08.1968 (56 years)	24.03.1968 (56 years)
Terms and Conditions	He was appointed	He was appointed	He was appointed	He was appointed	He was appointed	He was appointed
of Appointment/	Director in the year	as Director in terms	as Director in terms	as Director in terms	as Director in	as Director in terms
Reappointment	2016 in terms of	of orders of	of orders of	of orders of	terms of orders of	of orders of
	orders of Ministry of	Ministry of	Ministry of	Ministry of	Ministry of	Ministry of
	Railways, Govt. of	Railways, Govt. of	Railways, Govt. of	Railways, Govt. of	Railways, Govt.	Railways, Govt. of
	India.	India.	India.	India.	of India.	India.
	He is liable to retire by	He is liable to retire				
	rotation.	by rotation.	by rotation.	by rotation.	by rotation.	by rotation.
Date of first Appointment	01.09.2016	28.12.2022	01.02.2023	23.10.2023	20.03.2024	20.05.2024
to Board						
Disclosure of Relationship	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
with other Directors						
Remuneration last drawn	Pay scale of	Pay scale of	Pay scale of	Being on Additional	Nil	Nil
and proposed	Rs.2,00,000 -	Rs.1,80,000 –	Rs.1,80,000 –	Charge from Railway		
	3,70,000 & other	3,40,000 & other	3,40,000 & other	Board, no		
	emoluments are as per	emoluments are as	emoluments are as	remuneration is paid		
	Govt./Company	per Govt./Company	per Govt./Company	by the company,		
	Policy	Policy.	Policy.			
Shareholding in the	550 equity shares of	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Company	Rs.5/- each					
No. of Board Meetings	7 out of 7	7 out of 7	7 out of 7	3 out of 3	NA	NA
attended during the year						
Directorship of other	1. Fresh & Healthy	1. Nil	1. Fresh & Healthy	3. Pipavav	1. Maharashtra	1. Pipavav
Board	Enterprises		Enterprises	Railway	Metro Rail	Railway
	Limited		Limited	Corporation Ltd.	Corporation	Corporation Ltd.



	CONCOR Air Limited SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Limited		 CONCOR Air Limited SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Limited Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Ltd. Container gateway Ltd. 	 Jharkhand Central Railway Limited Chhatisgarh Eastwest Railway Limited Hassan Mangalore Rail Development Company Ltd. Mahanadi Coal Railway Ltd. Konkan Railway Corporation Ltd. Chhatisgarh East Railway Ltd. 	Ltd. 2. RITES Ltd 3. Jharkand Rail Infrastructure Development Corp. Ltd.	
Membership/ Chairmanship of Committees of other Board (s)	Nil	Nil	Audit Committee Chairperson CONCOR Air Limited Member Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited Risk Management Committee Chairperson CONCOR Air Limited Nomination and Remuneration	Sub-Committee of HR Chairperson • Pipavav Railway Corporation Ltd.	Nomination and Remuneration Committee Member • RITES Ltd Stakeholder Relationship Committee Member • RITES Ltd	Nil



			Committee Member • Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited • Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited			
Name of listed entities from which the person has resigned/ceased to hold the post in the past three years	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1. Ircon International Ltd.	Nil



Note 1:

Mr. Sanjay Swarup has done his B.E. (Hons.) – Electronics and Communication Engineering from IIT Roorkee and PGDM (Public Policy and Management) from IIM Bangalore. He belongs to 1990 Batch of Indian Railway Traffic Service (IRTS).

Mr. Swarup has extensive experience of leadership roles in CPSE and Government. His more than three decades career spans a range of assignments in Public Sector and Government. He started his carrier in Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd. (BHEL) and worked there for more than 4 years. Thereafter, he worked with Indian Railways in various areas like Operations, Commercial, Safety and Information Technology functions. Prior to taking over as CMD, Mr. Swarup was holding the profile of Director (International Marketing & Operations), managing around 80% of CONCOR's business: Marketing Operations, Infrastructure development & Strategic Planning.

He is an expert in design, operation & management of Dry Ports & MMLPs and has got rich experience in railway operations, commercial and I.T. functions. Mr. Swarup has designed/commissioned and operationalized 15 greenfield MMLPs (@INR 3 billion each), took several IT initiatives in the Company like KYCL/Logistics App/Digital workplace solution/AI based TMS and introduced innovative marketing strategies like business solutions/long term agreements/credit policy to make CONCOR the market leader. He was instrumental in running of Time Tabled container trains and streamlined the Double Stack container trains, thereby saving 48% expenses on empty flat wagons. He was actively involved in negotiations and signing of INSTC MoU/service agreement with JSC Russian Railways (RZDL), streamlined intermodal operations to Nepal & Bangladesh and was instrumental in operation & management of the only rail connected Dry Port in Nepal. He organized export of multimodal cargo to Iran in CONCOR owned containers and introduced passive cooling technology in India in collaboration with a Japanese company. He also ensured Continuous Cargo Visibility to customers and Chat Based Customer Grievance System. He played a key role in Company's restructuring from 3-tier to 2-tier, bringing administrative efficiency and financial savings.

He has been trained at Maxwell School of Syracuse University (USA), Antwerp Port, Belgium and at several Institutes in India. Mr. Swarup has presented number of papers in leading National and International conferences in the areas of Multi Modal Logistics, Dry Ports and Supply Chain Management. He is life member of Chartered Institute of Logistics and Transport (CILT), Asian Institute of Transport Development (AITD), Centre for Transportation Research and Management (CTRAM) and All India Management Association (AIMA).

Note 2:

Shri Ajit Kumar Panda holds Degrees of BE (Hon's) in Mechanical Engineering from NIT, Rourkela and M. Tech (Thermal Engineering) from IIT, Delhi. He has been an Officer of Indian Railway Service of Mechanical Engineers (1990 batch). In his career spanning more than three decades, Shri Panda has acquired rich experience and expertise in Railway services, operations, productions, infrastructure, Rolling Stock and Public Private Partnerships.

Shri Panda has served as Executive Director (Mechanical Engineering and Project Planning & Development) in Rail Vikas Nigam Limited (RVNL), Director (Production Units and Efficiency & Research), Ministry of Railways (Railway Board), Chief Workshop Manager, East Coast Railway, Mancheswar and in various other positions of South Eastern Railway. He has also been a Director in Boards of four SPV companies, namely, Haridaspur Paradip Railway Company Limited, Angul Sukinda Railway Limited, Kutch Railway Company Limited and Krishnapatnam Railway Company Limited.

At RVNL, Shri Panda has led setting up several state of the art factories and depots by fast track turnkey execution through composite contracts. He also opened a new business stream of Rolling Stock at RVNL which has facilitated it to bag the largest ever Railway contract for manufacture and maintenance of 120 Vande Bharat trains in consortium with an international partner. He piloted Rolling Stock plans at Railway Board to rapidly switchover to High Horse Power Locomotives and LHB type coaches and coordinated record production of locomotives, coaches and wagons. He provided transformational leadership at Mancheswar Workshop through a series of interventions for organizational change and development.



Shri Panda has been two times recipient of Railway Minister's National Award for Outstanding Service.

Shri Panda is in the position of Director (Projects & Services) of Container Corporation of India Limited since December, 2022. As a Functional Director in the Board of CONCOR, Shri Panda is in charge of CONCOR's infrastructure including setting up of Multi Modal Logistics Parks, acquisition of new Rolling Stock, Containers and handling machines and development of CONCOR's MIS and IT platforms.

Note 3:

Shri Mohammad Azhar Shams is B.Tech (Computer Science) alongwith MBA. He is an ex-Indian Railways Traffic Service (IRTS) Officer of 1992 Batch. He started his career from South Eastern Railway and subsequently came to Northern/North Central Railway. During this period, he worked as DOM/Bilaspur, DTM/Tundla, Sr.DCM/Allahabad, Sr.DSO/ Prayagraj.

In 2007 he joined CONCOR on deputation and was made incharge of Vizag Terminal as Sr.GM. He continued there till 2010 and subsequently joined back Indian Railways. From 2010-2015, he worked as Sr.DCM/Kharagpur, Sr.DOM/Kharagpur in South Eastern Railway and Dy.COM/Jabalpur in West Central Railway. During his tenure with Indian Railways, he received many awards and accolades including two General Manager Awards, one Railway Minister Award and a Business and Passenger Services Shield for outstanding performance.

In 2015, he came back to CONCOR on deputation and took absorption there in 2018. He has held various portfolios like GGM/Operations, GGM/Int'l Mktg& HR, CPRO, मुख्य राजभाषा अधिकारी, ED/ Int'l Mktg & HR, ED/BD & HR and ED/AREA III. During his CONCOR tenure in last few years, he introduced many business friendly schemes like Block Rake Movement, Concept of Container as Warehousing, Extended Gate facility, 45/90 days free time, Free Repositioning of Empty containers from Port to ICDs, etc. All these helped the Company in facing the ever-increasing competition in the logistic sector. As HR head also, he initiated many cost cutting measures like Restructuring the organisation from a three-tier to a two-tier system, zero based man power review, streamlining the deployment of security guards in the organisation, etc.

He is a Ghazal aficionado. His first book of Ghazal 'Dar Haqeeqat' got published in 2019.

Note 4:

Shri Priya Ranjan Parhi is an officer of the Indian Railways Traffic Service (1996) with more than 26 years of involvement in leadership positions in the areas of Railway Operations, Project Planning & Funding, Containerised cargo movements, PPP policy implementation, Freight Corridors, High Speed Corridors and International Rail Cooperation. Concurrently, he holds the post of Executive Director (Infrastructure) in the Railway Board and is the key functionary for Policy Formulation and execution of Special Projects of National importance such as DFC and High Speed corridors.

He has been instrumental in the inception of the PPP policy framework for infrastructure development in Railways spearheading investment plans through Joint Ventures and other modes up to Rs 30,000 cr. so far and was also responsible for negotiations with Multilateral funding agencies, the World Bank and JICA for debt financing of DFC and High Speed projects. He has closely monitored linking of Rail network with the upcoming customers such as NICDC for MMLPs and also for Port, Mines and Coal connectivity involving the stake-holders of these sectors. He is the nodal officer for Infrastructure Directorate of Railway Board for the progress monitoring of important projects under PM Gatishakti.

In the earlier assignments he gained knowledge and experience of the Container Logistic Sector working as Group General Manager and Regional Head of CONCOR dealing with Operations, Business Development, Project Planning and government/non-government collaborations for both EXIM and Domestic container business. Importantly, he had also served as Director, Transport Planning in the Railway Board during which the PPP policy for Rail Investment had evolved and fructified through Joint Ventures and other models. His field experience in the



Railways has been predominantly in the Freight Operations, Marketing and Planning in the South Eastern, South East Central, East Cost and Northern Railways as Divisional Operations Head and Deputy Chief Operations Manager overseeing Ports, Coal, Steel, Cement, Ores and Container logistics. As a member of various Inter-Ministerial Committees, his contributions towards policy formulation was recognised in the Task Force on 12th Five Year Plan for Coal and Power, Standing Coal Linkage Committee, Committee for Screening of Coal blocks and Committee on Site Selection for Powerhouses.

Further, he has represented the Ministry of Railways in various International Multilateral Transport Forums such as UIC, UNESCAP, SAARC, ASEAN and BIMSTEC for various negotiations on Intergovernmental Agreements and policies on International Rail Corridors and Railway Cooperation. Additionally, he holds Directorships in PSU/JV companies of IR such as Konkan Railway Corporation, Pipavav Railway Corporation, Hassan Mangalore Rail Development Corporation, Chattisgarh East Railway Company, Chattisgarh East West Railway Company, Mahanadi Coal Railway Company and Jharkhand Central Railway Company as a Government nominee of MoR.

He was awarded Railway Minister's National Award for meritorious service in 2012 and General Manager's Award for meritorious service twice in 2007 and 2014.

Note 5:

Shri Sandeep Jain joined Indian Railway Service of Engineers (IRSE) in November, 1993 and held various positions i.e., AEN, DEN, Sr. DEN, Dy. Chief Engineer/Track Supply, Sr. DEN/Coord., Dy. Chief Engineer (Construction), CGM/IRCON.

Presently, he is working as Executive Director Planning (Civil & PSU), Railway Board since October, 2021. His extensive experience and leadership in railway engineering and planning contribute significantly to strategic initiatives.

Note 6:

Shri Prabhas Dansana, an Officer of Indian Railway Traffic Service is currently working as Principal Executive Director, Traffic Transportation (M), Railway Board, Ministry of Railways.

He is responsible for looking after freight operations and related policies. He has held various train operations, Commercial and Safety related assignments in different Divisions and Head Quarters of South Eastern Railway, Eastern Railway and Northeast Frontier Railway.

He has also worked in Kolkata Metro and Container Corporation of India Limited.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR E-VOTING

Pursuant to provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, amended by the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 and Regulation 44 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 as amended, Circulars issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs and SEBI from time to time, the Company is pleased to provide e-voting facility to the members to cast their votes electronically on all resolutions set forth in the Notice convening the 36th Annual General Meeting (AGM) to be held on 25.09.2024. The Company has engaged the services of National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) to provide e-voting facility.

All the shareholders of the Company including retail individual investors, institutional investors, etc. are encouraged to attend and vote in the AGM to be held through VC/OAVM. The e-voting facility is available at the link: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com and please read the following instructions for e-voting before exercising your vote.

The e-voting facility will be available during the following voting period:

Commencement of e-voting	End of e-voting
21.09.2024 at 09.00 A.M. IST	24.09.2024 at 05.00 P.M. IST

The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the record date (cut-off date) i.e. 18.09.2024, may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being 18.09.2024.

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode:

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareh	cholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:		
Type of shareholders	Login Method		
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	 Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the 		



	following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. 4. Shareholders can also download NSDL Mobile App 'NSDL Speede' from Google Play Store or Apple App Store.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	 Users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login Easi /Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab and then use your existing my easi username & password. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	 You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/ CDSL for e-Voting facility. Upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/ CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

 $Helpdesk\ for\ Individual\ Shareholders\ holding\ securities\ in\ demat\ mode\ for\ any\ technical\ issues\ related\ to\ login\ through\ Depository\ i.e.\ NSDL\ and\ CDSL.$



Login type	Helpdesk details
_	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 022-4886 7000
	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911

B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

- 1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
- 2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.
- 3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.
 - Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL e-services i.e. IDeAS, you can log-in at https://eservices.nsdl.com/ with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.
- 4. Your User ID details are given below:

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12********* then your user ID is 12*********
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

- 5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual Shareholders are given below:
 - (i) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.
 - (ii) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
 - (iii) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
 - a. If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the Company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
 - b. If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.
- 6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:



- (i) Click on "Forgot User Details/ Password?" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- (ii) Physical User Reset Password?" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.co.
- (iii) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address.
- (iv) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
- 7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
- 8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
- 9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

- 1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
- 2. Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM" link placed under "Join Meeting".
- 3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
- 4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
- 5. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
- 6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- 7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

GENERAL GUIDELINES

<u>Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of email ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:</u>

- 1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to concor@beetalfinancial.com.
- 2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to concor@beetalfinancial.com. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.
- 3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
- 4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

- 1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- 2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.
- 3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.



4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM link" placed under "Join meeting" menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
- 2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 3. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 4. Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/ folio number, email id, mobile number at investorrelations@concorindia.com. The same will be replied by the company suitably.

General Guidelines for shareholders:

- 1 Corporate and Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to csrakeshkumar@gmail.com and csdelhi84@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-Voting" tab in their login.
- 2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- 3. In case you have any queries, you may refer to the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") for shareholders and e-voting user manual for shareholders available at www.evoting.nsdl.com under help section or may contact Ms. Pallavi Mhatre (Senior Manager), NSDL at: 022-48867000.

General Instructions:

- a. You can also update your mobile number and e-mail id in the user profile details of the folio which may be used for sending future communication(s).
- b. Those Members, who will be present in the AGM through VC / OAVM facility and have not cast their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system during the AGM.
- c. Members who have cast their votes by remote e-Voting prior to the AGM may also attend/participate in the Meeting through VC/OAVM but they shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
- d. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a shareholder of the Company after dispatch of notice of AGM and holds shares as on the cut-off date i.e. 18.09.2024, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request to NSDL at evoting@nsdl.co.in or RTA at concor@beetalfinancial.com. However, if you are already registered for remote e-voting, then you can use your existing user ID and password for casting your vote.



DIRECTORS' REPORT

To The Shareholders

Your directors are pleased to present their report on the business and operations of the Company and the statement of accounts for the financial year ended on 31st March 2024.

FINANCIAL RESULTS:

(Rs. in crores)

		(Rs. in crores
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Income from operations	8,632.49	8,103.40
Profit before depreciation & tax (PBDT)	2,235.36	2,107.82
Profit before exceptional item(s) and tax	1,641.62	1,554.98
Exceptional Item(s)	7.14	1.25
Profit before tax (PBT)	1,634.48	1,557.73
Provision for tax including prior period tax adjustments	403.69	384.65
Profit after tax (PAT)	1,230.79	1,169.08
Other Comprehensive Income	6.78	29.75
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	1,237.57	1,198.83
Appropriations:		
Interim Dividend (Current Year)	548.36	548.36
Final Dividend (Last Year)	121.86	182.79
Transfer to general reserves	123.08	116.91
Balance carried to Balance Sheet	444.27	350.77
Earnings per share (Rs.)	20.20	19.19

DIVIDEND:

As per the guidelines issued by Department of Investment and Public Asset Management (DIPAM) the minimum dividend to be paid for the year should be at least 5% of net worth or 30% of profit after tax, whichever is higher. Taking into consideration the above, Company's dividend distribution policy and other factors for the year 2023-24, the Board recommended a final dividend of 50% (Rs.2.50/- per equity share of Rs.5/- each) on the paid-up share capital of Rs.304.65 crores which is in addition to three (03) Interim Dividends totalling to 180% (Rs.9/- per equity share of Rs.5/- each) already paid during the year. The total dividend (interim plus final) for the year 2023-24 will be Rs.700.69 crores as compared to Rs.670.22 crores for the FY 2022-23. The dividend paid/proposed for the year 2023-24 works out to 5.93% of net worth as on 31.03.2024 and 56.93% of profit after tax of the Company for the year.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The operating turnover of your Company registered an increase of 6.53% during the year under review from Rs. 8,103.40 crores in the previous year to Rs.8,632.49 crores in the current year, which is the highest ever turnover achieved in any financial year. Total expenditure increased by 7.23% from Rs.6,872.44 crores in 2022-23 to Rs.7369.14 crores in 2023-24. The profit before tax for current year works out to Rs.1,634.48 crores, which is an



increase of 5.20% over 2022-23. After making provisions for income tax, tax adjustments, the highest ever profit after tax for the year stands at Rs.1,230.79 crores, which is 5.28% higher than last year.

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE:

The throughput of your company reflects a healthy growth of 8.23% during the year 2023-24 in comparison to the year 2022-23. The segment-wise comparison is as under:

Handling (In TEUs)	2023-24	2022-23	%age Growth
EXIM	36,48,076	34,06,864	7.08%
Domestic	10,71,908	9,54,267	12.33%
Total	47,19,984	43,61,131	8.23%

As can be seen, the company has registered a growth of 7.08% in EXIM throughput and 12.33% in Domestic throughput during the year 2023-24. In terms of tonnage carried by rail, the company carried a total tonnage of 49.11 million tons in current fiscal as against 49 million tons in previous fiscal (2022-23), with a marginal increase of 0.23%. The throughput and tonnage achieved by the Company were highest ever in any financial year.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE:

The authorised and paid-up share capital of the Company at the end of the current year was Rs.400.00 crore and Rs.304.65 crore respectively in which there was no change during the year. Also there was no change in the shareholding of Government of India in the Company during the year 2023-24 and as on 31.03.2024 their shareholding was 54.80% and balance 45.20% shares are held by FPIs, Institutions, Mutual Funds, Banks, Body Corporates, Individuals, etc.

LISTING AND DEMATERIALIZATION OF SHARES:

CONCOR has only one class of security i.e. equity shares listed with the Stock Exchanges in India. CONCOR's equity shares are listed with the two exchanges i.e. BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE). The listing fees of both the stock exchanges have been paid. To facilitate dematerialization of shares by its shareholders, CONCOR has signed agreements with both the Depositories (NSDL & CDSL). As per SEBI guidelines, CONCOR's shares have been placed under 'Compulsory Demat Mode'. Out of 60,92,94,348 equity shares of Rs.5/- each listed on the Stock Exchanges, 60,92,93,553 equity shares (99.9999% of the total equity shares) were in demat mode as on 31.03.2024. The market capitalization of the Company was Rs.53,746 crores as on 31.03.2024 (as per closing price on last trading day of the year at NSE) and the highest market capitalization during the year was Rs.62,614 crore as per highest price at NSE on 21.02.2024.

MOU PERFORMANCE:

The Memorandum of Undertaking (MoU) is signed every year between your Company and its administrative ministry i.e., Ministry of Railways (MOR) to assess and enhance performance of Company through the targets set therein. The MoU for FY 2023-24 was signed between MOR, Government of India and CONCOR in which targets to be achieved during the year were fixed.

The evaluation of MoU of your Company for FY 2023-24 is under process. Evaluation of MoU performance for FY 2022-23 was completed by DPE and CONCOR has been awarded 'Excellent Rating' with a score of 91.50 marks.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE:

Capital Expenditure of Rs.745.13 crores approx. was incurred during the year mainly on development/ expansion of terminals, acquisition of wagons, handling equipment and IT Infrastructure, etc.



TERMINAL NETWORK EXPANSION AND STRATEGIC ALLIANCES:

The company has 66 terminals in total as on 31.03.2024, of which 04 are pure EXIM terminals, 35 are combined Container terminals, 24 are pure Domestic Terminals and 3 strategic Tie ups are at various location.

While the existing Joint Ventures continued to perform to their full potential contributing to the growth of the core business of CONCOR the following, new strategic alliances were made:

- MOU with Indraprastha Gas Limited (IGL) for collaboration on exploring the possibility of setting up LNG/LCNG infrastructure in CONCOR terminals. This strategic tie-up with sister PSU boost the confidence of long-haul transport sector for adopting LNG powered trucks/ trailers and shall contribute towards realising Hon'ble Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi ji's vision of promoting development through green and sustainable energy & help reduce carbon emission in transportation sector.
- MOU with NTPC Vidyut Vyapar Nigam (NVVN) was signed on 7th December, 2023 to collaborate on the development of PV Solar Renewable Energy Projects within CONCOR Terminals.
- MOU with Schenker India (DB Schenker) was signed on 19th Dec 2023 in New Delhi to collaborate for Exim & Domestic business. Two organizations have joined hands for providing bouquet of end to end services in a seamless manner which would also help in further improving India's position in 'ease of doing business'.
- Took a significant leap towards sustainable logistics by signing a non-binding MOU with IOCL on 29th Jan 2024, aiming to mutually explore opportunities in the use of LNG as fuel and innovative applications in Petrochemicals and Container Logistics.
- MOU with Central Warehousing Corporation (CWC) was signed on 15.03.2024 for collaborative Multi-Modal Logistics solutions, leveraging their infrastructure and core-competencies. This is another significant stride in boosting Logistics efficiency.

HIGH SPEED WAGONS, CONTAINERS AND HANDLING EQUIPMENTS:

In order to strengthen and improve the service level, CONCOR modified 10575 Bogie Low Container (BLC) wagons into Bogie Low Container Modified (BLCM) rakes with increasing axle load capacity from 20.3T to 22T. In addition 1350 nos. BLC wagon, 800 nos. BFKHN wagon, 1402 nos. BLL wagon, 275 nos. BVZI (brake Van) and 2115 nos. 25 Ton axle high speed BLCS wagons are commissioned upto FY 2023-2024. Further, 480 numbers of BLCM wagons have been taken on Lease for the period of 10 years since 2018-19. Therefore, total holding is 16,997 nos. wagons (BLCS+BLC+BLCM+BLL+BFKHN+BVZI) as on 31.03.2024.

As on 31.03.2024, CONCOR had placed the order for 16,640 nos. of containers on Indigenous container manufacturers under make in India policy i.e. "Atmanirbhar Bharat". Out of 16,640 containers, 8,293 containers have been supplied by these Indigenous container suppliers against the placed order. During the FY 2023-24, 7,653 containers have been delivered. Total inventory of containers as on 31.03.2024 is 44,492 containers.

As on 31.03.2024, CONCOR is having owned 108 RSTs and 10 Gantry cranes (09 RTG's and 01 RMG), and 14 Nos. Fork Lift. 02 Nos. RTG's are approved for condemnation during the year 2023-24. Apart from this, CONCOR also having 45 nos. Reefer Power Packs i.e. 22 Container Capacity—30 Nos., 24 Container Capacity—4 Nos. and 44 Container Capacity—11 Nos. to feed power supply to refrigerated containers while transporting to ports.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY:

Your Company continued to make progress in the field of Information Technology. The VSAT based hybrid network has been upgraded with MPLS cloud and now it covers 78+ locations. The Terminal Management System for Domestic (DTMS), for EXIM (ETMS), ERP for Oracle Financial, HR Payroll, Container Repair System, Operation system was implemented for the expanded network of terminals and a Data Warehouse Module for commercial applications on centralized architecture is running smoothly across field locations/Regional Offices and Corporate Office.



The web enabled Customer interface through a dedicated Web Server is running successfully providing facilities to the customers. The customer feedback facility system as implemented on the website and on mobile app enables us to constantly evaluate our performance and take corrective action on customer complaints and feedback. Public Grievance lodging and monitoring system has been deployed on CONCOR's website for Grievance Redressal system. The objective of the system is to reduce time in addressing Grievance, to increase transparency and round the clock access for lodging and monitoring grievance.

The Electronic-filing of documents on the Commercial System initially provided at ICD/Tughlakabad has been extended to all EXIM terminals which enables the customers to file their documents electronically and make online payment from their own premises. As part of business continuity plan, CONCOR has established Disaster Recovery (DR) Site and standby system at primary site for its commercial business critical applications. CONCOR has been certified ISO/IEC-27001:2022 certification from STQC IT Certification Services (Ministry of Communication & Information Technology) for establishing an Information Security Management System (ISMS).

As an extension of existing HRMS, employee portal has been upgraded. This system facilitates employees to access information regarding salary/ reimbursements, leave balances, PF statement, view and submit their APAR online, online submission of Annual Property return, pension details etc. As enhancement of HRMS submission of bills of PRMS (post-retirement medical services) made online. The Employee feedback facility implemented on the mobile app enables CONCOR to constantly evaluate their performance and take corrective action on employee complaints and feedback.

The e-tender system with e-payment facility for sale and EMD electronically, MSE exemptions is operating smoothly. The site is integrated with online payment gateway for collection of fees. CONCOR has implemented reverse auction, e-tender cum forward auction and its Corporate website is kept updated. CONCOR has launched its FMLM (First Mile Last Mile) mobile app to EXIM customers to facilitate end to end solutions. CONCOR has launched e-forwarding note facility at ICD/Tughlakabad as pilot project and the same will be extended to all EXIM terminals which enable the Shipping lines to file forwarding notes electronically and make payment from their own premises. CONCOR has launched Business Solutions to provide single window facility to its customers.

The e-Samarth application for Online Vigilance Clearances to handle bulk NOC request creation & approval and workflow driven system has been evolved. This has increased transparency and drastically reduced the total time of according NOC for various purposes. Similarly, e-Voting was successfully done for CONCOR shareholders. File tracking system was implemented at Corporate office of CONCOR. e-meeting app for conducting paperless Board and Committee meetings of CONCOR and its Subsidiaries have been implemented.

CONCOR has launched its mobile app for disseminating the information (public tariff, rail tariff, track & trace, Company directory, etc.) for its stakeholders and has launched mobile app for Exim e-filing (covering reports & queries) for its stakeholders. CONCOR has adopted various system improvements like dispensing submission of e-tender document with an undertaking, making available all circulars and guide lines of all departments to all employees on intranet with name compendium.concorindia.com, has introduced auto refund of EMD on e-tendering system. CONCOR has started bulk coal movement, in Commercial system necessary changes incorporated to capture same in system. CONCOR has started movement of perishable goods through Ice Battery / Ice Battery Container movement.

CONCOR has implemented:

- (i) E-office replacing the physical files with electronic files as a step towards office automation and paper less working.
- (ii) The Integration of commercial applications with Oracle Financials ERP. Developed dash board to glance the performance and various reports of CONCOR.
- (iii) E-contractor billing for online submission of invoices by contractors through their digital signature only processed till payment.
- (iv) KYCL for online track and trace of container for its customers through mobile app, chatbot etc.
- (v) Bill tracking system to its vendors through website.
- (vi) eMB software application for billing and release of payments.
- (vii) Aadhar linked e-Signing facility for digitally signing of e-office files.



STANDARDISATION/ CERTIFICATIONS:

CONCOR locations as on 31-03-2024 are 50 for ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management System (QMS). Apart from the ISO 9001:2015, Two CONCOR Terminals (i.e. Dadri & Tughlakabad) are Certified for ISO 14001:2015 Environmental Management System (EMS) and ISO 45001:2018 Occupational Health & Safety Management System.

It is an illustration of the commitment of your Company towards Quality Management System. Quality Policy clearly provides for ensuring complete customer convenience & satisfaction and value for money through continual improvement of system and processes. The Quality Policy has been prominently displayed at all locations of CONCOR. Safety Slogans are displayed at prominent locations at various terminals of CONCOR. ISO Certification is available for most of the units of the Company. Disaster Management System has been hosted on CONCOR website. Further, in its endeavor to maintain high standards of quality, your Company has been taking various steps, which includes conducting periodical Management Review Meetings, wherein various actions were taken with regard to Disaster Management, Safety Norms and Quality Standards.

JOINT VENTURES/ SUBSIDIARIES:

Your Company continued to place emphasis on providing total logistics and transport solutions to its customers by exploring the possibilities of expanding the presence of the Company in all segments of Logistics value chain in the EXIM as well as Domestic segments. Strategic alliances firmed up, both for optimal utilization of infrastructure as well as expansion into other segments of the value chain for effectively achieving the goals.

Your Company has formed various Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures Companies for different business areas such as Container Freight Station (M/s Star Track Terminals Pvt. Ltd., M/s Transworld Terminals Dadri Pvt. Ltd., M/s CMA-CGM Logistics Park (Dadri) Pvt. Ltd. and M/s Allcargo Logistics Park Pvt. Ltd.), Port Operations (M/s India Gateway Terminal Pvt. Ltd. and M/s Gateway Terminals India Pvt. Ltd.), End to End Logistics (M/s TCI CONCOR Multimodal Solutions Pvt. Ltd.), Multi Modal Logistics Parks (MMLP) (M/s Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Ltd. and M/s SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Ltd.) and Rail connectivity (M/s Angul Sukinda Railway limited).

Brief particulars about the subsidiaries of the Company are as under:

SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Limited

SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Ltd. (SCICL), a Joint Venture Company (JVC) with shareholding of 74% and 26% of Container Corporation of India Limited (CONCOR) and State Infrastructure & Industrial Development Corporation of Uttarakhand Ltd. (SIIDCUL) respectively has been operating a Multimodal Logistic Park (MMLP) at Pantnagar, Uttarakhand and is doing operations in both the stream i.e. EXIM and Domestic.

MMLP- Pantnagar is strategically located near national highway No. 87 and it has wide hinterland covering industrial areas like Pantnagar, Haldwani, Bazpur, Gadarpur, Kichha, Sitarganj, Khatima, Lalkuwa, Bareilly etc. The MMLP provides Rail/Road transportation, Handling and warehousing services to EXIM and Domestic customers and is also providing facility of handling conventional railway wagons like NMG, BCN, BOXN, etc. as a notified PFT. The facility provides Rail connectivity to/from three gateway ports i.e. Mundra & Pipavav in Gujarat and JNPT in Mumbai. In domestic segment, MMLP is providing services on pan India basis in general and particularly to Mumbai/ Dronagiri/ Gandhidham in West, Hyderabad/ Chennai and Bangalore in south and Shalimar (Kolkata) in East. In addition to the above it is also providing "First Mile Last Mile" road transportation services for its customers. In addition to the transportation service, the MMLP is also providing warehousing facility for domestic and EXIM customers along with facility of Bonded & Transit warehousing.

During FY 2023-24, SCICL handled 607 rakes which were 522 rakes in FY 2022-23. The total containers handled at MMLP, Pantnagar for the said period were 41,172 TEUs which was 37,603 TEUs in FY 2022-23 and its revenue from business operations for the FY 2023-24 was Rs.20.51 crores. The company's net profit after tax rose to Rs.5.51 crore in FY 2023-24 which was Rs.1.61 crores in FY 2022-23, i.e. an increase of 242% in FY 2023-24.



The JVC is doing well and is emerging as a major logistics service provider for rail logistics for the rapidly industrializing State of Uttarakhand.

Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited

Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited (PLIL) is another JVC of your company in which Punjab State Container and Warehousing Corporation Limited (CONWARE) is the Joint Venture (JV) partner of 49% and 51% equity is held by CONCOR. This Company has developed a MMLP in the State of Punjab facilitating trade and industry of the State and putting them on International map.

During the financial year 2023-24, PLIL achieved turnover of Rs.39.09 crores as compared to Rs.38.15 crores during the previous financial year 2022-23, which shows an increase of 2.46% in the revenue from the operations. The total expenditure increased by 0.33% from Rs.38.93 crores to Rs.39.06 crores during the financial year 2023-24.

Profit before tax during the year under review i.e. FY 2023-24 stood at Rs.0.19 crores as compared to loss before tax for Rs.0.63 crores during the previous financial year 2022-23, which shows an improvement by 130%. The profit after tax during the FY 2023-24 stood at Rs.0.14 crores as compared to the loss after tax for Rs.0.91 crores during the previous FY 2022-23.

The above two Companies i.e. SCICL & PLIL are also subsidiaries of your Company as it is holding majority of shares in these companies.

While the existing Joint Ventures continued to perform to their full potential contributing to the growth of the core business of CONCOR, new strategic alliances are also explored from time to time.

In previous years, CONCOR had explored the possibility of merger of its subsidiary companies, i.e., M/s. CONCOR AIR Ltd. (CAL), M/s SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Ltd. (SCICL) and M/s Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Ltd. (PLIL) with itself. The Board of Directors of the Company had earlier approved scheme of amalgamation of CAL with CONCOR, which was subject to necessary approvals and agreement/consent of concerned stakeholders. The Board of Directors of CAL, considering the viability of future prospects of continuing its operations for the remaining period of the concession had amicably settled the concession with MIAL. In view of this development and considering emerging business opportunities in the air cargo business, the Company is not moving ahead at this stage with the proposed scheme of amalgamation/ merger of CAL into CONCOR.

For the amalgamation of SCICL and PLIL, the company was in discussion with the partners in these companies namely SIIDCUL and CONWARE respectively for their consent for same. However, there is not much progress on it till now. Therefore, at this stage the Company is no longer pursuing it with these partners.

WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARIES:

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Ltd.

CONCOR had incorporated M/s. Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Ltd. (FHEL) in the year 2006 as its wholly owned subsidiary to create world class cold storage infrastructure in the country, to provide complete cold chain logistics solutions to the various stakeholders in this field.

Due to changed business dynamics with implementation of Goods and Service Tax (GST), customized storage requirements, intense competition with un-organized sector, it had been decided in the year 2018 to Re-engineer its facility at Rai, Sonepat (Haryana) in two phases for development as an Agri-logistics Centre with changed business model of leasing/renting out the warehousing space for Cold Storage, Controlled Atmosphere (CA) storage and Custom Bonded Warehousing (CBW) to interested parties.

Under Phase-I of Re-engineering Plan, the existing CA (Controlled Atmosphere) facility was modified with infusion of Rs.15.10 crores by CONCOR, to make it more versatile and suitable for storage of variety of products apart from Apple. Further, two new warehouses (30,160 sq. ft. each) were constructed under Phase-II with



investment by CONCOR of Rs.12.02 crores. FHEL has leased out these two warehouses on mutually agreed terms for a period of 10 years.

The financial year 2023-24, has been mixed year for business especially for Imports of fresh fruit cargo in Delhi-NCR area. Despite all the hardships, the facility was running throughout the year. FHEL achieved turnover of Rs.7.83 crores in the financial year 2023- 24. Further, during the year, Company increased its customer base from 254 to 282 clients and also increased the range of products being stored. As on 31.03.2024, 56 Chambers (6-Custom Bonded, 27- Chillers and 23- CA) were rented out for storage of Apple, Dates, Almonds, Walnuts, Beer, Malta etc.

During the year under review, total income of Company increased from Rs.6.13 crores in FY 2022-23 to Rs.8.02 crores in FY 2023-24. The increase is on account of capturing additional customs cleared imported fruits where the cargo turnaround is faster, resulting in higher handling revenue in CA Store and revenue realization from leasing of Phase-2 warehouses. FHEL earned its maiden net profit of Rs.0.63 crores during FY 2023-24 in leasing/warehousing business model as against net Loss of Rs.2.57 crores, incurred during previous financial year 2022-23.

CONCOR Air Ltd.

In order to expand its span of operations and make its presence felt in Air cargo business with a view to establish itself in this Industry, CONCOR had formed CONCOR Air Ltd. (CAL) in the year 2012. It was formed mainly to carry out its business under a concession agreement entered with Mumbai International Airport Limited (MIAL). It is 100% subsidiary of CONCOR and has an authorised share capital of Rs.50 crores.

CONCOR Air Ltd. has made its presence felt at Chatrapati Shivaji Maharaj International Airport in the field of domestic and international air cargo related activities by entering into concession agreements with Mumbai International Airport Ltd. (MIAL). CONCOR has made an Investment of Rs.36.65 crores in the Company and till the end of year 2024, it has already received total returns in the form of dividends and professional Income totalling to Rs.69.32 crores from it. Further, it has gained valuable experience in the aircargo field which will be useful in its future endeavours.

In previous years, due to continued uncertainty in the business mainly on account of new guidelines of the Bureau of Civil Aviation Security (BCAS), Regulatory Body of the Aviation Sector for complying with the guidelines pertaining to Regulatory Agent, possibility of diversion of business due to privatization of Air India to Tata Group, anticipated merger of Air Asia and Vistara with Air India and delay in hike in the tariff from regulatory agency Airports Economic Regulatory Authority (AERA) which may entail loss to the organization till notification of new revised tariff, etc., CAL decided to mutually settle the domestic concession it has with MIAL w.e.f. 01.04.2022. However, as per agreed terms CAL continued same business activities of SACT on hand holding basis for the year 2022-23. All the Assets of the CAL were transferred to MIAL at Book Value and the business and operations were run on Cost plus basis during FY 2022-23.

In the current financial year 2023-24, CONCOR Air Ltd has no operating Business activities and currently it is in the process of exploring the opportunities for capturing new business tie-up in India in the field of Air-cargo handling/warehousing business either in domestic or international or both. During the year its income mainly comprising of interest earned from deposits and write back of provisions was Rs.3.21 crores and it earned a net profit of Rs.3.13 crores.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) forms part of the Annual Report of the Company.



HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT:

Human Resource Management (HRM) in organization is designed to maximize employee performance to achieve its strategic objectives. HR is primarily concerned with the management of people within organization, focusing on policies and systems. Being a progressive organization, CONCOR firmly believes in the strength of its most vital asset i.e. Human Resource.

CONCOR has adopted and aligned its HR strategy vis-a-vis systems & procedures taking into account the business objectives and competence building needed for the organization. HR strategy acts as a motivating factor for the employees who contribute to the core competence of the organization to create a match between the company's future needs and the aspirations of individual employees.

CONCOR's HR Philosophy is rooted in encouraging employee empowerment, growth and development of individuals by realizing their potential, encouraging innovative ideas and fair distribution of rewards. Its work culture is open and dynamic enabling employees to take initiative in jobs with active support of the top management. It is an employer of choice and attracts the best available talent with skill sets required for the growth and development of the organization.

Right placement and refinement of employees is the primary function after induction by which CONCOR HR maintains alignment of individual performance and goals with that of CONCOR Goals. Great care is taken to maintain safe and hygienic working climate and to provide working environment to the employees conducive to their good health.

CONCOR offers various voluntary benefits (apart from statutory benefits) to its employees. These are offered in the form of options to the employees to choose from a mix of perks and allowances under Cafeteria approach. Additional perks in the form of residential accommodation, telephone instruments/service, advances and welfare amenities are provided to employees. Social Security measures by way of compassionate employment, voluntary benevolent fund to the family of the deceased CONCOR employee and post-retirement pension and medical facilities are provided in addition to statutory provident fund and gratuity.

CONCOR has embarked upon transformational HR through Digital HR Business Process. Focus is on aligning HR development programmes with corporate digital strategy to become a truly digital organization. This will help in maximizing human potential with access to real-time data and give entire workforce the capacity to become innovators. Overall, this will lead towards a robust performance-oriented culture. The process of development of HR delivery mechanism has been democratized by providing accessibility to all employees to HRMS and Mobile Apps based HR applications ushering an era of developing digital mind-set within CONCOR.

CONCOR has a training division to cater to employees' developmental needs. It conducts both In-house and Specialized topic based trainings as per organizational and employees needs from time to time. Feedback of employees and reporting authorities is reviewed constructively and accordingly next training calendar is scheduled. Employees are put to 'On the Job Training Programmes' and are evaluated to get an understanding of the suitability of the employee for his/her right placement and also to understand specific developmental needs of employees.

During the year in line with the National Interest 43 Numbers of students from various educational institutions were provided 8-12 weeks of Internship in the areas of Technical, HR, Finance, Commercial & Marketing and MIS.

The attrition rate in CONCOR is within 2 percent owing to CONCOR's best practices in employee retention strategies and policies.

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS:

In your organization, industrial relations flourish through a foundation of mutual respect and effective communication between management and employees. CONCOR's commitment to best HR practices, transparent policies, and opportunities for professional growth fosters a positive work environment. By valuing employee



welfare and promoting a culture of collaboration, CONCOR upholds strong industrial relations that benefit both individuals and the organization as a whole. Additionally, the organization lays emphasis on continuous dialogue through structured forums such as regular meetings, committees, and collaborative projects. During the year, CONCOR maintained industrial peace and harmony and no man-days were lost.

RESERVATION POLICY:

CONCOR is a Central Government Public Sector Undertaking (PSU). It follows all Government mandates in true spirit. The representation of various categories against the total strength of 1,297 on 31.03.2024 is as under:

Category	No. of Employees
Schedule Caste	190
Schedule Tribe	67
Other Backward Classes	329
Persons with Disabilities (PwDs)	28

SPECIAL ACHIEVEMENTS:

As the Indian economy continues to expand, demonstrating resilience amidst geopolitical challenges, Your Company has positioned itself as a competitive, customer-friendly and development-oriented organization amidst emerging unprecedented global challenges to reciprocate the trust with long-term thinking and fair conduct with its Stakeholders.

- CONCOR was awarded Letter of Award (LoA) for Operations & Maintenance of MMLP Jalna, after emerging as the Highest Bidder in the Tender floated by National Highways Logistics Management Ltd. (NHLML), a Subsidiary of National Highways Authority of India. Jalna Dry Port is a state of art MMLP facility situated at Jalna in spread over 427 Acres Area near Aurangabad in Maharashtra. The Jalna hinterland is the Steel Hub of Marathwada and imports huge volume of scrap from JN Port. CONCOR currently caters to this area from its ICD at Maliwada, Aurangabad, around 80 km from Jalna. After commencement of this facility, the trade at Jalna would be able to avail CONCOR Rail service till MMLP Jalna which is about 3 to 4 km from the industrial area of Jalna.
- The Multi Modal Logistics Park (MMLP) was inaugurated at Kadakola, Mysuru during the year. The MMLP is located at Kadakola in the Thandavpura Industrial Area of Nanjangud in Mysuru district of Karnataka and is spread over 60 acres of land. This development promised to supercharge freight movement, fostering economic growth in the Area of Mysuru.
- The Multi Modal Logistics Park (MMLP) at Jajpur, Odisha was commissioned during the year. This facility is expected to boost seamless movement of freight game-changer for Odisha's Export-Import dynamics, logistics efficiency and trade growth.
- A Gati Shakti Cargo Terminal was commissioned at Dahej through GICON, a Joint initiative of GIDC & CONCOR. A game-changer for Dahej region, this Terminal will transform Cargo handling & boost trade efficiency.
- The MMLP at Paradip developed over 100 Acres of Land was commissioned. The MMLP being adjacent to the Port's best suited for Fertilizers, Gypsum, Coal, CP Coke, Rice, Flyash, Spone Iron, Pipes etc. and is equipped to handle both international and domestic traffic, besides acting as a Rail linked PFT.
- Customs activities at CONCOR JV ICD at Ahmedgarh (PLIL) were inaugurated by the Chief Commissioner of Customs.



- Artificial Intelligence/Machine Learning based Container Terminal Management System (CTMS), based on the Global Navigation Satellite System, tracking of 3D stack location of container in real time was commissioned by CONCOR on 31st August 2023 at ICD TKD with the following key features:
 - > Improve accuracy in Data collection.
 - > Reduce insurance premium.
 - > Reduce environmental impact.
 - > Enable swift, informed decisions.
 - > Improve customer service level.
 - > Reduce manual pilferage.
 - > Increased safety and security.
 - > Improve transparency.
 - Ease of Data analysis.
- CONCOR's Exim Business witnessed a growth rate of 7.08% despite a decline in EXIM business of the country to the tune of 5% to 8% because of geo-political reasons which have a direct impact on the business of the company. Domestic Business witnessed a growth of 12.33%,
- Embracing Green Logistics, CONCOR pioneered usage of environment friendly Fuel in logistics by developing a batch of 100 LNG Container Trucks. Recognizing the limited availability of CNG, CONCOR tied up with LNG Suppliers to set-up CNG fueling at various premises at ICD Dadri and MMLP Kathuwas.
- CONCOR was able to leverage its First Mile Last Mile Services for its Customer under Single Window Solution to achieve a conversion of 25% of its Traffic to FMLM.

AWARDS & RECOGNITION:

- CONCOR ranked 248th on the "Fortune India 500" list of 2023. CONCOR comes under one of the most reliable, efficient companies in India and is also very well respected & performing ethically as well as allied with growing, innovative & inordinate customer services in logistics.
- On 06-03-2024 CMD/CONCOR received the Award in the category of "Dynamic Logistics Personality of the Year" at the Multimodal Logistics Awards 2024 (MLA)- 2024 awards Ceremony during 15th edition of CONquest 2024, Business Forum on Cargo, Infrastructure & Logistics organized by EXIM India.
- CONCOR clinched the coveted "Inland Container Depot & Rail Operator of the Year (Public)" Award in Prestigious MLA Awards Ceremony-Northern India Multi-Modal Logistics Awards (MLA) 2024 during the 15th Edition of CONquest 2024, Business Forum on Cargo, Infrastructure & Logistics organized by EXIM India.
- On 25-05-2023 CONCOR felicitated by Jawaharlal Nehru Port Authority (JNPA) for Outstanding Performance for achieving high Rail handling in FY 2022-23. The award was given by Hon'ble Union Minister of Ports and Shipping, Shri Sarbananda Sonowal.
- Goldman Sachs has picked up CONCOR as one of important enabler companies for Honourable Prime Minister's ambitious Make in India program. Featuring alongside giant Indian corporates, this is a humbling recognition of our continued pursuit of excellence.

ENERGY CONSERVATION AND TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:

The following steps/plans are taken towards energy efficiency:

1. <u>Provision of LED Lights</u>: CONCOR is providing LED lights in all its new projects as well as replacing the high-pressure Sodium Vapour Lamps with LED in the existing terminals on priority basis. This includes provision of



LEDs in High Masts as well as other places. Earlier Sodium Vapour Lamps were used in high masts, wherein 01 high mast consist of 36 Lamps of each 400W i.e. totalling to 14400W. After using of LED, 01 high mast consist of 18/12 Lamps of each 300W i.e., totalling to 5400W. In warehouses & on Road pole lights earlier Sodium Vapour Lamps/Metal halide lamps were used, wherein 01 HPSV lamp wattage 200 watt. After using of LED, 01 Lamps wattage is 100/80 watt, hence each lamp saving is 120 watt. This enables huge electricity savings.

Details of led lights replaced with their equivalent old conventional lights are:-

- 300 watt led light in place of Sodium vapour 400 watt light 702 nos
- 100 watt led light in place of Sodium vapour 200/250 watt light 325 nos
- 80 watt led light in place of Sodium vapour 200/250 watt light 350 nos
- 36 watt led panel light in place of 2*40 watt old tube light 218
- 20 watt led light in place of 1*40 watt old tube light 808
- 2. <u>Provision of Solar Power Systems</u>: Provided 25 kW solar power systems at Jaipur Container Depot and also in process of provision of isolated lights arrangement with Solar at various terminals.
- 3. <u>Procurement of Star Rating Air conditioners and fans</u>: Procured 24 nos Air Conditioners and 30 nos. ceiling fan with Star Ratings to save electricity consumption.
- 4. <u>Provision of day lighting in all Warehouses/ Industrial Sheds</u>: Installed transparent sheets in some roof portions in all warehouses/Industrial Sheds, so that there will be no need of electricity light in day time.
- 5. <u>Light Sensors in Corporate Office</u>: Installed light sensors in the cabins at its Corporate Office. This also help in savings of electricity.
- 6. <u>LNG Trucks</u>: To reduce the air pollution, placed order for procurement of 130 Nos. LNG Trucks along with 40' flatbed Trailers out of which 75 Nos. LNG Trucks were received during FY 2023-24.
- 7. <u>MOU with IOCL & IGL</u>: Signed an MOU with Indian Oil Corporation Limited & Indraprastha Gas Limited to explore the business opportunities for use of LNG as a fuel and in petrochemical & other container logistics requirement and set up the LNG station at CONCOR Terminals.
- 8. <u>MOU with NVVN</u>: Signed MOU with NTPC Vidyut Vyapar Nigam Limited (NVVN) to explore the possibilities of setting up solar projects at CONCOR terminals. NVVN has inspected 5 sites (i.e. CONCOR Bhawan/ Corporate Office, ICD/TKD, ICD/DER, CMLK/ Khatuwas & Barhi) for exploring possibility to setup the solar project.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO:

During the year, there were no foreign exchange earnings.

The details of foreign exchange outgo are as under:

		(Rs. in crore)
Foreign	exchange outgo (Other than import of goods	s) 0.63
Import	on CIF basis	
a)	Stores & Spares	-
b)	Capital Goods	-
Total		0.63

RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT (R&D):

To reduce pollution by using of Green Fuel: -

In the recent past, NCT area witnessed high level of Air pollution in the winter months every year from around September onwards due to the range of factors including stubble burning in neighbouring states and vehicular traffic leading to huge pollution in the NCT area. Heavy Vehicles accounts for larger chunk of PM 2.5 pollution to the overall vehicle emissions.



Keeping in view of huge pollutions in winter, Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change and various authorities monitoring the pollution in the NCT area, a slew of measures, including a ban on entry of trucks and plying of diesel-fuelled Medium Goods Vehicles (MGVs) and Heavy Goods Vehicles (HGVs) within Delhi's limits, was declared by the authorities from time to time, which affects the business of CONCOR also.

However, during this period, movement of MGV's & HGV's were allowed in Delhi which were using green fuel Like, LNG, CNG & e-vehicle.

In view of the serious issues of pollution and their effects, CONCOR has placed the order for procurement of 130 Nos. LNG Trucks along with 40' flatbed Trailers.

Developmental order of ISO containers under Make in India:-

Under Make in India Atma Nirbhar Bharat Scheme of Govt. of India CONCOR has placed an order of 16,640 containers to the Indigenous manufacturers and 8,293 containers have been supplied against these orders.

Pilot Project of Private Maintenance of CONCOR owned BLCM Rakes:

As directed by Railway Board, CONCOR has placed the order for pilot project of private maintenance of 10 Nos. CONCOR owned Rakes at ICD/TKD on M/s Konkan Railway Corp. Ltd. for a period of six months on trial basis from 05.01.2024. Rake maintenance work is under progress.

Wagons procurement/ capacity:

- Load carrying capacity of the existing Rolling stock i.e; 10575 wagons (235 rakes) have been upgraded from 20 Ton axle load to 22 Ton axle load.
- Twin pipe conversion of 9708 wagons (215 Rakes) has been carried out.
- Total new design of 2115 (47 Rakes) heavy capacity BLCS wagons have been acquired during the year.

Expenditure on R&D:

Expenditure of Rs.71.43 Crore has been incurred towards development of indigenous containers, bulk Cement destuffing solution system and modification and upgradations of BLC Wagons.

RESIDENTIAL DIRECTIVE(S):

No Presidential Directives issued by Govt. were received by CONCOR during the last three years.

RAJBHASHA:

The Corporate Office of the Container Corporation of India Limited has been notified on 04-10-1993 under subrule 10(4) of the Official Language Rules, 1976. Since then, CONCOR has made a lot of progress in the field of official language. Some important achievements of this year are as follows:

Meetings of the Official Language Implementation Committee: Meetings of the Official Language

Implementation Committee are required to be conducted at interval of every 3 months. Throughout the year, these meetings were held under the chairmanship of the CMD. Appropriate guidelines were given to promote use of Hindi. A quiz program on Hindi is also organized for the officers to make the meeting useful & informative.





• <u>Hindi-Pakhwada 2023</u>: Hindi Pakhwada 2023 was successfully organized from 14th September 2023 to 29th September 2023, at the corporate office of CONCOR. During this period a total of 4 competitions were organized including short story reading, Hindi Noting, Gana Panchnana, Shabdarth, Hindi Singing. To increase the Hindi Knowledge of officers and employees, a Workshop



was also organized. On September 28, Prizes were also distributed to the winning participants by the then Chairman and Managing Director.

- <u>Inspection and Workshop</u>: Mukhya Rajbhasha Adhikari and DGM Rajbhasha keep inspecting the interdepartmental Offices & area offices to find out the progress of the works done in Hindi. Inspections related to official language were conducted and Hindi Workshops were organized in this year to make official work in Hindi.
- <u>CONCOR Rajbhasha Puraskar Scheme</u>: An amount of Rs 1,02,000/- has been distributed to 69 officers/employees of all area offices including Corporate Office for using Hindi in their official works.
- <u>Inter Corporation Hindi Competition</u>- CONCOR organized a 'Hindi Competition on 30th November, 2023, under the aegis of Town Official Language Implementation Committee. Total 15 participants from various undertakings based in Delhi participated in this competition.







नगर राजभाषा कार्यान्वयन समिति के तत्वावधान के अंतर्गत कॉनकॉर द्वारा आयोजित अंतर निगम हिंदी प्रतियोगिता

- Award to e-magazine: CONCOR's quarterly Hindi e-magazine 'Madhubhika' bagged 3rd prize in the category of best magazine being published by the PSUs of Town Official Language Implementation Committee (Upkaram-I), Delhi. So far 62 issues of this magazine have been published with the aim of promoting original writing in Hindi by the employees and officers. After release, the e-magazine is also uploaded on the website and its link sent to other PSUs and all employees of CONCOR.
- The 2nd sub committee of the Parliamentary committee on Official Language inspected ICD, Sanath Nagar and cluster office Calcutta respectively in the month of August and December 2023 in order to find out the progressive use of Hindi in these offices. The steps taken by CONCOR to promote the use of Hindi in official work, were well appreciated by the Committee.



• **Library:** Leading daily newspapers, monthly and fortnightly magazines are also available in the library. Presently 4,277 books are available out of which Hindi books are 3,119 and English books are 1,158. This year 32 new Hindi books have been added to library.

VIGILANCE:

CONCOR constantly endeavours to optimize probity and integrity among employees and to promote transparency, fairness and accountability in all operational area. The vigilance department of CONCOR carries out preventive, proactive and punitive actions with greater emphasis in the preventive and proactive functions. Following activities were undertaken during the financial year 2023-24:

20 Preventive/ Surprise checks/ CTE type checks were conducted at various Area / Cluster Offices/ Inland Container Depots/ Container Freight Stations during the year 2023-24. In addition, cases were registered/ investigated on the basis of complaints and other information. Periodic surprise checks were conducted regularly in the. vulnerable areas of the company. Suitable penal action was taken against erring officials and contractors. An amount of Rs.56.98 lakh was recovered from various contractors/customers during the financial year. The departmental action against one official is pending as on 31.03.2024.

On the suggestion of Vigilance Division, respective user departments have issued 06 circulars for improvement in systems and procedures. In order to disseminate information among field functionaries, Vigilance Division organised regular training programmes /workshops in different Regions covering topical issues such as Facets of Vigilance, Preventive Behavioral Vigilance, Co-ordination between PSU/Vigilance & different intelligence agencies, Public Interest Disclosure and and Protection of Informers (PIDPI) Resolution, Ethics and Governance Procurement through GeM etc, Vigilance division has released fifth edition of the vigilance e-bulletin named "Vig-Darpan". The e-bulletin serves to disseminate the latest vigilance instructions and showcases best practices in the field of vigilance in order to create awareness and sensitize all officers and staff to discharge their duties consciously, meticulously and fearlessly. CONCOR continuously and regularly endeavours to ensure fair and transparent transactions through technology interventions and system /process review in consultation with various stake holders.

Vigilance Awareness Week (VAW) was observed in all offices of CONCOR by undertaking various activities during the period 30th October to 05th November, 2023. The theme of the Vigilance Awareness Week -2023 was "Say No to Corruption; Commit to the Nation; अण्टाचार का विरोध करें, राष्ट्र के प्रति समर्पित रहे." VAW-2023 was marked by organising the numerous activities/competitions in schools, colleges, workshops/interactive sessions etc. Several workshops, training sessions, seminars, Grievances Redressal Camps were organised involving customers and contractors / vendors. Essay, slogan writing and debate competitions were organized for employees and their family.

In order to motivate the employees to be alert on work place, the award for "The Most Vigilant Employee of the Year" was instituted and Shri Bhupendra Singh Yadav, Asst. Officer (Tech)/ Jaipur, was selected for the year 2022-23 in recognition for his integrity and contribution towards cost saving".

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act 2013, your Directors hereby confirm that:

- i) In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures.
- ii) The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period.



- iii) The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- iv) The Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.
- v) The Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- vi) The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS:

The detailed Management Discussion and Analysis forms a part of this report at **Annexure-A**.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE & GREEN INITIATIVE:

Your Company has taken structured initiatives towards Corporate Governance & its practices are appreciated by various stakeholders. Your Company believes in the principle that good Corporate Governance establishes a positive organizational culture and it is evident by responsibility, accountability, consistency, fairness and transparency towards its stakeholders. As required under SEBI (LODR) Regulations and DPE guidelines on Corporate Governance, a separate report on Corporate Governance practices followed by the Company forms part of this Report at Annexure-B.

A Practicing Company Secretary has examined and certified your Company's compliance with respect to conditions enumerated in SEBI (LODR) Regulations and DPE guidelines on Corporate Governance. The certificate required under DPE guidelines and SEBI (LODR) Regulations forms part of this Report at **Annexure-C**.

As a responsible corporate citizen and to reduce carbon foot print, your Company has actively supported the implementation of 'Green Initiative'. Electronic delivery of notice of Postal Ballot, notice of Annual General Meeting (AGM) and Annual Report along with other communications is being done to those shareholders whose email ids are already registered with the respective Depository Participants (DPs) and downloaded from the depositories i.e. NSDL/CDSL and who have not opted for receiving Annual Report in physical form. Accordingly, unless otherwise desired by the shareholders, the Company sends all documents to the shareholders viz. Notice, intimation for dividend, Audited Financial Statements, Directors' and Auditors' Report, etc. in electronic form to their registered e-mail addresses.

In respect of financial year 2023-24, in terms of exemption granted by MCA vide General Circular No. 09/2023, dated 25.09.2023 read with General Circular No. 10/2022, dated 28.12.2022, General Circular No. 02/2022 dated 05.05.2022, 02/2021 dated 13th January, 2021, General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020; General Circular No. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020 and General Circular No. 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020 and by SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated 12th May, 2020, SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated 15th January, 2021, SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated 13th May, 2022, SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS-RACPOD1/P/ CIR/2023/001 dated January 5, 2023 and SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/167 dated 07th October, 2023, Annual Reports are being circulated among the members whose email IDs are available with the Company through electronic mode. Accordingly, no physical copies of the Annual Reports are being circulated among the members of the Company.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT:

CONCOR's social initiatives in F.Y.2023-24 continued to be focused on overall development of society with main focus on 'Health & Nutrition' activities in terms of guidelines issued by Department of Public enterprises (DPE). Activities in other areas like education, Skill Development, Environment sustainability, Sports, Infrastructure development etc. have also amply been addressed for the welfare of our society with focus on mainly deprived section of society. Some of major activities undertaken by company during the year are:



Preventive Health camps continued to be organized like in previous years in major locations of CONCOR facilities benefitting approximately 50,000 stakeholders by organizing 115 health camps which have been instrumental in providing Primary Health Checks and arresting growth of other diseases. CONCOR also provided 28 motorized tricycles to differently abled persons in Kandhamal an Aspirational District of Odisha in order to facilitate such people to lead a better life. CONCOR also supports Tata Memorial Hospital Mumbai towards CAR T Cell therapy, which will be helpful for Cancer patients.









• CSR activities in Aspirational districts adopted by CONCOR in Asifabad (Telangana), Shravasti (UP), Chandauli (UP), Visakhapatnam(AP) are continued by taking up health activities, i.e., setting up infrastructure & equipment's to Primary Health Centres in Tribal Area PHCs and Infrastructure facilities in Govt. Degree Junior Colleges, Model School & Boys Hostels in Kumurambheem Asifabad in Talangana, construction of Primary healthcare centres and procurement of medical equipments for PHCs/CHCs etc. at Chandauli, Uttar Pradesh and various medical equipment's to the Hospitals and PHCs belonging to Paderu Area, Visakhapatnam etc.for the benefit of needy people of these aspirational districts. The facilities created utilizing CSR funds have been helpful to uncounted common people of these Districts.





Procurement of medical equipments for PHCs/CHCs etc. at Chandauli, Uttar Pradesh



- CONCOR is supporting 300 children and young women engaged in beggary by funding a campaign "Bhiksha Nahi Shiksha "at select traffic signals of Delhi
- CONCOR's continued its support towards education of under-privileged and poor students by supporting 30 bright students towards preparation for higher studies in Uttar Pradesh as well as supporting in operation and strengthening of infrastructure of primary schools and Secondary school at Haryana and Delhi benefiting 1200 such students.



Supporting under-privileged students at Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh and Gurugram, Haryana

- Supported improvement and up-gradation in 23 Rural Schools of Jalna District of Maharashtra and constructing two classrooms to Jeevnodhar Madhyamik Vidyalaya, Jauras, Barabanki, Uttar Pradesh. It also supported construction of Narayan Computer teaching/training center etc. at Gram Ballampur, Block-Cholapur, Janpat Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh.
- Supported towards development of infrastructure of sports facilities at Delhi and supported towards development of Badminton Complex of Bhojpur District Badminton Association at Ara, Bhojpur Bihar



Development of infrastructure facilities at Ara, Bhojpur, Bihar.

• Environment sustainability activities have been taken up in Uttar Pradesh by installing and commissioning 250 solar lights at public places of Barabanki, Uttar Pradesh.





Solar lights at public places of Barabanki, Uttar Pradesh



• Supported the skilling of 100 students in field of Business Process Management, Finance & Accounting at Tuticorin District of Tamilnadu. It also supported Skill Development Training to 240 women/girls in the field of Self-Employed Tailor (120) and Make-up Artist (120) at Tughlakabad, New Delhi.





Skill training at Tuticorin, Tamilnadu and Tughlakabad, New Delhi

• Supported TERI towards Development of one pond for water conservation, Provision of purified drinking water infrastructure in two schools training/workshop for the community in the field of environment sustainability at Sonipat, Haryana as well as cleaning of closed canal at Dadri, UP.



Environment Sustainability project at Sonipat, Haryana

• CONCOR supported towards installation of open outdoor GYM machine in Motihari, East Champaran district of Bihar, Sonbhadra district in Uttar Pradesh and Bulandshahar, Uttar Pradesh.





Open outdoor GYM machine in Motihari, East Champaran district of Bihar

An amount of Rs.17.31 crores have been disbursed in FY 2023-24 towards CSR activities involving Health & Medical care, sanitation, education/literacy enhancement, community development, rural development, environment protection, conservation of natural resources and infrastructure development etc. Further, the Board of Directors are satisfied that the funds of CSR have been spent in the manner approved by it and this has also been certified by the CFO of the Company. The Annual report on CSR activities is as per **Annexure-D**.



RISK MANAGEMENT:

As per the requirement of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Company is having a Board level Risk Management Committee. The particulars of Committee, its terms of reference, meetings held, etc. are stated in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Report. The Company has a well laid down Risk Management (RM) system to identify, evaluate risks and opportunities. The said system seeks to create transparency, minimize adverse impact on the business objectives and enhance the Company's competitive advantage. The risk management system defines the risk management approach across the enterprise in various business activities. The RM structure has different risk models which help in identifying risk trends, exposure and potential impact analysis at Company level and also separately for business segments. It forms an integral part of the Company's functioning and the Board of Directors are being regularly apprised about the status of various risk elements and the mitigation plans for the same.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY:

CONCOR's Internal Control Systems are commensurate with its size, scale and complexity and nature of its business activities. Internal audit constitutes an important element in overall internal control systems of the Company. The scope of work of the internal audit is well defined and is very exhaustive to cover all crucial functions and businesses of the Company. The internal audit in the Company is carried out by the independent professional firms appointed for this purpose.

The respective department of the Company monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of internal control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies. Based on the report of internal auditors, necessary steps are taken at regular intervals to further strengthen the existing systems and procedures. The significant observations of internal auditors and corrective actions thereon are presented to the Audit & Ethics Committee of the Board at regular intervals. In addition, the implementation and effectiveness of internal financial controls during 2023-24 was also reported by the internal and statutory auditors of the Company.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

As per provisions of section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, every listed company is required to disclose the ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median employee's remuneration and such other details as may be prescribed in the Directors' Report. However, as per Notification No. GSR 463(E) dated 5th June, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government Companies are exempted from complying with provisions of section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, CONCOR being a Government Company, such particulars are not included as part of Directors' Report.

AUDITORS:

Being a Government Company, the Comptroller & Auditor General (C&AG) of India had appointed Company's Statutory Auditors for the financial year 2023-24. M/s. Hem Sandeep & Co., Chartered Accountants were appointed as Company's Statutory Auditors for the year 2023-24. The statutory auditors were appointed by C&AG vide its letter No. CA.V/COY/CENTRAL GOVERNMENT,CCIL(1)/39, dated 12.09.2023. The Statutory Auditors of the Company is being paid fee of Rs.27.30 Lakh (excluding GST). The Statutory Auditors have audited the Annual Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended on 31.03.2024. During the year under review, Auditors have not reported to the Audit Committee or the Board, under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 any instances of fraud committed against the Company by its officers or employees. In respect of observations of the Statutory Auditors in their report on Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements, Management replies have been enclosed as Addendum-I and Addendum-II to this report.

The Company is in receipt of NIL comments of Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 143(6)(b) of the Companies Act, 2013 on the Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year 2023-24, vide its letter no. DGA/RC/AA-CONCOR/83-33/2024-25/252, dated 02.08.2024. The Comments of



C&AG for the financial year 2023-24 are being provided elsewhere in the Annual Report. Further, CONCOR is not required to maintain cost records as required under section 148 of Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

CONCOR being a Government Company, the appointment of directors on its board are communicated by the Ministry of Railways from time to time. During the financial year 2023-24, seven meetings of the Board of Directors were held for transacting various businesses. During the year and upto the date of this report, the directorship in the Company are, as under:

- Shri Sanjay Swarup, Chairman and Managing Director [DIN: 05159435] (w.e.f. 01.10.2023)
- Shri Manoj K. Dubey, Director (Finance) & CFO [DIN: 07518387]
- Shri Ajit Kumar Panda, Director (Project & Services) [DIN: 08221385]
- Shri Mohammad Azhar Shams, Director (Domestic Division) [DIN: 07627473]
- Shri Priya Ranjan Parhi, Director (International Marketing & Operations) [DIN: 09499859] (w.e.f. 23.10.2023)
- Shri Sandeep Jain (Part-Time Govt. Nominee) [DIN: 09435375] (w.e.f. 20.03.2024)
- Shri Prabhas Dansana (Part-Time Govt. Nominee) [DIN: 07973307] (w.e.f. 20.05.2024)
- Shri Chesong Bikramsing Terang, Independent Director [DIN: 09401230]
- Shri Satendra Kumar, Independent Director [DIN: 09344018]
- Smt. Chandra Rawat, Independent Director [DIN: 09409425]
- Shri Kedarashish Bapat, Independent Director [DIN: 02535543]
- Shri V. Kalyana Rama, Chairman and Managing Director (CMD) [DIN: 07201556] (upto 30.09.2023)
- Shri Amrendra Kumar Chandra, Govt. Nominee Director [DIN: 10076613] (upto 29.02.2024)
- Shri R.C. Paul Kanagaraj, Independent Director [DIN: 10199485] (w.e.f. 15.06.2023 upto 24.03.2024)
- Shri Manoj Kumar Srivastava, Govt. Nominee Director [DIN: 06890877] (upto 30.06.2023)
- Shri Rajesh Pathak, Govt. Nominee Director [DIN: 10259788] (w.e.f. 11.09.2023 upto 21.03.2024)

In terms of provisions under SEBI Regulations and DPE guidelines, CONCOR being a listed Company and having an executive Chairman, 50% of its Board of Directors should comprise of independent Directors. However, the company was not having requisite number of Independent directors during the year. The Secretarial Auditor has also given observations in this respect in their report. In this respect, as Directors on the Board are appointed by Government, CONCOR had regularly requested Ministry of Railways for appointment of requisite number of independent directors to comply with the applicable requirements under SEBI (LODR) Regulations, DPE Guidelines and Companies Act and the same was also informed to Stock Exchanges.

RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS BY ROTATION:

As per the Companies Act, 2013 the provisions in respect of retirement of Directors by rotation will not be applicable to Independent Directors. In view of this, no Independent Director is considered to be retiring by rotation but all other directors will be retiring by rotation. Accordingly, one third among all other directors namely Shri Ajit Kumar Panda, Director (Projects & Services) and Shri Mohammad Azhar Shams, Director (Domestic Division) are liable to retire by rotation and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment.

EVALUATION & REMUNERATION:

As per provisions of Section 134(3)(p) of the Companies Act 2013, the Board's Report of a Listed Company shall include a statement indicating the manner of formal annual evaluation of Board, Committees & Individual Directors etc. Ministry of Corporate Affairs has vide its notification dated 5th June, 2015 notified the exemptions to Government Companies from the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 which inter-alia provides that Section 134(3)(p) regarding statement on formal annual evaluation shall not apply to Government Companies in case the Directors are evaluated by the Ministry which is administratively in-charge of the company as per its own evaluation methodology. Further, it has been provided that the provisions of Sub-Sections (2), (3) & (4) of Section 178 regarding appointment, performance evaluation and remuneration shall not apply to Directors of Government Companies.



In terms of notification dated 05.07.2017 issued by MCA the provisions in Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 about reviewing the performance of Chairperson and non-independent directors and the Board as a whole by the Independent Directors in their separate meeting and that on the basis of performance evaluation of Independent Directors, it shall be determined whether to extend or continue their term of appointment shall not apply to a Government Company if the requirements in respect of same are specified by the concerned Ministries or Departments of the Central Government and such requirements are complied with by the Government Companies. In view of above, since the appointment of all Directors in the Company is decided by the Govt. of India, the requirement related to evaluation of directors as stated in Schedule-IV are not applicable to CONCOR.

Similarly, the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 also provides that the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to formulate the criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the board of directors, evaluation of independent Directors to be done by the Board of Directors and the independent directors in their separate meeting inter-alia to review the performance of Chairperson, non-independent directors and the board of directors as a whole. Since CONCOR is a Government Company, which is exempt under Companies Act so from similar provisions, the Company has also sought exemption from SEBI regarding applicability of above SEBI (LODR) provisions to it.

On perusal of the above provisions, it can be concluded that there is no requirement for evaluation of Board, Non-Independent Directors, Chairperson and Independent Directors under Companies Act, 2013. For the evaluation of all the Directors in a Government Company, the Government has already laid down the procedure, which is being followed.

The above provision applicable for evaluation of the Chairperson/Directors/Board, were placed before the separate meeting of the Independent Directors in its meeting held on 14th March, 2024. In the said meeting the Directors have taken note of the provisions and stated that being a Government Company the Directors performance may continue to be reviewed by the Government in the same manner as is being done every year, hitherto. The Independent Directors have also placed on record their appreciation for the Chairman and Managing Director, functional Directors as well as the entire CONCOR team for their sustained efforts during this difficult year for trade.

Similarly, the above provision applicable for evaluation of the Chairperson/ Directors/ Board and statement in board report, were placed before the Board of Directors in its 240th meeting held on 08.08.2024. In the said meeting the Board has taken note of the same and have reiterated that being a Government Company the performance of Chairman/ Directors may continue to be reviewed and evaluated by the Government in the same manner as is being done every year, hitherto. The Board also placed on record its appreciation for the contribution being made by the Independent Directors.

The selection, evaluation criteria and the remuneration guidelines which are being followed in the Company are elaborated as under:

CONCOR is a Government Company under the administrative control of Ministry of Railways. The selection procedure for all the directors is also laid down by the Government of India and all the directors of the company have been appointed in accordance with the said procedure. The functional directors including CMD are selected on the recommendations of PESB in accordance with the procedure and guidelines laid down by Govt. of India. Its Board of Directors are appointed by Government of India and there is system and procedure laid down by Department of Public Enterprises for evaluation of its functional directors including Chairman and Managing Director. The evaluation framework for assessing the performance of functional directors comprises of the following key areas:

- Performance of the company under the MOU signed with Ministry of Railways.
- ➤ Performance with respect to the targets fixed for the respective director.

The evaluation includes self-evaluation by the respective board member and subsequent assessment by CMD for the functional directors and thereafter final evaluation by the Ministry of Railways, the Administrative Ministry. In



respect of CMD the evaluation includes self-evaluation and final evaluation by the Ministry of Railways. In respect of Government nominee directors their evaluation is done by the Ministry of Railways as per the laid down procedure.

The induction of officers at below board level is made by way of recruitment, promotion and/or lateral entry by way of deputation/immediate absorption of the officials from Ministry of Railways, Govt. Departments and other PSUs.

The performance of below Board Level Officials at Group General Manager and Executive Director Grades is evaluated on the basis of criteria laid down by DPE in which the achievement of MOU targets as approved by Administrative Ministry and DPE is given due weightage.

CONCOR follows a robust Performance Management System (PMS) in compliance with the DPE instructions for evaluation of performance of its officials in Sr. General Manager and below grade. Format for evaluation comprises broad parameters for assessment of personal traits of the officials and contribution towards performance of the organization. The Key Result Areas (KRAs) are proposed by the appraisee and approved by appraiser in the beginning of the year which is subject to mid-year review for further modification/improvement, if any. For the payment of Performance Related Pay (PRP) as per DPE guidelines/instructions, the performance rating of an individual officer is considered.

The major part of Salary administration has been followed in accordance with Department of Public Enterprises (DPE), guidelines on salary structure for Board Level Executives and as well as Below Board Level Executives and Non-unionised Supervisors. These are adopted by CONCOR with the approval of Board of Directors and Presidential directive issued thereof by the Ministry. In respect of unionised workmen, salary and allowances are settled through collective bargaining and settlement thereof under Industrial Disputes Act 1947.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board had taken note of the remuneration policy of the company and the procedure and policy for selection of the Directors, Senior Management and their evaluation/remuneration and also the evaluation criteria being followed for the evaluation of Chairman/Directors by the Government, Ministry of Railways (Government of India).

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The related party transactions that were entered into during the year were on an arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business. Omnibus approval of the Audit & Ethics Committee is being taken for the related party transactions which are of foreseen and repetitive nature. The transactions entered into pursuant to the omnibus approval so granted are placed before the Audit & Ethics Committee and the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. The policy on material related party transactions, as approved by the Board has been uploaded on the Company's website at https://concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/party_transactions.pdf. Though there are no materially significant related party transactions entered by the Company, the particulars as required under section 134(3) of the Companies Act 2013 are as per **Annexure-E** to this report.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed M/s Amit Agrawal & Associates, a firm of Company Secretaries in Practice to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report from the auditor is annexed as **Annexure-F** to this report.

The Secretarial Auditor as well as the Auditor who has given Corporate Governance Compliance certificate had given observations in their report regarding matters related to composition of Board of Directors i.e. not having adequate number of independent directors on its Board during the year. The remarks of the directors on the same are that the independent directors in the Company are appointed by President of India, through Ministry of Railways, Government of India. The Company has regularly requested Ministry of Railways, Government of India for appointment of requisite number of independent directors on its Board. Further, on the matters of observations



of the Secretarial Auditors regarding imposition of fines by the Stock Exchanges, the matters in which fines were imposed, its period, status along with management's remarks on same in detail have been provided in the enclosed Corporate Governance Report forming part of this report.

OTHER DISCLOSURES:

A copy of the annual return is placed on the website of the company at www.concorindia.co.in. In addition, statement pursuant to Section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013 (AOC-1) relating to Subsidiary Companies and Joint Ventures is as per **Annexure-G**.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS:

During the year, your Company has made investment into its subsidiary, the particulars of which are as under:

(Rs. in Crore)

S. No.	Name of Company	Loan/Investment	Amount
1.	M/s Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited	Preference Share Capital	20.40
		Investment	

The particulars of investments in Joint Venture/Subsidiary Companies as on 31.03.2024 have been provided in the Financial Statements of the year 2023-24. There are no loans outstanding from the Joint Venture and Subsidiary Companies. In CONCOR, there was no instance of one-time settlement for any loan from the Bank(s)/Financial Institution(s) during the year.

ACCEPTANCE OF DEPOSITS:

Your Company has not accepted any deposits from public as envisaged under Sections 73 to 76 of Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014.

CREDIT RATING:

For the purpose of Long term Non-Fund based Bank Facilities (Rs.800 crore) and Issuer Rating, the Company's credit rating is [ICRA] AAA (Stable) by M/s ICRA Limited as on 31.03.2024. Further, on 02.08.2024, M/s ICRA has reaffirmed the Company rating as AAA (Stable) for issuer rating and for Non fund-based Facilities (Unallocated limits) of Rs.800 crore.

INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016:

The details of application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 with their status, are as under:

i) Claims against the Company:

S. No.	Name of Party	Amount	Remarks
1.	M/s Roadwings International Pvt. Ltd	Rs.81.37 crore + future interest	An arbitral award was given against CONCOR in this case with majority arbitral award of Rs.81.37 crores + future interest. CONCOR has filed an Appeal with Hon'ble Delhi High Court for setting aside of the arbitral Award. Pending above matter in Hon'ble High Court at Delhi, NCLT New Delhi Bench vide its order dated 12.07.2023 admitted petition under Section 9 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 against CONCOR. An appeal against the above said order, was filed before Hon'ble NCLAT, New Delhi by CONCOR on 13.07.2023. NCLAT vide its order dated 14.07.2023 has stayed the order dated 12.07.2023 passed by NCLT.



			Disputes) Scheme issued by Ministry of Finance, the matter under dispute in this case has been settled among the parties (i.e. CONCOR and Operational Creditor) at an amount of Rs. 38.05 Crore, In view of this settlement reached among parties, Hon'ble NCLAT has set aside the Impugned order dated 12.07.2023 of NCLT.
2.	M/s Roadwings International Pvt. Ltd	Rs. 1.51 Crore	Recently, the claim under dispute has been settled at an amount of Rs. 0.67 Crore under Vivad Se Vishwas-II (Contractual Disputes) Scheme issued by Ministry of Finance.
3.	M/s NFA Life Secure Private Ltd	Rs.1.00 crore	NCLT vide its order dated 12.07.2023 ordered that the present Section 9 Application along with Restoration App/71/ND/2022, has now become infructuous. The Operational Creditor is at liberty to revive the present Section 9 Application if the CIRP initiated in IB No.644/ND/2022 is settled or set aside.

In addition to above cases, three parties namely M/s Manoj Babu Madineni (Claim amount Rs. 0.22 Cr.), M/s RCI Industries & Technology (Claim amount NIL) & M/s Asset Reconstruction Company (India) Ltd (Claim amount yet to be received), filed cases in which CONCOR is not the main respondent. As per company's assessment, no liability in these cases is being envisaged.

ii) Claims by the Company:

There are no cases filed by the Company with National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) in which claim has been made

MATERIAL CHANGES & COMMITMENTS:

There have been no material changes & commitments affecting the financial position of the Company, which have occurred between the end of the financial year and date of this report.

DISCLOSURE UNDER SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

Container Corporation of India Ltd. (CONCOR) complies with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and an Internal Compliant Committee has been constituted under the Act.

Container Corporation of India Ltd. (CONCOR) prohibits any kind of Act of Sexual Harassment at Work Place and included the acts amounting to Sexual Harassment at Workplace in its Conduct Rules and Certified Standing Orders and Discipline & Appeal Rules so as to prohibit any such Act. CONCOR has an Internal Complaints Committee to receive and investigate complaints related to "Sexual harassment at workplace" following the guidelines issued by Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in "Visakha Vs. State of Rajasthan".

The 'Internal Complaints Committee' consists of four members at the senior level including one external female member. CONCOR has 157 female employees out of total 1297 employees. The company has created a conducive work environment free from any kind of harassment and during the year 2023-24, no such complaint was received.

CEO & CFO CERTIFICATION:

Pursuant to provisions of Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, certificate for the year under review from Shri Sanjay Swarup Chairman and Managing Director and Shri Manoj Kumar Dubey, Director (Finance) & CFO was placed before the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on 16.05.2024. A copy of the said certificate on the financial statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024 is as per **Annexure-H**.



BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY & SUSTAINABILITY REPORT (BRSR):

In terms of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, for describing the initiatives taken by the companies from Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) perspective, it has been mandated that the top 1,000 listed entities, based on market capitalisation to include Business Responsibility & Sustainability Report (BRSR) as part of the Annual Report. SEBI has provided the format for BRSR reporting in which it has elaborated a disclosure framework mapping Company's performance on the nine Principles and Core elements. In this respect, a brief of actions on the ESG front along with Business Responsibility & Sustainability Report are at **Annexure-I** and **Annexure-J** respectively.

SEBI vide its circular SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-SEC-2/P/CIR/2023/122 dated 12.07.2023, has mandated top 150 companies on the basis of market capitalisation on 31st March 2024, to obtain a reasonable assurance on BRSR Core for the year 2023-24. Accordingly, your Company has obtained the required certificate of Reasonable Assurance from M/s The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI) and a copy of the same is placed at <u>Annexure-K</u>.

CODE OF CONDUCT:

The Code of Conduct has been laid down for the Board Members and senior management. A copy of the same is available on the website of the Company.

Based on the affirmation received from Board Members and Senior Management Personnel, it is hereby declared that all the members of the Board and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance of Code of Conduct for the financial year ended on 31.03.2024.

CONCLUSION:

Your Directors place on record their appreciation for the esteemed Shareholders, Institutions, State Governments where Company operates or is planning to expand its business and all other agencies for reposing their faith, trust and confidence in the Company.

Your Directors express their gratitude for co-operation, support and guidance provided by Government of India, in particular the Ministry of Railways, Customs, Ports and above all the customers who have continued to patronize the services provided by your Company.

Your Directors appreciate and acknowledge the suggestions received from Auditors and Comptroller & Auditor General of India and are grateful for their consistent support and help.

Your Directors would like to place on record its deep and sincere appreciation for the dedication, valuable contribution and focused efforts by the '*Team CONCOR*' for the excellent performance during the year and they are looking forward with confidence and commitment for a rewarding future ahead for all stakeholders.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

sd/(Sanjay Swarup)
Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 05159435

Date: 30.08.2024 Place: New Delhi



ADDENDUM-I TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR FY 2023-24

Management Replies to the Remarks in the Independent Auditor's Report on Standalone Financial Statements for FY 2023-24

Points in the Auditors' Report	Auditors' Remarks	Reply of the Management
Point no. (a) of Emphasis of Matter in Standalone Audit Report	Refer Note no. 30, 39 and 51, which describe payment of Land License Fee to Indian Railways for land leased to it on the basis of Company's assessment in line with Master circular dated 04.10.2022 issued by Railways and is not final. In view of the uncertainty of the lease terms, no Right of Use (ROU) has been assessed as required under Ind AS 116.	Indian Railways (IR), vide letter No. 2015/LML-II/13/4, dated 19.03.2020 informed CONCOR that w.e.f. 01.04.2020 license fee for Railway land licensed to CONCOR shall be charged as per extant policy of Indian Railways (IR). Accordingly, annual Land License Fees (LLF) at 6% of Land Value shall be applicable. However, prior to 01.04.2020, IR used to charge LLF from CONCOR on per TEU (Twenty-Foot Equivalent Units) basis. During FY 2023-24, in case of some terminals Divisional Railways have raised demand letters on CONCOR which are not as per the policy of IR, in terms of applicable Industrial land rates provided by land revenue authority, land area etc. The Company has taken up the matter with concerned divisional railways for resolving the issues. Further, the agreement based on revised policy of LLF, for any of 26 land parcels leased by IR to CONCOR has not been executed till date. Due to which, the Company is unable to identify and crystalise future cash flows with certainty which is the main requirement for determining the
		value of ROU Assets and corresponding lease liability for proper compliance with IND AS 116 (Leases). In view of above: (i) The Company has booked LLF to Indian Railways on the basis of its assessment and the same has been disclosed in Note 51 of the Standalone Financial Statements for FY 2023-24; and (ii) No Right of Use (ROU) & Lease Liability has been assessed as required under Ind AS 116 by the Company for such IR leased lands.



Points in the Auditors' Report	Auditors' Remarks		Reply of the Management
Point no. i (c) of Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report	The title deeds of immovable properties ar Company except for items mentioned Standalone Audit Report, the details of wh	in Appendix-A of the	Leasehold Land at Kanakpura (Jaipur):- This land parcel of 24,428 square meters was leased to CONCOR by IR. The documents pertaining to land is not available. In this respect, a letter dated 15.09.2022 was written to Sr. Divisional Engineer, Divisional Railway Manager Office, Jaipur seeking
	Description of Property	Gross Carrying Value	necessary documents for said land parcel. A reminder for the same has been sent and necessary follow up is being done.
	Kanakpura (Jaipur)	1,52,68,500.70	
	Ravtha Road (Kota)	0.00	Leasehold Land at Ravtha Road (Kota):-
	Freehold land at MMLP/ Varnama	11,38,34,006.00	This land parcel of 26,931.86 square metres at ICD Kota was taken
	Freehold land at MMLP/ Varnama	7,09,53,065.00	on lease from Indian Railways w.e.f. 11.11.2013 for five years.
	Aurangabad 3-Housing flats Purchased from CIDCO	9,47,726.00	Further extension of agreement is being arranged.
	Mumbai, Powai 10 LIG flats Purchased from MHADA	1,50,05,850.00	Freehold Land At Varnama:- Land was acquired by CONCOR through State Government under
	Building no. 19, Oshiwara, Mumbai- 2 MIG flats Purchased from MHADA	56,12,658.00	"THE RIGHT TO FAIR COMPENSATION AND TRANSPARENCY IN LAND ACQUISITION, REHABILITATION AND RESETTLEMENT ACT 2013", wherein Government of Gujarat issued the award of the land to the Company with payment of due compensation to farmers, after payment, land records are to be updated by Revenue Department of
	Building no. 16, Oshiwara, Mumbai-2 MIG flats Purchased from MHADA	62,96,452.00	
	Freehold Land at Krishnapatnam (Land Area- 141.95 Acres)	33,30,01,871.00	
	Lease Hold Land as ROU Asset at Nagalapalle (0.28 acres)	8,85,542.06	Govt. Of Gujarat. Updation for record with Revenue Department is pending and the Company is following with the department
	Leasehold at SRO (Railway Quarter)	1,30,00,000.00	regularly.
	Leasehold At SRO (Regional Office Building)	2,00,00,000.00	For Housing Flats purchased from CIDCO at Aurangabad & MHADA at Mumbai:-
	Residential Flat	17,00,000.00	The Stamp Duty and Registration Documents for 10 nos. of Flats
	Residential Flat	22,00,000.00	in MHADA Complex, Powai, 02 nos. of Flats each in MHADA building no.16 and 19 at Oshiwara, Mumbai, 03 nos. of Flats in
	Lease Hold Land at MMLP Naya Raipur (Land Area 2.99 Acres)	0.00	CIDCO Complex at Aurangabad are not available.
	Lease Hold Land at Sanathnagar (Land Area 9.24 Acres)	0.00	Latest correspondence with concerned authorities was done on
	Land taken on lease at CTKR Terminal from Syama Prasad Mookerjee Port	42,77,24,118.77	17 th June 2024 for obtaining title deeds in the name of Company for said 14 Nos. of flats in MHADA Buildings, and 3 nos. of flats



Points in the Auditors' Report	Auditors' Remarks		Reply of the Management
Report	Trust Land taken on lease at Shalimar Terminal from South Eastern Railways Land taken on lease at MMLP Jharsuguda Terminal from South Eastern Railways Office Space taken on Lease at Shalimar Terminal from South Eastern Railways	0.00	in CIDCO Complex at Aurangabad. Freehold Land at Krishnapatnam: The sale agreement for the said land was executed with Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation (APIIC) on 21.03.2018. However, in-accordance with clause 3 of the sale agreement, which mentions that CONCOR should execute sale deed on implementation of project and going into commercial production. Therefore, the sale deed can be executed only upon the project implementation, which is under process. Lease Hold Land at Nagulapalle: The Land at Nagulapalle was taken from South Central Railway (SCR) on lease by the Company. The Company has requested Zonal Railways for execution of lease deed, as per draft submitted by it and the matter is under Consideration of SCR. Leasehold at SRO (Railwav Ouarter and Residential Flats) The Company has requested Southern Railway (SR) to arrange for the formalities pertaining to leasing the 3 nos. residential flats (staff quarters) costing Rs.1.69 Crores. Original Agreement signed by DGM(C&O)/TNPM is handed over to Divisional Railway Manager Office, Works Branch. Signed copy from Railway is awaited, while the Company is regularly pursuing the matter with SR. Leasehold at SRO (Regional Office Building) The draft lease deed was prepared by Company and submitted to Zonal Railway for approval and the same is awaited. However, a letter dated 13.06.2023 has been received requesting CONCOR to vacate the premises (8th Floor). The matter is being taken up with Railways.
			Lease Hold Land at MMLP Naya Raipur: - The terminal was commissioned on Jan-2018 with temporary



Points in the Auditors' Report	Auditors' Remarks	Reply of the Management
		connectivity from Mandir Hasaud (MNDH) yard shunting neck, in this connection the Railway land portion/Area of 12,086 Sqms was used for the connectivity purpose. As the connectivity was temporary one thus agreement could not be executed with Railways. In September 2022, the permanent connectivity has been made and connected with the newly commissioned Naya Raipur Railway Station. In this connection, to arrive an exact Railway area used by CONCOR, a joint survey has been carried out by Railways and CONCOR. Subsequently, Land Licensing Plan with revised land area of 12,598 sqms was submitted to IR for approval. Once the same gets approved, the agreement will be executed.
		Lease Hold Land at Sanathnagar:- CONCOR had taken on lease one of the parcel of railway land of 9.24 acres at ICD Sanathnagar. The agreement for such land is not executed yet. Continuous follow up is going up with Railways to finalise the draft agreement of lease at ICD/SNF.
		Lease Hold Land at CTKR:- The Land Lease Agreement with Syama Prasad Mookerjee Port Trust for 85,500 Sq. metres of land taken on lease at CTKR Terminal expired on 24-02-2019.
		CONCOR has requested and appealed to port authorities for 50% concession in lease rent but no formal decision has been received from their end.
		The execution of the lease deed will be taken up after the response of port authorities.
		Lease Hold Land at Shalimar:- CONCOR has taken a land on lease from South Eastern Railways measuring 15.01 Acres for a period of 30 years with effect from 01-02-1992.



Points in the Auditors'	Auditors' Remarks	Reply of the Management
Report		
		The Lease agreement expired on 31-01-2022 and pending for renewal as on the reporting date of the Balance Sheet.
		The lease agreement is pending on account of difference in the area of the land taken on lease as per South Eastern Railways and CONCOR. Once the issue in the area of land taken on lease is resolved, the lease agreement will be executed.
		Lease Hold Land at Jharsuguda:- CONCOR has taken a land on lease from South Eastern Railways measuring 2.142 Acres for a period of 5 years with effect from 26-08-2016. The Lease agreement expired on 25-08-2021 and pending for renewal as on the reporting date of the balance sheet. CONCOR has taken up the issue of non-execution of lease agreement with concerned Railways and awaiting necessary action from railways side.
		Leased office Space at Shalimar Terminal:- CONCOR has taken an Office Space on rent from South Eastern Railways measuring 285 Sq. feet in respect of which no lease agreement has been entered. South Eastern Railways has raised Office rent invoices which are not in consonance with the Railway board circular no.2010/LML/18/64 dated 11-07-2018. The Company has represented to revise the office rent invoice as per the said railway board circular. However, revised bill is awaited from railways. The execution of the lease agreement will be taken upon receipt of office rent invoice in accordance with the railway board circular dated 11-07-2018.
Point no. vii (b) of Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report	According to the information and explanations given to us, the following due of service tax has not been deposited by the company on account of disputes:	The amount of Rs.1.48 crores is receivable from M/s HAL on account of initial investment of Rs.87/- Lakhs plus Rs.61/- Lakhs towards balance share of profit of the erstwhile JWG- ACC which was a Joint Venture of HAL, CONCOR & MSIL and same was closed in the FY 2010-11.



Points in the Auditors' Report	Auditors' Remarks				Reply of the Management
	Name of the Statu	Noture of the Duce	Amount (Rs. in Pe crores)	riod	The amount of Rs.1.48 crores is withheld/ retained by HAL (who is the custodian of Accounts) against the 1/3rd share of
	Service Ta	x Service tax penalty	Rs. 1.48 Sept 2 June-2		service tax demand pending against the erstwhile JV. The status of the service tax case is obtained from M/s HAL in the form of copies of the Orders dated. 25.01.2012 and dated 10.12.2014 of Customs, Excise and Service tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT). Both the CESTAT orders are in favors of JWG i.e., the requirement of predeposit of balance dues is waived off and stay is granted against recovery during the pendency of appeal. As per the information obtained from M/s HAL, they engaged M/s BSR & CO. as their consultants in this matter and at present final orders are still pending against the appeal of JWG. In view of the above, the amount of Rs.1.48 crores has been disclosed under Other Advances account and also under Contingent liabilities.
Point no. vii (b) of Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report	following of	to the information and ex- due of Income Tax has a account of disputes:			
	Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount (Rs. in crores)	Period	Disallowance of 80IA Rail System – AY 2008-09 Amount Rs. 284.16 (excluding interest Rs. 96.59):
	Income Tax	Disallowance of 80IA Rai System	Rs.284.16 (excluding interest Rs.96.59)	AY 2008- 09	In the matter of Disallowance of 80IA Rail System:- An appeal was filed with CIT(A) against the order passed by AO
Income Tax for SI		Disallowance of Deductio for: - SFIS Scrips	Rs. 149.63 (excluding Interest - Rs 48.55)	AY - 2013- 14	u/s 147/143(3). CIT(A) has passed its order on 27/01/2017 allowing the appeal in favour of CONCOR. Further, department filed appeal before the Hon'ble ITAT against
	Disallowance of Deductio for:-Contribution to provie fund/ superannuation fund	dent (excluding	AY 2020- 21	the order of CIT (A). ITAT vide order dated 13-01-2020 dismissed IT department's appeal on the ground that the same case has been disallowed by High /Supreme Court in earlier AYs.	



Points in the Auditors' Report		Auditors' Remarks	3		Reply of the Management
	Income Tax	Disallowance of Deduction for: - Claimed under Sec-80G of Income Tax Act	Rs.0.22 (excluding Interest – Rs 0.06)	AY 2020- 21	After above ITAT order, department filed Misc Application in ITAT on 27-12-2021. No information regarding same was shared with Company. CONCOR got information about same only after receipt of Notice of hearing 07-11-2023.
					The matter is being represented by the Company against the application filed by the Department.
					Disallowance of Deduction for: - SFIS Scrips AY 2013-14 Amount Rs. 149.63 (excluding Interest - Rs 48.55):
					In the matter of disallowance of deduction of SFIS Scrips, the Company appealed before two forums: -
					• In Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (ITAT) against the order of Pr. Commissioner of Income Tax (Pr. CIT) dated 28.03.2018. The Hon'ble ITAT vide order dated 17.12.2018 quashed the order of Pr. CIT.
					• In Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeal) against the order of Assessing Officer (AO) passed u/s 143(3) read with section 263 of the IT Act dated 21.12.2018. In the said appeal, CIT(A) vide order dated 22.07.2022 ordered AO to delete the addition of Rs.149.63 crores made to income for A.Y.2013-14 on account of SFIS Scrips and utilized for domestic purchases.
					Then DCIT has appealed with ITAT on 16.09.2022 vide IT Appeal No.2298/Del of 2022.
					In the said appeal Hon'ble ITAT vide order dated 12/07/2023 dismissed the appeal of the revenue (DCIT) and order has been pronounced in CONCOR's favor.
					DCIT vide order u/s 250/143(2) r.w.s. 263 dated 30.04.2024 has given effect of ITAT's order and dropped the additions made. DCIT



Points in the Auditors'	Auditors' Remarks	Reply of the Management
Report		
		assessed the income for AY 2013-14 at the returned income and issued refund.
		<u>Disallowance of Deduction for: - Contribution to provident fund/</u> <u>superannuation fund Rs.1.76 (excluding Interest – Rs.0.44):</u>
		The Company received Communication of proposed adjustment u/s 143(1)(a) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 on 22-09-2021, proposing the adjustment of Rs.1.76 crores on account of inconsistency in any sum received from employees as contribution to any provident fund or superannuation fund or any fund set up under ESI Act or any other fund for the welfare of employees to the extent not credited to the employees account on or before the due date 36(1)(va) claimed in return in schedule OI and audit report.
		The Company filed response against the above communication within prescribed time explaining in detail that why the proposed adjustment should not be made.
		However, the Income Tax Return was processed and an Intimation order under section 143 (1) for AY 2020-21 was issued to the Company dated 24.12.2021 having Document Identification No. CPC/2021/A6/187451475 issued on 22.07.2022 making adjustments amounting to Rs.1.76 crores on account of Employee contribution to superannuation fund not paid on or before due date.
		CONCOR has filed appeal with CIT(A) on 26.08.2022 with acknowledgement No.449003680260822.
		Disallowance of Deduction for: - Claimed under Sec-80G of Income Tax Act Rs.0.22 crores (excluding interest Rs.0.06 crores):
		CONCOR under its CSR activities has provided support towards operation of Super 30 at Shivpur, Varanasi for imparting residential coaching to 30 poor students against which an amount of Rs.0.22



Points in the Auditors' Report	Auditors' Remarks	Reply of the Management
Keport		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 000
		crores has been claimed as deduction under Section 80(G).
		As per Assessment Order U/s 143(3) the same has been disallowed.
		The per responsibility of the country and state mass over distance wear
		The Company has filed appeal with CIT(A) on 28.09.2022 with acknowledgement No.610627680011022.

By order of Board of CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

sd/-(Sanjay Swarup) Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 05159435

Date: 30.08.2024 Place: New Delhi



ADDENDUM-II TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR FY 2023-24

Management Replies to the Remarks in the Independent Auditor's Report on Consolidated Financial Statements for FY 2023-24

Points in the Auditors'	Auditors' Remarks	Reply of the Management
Points in the Auditors' Report Point No. 1(a) of Emphasis of Matter in Consolidated Audit Report	Refer Note no. 33, 46 and 58, which describe payment of Land Licence Fee to Indian Railways for land leased to it on the basis of Company's assessment in line with Master circular dated 04.10.2022 issued by Railways and is not final. In view of the uncertainty of the lease terms, no Right of Use (ROU) has been assessed as required under Ind AS 116.	Indian Railways (IR), vide letter No. 2015/LML-II/13/4, dated 19.03.2020 informed CONCOR that w.e.f. 01.04.2020 license fee for Railway land licensed to CONCOR shall be charged as per extant policy of Indian Railways (IR). Accordingly, annual Land License Fees (LLF) at 6% of Land Value shall be applicable. However, prior to 01.04.2020, IR used to charge LLF from CONCOR on per TEU (Twenty-Foot Equivalent Units) basis. During FY 2023-24, in case of some terminals Divisional Railways have raised demand letters on CONCOR which are not as per the policy of IR, in terms of applicable Industrial land rates provided by land revenue authority, land area etc. The Company has taken up the matter with concerned divisional railways for resolving the issues. Further, the agreement based on revised policy of LLF, for any of 26 land parcels leased by IR to CONCOR has not been executed till date. Due to which, the Company is unable to identify and crystalise future cash flows with certainty which is the main requirement for determining the value of ROU Assets and corresponding lease liability for proper compliance with IND AS 116 (Leases). In view of above: (i) The Company has booked LLF to Indian Railways on the
		basis of its assessment and the same has been disclosed in Note 51 of the Standalone Financial Statements for FY 2023-24; and



Points in the Auditors' Report	Auditors' Remarks	Reply of the Management
		(ii) No Right of Use (ROU) & Lease Liability has been assessed as required under Ind AS 116 by the Company for such IR leased lands.
Point No. 2(a) of Emphasis of Matter	Fresh & Heathy Enterprises Limited (FHEL) The auditors of FHEL (a subsidiary of CONCOR) have reported that refer note no. 8(c) of their financial statements in respect of sundry debtors there is uncertainty related to the outcome of the lawsuit filed against various sundry debtors. The company has taken appropriate action in this respect.	All the parties mentioned in Note. No. 8(c) of the financial statements are sub-judice under legal proceedings and the same will be decided as per course of law. The Company has not made any provision for such receivables as the Company expects a favourable outcome in all the cases. The action taken by FHEL has been substantiated by their auditors.
Point No. 2(b) of Emphasis of Matter	The auditors of FHEL (a subsidiary of CONCOR) have reported that refer note no. 8(a) of their financial statements include amount recoverable from the customer (i) M/S Elements Exports - Rs. 10,92,656/- and (ii) M/S SRC Overseas - Rs. 70,037/- which are outstanding for more than 1 year. No recovery suit has been filed by the company against them.	It is stated that M/s Elements Exports have stored dry fruits (Walnut) in Customs Bonded warehouse and their cargo is still lying in the warehouse. The amount will be recovered before delivery of the cargo to them. In the matter of M/s SRC Overseas, follow-up is going on for recovery of the dues. The product stored by the party was imported fresh fruit cargo i.e. Nectarine which got spoiled being perishable product due to non-lifting of the cargo by party and has been disposed of.
Point No. 3 of Emphasis of Matter	CONCOR Air Limited (CAL) Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern: The auditors of CAL (a subsidiary of CONCOR) have drawn attention to Note No. 41 of their financial statements, which indicates that Board has decided to Transfer and Sell the Concessional Rights and Fixed assets of CONCOR AIR Ltd. to MIAL as per Agreed Terms and Conditions. The Contract period is up to Jan.2026 but in the interest of CONCOR Air Ltd., the termination is done before the expiry of the Concession period. This will have the major impact on the Business of the Company in Future. At present, the company has no	With termination of the agreement on mutually agreed terms with Mumbai International Airport Limited (MIAL), CONCOR AIR LTD did not have any Business during the FY 2023-24. However, the company has gained significant experience and expertise in Cargo Handling and operations during its association with MIAL. Considering the experience and the opportunities available in similar facilities and the market, the management is positive and



Points in the Auditors' Report			Auditors	' Remarks	S		Reply of the Management
	other custon indicate that doubt on th However, th prepared on in respect of	t material e company he financia a going co	uncertaint 7's ability al stateme oncern bas	y exists the to contine ents of the	nat may cas ue as a go e company	st significan ing concern have beer	The management at CAL is exploring options of Cargo handling and other operations at various existing airports and upcoming
Point No. 2(a) of Other Matter	Reference: The auditors attention to indicates the liabilities surement Payconsidered representation. Details Payable against capital purchase Other Current Liabilities	Note 22: O s of SCIC Note No at the Bala alch as Pay ables are of good and	ther curr L (a subs 22 of tances paya yable aga utstanding undispute	rent finance didiary of their finant ables for Capita g for long ped as per	ial liabilitie CONCOR) cial statem Other Curre al Purchase period of tin informatio	have drawn nents, which ent Financia e and Other me which are	of amount pertains to GST amount withheld on account of non-receipt of necessary documents from the parties/suppliers. The Company will follow up with the concerned parties/suppliers and necessary accountal will be done once the required inputs are made available.



Points in the Auditors' Report	Auditors' Remarks	Reply of the Management
Matter	31.03.2024: The auditors of SCICL (a subsidiary of CONCOR) have drawn attention to Note No. 42 of their financial statements, which indicates that the balance of Trade Payable Other than MSME, depicted as Others in Schedule no.42 for Rs 13,347.30 (Amount in Thousands '000), consist of Expenses Payable for UPCL amounting to Rs 681.72 (Amount in Thousands '000) for a temporary connection (Category Tarif-RTS-7 having Load 355 KVA for KNO-LP 427 with Connection number T-159). Wherein the Company has collected amounts from various vendors on account of electricity expenses during the Year 2015 to Year 2018, which is payable to UPCL for electricity bill against the temporary connection, the billing for which is not received since March 2015 to date of disconnection and according not paid by the company till date. Management is requested to take sufficient and appropriate action for either payment to UPCL against the payables outstanding in books since Year 2015 or refund of money collected from vendor on account of electricity charges.	SCICL was provided with temporary connection by the Uttarakhand Power Corporation Limited (UPCL) during construction phase. SCICL during said phase has collected amounts from various vendors on account of electricity expenses on the basis of units consumed. The temporary connection was disconnected by the Uttarakhand Power Corporation Limited (UPCL) after providing regular connection for supply of electricity to the company. The temporary meter was burnt and was taken by UPCL for Meter Reading Instrument (MRI) to get the exact units of electricity consumed and also communicated that the bill will be generated after the said MRI gets completed, but till date no communication has been received. The Company is regularly chasing up this matter with UPCL and necessary provision in the books of accounts has been provided and payment will be done once necessary information required is provided by UPCL.
Point No. 2(c) of Other Matter	Trade Receivables & Trade Payables: The auditors of SCICL (a subsidiary of CONCOR) have drawn attention that balance confirmation for Receivables and Payables are not available with the entity, Advance collected from many customers amounting to Rs 5,910.77 (Amount in Thousands '000), including VDS are not confirmed from vendors. There should be proper mechanism for balance confirmations to be maintained for the stakeholders.	The reconciliation of Trade Receivables and Trade Payables is an ongoing process. The Company is annually seeking balance confirmation from most of the parties by sending letters to them. Thus, there is a mechanism available for the same. However, to further streamline the process, regular follow up will be done with the concerned parties, so that the balance confirmation is made available on time.
Point No. (1) under Report on the Internal Financial	CONCOR Air Limited (CAL) The auditors of CAL (a subsidiary of CONCOR) have reported that the Company is running standalone IT system for revenue	The auditors of CAL have reviewed their observations and submitted revised Report, which states as below: -



Points in the Auditors' Report	Auditors' Remarks	Reply of the Management	
Controls over Financial Reporting	accounting and for accounting of receivables etc., which is not integrated with the financial package "Tally". The Company needs to integrate the two and incorporate internal control and audit system to verify the correctness of data.		
Point No. (2) under Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting	The auditors of CAL (a subsidiary of CONCOR) have drawn attention that system of reconciling the input taxes with GST Returns and information available on the portal needs strengthening.	The auditors of CAL have reviewed their observations and submitted revised Report in which this point has been removed.	

By order of Board of **CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED**

sd/-(Sanjay Swarup)

Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 05159435

Date: 30.08.2024 Place: New Delhi



ANNEXURE-'A

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW:

Indian Railways registered a marginal increase of 5.20% in originating loading of cargo, from 1,512.07 million tonnes in 2022-23 to 1,590.63 million tonnes in 2023-24. While, originating containerized cargo transported by rail has increased from 79.45 million tonnes in 2022-23 to 85.04 million tonnes in 2023-24 reflecting an increase of 7.04%. The containers handled at all ports of the country registered a growth of 9.54% from 19.17 million TEUs in 2022-23 to 21.00 million TEUs in 2023-24. JN Port registered a growth of 5.29% from 6.05 million TEUs to 6.37 million TEUs, Mundra Port registered a growth of 12.13% from 6.52 million TEUs to 7.31 million TEUs, Pipavav port registered a growth of 17.37% from 0.64 million TEUs to 7.31 million TEUs, Vizag port registered a growth of 32.62%, Katupalli port registered a growth of 6.51% and Kamrajar Port registered growth of 22.42% in container handling in 2023-24 as compared to 2022-23. In value terms, total exports of the country decreased by 3.11% from 451.07 billion dollars in 2022-23 to 437.06 billion dollars in 2023-24. Imports of the country have also registered negative growth by 5.41% from 751.97 billion dollars in 2022-23 to 677.24 billion dollars in 2023-24. CONCOR experienced a rise in export of commodities such as Auto Parts, Aluminium Ingot, Rice, Buffalo Meat, Furniture, Stainless Steel, Yarn, Food items, Red Chillies, Coir Product while import of commodities such as Aluminium Scrap, Waste Paper, Auto part, Stainless Steel, Solar module, wood pulp, Raw Cotton, Float Glass have also increased.

In the above-mentioned external business environment, your company carried 49.11 million tons of containerized cargo by rail during FY 2023-24 as compared to 49.00 million tons carried in 2022-23, i.e. an increase of 0.23%. Your Company achieved throughput of 4.72 million TEUs in FY 2023-24 as against 4.36 million TEUs in FY 2022-23 i.e. growth of 8.23%.

EXIM & DOMESTIC BUSINESS:

During 2023-24, the EXIM container traffic handled at all Indian ports increased by 9.54% as compared to 2022-23. However, in EXIM segment your company handled ever highest 3.65 million TEUs in 2023-24 as against 3.41 million TEUs in 2022-23. In terms of tonnage, the increase in EXIM originating loading was 1.96% from 34.63 million tonnes in 2022-23 to 35.31 million tonnes in 2023-24. During the same period, EXIM containerized loading of Indian Railways increased by 7.42% from 59.96 million tonnes in 2022-23 to 64.41 million tonnes in 2023-24.

The total traffic handled in domestic segment was 10,71,908 TEUs in 2023-24 as against 9,54,267 TEUs in 2022-23 i.e. an increase of 12.33%. In terms of tonnage, there was decrease in domestic originating loading of 3.91% from 14.36 million tonnes in 2022-23 to 13.80 million tonnes in 2023-24. During the same period, domestic containerized loading of Indian Railways also increased by 5.90 % from 19.49 million tonnes in 2022-23 to 20.64 million tonnes in 2023-24.

CONCOR BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Performance

During the year under review, CONCOR achieved a significant increase in revenue and profitability. Our total revenue grew by 6.9% to ₹ 9010 crores, driven by a surge in container handling and transportation volumes. Our net profit increased by 5.2% to ₹ 1230 crores, reflecting our focus on operational efficiency and cost optimization.

With consistent good service to Trade despite increase in Tariffs, CONCOR was able to register the highest-ever Throughput of 4.72 Million TEUs in 2023-24, which was a growth of 8.25% over the previous year.

EXIM traffic handling increased by 7.08% and domestic traffic handling registered a growth of 12.33%. The Company continued to expand its footprint through capital expenditure of ₹745 Cr.



CONCOR commissioned 14 new High Speed Heavy Capacity Rakes, taking its total Fleet size to 377 at the end of the year. In addition, the CONCOR procured 7,653 new Containers taking the total count to more than 44,000.

The Western DFC is likely to be fully commissioned by March 2025. However, we have been using a part of the Western DFC that has been commissioned to run Time-Tabled Double Stack Trains from our Multi Modal Logistics Park (MMLP) at Dadri to Mundra Port, which helped us to shift Cargo that was earlier moving by Road to Rail.

A Double-stack train carries 180 TEUs, while a normal train carries only 90 TEUs of containers. In long-haul, two trains are coupled together to form a long train to carry more containers in one go. This has opened the possibility of running Long-haul and Double-stack trains from ICD, Dadri to Pipavav besides Mundra port.

CONCOR is operating 4 Mn Sqft of Warehouse space at its various Terminals across the country. CONCOR has received proposal from various members of Trade for development of new Warehouses and the Company is going to do that in the near future.

CONCOR plans to enhance its First Mile and Last Mile logistics services by adding 200 Liquified Natural Gas (LNG) Trucks to its fleet. This initiative aligns with CONCOR's strategy to improve efficiency and reduce environmental impact by utilizing cleaner fuel options.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE:

The Revenue from operations increased from Rs.8103.40 crores in FY 2022-23 to Rs.8632.49 crores in FY 2023-24 i.e. a growth rate of 6.53%.

Your Company continued to place great emphasis on providing total logistics solutions to its customers by expanding its sphere of business in all segments of transport value chain, both in EXIM and Domestic sector. Special emphasis was also given on providing First-Mile-Last Mile logistic solutions to the trade through optimal utilization of infrastructure. Towards its commitment on ESG, CONCOR has introduced green logistics initiatives by deployment of 75 LNG trucks for facilitating eco-friendly logistics operations as well as initiatives have been taken on development of solar based infrastructure at its various terminals. Keeping in pace with the dynamics of the logistics industry, your company has also adopted various technological advances in logistics such as digital solutions in operations, launch of logistics apps, adoption of ice-battery technology in cold chain logistics, pilot project on AI based transportation management contributing towards enhanced productivity, customer centric services and logistics efficiency.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS:

CONCOR has robust Internal Control Systems and processes in place for smooth and efficient conduct of business and it complies with relevant laws and regulations. It has well documented system of internal financial controls in place, in the form of delegation of powers, policies and procedures that cover critical as well as important activities of financial and other operating functions. The procedure are in the form of manuals, guidelines, delegation of powers and IT system and controls which are effective through people operating in various departments within the Company at different levels at each stage of the process. These are designed to ensure compliance to the internal financial controls as detailed in the Companies Act, 2013. CONCOR uses a state-of-the-art Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system that connects all parts of the organization, to record data for accounting, consolidation and management information purposes. The organization continuously assess the effectiveness of its internal controls through extensive internal audits, which are being conducted on regular basis by experienced independent firms of Chartered Accountants in close co-ordination with Company's own internal audit Department. Internal audit constitutes an important element in overall internal control systems of the Company. The internal audits are conducted as per the detailed well documented audit program which has been duly approved by Audit & Ethics Committee.

CONCOR's Internal Control Systems are commensurate with its size, scale & complexity and nature of its business activities. A well-defined internal control framework has been developed identifying key controls and independent



external auditors verifies the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal financial control system through regular periodic audit and system review, provides assurance on the compliance of internal polices & procedures of the Company and certify the appropriateness of internal controls. Internal audit firms directly report to the management at higher level. The respective department of the Company monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of internal control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies. The significant observations of internal auditors and corrective actions thereon are presented to the Audit & Ethics Committee on quarterly basis.

The functioning of the internal audit as well as internal financial control systems are periodically reviewed by the Audit & Ethics committee to ensure comprehensive coverage of the areas and necessary directions are issued whenever required to further strengthen the internal financial control system & procedures keeping in view the dynamic business environment in which the Company operates. Reports of the auditors are reviewed, compliances are ensured and the reports along with the compliances are apprised to Audit & Ethics committee on quarterly basis. Proactive steps have been taken to ensure compliance with various upcoming regulations through deployment of cross functional teams. In addition, implementation and effectiveness of internal financial controls during 2022-23 was also reported by the internal and statutory Auditors of the Company.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENTS (i.e. FIXED ASSETS):

(Rs. in crores)

Year ended March 31	2024	2023	%age Growth
Original Cost of Assets	9,841.76	8,890.33	10.70%
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	4,121.40	3,564.96	15.61%
Net Fixed Assets	5,720.36	5,325.37	7.42%

Note: As per IND AS, Net Block of Fixed Assets as on the date of transition i.e. 01.04.2015 has been considered as original cost of Assets i.e. Gross Block and Assets are re-classified. Further, this also includes ROU Assets recognized on account of Ind AS 116 w.e.f. 01.04.2019.

An amount to the tune of Rs.729.09 crores was capitalized during the year. The main additions were on development/expansion of terminals, acquisition of wagons, handling equipments and IT Infrastructure etc.

WAGONS:

CONCOR modified its 10,575 Bogie Low Container (BLC) wagons into Bogie Low Container Modified (BLCM) rakes with increasing axle load capacity from 20.3T to 22T. 1,350 nos. BLC wagon; 800 nos. BFKHN wagon; 1,402 nos. BLL wagon; 275 nos. BVZI (brake Van); and 2,115 nos. 25 Ton axle high speed BLCS wagons were commissioned in FY 2023-2024. Further, 480 numbers of BLCM wagons have been taken on Lease for the period of 10 years since 2018-19. Therefore, 16,997 wagons (BLCS+BLC+BLCM+BLL+BFKHN+BVZI) was the holding of the Company (including leased wagons) as on 31.03.2024.

INVENTORIES:

The Company being a service company, does not have stock in trade. The inventory is represented by stores and spares kept by the Company for maintenance of its own equipments.

SUNDRY DEBTORS:

Sundry debtors are 3.82 % of the operating income of the year. Provision for doubtful debts, wherever considered necessary, has been made.

CASH AND BANK BALANCE:

The Company keeps majority of its cash & bank balances in short term fixed deposits with the banks. These cash reserves have been retained for financing the creation of infrastructure and expansion plans as well as investments in new businesses and alliances, including in JVs/Subsidiaries as per the plans of the Company.



CURRENT LIABILITIES:

The current liabilities of the Company comprises of financial and other liabilities. The financial liabilities are of the nature of trade payables and other financial liabilities.

The trade payables were amounting to Rs.287.53 crores at the end of the year, which during previous year were Rs. 377.02 crores, it is the amount payable to the vendors and suppliers of the Company.

The other financial liabilities which are on account of employee related dues, security deposit received and other payables on account of capital works, revenue, etc. were Rs.275.07 crores at the end of the year, which were Rs. 299.37 crores in the previous year.

The other current liabilities of the Company comprises of amount due towards advances/ deposits from customers against the services, statutory dues and unearned revenue. The balance on this account at the end of the current year was Rs.437.40 crores, which was Rs. 468.23 crores in the previous year.

INCOME:

Income from operations has increased to Rs.8,632.49 Crore by 6.53% over FY 2022-23. Between the two business segments i.e. EXIM & Domestic, EXIM segment contributes the major share of freight revenues. The increase in revenue was mainly on account of increase in revenue from rail freight, road freight, warehousing income and other operating income.

EXPENSES:

Terminal and other service expenses have increased by 7.31% to Rs.5,981.67 crores from Rs.5,574.45 crores for FY 2022-23. The increase was corresponding to higher operating activities.

FINANCE AND OTHER EXPENSES:

Finance cost has increased from Rs.57.01 crore to Rs.65.33 crore in FY 2023-24. The other expenses have decreased by 0.42 % to Rs.258.44 crore in FY 2023-24 from Rs.259.53 crores in FY 2022-23.

EMPLOYEE REMUNERATION:

The employee cost during FY 2023-24 has increased by 8.30% over FY 2022-23 which is normal increase due to increments and other factors.

RATIO ANALYSIS:

Details of significant financial ratios along with explanation thereof are as under:

Ratios	FY 2023-24	FY 20222-23	Change (%)
Debtors Turnover ratio (Times)	31.82	41.64	(-) 23.57%
Inventory Turnover Ratio (Times)		Not Applicable	
Interest Coverage Ratio (Times)	26.13	28.28	(-) 7.59%
Current Ratio (Times)	3.39	3.07	10.52%
Debt Equity Ratio (Times)	0.08	0.06	20.72%
Operating Profit Margin (%)	22.35	22.73	(-) 1.67%
Net Profit Margin (%)	13.66	13.87	(-) 1.54%
Return on Net Worth (%)	10.42	10.40	0.22%

The net profit margin of the Company has increased during the year due to efficient management of business operations, cost cutting and other measures taken by the Company. This has also being reflected in improvement in the Return on Net Worth of the Company.



FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING & OUTGO:

During the year the total foreign exchange outgo on account of various business related activities, including import of stores and capital goods was Rs.0.63 crores which was Rs.0.50 crores during the previous year.

TAXATION:

Current and deferred income tax provision for the year have been made in accordance with the provisions contained in Income Tax Act, 1961 and the relevant Indian Accounting Standard. Accordingly, current tax, including earlier years tax adjustment and deferred income tax provisions have been worked out as Rs.398.34 crores and Rs.5.35 crores respectively.

MATERIAL DEVELOPMENT IN HUMAN RESOURCES/INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS FRONT:

CONCOR appreciates that an organization exists in a perpetual dynamism so do the business process and policies including HR Policies. CONCOR supports a continuous learning and thinking work-culture and encourages new and innovative development and updation of HR Policies.

The major policy updation and HR interventions during the financial year has been as under:

- ➤ Online Service Report generation of each employee, directly by the employee.
- ➤ CONCOR Policy for Children Higher Education Support Scheme has been amended providing for enhanced amount with liberalized interest rates and with special dispensation for girl child.
- ➤ CONCOR Medical Attendance Rules have been updated and modified.
- ➤ CONCOR Vehicle Advance Rules have been updated and modified, enhancing the amount for purchase of vehicles and change in the interest amount on the loan.
- Annual Performance Appraisal System for Top Management upto level E5 and above has been introduced for onboarding on CPSE SPARROW.
- ➤ Post Retirement Schemes in respect of Superannuated employees are being implemented in a robust and transparent manner ensuring continued social security of Pension and Medical Attendance.
- ➤ Development of an independent CONCOR PRMS Web-Portal encompassing continuous sharing/ display of all information with regard to policy, instructions, and to provide an interactive service delivery mechanism through IT.

Total manpower strength was 1297 on 31.03.2024. The Industrial Relations remain cordial and harmonious and on account of issues, if any, raised by the Union, no-man-days were lost during the years. All the issues raised by the union were seized under conciliation under the Industrial Disputes Act 1947.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGICAL CONSERVATION, RENEWABLE ENERGY DEVELOPMENTS, FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONSERVATION:

CONCOR is committed for protection & conservation of environment, technological conservation, renewable energy development and foreign exchange conservation, the applicable detailed particulars regarding the work done on these aspects have been provided in the Directors' Report and Business Responsibility & Sustainability Report (BRSR) both forming part of the Annual Report.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

CONCOR is committed to implement its CSR policy in letter and spirit by taking up various welfare projects, including on environment sustainability for the betterment of all its stakeholders as well as weaker sections of the society to enable them to grow and prosper together. In this regard, detailed particulars of the work done under CSR have been provided in the annual report on CSR activities forming part of Directors' report to the shareholders.



RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Company has an elaborate Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) framework in place. As a part of implementation of the ERM framework and in terms of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, CONCOR has in place a Board level Risk Management Committee (RMC) which reports to the Board about the risk elements, their mitigation plans, etc. at regular intervals. The RMC has been entrusted with the responsibility to identify and review the risks and formulate action plans and strategies for risk mitigation. The main function of RMC is to monitor various risks and to examine the adequacy of risk management policy and practices adopted by the Company and also to initiate action for mitigation of risks arising in operations and other key functional areas of the Company. CONCOR also has a committee below board level RMC, which comprises of Area Heads from each area and other functional heads of the Company. This committee is entrusted with responsibility of effective implementation of action plan formulated by board level RMC. Further, CONCOR has appointed a Chief Risk Officer (CRO) for coordination among various departments and management of Risk Assessment exercise every quarter.

The Company takes responsibility to proactively identify and address risks and opportunities to protect and create value for its stakeholders. All terminal heads of the operating units are required to regularly define the effectiveness or non-effectiveness of control /action plans formulated to mitigate the risk elements. The ERM reports are reviewed and evaluated by the RMC periodically and main risks identified by the RMC are appraised to Board of Directors.

Some of the key risks which the Company faces and the corresponding strategies undertaken for their mitigation by the Company are as under:

Associated Risk Event	Mitigation Plan
 Low profit margins for Domestic due to uncontrollable factors and fall in market share. Levy of Busy Season Surcharge of 10% by Indian Railway 	 Rationalization of tariffs in most of the streams has been done to increase profit margins. Empty container repositioning is being reviewed at regular intervals. Generate traffic on empty flow directions. Identify the streams of traffic that CONCOR is not carrying. Formulate a plan for each such stream with potential revenue impact. Approach Customers for committed business & enter into agreements to arrive at competitive pricing.
Competition from Road due to following factors: • Reduced transit time • Abolition of toll gates • Multi axle vehicles carrying higher loads.	 Directly loading from Siding. Providing End to End Solution to Customers including Container Warehousing. Introduction of LNG trucks.
Threat from competition	 Competitive pricing is being provided. Exploring new streams and their business potentials. Focus on long term volume commitments by signing of agreements, competitive pricing and Volume Discount Schemes (VDS). Liberalization of free time is being offered to the trade. Being in constant touch with Customers to assess the market needs and initiate action for bringing new business and retaining existing traffic. Initiate necessary action for tapping of business volumes being moved through other competitors' facility and also



System downtime and cyber security risk leading to adverse impact on operations	 Focus on long term volume commitments with major customers by signing of agreements and providing competitive pricing and VD scheme to retain their continued patronage. Designing new service offering leading to extension of value chain. Use of IT to ensure correct and timely dissemination of information. CONCOR is ISO/IEC 27001:2013 certified. This is related to international standard for ISMS. Develop Preventive & corrective maintenance plan Full proof security to prevent vandalism Disaster Recovery (DR) site at Mihan, Nagpur has also been developed to include almost all the applications hosted at Central site in Delhi. Installation & commissioning of security devices (H/W &
	 S/W) are in place. Established and maintaining Back Up site at Dadri which covers commercial system (ETMS, CCLS & DTMS). The various security solutions such NTA Solution, IPAM Solution, PAM Solution, MFA solution and APM Solution and consolidated syslog server have already been processed.
Competition/ challenges from existing and established agencies in the market providing various composite services	Clubbing FMLM services with other services of CONCOR for providing single window service. Increasing customer base ensure greater coverage to increase the volumes.
Low Employee Morale and Motivation	 Social Security Provisions and Loans and Advances for Vehicle, Housing etc. Continuous analysis of working culture & environment in order to maintain high level of Total Employees Involvement (TEI) and sense of belongingness

STRENGTHS:

CONCOR's strengths are as under:-

- A large infrastructure base of rolling stock, especially the ownership of high-speed container flats (BLC/BLL wagons), and specialized container handling equipment etc. The Company owns a total of over 377 rakes including 358 high speed (BLC+BLL+BLCM+BLCS) and 20 (BFKHN) rakes as on 31/03/2024.
- Large network of "state-of-the-art" terminals located across the country, giving it an unparalleled reach and penetration. Distinct cost advantage offered by CONCOR CFSs to users by virtue of their locations within ICD premises.
- Over 35 years of presence in organizing efficient rail movement of containers & highly professional terminal management and operations of ICDs, combined with the experience of coordinating /liaisoning with Indian Railways, Customs and other Central & State Government agencies.
- Highly committed team of experienced and skilled workforce with in depth knowledge of multi modal logistics business with a customer sensitive outlook. Ability to provide choice of mode of transportation between rail/road/sea (coastal)/ air according to the needs of the customer.
- Lean and thin organization with reduced fixed costs.
- Strong presence in virtually all container handling ports in India having forged good working partnerships with these ports.



- Established & sustained long term relations with credible high-volume customers in the domestic sector. Major alliances have also been established with shipping lines and other logistics service providers.
- A large fleet of over 44,492 owned containers for domestic traffic. The company is also acquiring 16,640 new containers.
- Customized software applications for both EXIM and Domestic segments with internet based customer interface & full EDI connectivity with Customs & Indian Railways and Customs interface.
- Blue Chip Company with good market capitalization and viewed as a very good financial proposition by investors.

WEAKNESSES:

- Overdependence on EXIM traffic & resultant exposure to vagaries of international business/trade trends.
- Overdependence on a single rail corridor for EXIM business. Any disruption in this sector can have repercussion on business.
- Large dependence on Railways as a transporter leaves CONCOR vulnerable to increase in haulage charges & policy changes. To overcome the same, CONCOR has to actively evaluate entry into "end-to-end" road transportation segment to augment its basic nature of providing inter modal comprehensive integrated rail based services.
- All the same, vagaries of road based logistics makes it difficult for CONCOR to directly enter this sector especially given its PSU status, and hence leaves it dependent on other agencies.
- Gaps between quality of service and the ever growing expectations of the customers. At some places outsourced services are not of desired level on account of differences in the objectives of the service providers and CONCOR.
- Land Acquisition A big constraint.
- Difficulty in arranging return cargo, empty running.

OPPORTUNITIES & THREATS:

Your company is well poised to tap the new business opportunities arising from potential Growth in EXIM container volumes, and the likely increase in container traffic due to development of Dedicated Freight Corridors. Its initiative to use the terminal capacity for promoting double stack movement between hinterland & gateway ports of Gujarat have helped increase rail co-efficient & make its services competitive.

The growing market potential in air cargo, automobile sector, food supply chain management, coastal shipping and Distribution Logistics offers scope for diversification which will be effectively worked upon.

The putting back of the Indian Economy on high growth paths is bound to result in additional transport demands. This, coupled with the anticipated changes in profile of traded goods from intermediate to finished goods, is bound to increase the opportunities for containerization in domestic market. Added to this, the large number of Industrial Parks, SEZs etc. by State Governments and Ports offer your company the excellent opportunity in the role of Logistics Partner for the states/industrial estates through arrangements of mutual benefits.

FUTURE OUTLOOK AND INITIATIVES:

Global Economic Scenario:

The Indian economy is on a strong wicket and stable footing, demonstrating resilience in the face of geopolitical challenges. The Indian economy has consolidated its post-Covid recovery with policymakers – fiscal and monetary – ensuring economic and financial stability. Nonetheless, change is the only constant for a country with high growth aspirations. Difficulties have been noted to reach agreements on key global issues such as trade, investment and climate.

After a year marked by global uncertainties and volatilities, the global economy achieved greater stability in 2023. While uncertainty stemming from adverse geopolitical developments remained elevated, global economic growth was surprisingly robust. As per the World Economic Outlook (WEO), April 2024 of the International Monetary



Fund (IMF), the global economy registered a growth of 3.2 per cent in 2023, though marginally lower than in 2022 and average for 2011-19 but higher compared to its projection of 2.8 percent in April 2023.

Indian Economic Review:

India's economy carried forward the momentum it built in FY23 into FY24 despite a gamut of global and external challenges. The focus on maintaining macroeconomic stability ensured that these challenges had minimal impact on India's economy.

Against the backdrop of global uncertainty, India continues to be an outlier in terms of GDP growth. In FY 23-24, the economy grew by a robust 8.2%, driven primarily by strong growth in investments, manufacturing and government spending. The growth in investments is particularly significant for the revival of the capital expenditure cycle, which supports long-term economic growth.

International trade has contributed to India's economic growth. Over time, through concerted reforms and facilitative measures to enhance trade, there has been a significant increase in the share of trade (goods and services) in GDP. The trade openness has contributed significantly to economic growth as it facilitated an efficient allocation of resources through comparative advantage. The share of trade (excluding petroleum products exports and crude oil imports) in GDP rose from 32.3 percent in FY05 to 40.8 in FY23.

Logistics Sector Growth Review:

The Government of India is creating infrastructure in a big way with massive investment in the Railways and Road sectors. This will ensure supply chain efficiencies and this is likely to reduce logistics costs in the country.

India is moving up the global value chains (GVCs), with the share of GVC-related trade in gross trade rising to 40.3 per cent in 2022 from 35.1 per cent in 2019. The improvement in GVC participation is also reflected in increased pure backward GVC participation. Aided by government measures on trade facilitation and reduction in logistics cost, India's rank in the World Bank's Logistics Performance Index improved by six places, from 44th in 2018 to 38th in 2023 out of 139 countries.

The Rupee emerged as the least volatile currency among its emerging market peers and a few advanced economies in FY24. The shock absorbers of India's external sector - forex reserves, sustainable external debt indicators, and market-determined exchange rate, are in place to cushion the global headwinds.

In the future, the changing composition of India's export basket, enhancement in trade-related infrastructure, enhanced quality consciousness and product safety considerations in the private sector and stable policy environment are expected to play a significant role in driving India's rise as a global supplier of goods and services.

Indian Railways:

India's freight demand is about 4,500-5,000 million tonne (MT) annually, translating to about 3 trillion net tonne kilometers (NTKM) of transportation output, valued at approximately INR 9.5 lakh crore.

Indian Railways is embarking on a transformative journey aimed at enhancing the overall experience and capacity creation through comprehensive infrastructure development.

During the financial year 2023-24, the Indian Railways achieved a record-high freight loading of 1591 million tonnes (MT).

One of the success stories has been the increase in share of Railway in domestic transportation of small passenger vehicles, rising from 1.5% in 2013-14 to 16% in 2021-22. To support this growth, Indian Railways have expanded their fleet to 90 Newly Modified Goods (NMG) rakes and 43 Bi-level Auto Car wagon (BCACBM) rakes under the AFTO scheme. This success has been driven by coupling capital investments with the introduction of adequate wagon designs and the right commercial and operational policies.

As India aims to achieve the desired economic growth, the need to reduce the cost of logistics cannot be understated. Indian Railways as a mode of transport can play an important role in lowering the logistics cost as it is



significantly cost and time efficient over medium to long distances. Indian Railways is also an important contributor to India's commitment towards Net Zero emissions by 2070, with Indian Railways itself committing to be Net Zero by 2030.

During 2023, Indian Railways has continued to usher into era of modernization with modern stations, modern trains and modern technology. The year 2023 has been extraordinarily progressive for Indian Railways on various fronts like Freight loading, freight revenue etc.

However, the freight landscape is not without challenges. The freight portfolio of Indian Railways remains heavily concentrated towards bulk commodities, particularly coal (accounting for 40% of rail freight volume), iron, and cement. This composition has shown minimal diversification over the past 15 years. Indian Railways' ambitious target of 3,000 MT by 2027 includes adequate interventions towards diversifying this commodity mix hauled on rail.

CONCOR has pioneered innovation by introducing 12 feet high containers for Rail transportation having capacity of 47.8 CBM the more space availability of 30%. To market 12 Feet Containers, because these containers are useful for light weight as well as volumetric cargo like Auto Parts, Yarn, Food products, Tyres & Tubes, Shoes, Clothes, White Goods, Medicines (not required Refrigeration), FMCG, Furniture, Paint, Edible oil, paper etc.

The Gati Shakti Cargo Terminal policy of Indian Railways for multi-modal connectivity, aims to reduce the end-to-end cost for movement of varied commodities when using rail. This initiative encourages private investment in cargo terminal development. While 48 Gati Shakti Multi-Modal Cargo Terminals (GCTs) were commissioned by June 2023, it has this far had minimal impact in diversifying the commodity basket moved on Rail.

With a thrust on investment in infrastructure, the Union Ministry of Railways has been allocated ₹2.55 lakh crore for the financial year 2024-25, up by 5.8% from last year's allocation of ₹2.41 lakh crore.

In 2024-25 Budget, three major Economic Railway Corridor Programmes — Energy, Mineral and Cement Corridor, also being referred to as Energy Economic Corridor; Port Connectivity Corridor; and high traffic density corridors were announced.

The Union Cabinet also approved setting up a Major Port at Vadhavan near Dahanu in Maharastra. The Vadhavan Port will be developed as an all-weather Greenfield deep draft major port in Vadhavan, Palghar District, Maharashtra capable of handling 20,000 plus TEU Container Vessels. The total project cost, including the land acquisition component is ₹76,220 Crore. The proposed Port will have Rail linkage to the upcoming Dedicated Rail Freight Corridor.

The capacities created will also aid EXIM trade flow through IMEEC (India Middle East Europe Economic Corridor) and INSTC (International North South Transportation Corridor).

STRATEGY TO MEET THE CHALLENGES:

Government measures on Trade facilitation and reduction in Logistics Cost, India's rank in the World Bank's Logistics Performance Index improved by six places, from 44th in 2018 to 38th in 2023 out of 139 countries, undoubtedly, your Company' has remained instrumental to bring down the logistics cost while adopting all requisite measures.

Your company has formulated a strategy for further growth with profitability in the growing Logistics sector. The strategy includes:

- Setting up of Multimodal Logistics Parks at strategic locations along the Dedicated Freight Corridors (DFC) and at major industrial estates.
- Diversifying service offering Freight Forwarding, Distribution, Customs Clearance by forming Strategic Tie-up and alliance with shipping line, port terminals.



- Setting up of Private Freight Terminals (PFTs)/ Gati Shakti Multi Modal Cargo Terminal with road bridging solutions.
- Promoting Double Stack Long Haul Trains and development of Rail Transshipment Hubs (RTH).
- Exploring possibility of setting-up/operation of State-of-the-Art Warehouses at various locations of CONCOR with the partnership of entities willing to associate with CONCOR in PPP Model for long-term. This Model will cater the demand of Built-to-Suit Warehouses and also fulfil the requirement of 3PL services of manufacturing.
- Exploring the possibility of movement of Bulk Cement in Tank Containers by Rail from Cement manufacturing plants to various parts of India through CONCOR while entering into a long-term arrangement with Cement Manufacturing companies to offer a new product in the market on a win-win situation basis.
- Setting-up a facility for Storage and Transportation of Liquid Cargo at CONCOR Terminal Dahej through a Logistics Associate.

MEDIUM AND LONG TERM STRATEGY:

- Exploring Agency Business and Bulk Cargo movement which will create great opportunity and value addition to the trade.
- Plans to enhance more and more double stack operations for efficient utilization of its rolling stocks, improve dwell time of containers on port and its terminals at a reduced logistics cost.
- Closely studying the freight designs being evolved for bulk transportation of Cement, Aggregate, Liquid cargo and Auto Cars etc. for new opportunities.
- Planning for it's off shore presence in the neighbouring countries.
- Committed to PM Shri Narendra Modi Ji's vision, goals set for zero emission by 2070. In a significant move CONCOR has ordered 100 LNG trucks for our NCR fleet operations which can cut hazardous emissions.
- Innovation Thru Energy Company Limited (ITE) jointly unveiling state-of-the-art temperature controlled IceBattery powered passive technology containers coupled with advanced DX (Digital) platforms, addressing critical issues in cold chain logistics, including environmental concerns, food wastage and rising logistics cost.
- To Make CONCOR a One Stop Logistics Solution and providing Services at the Customer's Door step.
- Providing Value Addition Services such as Cross Docking, Wrapping, Labeling, Palletisation, Bar Coding, Inventory Management, KYCL, Mobile APP, customized to the requirements of the customers.
- More extensive and innovative use of Information technology in various activities especially for minimizing transaction costs, and meeting customer expectations.
- Provide End-to-End Services including Coastal and Short Sea Services in Partnership with Shipping Lines, Freight Forwarders.
- Standardizing services and Tariffs across terminals and offering containers as warehouses. Under this concept CONCOR owned DSO containers booked under inward/outward cycle are being utilized temporary warehouses. This concept has been well accepted by Trade.
- CONCOR's cutting edge Artificial Intelligence Command Centre based on the Global Navigation Satellite System, tracking of 3D stack location of container in real time commissioned.
- As per Maritime Vision 2030 Target of Modal Share of Inland Water Transport (IWT) is 5% for 2030 and 7% for 2047. Increase in traffic handled on National waterways: 30.41 MMT in FY 2014-15 to 126.15 MMT in FY 2022-23. 13.22 Lakhs Tonnes of Foodgrains have been transported in last three years. Thus, CONCOR is exploring the feasibility of movement Cargo through National Waterway.
- Introduction of e-Forwarding Note for Ease of doing Business for Stakeholders, marking a new era of efficiency and transparency.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT:

Statements in the Board's Report and Management Discussion & Analysis, describing the Company's objectives, strategies, projections and estimates, expectations, etc. may be "forward looking statements" and progressive within the meaning of the applicable laws and regulations. By their nature, forward-looking statements require your Company to make assumptions and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. Forward looking statements which involve a number of underlying identified / non-identified risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations. Critical factors that could influence the Company's operations include global and domestic demand and supply conditions, changes in Government regulations/tax laws, economic



developments within the country and factors such as litigation and industrial relations. Since the factors underlying these assumptions are subject to change over time, the estimates on which they are based, are also likely to change accordingly. These forward-looking statements represent only your Company's current intentions, beliefs and expectations. Your Company assumes no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Date: 30.08.2024 Place: New Delhi sd/ (Sanjay Swarup) Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 05159435



ANNEXURE 'B'

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate governance is the system of rules, practices, and processes by which a company is directed and controlled. Corporate governance essentially involves balancing the interests of a company's many stakeholders, which can include a shareholder, employee, value chain partner, customer, investor community or policymaker. It is a practice that must emanate from top and spread throughout the organization. Corporate Governance is inevitable, however good corporate governance is voluntary and beyond those written and scribed laws. Sound Corporate Governance practices and trust go hand in hand.

At CONCOR, we are committed to promote and strengthen the standards of Corporate Governance by abiding with basic principles of Corporate Governance viz. accountability, transparency, fairness and responsibility.

Clear and open communication is a fundamental component of any corporate governance framework and we strive to ensure the efficient and ethical conduct of affairs to maximize value for all stakeholders and society at large. The Company's report on its Corporate Governance is as under:

CORPORATE PHILOSOPHY:

CONCOR believes in adopting the best practices in the areas of Corporate Governance. Even in a tough competitive business environment, the Management and Employees of the Company are committed to value transparency, integrity, honesty and accountability which are fundamental core values of Corporate Governance. Corporate Governance at CONCOR is integral to its existence, it is not merely focussed on adhering to written sets of policies and procedures, rather it is observed in the organization both in letter and spirit.

The guiding principles of Corporate Governance framework at CONCOR are to work towards compliance of law/regulations in letter and spirit, adopting transparent and sound systems of Internal control to achieve business objective in both short and long terms, promoting and safeguarding the interests of all stakeholders, integrity and ethical behaviour of all personnel, timely dissemination of all material information and adherence to ethical standards for effective management.

With this framework in place, the Company is well positioned to respond and adapt to the changing global business environment and formulate and implement the strategies required to achieve its goals. With its strong sense of values and commitments towards all stakeholders, CONCOR manages its affairs with a sense of responsibility. This is an integral part of your Company's Corporate Philosophy.

CONCOR is a competitive, customer-friendly and development-oriented organization with objective to provide efficient and reliable multimodal logistics support for the country's EXIM and Domestic trade and commerce. It adheres to highest level of safety in operations, maintains good health of its employees and provides a clean and green environment for a better tomorrow with the best use of the technology to provide logistics related services.

Corporate Governance in the Company has been strengthened by formulating, implementing and updating various policies/codes viz. Code of Conduct for Board Members and Senior Management Personnel, Code of Conduct for Regulating and Reporting Trading by Insiders and for Fair Disclosures 2015 and Whistle Blower Policy/Vigil Mechanism. The Company regularly takes steps for furtherance of goals of Corporate Governance like e-tendering, online vigilance clearance, online application for recruitment, customer grievance redressal system, SMS based container query, emailing annual reports & notices, e-filing for commercial systems, etc. All these initiatives, together with meaningful CSR activities and sustainable development policies followed by the Company, has enabled it to earn the trust and goodwill of its investors, business partners, employees and the communities in which it operates.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

CONCOR's Governance Structure broadly comprises of the Board of Directors and the Committees of the Board at the apex level and the management structures at the operational level. The Board of the Company constantly



endeavours to set goals and targets aligned to the Company's Mission. It represents the ideal combination of professionalism, knowledge, experience which enables it to discharge its responsibilities and provide effective leadership to the business. The Board acts as the focal point and custodian of Corporate Governance for the Company.

Board of Directors provides vision, leadership, guidance and finalizes the long term strategic plans, reviews and monitors corporate performance, ensure regulatory compliances and safeguard the interests of the stakeholders of the Company. The Board continuously reviews Company's corporate governance practices, assesses the regulatory and legislative environment and adopts the governance practices that best serve the interests of all stakeholders. CONCOR is headed by an Executive Chairman and Managing Director (CMD) and four functional directors i.e. Director (Finance), Director (International Marketing and Operations), Director (Domestic Division) and Director (Projects and Services).

Pursuant to Section 2(45) of the Companies Act, 2013 CONCOR is a Government Company as 54.80% of its total paid up share capital is held by the President of India through Ministry of Railways. Appointment/nomination of all the Directors in CONCOR is being done by the President of India, through the Ministry of Railways. The Articles of Association stipulates that the number of directors shall not be less than five and not more than fourteen.

All Part-time Non-official (Independent) Directors who are normally appointed for a period of three years, have adequate qualifications, expertise and experience which enable them to contribute effectively to the management of the Company. They play very important role in deliberations at Board and Committee meetings and effectively contribute to the decisions through their expertise in various fields. They are part of various committees constituted by the Board which are Audit & Ethics Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Risk Management Committee and CSR Committee. In terms of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, the Audit & Ethics Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Nomination & Remuneration Committee are chaired by an Independent Director.

As the Chairman of the Company is an Executive Director, half of the strength of the Board should consist of Independent Directors. In respect of the above provision, three position of Independent Directors were lying vacant at the end of the year and the composition of Board of Directors of CONCOR was not in conformity with the requirements of SEBI (LODR) Regulations as well as Guidelines on Corporate Governance issued by DPE.

Changes in Board Composition

The Company has been regularly requesting the Ministry of Railways, Government of India, for appointment of requisite number of independent directors on its Board. During the year, the following changes were there in the Board Composition of CONCOR:

S. No	Name of the Director	Category of Directorship	Date of Change	Nature of Change	Reason of Change
1.	Shri R. C. Paul Kanagaraj	Part-time Non- Official Independent Director	15.06.2023	Appointment	Appointment by President of India through MoR on the Board of the CONCOR.
2.	Shri Manoj K. Srivastava	Part-time Government Director	30.06.2023	Cessation	Superannuated from the services of Ministry of Railways (MoR).
3.	Shri Rajesh Pathak	Part-time Government Directors	11.09.2023	Appointment	Appointment by President of India through MoR on the Board of the CONCOR.



4.	Shri V. Kalyana Rama	Chairman & Managing Director	30.09.2023	Cessation	Superannuated from the services of CONCOR.
5.	Shri Sanjay Swarup	Chairman & Managing Director	01.10.2023	Appointment	Appointed by President of India through Ministry of Railways (MoR).
6.	Shri Priya Ranjan Parhi	Director (International Marketing &Operations)	23.10.2023(FN)	Appointment	Appointment by President of India through MoR on the Board of the CONCOR with Additional charge.
7.	Shri Amrendra Kumar Chandra	Part-time Government Directors	29.02.2024	Cessation	Relinquished the charge of Principal Executive Director/WS&D, MOR of Railways (MoR)
8.	Shri Sandeep Jain	Part-time Government Directors	20.03.2024	Appointment	Appointment by President of India through MoR on the Board of the CONCOR
9.	Shri Rajesh Pathak	Part-time Government Directors	21.03.2024	Cessation	Relinquished the charge of Principal Executive Director/TT(M), MOR of Railways (MoR)
10.	Shri R. C. Paul Kanagaraj	Part-time Non- Official Independent Director	24.03.2024	Cessation	Resignation due to personal reasons. Detailed reasons and requisite confirmation was submitted to Stock Exchanges and is placed on Company's website.

Further, Ministry of Railways vide its order dated 20.05.2024 appointed Shri Prabhas Dansana, Principal Executive Director/ TT (M), Railway Board as Part-Time Government Director on the board of CONCOR. Subsequently, the Board of Directors of the Company have appointed him as Director on the Board of the Company w.e.f. 20.05.2024. Presently, three posts of independent directors are to be filled. The Company was not in compliance with the provisions of SEBI (LODR) Regulations and DPE Guidelines on Corporate Governance regarding composition of its Board as on 31.03.2024, due to not having requisite number of Independent Directors on its Board.

Decisions by the Board

The Company has a well laid down procedure for decision making by the Board and its Committees. The Board and its committees meet at regular intervals to discuss and decide on business strategies/ policies and review the financial position of the Company. The Board/Committee meetings are convened by giving appropriate notice, in consultation with of the Chairperson of the Board/Committee as the case may be. For all meetings, structured agenda along with comprehensive notes are circulated to Directors well in advance for facilitating meaningful, informed and focused decision making at the meetings. Sometimes additional/supplementary agenda item(s) are also permitted. In order to address specific urgent needs, meetings are also convened at a shorter notice or alternatively resolutions are passed by circulation, which are subsequently noted at the next Board/Committee



meeting. As and when required, the departmental heads/senior management officials/experts are also invited to provide additional inputs or give presentations on the matters being discussed in the meetings of the Board/Committee of the Board. The meetings of the Board of Directors and its Committees are normally held at Registered Office of the Company.

The Board meets at least once in a quarter to review the quarterly performance of the Company and other items on the agenda. Additional meetings of the Board are also conducted as and when required. The quantum and quality of information supplied by the Management to the Board and its committees goes well beyond the requirement stipulated in the SEBI (LODR) Regulations.

The information being provided to the Board inter-alia includes the following:

- a. Capital and Revenue budgets and further updates, if any.
- b. Quarterly results of the Company, including segmental performance.
- c. Minutes of meetings of Audit & Ethics committee and other committees of the board.
- d. Minutes of the board meetings of the subsidiary companies.
- e. Status of on-going Arbitration and legal cases.
- f. Quarterly status of risk management and mitigation plans.
- g. Status of major statutory and commercial claims by and against the Company.
- h. Particulars of Related Party transactions.
- i. Any issue, which involves possible public or product liability claims of substantial nature, including any judgment or order involving substantial amounts and which may have passed strictures on the conduct of the Company.
- j. Status of joint ventures along with their performance.
- k. Sale of investments, subsidiaries, assets which are material in nature and not in normal course of business.
- 1. Major investments, formation of subsidiaries and Joint Ventures, Strategic Alliances, Joint Working Group(s), etc.
- m. Quarterly Report on Investment of Funds.
- n. Appointment of Directors and KMPs and the information on recruitment and remuneration of senior officers just below the level of board of directors, including appointment or removal of Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary.
- o. Compliance of various laws applicable to the Company.
- p. Action taken report on matters desired by the Board.
- q. Changes in significant accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same.
- r. Disclosure of interests made by directors to the Company.
- s. Quarterly report on Corporate Governance filed with the Stock Exchanges.
- t. Quarterly report on Investors Grievance redressal filed with the Stock Exchanges.
- u. All other information required to be presented to the Board for information or approval.

With regards to the limit on directorship, membership and chairmanship positions held by the Directors of CONCOR in other Companies, it is hereby confirmed on the basis of disclosures received from each director that-

- No Director of the Company holds office at the same time as director in more than twenty (20) Companies.
- None of the Directors of the Company holds directorships in more than ten (10) public companies.
- None of the Directors of the Company serves as Director or as an Independent Director in more than seven (7) listed Companies.
- None of the Whole-Time Directors/Managing Director of the Company serves as an Independent Director in more than three (3) listed Companies.
- No Director of the Company is a member in more than ten (10) committees or is a Chairman of more than five (5) committees (Audit and Stakeholders Relationship Committee) across all listed Companies in which he/she is a director.

As on 31st March, 2024, the Board of Directors of the Company consists of five Executive functional Directors, including a Chairman and Managing Director, one part-time Director (Government Nominee) and four part-time Non-Official (Independent) Directors. None of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or



disqualified from being appointed or continuing, as Director of the companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority. A certificate in this regard has been obtained from a practicing Company Secretary and is annexed herewith.

Performance Evaluation of Directors

The Directors on the Board of the Company are appointed by President of India through Ministry of Railways. In terms of the exemption granted by the Government, the provisions of Section 178 Sub-Section (2), (3) & (4) related to evaluation of performance of Board, its Committees and individual Directors are not applicable to the Government Companies. The provisions of Sub-Section 134(3) (p) regarding manner in which formal annual evaluation of the performance of Board, its Committees and individual Directors to be carried out, shall not apply to the Government Company when the Directors are evaluated by the Ministry or Department of the Central Government, which is the administrative in-charge of the Company. Similarly, the provisions of Schedule IV of the Companies Act in respect of the items such as review of performance of non-independent Directors and Chairperson in separate meeting of Independent Directors and performance evaluation of Independent Directors by the entire Board of Directors, are also not applicable to the Government Companies, if the said requirements in respect of the same are specified by the concerned Ministry or Department of Central Government and such requirement are complied with by the Government Company. Being a Government Company, the above exemptions under Companies Act, 2013 regarding evaluation of Directors, Board and its Committees are applicable to CONCOR.

The provisions as stated above regarding evaluation of performance of the Board, its Committees and the Board of Directors have also been provided under the Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015. However, the Government Companies are not exempted from such requirements. In this regard being a government Company, it has requested SEBI that it may be granted exemption in line with the exemptions provided under the Companies Act, 2013 regarding evaluation of Board, its Committees and Directors.

Matrix Setting Out the Skills/ Expertise/ Competence of Board of Directors

CONCOR being a Government Company, all the Directors are appointed by the Government of India by following due procedure. The Company has a competent Board with background and knowledge of the Company's Businesses and also of finance, accounts and general administration. The Board comprises of Directors from diverse experience, qualifications, skills, expertise etc. which are aligned with the Company's business, overall strategy, corporate ethics, values and culture. The Board of Directors of the Company comprises of highly professional and competent persons with vast experience in different fields of management. The credentials and brief profile of the Board of Directors have been provided at the beginning of the Annual Report and same are also available on the website of the Company.

Meeting of Board of Directors

The Board met 7 (Seven) times, on the dates mentioned below, for transacting various businesses during the financial year 2023-24:

Board Meeting No.	Board Meeting Dates
232	18.05.2023
233	26.06.2023
234	10.08.2023
235	26.09.2023
236	02.11.2023
237	24.01.2024
238	14.03.2024

The Composition of the Board, attendance of Directors at the Board Meetings during the year 2023-24 & the last Annual General Meeting and the number of other directorships, Chairmanships and Committee memberships, as provided by the respective director(s) are given below:



Sl. No.	Category of Directorship	Name of Director	No. of Board Mtgs. (!)				Attendance at last			No. of other Directorship	
			Held	Attended	AGM	Memb ership	Chairm anship	Director	Chairman		
(I)	Executive Chairman/Directors										
1.	Chairman and Managing Director	Shri V. Kalyana Rama (DIN: 07201556) Tenure upto 30.09.2023	4	4	YES	NIL	NIL	3	2		
2.	Chairman and Managing Director	Shri Sanjay Swarup (DIN: 05159435) {Director (Intl. Marketing & Operations) upto 30.09.2023 and Chairman & Managing Director from 01.10.2023}	7	7	YES	NIL	NIL	3	2		
3.	Director (Finance) & CFO	Shri. Manoj Kumar Dubey (DIN: 07518387)	7	7	YES	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
4.	Director (Projects & Services)	Shri Ajit Kumar Panda (DIN : 08221385)	7	7	YES	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
5.	Director (Domestic Division)	Shri Mohammad Azhar Shams (DIN : 07627473)	7	7	YES	6	2	5	NIL		
6.	Director (Intl. Marketing & Ops.) (Additional Charge)	Shri Priya Ranjan Parhi (DIN: 09499859) Tenure from 23.10.2023(FN)	3	3	NA	1	1	7	NIL		
(II)	Part-Time Govt. Directors (Ministry of	f Railways(MoR)}		•	•						
7.	Principal Executive Director/Traffic Transportation (M), MoR	Shri Manoj K. Srivastava (DIN:06890877) Tenure upto 30.06.2023	2	2	NA	NIL	NIL	2	NIL		
8.	Principal Executive Director/WS&D, Railway Board,	Shri Amrendra Kumar Chandra DIN: 10076614 Tenure upto 29.02.2024	6	5	YES	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
9.	Principal Executive Director/Traffic Transportation (M), MoR	Shri Rajesh Pathak DIN: 10259788 Tenure from 11.09.2023 upto 21.03.2024 (FN)	4	4	YES	NIL	NIL	1	NIL		
10.	Executive Director/Planning (Civil & PSU), MoR	Shri Sandeep Jain DIN: 09435375	NA	NA	NA	2	NIL	3	NIL		

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		Tenure from 20.03.2024							Con
11.	Principal Executive Director/TT (M), MoR	Shri Prabhas Dansana DIN: 07973307 Tenure from 20.05.2024	NA	NA	NA	NIL	NIL	1	NIL
(III)	Part – time Non- Official Directors (In	dependent)							
13.	Director	Shri. Satendra Kumar (DIN: 09344018)	7	7	YES	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
14.	Director	Shri Kedarashish Bapat (DIN: 02535543)	7	7	YES	NIL	NIL	2	NIL
15.	Director	Shri Chesong Bikramsing Terang (DIN: 09401230)	7	7	YES	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
16.	Director	Smt. Chandra Rawat (DIN: 09409425)	7	7	YES	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
17.	Director	Shri. R. C. Paul Kanagaraj (DIN: 10199485) Tenure from 15.06.2023 upto 24.03.2024	6	6	YES	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

[!] Held and attended during their period of Directorship during FY 2023-24.

Note: a) Directors are not inter se related to each other.

- b) The information for number of other committee membership/chairmanship and number of other Directorship/Chairmanship is the position as per last disclosure given by the Director concerned.
- c) Particulars of Directorship in other listed companies:
 - (i) Shri Sandeep Jain: Rites Limited
- d) Number of shares held by Non-Official Directors: Nil



REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS:

As a Government of India Undertaking, in terms of its Articles of Association, the Directors are appointed by the President of India through Ministry of Railways. Their remuneration is drawn as per Industrial Dearness Allowance (IDA) pay-scales and terms and conditions determined by the Government. The Payment made to the functional Directors of the Company includes performance incentive, as per the policy of the Company, which is applicable to all the employees of the Company and is based upon performance parameters. The details of remuneration of functional Directors for the financial year 2023-24 are as under:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Name of the Director	Salary & Allowances	Perquisites	Contribution to PF & benefits	Total
Shri V. Kalyana Rama, Ex-Chairman and Managing Director	65,34,329	2,07,444	5,92,416	73,34,189
Shri Sanjay Swarup, Chairman and Managing Director	69,84,796	4,33,810	11,38,870	85,57,476
Shri Manoj Kumar Dubey, Director (Finance) & CFO	81,02,385	4,72,843	12,78,889	98,54,117
Shri Ajit Kumar Panda, Director (Projects & Services)	55,48,833	2,24,713	8,96,921	66,70,467
Shri Mohammad Azhar Shams Director (Domestic Division)	78,61,263	66,402	11,28,517	90,56,182
Shri Priya Ranjan Parhi Director (Int. Marketing & Operations) (Additional Charge)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Note: The above remuneration does not include provision made on actuarial valuation of retirement benefit schemes, provision made towards post-retirement benefits and performance incentive benefits payable to the whole time Functional Directors as employees of the Company as per the policy applicable to all employees of the Company as per DPE Guidelines.

The Government Nominee Directors do not draw any remuneration or sitting fees from the Company. During the year 2023-24, the sitting fee being paid to part-time non-official Directors (Independent) was Rs.40,000/- per meeting of the Board and Audit & Ethics Committee and Rs. 30,000/- (till 31.10.2023) & Rs.40,000/- (w.e.f. 01.11.2023) per meeting for other Committee meetings, including separate meeting of Independent Directors. In addition, the incidental expenses related to their travel and stay were also borne by the Company.

The details of sitting fee paid to part-time non-official (Independent) Directors, for attending meetings of the Board of Directors and Committee(s) thereof, during the year are given below:

Name of the Directors	Sitting Fee* (in Rs.)
Shri Satendra Kumar	8,30,000
Shri Kedarashish Bapat	6,00,000
Shri Chesong Bikramsing Terang	8,10,000
Smt. Chandra Rawat	8,30,000
Shri R. C. Paul Kanagaraj (upto 24.03.2024)	4,70,000

^{*}excluding applicable tax.

The Company does not pay any commission to its Directors. The Company has not issued any stock options to its Directors. Apart from receiving the sitting fee and reimbursement of expenses, if any, incurred in the discharge of their duties, none of the Non-executive Directors had any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company during the year 2023-24.



MEETING OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

In terms of provisions under the code of Independent Directors under Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, Independent Directors are required to meet at least once in a financial year. Accordingly, a separate meeting of Independent Directors of the Company was held on 14.03.2024 without the presence of Chairman & Managing Director, functional Directors, Govt. Directors and the management team.

The meeting was attended by all the Independent Directors as existed on the date of the meeting in person or through Audio Video means. In the said meeting, the Independent Directors discussed the matters to be taken up at the separate meeting of Independent Directors in terms of applicable provisions of Companies Act 2013, SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and DPE Guidelines. As per the provision prevailing in Schedule IV of the Companies Act 2013, Independent directors are required to evaluate the performance of Chairperson, non-independent directors and the Board as a whole in their separate meeting. However, in terms of the exemption notification dated 05.06.2015 the above requirement related to evaluation of directors as stated in Schedule-IV are not applicable to the Government Companies, if the said requirements are specified by the concerned Ministry or Department of Central Government and such requirements are complied with by the Government Company. Since the appointment and evaluation of all Directors in the CONCOR is done by the Govt. of India through Ministry of Railways, the provisions related to evaluation of Chairperson, non-Independent Directors and Independent Directors are not applicable to CONCOR. Accordingly, in its separate meeting, the Independent Directors have concluded that being a Government Company, the Directors' performance may continue to be reviewed by the Government in the same manner as is being done every year.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD:

The Board Committees are formed in terms of the applicable regulatory requirement and also for improving board effectiveness and efficiency, in areas where more focused, specialized, technical discussions and decisions are required. The Committees prepare the groundwork for decision making and provide their suggestions, inputs and recommendations to the board.

At present, there are six (6) Board level committees in the Company, namely: Audit & Ethics Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Risk Management Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility & Sustainability Committee and Share Transfer Committee. The Board has decided the terms of reference for these committees which are in line with the regulatory requirements, as applicable. Apart from these, the respective Committee(s) also carries out such responsibilities entrusted upon it by the Board of Directors from time to time. The Chairman of Committees are normally present at the Annual general Meeting of the Company.

The minutes of the meetings of the committees of the Board are placed before the Board for information and noting. The details with regards to composition, terms of reference, number of meetings held and attendance of each committee member are provided hereunder:

1. Nomination & Remuneration Committee:

In terms of provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act 2013, DPE Guidelines and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, your Company has a committee of the Board viz., 'Nomination & Remuneration Committee'. The Committee's terms of reference is to deal with matters specified under Section 178 of the Companies Act 2013, SEBI (LODR) Regulations and activities to be carried out by the HR & Remuneration Committee under the DPE guidelines. It inter-alia examines and provides inputs on HR policies and initiatives of the Company besides finalization of the annual variable pay and policy for its distribution across the Executives and Non-unionized Supervisors. Since, CONCOR is a government Company, the provisions of Section 178 in respect of identifying persons who are eligible to become directors and formulating criteria for determining their qualification, etc. are not applicable to it.

During the year, six meetings of Nomination and Remuneration Committee were held on 17.05.2023; 26.06.2023; 26.09.2023; 01.11.2023; 23.01.2024; 14.03.2024. The necessary quorum was present for all the meetings. The



Chairperson of the committee was present at the last AGM held on 26.09.2023. The membership of this committee and the attendance of members in the meetings held during the year, were as under:

Name of the Directors	Position	Number of	f Meetings*
		Held	Attended
Smt. Chandra Rawat, Non-Official part-time Director	Chairperson	6	6
Shri Chesong Bikramsing Terang, Non-Official part-time Director	Member	6	6
Shri Satendra Kumar, Non-Official part-time Director	Member	6	6
Shri Manoj K. Srivastava, Govt. Nominee Director (Tenure upto 30-06-2023)	Member	2	2
Shri Rajesh Pathak, Govt. Nominee Director (w.e.f. 15.10.2023 upto 21.03.2024)	Member	3	3

^{*} Held and attended in their tenure in the committee during the year.

2. Audit & Ethics Committee:

The Audit & Ethic Committee constituted by the Company and its terms of reference are in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 read with SEBI (LODR) Regulations and DPE Guidelines on Corporate Governance. The Audit Committee of the Board is fully independent and two-third of the directors are Independent Directors. All Members of the Audit Committee are financially literate and the Chairman is a financial expert. The terms of reference of the Audit and Ethics committee inter alia include recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors, review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, effectiveness of audit process, review of the related party transactions, director's responsibility statement, quarterly and annual financial results before submission to the Board, scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments, evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems, etc.

Further, the Committee oversights Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information, reviews the adequacy of internal audit function and internal control systems and discusses with internal auditors any significant findings and follow-up thereon from time to time. The Committee attempts to ensure that decision making in the Company is objective and there are adequate internal controls to ensure efficient realization of revenue and due propriety of expenditure. The Committee invites in its meetings the executives of the Company, as it considers appropriate, including Chairman & Managing Director, head of Finance, representative of Statutory Auditors, representative of Internal Auditors and others at its meetings.

As on 31.03.2024, out of the three members of this Committee two were Independent Directors. Executive Director (Finance) & Company Secretary of the Company acts as Secretary to this Committee. The Audit & Ethics Committee met four times during the financial year 2023-24 on 17.05.2023; 09.08.2023; 01.11.2023; 23.01.2024 The necessary quorum was present for all the meetings. The details of Audit & Ethics Committee meetings held and attendance of the Committee members at the meetings conducted during the year, were as under:

Name of the Directors	Position	No. of Meetings*	
		Held	Attended
Shri Satendra Kumar, Non-Official part-time Director	Chairperson	4	4
Shri Sanjay Swarup, Chairman & Managing Director (upto 30-09-2023)	Member	2	1
Smt. Chandra Rawat, Non-Official part-time Director	Member	4	4
Shri Mohammad Azhar Shams, Director (Domestic) (w.e.f. 01.10.2023)	Member	2	2

^{*} Held and attended in their tenure in the committee during the year.



3. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee:

CONCOR has constituted a Stakeholders' Relationship Committee and its composition and terms of referecne are in compliance with the provisions of Section 178 of Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations. The Committee periodically reviews the status of shareholders grievances and timely redressal of the same and various aspects for protecting interests of shareholders. The terms of reference of this committee inter-alia include resolving grievances of the security holders, including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc, review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders, review of various measures and initiatives taken by the Company to reduce the quantum of unpaid/unclaimed dividend and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports / statutory notices by the shareholders of the company, etc.

The Committee met four times during the financial year 2023-24 on 17.05.2023; 09.08.2023; 01.11.2023; 23.01.2024. The necessary quorum was present for all the meetings. Executive Director (Finance) & Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of the Committee and is also the Compliance Officer in terms of SEBI Listing Regulations. The details of Stakeholder's Relationship Committee meetings held and attendance of the Committee members at the meetings conducted during the year, were as under:

Name of the Directors	Position	No. of N	Meetings*
		Held	Attended
Shri Kedarashish Bapat, Non-Official part-time	Chairman	4	4
Director			
Shri Manoj Kumar Dubey, Director (Finance) & CFO	Member	4	4
Shri Chesong Bikramsing Terang, Non-Official part-	Member	4	4
time Director			
Shri Ajit Kumar Panda, Director (Projects & Services)	Member	4	4
Shri R.C. Paul Kanagaraj, Non-Official part-time	Member	2	2
Director			
(w.e.f. 15.10.2023 upto 24.03.2024)			

^{*} Held and attended in their tenure in the committee during the year.

The Company has taken various steps to ensure that the shareholders related matters/issues are given due priority and are resolved within a reasonable period. For this purpose the Company has an exclusive designated e-mail address investorrelations@concorindia.com. Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent (R&TA) has designated an exclusive e-mail address concor@beetalfinancial.com to facilitate investors to register their complaints, if any. Member(s) may also visit the website at www.concorindia.co.in, Investors Grievances Section for further reference. During the year, the Company has addressed its investor grievances expeditiously.

Status of number of Complaints received during the year 2023-24 is as follows:

Particulars	No. of Complaints
Total Complaints received during the year.	15
Total Complaints not resolved to the satisfaction of the investors	NIL
Total Complaints pending at the end of the year	NIL

No investor complaint was pending at the end of financial year 2023-24.

4. Share Transfer Committee:

The Company has a Share Transfer Committee in place which considers the requests for transfer/transmission of shares, wherever allowed, issue of duplicate share certificate, re-materialisation etc. The composition of the Share Transfer Committee of the Company as at the year end was as under:

Director (Finance) - Chairman
Director (Projects & Services) - Member
Executive Director (Finance) & Company Secretary - Member



The trading as well as transfer of Company's shares is in compulsory demat form. The Company has appointed M/s. Beetal Financial & Computer Services (P) Ltd. as Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (R&TA), to effect the transfer/transmission of shares wherever applicable, depository connectivity and other related work. One request was received for re-materialisation of shares in physical mode during the financial year 2023-24 and no request was received for transfer/transmission of shares in Physical mode during the financial year 2023-24.

5. Corporate Social Responsibility and Sustainability (CSR & S):

The Company has a well laid down Board approved CSR policy in place, which was recommended by the CSR committee of the Board. The CSR Committee inter-alia formulates and recommends to the Board the CSR policy and expenditure to be incurred on CSR activities, CSR budget and monitors the policy/activities from time to time. This Committee assists the Board in taking decisions on CSR related matters.

Your Company has a two Tier system for management and implementation of CSR activities. Tier-I CSR Committee is a Board level committee and Tier-II Committee is a below board level committee of Senior Executives of the Company headed by Executive Director (P&S and CSR), which assists the Board level committee (Tier-I) in carrying out their functions. The constitution of the committee is in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and DPE guidelines on this matter. The Tier-I Committee has met four times during the year on 17.05.2023; 09.08.2023; 01.11.2023; .23.01.2024 to transact various businesses. The necessary quorum was present for all the meetings. The particulars of Tier-I CSR committee meetings held and attendance at those meetings of the committee members were as under:

Name of the Directors	Position	Number of Meetings*	
		Held	Attended
Shri Sanjay Swarup, Chairman & Managing Director (w.e.f. 01.10.2023)	Chairman	2	2
Shri Manoj K. Dubey, Director (Finance) & CFO (w.e.f. 15.10.2023)	Member	2	2
Shri Ajit K. Panda, Director (Projects & Services) (w.e.f. 15.10.2023)	Member	2	2
Shri Chesong Bikramsing Terang, Non-Official part-time Director	Member	4	4
Smt. Chandra Rawat, Non-Official part-time Director	Member	4	4
Shri. V. Kalyana Rama, Chairman & Managing Director (Tenure upto 30.09.2023)	Chairman	2	2
Shri Mohd. Azhar Shams – Director (Domestic Division) (Tenure upto 14.10.2023)	Member	2	2

^{*} Held and attended in their tenure in the committee during the year.

6. Risk Management Committee (RMC):

At CONCOR, we believe that risks are an integral part of any business environment and it is essential that we create structures that are capable of identifying and mitigating risks in a continuous and vibrant manner. Risk evaluation and management is an ongoing process within the organization. It is humanly impossible to rule out risk from anything we do, as it is an inherent part of our existence, however by acting proactively and managing these risks well in advance, your company has been able to perform well. CONCOR has a robust risk management system in place to identify, monitor and minimize risks.

The Board of Directors reviews the risk management mechanism in the Company periodically. The Company has a Risk Management Committee (RMC) comprising of functional and independent Directors of the Company. The terms of reference of RMC inter-alia includes providing direction to the Risk Management initiative, laying down



procedures about risk assessment and minimization, development and implementation of a risk management policy, identification of various risks elements, review quality of mitigation plans, etc. The Committee met four times during the year on 17.05.2023; 09.08.2023; 01.11.2023; 23.01.2024. The gap between two committee meetings did not exceed 180/210 days and the necessary quorum was present in all the meetings. The particulars of membership and meetings held during the year and attendance at those meetings of the committee members were as under:

Name of the Directors	Position	Number of Meetings*	
		Held	Attended
Shri Sanjay Swarup, Director (International Mktg. & Operations) (upto 30.09.2023)	Chairman	2	1
Shri Manoj Kumar Dubey, Director (Finance) & CFO (Member upto 14.10.2023 & Chairman w.e.f. 15.10.2023)	Chairman	4	4
Shri Satendra Kumar, Non-Official part-time Director	Member	4	4
Shri Kedarashish Bapat, Non-Official part-time Director	Member	4	4
Shri Ajit Kumar Panda, Director (Project & Services)	Member	4	4
Shri Mohammad Azhar Shams, Director (Domestic Division)	Member	4	4
Shri Amrendra Kumar Chandra, Govt. Nominee Director (upto 29.02.2024)	Member	4	2

^{*} Held and attended in their tenure in the committee during the year.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT:

Particulars of senior management including the changes therein since the close of the previous financial year are as under:

(A.) Senior Management officials at the close of previous financial year:

S. No.	Name	Current Designation
1	Shri Harish Chandra	Executive Director [Finance & CS]
2	Shri Sanjay Bajpai	Executive Director [SP, DL & Customs]
3	Shri Sharad Verma	Executive Director [Area-I]
4	Shri Shankar Mazumdar	Executive Director [Law]
5	Shri Kamal Jain	Executive Director [BD & Operations]
6	Shri G. Ravi Kumar	Executive Director [Head/Area-II (West)], Upto 30.06.2024.
7	Shri Santosh Sinha	Executive Director [P&S, CSR]
8	Shri Alok Badkul	Executive Director [FHEL]
9	Shri Akash Gupta	Executive Director [Projects]
10	Shri G. R. Seshagiri Rao	Executive Director, Upto 31.07.2024
11	Shri Rajeev Bhardwaj	Executive Director [MIS & HR]
12	Shri Vineet Mathur	Executive Director [CC & CPRO]
13	Shri K. Srinivasan	Group General Manager [Chennai Cluster/Area-III (South)]
14	Shri Nand Kishore Waikar	Group General Manager [Tech/Area-I (North)]
15	Shri Anil K. Sonawane	Group General Manager [C&O/Area-II (West)]
16	Shri M. K. Abuthakir	Group General Manager [Tech/Area-II (West)]



17	Shri Dev Raj	Group General Manager [Tech/Area-I (North)]
18	Shri Paresh Aggarwal	Group General Manager [Cluster Head-Jaipur/Area-I]
19	Shri Golok Bihari Dash	Group General Manager [F&A/Area-II (West)]
20	Shri Rajesh Kumar Singh	Group General Manager [Commercial & Operations] upto 23.10.2023
21	Shri Ashok Kumar	Chief Vigilance Officer of CONCOR upto 15.01.2024
22	Shri Hemant Kumar	Group General Manager (P&S)/ Area-IV upto 31.03.2024
23	Shri Vijoy Kumar Singh	Group General Manager [Head/Area-IV (East)], upto 17.03.2024
24	Shri Swayambhu Arya	Group General Manager [P&S/ Area-I
25	Shri Ravi Prakash Chaturvedi	Group General Manager [C&O]/ Area-IV
26	Smt. G. Gayatri	Group General Manager [C&O]/ Area-III
27	Shri Nagendra Kumar	Group General Manager [Projects]

(B.) Senior Management officials joined (new appointment or through promotion) during the financial year:

S. No.	Name	Current Designation	w.e.f
1	Shri Kumar Sambhav	Group General Manager (P&S), Area-III	08.08.2023
2	Shri Suman Kumar Tanti	Group General Manager (P&S/Technical), Upto 25.04.2024	29.08.2023
3	Shri Shrikant V. Janbandhu	Group General Manager [C&O]/Area-II	13.10.2023
4	Shri Amod Kumar Mishra	Group General Manager (P&S)	11.01.2024

SUBSIDIARIES:

In terms of Listing Regulations and DPE guidelines, your Company monitors performance of subsidiary companies (list of subsidiary companies has been provided in the Directors' Report), inter-alia, by the following means:

- (i) The Audit & Ethics Committee reviews the financial statements of the unlisted subsidiary companies.
- (ii) The minutes of the meetings of the Board of directors of the unlisted subsidiary companies are placed at the meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company.
- (iii) The statement of all significant material transactions and arrangements (if any) entered into by the Unlisted subsidiary is placed before the Audit & Ethics Committee on a periodical basis.
- (iv) The minutes of meetings of the Audit Committee of the Subsidiary Companies, are placed in the Audit & Ethics Committee of the Company.

Your Company does not have material listed or unlisted Indian Subsidiary Companies in terms of SEBI (LODR) Regulations and DPE guidelines on Corporate Governance. As required under Regulation 16(1)(c) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, the Company has a Policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries which has been placed on the website of the Company at http://www.concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/CONCOR_Policy_MRPT.pdf

COMPLIANCE:

The Company has duly complied with all mandatory requirements of the DPE Guidelines and SEBI (LODR) Regulation on Corporate Governance, except the required composition of the Board of Directors. A certificate from a practicing Company Secretary has been obtained confirming the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under SEBI (LODR) Regulations and DPE guidelines on Corporate Governance. Your Company files a report on Corporate Governance in specified format(s) to Stock Exchanges, Ministry of Railways & DPE within the stipulated time provided for the same.



The Company has effective systems in place for monitoring statutory and procedural compliances. In order to ensure proper compliances of all laws applicable to the Company a report of compliances is being placed before Board of Directors.

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:

Details of date, location and time of last three Annual General Meetings (AGMs) are as under:

Year	Date	Time	Location	Special Resolution Passed, if any
35 th AGM 2022-23	26.09.2023	3:00 PM	Through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means (VC/OAVM)	1. To appoint Shri R C Paul Kanagaraj (DIN: 10199485) as non-official Independent Director
34 th AGM 2021-22	28.09.2022	3:00 PM	Through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means (VC/OAVM)	 To appoint Shri Chesong Bikramsing Terang (DIN: 09401230), as non-official Independent Director. To appoint Shri Satendra Kumar (DIN:09344018) as non-official Independent Director. To appoint Smt. Chandra Rawat (DIN:09409425) as non-official Independent Director. To appoint Shri Kedarasish Bapat (DIN: 02535543) as non-official Independent Director.
33 rd AGM 2020-21	29.09.2021	3:00 PM	Through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means (VC/OAVM)	No Special resolution was passed.

RESOLUTION PASSED THROUGH POSTAL BALLOT/ E-VOTING DURING THE YEAR:

No Ordinary/Special Resolution(s) were passed by shareholders through Postal Ballot/E-Voting during the year 2023-24 and No Special Resolution is proposed to be passed through postal ballot.

SHARE TRANSFER SYSTEM:

The Board has authorized Share Transfer Committee to approve and authorize matters, as applicable, relating to share transfers / transmission/ rematerialization, issue of duplicate shares, etc. The Company's RTA, Beetal Financial & Computer Services Private Limited has adequate infrastructure to process any requests related to shares of the Company. In terms of Regulation 40 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, transfer of securities in physical form shall not be processed unless the securities are held in the demat mode with a Depository Participant. Therefore, the Company no longer accepts the request for transfer of shares in physical mode. Further, with effect from 25th January, 2022, SEBI has made it mandatory for listed companies to issue securities in demat mode only, while processing any investor service requests viz. issue of duplicate share certificates, exchange/sub-division/splitting/consolidation of securities, transmission/ transposition of securities. After processing the service request, a letter of confirmation will be issued to the shareholders and shall be valid for a period of 120 days, within which the shareholder shall make a request to the Depository Participant for dematerializing those shares. If the shareholders fail to submit the dematerialisation request within 120 days, then the Company shall credit those shares in the Suspense Escrow Demat account held by the Company. Shareholders can claim these shares transferred to Suspense Escrow Demat account on submission of necessary documentation.



COMMODITY PRICE RISK OR FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES:

The Company does not deal in commodity(ies) and hence disclosure relating to commodity price risks and commodity hedging activities does not apply to the Company.

OTHER DISCLOSURES:

- During the year, there was no materially significant transactions with the related parties that had potential conflict with the interest of the Company. All the transactions with related parties are in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length and the necessary approvals were being obtained in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations. Omnibus approval of the Audit Committee is taken for the Related Party Transactions (RPTs). The disclosure of the RPTs has been made as per requirements of relevant Accounting Standards in Notes to the Financial Statements of the Company. The policy on dealing with related party transactions has been placed on the website of the Company at https://concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/party transactions.pdf.
- ii) The CEO and CFO of the Company has certified the specified matters to the board and Audit & Ethics committee as required under the SEBI (LODR) Regulations. In terms of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, a Certificate duly signed by Shri Sanjay Swarup, Chairman & Managing Director and Shri Manoj Kumar Dubey, Director (Finance) & CFO was placed before the Board of Directors in its 239th meeting held on 16.05.2024 while consideration of the Annual Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended on 31.03.2024.
- iii) CONCOR's Board framed the Code of Conduct for Board members and Senior Management Personnel, effective from first day of January, 2006. The code of conduct has been updated from time to time so as to incorporate the changes in framework and reporting formats. The said Code of Conduct is available on the website of the Company at http://www.concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/Code_of_conduct.pdf. Further, it is hereby declared and certified that the Provisions of Code of Conduct have been affirmed to be complied with by the Board Members as well as by the Senior Management Personnel for the financial year ended 31.03.2024. A declaration in this regard by Chairman and Managing Director of the Company, confirming the above compliance is enclosed.
- Pursuant to Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations, CONCOR has a Whistleiv) Blower Policy which establishes a vigil mechanism for Directors and Employees to report genuine concerns regarding unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud(s), etc. The said Whistle-Blower Policy been hosted on the website of the Company http://www.concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/WhistleBlowerPolicy.pdf. The said mechanism also provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of persons who use such mechanism and makes provision for direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit & Ethics Committee in appropriate or exceptional cases. In this matter, the Company affirms that no personnel has been denied access to the Audit & Ethics Committee.
- v) In compliance with the provisions of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992, (as amended from time to time) and to preserve the confidentiality and prevent misuse of unpublished price sensitive information, the Company has adopted a Policy for Prohibition of Insider Trading for Directors and specified employees of the Company. The said Policy has been updated from time to time and hosted on the website of the Company at http://www.concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/CONCOR_INSIDER_TRADING_DISCLOSURE_RULES.pdf. This policy also provides for periodical disclosures from designated persons as well as pre-clearance of transactions by such persons.
- vi) Your Company has formulated the policy on dividend distribution with a view to specify the external and internal factors including financial parameters that shall be considered while declaring dividend and the circumstances under which the shareholders of the Company may or may not expect dividend and how the retained earnings be utilised etc. The Policy imbibing the above parameters as per the provisions of SEBI



Listing Regulations has been hosted on the Company's website at https://concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/CONCOR-Dividend-Distribution-Policy.pdf.

- vii) The Company has laid down procedure to apprise the Risk Management Committee and the Board about the risk assessment and mitigation plans and procedures of the Company. The same are reviewed by them to ensure that the integrated risks are managed through a properly defined framework and reported from time to time.
- viii) No item of expenditure has been debited in books of accounts, which were not for the purposes of the business and no expenses, which were personal in nature, have been incurred for the Board of Directors and top Management.
- ix) In the current year, the Other Expense were Rs.258.44 crore which also include Administrative & Office expenses. Last year the expenditure on this account was Rs.259.53 Crore. The percentage of this expenditure to total expenses during current and previous year was 3.51% and 3.78% respectively.
- x) Your Company nominates its representatives on the Board of its joint ventures and subsidiary Companies and monitors the performance of such Companies periodically.
- xi) During the year, there has been no instance where the Board did not accept any recommendation of Board Committees.
- xii) The Company /its subsidiary Company/ies has not provided any loan / advances to firm / companies in which Directors are interested.
- xiii) The Board members, based on their requirements, attended various seminars, conferences, training programmes from time to time. Further, as per the requirement of Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Department of Public Enterprises (DPE), for imparting training to directors, the Company takes initiatives and directors are being nominated on training programmes organized by DPE, SCOPE and other reputed agencies from time to time. The Company also conducts familiarization program for its new Independent Directors. Company's policy in this regard has been hosted on its website at http://www.concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/Policy%20on%20Familarisation%20program.pdf. The particulars of training imparted to the directors during the year, has been disclosed on the website of the Company at http://www.concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/DetailsoftrainingImpartedtoIndependentDirectors.pdf.
- xiv) Your Company has undertaken Directors and Officers insurance ('D and O insurance') for all of its Directors as well as the Senior Management Personnel who are nominated on the Board of subsidiaries and JVs as Directors.
- xv) There were no instances of penalties / strictures imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any statutory authority due to non-compliance on any matter related to capital markets during the last three years, except fine(s) imposed by NSE and BSE with regard to the matter stated herein below:

One matter was for not having requisite number of Independent Directors on Company's Board from time to time. Board of Directors (BOD) of the Company were apprised about the same and it was decided by BOD that as appointment of Independent Director(s) is done by the Government and the Company has been regularly requesting Government to appoint the requisite number of Independent Directors on its Board, therefore being a Government Company, the fine is not payable by CONCOR. As per above decision of BOD, the fines imposed by BSE and NSE for respective quarters were not paid by the Company. The decision of BOD was informed to the Stock Exchange and to the administrative ministry i.e. Ministry of Railways.

Other matters pertaining to the year 2021-22 were related to delay in providing the information in the XBRL format for the related party transactions for the half year ended on 30.09.2021, composition of Audit Committee for part of the quarter ended on 31.12.2021 and composition of the nomination and



remuneration Committee for some part of the quarters ended on 31.12.2021 and 31.03.2022. In these matters, as well citing the technical glitches and due to not having requisite number of Independent Directors on the Board during the relevant periods, the Company has requested the Stock Exchanges to waive the fines imposed. In respect of these matters no compliances are pending from Company's side as all required compliances for the year 2021-22 were done by the company. Further, these matters were informed to the Board of Directors and the administrative Ministry i.e. Ministry of Railways.

The total fine imposed by BSE and NSE during various quarters of last three years, including GST was Rs.1.44 crores. Subsequently, considering the Company's representation to the Stock Exchanges, some of the fines imposed by exchanges for the quarters upto September 2022 amounting to Rs.0.69 crores, have been waived. In respect of period ended on 31.03.2024, total fines outstanding are Rs.0.75 crores. The Company has requested NSE & BSE to waive fines imposed for other quarters as well.

- xvi) During the year the certificate confirming due compliance of the share transfer formalities by the Company [under Regulation 40 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015]; and quarterly Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit Report [under SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018] were obtained from practicing Company Secretary and the same were submitted to the Stock Exchanges within the stipulated time.
- xvii) No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- xviii) No fraud has been reported by the Auditors to the Audit & Ethics Committee or the Board.
- xix) The Directors state that applicable Secretarial Standards, i.e. SS-1 and SS-2, relating to 'Meetings of the Board of Directors' and 'General Meetings', respectively, have been duly followed by the Company.
- company has received declarations from all Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet the criteria of independence prescribed under the Act and the Listing Regulations. On the basis of said confirmation, it is confirmed that Independent Directors are meeting the criteria of independence.
- Further, the Independent Directors have included their names in the data bank of Independent Directors maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs in terms of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014.
- xxii) During the year 2023-24, total Fee on consolidated basis paid to M/s Hem Sandeep & Co., Statutory Auditor of the Company and all entities in the network of the firm/ network entity of which the Statutory Auditor is a part, if any, by the Company and its subsidiaries was Rs.27.30 lakhs, excluding GST.
- xxiii) Your Company issues a formal letter of appointment to all the Independent Directors and the terms and conditions of such appointment have been hosted on the website of the Company.
- xxiv) With respect to demat suspense account/ unclaimed suspense account, it is confirmed that there is no case due for transfer of shares to Suspense Escrow Demat Account of CONCOR.
- xxv) In relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013, No complaint was received during the year 2023-24.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION:

Website Updation:

The Company's website contains a separate dedicated section 'Investor Relations' where relevant information/details are available. The "Investor Relations" section provides various updated details related to investors in compliance with SEBI Guidelines. Tenders of various Departments are uploaded on CONCOR's



website and also on Central Public Procurement Portal (CPPP) http://eprocure.gov.in for giving wide publicity and ensuring transparency in tendering process.

Auto Mails:

Auto mails from all commercial systems and other online systems are being sent to customers / stakeholders as per the requirement.

Auto SMS:

CONCOR has introduced SMS alert system for PDA Credit of its customer and salary and reimbursement credits for employees and for vendor payments as well.

Financial Information:

Timely disclosure of consistent, relevant and reliable financial information on financial performance is at the core of good governance. Towards this end and in order to attain maximum shareholders' reach, the financial results of the Company during the year 2023-24 were communicated to the Stock Exchanges and were published in the prescribed format in leading dailies having wide circulation across the country. In addition, the updated information relating to financial results, shareholding pattern and other disclosures are made available on the website of the Company.

Investors/Analysts meetings:

Post results conference calls are conducted for investors and analysts on the Company's quarterly, half-yearly as well as annual financial results. The presentations, schedule of analyst or investors meet, the audio/video of Post results conference calls and their transcripts are also placed on the Company's website as well as on the website of Stock Exchanges. No Unpublished Price Sensitive Information is being discussed in meeting/presentation with institutional investors and financials analysts.

Annual Report:

The Annual Report containing, inter alia, Audited Standalone Financial Statements, Audited Consolidated Financial Statements, Board's Report, Auditors' Report and other important information is circulated to members and others entitled thereto. The Corporate Governance report, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) & Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report forms part of the Annual Report. The Company's Annual Report is also available in downloadable form on the Company's website and can be accessed at http://www.concorindia.co.in.

In respect of financial year 2023-24, in terms of exemption granted by MCA vide General Circular No. 09/2023 dated 25th September, 2023 read with General Circular No. 10/2022 dated 28th December, 2022; General Circular 02/2022 dated 05th May, 2022; General Circular No. 02/2021 dated 13th January, 2021; General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020; General Circular No. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020 and General Circular No. 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020 and by SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/167 dated 07th October, 2023, Annual Reports have been circulated among the members whose email IDs are available with the Company through electronic mode and hard copy of the full annual report for the year 2023-24, will be provided to those shareholders who would request for the same. Accordingly, no physical copies of the Annual Reports are being circulated among the members of the Company.

Chairman's Communiqué:

The Chairman's speech is published in leading dailies having wide circulation and is also put on the Company's website and sent to the Stock Exchanges.

Reminder to Investors:

Reminders for unclaimed/unpaid dividend amount on equity shares are sent to the shareholders as per records.

Stock Exchange Disclosures:

All periodical/ event based compliance filings like shareholding pattern, corporate governance report, disclosures of material events, statement of investor complaints, among others are filed electronically to the Stock Exchanges



through NSE Electronic Application Processing System (NEAPS) and BSE Listing Centre, for dissemination on their respective websites.

SEBI Complaints Redress System (SCORES):

The investor complaints are processed in a centralised web-based complaints redressal system. The salient features of this system are: centralised database of all complaints, online upload of Action Taken Reports (ATRs) by concerned companies and online viewing by investors of actions taken on the complaint and its current status.

Online Dispute Resolution (ODR) Platform:

Consequent to the gazette notification (dated July 3, 2023) in respect of SEBI (Alternative Dispute Resolution Mechanism) (Amendment) Regulations, 2023, SEBI vide its circular bearing no. SEBI/HO/OIAE_IAD-1/P/CIR/2023/131, dated 31.07.2023 as amended from time to time, has established a common Online Dispute Resolution Portal ("ODR Portal") which harnesses online conciliation and online arbitration for resolution of disputes arising in the Indian Securities Market under the aegis of Stock Exchanges and Depositories.

In compliance of the applicable provisions in this regard, your company has placed relevant details on its website at https://www.concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/ODR.pdf.

DIVIDEND:

Book closure and Dividend payment dates

For the financial year 2023-24, the Board of Directors approved the payment of three (03) interim dividends and recommended the payment of final dividend in its meeting held on 16-05-2024. The Record Date/Book Closure and dividend payment dates are as under:

S.	Dividend	Dividend	Record Date/ Book	Dividend Payment Date
No.	Declared		Closure	
1.	1 st Interim	40% (Rs.2.00 per share of	19.08.2023	01.09.2023
	Dividend	Rs.5/- each)		
2.	2 nd Interim	60% (Rs.3.00 per share of	16.11.2023	28.11.2023
	Dividend	Rs.5/- each)		
3.	3 rd Interim Dividend	80% (Rs.4.00 per share of	07.02.2024	20.02.2024
		Rs.5/- each)		
4.	Final Dividend*	50% (Rs.2.50 per share of	19.09.2024 to	04.10.2024 onwards
		Rs.5/- each)	25.09.2024	

^{*}The Company has proposed a Final dividend of 50% (Rs.2.50 per equity share of Rs.5/- each), for the year ended on 31.03.2024, which shall be paid within 30 days after its approval by the shareholders in AGM.

Change of Address/Bank Details/NECS Mandate/E-mail ID:

For change of address/bank details/dividend mandate/E-mail ID, Members may approach –

- i) if shares are held in physical mode: to the Company/RTA of the Company.
- ii) if shares are held in electronic mode: to their Depository Participant (DP). The Company/RTA will not entertain such requests, if any.

Bank Account details and 9-digit MICR Code of their Bankers, as noted in the records of their DP is used for the purpose of overprinting on Dividend Warrants or remittance of dividend through permitted electronic modes, wherever applicable. It is, therefore, necessary that the members holding shares in electronic mode should ensure their correct bank details and/or 9-digit MICR Code number are noted in the records of the DP so that no rejection takes place. As per the dividend mandate noted in the records of DP, the amount of dividend will be credited directly to bank account of the shareholder. The credit of dividend amount can also be confirmed from your pass book/bank statement.



Transfer of unpaid/unclaimed amounts to Investor Education and Protection Fund:

Pursuant to the applicable laws, dividend amount(s) remaining unclaimed and unpaid for a period of seven years is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Central Government in this behalf.

During the year, your Company had transferred an amount of Rs.2,16,557/- in the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) for unclaimed/unpaid final dividend for FY 2015-16. The unclaimed/unpaid interim dividend for the FY 2016-17 for an amount of Rs.1,72,157/- was due for its transfer in the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) and the same was transferred on 17.04.2024. The particulars in respect of unclaimed/unpaid dividend, indicating name of shareholder, amount of dividend, etc. are also available on the website of the Company at http://www.concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/unpaid_note.PDF.

The unclaimed/unpaid final dividend for the FY 2016-17 which is due for its transfer to IEPF, should be claimed by the members before 26.10.2024. After the said date, no claim shall lie against the Company, in respect of the said amount. The due dates of transfer of unpaid/unclaimed dividend to IEPF for the imminent financial years are as under:

S. No.	Financial Year	Dividend Type	Dividend (%)	Last date for claiming Unpaid Dividend	Due date for transfer to IEPF
1	2016-17	Final	75	26.10.2024	25.11.2024
2	2017-18	Interim	96	01.03.2025	31.03.2025
3	2017-18	Final	75	26.10.2025	25.11.2025

Since after the transfer of unpaid/unclaimed amount of IEPF, no claim shall lie against the Company/RTA, members who have not yet encashed their Dividend Warrant may approach the RTA/Company for issuance of demand draft(s) upon completion of necessary formalities in the said behalf in lieu of such warrant.

Transfer of shares to Investor Education and Protection Fund:

The shareholders may note that pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the provisions of Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("the Rules") notified by the Ministry of Corporate affairs effective September 7, 2016 as amended from time to time, all unpaid or unclaimed dividends are required to be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF") established by the Central Government, after completion of seven years. The Rules, inter alia, contain provisions for transfer of all such shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more to IEPF Authority. In accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, Company has transferred 4,582 equity shares of Rs.5/- each in respect of which dividend was not claimed by members for seven consecutive years or more to IEPF Authority as per the prevailing provisions under these rules during previous years (including 1,448 shares transferred during FY 2023-24).

Therefore, the shareholders are once again advised to claim their dividend(s) which has remained unpaid/ unclaimed from the Company or its Registrar and Share transfer Agent as the Company is mandated to transfer such shares to IEPF in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more. The Company has uploaded on its website the details of unpaid and unclaimed amounts lying with the Company and details of shares transferred and liable to be transferred to IEPF and the same can be accessed from www.concorindia.co.in.



GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION:

(i) Annual General meeting (AGM) for the Financial Year 2023-24

Number of AGM 36th AGM
Date 25.09.2024
Time 3.00 P.M. IST

Venue Through Video Conference/ Other Audio Visual

means.

(ii) Financial Year April 01, 2023 to March 31, 2024

The unaudited financial results of

1st, 2nd and 3rd quarter

Within 45 days of close of quarter

Limited Review Report for above Quarterly un-audited financial Results Within 45 days of close of quarter

Approval and authentication of annual

accounts by Board of Directors

Within 60 days of close of Financial year.

Adoption of audited Annual Accounts by

Shareholders

Before 30th September of next Financial Year.

(iii) Date of Book Closure 19.09.2024 to 25.09.2024 (both days inclusive)

(iv) Dividend Payment Date Within 30 days of Declaration

(v) Listing on Stock Exchanges

ISIN: INE111A01025	
BSE Ltd.	National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.,
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street,	"Exchange Plaza" Bandra - Kurla Complex,
Mumbai – 400001	Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400051
Scrip Code: 531344	Scrip Code: CONCOR

Annual Listing fee for the year 2024-25 has been paid to the Stock Exchanges (BSE & NSE) wherein securities of the Company are listed.

(vi) Market Price Data (in Rs.)

Month	NSE		В	SE
	High	Low	High	Low
April'23	623.80	568.85	623.50	568.95
May'23	678.50	610.00	678.25	609.90
June'23	688.00	629.20	687.90	629.45
July'23	705.00	655.35	705.00	655.75
Aug'23	714.45	645.90	713.05	646.50
Sep'23	747.70	672.40	747.90	672.30
Oct'23	725.70	675.00	724.75	675.00
Nov'23	777.90	672.20	777.80	673.00
Dec'23	879.90	770.50	879.25	771.05
Jan'24	932.70	813.90	932.80	813.80
Feb'24	1,027.65	872.60	1,035.45	871.85
Mar'24	990.75	819.45	990.55	819.70



(vii) Stock Exchange Index

Month	NSE		В	SE
	High	Low	High	Low
April'23	18,089.15	17,312.75	61,209.46	58,793.08
May'23	18,662.45	18,042.40	63,036.12	61,002.17
June'23	19,201.70	18,464.55	64,768.58	62,359.14
July'23	19,991.85	19,234.40	67,619.17	64,836.16
Aug'23	19,795.60	19,223.65	66,658.12	64,723.63
Sep'23	20,222.45	19,255.70	67,927.23	64,818.37
Oct'23	19,849.75	18,837.85	66,592.16	63,092.98
Nov'23	20,158.70	18,973.70	67,069.89	63,550.46
Dec'23	21,801.45	20,183.70	72,484.34	67,149.07
Jan'24	22,124.15	21,137.20	73,427.59	70,001.60
Feb'24	22,297.50	21,530.20	73,413.93	70,809.84
Mar'24	22,526.60	21,710.20	74,245.17	71,674.42

Performance of the share price of the Company in comparison to the NSE Nifty



Performance of the share price of the Company in comparison to the BSE Sensex



(viii) Registrar and Share Transfer Agents:

M/s Beetal Financial & Computer Services Pvt. Ltd. BEETAL HOUSE, 3rd Floor, 99, Madangir, Behind Local Shopping Centre,

New Delhi-110055.

Phone No.011-29961281-83

E-mail id: concor@beetalfinancial.com



(ix) Distribution of Shareholding as on 31.03.2024

No. of equity shares held	No. of Shareholders	% of total	No. of Shares	% of total
01	12,887	9.0261	12,887	0.0021
02-10	44,547	31.2008	2,65,065	0.0435
11-50	45,753	32.0455	12,79,651	0.2100
51-100	15,281	10.7029	12,63,528	0.2074
101-200	9,535	6.6783	14,63,498	0.2402
201-750	10,195	7.1406	38,33,406	0.6292
751-5000	3,463	2.4255	57,39,869	0.9421
5001-10000	294	0.2059	21,58,972	0.3543
10001-15000	131	0.0918	16,12,644	0.2647
15001 & ABOVE	689	0.4826	59,16,64,828	97.1065
Total	1,42,775	100.0000	60,92,94,348	100.0000

^{*}includes President of India/ GoI holding of 33,38,84,975 equity shares.

(x) Geographical Distribution of Shareholding as on 31.03.2024

Name of city	No. of Shareholders	% of total	No. of Shares	% of total
Ahmedabad	4,394	3.0776	5,29,660	0.0869
Bangalore	6,703	4.6948	10,12,027	0.1661
Chennai	4,253	2.9788	4,51,504	0.0741
Delhi	9,268	6.4913	33,67,29,412	55.2655
Kolkata	4,626	3.2401	12,90,576	0.2118
Mumbai	25,201	17.6508	26,09,40,159	42.8266
Pune	6,010	4.2094	14,80,531	0.2430
Others	82,320	57.6572	68,60,479	1.1260
Total	1,42,775	100.0000	60,92,94,348	100.0000

^{*}includes President of India/ GoI holding of 33,38,84,975 equity shares.

(xi) Shareholding Pattern as on 31.03.2024

Particulars	No. of Shares	% of total
Government of India	33,38,84,975	54.80
Banks, Financial Institutions	6,03,29,936	9.90
Foreign Institutional Investors	10,13,25,863	16.63
Mutual Funds and UTI	9,13,07,516	14.99
Bodies Corporate	33,79,717	0.55
Indian Public	1,62,20,234	2.66
NRIs / OCBs	13,36,691	0.22
Others	15,09,416	0.25
Total	60,92,94,348	100.00

(xii) Dematerialization of Shares and liquidity:

Your Company's shares are available for trading in dematerialised form on both NSE and BSE. For trading of shares, CONCOR has an agreement with NSDL & CDSL. Out of 60,92,94,348 Shares listed on Stock Exchanges, 60,92,93,553 equity Shares of the Company were in demat mode as on 31.03.2024. Members are requested to note that in line with the SEBI circular dated January 25, 2022, request for



transmission, transposition and for issue of duplicate share certificates can only be undertaken in dematerialised mode. Further, members holding shares in physical mode are requested to furnish their KYC details viz., PAN, Nomination, postal address, Mobile No., E-mail address, bank details, Specimen signature etc. immediately. The relevant information in this regard has been sent to such shareholders and it has also been posted on the Company's website under the tab "Shareholders related forms".

- (xiii) Outstanding GDRs /ADRs/ Warrants or any convertible instruments:
- (xiv) Plant locations: As on 31.03.2024, the Company have had total of 66 state of the art terminals. Out of which 4 are Exim Terminals, 24 Domestic Terminals, 35 Combined Terminals and remaining 3 are strategic tie-ups.
- Credit Rating: Company has not issued any debt instruments or any fixed deposit programme and has not obtained any Credit Ratings for the same. Further, for the purpose of Long term Non-Fund based Bank Facilities (Rs.800 crore) and Issuer Rating, the Company's credit rating was [ICRA] AAA by M/s ICRA Limited as on 31.03.2024. Further, on 02.08.2024, M/s ICRA has reaffirmed the Company rating as AAA (Stable) for issuer rating and for Non fund-based Facilities (Un-allocated limits) of Rs.800 crore.
- (xvi) Address for Correspondence: **Executive Director (Finance) & Company Secretary**

Container Corporation of India Ltd., CONCOR Bhawan, C-3, Mathura Road, Opp. Apollo Hospital, New Delhi – 110076. Ph. No. 011-41222500

Email: investorrelations@concorindia.com

- (xvii) The Company's securities have not been suspended from trading, during Financial Year 2023-24.
- (xviii) In term of relevant notifications of SEBI and MCA exemption has been granted from circulation of Annual reports of the Company in physical form. Accordingly, the Annual Reports have been circulated among the members in electronic form only. Along with the annual reports, your Company provide various documents to its Shareholders in electronic form i.e. through e-mail. To ensure greener future and act in an environmentally responsible way, we have been regularly requesting our Shareholders to provide or update their e-mail ids with their respective DPs/Company Registrar, as the case may be, and give their option for receiving documents in electronic form. In addition, other communications with the shareholders are also being done in the electronic form.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

sd/-Date: 30.08.2024 (Sanjay Swarup) Place: New Delhi. Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 05159435

DECLARATION REGARDING COMPLIANCE BY BOARD MEMBERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL WITH THE COMPANY'S CODE OF CONDUCT

This is to confirm that the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its Board and Senior Management personnel which comprises the Board of Directors, all Executive Directors, Chief Vigilance Officer (CVO), Chief General Managers (CGMs), Group General Managers (GGMs). This code is available on the Company's website at http://concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/Code of conduct.pdf.

I confirm that the Company has in respect of the year ended March 31, 2024, received from the Members of the Board and Senior Management Personnel of the Company, a declaration of compliance with the Code of Conduct as applicable to them.

Date: 30.08.2024 Place: New Delhi.

sd/-(Sanjay Swarup) Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 05159435



ANNEXURE - 'C'



AKHIL ROHATGI & COMPANY

Company Secretaries 21, Shamnath Marg, Civil Lines, Delhi – 110054. Phone: 9810690633, 8527087435 Email: rohatgi_co_secy@yahoo.co.in csdelhi84@gmail.com GST No.:07ABTFA2714K1Z7

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE ON COMPLIANCE OF CONDITIONS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To
The Members of
CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED for the year ended 31st March, 2024 as stipulated in SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 [SEBI (LODR) Regulations] in respect of Equity Shares of the Company listed with Stock Exchanges and the DPE guidelines on Corporate Governance for Central Public Sector Enterprises issued by the 'Department of Public Enterprises', Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises, Government of India.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination, carried out is in accordance with the Corporate Governance (Models of Best practices) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, was limited to the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

We have obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of certification and have been provided with such records, documents, certification, etc. as had been required by us.

In our opinion and to the best of our knowledge and information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above mentioned SEBI (LODR) Regulations and in the guidelines on corporate governance issued by the 'Department of Public Enterprises' except to the extent mentioned below:

During the period under review, the composition of the Board was not in compliance with Regulation 17 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and para 3.1.4 of DPE Guidelines on Corporate Governance with regard to Composition of the Board of Directors due to non-appointment of requisite number of Independent Directors on the Board of the Company.

We further state such compliance is neither an assurance as to further viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Date: 05.08.2024 Place: New Delhi For Akhil Rohatgi & Co. Company Secretaries Reg. No. P1995DE072900

sd/-CS Deepak Kumar Partner ECS No : 10189

FCS No.: 10189 C.P. No.: 11372

UDIN: F010189F000896151





AKHIL ROHATGI & COMPANY

Company Secretaries 21, Shamnath Marg, Civil Lines, Delhi – 110054. Phone: 9810690633, 8527087435

Email: rohatgi_co_secy@yahoo.co.in csdelhi84@gmail.com GST No.:07ABTFA2714K1Z7

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

[Pursuant to Regulation 34 (3) and Schedule V Para C Clause (10)(i) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

To
The Members of
Container Corporation of India Limited.

We have examined the relevant disclosures provided by the Directors as enlisted in Table below of Container Corporation of India Limited, having CIN L63011DL1988GOI030915 and having registered office at CONCOR Bhawan, C-3, Mathura Road, Opp, Apollo Hospital, New Delhi - 110076 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company') for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para C clause 10(i) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and based on the disclosures of the Directors, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below, have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing, as Directors of the companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority for the period ended as on March 31, 2024.

Director's Name	Director Identification	Date of Appointment in
	Number	Company
Shri Sanjay Swarup	05159435	01/09/2016
Shri Manoj Kumar Dubey	07518387	31/10/2018
Shri Ajit Kumar Panda	08221385	28/12/2022
Shri Mohammad Azhar Shams	07627473	01/02/2023
Shri Priyaranjan Parhi	09499859	23/10/2023
Shri Sandeep Jain	09435375	20/03/2024
Smt. Chandra Rawat	09409425	23/11/2021
Shri Chesong Bikramsing Terang	09401230	16/11/2021
Shri Kedarashish Bapat	02535543	09/11/2021
Shri Satendra Kumar	09344018	09/11/2021

Following persons were Director during the year:

- Shri Manoj K. Srivastava (DIN: 06890877) ceased to be Director w.e.f. 30/06/2023
- ➤ Shri V. Kalyana Rama (DIN: 07201556) ceased to be Director w.e.f. 30/09/2023
- ➤ Shri Amrendra Kumar Chandra (DIN: 10076613) ceased to be Director w.e.f. 29/02/2024
- ➤ Shri Rajesh Pathak (DIN: 10259788) appointed on 11/09/2023 and ceased to be Director w.e.f. 21/03/2024
- Shri R. C. Paul Kanagaraj (DIN: 10199485) appointed on 15/06/2023 and ceased to be Director w.e.f. 24/03/2024.
- ➤ Shri Prabhas Dansana (DIN: 07973307) has been appointed w.e.f. 20.05.2024 on the Board of Directors of the Company.



Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Date: 05.08.2024 Place: New Delhi For Akhil Rohatgi & Co. Company Secretaries Reg. No. P1995DE072900

sd/-

CS Deepak Kumar

Partner

FCS No.: 10189 C.P. No.: 11372

UDIN: F010189F000896338



ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company

In alignment with mission of the company, its CSR initiatives shall aim at earning community/societal goodwill for CONCOR and help enhance and reinforce its positive & socially responsible image as a corporate citizen. CONCOR will follow highest standards of business ethics and transparency to fulfill its commitment to its stakeholders to conduct business in an economically, socially and environmentally sustainable manner. Stakeholders include employees, investors, shareholders, customers, business partners, clients, civil society groups, Government and non-government organizations, local communities, environment and society at large.

CSR initiative at CONCOR will be based on its sensitivity to the needs of all the socially and economically downtrodden sections of the society. For spending the amount earmarked for CSR, the projects will be taken up in India and it shall give preference to local area and areas around which CONCOR operates, specifically in states where it is expanding its infrastructure including the aspirational districts as notified by Department of Public Enterprises. The objective of these initiatives would be to bring about positive results over a period of time, by enhancing the quality of life and economic well-being of the local populace.

Under CONCOR's CSR policy various thrust areas have been identified as per provisions of schedule VII of Companies Act 2013, which include health and medical care, sanitation, education/literacy enhancement, community development and rehabilitation measures, rural development, environment protection, conservation of natural resources, natural calamities and infrastructure development including other areas specified in Companies Act, 2013. CONCOR CSR activities will be executed within ambit of Companies Act, 2013.

A robust monitoring system is in place to ensure transparency and effectiveness of CSR programmes. Periodic monitoring is conducted through various modes such as site visits, regular project reporting, documentary evidence, impact assessment of projects etc. The implementation and monitoring of the CSR projects is in compliance with CSR objectives and CSR policy of CONCOR. Further, funds allocated for CSR activities have been utilized for the purpose and in the manner approved by the Board.

2. The composition of CSR Committee.

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation/ Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee heldduring the year*	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Shri. Sanjay Swarup	Chairman & Managing Director/ Chairperson, CSR Committee	4	2
2	Shri Manoj Kumar Dubey	Director (Finance) / Member, CSR Committee	4	2
3	Shri Ajit Kumar Panda	Director (P&S)/ Member, CSR Committee	4	2
4	Shri Chesong Bikramsing Terang	Independent Director/ Member, CSR Committee	4	4
5	Smt. Chandra Rawat	Independent Director/ Member, CSR Committee	4	4
6	Shri. V. Kalyana Rama (Tenure upto 30.09.2023)	Chairman & Managing Director/ Chairperson, CSR Committee	4	2
7	Shri Mohammad Azhar Shams (Tenure upto 14.10.2023)	Director (Domestic Division)/ Member, CSR Committee	4	2

^{*}Meetings held during their tenure in the Committee



3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company:

Web-link for composition of CSR Committee

Web-link of CSR policy

Web-link of CSR projects approved by Board

: https://concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/csrpolicy.pdf

: https://concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/csrpolicy.pdf

4. Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out

in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable.

Impact assessment of following four CSR projects was carried out and report has been furnished by PHD Chamber of Commerce & Industry:

- 1. Upgradation of Nurul Amin Stadium, Nagaon, Assam.
- 2. Multipurpose Cold Storage Facility, Lasalgaon, Nasik.
- 3. Development of Sports Facility, Visakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh.
- 4. Providing Concentrators & Ventilators to Hospitals.

The detailed report in this regard is placed at:

https://www.concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/ImpactAssessmentReportCSR23-24.pdf

5. (a) Average net profit of the company as per sub-section(5) of : Rs. 131964.66 Lacs section 135.

(b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per : Rs. 2745.00 Lacs* sub-section (5) of section 135.

(c) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or : Nil activities of the previous financial years.

(d) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any. : Nil

(e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year : Rs. 2745.00 Lacs [(b)+(c)-(d)].

6. (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (Both Ongoing Project and other than : Rs. 6,13,99,066 Ongoing Project)

(b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads : Rs. NIL(c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable : Rs. NIL

(d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)] : Rs. 6,13,99,066

(e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year: : As under:

Total Amount Spent			Amount Unspent		
for the Financial	Total Amount tr	ansferred to	Amount transferred to any fund specified under		
Year.	Unspent CSR Account as per sub-		Schedule VII as per second proviso to sub-		
(In Rs.)	section (6) of section 135.		section (5) of section 135.		
	Amount (Rs.) Date of transfer.		Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer
6,13,99,066	21,31,00,934	30.04.2024	NA	NA	NA

(f) Excess amount for set off, if any

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (Rs. in lacs)
(1)	(2)	(3)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	2745.00*
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	613.99
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	(2131.01)

: Nil

^{*} This also includes interest of Rs.104 lakh earned on unspent CSR amount deposited in separate bank account.



(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Nil
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	Nil

^{*} This also includes interest of Rs.104 lakh earned on unspent CSR amount deposited in separate bank account.

7. Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three financial years:

SI.	Preceding	Amount	Balance	Amou	Amo	unt	Amount	Deficiency,
No.	Financial	transferred to	Amount in	nt	transferred to a		remaining	if any
	Year.	Unspent CSR	Unspent CSR	spent	fund as s	pecified	to be spent	
		Account under	Account	in the	under So	chedule	in	
		sub-section (6) of	under sub-	Financi	VII as per second		succeeding	
		section 135	section (6) of	al Year	proviso to sub-		financial	
		(Rs. in Lacs)	Section 135.	(Rs. in	section (5) of		years.	
			(Rs.in Lacs)	Lacs).	section 135, if any.		(Rs. in	
			(As on		Amount	Date of	Lacs)	
			01.04.2023)		(in Rs).	transfer	`	
							31.03.2024)	
1	2022-23	1544.53	1544.53*	791.51	NA	NA	753.02	NA
2	2021-22	1779.00	1164.37	21.00	NA	NA	1143.37	NA
3	2020-21	1351.00	260.87	0.00	NA	NA	260.87	NA

^{*} On 29.04.2023.

8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year

If yes, enter the number of Capital assets created/acquired : NA

Furnish the details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial year

Sl. No.	Short particulars of the property or asset(s) [including complete address and location of the property]	Pin code of the property or asset(s)	Date of creation	Amount of CSR amount spent	Details of entity/ Authority/ beneficiary of the registered owner					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)					
					CSR Registration Number, if Applicable	Name	Registered address			
	-NA-									

9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two percent of the average net profit as per subsection (5) of section 135.

The company has been unable to spend 2% of its average net profit, mainly due to ongoing nature of some projects, non-completion of projects on time by implementing agencies and other factors not in the control of the Company. Various steps have been taken to expedite the completion of the projects and utilize the funds allocated.

sd/-Director (Finance) & CFO and Member, CSR Committee (DIN: 07518387)

Date: 30.08.2024 Place: New Delhi sd/Chairman & Managing Director
and Chairperson, CSR Committee
(DIN: 05159435)

: **No**



FORM NO. AOC - 2

[Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into by the Company with the related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms-length transactions under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

S.	Name of the	Nature	Duration of	Salient	Justification for	Date of	Amou	Date on
No.	related party	of	contracts /	features of	entering into	approval by	nt paid	which
	and nature of	contracts	arrangements	contracts /	such	the Board/	as	special
	Relationship	/arrange	/ transactions	arrangemen	Contracts/	Audit	advan	resolutio
		ments/		ts /	Arrangements	Committee	ces, if	n was
		transacti		transactions	/transactions		any	passed
		ons		, including				in
				value, if				general
				any				meeting
								u/s
								188(1)
								(h)
				NIL				

2. Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis:

S. No.	Name of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contrac ts /arrang ements /transact ions	Duration of contracts / arrangements / transactions	Salient features of contracts / arrangements / transactions, including value, if any	Justificatio n for entering into such Contracts/ Arrangeme nts /transaction	Date of approval by the Board/ Audit Committee	Amou nt paid as advanc es, if any	Date on which special resolutio n was passed in general meeting u/s 188(1) (h)
1.	Star Track Terminals Pvt. Ltd.	JV agreeme nt dt. 31.01.2 003 (CONC OR's share holding 49%)	On going	Agreement for setting up & managing CFS at Dadri/U.P.	Commercial decision	Refer Note-1	N.A.	N.A.
2.	Transworld Terminals Dadri Pvt. Ltd.	JV agreeme nt dt. 13.05.2	On going	Agreement for setting up & managing CFS at Dadri/U.P.	Commercial decision	Refer Note-	N.A.	N.A.



INUA	L REPURT 2025-22							CONCOR
		004 (CONC OR's sharehol ding 49%)						
3.	Gateway Terminals India Pvt. Ltd.	JV agreeme nt dt. 01.07.2 004 (CONC OR's sharehol ding 26%)	On going	A Joint Venture with APM Terminals Mauritius Ltd. for third berth at JN Port, Mumbai.	Commercial decision	Refer Note-1	N.A.	N.A.
4.	CMA-CGM Logistics Park (Dadri) Pvt. Ltd.	JV agreeme nt dt. 03.02.2 004 (CONC OR's sharehol ding 49%)	On going	Agreement for setting up & managing CFS at Dadri/U.P.	Commercial decision	Refer Note-1	N.A.	N.A.
5.	Himalayan Terminals Pvt. Ltd.	JV agreeme nt dt. 23.06.2 004 (CONC OR's sharehol ding 40%)	On going	A joint venture with Nepalese Enterprises & Transworld group of companies for management and operation of rail container terminal at Birgunj (Nepal).	Commercial decision	Refer Note-1	N.A.	N.A.
6.	India Gateway Terminal Pvt. Ltd.	Agreem ent dt. 31.01.2 005 (CONC OR's sharehol ding 11.87%)	On going	A joint venture with Dubai Port International (DPI) for setting up and managing Container Terminals at Cochin.	Commercial decision	Refer Note-1	N.A.	N.A.
7.	TCI- CONCOR Multimodal Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	JV agreeme nt dt. 28.03.2 007 (with RLPL) 13.10.2	On going	A Joint Venture with Transport Corporation of India Ltd. (TCIL) to provide integrated	Commercial decision	Refer Note-	N.A.	N.A.



	L IXLI OIXI 2023 2-							CONCOR
		with TCIL (CONC OR's sharehol ding 49%)		logistics services across the country.				
8.	Container Gateway Ltd.	JV agreeme nt dt. 26.03.2 007 (CONC OR's sharehol ding 49%)	On going	A Joint Venture with Gateway Rail Freight Ltd. for operations of existing rail/road container terminal at Garhi Harsaru, Gurgaon (Haryana)	Commercial decision., However, this JV could not take off and the matter is under Arbitration	Refer Note-1	N.A.	N.A.
9.	Allcargo Logistics Park Pvt. Ltd.	JV agreeme nt dt. 26.02.2 008 (CONC OR's sharehol ding 49%)	On going	A joint Venture with Allcargo Global Logistics Ltd. for setting up and running CFS at Dadri.	Commercial decision	Refer Note-1	N.A.	N.A.
10.	HALCON	Agreem ent dt 26.09.2 005 (CONC OR's share 50%)	On going	A business arrangement with Hindustan Aeronautics Ltd. for operating an air cargo complex & ICD at Ozar airport, Nasik.	Commercial decision	Refer Note-1	N.A.	N.A.
11.	SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Ltd.	JV agreeme nt dt. 17.01.2 013 (CONC OR's sharehol ding 74%)	On going	A Joint Venture with SIIDCUL (State Infrastructure & Industrial Development Corporation of Uttarakhand) for the development of logistics park in the state of Uttarakhand.	Commercial decision	Refer Note-1	N.A.	N.A.
12.	Punjab Logistics	JV agreeme	On going	A Joint Venture with	Commercial decision	Refer Note-	N.A.	N.A.

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	Infrastructure Ltd.	nt dt.13.03 .2013 (CONC OR's sharehol ding 51%)		Punjab State Container & Warehousing Corporation Limited (CONWARE) for development of multimodal logistics Park near Kila Raipur on feeder route of western DFC over 150 acres of land.				
13	. Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Ltd.	Wholly owned Subsidia ry	On going	To create world class cold storage infrastructure in the country and to provide complete cold chain logistics solutions to the various stakeholders in this field.	Commercial decision	Refer Note-	N.A.	N.A.
14	Ltd.	Wholly owned Subsidia ry	On going	To construct, develop, operate and manage a new Domestic Cargo Terminal [Santacruz Air Cargo Terminal (SACT)] at Chhatrapati Shivaji International Airport (CSIA), Mumbai on Build, Own, Operate and Transfer (BOOT) basis.	decision	Refer Note-1	N.A.	N.A.
15	. Angul Sukinda Railway limited	Agreem ent dt. 19.01.2 015 (CONC OR's sharehol ding	On going	To finance, construct, operate, maintain and manage the proposed new rail line from Angul to	Commercial decision	Refer Note-	N.A.	N.A.

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26	6%)	Sukinda (104		
		km) in the state		
		of Odisha.		

Note:

1. The setting up of subsidiaries and joint venture agreements with the JV partners were duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Company during the relevant period and the transactions with the joint venture companies and subsidiaries are in the normal course of business and at arm's length and are mainly in accordance with the respective JV agreements executed with them, wherever applicable. The transactions during the year with the above related parties are in the normal course of business and are of repetitive nature. The transactions with above JVs and Subsidiaries are also covered by the omnibus approval granted by the Audit & Ethics Committee of CONCOR. The particulars of transactions with related parties, wherever applicable are stated in the notes to the Financial Statements of the company for the year ended on 31st March 2024.



ANNEXURE - 'F'

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT



Amit Agrawal & Associates Company Secretaries

Office: H-63, Vijay Chowk, Laxmi nagar, Delhi – 110092, India

Ph: +91-11-49423788, 43019279, Mob.:+91-9811272307 Email: amitagcs@gmail.com, amit2kas@yahoo.com

Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,

Container Corporation of India Limited

CONCOR Bhawan, C-3, Mathura Road, Opposite Apollo Hospital, New Delhi-110076

CIN: L63011DL1988GOI030915

We report that:

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Container Corporation of India Limited** (hereinafter called the "Company") having its Registered Office at CONCOR Bhawan, C-3 Mathura Road, Opposite Apollo Hospital, New Delhi - 110076. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Company's Responsibilities

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the maintenance of secretarial record under the Companies Act, 2013 and compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations and standards. Further the Company's management and the Board of Directors are also responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate systems and process, commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to identify, monitor and ensure compliances with the applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines

Auditor's Responsibilities Statement

Our responsibility is only to examine and verify those compliances on a test basis and express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.

We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.

The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Limitations

Due to the inherent limitations of an audit including internal, financial and operating controls, there is an unavoidable risk that some misstatements or material non-compliances may not be detected, even though the audit



is properly planned and performed in accordance with the Secretarial Auditing Standards as prescribed by Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI).

Further, we conducted the secretarial audit by examining the secretarial records including minutes, documents, registers, other records and returns related to the applicable laws on the Company etc. received via electronic means. The management has confirmed that the records submitted to us are true and correct. We have also relied upon representation given by the management of the Company for certain areas which otherwise requires physical verification.

Basis of Opinion

We have followed the audit practices, secretarial auditing standards and processes as were applicable and appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification in some cases was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. We also believe that the audit evidences we have obtained are sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Report on Secretarial Records and Compliances thereof

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2024 according to the applicable provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 [Not applicable to the company during the Audit Period];
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 [Not applicable to the company during the Audit Period];
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993, regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 [Not applicable to the company during the Audit Period];
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 [Not applicable to the company during the Audit Period];
 - (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015; and
 - (j) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2008.



- (vi) Other laws and guidelines applicable to the Company namely:
 - a) The DPE Guidelines;
 - b) The Competition Act, 2002;
 - c) The Delhi Shops and Establishments Act, 1954;
 - d) The Right to Information Act, 2005;
 - e) E-Waste (Management & Handling) Rules, 2011;
 - f) The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 read with The Environment (protection) Rules, 1986; and
 - g) Labour and Social Security Laws as possible.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to conducting board and general meetings;
- (ii) The Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited read with the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
- (iii) Guidelines on Corporate Governance for Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs) issued by the Department of Public Enterprises vide their OM No. 18(8)/2005-GM dated 14th May, 2010; and
- (iv) Guidelines on Capital Restructuring of Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs) as stipulated in the O.M. F.No. 5/2/2016-Policy dated 27th May, 2016 issued by Department of Investment and Public Asset Management (DIPAM), Ministry of Finance, Government of India.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, standards, etc. mentioned above subject to the following observation:

a. The number of Independent Directors on the Board was less than half of the total strength of Board as required under SEBI (LODR) Regulation and the DPE guidelines for which company has regularly written to its administrative ministry i.e. Ministry of Railways for appointment of appropriate number of Independent Directors on the board.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Director having women director and the composition of board is as per provisions of the Act. The Changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act. However, the Composition of the Board of Directors of the company was not having such number of Independent Directors as required under SEBI (LODR) Regulations and/or the DPE guidelines for which company has regularly written to its administrative ministry i.e. Ministry of railways for appointment of appropriate number of Independent Directors on the board.

Adequate notice was given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance for meetings other than those held at shorter notice and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.



We further report that the compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws like direct and indirect tax laws and maintenance of financial records and books of accounts has not been reviewed in this Audit since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial audit by other designated professional.

For Amit Agarwal & Associates (Company Secretaries)

sd/-CS Amit Agarwal Partner CP No. 3647, MNo.5311 UDIN: F005311F000848362

Date: 29.07.2024 Place: New Delhi

This report is to be read with my letter of even date which is annexed as an "Annexure-A" and forms an integral part of this report.

ANNEXURE- A

To,

The Members,

Container Corporation of India Limited

CONCOR Bhawan, C-3, Mathura Road, Opposite Apollo Hospital, New Delhi-110076

CIN: L63011DL1988GOI030915

Our Secretarial Audit Report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices, we have followed, provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company and for which we relied on the report of Statutory Auditors.
- 4. Where ever required, We have obtained the management representations about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The Compliance of provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations and standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability nor of the efficacy of the effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Amit Agarwal & Associates (Company Secretaries)

Date: 29.07.2024 Place: New Delhi

sd/-CS Amit Agarwal Partner CP No. 3647, MNo.5311

UDIN: F005311F000848362



Annexure - 'G'

FORM NO. AOC-1

[Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/ associate companies/ joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Rs. in crores)

S. No.	Name of the subsidiary	Fresh & Healthy	CONCOR Air	Punjab Logistics	SIDCUL CONCOR
		Enterprises Ltd.	Ltd.	Infrastructure Ltd.	Infra Co. Ltd.
1	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
	from the holding company's reporting period	31.03.2024	31.03.2024	31.03.2024	31.03.2024
2	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date	INR	INR	INR	INR
	of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign				
	subsidiaries				
3	Share Capital	228.68	36.65	198.52	99.48
4	Reserves & surplus	(-)189.13	(-)10.39	(-)39.43	(-)2.07
5	Total assets	43.60	30.18	218.14	130.07
6	Total Liabilities (including equity)	43.60	30.18	218.14	130.07
7	Investments	-	-	-	-
8	Turnover	7.83	-	39.09	20.51
9	Profit before taxation	0.63	3.13	0.19	6.68
10	Provision for taxation	-	-	0.05	1.17
11	Profit after taxation	0.63	3.13	0.14	5.51
12	Proposed Dividend	-	-	-	-
13	% of Shareholding	100%	100%	51%	74%

Notes: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement:

¹ Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations: Nil

² Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: Nil.



Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

(Rs. in crores)

Name of Associates/Joint Ventures	Star Track Terminals Pvt. Ltd.	Transworld Terminals Dadri Private Limited (formerly known as Albatross Inland Ports Private Limited)	Gateway Terminals India Pvt. Ltd.	CMA- CGM Logistics Park (Dadri) Pvt Ltd.	India Gateway Terminal Pvt. Ltd.	TCI CONCOR Multi Modal Solution Pvt. Ltd.#	Container Gateway Ltd.	Allcargo Logistics Park Pvt. Ltd.	Angul Sukinda Railway Ltd.	HALCON #	Himalayan Terminals Pvt. Ltd.	Pipavav Integrated Logistics- HUB (PILH) ***
1. Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31.03.2024	31.03.2024	31.03.2024	31.03.2024	31.03.2024	31.03.2024	31.03.2024	31.03.2024	31.03.2024	31.03.2024	31.03.2024	31.03.2024
2. Shares of Associate						24.20.000	10.000	27.16.160	I 3 0 00 00 000	1	00.000	1
No.	47,06,695	, ,	11,77,80,000		5,46,00,000	34,30,000	49,000	37,16,160	20,80,00,000		80,000	-
Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	4.71	5.38	117.78	2.05	54.60	3.43	0.05	3.71	208.00	3.19	0.50	0.00
Extent of Holding %	49%	49%	26%	49%	11.87%	49%	49%	49%	26%	50%	40%	50%
3. Description of how there is significant influence*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Networth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	50.77	48.69	1039.21	41.60	83.51	31.78	0.01	46.13	1021.34	6.82	1.82	-



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6. Profit/Loss for the year												
i. Considered in	0.19	4.64	0.76	4.60	9.80	3.05	-	5.59	0.12	1.18	0.10	-
Consolidation												
ii. Not Considered	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
in Consolidation												

^{*} The company has substantial shareholding in the JV companies & has also its representative(s) on their Board(s).

- 1. Names of Associates & Joint Ventures which are yet to commence operations:
 - (a) Container Gateway Ltd.
 - (b) Angul Sukinda Railway Ltd.
- 2. Names of Associates & Joint Ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year: NIL

For HEM SANDEEP & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN-009907N For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Himanshu Saxena Partner Membership no. 546385 (Sanjay Swarup) Chairman & Managing Director (DIN:05159435) (Manoj K. Dubey) Director (Finance) & CFO (DIN:07518387) (Harish Chandra)
Executive Director (Finance)
& Company Secretary

Date: 16th May, 2024

Place: Greater Noida

^{**} They are being consolidated.

^{***} The carrying amount of company's investment in PILH has been Rs.1.03 crores in the books of the company as on 31.03.2024, which has been written off.

^(#) Information taken from Audited accounts.

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31.03.2024

To.

The Audit & Ethics Committee & The Board of Directors, Container Corporation of India Ltd., CONCOR Bhawan, C-3, Mathura Road, Opp. Apollo Hospital, New Delhi – 110076.

Sub: Compliance Certificate for the year ended on 31.03.2024.

We hereby certify that:

- (a) We have reviewed Financial Statements and the Cash Flow Statement for the year and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - (i) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - (ii) these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- (b) There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- (c) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- (d) We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit committee:
 - (i) significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - (ii) significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - (iii) instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the company's internal control system over financial reporting.

sd/-

Director (Finance) and CFO

CONCOR

DIN: 07518387

sd/-

Chairman & Managing Director

CONCOR

DIN: 05159435

Date: 15.05.2024 Place: New Delhi



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (ESG) ACTIONS AT CONCOR

The economies in the world over are facing unparalleled challenges on various fronts, including the climate change, biodiversity loss, economic inequality, social insecurity, etc. There is a recognition that sustainable development is not possible unless the said issues are dealt with in a timely manner.

In order to overcome the challenges being faced, the society need to find new and innovative ways to carry out its activities and meet its requirements. This will be the collective effort of all the elements of society be it the people, Government, businesses, social sector, etc. Therefore, the businesses enterprises need to carry out their business in more responsible manner by inculcating the practices which are environment friendly and oriented towards welfare of society. In the long run, the entities which will imbibe best ESG principles in their businesses will survive and will be successful, as they will be considered more credible and reliable.

CONCOR team firmly believes in contributing and adopting best ESG principles in all of its activities. In its business of providing reliable and cost-effective logistics services to the trade and industry, it endeavours to create awareness and involve all stakeholders in value chain to contribute towards the environment and social goals. In its operations, it recognises that businesses are required to grow both financially and responsibly, which means ensuring growth with minimal impact on the environment, positive impact on society by demonstrating highest standards of governance. Due priority is given to the values and interests of all its stakeholders regularly, thereby it is working towards creating a sustainable environment and strengthening the communities in which it operates.

It is common knowledge that the last decade marked the onset of ESG related regulations and in the next decade, ESG will take the centre stage. With this clear understanding, CONCOR has been planning its actions focussed towards creating value for its stakeholders by giving emphasis on protecting environment, community development, taking care of the health, safety and wellbeing of its employees and creating a strong framework of governance. Some of the areas inter-alia where work on this front has been done in the Company are as under:

Protection of Environment:

CONCOR has always believed and promoted in its operations, the transportation of containers through rail as it is a more environment friendly mode of transportation in comparison to road. As per reports available, the movement done by rail versus road reduces CO₂ emission by around 89.5 gms. per tonne km. During the year 2023-24, CONCOR transported around 49.11 million tonnes of cargo over an average lead of around 894 kms using rail infrastructure. This effort of the Company is estimated to have helped in reduction of CO₂ emission by 3.93 million tonnes. In addition, the Company uses fuel efficient equipment like rubber tyre gantry cranes, reach stackers, efficient power packs and rail mounted gantry cranes in its operations. During the year, company has started using LNG trailers at its terminals. CONCOR complies with all relevant legislations with respect to handling and management of waste at its facilities.

Water and Energy Management:

Water is a vital resource for communities as well as for the ecology. In its efforts to support this crucial lifeline for the society, the Company has been taking measures for water conservation, which include efficient use of water, efforts for water recycle/ reuse, installation of rainwater harvesting systems. Zero wastage of water is ensured by providing sensor in water tanks and taps, which is monitored at regular intervals. The improvement in warehouse designing in its operations has helped in making them energy efficient. Initiatives have also been taken to use solar energy in some of the terminals of the Company.

Employee Welfare:

The Company always endeavours for stable work life balance for its employees and for creating shared value for all stakeholders i.e. internal and external. There is a separate department taking care of the Health, Safety and Environment (HSE) aspects in the organization. This Department has taken various initiatives, particularly during the Covid-19 pandemic, which include promoting use of masks, sanitizer and health hygiene activities. Providing guidance and support to the covid effected employees and their families, organizing yoga/ meditation sessions and



counselling from professionals to face the challenges and overcome the difficulties arising due to pandemic. The well-being of the employees physical and mental health is also promoted through providing facilities like gym and yoga classes in the office, making provision of sports gears like sports watch, badminton rackets, bi-cycle, cricket kit etc. The Company also promotes participation of its employees in various sports activities like joining marathon, cricket matches and other events. Further, exposure was given to employees during the year by organizing training or their participation in programs conducted by professional bodies, having topics on various matters, including on combating stress through creativity, gender sensitivity, leadership and crisis management.

Inclusive Growth:

The Company aims to conduct its business by contributing towards the socio-economic development of external and internal stakeholders. In this direction, it has taken various initiatives, which include the efforts made to promote the development of micro and small enterprises in the country. In this direction, in line with Government of India guidelines in the procurement, provisions have been made to give preference to micro and small enterprises. Further, regular monitoring of the timely payment to these enterprises is also done, which helps in their growth.

Development of Community:

CONCOR is committed for the overall development of the communities particularly those within which it operates. In this direction, various initiatives have been taken under the Corporate Society Responsibility (CSR), which include infrastructure development in schools, construction of public toilets, education of poor children, skill improvement, provision of food, health care activities, vaccination of the needy in the society, promoting cleanliness, etc. The Company aims to create an environment of inclusive growth of the society by helping the underprivileged sections in the areas of education, health, building infrastructure, etc. for which regular engagements are done with the communities.

Governance:

The Company believes in providing reliable, responsive, safe and value added services by following the highest ethical standards. It follows the best of the practices and policies in day to day management of its affairs. The commitment to follow best corporate governance practices is based upon transparency, fairness, conscience, team work, professionalism, equality and accountability. The guiding principles of corporate governance framework is based upon compliance of applicable laws, regulations in letter & spirit by adopting transparent system/ practices, to promote and safeguard the interest of all stakeholders, integrity and ethical behaviour of all personnel and having a climate of trust and confidence by means of transparent and timely disclosure of information. It has the policies in place in the form of code of conduct, whistle blower policy, coverage under RTI among others to promote ethical and transparent behaviour.

The efforts being made by the Company and its practices regarding ESG are covered in detail in the structured Business Responsibility & Sustainability Report (BRSR) for the year 2023-24, under the SEBI Regulations, in which reporting and evaluation have been done on the prescribed nine principles.



Annexure - 'J'

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY & SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

As per Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

SECTION A: GENERAL DISCLOSURES

I. Details of the listed entity

Sl.	Required Information	Details
No		2000
1	Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Listed Entity	L63011DL1988GOI030915
2	Name of the Listed Entity	Container Corporation of India Limited
3	Year of incorporation	1988
4	Registered office address	CONCOR Bhawan, C-3, Mathura Road, Opposite Apollo Hospital, New Delhi-110076
5	Corporate address	CONCOR Bhawan, C-3, Mathura Road, Opposite Apollo Hospital, New Delhi-110076
6	E-mail	investorrelations@concorindia.com
7	Telephone	011-41222500/600
8	Website	http://www.concorindia.co.in
9	Financial year for which reporting is being done	Financial year ended 31st March, 2024
10	Name of the Stock Exchange(s) where shares are listed	NSE, BSE
11	Paid-up Capital	Rs.304.65 crores
12	Name and contact details (telephone, email address) of the person who may be contacted in case of any queries on the BRSR report	Shri Ajit Kumar Panda Director (Projects & Services) Ph: 011-41673017 Email: ajit.panda@concorindia.com
13	Reporting boundary - Are the disclosures under this report made on a standalone basis (i.e. only for the entity) or on a consolidated basis (i.e. for the entity and all the entities which form a part of its consolidated financial statements, taken together).	This report is prepared on a standalone basis. Further, the information in the report in respect of previous year have been reassessed, rearranged or reclassified wherever considered necessary.
14.	Name of Assurance Provider	The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI)
15.	Type of Assurance obtained	Reasonable Assurance

II. Products / Services

16.	Details of	business activities (accounting fo	r 90% of the turnover):	
	Sl. No	Description of Main Activity	Description of Business Activity	% of Turnover of the entity
	1	Logistics & Transportation	Land Transport via Road	4.12%
			Land transport via Railways	75.93%
			Handling Income	11.62%
			Warehousing and storage	2.00%
17.	Products/S	Services sold by the entity (account	nting for 90% of the entity's Turno	over):

Sl. No	Product / Service	NIC Code	% of total Turnover contributed
1	Transportation of Containers by rail	49120	75.93%
2	Transportation of Containers by road	49231	4.12%
3	Handling of Containers	52241	11.62%
4	Operation of Logistics facilities including dry ports, container freight stations, and private freight terminals. Or Warehousing & Storage	52109	2.00%

III. Operations

	Loc	eation	Number of plant	ts	Number of offices	Total			
	National		NA		CONCOR has a pan India presence presently with 66 terminals and offices.	70			
		International	NA		NA	NA			
-	Maı	rket Served by th	e entity:						
	a.	a. Number of locations							
		Locations			Number	•			
		National (No. o	of States)	CONCOR is Providing service in 23 States.					
		International (I	No. of Countries)	CONCOR is Providing Rail service to two countries i.e. Nepal and Bangladesh.					
	b.	What is the con	ntribution of						
		exports as a pe			NIL				
		total turnover of	of the entity?						
	C.	A brief on type	of customers	Shipping Lines, Importers/Exporters, Custom House Agents,					
					Associate/Partners, Corpora	ate Customer, Freight			
				Forwarders etc					

IV. Employees

).	Det	Details as at the end of Financial Year:												
	a.	Employees and workers (including differently abled):												
		Sl.	Particulars	Total	N	Male		male						
		No		(A)	No.(B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)						
		Emp	Employees											
		1	Permanent (D)	1297	1140	87.90	157	12.10						
		2	Other than Permanent (E)		<u> </u>	NA								
		3	Total employees (D+E)	1297	1140	87.90	157	12.10						
		Wor	Workers											
		4	Permanent (F)											
		5	Other than Permanent (G)		Not applicable									
		6	Total workers (F+G)			rvot appir	cuote							
	b.	Diffe	erently abled Employees and	l workers:										
		S1.	Particulars	Total	N	1 ale	Female							
		No		(A)	No.(B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)						
		Diff	Ferently Abled Employees		1	1	•							

	1	Permane	ent (D)		28	27	96.43	3	1	3.57				
	2	Other th	an Permane	ent (E)		.	Not ap	plicable						
	3		fferently ab	led	28	27	96.43	3	1	3.57				
	Di	fferently Al	bled Worke	rs										
	4	Permane	ent (F)											
	5	Other th	an Permane	ent (G)		Not applicable								
	6	Total di	fferently ab	led										
21	Particip	oation/ Incl	usion/ Rep	resentatio	on of Wo	men:								
					Total		No. and percentage of Females							
					(A)		No. (B)			s / A)				
	Board of	Board of Directors					1			09				
		nagement Pong Whole tin	ersonnel me Director	rs)	6		0		()				
22					es and w	orkers (D	isclose trend	s for past	3 years)					
		F	Y 2023- 24			FY 2022	-23		FY 2021 -	- 22				
		(Turnove	r rate in cur	rent FY)	(Turnov	er rate in	previous FY)	,	ver rate in the the the view of the previous	ne year prior us FY)				
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total				
	Perman ent Emplo yees	2.15%	3.68%	2.33%	3.50%	3.05%	3.44%	2.40%	1.81%	2.33%				
	Permane nt Workers			1	'	Not Appl	icable	1	•					

V. Holding, Subsidiary and Associate Companies (including joint ventures)

23.	(a)	Name	of holding / subsidiary / associate c	ompanies / joint ventu	ures	
		Sl. No	Name of the holding / subsidiary / associate companies / joint ventures (A)	Indicate whether holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate/ Joint Venture	% of shares held by listed entity	Does the entity indicated at column A, participate in the Business Responsibility initiatives of the listed entity? (Yes/No)
		1	FRESH & HEALTHY ENTERPRISES LTD	Subsidiary	100	No
		2	CONCOR AIR LTD	Subsidiary	100	No
		3	SIDCUL CONCOR INFRA COMPANY LTD	Subsidiary	74	No
		4	PUNJAB LOGISTICS INRASTRUCTURE LTD	Subsidiary	51	No
		5	STAR TRACK TERMINALS PRIVATE LTD	Joint Venture	49	No
		6	TRANSWORLD TERMINALS DADRI PRIVATE LTD	Joint Venture	49	No



	7	GATEWAY TERMINALS INDIA PRIVATE LTD	Joint Venture	26	No
	8	CMA-CGM LOGISTICS PARK (DADRI) PRIVATE LTD	Joint Venture	49	No
	9	HIMALAYAN TERMINALS PRIVATE LTD	Joint Venture	40	No
	10	INDIA GATEWAY TERMINAL PRIVATE LTD	Joint Venture	11.87	No
	11	TCI-CONCOR MULTIMODAL SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LTD	Joint Venture	49	No
	12	CONTAINER GATEWAY LTD	Joint Venture	49	No
	13	ALLCARGO LOGISTICS PARK PRIVATE LTD	Joint Venture	49	No
	14	ANGUL SUKINDA RAILWAY LTD	Joint Venture	26	No
	15	HALCON	Associate	50	No

VI. CSR Details

24.	(i) Whether CSR is applicable as per section 135 of Companies	Yes
	Act, 2013: (Yes/No)	
	(ii) Turnover (in Rs. crores)	8,632.49
	(iii) Net worth (in Rs. crores)	11,812.34

VII. Transparency and Disclosure Compliances

25.	Complaints/Grieva	•	the principle	s (Principles	1 to 9) un	der the Na	tional Guide	elines on				
	Responsible Busin					1						
	Stakeholder	Grievance	F	Y 2023 - 24		F	Y 2022 - 23					
	group from	Redressal										
	whom complaint	Mechanism			- ·		d	D 1				
	is received	in Place	Number of	Number	Remarks	Number	Number of					
		(Yes/No) (If	complaints	of		of	complaints	S				
		Yes, then	filed during	complaint		complaint						
		provide web-	the	s pending		S	resolution					
		link for	year	resolution		filed	at close of					
		grievance		at close of		during	the year					
		redress		the year		the						
		policy)				year						
	Communities		Nil									
	Investors (other				Nil							
	than											
	shareholders)*											
	Shareholders	Yes,	15	0	NA	35	0	NA				
		https://conco										
		rindia.co.in/a										
		ssets/pdf/Sta										
		keholders_E										
		ngagement_P										
		olicy.PDF										
	Employees and	Yes,	5	0	NA	14	0	NA				
	workers	https://conco										
		rindia.co.in/a										
		ssets/pdf/Gri										
		evances_Red										

कानकार
CONCOR

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	ressal.pdf						
Customers	Yes, https://conco rindia.co.in/a ssets/pdf/Pu blic_Grievan ces_Redress al.pdf	14	4	NA	19	0	NA
Value Chain Partners	Yes, https://conco rindia.co.in/a ssets/pdf/sta ke_holder_e ng.pdf	13	1	NA	46	10	NA
Other (please specify)	Yes, https://conc orindia.co.in /assets/pdf/ Public_Griev ances_Redre ssal.pdf	2	0	NA	0	0	NA

^{*} Details of Investors /Shareholder are covered.



Material responsi	le business conduct	and sustainability issues pertaining to envir	ronmental and social matters that prese	ent a risk or an opportunity to busine				
		oach to adapt or mitigate the risk along-wi						
Sl. Material is identified		Rationale for identifying the risk / opportunity	In case of risk, approach to adapt or mitigate	Financial implications of the risk or opportunity (Indicate positive or negative implications)				
1 Human rig practices	Risk & Opportunity	Risk: The absence of a comprehensive Human Rights governance structure from the aspects of parameters such as working conditions, fair remuneration, gender diversity, prevention of sexual harassment, freedom of association, and collective bargaining will impact the Company's performance in the social domain from the perspective of employee workforce as well as the community. Opportunity: The presence of a strong redressal mechanism outlines the Company's commitment to Human Rights protection. A better organized and more respected workforce is more stable, predictable, and productive, which reduces the risk of resource shocks and creates productivity gains, which is beneficial for a company's bottom line. Legal costs due to employee or community disputes are minimized and negative financial impacts from backlashes and boycotts become less of a risk. Investor	CONCOR being a Government of India Company under the aegis of the Ministry of Railways is an instrumentality of 'State', under Article 12 of the Constitution of India, protects and promotes all Human rights guaranteed under the constitution of India. In addition to compliance with labour laws enacted by the Government of India and different states under the recommendation and conventions of the International Labour Organization (ILO), the company understands the economic rights of individuals in consonance with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the Constitution of India. This includes a just, favourable, and conducive work environment, equal pay for equal work, and equal opportunity for career progression without any discrimination against caste, creed, sex, religion, disability, or orientation. Further, the company	Positive: Comprehensive alignme Human Rights principles accordance with the guiding princ of national and international Hu Rights standards amplifies Company's performance in the saspect as well as reflects commitment towards human rintegration within the Compa business model.				



			risk when speaking to potential investors, as well as being able to target a new base of ethically-minded investors who, as it happens, also tend to be more stable and long-term investors in the Company.	remuneration, working hours with rest and leisure, means for an adequate standard of living and social security, and freedom of choice of employment. Provision has been made for the timely delivery of HR services through the Right to Service for Time Bound Delivery of HR Services and Benefits. It provides for the reservation in employment as per the norms laid down by the Government of India under the relevant Constitutional Provisions. It also understands the need for the protection of civil and constitutional rights of employees/workers and believes in freedom of association and workers' right to	
2	Occupational Health and safety	Risk & Opportunity	Risk: Occupational health and safety is a critical aspect of the Company's commitment towards workforce welfare which further highlights the performance in terms of the provision of a safe and secure working environment. Identification of a high number of health and safety incidents reflects the efficiency of the existing Employee's Health & Safety (EHS) management approach. Opportunity: Strong EHS management system integrated with comprehensive hazard identification, mitigation plans, root cause analysis of the reported incidents, and corresponding corrective action plan	form & join trade unions. Safety Slogans are displayed at prominent locations at various terminals of CONCOR. ISO Certification is available for most of the units of the Company. Disaster Management System has been hosted on the CONCOR website. Further, in its endeavor to maintain high standards of quality, your Company has been taking various steps, some of which are as follows: • Conducting periodical Management Review Meetings, wherein various actions were taken with regard to Disaster Management,	Positive: Robust Occupational, Health and Safety management approach enables the Company to prevent the occurrence of incidents.



will highlight the Company's approach	Safety Norms and Quality	
and resoluteness toward workforce	Standards.	
health and safety	• CONCOR uses the best	
	technology to provide logistics	
	services, adheres to the highest	
	level of safety in operations,	
	maintains the good health of its	
	employees, and provides a clean	
	and green environment for a	
	better tomorrow.	
	• The Company always endeavors	
	for a stable work-life balance	
	for its employees and for	
	creating shared value for all	
	stakeholders i.e. internal and	
	external. There is a separate	
	department taking care of the	
	Health, Safety, and	
	Environment (HSE) aspects in	
	the organization.	
	• To ensure safety in the	
	transportation of freight, it has	
	been ensured that all wagons are	
	equipped with load-sensing	
	devices, and automatic twist	
	devices so that there are no	
	mishaps. Further, efforts have	
	also been made to ensure that	
	the cargo is transported	
	pilferage free, for which anti-	
	pilferage devices have been	
	installed.	
	mstancu.	



		ı	1		
3	Employee	Opportunity	Opportunity: The company's efforts	· ·	Positive: A strong workforce with a
	Engagement		towards workforce welfare and		high retention rate and diversity in the
			development directly coveys its	employees. Great care is taken to	workforce brings new perspectives,
			resolute commitment towards the	provide safe and hygienic working	experiences, and ideas which enable
			upliftment of the most	environment to the employees	innovation, increase performance and
			integral asset. A greater diversity	conducive to their good health.	enable a positive culture in the
			across genders and ethnicity is strongly	There had been no occurrence of	organization, and highlights the
			correlated to a greater level of	major industrial accidents.	Company's efforts toward creating a
			inclusiveness broadening mindset on	Programmes for promoting work	conducive work environment in
			acceptance of the third gender, and	life balance such as Yoga and/or	addition to creating a positive
			unconventional biases in ethnicity,	meditation are conducted regularly	approach toward workforce
			race, and equality while transforming	for the employees. CONCOR	development.
			our thoughts and actions at a personal	sponsors participation of employees	
			and professional level, improved	in various sport activities which	Investing in people development can
			propositions and productivity enabling	inculcates habit of not only	enable organizations to realize the
			value creation.	remaining fit but also supportive	skills and abilities of their workforce,
				team cohesion. Cricket matches and	and internal capabilities to further
				other sports programs are regularly	expand the business and create value
				conducted for the employees. The	
				company has a 'Sports Policy' to	
				encourage sports and games and to	
				improve the quality of life and	
				fitness for its employees and their	
				families. CONCOR offers various	
				benefits to its employees in the	
				form of option to the employees to	
				choose from a mix of cafeteria	
				perks and allowances available	
				subject to maximum ceiling. In	
				addition to the allowance and	
				benefits covered in the cafeteria	
				approach, additional perks in the	
				form of residential accommodation,	
				telephone instrument/service,	
				advances, and welfare amenities are	
				also made available to the	
				employees. Provisions have been	



				made for the timely delivery of HR services through the Right to Service for Time Bound Delivery of HR Services and Benefits. CONCOR has well-defined policies for its employees regarding recruitment, conditions of service, Leave rules, housing, vehicle and computer loans, medical reimbursement, and other employee welfare and social security services. Efforts are made to ensure that employees have speedy and easy access to HR policies, forms, policies, and their personal HR information online through Employee Portal.	
4	Transparency, Accountability & reporting	Risk	Risk: The compliance risk is linked to non-adherence with the standards and guidelines of all regulatory agencies.	The Code of Conduct for Board Members and Senior Management Personnel is in alignment with Company's Statement of Mission & Objectives and the provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (Listing Regulations) and it aims at enhancing ethical and transparent process in managing the affairs of the Company. In respect of Whole-time Directors and senior management personnel, this Code is to be read in conjunction with the CONCOR Conduct Rules, 1993 and amendments thereto, if any. There is a well-established set-up for providing information under the Right to Information Act, 2005. The Whistle Blower policy of the Company has been updated from time to time in	Positive: Compliance with relevant regulatory requirements, including applicable to the Freights and Logistics sector reflects the Company's commitment to responsible business practices.



compliance with the provisions of the Listing Regulations & Companies Act, 2013. It provides an opportunity and an avenue to employees, to raise concerns and to report to Audit and Ethics Committee, in case they observe any unethical and improper practices or any other wrongful conduct in the Company. It seeks to provide necessary safeguards for the protection of employees from reprisals victimization. CONCOR had entered into an MOU with 'Transparency International – India' (TII) for implementing a tool developed by TII in consultation with CVC viz. Integrity Pact Program. The objective of the tool is to ensure that all activities and transactions between a Company or Government departments and their Suppliers are handled in a fair, transparent, and corruption-free manner. CONCOR believes in providing reliable, responsive, safe, and value-added logistic services by following the highest ethical standards. It does business with a number of domestic and international bidders. contractors, and vendors of goods and services (counterparties). The bidding process is transparent, open, and accessible to the public with tenders being put up on the Company website and e-tender portal. It values its relationship with all counterparties and deals with them in a fair and transparent manner. The e-tendering system on the portal has been implemented, which complies with the CVC guidelines released for e-Procurement from time to time and



				enhances transparency. CONCOR is covered under the Central Vigilance Commission Act, of 2003. The vigilance Division in CONCOR controls its activities from Corporate Office, in New Delhi. The Vigilance Division is headed by the Chief Vigilance Officer who directly reports to the Chairman and Managing Director.	
5	Customer Satisfaction	Opportunity	Opportunity: The Company is committed to improving its business processes so as to provide quality services and thereby improve customer satisfaction	Some of the practices adopted in this regard are: On line Information & Container Tracking SMS-based container tracking where we we will also available on the website. Auto mail facility for customers (for PDA/TDS statement etc.) Container Repair & Cleaning Facilities Cargo Palletisation, Strapping etc. Cargo Lashing/Choking Facility Fumigation of Cargo/Containers Supply Chain Management Container/Cargo Survey Round the Clock Security at Terminals Facilitation of Customs Clearance Conducting Customer Satisfaction Survey by an independent agency regularly to get a feedback from the customers and also take action to rectify/improve its services. CONCOR had also introduced on Company's website "Feedback	Positive: The Company ensures quick turnaround and resolution of Customer complaints through a real-time system. Customers have the facility of knowing the exact location & movement of their container by accessing the online portal. For speedy resolution of any customer complaints, contact details and email addresses of the concerned officers have been put up on the Company website. 'Customer Value Creation' is the ethos of CONCOR



		1
	form" wherein Customers can	
	obtain information and seek	
	remedies on our services in the	
	format available under menu	
	"Customer Feedback Facility".	
	• Launched its mobile App giving	
	information like the public tariff,	
	Rail tariff, track & trace, Company	
	directory, etc. for its stake holders	
	and for Exim e-filing (covering	
	reports & queries).	
	Usage of Social Media tools for	
	timely dissemination of information	
	to stakeholders.	
	Under the Citizen's Charter the	
	Company has provided service	
	delivery standards for key services.	
	In addition to above it has	
	initiatives:	
	• Touch screen kiosks were	
	installed in terminals so that	
	customers can get the services of	
	queries related to container, ground	
	rent due, freight etc.;	
	• e-filling facility for online	
	booking of Containers;	
	• Above all, the Company has a	
	lean and accessible top	
	management which is within the	
	reach of its customers at	
	all times.	



<u>SECTION B : MANAGEMENT AND PROCESS DISCLOSURES</u>

This section is aimed at helping businesses demonstrate the structures, policies and processes put in place towards adopting the NGRBC Principles and Core Elements.

Disclo	sure Questions	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
				Poli	cy and manage	ment process	ses	·	·	·
1 a.	Whether your entity's policy/policies cover each principle and its core elements of the NGRBCs. (Yes/No)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
b.	Has the policy been approved by the Board? (Yes/No)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
c.	Web Link of the Policies, if available	Please refer to the note below	ESG Policy Quality Pol Code of Bu Conduct an POSH Policy IT Policy CSR Policy Diversity Policy	icy siness d Ethics cy	https://concori.https://concor	ndia.co.in/quandia.co.in/assoncorindia.co.in/assoncorindia.co.ndia.co.in/assondia	in/assets/pdf/ES dity.asp ets/pdf/Code_of	_conduct.pdf exualHarrassment v.pdf y_policy.pdf	Policy.pdf	



2	Whether the entity has translated the policy into procedures. (Yes / No)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
3	Do the enlisted policies extend to value chain partners? (Yes/No)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
4	Alliance, Trustee) standar	al and international CONCOR continues to enjoy ISO 9001:2015 certification and as of 31.03.2024, 50 Nos. of Terminals were								
5	Specific commitments, goals and targets set by the entity with defined timelines, if any.	In the near future, the Company will work with a focused approach to achieving the following: Ø Increase the rail share of the transportation of Containers. Ø Promote environment-friendly modes of Road Transportation through LNG. Ø Lights are to be replaced by LED lighting. Ø CONCOR will endeavour to source electricity from SOLAR, WIND Energy in the future. Ø Promoting Rain Water Harvesting.								
6	Performance of the entity against the specific commitments, goals and targets alongwith reasons in case the same are not met.	 Ø Conservation of Energy through efficient utilization of equipment. Some of the work done during the year on the ESG front are: Inducted 75 LNG trailers, further Approvals have been granted for procurement of another 200 LNG trailers. These trailers have a better Carbon footprint as compared to conventional Diesel trailers. signed an MOU with IGL and IOCL, to establish LNG Stations at two CONCOR terminals for better wider coverage of LNG in the country. signed MOU with a subsidiary of NTPC to establish rooftop solar capacity on CONCOR terminals. 								
		Quality Management On the matter of quality, the Company has been certified with ISO 9001:2015 for the scope of "Planning, Co-ordination and Monitoring of all Regions and Terminals for Multimodal EXIM and Domestic Containerized Traffic, Associated Process and Corporate Functions".								
		To oversee the quality of services provided to customers, the Company engages the services of Independent external agencies to conduct a Customer Satisfaction survey to evaluate the quality of services provided to the customers and identify the areas where work is to be done for continual improvement. Further, monthly performance review meetings of all terminals are conducted to assess the performance level and customer-centricity evaluation to achieve the targets.								



In addition, in the interest of transparency, the company has a system of Independent External Monitors (IEM), provision of an Integrity Pact in Tenders and a whistle-blower policy.

		Governance, leadership and oversight						
7	Statement by director responsible for the business responsibility report, highlighting ESG related challenges, targets and achievements (listed entity has flexibility regarding the placement of this disclosure)	The company believes in development through partnerships and provides services that meet customers' evolving demands and aspirations. As a responsible organisation, CONCOR is sensitive to the environmental and social implications of its operations, goods, and services and takes measures to minimize them. The Company guarantees that it meets all applicable statutory compliance standards and maintains supervision of critical issues/areas through a range of governance structures in all aspects of its operations. CONCOR has made significant efforts to support people development projects both within and in the greater community. CONCOR has always provided its employees with a safe and healthy work environment and equitable opportunities to improve their skills and expertise. The company has launched a number of social initiatives and programs to help local communities prosper, including healthcare, education, and skills development. CONCOR has made long-term efforts to lower its carbon footprint and increase the use of renewable energy in its operations, with an emphasis on energy efficiency, waste reduction, and waste management.						
8	Details of the highest authority responsible for implementation and oversight of the Business Responsibility policy (ies).	The Board of CONCOR is responsible for the implement	ntation and oversight of the Business Responsibility policy(ies).					
9	Does the entity have a specified Committee of the Board/ Director responsible for decision making on sustainability related issues? (Yes / No). If yes, provide details.	Sh. Ajit Kumar Panda, Director (Projects & Services). Ph: 011-41673017 Email: ajit.panda@concorindia.com						
10	Details of Review of NGRBCs by the Co							
	Subject of Review	Indicate whether review was undertaken by Director / Committee of the Board/ Any other Committee	Frequency (Annually/ Half yearly/ Quarterly/ Any other – please specify)					



			P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7 P8	P9	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
	Performance against above policies and follow up action		of the Direction During reviews	As a practice, policies on the Business Responsibility of the Company are reviewed by the CMD & Board of Directors. During this assessment, the efficacy of the policies is reviewed and necessary changes to policies & procedures, if required, are implemented.							Quarterly/Annually								
	requirem	nce with statutory tents of relevance to the s, and, rectification of any pliances	The Company follows the laws and regulations, as applicable. In this regard, a Compliance Certificate on applicable laws is provided by the Departmental Heads, which is placed before the Board of Directors								Annual								
11		entity carried out independent	P1		P2		P3		P4	P5	P6 P7 P8			P9					
12	of its pol (Yes/No) If yes, pr	ent/ evaluation of the working icies by an external agency? b. covide name of the agency r to question (1) above is "No":	Yes, the policies are independently assessed and evaluate							ARE A	analytic	s and	Advis	ory P	vt. Ltd	l.			
12	a.	The entity does not consider t									statee	1.							
	b.	The entity is not at a stage wh policies on specified principle	es (Yes	s/No)															
	c. The entity does not have the for the task (Yes/No)				uman aı	nd techn	ical res	source	es availabl	е	All Principles are covered by the Policies.								
	d.	It is planned to be done in the	next f	inancia	al year ((Yes/No))												
	e.	Any other reason (please spec	ify)																



SECTION C: PRINCIPLE WISE PERFORMANCE DISCLOSURE

This section is to demonstrate the Principle-wise performance in integrating the Principles and Core Elements with key processes and decisions.

PRINCIPLE 1: BUSINESSES SHOULD CONDUCT AND GOVERN THEMSELVES WITH INTEGRITY, AND IN A MANNER THAT IS ETHICAL, TRANSPARENT AND ACCOUNTABLE.





Essential Indicators

	Essential indicators										
1	Percentage coverage by training and awareness programmes on any of the Principles during the financial year:										
	Segment	Total number	Topics / principles covered under	% age of persons in respective							
		of training and	the training and its impact	category covered by the							
		awareness		awareness programmes							
		programmes									
		held									
	Board of	100									
	Directors	2		100							
	Key Managerial Personnel	0	-	-							



2		-	(SPSEs); 26. Personal Fina Conducting In Arbitration; 3 Women Empo Logistics.	32. Office Management Proposerment Programme; 35.	tation Programme; 28. 23. Role of IO/PO in 31. 23. Zardous Containers; 34. 34. Shakti; and 37. Digital ceedings (by the entity or	NA by directors / KMPs) with eeen preferred?	
	Employees	37	Industry; 2. If Excellence; 4 Transforming Harassment; Amendments, Information Industry; 9. Of Port Logistics their Manage CPSEs; 16. Competence Information Infor	Preventive Forensics; 3. Proc. Customized Training Prog. Customized Culture: Emp. 6. Overview of GFR & D; 7. Preventive Vigilance, Technology the Efficienc Customized Training Program; 11. National Meet on Roment; 14. Cyber Hygiene Arbitration in India: To Building; 18. Environmentate Economics and its Apple Entation Programme; 22. Frastructure and Logistics States.	roject & Financial Manager gramme for CONCOR F&A owering Gender Sensitivity Public Procurement throu E-Procurement and Key to y and Value Addition Entramme for CONCOR F&A TI Act; 12. Advanced MS Earl Act; 12. Advanced MS Earl Security; 15. Workshwards a New Future; 17 al Social & Governance (ESC lication; 20. Railway Orient Recent advances in Putervices Development for Important of Legal Issues and Judgment of Legal Issues and Judgment of Concord Recent & Financial Control of Legal Issues and Judgment for Important	nent for Organizational A Officers at IRIFM; 5. and Preventing Sexual gh GeM (With Latest o Good Governance; 8. abler of the Logistics officers at IRIFM; 10. excel; 13. Contracts and nop on Procurement in Project Management G) way to sustainability; tation Programme; 21. blic Procurement; 23. aproving Efficiency; 24.	100



	Penalty/ Fine	Penalty/ Fine Principle 1 NSE & BSE		43,18,800	Regulation 17(1) Non-compliance of requisite number of independent directors i.e. regarding the non-composition of the Board.	Yes, the Company has requested for wavier of fines to the Stock Exchanges as the Government appoints all its Directors and it has no control on the appointment of said Directors. In such cases, fines imposed have been waived by the Stock Exchanges.						
	Settlement	Nil	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	Compounding fee	Nil	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	Non- Monetary	,										
		NGRBC Principle		e regulatory/ enforcement es/ judicial institutions	Brief of the Case	Has an appeal been preferred? (Yes/No)						
	Imprisonment	Nil		Nil	Nil	Nil						
	Punishment	Nil		Nil	Nil	Nil						
3	Of the instance appealed. Case Details	es disclosed in	Question 2 ab	ove, details of the Appeal	/ Revision preferred in cases where	Name of the regulatory/ enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions						
	of the Board un Company has re appointment of regularly reques	The Exchanges (NSE & BSE) have levied fines for Noncompliance with the requirements about the composition of the Board under Regulation 17(1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. In reply to the notice of fine, the Company has requested both the exchanges for exemption/ waiver of the fines levied on the Company as the appointment of directors is not in the control of the Company and it has taken all the steps in which it has been regularly requesting its Administrative Ministry for an early appointment of these Directors. The Company is not at fault for the non-appointment of the requisite number of Independent director(s) and all reasonable steps have										
4	Does the entity have an anti-corruption or anti-bribery policy? If yes, provide details in brief and if available, provide a web-link to the policy. The Code of Conduct for Board Members and Senior Management Personnel is in line with the Company Statement of Mission & Objectives and the rules of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement of Company's activities. This Code should be read alongside the CONCOR Conduct Rules, 1993, and any update to them. CONCOR is dedicated to providing reliable, timely, safe, and value-added logistical services where the highest ethical standards. CONCOR collaborates with numerous local and international bidders, contractors, and suppliers of products services (counterparties). The bidding process is transparent, open and available in public domain, with tender published on the Company's website and e-tender portal. CONCOR values its relationships with											



			with 'Tra TII in co company manner. Code Integrity	nsparency Internated Internated Internation with Corner or government a of Pact: https://concorner.	tional - India CVC. The to gencies and Condu orindia.co.in/	of (TII) to manage the Is only is designed to ensure their suppliers are contact: https://assets/pdf/IntegrityPace	•
5	Number of Directors/KN corruption:	MPs/employe	es/workers agains	t whom disciplin	ary action v	vas taken by any law	enforcement agency for the charges of bribery/
			FY 2023-24				FY 2022 - 23
		(Cur	rent Financial Year	r)		(Prev	vious Financial Year)
	Directors		Nil				Nil
	KMPs		Nil				Nil
	Employees		Nil				Nil
	Workers		Nil				Nil
6	Details of complaints wit	th regard to c					
			FY 202	-			FY 2022 - 23
		Number	(Current Fina Remarks	anciai Year)		Number	(Previous Financial Year) Remarks
	Number of complaints received in relation to issues of Conflict of Interest of the Directors	Nil		NA		Nil	NA
	Number of complaints received in relation to issues of Conflict of Interest of the KMPs	fumber of complaints exceived in relation to sues of Conflict of				Nil	NA
7	Provide details of any co by regulators/ law enfor	cement agenc	ies/ judicial instit	utions, on cases o	of corruption	rest.	
8	Number of days of accou	ınts payables	((Accounts payabl	ple *365) / Cost of goods/services procured) in the following			owing format:
				FY 2023-24 (Current FY)			FY 2022-23 (Previous FY)
	Number of Days of Accou	ınts Payable			16.8	31	23.59



9 Openness of Business

Provide details of concentration of purchases and sales with trading houses, dealers, and related parties along-with loans and advances & investments, with related parties, in the following format:

Parameter	Metrics	FY 2023-24 (Current FY)	FY 2022-23 (Previous FY)
	a. Purchases from trading houses as % of total purchases	0	0
Concentration of Purchases	b. Number of trading houses where purchases are made from	0	0
	c. Purchases from top 10 trading houses as % of total purchases from trading houses	0	0
	a. Sales to dealers/ distributors as % of total sales	0	0
Concentration of Sales	b. Number of dealers / distributors to whom sales are made	0	0
	c. Sales to top 10 dealers/distributors as % of total sales to dealers / distributors	0	0
	a. Purchases (Purchases with related parties/ total purchases)	73.65%	76.36%
	b. Sales (Sales to related parties/ total sales)	4.76	4.56
Shares of RPTs in	c. Loans & advances (Loans & advances given to related parties / total loans and advances)	0	0
	d. Investments (Investments in related parties / total investments made)	63.13	62.77

Leadership Indicators

1 Awareness programmes conducted for value chain partners on any of the Principles during the financial year:

1 8	F	F 8
Total number of	Topics / principles covered under the training	% age of value chain partners covered (by value of business done with such
awareness		partners) under the awareness programmes
programmes held		
-	NA	NA

Note: During the year, training was imparted to contractual or non-permanent staff covering topics such as prevention of sexual harassment, code of ethics, information & cyber security, data privacy, and health and safety.



2 Does the entity have processes in place to avoid/manage conflict of interests involving members of the Board? (Yes/No) If Yes, provide details of the same

Yes. The company has a code of business conduct and ethics that covers a variety of topics, including how to handle conflicts of interest for board members and senior management. A clear procedure that allows Directors to abstain from conversations involving conflicts of interest has been established to resolve these conflicts. Directors have a responsibility to carry out their responsibilities in an honest way and in the best interests of the company.

They must carry out their duties free from outside interference that can impair their capacity to make independent, unbiased decisions, which are essential for the Company's success. Furthermore, it is forbidden for Directors to misuse their positions to directly or indirectly benefit themselves at the expense of the Company. The Board of Directors (BOD) and senior management submit an annual declaration confirming their adherence to the Code of Conduct. The BODs are also required to submit the annual declaration confirming their participation in other companies.

Code of Conduct: https://concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/Code_of_conduct.pdf

PRINCIPLE 2: BUSINESSES SHOULD PROVIDE GOODS AND SERVICES IN A MANNER THAT IS SUSTAINABLE AND SAFE 6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION **Essential Indicators** Percentage of R&D and capital expenditure (capex) investments in specific technologies to improve the environmental and social impacts of product and processes to total R&D and capex investments made by the entity, respectively: Previous Financial Year Details of improvements in environmental and social Current Financial Year impacts R & D Refer to Director's Report for R&D expenditure Capex Does the entity have procedures in The company is having its policy & detailed processes which it is following in its procurement and the a. same is reviewed from time to time. Being a Public Sector Undertaking, it is following the very place for sustainable sourcing? transparent process in all its procurements. The main aim of its process of procurement is to achieve (Yes/No) the right balance between costs and requirements by following five parameters called the Five R's of procurement. There are Right Quality, Right Quantity, Right Price, Right Time & Place and Right Source.



				Tender/Quotation Opening laid down in the concerne This committee consists of powers are approved by the Offers from prospective bid widest competition. Various tenders, procurement throus source of supply, direct procure of supply, direct procure management of risks which risks involved are in	g & Evaluation Committees d manual and as per delegal representatives from the use BOD of CONCOR. dders are invited according to use modes of procurement the panel of suppliers, single occurement through purchase involved in procurement is dentified, measured, monitor	ed budget and financial vetting of the estimate are constituted for purchases as per proceduation given in DOP (i.e. Delegation of Power er, finance and other departments. Delegation to a procedure that is transparent and enables that are used in procurement are open and limit the tender for critical/proprietary items with sing committee, etc. In done through a well-laid-down framework ored, mitigated through appropriate actions a me nominated risk managers.					
	b.		percentage of inputs d sustainably?	46.45%							
3	Describ	e the processes	in place to safely reclai	m your products for reusin	g, recycling and disposing	at the end of life, for:					
	(a)	Plastics (inclu	uding packaging)								
	(b)	E-waste		NA							
	(c)	Hazardous wa	aste	NA NA							
	(d)	other waste.]							
4	If yes, w	hether the waste				submitted to Pollution Control NA					
				Leadership Indi	icators						
1			ed Life Cycle Perspecti es provide details in the	ve / Assessments (LCA) for		nanufacturing industry) or for its services (f					
	NIC Code	Name of Product /Service	% of total Turnover contributed	Boundary for which the Life Cycle Perspective / Assessment was conducted	Whether conducted by independent external agency (Yes/No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes/No) If yes, provide the web-link.					



				Not Appl	icable							
2	If there are any significant social or environmental concerns and/or risks arising from production or disposal of your products / services, as identified in the Life Cycle Perspective / Assessments (LCA) or through any other means, briefly describe the same along-with action taken to											
	mitigate the same. Name of Product /	Description of the	risk / concern		Action Taken							
	Service	Description of the	risk / concern		Action Taken							
	Not Applicable											
3	Percentage of recycled or reused input material to total material (by value) used in production (for manufacturing industry) or provide services (for service industry).											
	Indicate input material	Recycled or re-used	d input materia	l to total materia	ıl							
		FY 2023-24 Currer	nt Financial Ye	ar	FY 2022-23 Previous Financial Year							
				Not Appl								
4	Of the products and pact following format:	kaging reclaimed at		products, amo		onnes) reus		safely disposed, as per the				
			1 1 202	24 Current I II	ianciai i cai	1 1 2022 23		ious i muneiur i cui				
			Re-Used	Recycled	Safely Disposed	Re- Used	Recycled	Safely Disposed				
	Plastics (including packag	ring)										
	E-waste		Not Applicable			Not Applicable						
	Hazardous waste			пот Аррпсав	ic	Not Applicable						
	Other waste											
5	Reclaimed products and	their packaging mat										
	Indicate product category		Reclaimed p	products and the	r packaging mate	erials as %	of total products so	old in respective category				
				Not Appl	icable							



PRINCIPLE 3: BUSINESSES SHOULD RESPECT AND PROMOTE THE WELL-BEING OF ALL EMPLOYEES, INCLUDING THOSE IN THEIR VALUE CHAINS













a	Details of r	neasures for	the well-being of employees	s:										
	Category		% of employees covered by											
		Total (A)	Health Insurance		Accident insurance		Maternity benefits		Paternity Benefits		Day C			
			Number (B)	% (B/A)	Number (C)	% (C/A)	Number (D)	% (D/A)	Number (E)	% (E/A)	Number (F)	% (F/A		
	Permanent	employees	l	/	<u> </u>	,	l	/ /	\					
	Male	1140	1140	100	1140	100	0		0	1140	0			
	Female	157	157	100	157	100	157	100	0)	0			
	Total	1297	1297	100	1297	100	157	100	1140	100	100 0			
	Other than Permanent employees													
	Male		NOT APPLICABLE											
	Female													
1	Total	•	41 11 1											
b		ails of measures for the well-being of workers: gory % of workers covered by												
	Category	Total (A)	Health Insurance		Accident insu	irance	Maternity ben	efits	Paternity B	enefits	Day Care facilities			
			Number (B)	% (B/A)	Number (C)	% (C/A)	Number (D)	% (D/A)	Number (E)	% (E/A)	Number (F)	% (F/A		
	Permanent	Permanent workers												
	Male													
	Female	1			Mod	ADDLIC	ADIE							
	Total	1			NOT	APPLICA	ABLE							



		Other than Permanent w	orkers									
		Male										
		Female	NOT APPLICABLE									
		Total										
		ng on measures towards v t) in the following format	vell-being of employees and _	workers	(including per	manent a	nd other than					
				FY	2023-24	FY	2022-23					
	Cost incurr	•	s as a % of total revenue of	(0.169%	C	0.068%					
2		<u> </u>	Current FY and Previous FY	7:								
	Benefits		FY 2023-24						FY 2022-23			
		No. of employees covered as a % of total employees No. of workers covered as a total workers		a % of Deducted and deposited with t authority (Y/N/I		h the	No. of employees employees		No. of workers covered as a % of total workers	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/N.A.)		
	PF	100%	NA	Y			100%		NA	Y		
	Gratuity	100%	NA	Y			100%		NA	Y		
	ESI		I		NOT APPI	ICABLE			I	_ I		
3	Accessibili	ty of workplaces										
	the requires		y accessible to differently ablesons with Disabilities Act, 201d.						e located in commerc ther infrastructure fo			
4	Rights of I	ntity have an equal oppor Persons with Disabilities A the policy.	rtunity policy as per the Act, 2016? If so, provide a	discrimination discri	ination, by pro , sex, national	viding eq origin,	ual opportunity	to all its narital s	nich outlines its cor s employees irrespect tatus, sexual orienta	ive of race, color		



Gender	Permanent empl	oyees	Permanent w	orkers					
	Return to work rate	Retention rate	Return to work rate	Retention rate NA NA NA NA					
Male	100%	100%	NA						
Female	100%	100%	NA						
Total	100%	100%	NA						
Is there a mechanism available to receive and redress grievances for the following categories of employees and worker? If yes, give details of the mechanism in brief. Yes/No (If Yes, then give details of the mechanism in brief)									
Permanent Worke		(ii Tes, then give details of the meena	mism in orier)						
Other than Permai	yes, Permanent Employee	es have been extended facilities to raise							
Permanent Emplo	yees these portals for the same.	https://www.pgportal.gov.in OR http	s://www.cgm.concorindia.co.in/defaul	lt.aspx					
Other than Perman	nent Employees								

7	Membershi	ip of employees and wor	ker in association(s) or Unions	s recognised by	the listed entity:						
	Category		FY 2023-24			FY 2022-23					
		Total employees / workers in respective category (A)	No. of employees / workers in respective category, who are part of association(s) or Union (B)	% (B / A)	Total employees / workers in respective category (C)	No. of employees / workers in respective category, who are part of association(s) or Union (D)	% (D / C)				
	Total Permanent Employees	1297	935	72.04	1328	960	72.29				
	Male 1140		818	71.75	1165	839	72.02				
	Female	157	117	74.52	163	121	74.23				
	Total Perma Workers	nent		NA							
	Male				NA						
	Female				NA						
8	Details of tr	raining given to employe	es and workers:								
	Category		FY 2023-24								



		Total (A)	On Health measures	n and safety	On Skill u	pgradation	Total (D)	On Health measures	and safety	On Skill	upgradation
			No. (B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)		No. (E)	% (E/D)	No. F	% (F/D)
	Employees		1	1	1	1		1	1	1	-1
	Male	1140	845	74.12	286	25.08	1165	883	71.50	334	28.67
	Female	157	115	73.25	67	42.67	163	156	95.71	83	50.92
	Total	1297	960	74.01	353	54.28	1328	1039	78.24	417	31.40
	Workers										
	Male										
	Female	1				Not Ap	plicable				
	Total					- (• • - - - - - - - - - - 					
	Details of 1	performance and care			employees	and worker:					
	Category		FY	2023-24				FY 2022-23			
		Total (A)	No.(B)		% (B/A)		Total (C)	No.(D)		% (D/C)	
	Employees										
	Male	1140	1140		100		1165	1165		100	
	Female	157	157		100		163	163		100	
	Total	1297	1297		100		1328	1328		100	
	Workers										
	Male										
	Female					N.	Δ				
	Total										
10		l safety management	•	1 0			, , , ,	. 9 /37 / 13			
	a.	Whether an occupat If yes, the coverage			igement syst	em has been i	mplemented by the	entity? (Yes/ N	o)		
		Yes, the company st external. A distinct of									



		health are also fostered by offering facilities such as a gym and yoga courses at the workplace, as well as sporting equipment such as sports watches, badminton rackets, bicycles, cricket kits, etc. The company also encourages its staff to participate in other sporting activities such as marathons, cricket matches, and other events.							
		variety of issues such a with a variety of benefit covered in the cafeteria	s stress management via c ts in the form of cafeteria	creativity, gender sensitiving perks and allowances, sub ks in the form of residential	ty, leadership, and cri bject to a maximum co	grammes run by professional groups that covered a sis management. CONCOR provides its employees eiling. In addition to the allowance and benefits ephone instrument/service, advances, and welfare			
	b.				isks on a routine and i	non-routine basis by the entity?			
		devices so that there a pilferage devices have latest technology and a guidelines prescribed be CONCOR. To enhance prevent disasters. Addi company uses cutting- resolved quickly. All a Safety slogans are pro	re no mishaps. Further, of been installed. The Compensures quick redressal on the Ministry of Railway freight transportation sationally, measures have beedge technology to give it container movement by minently featured at severe	efforts have also been mapany provides real-time in f consumer complaints. Anys, from time to time. San afety, all waggons have been taken to guarantee that clients real-time informal adheres strictly to the	ade to ensure that the aformation to its custoful movement of containing the Slogans are dispected with load-set the cargo is carried nation on container manafety rules establish contribution is access.	oped with load-sensing devices, and automatic twist cargo is transported pilferage-free, for which anti- omers on container movement through the use of the ainers by rail is in strict compliance with the safety layed at prominent locations at various terminals of ensing systems and automated twist mechanisms to pilferage-free, with anti-pilferage devices fitted. The ovement and guarantees that consumer concerns are need by the Ministry of Railways from time to time. ssible for the majority of the company's units. The ely.			
	c.		ether you have processes for workers to report the work-related ards and to remove themselves from such risks. (Y/N)			Yes. Work-related Hazards are being identified and addressed through a Safety workbook.			
	d.	Do the employees/ wor medical and healthcare	ker of the entity have acce e services? (Yes/ No)	ess to non-occupational	The company prioritizes work-life balance and stakeholder value. It has a dedicated department for Health, Safety, and Environment. Employees are provided with gym and yoga facilities, sports gear, and encouraged to participate in sports activities. Additionally, they can attend training programs and choose from various benefits and perks.				
11		safety related incidents,	in the following format:						
		ident/Number	Category	FY 202		FY 2022-23			
		Injury Frequency Rate	Employees	Nil		Nil			
	(LTIFR) (j	per one million-person ked)	Workers	Nil		Nil			



	TD (1 1	11 1	1 , 1	Г 1	3 T'1		3.T'1			
	Total record	able work	t-related	Employees	Nil		Nil			
	injuries			Workers	Nil		Nil			
	No. of fatalities			Employees	Nil		Nil			
				Workers	Nil		Nil			
	High conseq			Employees	Nil		Nil			
	injury or ill- fatalities	health (ex	cluding	Workers	Nil		Nil			
12			Please refer to	the answer in response to c	question 10 a.					
13	Number of	Complair	nts on the follo	wing made by employees a	and workers:					
				FY 2023-24		FY 2022-23				
		Filed d	uring the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks		
	Working Conditions		None	None	NA	None	None	NA		
	Health & Safety		None	None	NA	None	None	NA		
14	Assessment	s for the	year:	<u> </u>			-			
				% of your plants and office	ces that were assessed (by	y entity or statutory a	uthorities or third parties)			
	Health and safety practices Working Conditions			100%						
				100%						
15	Provide details of any corrective related incidents (if any) and of assessments of health & safety practice.			n significant risks / co	ncerns arising from		Not Applicable			



				Leade	ership Indicators				
1				Yes.					
Provide the measures undertaken by the entity to ensure that statutory dues have been deducted and deposited by the value chain partners. We carry out routine audits to make sure value chain participants have deducted dues (vendors).				lue chain participants have deposite	ed and withheld required				
3	Provide the number of employees / workers having suffered high consequence work related injury / ill-health / fatalities (as reported in Q11 of Essent Indicators above), who have been are rehabilitated and placed in suitable employment or whose family members have been placed in suitable employment:					een placed in suitable			
		Total no. of affect	cted employe	es/ workers	workers No. of employees/workers that are rehabilitated and placed in suitable employment of whose family members have been placed in suitable employment				
		FY 2023-24		FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24		FY 2022-23		
	Employees	Nil		Nil	Nil	Nil			
	Workers	NA		NA	NA	NA			
4	programs and the ma from retire (Yes/ No)	entity provide transiti to facilitate continued anagement of career end ement or termination of	employabili dings resulti employmen	workforce to a for transition a	align with the changing busine assistance programs. However,	fied talent based on merit and coss environment. At the moment, the following the retirement of employed	re is no anticipated need		
5	Details on a	assessment of value chair	n partners:						
			% of value	chain partners (by v	value of business done with suc	h partners) that were assessed			
	Health and s	safety practices			-				
	Working Co								
	employees a	and workers.		**		Health & Safety and provide better	working conditions to its		
6		tails of any corrective ac safety practices and wor				eerns arising from assessments of	Not Applicable		



DDINGIDLE A. DIIGINIEGGEG GHAIII N	DESDEATHER INTEDESTS AR AND	BE RESPONSIVE TO ALL ITS STAKEHOLDERS
LENINGIEUR 4: DUSINESSES SHUUUU	RESERVE LINE INTERNATIONS OF AND	DE RESEUNSIVE TO ALL ITS STAREHULDERS







Essential Indicators

1	Describe the processes
	for identifying key stakeholder groups of
	stakeholder groups of
	the entity
	·

The Company always aims to follow the highest standards of business ethics and transparency and is conducting its business in a socially & environmentally responsible manner thereby contributing towards the socio-economic development of external and internal stakeholders. Its stakeholders include employees, investors, shareholders, customers, business partners, clients, civil society groups, Government and non-Government organizations, local communities, the environment, and society at large. CONCOR's policies are aimed at being consistent with the guidelines on the subject issued by the Department of Public Enterprises, applicable laws, and other Govt. rules and regulations.

2 List stakeholder groups identified as key for your entity and the frequency of engagement with each stakeholder group

	Stakeholder Group	Whether identified as Vulnerable & Marginalized Group (Yes/No)	Channels of communication	Frequency of engagement	Purpose and scope of engagement including key topics and concerns raised during such engagement
(i)	Shareholders & Investors	No	Annual General Meeting, email communique, Stock Exchange (SE) intimations, investor/analysts meet/ conference calls, annual reports, quarterly results, Press releases and Company website	Annual, Quarterly & other event based	Quarterly and annual, financial results, Company performance and updates, corporate governance
(ii)	Board of Directors	No	Board Meetings, AGM, internal emails, etc.	Quarterly Meetings and other as & when need arises	Quarterly and annual financial results, Company performance & updates, corporate governance and other various business matters.



(iii)	Employees	No	Senior leaders' communication, performance appraisal review, wellness initiatives, engagement survey, email, intranet, websites, poster campaigns, circulars, a quarterly publication, and newsletters	Ongoing	Job satisfaction, Fair pay, performance remuneration, Training, and Development initiatives that support career growth Safe and healthy working conditions, Non-discrimination on the basis of color, gender, race, sexual orientation, or caste, Prompt grievance redressal mechanisms
(iv)	Customers	No	Website, complaints management, helpdesk, conferences, customer surveys, face-to-face meetings, E-mail, Customer feedback, advertisement, newspapers and other digital platforms, customer helpline, Circulars	Ongoing	All client information is driven through CRM which has been implemented across our offices and functions. We make use of business intelligent tools to provide efficient customer service and personalized business reports.
(v)	Industry Associations	No	Newsletters, websites, emails, webinars	Regular Intervals as deemed necessary by either party	Industry standards
(vi)	Regulators/ Legislators	No	Emails, regular meetings with Regulators, Regulatory filing correspondence & meetings	Periodic	Compliance, data security, regulatory updates, permits.
(vii)	Communities	Yes	Community service events, surveys, emails, service campaigns, website	Ongoing	Access to health, education, skill development, employee engagement



		Leadership Indicators
1	Provide the processes for consultation between stakeholders and the Board on economic, environmental, and social topics or if consultation is delegated, how is feedback from such consultations provided to the Board.	We strive to create value for all of our stakeholders. We engage with important stakeholder groups to better understand their viewpoints and meet their requirements. These continuing collaborations enable us to discover and track major economic, environmental, and social trends that may be incorporated into our entire company plan. At CONCOR, the stakeholder engagement system is a fundamental driving force in building and broadening stakeholder relationships, hence facilitating the identification of key material concerns affecting the Company's growth. The stakeholder interaction resulted in the prioritising of material concerns, mapping of the risks pertinent to each material subject, and the formulation of subsequent risk mitigation procedures. The fundamental consequence of the stakeholder engagement process was the identification and prioritising of material concerns including the environment, social, governance, and economic elements. The identified major challenges were given to the highest governing member and the Board for comments and assistance on developing the Company's sustainable growth strategy. The stakeholder engagement exercise is reviewed on a regular basis as part of the Company's ongoing efforts to interact with internal and external stakeholder groups in order to identify major material concerns affecting them.
2	Whether stakeholder consultation is used to support the identification and management of environmental, and social topics (Yes / No). If so, provide details of instances as to how the inputs received from stakeholders on these topics were incorporated into policies and activities of the entity.	Yes, CONCOR has always maintained a frequent and proactive interaction with the Company's major stakeholders, allowing it to successfully work on its ESG strategies while being honest about the results. In response to current rules and stakeholder interactions, the company conducts periodic assessments to update and reissue policies as appropriate.
3	Provide details of instances of engagement with, and actions taken to, address the concerns of vulnerable/ marginalized stakeholder groups.	CONCOR is constantly cognizant of its responsibility and works with the most disadvantaged and vulnerable members of society. Our primary interaction channels are with local communities and other stakeholders such as SMEs and MSMEs through our CSR initiatives. We communicate with them often using need assessments and other participatory ways to better understand their needs and the impact of our initiatives. For further information, please see the CSR section of the website. – https://concorindia.co.in/assets/pdf/csr.pdf



PRINCIPLE 5: BUSINESSES SHOULD RESPECT AND PROMOTE HUMAN RIGHTS











			/ •	\$	_1≢								
			Essent	ial Indicato	ors								
Employees and	Employees and workers who have been provided training on human rights issues and policy(ies) of the entity, in the following format:												
Category		FY 2023-2	24					FY 2022-2	.3				
	Total (A)	No. of employees / workers covered (B		(/ A)		Total (C)		f employees ers covered	,	D / C)			
Employees		-	l .			1	l .		l l				
Permanent	1297	36		2.77		1330		0		0.00			
Other than permanent	-	-		-		-		-		-			
Total Employees	1297	36		2.77		1330		0		0.00			
Workers													
Permanent													
Other than		NA											
permanent													
Total Workers													
	um wages paid to	employees and worker	•	following fo	rmat:	T							
Category		FY 2023-2						FY 2022-2					
	Total (A)	Minimum Wage		n minimum		Total (D)	Wage	Minimum	Wage	n minimun			
		No. (B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)		No. (E)	% (E/D)	No. F	% (F/D)			
Employees	1	<u> </u>		l	1	•	ı	I	ı				
Permanent	1297	-	-	1297	100	1328	-	-	1328	100			
Male	1140	-	-	1140	100	1165	-	-	1165	100			
Female	157	-	-	157	100	163	-	-	163	100			



	Other than				-					
	permanent									
	Male				-					
	Female	-								
	Workers									
	Permanent	NA								
	Male									
	Female									
	Other than									
	permanent									
	Male									
	Female									
3	Details of remuneration/salary/wages, in the following format:									
	a. Median Remuner	ration/ Wages								
			Male			Female				
			Number		dian remuneration/ salary/ ges of respective category	Number	· 1	Median remuneration/ salary/ wages of respective category		
	Board of Directors	(BoD)	4		6866354	0		-		
	Key Managerial Pe	rsonnel	5		7105596	0		-		
	Employees other th	an BoD and KMP	1135		2083680	157		2129836		
	Workers			•	N	IΑ	•			
	b. Gross wages paid	d to females as % of to	otal wages paid by	the entit	y, in the following format:					
					FY 2023-24 Current Financia	al Year	FY 2022-23 Previous Financial Year			
	Gross wages paid to					11.72				



4	Do you have a focal point (Individual/ Committee) responsible for addressing human rights impacts or issues caused or contributed to by the business? (Yes/No)			The Company has formulated a Grievance Redressal in the Employee Manual which states that the employees can address their complaints or grievances to the Human Resources department or to the Senior Management. There shall be no retaliation or reprisal taken against any employee or associate who raises concerns by the policy. A committee may be formed or delegated to investigate the reported issues. The Committee is responsible for evaluating the reported issues and ensuring that they are addressed and rectified. In collaboration with Senior Management, the Committee may also recommend a suitable resolution.				
5	grievances related	nal mechanisms in I to human rights is	sues.	Yes, an Internal Complaint Committee in line with Sexual Harassment of Women at Workpt (Protection, Prohibition & Redressal) Act is in place in CONCOR and there are other platfor to register the grievances on online portal.				
6	Number of Compl	laints on the follow	ing made by employ FY 2023-		1	EV 2022 2	2	
						FY 2022-23		
		Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks	
	Sexual Harassment	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
	Discrimination at workplace	1	0	NA	4	0	NA	
	Child Labour	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
	Forced Labour/ Involuntary Labour	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
	Wages	3	0	NA	1	0	NA	
	Other Human rights related issues	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
7	Complaints filed format:	under the Sexual	Harassment of Wo	omen at Workplace (I	Prevention, Prohibition	and Redressal) Act,	2013, in the following	
					FY 2023-24 Current Financial	Year Prev	FY 2022-23 vious Financial Year	



	Total Complaints reported under Sexual I (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) A		0	0			
	Complaints on POSH as a % of female en	nployees / workers	0	0			
	Complaints on POSH upheld		0	0			
8	Mechanisms to prevent adverse consequences to the complainant in discrimination and harassment cases	his/her having reported a Protected Disordiscrimination, harassment, victimination, whistle-blowers. Complete protection like retaliation, threat or intimidation demotion, refusal of promotion, or the Whistle-blower's right to continue to	hat no unfair treatment will be meted out to a Whistle-blower by virtue of Disclosure under the policy. The Company, as a policy, condemns any kind mization, or any other unfair employment practice being adopted against n will, therefore, be given to Whistle-blowers against any unfair practices on of termination/ suspension of service, disciplinary action, transfer, the like including any direct or indirect use of authority to obstruct the to perform his/her duties/functions including making further Protected DNCOR has an internal mechanism to not disclose the identity of the he matter.				
9	Do human rights requirements form part of your business agreements and contracts? (Yes/No) Assessments for the year: Container C	Yes. The business agreements and c documents such as deduction register labour laws. The successful contractor Also, The Contractor has to comply w service conditions, rules, and regulating E.S.I., Bonus, Workmen's Compensation of India Limited is an India.	/advance register etc, which are requirements to obtain the Labour License ith all the statutory requirements in resons and all Liabilities under the variation, Minimum Wages, Payment of Wages	from the Central Govt if applicable. spect of engaging the personnel, their ous labor laws and others like P.F., ages Act, etc			
10	issues are followed in entirety.	% of your plants and offices that were ass					
	Child labour	The state of the s	100%	r			
	Forced/involuntary labour		100%				
	Sexual harassment		100%				
	Discrimination at workplace	100%					
	Wages	100%					
	Others – please specify		100%				
11	Provide details of any corrective action risks / concerns arising from the assess		cant No.	ot Applicable			



	Leadership Indicators					
1	Details of a business process being modified/ introduced as a result of addressing human rights grievances/complaints.		The company didn't face any situation to modify the business process.			
2	Details of the scope and coverage of	any Human rights due-diligence conducted.	The company upholds the principle of Human Rights in all its dealings.			
3	Is the premise/office of the entity a requirements of the Rights of Perso	accessible to differently abled visitors, as per the ns with Disabilities Act, 2016?				
4	Details on assessment of value chain partners:					
		% of value chain partners (by value of business done with such partners) that were assessed				
	Sexual Harassment	Nil				
	Discrimination at workplace	Nil				
	Child Labour	Nil				
	Forced Labour/Involuntary Labour	Nil				
	Wages	Nil				
	Others – please specify	Nil				
5	Provide details of any corrective act risks / concerns arising from the ass	ions taken or underway to address significant essments at Question 4 above.	Not Applicable			



PRINCIPLE 6: BUSINESSES SHOULD RESPECT AND MAKE EFFORTS TO PROTECT AND RESTORE THE ENVIRONMENT



(iv) Seawater / desalinated water

(vi) Others - Water Bottles

(v) Water from municipal corporation





















NA

91504

113

NA

91324

93

Essential Indicators

1	Details of total energy consumption (in Joules or multiples) and energy intensity, in the following format:				
	Parameter	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23		
	From renewable sources				
-	Total electricity consumption (A)	-	-		
	Total fuel consumption (B)	-	-		
	Energy consumption through other sources (C)	-	-		
	Total energy consumed from renewable sources (A+B+C)	-	-		
	From non-renewable sources				
	Total electricity consumption (D)	80970.50	109687.86		
	Total fuel consumption (E)	360634.36	373330.54		
-	Energy consumption through other sources (F)	-	-		
	Total energy consumed from non-renewable sources (A+B+C)	441604.86	483018.40		
	Total energy consumed (A+B+C+D+E+F)	441604.86	483018.40		
	Energy intensity per rupee of turnover (Total energy consumption/ turnover in akhs)	0.51	0.59		
	Energy intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) (Total energy consumed / Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
	Energy intensity in terms of physical output	-	-		
	Energy intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	-	-		
	Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency	TERI			
2	Does the entity have any sites / facilities identified as designate under the Performance, Achieve and Trade (PAT) Scheme of India? (Y/N) If yes, disclose whether targets set under the PAT scheme have be targets have not been achieved, provide the remedial action taken,	Not Applicable			
3	Provide details of the following disclosures related to water, in the following format:				
	Parameter	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23		
	Water withdrawal by source (in kilolitres)				
	(i) Surface water N.		NA		
	(ii) Groundwater	103125	102675		
	(iii) Third party water (tanker)	3920	3500		

CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT 2023-24 Total values of water with drawal

Total volume of water withdrawal (in kilolitres) (i + ii + iii + iv + v)		198662	197592
Total volume of water consumption (in kilolitres)	198662	197592
Water intensity per rupee of turnover turnover in lakhs)	(Total Water consumption/	0.23	0.24
Water intensity per rupee of turnover Power Parity (PPP) (Total water consumption / Revenue to for PPP)		Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Water intensity in terms of physical o	output	-	-
Water intensity (optional) – the releval by the entity	•	-	-
Note: Indicate if any independent assorby an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, in		e has been carried out	TERI
4 Provide the following details related	d to water discharged:		
Parameter		FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Water discharge by destination and le	evel of treatment (in kilolitres	s)	
(i) To Surface water		NA	NA
No treatment		NA	NA
With treatment – please specify level	of treatment	NA	NA
(ii) To Groundwater		NA	NA
No treatment		NA	NA
With treatment – please specify level	of treatment	NA	NA
(iii) To Seawater		NA	NA
No treatment		NA	NA
With treatment – please specify level	of treatment	NA	NA
(iv) Sent to third-parties (Municipal S	Sewers)	NA	NA
No treatment		NA	NA
With treatment – please specify level	of treatment	NA	NA
(v) Others		NA	NA
No treatment		NA	NA
With treatment – please specify level	of treatment (STP)	1920	0.00
Total water discharged (in kilolitres)	·	1920	0.00
Note: Indicate if any independent asso		e has been carried out	NA
by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, in Has the entity implemented a mech	anism for Zero Liquid Disc	charge? If yes,	Not A ==1: -1:1-
provide details of its coverage and i	_		Not Applicable
Details of air emissions (other than			•
Parameter NOx	Please specify unit NA	FY 2023-24 NIL	FY 2022-23 NIL
Sox	NA NA	NIL	NIL
Particulate matter (PM)	NA NA	NIL	NIL
Persistent organic pollutants (POP)	NA	NIL	NIL
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	NA	NIL	NIL
Hazardous air pollutants (HAP)	NA	NIL	NIL
Others – please specify	NA 170	NIL	NIL

•	
r.	_
N.	-
-	<u> </u>
9	गनकार
C	ONCOR

ANN	IUAL REPORT 2023-24				कॉनकॉर CONCOR						
	Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evalue by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency?		e has	been carried out	NA						
7	Provide details of greenhouse gas emissions (Scop following format:										
	Parameter	Unit		FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23						
	Total Scope 1 emissions (Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)	MTCO2e	2	26723.01	27663.79						
	Total Scope 2 emissions (Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)	MTCO26	e	16081.64	21785.23						
	Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity per rupee of turnover (Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions /turnover in Lakhs)	MTCO26	e	0.04	0.06						
	Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) (Total Scope 1 and Scope2 GHG emissions/ Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)	n intensity per chasing Power Scope2 GHG Not Applicable		Not Applicable	Not Applicable						
	Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity in terms of physical output	al Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity in									
	Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	-			-						
	Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evalue by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency?		e has	been carried out	TERI						
8	Does the entity have any project related to reduce Gas emission? If Yes, then provide details.	ing Green Ho	use	GHG Emissions	s started measuring and will carry out ion initiatives in						
9	Provide details related to waste management by t	the entity, in t	he fol								
	Parameter			FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23						
	Total Waste generated (in metric tonnes)			1 1 2023 2 1	1 1 2022 23						
	Plastic waste (A)										
	E-waste (B)			1 //1	0.00						
	Bio-medical waste (C)			1.41	0.00						
	Construction and demolition waste (D)			NA NA	NA NA						
				NA	NA						
	Battery waste (E) Radioactive waste (F)			-	-						
	Other Hazardous waste (Oil-soaked cotton waste paint cans, chemical cans, paint residue, oil sludge, soot, coolant oil and used oil). Please specify, if any	DG chimney		NA	NA						
	Other Non-hazardous waste generated (H) - Atmosp (on Building exteriors, parking etc), interiors			3.12	0.90						
	Total (A+B+C+D+E+F+G+H)			4.53	0.90						
	Waste intensity per rupee of turnover (Total waste generated/ Revenue from operations) (t Lakhs)	turnover in		0.0000052	0.0000011						
	Waste intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Power Parity (PPP) (Total waste generated / Revenu operations adjusted for PPP)		N	ot Applicable	Not Applicable						



AIVIV	UAL KEPUI	NT 2023-24				CONCOR						
	Waste in	tensity in terms of physical output		-		-						
	Waste int	tensity (optional) – the relevant me tity	etric may be selected	-		-						
	For each	For each category of waste generated, total waste recovered through recycling, re-using or other recovery operations (in metric tonnes)										
	•	of waste (IN MT)										
	(i) Recyc			_								
	(ii) Re-us											
	` '	r recovery operations										
	Total	recovery operations	_									
		antagamy of yearth gamamatad total	uma of disposal may	thad (in mate	ia tannaa)							
		category of waste generated, total	waste disposed by flatt	are of disposar met	mod (m meu	ic toilles)						
	Category		1									
	(i) Incine				-							
	(ii) Land											
		r disposal operations										
	Total											
		licate if any independent assessmen			TERI							
		n/assurance has been carried out b										
0		(Y/N) If yes, name of the external lescribe the waste management		The Commons	adhamas to	tha limita						
U		nescribe the waste management j hblishments.	practices adopted in	The Company adheres to the limits specified by CPCB/SPCB for all its								
	•	the strategy adopted by your com	equipment/ machines at the time of									
		lous and toxic chemicals in your pr		procurement. The other laws, as informed and certified by the management of the Company.								
		ractices adopted to manage such w										
	•											
				which are specifically applicable to the								
				Company based on their sector/industry								
				are:		0 II11:						
				1. E-Waste (M Rules, 2011;	anagement	& Handling)						
					nment (Prot	tection) Act						
				2. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 read with The Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986								
1	wildlife	ntity has operations/offices in/s sanctuaries, biosphere reserves c.) where environmental appro g format:	s, wetlands, biodiver	sity hotspots, for	rests, coasta	al regulation						
	Sl.No	Location of operations/offices	Type of operations	Wheth	er the conditi	ons of						
		•			nmental appro							
					nce are being							
					(Y/N) If no, the							
					f and corrective	ve action						
			Commission	taken, i	it any							
	1	MMI D Dorodia	Commercial Oper Loading and Unlo		Yes							
	1	MMLP Paradip	Operation	raumg	168							
			Commercial Oper	ration/								
	2	MMLP Jajpur	Loading and Unlo		Yes							
	_				108							
			Operation									
2	Details o	 f environmental impact assessm	Operation ents of projects under	 rtaken by the enti	ty based on	applicable						



	Name and details of	of project Notificatio independent external agency community of No. (Yes / No) public d			main	Releva nt Web link							
		Not Applicable											
13	the Wate	er (Prevention	and Contr	rol of Poll	ution) Act,	Air (Prevention not, provide detail	and Control	of Polluti	ion) Act,				
	Sl.No Specify the law / regulation / guidelines which was not complied with Provide details of taken by regulatory agencies such as pollution control boards or by courts Corrective action taken, if any Corrective action taken, if any Corrective action taken by regulatory agencies such as pollution control boards or by courts												
		CONCOR is compliant with all the Environmental Laws											

Leadership Indicate	ors			
Water withdrawal, consumption and discharge in areas o	of water stress (in kilolitr			
For each facility / plant located in areas of water stress, provi	de the following informat			
(i) Name of the area		NA		
(ii) Nature of operations		NA		
(iii) Water withdrawal, consumption and discharge in the following	lowing format:	NA		
Parameter	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23		
Water withdrawal by source (in kilolitres)	-			
(i) Surface water				
(ii) Groundwater				
(iii) Third party water				
(iv) Seawater / desalinated water				
(v) Others				
Total volume of water withdrawal (in kilolitres)	N	A		
Total volume of water consumption (in kilolitres)				
Water intensity per rupee of turnover (Water consumed / turnover)				
Water intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity				
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kild	olitres)			
Parameter	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23		
(i) To Surface Water	NA	NA		
No treatment				
With treatment – please specify level of treatment				
(ii) To Groundwater	NA			
No treatment				
With treatment – please specify level of treatment				
(iii) To Seawater	NA	NA		
No treatment				
With treatment – please specify level of treatment				
(iv) Sent to third-parties	NA	NA		



	NUAL REPORT 2023-24							CONCO			
	With treatment – pl	lease specify leve	of treatmen	nt							
	(v) Others					NA		NA			
	No treatment										
	With treatment – pl	lease specify leve	l of treatmen	nt							
	Total Water discharged	l (in kilolitres)			NA		NA				
	Note: Indicate if any in	Indicate if any independent assessment/ eval				been carried					
	out by an external agen	(Y/N) If yes,	, name of the	external ag	gency.			TERI			
2	Please provide details	rmat:									
	Parameter			Unit	• /	FY 2023-24		FY 2022-23			
	Total Scope 3 emission	ns		Metric ton	nes of	1120202	-	1 1 2022 20			
	(Break-up of the GHG			CO2		The firm is cur	rently	examining the			
	CO2, CH4, N2O, HFC		73, if	equivalent				uring Scope 3			
	available)			•				e mechanisms			
	Total Scope 3 emission	ns per rupee of tui	rnover					OR will report			
	Total Scope 3 emission					_		ion statistics.			
	relevant metric may be					_					
	Note: Indicate if any in			ation/assura	nce has	been carried					
	out by an external agen	ncy? (Y/N) If yes,	, name of the	external ag	gency		No	ot Applicable			
3	With respect to the eco	ologically consists	ve grage ross	orted at On	action	10 of Eccential					
3	Indicators above, provi										
	on biodiversity in such	•			•	•	N	Not Applicable			
		urous urong with	provention								
4	If the entity has und improve resource effi										
	please provide details										
	Sl. V			the initiativ							
	$\begin{bmatrix} SI. \\ No. \end{bmatrix}$ Initiative under	rtaken	link, if any	ny, may be provided Outcome of the			the in	itiative			
				n summary)							
	Refer to Director's Rep										
5	Does the entity have a b							f its sites, the company has a strong business continuity and			
	continuity and disaster plan? Give details in 100			mergency plan in place. This strategy enables the company to unexpected occurrences, such as natural catastrophes or other							
		o words/ web		at may disrupt routine business operations. The Company							
								strophes or other			
	always upgrading its strategy by combining of previous interruptions, such as the current of						al cata ions. T	strophes or other The Company is			
			always upgr previous int	may disrupt rading its straterruptions,	occurrence troutine ategy by such as	ces, such as naturate business operation combining committee current epide	al catarions. The nents a cemic.	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the			
			always upgr previous int Company's	may disrupt rading its straterruptions, risk mana	occurrence t routine ategy by such as gement	ces, such as natura e business operati combining comn the current epide plan helps to	al cata ions. Thents a emic. I limit	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to			
			always upgr previous int Company's catastrophes	may disrupt rading its straterruptions, risk mana by identify	occurrence t routine ategy by such as gement ying pot	ces, such as natura e business operation combining common the current epide plan helps to ential interruption	al cata: ions. The nents a semic. I limit and	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to			
8	Disclose any significant	adverse impact to	always upgr previous int Company's catastrophes company and	may disrupt rading its straterruptions, risk mana by identify d executing	occurrence t routine ategy by such as gement ying pot suitable	ces, such as natural be business operation combining common the current epider plan helps to lential interruption mitigation measurements.	al catarions. The nents a lemic. I limit and res.	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to			
8	Disclose any significant the entity. What mitigat	-	always upgr previous int Company's catastrophes company and	may disrupt rading its stra- terruptions, a risk mana by identify d executing ment, arisin	t routine ategy by such as gement ying pot suitable g from to	ces, such as natural business operation combining common the current epider plan helps to tential interruption mitigation measurable value chain of	al catarions. The nents a emic. I limit ns and res.	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to I dangers to the			
8	· U	-	always upgr previous int Company's catastrophes company and	may disrupt rading its stra- terruptions, a risk mana by identify d executing ment, arisin	t routine ategy by such as gement ying pot suitable g from to	ces, such as natural business operation combining common the current epider plan helps to tential interruption mitigation measurable value chain of	al catarions. The nents a emic. I limit ns and res.	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to			
	the entity. What mitigat regard	ion or adaptation	always upgr previous int Company's catastrophes company and the environs measures ha	may disrupt rading its stra- terruptions, a risk mana by identify d executing ment, arising we been tak	t routine ategy by such as gement ying pot suitable g from t	ces, such as naturate business operation combining common the current epider plan helps to the ential interruption mitigation measure the value chain of the entity in this	al cata: ions. The cata and cata; limit and cata; f	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to d dangers to the Not Applicable			
8	the entity. What mitigat regard Percentage of value cha	tion or adaptation in partners (by va	always upgr previous int Company's catastrophes company and the environa measures ha	may disrupt rading its stra terruptions, a risk mana by identify d executing ment, arising we been tak	ccurrence t routine ategy by such as gement ying pot suitable g from t en by th	ces, such as naturate business operation combining committee current epider plan helps to the ential interruption mitigation measure the value chain of the entity in this	al cata: ions. The cata and cata; limit and cata; f	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to d dangers to the Not Applicable did not evaluate			
	the entity. What mitigat regard Percentage of value cha business done with such	ion or adaptation in partners (by va partners) that we	always upgr previous int Company's catastrophes company and the environa measures ha	may disrupt rading its straterruptions, a risk mana by identify dexecuting ment, arising we been tak	ccurrence t routine ategy by such as gement ying pot suitable g from the en by the	ces, such as natural be business operation of combining common the current epider plan helps to ential interruption mitigation measure the value chain of the entity in this speriod, the Combine chain partners are proposed to the combine chain partners are such as a	al cata: ions. The nents a semic. I limit ins and res. f	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to I dangers to the Not Applicable did not evaluate n the basis of			
	the entity. What mitigat regard Percentage of value cha	ion or adaptation in partners (by va partners) that we	always upgr previous int Company's catastrophes company and the environa measures ha	may disruptive distributions, statement, and in the range of environment, and environmen	ccurrence t routine ategy by such as gement ying pot suitable g from to en by the reporting its va-	ces, such as naturate business operation combining committee current epider plan helps to the ential interruption mitigation measure the value chain of the entity in this	al cata: ions. The nents a semic. I limit ins and cres. f pany ers on R had	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to I dangers to the Not Applicable did not evaluate n the basis of entered into an			
	the entity. What mitigat regard Percentage of value cha business done with such	ion or adaptation in partners (by va partners) that we	always upgr previous int Company's catastrophes company and the environa measures ha	may disrupt ading its straterruptions, a risk mana by identify dexecuting ment, arising we been tak In the rany of environment MOU we implement	ccurrence t routine ategy by such as gement ying pot suitable g from the en by the eporting its value its value mental ra-	ces, such as naturate business operation of combining common the current epider plan helps to tential interruption mitigation measurable value chain of the entity in this operiod, the Comparency Internation developed	al catadions. The nents a semic. I limit ns and res. If a pany ers on a catalonal dional dion	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to I dangers to the Not Applicable Mod Applicable did not evaluate in the basis of entered into an — India' (TII) for I in consultation			
	the entity. What mitigat regard Percentage of value cha business done with such	ion or adaptation in partners (by va partners) that we	always upgr previous int Company's catastrophes company and the environa measures ha	may disrupt ading its straterruptions, a risk mana is by identify dexecuting ment, arising we been take In the rany of environment MOU we implement with CV	coccurrence t routine ategy by such as gement ying pot suitable g from the en by the eporting its value ith 'Trace enting a /C viz.	ces, such as naturate business operation of combining common the current epider plan helps to tential interruption mitigation measurable value chain of the entity in this superiod, the Compact. CONCOR mpact. CONCOR mpact. CONCOR may be considered integrity Pact Programment of the property of the constant of the const	al catadions. The nents a semic. I limit has and res. If had tional by TII gram.	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to I dangers to the Not Applicable Mot Applicable did not evaluate in the basis of entered into an — India' (TII) for I in consultation The objective of			
	the entity. What mitigat regard Percentage of value cha business done with such	ion or adaptation in partners (by va partners) that we	always upgr previous int Company's catastrophes company and the environa measures ha	may disrupt rading its straterruptions, a risk mana by identify dexecuting ment, arising we been tak In the rany of environm MOU wimplement with CV the tool	coccurrence t routine ategy by such as gement ying pot suitable g from te en by the reporting its va mental in rith 'Transenting a VC viz. I is to en	ces, such as naturate business operative combining committee current epider plan helps to the cential interruption mitigation measure the value chain of the entity in this superiod, the Comparency International developed integrity Pact Proposure that all active combining properties of the comparency international developed integrity Pact Proposure that all active combining properties are proposed integrity pact packet	al cata- ions. The ments a semic. I limit has and res. If had tional by TII gram. vities	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to dangers to the Not Applicable Not Applicable did not evaluate in the basis of entered into an — India' (TII) for I in consultation The objective of and transactions			
	the entity. What mitigat regard Percentage of value cha business done with such	ion or adaptation in partners (by va partners) that we	always upgr previous int Company's catastrophes company and the environa measures ha	may disrupted ading its straterruptions, a risk mana is by identify dexecuting ment, arising we been take. In the rany of environi MOU with could between	reporting a rething a Con	ces, such as natural endoughers operated combining committee current epider plan helps to the ential interruption mitigation measure the value chain of the entity in this superior of the compact. CONCOR insparency International developed integrity Pact Programment all actions are that all actions are that all actions are superior of the control of t	al cata- ions. The ments a semic. I limit has and res. If had tional tional tional tional resulting gram. I wities ment of the series of the s	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to dangers to the Not Applicable Mot Applicable did not evaluate in the basis of entered into an — India' (TII) for I in consultation The objective of and transactions departments and			
	the entity. What mitigat regard Percentage of value cha business done with such	ion or adaptation in partners (by va partners) that we	always upgr previous int Company's catastrophes company and the environa measures ha	may disrupted ading its straterruptions, a risk mana is by identify dexecuting ment, arising we been take. In the rany of environi MOU with could between	eccurrence troutine at early by such as gement ying pot suitable g from the en by the eporting its value at the 'Traine at C viz. I is to en a Comppliers	ces, such as natural endousiness operation of combining common the current epide plan helps to the ential interruption mitigation measure the value chain of the entity in this section of	al cata- ions. The ments a semic. I limit has and res. If had tional tional tional tional resulting gram. I wities ment of the series of the s	strophes or other The Company is and insights from Furthermore, the losses due to dangers to the Not Applicable Mot Applicable did not evaluate in the basis of entered into an — India' (TII) for I in consultation The objective of and transactions departments and			



PRINCIPLE 7: BUSINESSES, WHEN ENGAGING IN INFLUENCING PUBLIC AND REGULATORY POLICY, SHOULD DO SO IN A MANNER THAT IS RESPONSIBLE AND TRANSPARENT

16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS
	8

					Essential Indicato	ors				
1	a.	Number o	f affiliations with t	rade and industry cl	nambers/ associations.	The Company holds membership in two trade and industry chambers/ associations.				
	b.			ustry chambers/ assemblers of such boo	ociations, the entity is a n	member of/ affiliated to:				
		Sl. No		ade and industry char	• /	Reach of trade and industry chambers/	associations (State / National)			
		1			Commerce & Industry	Natio	nal			
		2		erence of Public Ente		Natio				
2		vide details o llatory autho		ı taken or underwa	y on any issues related	to anticompetitive conduct by the ent	ity, based on adverse orders from			
		e of authority		Brief of the ca	ase	Corrective ac	etion taken			
		Nil		NA		NA				
					Leadership Indicat	ors				
1				ocated by the entity:	_					
	S. N		Public policy advocated	Method resorted for such advocacy	Whether information available in public domain? (Yes/No)	Frequency of Review by Board (Annually/ Half yearly/ Quarterly / Others – please specify)	Web Link, if available			
	best	policies and	practices and sharir	ng them with stakeho	lders for sustainable bene	ges to the business ecosystem and industry efits. Additionally, CONCOR is actively efit the business and stakeholders in the lo	engaged in raising awareness about			



PRINCIPLE 8: BUSINESSES SHOULD PROMOTE INCLUSIVE GROWTH AND EQUITABLE DEVELOPMENT



facilities i.e. construction of squash court, gymnasium & provision of canteen at sports

complex in Visakhapatnam.

















Essential Indicators

	Essential indicators										
1	Details of Social Impact Assessments (SIA) of J	projects under	rtaken by the entity	based on applical	ble laws, in the	current financial year.					
	Name and brief details of project	SIA	Date of	Whether	Results	Relevant Web link					
		Notificatio	notification	conducted by	communicate						
		n No.		independent	d in public						
				external	domain (Yes						
				agency (Yes /	/ No)						
				No)							
	1. Setting up of a Multi purpose cold store for	-	-	Yes	-						
	onions and other perishables at Lasalgaon,										
	Nasik.										
	2. Support to Nowgong Sports Association,		-	Yes	-	Impact assessment of CSR projects is being					
	Assam towards upgradation of the sports					done as per requirement and its report is					
	infrastructure building of Nurul Amin					being laced on the website of the Company.					
	Stadium, Nagaon, Assam.					being faced on the weeste of the company.					
	3. Support to Waltair Division of East Coast		-	Yes	-						
	Railway towards Development of Sports										



Al	NNUAL REPORT 2023-	24					कॉनक CONC
	providing 150 Oxyg & 5 ICU Ventilator Govt. Hospitals (Hyderabad, Vis Mumbai, Kolkata, J	· •		-	Yes	-	
2	Provide information	on on $project(s)$ for which o	ongoing Re	habilitation	and Resettlement (R&	(R) is being u	ndertaken by your entity, in the following format:
	Sl.No	Name of Project for which R&R is ongoing	State	District	No. of Project Affected Families (PAFs)	% of PAFs covered by R&R	Amounts paid to PAFs in the FY (In INR)
					Not Applicable		
3	Describe the mechanisms to receive and redress grievances of the community. Percentage of inpu	merits and skill sets irrespregulations related to the undertaken under Corpor inclusive growth. The Cor Health Care & Sa Environment Sust Skill Development Building Infrastru	ective of the industry in the	eir race, cast ferms of mir Responsibilitied out CSR on for the content of the e community menting the NGOs, PSU	te, religion, colour, ance himum wage compensatify & Sustainability (CS projects in the pursuance formunity y. CSR policy of the Companies,	stry, marital st on for semi-sk SR &S) are be of inclusive of	te diversity and equity and recognize people on their atus, gender, age, and nationality. It also follows strict killed and non-skilled contract personnel. The projects ased on the principle of equitable development and development, primarily focusing on: blementation of CSR projects is done through suitable usts, etc.
•	Torontage of hipu	Parameter	inputs of the			2023-24	FY 2022-23
	Directly sourced fro	m MSMEs/ small producers	<u> </u>			.45%	69.88%
		m within the district and ne		districts		0.00%	100.00%
5	Job creation in sm	haller towns – Disclose wa	ges paid to	persons em	ployed (including employed	oyees or work	ers employed on a permanent or non-permanent / on
		Location			FY 2	2023-24	FY 2022-23
	Rural				1	3.72	13.78
	Semi-urban					1.07	4.04
	Urban				g	0.00	9.12
	Metropolitan				7.	3.22	73.06



				Le	eadership Indicato	'S			
1	Details of actions above):	s taken to mitigate any nega	tive socia	l impacts ide	ntified in the Socia	Imp	pact Assessments	(Reference: Question 1 of	Essential Indicators
	Details of negativ	re social impact identified			Corrective action	take	en		
2	Provide the follo	Provide the following information on CSR projects undertaken by your entity in design						istricts as identified by go	overnment bodies:
	Sl.No	State		Aspiratio	nal District			Amount spent (Rs in 1	acs)
	1	Uttar Pradesh Chandauli						155.00	
	2 Uttar Pradesh Chitrakoot							15.00	
	5	Odisha Kandhamal						12.98	
3	(a)	preference to purchase from suppliers comprising marginalized /vulnerable groups? (Yes/No)						any does not have any p g on suppliers from m npany believes in an equal ading marginalized/vulner	arginalized/ vulnerable and fair opportunity for
	(b)	From which marginaliz	inalized /vulnerable groups do you procure?			Not Applicable			
	(c)	What percentage of tota	al procur	ement (by val	ue) does it constitu	te?	Not Applicable		
4	Details of the be traditional know	enefits derived and shared dedge:	from the	intellectual _]	properties owned	r ac	equired by your	entity (in the current fir	nancial year), based on
	Sl. No	Intellectual Property base traditional knowledge	ed on	Owned/ Acquired (Yes/No)	Benefit shared (Yes / No)	Bas	sis of calculating b	enefit share	
					Not Applicable				
5	Details of correct knowledge is inv	ctive actions taken or und olved.	erway, b	ased on any	adverse order in	intel	llectual property	related disputes where	in usage of traditional
	Name of authority	y	Brief of	f the Case			Corrective action taken		
					Not Applicable				
6	Details of benefic	ciaries of CSR Projects:							
	Sl. No		CS	SR Project				No. of persons benefitted from CSR Projects	% of beneficiaries from vulnerable and marginalized groups



			· ·
1.	Santhigiri, New Delhi : Finishing of third floor of the building including equipments for the hospital etc.	150	100%
2.	Society for promotion of Youth and Masses: Prevention of beggary and education in traffic signals in Nehru Place, Vasant Vihar and Bihaji Cama in New Delhi.	300	100%
3.	Bright Orange Foundation, Gurgaon : Running of Bridge School Gurgaon, Ghata Gaon, Gurgaon.	350	100%
4.	Support to Delhi Golf Society towards golf coaching for a group of 12 Jr. golfers in Delhi.	12	100%
5.	Kausalya Foundation, Patna, Bihar: Installation of open outdoor GYM machine at 2 Location namely Charkha Park and Gandhi Maidan in Motihari, East Champaran district of Bihar.	2000	100%
6.	Godhuli: Running of morning shift of Meerabagh school, New Delhi.	250	100%
7.	Bharat Lok Shiksha Parishad, Delhi : Operation of 68 Ekal Vidyalaya of Kanpur and Meerut districts of Uttar Pradesh.	2000	100%
8.	U.P. Small Industries Corporation Ltd, Lucknow: Supply, installation and commissioning of 250 solar street lights (12 watt) at public places of Mohanlal Ganj, Lucknow.	1250	100%
9.	Kamaraj Educational Trust, Madurai : Providing Skill Development Training in field of Business Process Management Finance & Accounting at Tuticorin District, TamilNadu.	150	100%
10	Bharti Samajik Sewa Sansthan, Delhi : Providing health equipment in Govt. Hospital/PHC/CHC etc. Chandauli, UP	500 Patient per day	100%
11.	Bharti Samajik Sewa Sansthan, Delhi : Construction of two classrooms etc. in Jeenodhar Madhyamik Vidhyalaya, Jauras, Barabanki, UP.	1500	100%
12.	Kalinga Institute of Social Sciences (KISS), Bhubaneswar : Providing 28 motorized tricycles to differently abled persons in Kandhamal Aspirational District of Odisha	28	100%
13.	UPSIC, Lucknow: Installation and commissioning of 250 solar lights at Unnao and Barabanki, Uttar Pradesh.	2500	100%
14.	Deepanjan Cheritable Trust: Organization 6 Health Camps.	470	100%
15.	Bharti Gramothan Samajic Vikas Sansthan, Moradabad, U.P.: Cleaning of Sewer and Drainage System of canal located in Tilpata village, Greater Noida, Uttar Pradesh.	500(Whole village)	100%
16.	Mahavir International, Delhi: Acquiring of Force Trax Cruiser vehicle (Ambulances)	15	100%
17.	Cerebral Palsy Sports Federation of India: Organizing 2nd National CP Football Championship in New Delhi	200	100%
18.	Veer Indra Social Group Society, Delhi: Development of infrastructure facilities at Badminton Complex of Bhojpur District Badminton Association, Bihar	500	100%



19.	Draupadi Dream Trust : Organizing Aadi Parva programme	150	100%
20.	TERI: Development of one pond, two schools, training and capacity building driven well – structured research framework in Sonipat Haryana.	500	100%
21.	Brahm Shakti Sr. Sec. School, Haryana: Painting & generator set in Brahm Shakti Sr. Sec. School, Haryana	350	100%
22.	Support to Vikas Senior Secondary School, Haryana for Computer, furniture, Led etc.	250	100%
23.	Servants of the people Society: Fixing of CCTV and PA Systems in Classes	2500	100%
24.	Mahavir International, Delhi : Organize 140 Comprehensive Health Check-Up Camps in and around	23000	100%
25.	CSRL New Delhi: Operation of CONCOR Super-30 at Shivpur, Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh to provide free residential coaching and mentoring to 30 under privileged students from various Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalaya and other Govt. schools of Eastern Uttar Pradesh (2023-24).	30	100%
26.	Bhartiya Serv Samaj Mahasangh: Distribution of 500 sewing machines to poor women and 15 Tablets to poor students.	515	100%
27.	ISKCON, Ghaziabad : Providing food to 5500 students in Viplava: A Revolution in Consciousness program at Sri Govardhan Dham, Mathura, Uttar Pradesh.	5500	100%
28.	Aasra Shiksha Samiti New Delhi : Provide 10,000 sanitary napkins in & around school of Faridabad.	10000	100%
29.	Support to Youth Ideathon- 2023 to train on Innovation and Entrepreneurship to 4000 school students.	4000	100%
30.	Samanvit Shiksha Sansthan, Delhi: Providing Skill Development Training to 240 women/girls in the field of Self-Employed Tailor (120) and Make-up Artist (120) at Tughlakabad, New Delhi.	240	100%
31.	SAVALI, Maharashtra: Improvement and up-gradation in 23 Rural Schools of Jalna dists of Maharashtra.	2000	100%
32.	Shri Gyan Gangotri Vikas Sanstha, Uttam Nagar, New Delhi : Construction of Community Hall (Hall, office, stairs, Branda, septic tank) at Laxmi Bigha village in Gram Panchayat Kapsiyawan, Block Hilsa, district Nalanda, Bihar.	1000	100%
33.	Kaushalya Foundation, Patna, Bihar: Establish an additional Primary Health Center at Naraha village of Tetariya block of East Champaran District of Bihar.	1000	100%
34.	Parvathaneni Foundation, Hyderabad : Drinking water facility in Pothunuru Village, Hyderabad	800	100%
35.	Shri Gyan Gangotri Vikas Sanstha, New Delhi : Construction of health center in Village-Dubauli, Subdivision-Kahalgaon, District-Bhagalpur, Bihar Veer Indra Social Group Society, New Delhi : Women Menstruation Health & Nutrition Program in Delhi	1000-1200 6250	100% 100%
36.	Shri Gyan Gangotri Vikas Sanstha, Uttam Nagar, New Delhi : Construction of Community Hall (Hall, office, stairs, Branda, septic tank) at Laxmi Bigha village in Gram Panchayat Kapsiyawan, Block Hilsa,	1000	100%



	district Nalanda, Bihar.		
37.	U.P. Small Industries Corporation Ltd., Lucknow: Installation of 100 Solar street lights in Malihabad and Mohanlalganj in Uttar Pradesh.	500	100%
38.	The Kalinga Institute of Social Sciences (KISS): Providing recurring expenditure of 170 children from KISS university, Bhubaneswar, Odisha.	170	100%
39.	ISKCON, Ghaziabad : Distributing hygienic & nutritious meals (5000 meals per day for 90 days) under Bronze Category	450000	100%
40.	Society for Promotion of Youth and Masses, Delhi : Manage the De-Addiction and Rehabilitation Centre for Drug Dependent Children in Delhi.	350	100%



PRINCIPLE 9: BUSINESSES SHOULD ENGAGE WITH AND PROVIDE VALUE TO THEIR CONSUMERS IN A RESPONSIBLE MANNER







Essential Indicators

Describe the mechanisms in place to receive and respond to consumer complaints and feedback. The Company ensures quick turnaround and resolution of Customer Complaints through a real-time system. Customers have the facility of knowing the exact location & movement of their container by accessing the online portal. For speedy resolution of any customer complaints, contact details and e-mail addresses of the concerned officers have been put on the Company Website. "Customer Value Creation" is the ethos of CONCOR. CONCOR has also introduced the Company's website "Feedback Forms "wherein customers can obtain information and seek remedies on our services in the format available under menu "Customer Feedback Facility"

2 Turnover of products and/ services as a percentage of turnover from all products/service that carry information about:

Environmental and social
parameters relevant to the product
Safe and responsible usage
Recycling and/or safe disposal

As a percentage to total turnover

Given the nature of the business, this is not applicable to the Company.

Number of consumer complaints in respect of the following:

	FY 2023-24			FY 2022-23		
	Received during the year	Pending resolution at end of year	Remarks	Received during the year	Pending resolution at end of year	Remarks
Data privacy	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Advertising	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Cyber-security	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Delivery of Products	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Quality of Products	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Restrictive Trade Practices	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Unfair Trade Practices	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
Other (Please specify)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Details of instances of product recalls on account of safety issues:

		Number	Reasons for recall
	Voluntary recalls	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
ŀ	Forced recalls	Not Applicable	Not Applicable



	OAL ILLI OITI 2023 24		CONCOR		
5	Does the entity have a framework/policy on cyber security and risks related to data privacy? (Yes/No) If available, provide a web-link of the policy.	Yes, An IT Policy has been implemented to provide support, management direction, and documentation for how information security is managed throughout CONCOR; it outlines the appropriate measures through which the Company will facilitate the secure and reliable flow of information, both internally and externally. The policy outlines the concepts and structure for information security. It also specifies the supporting policies and standards that will handle security concerns. CONCOR has received ISO/IEC 27001:2013 certification for building and maintaining an Information Security Management System (ISMS) for its IT operations. Weblink- https://concorindia.co.in/isystems.asp			
6	Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway on issues relating to advertising, and delivery of essential services; cyber security and data privacy of customers; reoccurrence of instances of product recalls; penalty / action taken by regulatory authorities on safety of products / services	No such instance has occurred during the reporting period.			
7	Provide the following information relating	g to data b			
	a. Number of instances of data breaches		Nil		
	b. Percentage of data breaches involving identifiable information of customers	personally	Nil		
	c. Impact, if any, of the data breaches		Nil		
	c. Impact, it any, of the data breaches				
	Le	adership Iı	ndicators		
1	Channels / Platforms where		pany's website provides detailed information on the		
	information on products and services of		rovided region-wise. at Website -		
	the entity can be accessed (provide web link, if available).	nups://cor	ncorindia.co.in/		
2	Steps taken to inform and educate consumers about safe and responsible usage of products and/or services.	The company is devoted to enhancing its business operations to deliver excellent services and increase client satisfaction. Safety Slogans are prominently posted at CONCOR's different terminals. Launched its mobile app providing information including a public tariff, rail tariff, track and trace, company directory, etc. for its stakeholders and for Exim e-filing (covering reports & queries). Social media platforms are used to distribute information to stakeholders on time.			
3	Mechanisms in place to inform consumers of any risk of disruption/discontinuation of essential services	CONCOR website. Furthermore, to maintain high-quality			
4	Does the entity display product information on the product over and above what is mandated as per local laws? (Yes/No/Not Applicable)	Not Appli Yes, the C from time	Company carries out consumer satisfaction a survey		



If yes, provide details in brief.

Did your entity carry out any survey with regard to consumer satisfaction relating to the major products / services of the entity, significant locations of operation of the entity or the entity as a whole? (Yes/No)

--X-X-X--



Annexure - 'K'

INDEPENDENT REASONABLE ASSURANCE REPORT ON IDENTIFIED SUSTAINABILITY INFORMATION IN BRSR OF CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED



6C, Darbari Seth Block, India Habitat Centre Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110 003 Tel: 2468 2100 & 7110 2100

E-mail: mailbox@teri.res.in

Web: www.teriin.org

To Container Corporation of India Ltd. CONCOR Bhawan, C-3, Mathura Road, Opp. Apollo Hospital, New Delhi – 110076.

Sub: Report for Reasonable Assurance of BRSR Core Indicators of CONCOR.

1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This report provides reasonable assurance on the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report (BRSR) of Container Corporation of India Limited (CONCOR) for the financial year 2023-24. The assurance is based on a thorough review of the processes, policies, and performance data presented in the BRSR.

1.2 Scope

The scope of the assurance includes an evaluation of the material aspects covered in the BRSR, encompassing environmental, social, and governance (ESG) factors. The assurance covers the entire operations of CONCOR.

Reporting framework is based on BRSR Core, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report as per Annexure-1 of the SEBI circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-SEC-2/P/CIR/2023/122,) dated July 12, 2023) BRSR Core KPIs and Regulation 34(2)(f) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

1.3 Methodology

The assurance process involved:

- Review of relevant documentation and records.
- Interviews with key personnel responsible for BRSR Core reporting.
- Evaluation of data collection and reporting systems.
- Analysis of performance indicators.

2. Overview of CONCOR's BRSR Core

2.1 Company Profile

CONCOR, a Navratna Public Sector Enterprise under the Ministry of Railways is a market leader in container transportation and logistics services in India. The company is committed to sustainable business practices and enhancing its ESG performance.

2.2 Key Aspects of the BRSR

The BRSR Core highlights CONCOR's initiatives and performance in the following areas:

- Environmental Management
- Social Responsibility
- Corporate Governance
- Stakeholder Engagement
- Economic Performance



3. Environmental Management

3.1 Environmental Policies and Practices

CONCOR has established robust environmental policies aimed at minimizing its ecological footprint. The company focuses on energy efficiency, waste management, use of LNG trailers in place of diesel trailers, promotes transportation by rail and aims for further reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in its operations.

3.2 Performance Indicators

Energy Consumption: Reduction in energy consumption through the adoption of renewable energy sources and energy-efficient technologies.

Emissions: Significant reduction in CO₂ emissions through the implementation of cleaner technologies and fuel-efficient practices.

Waste Management: Effective waste management practices, including recycling and proper disposal of hazardous waste.

4. Social Responsibility

4.1 Employee Well-being

CONCOR prioritizes employee well-being through comprehensive health and safety programs, training and development opportunities and promoting work-life balance.

4.2 Community Engagement

The company is actively involved in community development initiatives, focusing on education, healthcare, and infrastructure development.

4.3 Performance Indicators

Health and Safety: Low accident rates and high compliance with health and safety standards.

Training: Significant investment in employee training and development programs.

Community Projects: Positive impact on local communities through various CSR initiatives.

5. Corporate Governance

5.1 Governance Structure

CONCOR has a well-defined governance structure, with a clear division of responsibilities and strong oversight mechanisms to ensure accountability and transparency.

5.2 Ethical Practices

The company adheres to the highest standards of ethical conduct, with robust policies to prevent corruption and ensure compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.

5.3 Performance Indicators

Board Composition: Diverse and independent board with a mix of experienced professionals.

Compliance: High level of compliance with regulatory requirements and ethical standards.

Transparency: Transparent reporting and effective communication with stakeholders.

6. Stakeholder Engagement

6.1 Engagement Mechanisms

CONCOR employs various mechanisms to engage with its stakeholders, including shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers and the community. The company regularly conducts stakeholder consultations and incorporates feedback into its business strategy.

6.2 Performance Indicators

Stakeholder Satisfaction: High levels of satisfaction among key stakeholder groups.

Feedback Integration: Effective integration of stakeholder feedback into decision-making processes.



7. Economic Performance

7.1 Financial Performance

CONCOR has demonstrated strong financial performance, with consistent revenue growth and profitability. The company's strategic investments and cost management initiatives have contributed to its robust financial health.

7.2 Performance Indicators

Revenue Growth: Steady increase in revenue year-on-year.

Profitability: Sustainable profit margins and return on investment.

Investment: Strategic investments in infrastructure and technology to drive future growth.

8. BRSR Core Indicators

8.1 Total Scope 1 Emissions:

The company, being in the logistics industry, operates at 66 terminals and 4 office premises providing logistics services across the nation. All these terminals and offices are considered for calculating greenhouse gas emissions. The company's Scope 1 emissions mainly result from the consumption of diesel in cranes & forklifts and LNG in trailers. For the calculation of Scope 1 emissions, the company has used IPCC Emission Factors. Additionally, LNG trailers, a lesser-emitting fossil fuel, have been introduced at some terminals.

The company reports consumption and associated GHG emissions following BRSR Report Principle 6 guidelines.

GHG Emissions in CO₂ Equivalent by Process (Non-Fuel Source) (Mn MT / KT / MT / MM BTU): Reported as per BRSR Report Principle 6.

Fugitive Emissions: Reported as per BRSR Report Principle 6.

8.2 Total Scope 2 Emissions:

The company has considered all 70 locations for calculating Scope 2 emissions. The electricity consumption for these locations has been considered and IPCC Emission Factors were used for the calculations. The company has plans to introduce renewable electricity consumption.

The company reports total purchased energy consumption and associated emissions as per BRSR Report Principle 6.

GHG (CO2e) Emission Factor across All Purchased Energy Sources - IPCC or Actual from Supplier (Audited Certificates): The company has utilized IPCC Emission Factors for calculating emissions.

Total Emission (Scope 1 & 2): The company has reported intensity per rupee of turnover, considering the total turnover of the company.

Total Revenue from Operations (from Audited P&L Statement): Included in the calculations as per BRSR Report Principle 6.

PPP (USD / INR): Not applicable to CONCOR.

8.3 Total Water Consumption:

Water Consumption Defined: The company ensures zero wastage by providing sensors in water tanks and taps, monitored regularly. Improvements in warehouse design have made operations more energy efficient. Solar energy is used in some terminals.

Water Harvesting Plant: The company has one water harvesting plant reported in the BRSR, which stores, recycles, and reuses water in its operations.

8.4 Total Energy Consumed:

Total Energy Consumption Calculation: The company currently considers only non-renewable sources for calculations but plans to incorporate renewable sources in the future.



Energy Intensity: The company reports energy intensity per rupee of turnover, considering the total turnover.

Waste Management: Company has arrangements with its vendors for collection of eWaste generated for safe disposal by them.

8.5 Categories of Waste Generated:

E-waste: The company reports e-waste data, considering monitors, laptops, and desktops, disposed off through authorized vendors.

Non-Hazardous Waste: Data reported for all 70 locations.

8.6 Employee Well-being:

Spending on Employee Well-being Measures: Includes health insurance, accident insurance, maternity and paternity benefits, and wellness programs like yoga and marathon participation.

8.7 Instances of Data Breaches:

The company reports all instances of data breaches or cybersecurity events to Stock Exchanges, as per applicable provisions.

Number of Days of Accounts Payable: Reported from financial statements.

Input Material Sourcing: The company is having its policy & detailed processes which it is following in its procurement and the same is reviewed from time to time. Being a Public Sector Undertaking, it is following a very transparent process in all its procurements. The main aim of its process of procurement is to achieve the right balance between costs and requirements by following five parameters called the Five R's of procurement. There are Right Quality, Right Quantity, Right Price, Right Time & Place and Right Source.

8.8 Sourcing from MSMEs/Small Producers and from Within India:

The company prioritizes sourcing from MSMEs, promoting their development and ensuring timely payments.

8.9 Employment in Smaller Towns:

Being a Public Sector Enterprises Company with all India operations it has created job opportunities throughout the Country, including in the small towns.

9. Conclusion

TERI has reviewed BRSR Core disclosures provided by CONCOR in its report. Based on the procedures performed, evidence obtained and information and explanations given to us along with representations provided by the management and subject to limitations outlined elsewhere in the report, in our opinion, CONCOR's data and information on BRSR Core disclosures for the period 01.04.2023 to 31.03.2024 included in the report is, in all material respect, in accordance with the SEBI's BRSR Guidelines. The report adheres to the principles outlined in the BRSR, ensuring comprehensive and transparent reporting of environmental, social and governance metrics for CONCOR.

We hereby provide reasonable assurance that CONCOR's BRSR for the financial year 2023-24 is a fair representation of the company's ESG performance. The data and information presented in the report are reliable & accurate, and the company's policies & practices align with its commitment to sustainable development.

10. Acknowledgements

We acknowledge the cooperation and support provided by CONCOR's management and staff during the assurance process. Their dedication to transparency and continuous improvement in ESG performance is commendable.

The organization can think about positively influencing scope 3 (indirect) emission with rational stakeholder engagement related to business travel, carbon emission from waste disposal, purchase of goods and services like Transportation and distribution occur in upstream (suppliers) as well as downstream (customers), this will also reduce carbon footprint and benefit to society at large.



Limitations and Exclusions

Excluded from the scope of our work is any assurance of information relating to: Activities outside the defined assurance stated herein above; Positional statements, expressions of opinion, belief, aim or future intention by "CONCOR" and statements of future commitment.

Our assurance does not extend to the activities and operations of "CONCOR" outside of the scope and geographical boundaries mentioned in this report as well as the operations undertaken by any other entity that may be associated with or have a business relationship with "CONCOR".

Our assurance of the economic and financial performance data of CONCOR is based only on the audited financial statements of CONCOR and our conclusions rely entirely upon the audited statements.

Uncertainty

The reliability of assurance is subject to uncertainty(ies) that are inherent in the assurance process. Uncertainties stem from limitations in quantification models used, assumptions or data conversion factors used or may be present in the estimation of data used to arrive at results. Our conclusions in respect of this assurance are naturally subject to any inherent uncertainty (ies) involved in the assurance process.

Statement of independence, impartiality, and competence

No member of the assurance team has a business relationship with "CONCOR", its Directors, Managers or officials beyond that required of this assignment. We have conducted this verification independently and there has been no conflict of interest. The assurance team has extensive experience in conducting assurance over environmental, social, ethical and health & safety information, systems and possess an excellent understanding of Assurance of BRSR Core Framework.

For The Energy and Resources Institute,

Dr Amit Kumar Thakur Associate Director & Head CSR Dr Shruti Rana Sharma Associate Professor

Date: 08.08.2024 Place: New Delhi



BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2024

		SAI SI WAKCII, 20	
	Note	(in Indian Rupee As at	es crore, unless otherwise sta As at
PARTICULARS	No.	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(I) ASSETS	1100	1141101101, 2021	1,141011 01, 2020
(1) Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2	5,717.77	5,321.30
(b) Capital work-in-progress	3	878.15	812.77
(c) Other intangible assets	4	2.59	4.07
(d) Intangible assets under development	4(a)	14.32	13.70
(e) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	5	1,333.57	1,320.74
(ii) Loans	6	45.55	41.29
(iii) Other financial assets	7	69.26	78.87
(f) Deferred tax asset (net)	22	72.31	79.94
(g) Non - current tax assets	8	309.07	281.93
(h) Other non-current assets	9	1,225.58	1,273.05
Total non-current assets		9,668.17	9,227.66
(2) Current assets			
(a) Inventories	10	49.94	37.18
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	11	-	121.78
(ii) Trade receivables	12	329.45	213.10
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	13	189.82	308.49
(iv) Bank Balance other than (iii) above	14	3,049.06	2,739.39
(v) Loans	15	15.46	14.19
(vi) Other financial assets	16	213.95	158.93
(c) Other current assets	17	349.06	459.88
Total current assets		4,196.74	4,052.94
TOTAL ASSETS		13,864.91	13,280.60
(II) EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_		
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	18	304.65	304.65
(b) Other equity	19	11,507.69	10,940.33
Total Equity		11,812.34	11,244.98
Liabilities			
(1) Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(ia)Lease liabilities	20	722.68	594.10
(ii) Other financial liabilities	20(a)	13.66	46.46
(b) Provisions	21	78.98	74.66
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	22	-	-



TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILI	TIES	13,864.91	13,280.60
Total current liabilities		1,236.44	1,319.71
(c) Provisions	27	71.14	68.97
(b) Other current liabilities	26	437.40	468.23
(iii) Other financial liabilities	25(a)	275.07	299.37
creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterpr	ises	276.05	366.04
(B) Total outstanding dues of			
(A) Total outstanding dues of mi enterprise and small enterprise		11.48	10.98
(ii) Trade payables	25		
(ia) Lease liabilities	24	165.30	106.12
(2) Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities			
Total non-current Liabilities	23	816.13	715.91
(d) Other non-current liabilities	23	0.81	0.69

Material Accounting Policies
Other Notes

Accompanying notes to the Standalone 1 to 69

Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached

For HEM SANDEEP & Co. For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

1

38-69

Chartered Accountants

FRN-009907N

Himanshu Saxena (Sanjay Swarup) (Manoj K. Dubey) (Harish Chandra)

Partner Chairman & Managing Director (Finance) & CFO Executive Director (Finance)

Membership no. 546385 (DIN:05159435) (DIN:07518387) & Company Secretary

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16th May, 2024



STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH,2024

(in Indian Rupees crore, unless otherwise sta			
PARTICULARS	Note No.	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
Revenue		March 31,2024	March 31,2023
(I) Revenue from Operations	28	8,632.49	8,103.40
(II) Other income	29	378.27	324.02
(III) Total Income (I+II)		9,010.76	8,427.42
(IV) Expenses			
Terminal and other service charges	30	5,981.67	5,574.45
Employee benefits expense	31	462.82	427.36
Depreciation and amortisation expense	32	600.88	554.09
Finance cost	33	65.33	57.01
Other expenses	34	258.44	259.53
Total expenses (IV)		7,369.14	6,872.44
(V) Profit before exceptional item and tax (III- IV=V)		1,641.62	1,554.98
(VI) Exceptional items	34(a)	7.14	1.25
(VII) Profit before tax (after Exceptional items) (V-VI=VII)		1,634.48	1,553.73
(VIII) Tax expense:	35		
Current tax	35.1	398.34	384.04
Deferred tax	35.1	5.35	0.61
Tax adjustment for earlier years (Net)		-	-
Tax expense: (VIII)		403.69	384.65
(IX) Profit for the period (VII- VIII = IX)		1,230.79	1,169.08
(X) Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
(a) Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	36	9.06	39.75
(b) Income tax relating to above item	35.2	(2.28)	(10.00)
Total Other Comprehensive Income (X)		6.78	29.75
(XI) Total Comprehensive Income for the period (IX (Comprising Profit (Loss) and Other Comprehe for the period)	1,237.57	1,198.83	



(XII) Earnings per equity share: (Face Value of ₹5/- per share)

1 Basic (in ₹)	37	20.20	19.19
2 Diluted (in ₹)	37	20.20	19.19

Material Accounting Policies 1
Other Notes 38-69

Accompanying notes to the Standalone

Financial Statements 1 to 69

In terms of our report attached

For HEM SANDEEP & Co. For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants

FRN-009907N

Himanshu Saxena (Sanjay Swarup) (Manoj K. Dubey) (Harish Chandra)

Partner Chairman & Managing Director (Finance) & CFO Executive Director (Finance)

Membership no. 546385 (DIN:05159435) (DIN:07518387) & Company Secretary

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16th May, 2024



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH,2024

		(in Indian Rupees crore, unless otherwise stated)		
	Doutionlong	For the year anded For the		
	Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
A.	Cash flow from operating activities:			
	Net profit before tax	1,634.48	1,553.73	
	Adjustments for:			
	Depreciation and amortisation	600.88	554.09	
	Amortisation of leasehold land	2.70	2.71	
	Provision for impairment of investment in	6.11	1.25	
	subsidiaries	0.11	1.23	
	Amortisation of registration fees	2.62	2.61	
	Interest income	(308.12)	(223.72)	
	Dividend income	(14.11)	(14.07)	
	Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	(1.53)	(6.15)	
	Guarantee Income	(0.38)	(0.11)	
	Interest expenses	65.33	57.01	
	Project expenses written off	-	0.13	
	Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	0.18	1.46	
	Bad debts written off	-	-	
	Investment written off	1.03	-	
	Provision for:			
	Doubtful Debts	0.05	0.45	
	Obsolete store	-	-	
	Operating Profit before Working Capital	1,989.24	1,929.39	
	changes	,	<i>y</i>	
	Adjustments for changes in Working Capital:	(00, 40)	(45.51)	
	- Increase /(decrease) in trade payables	(89.49)	(46.61)	
	- Increase/(decrease) in other current	35.35	(53.20)	
	financial liabilities	2 17	(2.20)	
	- Increase/(decrease) in current provisions	2.17 13.38	(2.38)	
	- Increase/(decrease) in non current provisions		27.83 35.43	
	- Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	(30.87)	33.43	
	 (Decrease)/ Increase in other non current liabilities 	0.12	(0.09)	
	- (Decrease)/increase in other non current financial			
	liabilities	164.89	141.23	
	- Decrease/(Increase) in trade receivables	(116.40)	(37.41)	
	- Decrease/(increase) in inventories	(12.76)	(6.50)	
	- Decrease/(increase) in non current loans	(4.26)	5.63	
	- Decrease/(Increase) in current loans	(1.27)	(2.59)	
	- Decrease/(increase) in other current financial			
	Assets	(38.84)	(17.41)	
	- Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	105.48	(39.99)	
	- Decrease /(Increase) in other non current		, ,	
	financial Assets	9.31	(13.34)	
	- Decrease /(Increase) ROU Assets	(228.91)	(88.51)	
	- Decrease/(Increase) in other non current assets	(2.51)	(23.95)	
	Cash generated from operating activities	1,794.63	1,807.53	
	Income taxes paid	(425.48)	(425.07)	
	Net cash from operating activities	1,369.15	1,382.46	
	rice cash from operating activities	1,307.13	1,304,40	



В.	Cash flow from Investing activities:			
	Payment made for Property plant and equipment	(726.85)	(516.24)	
	Earmarked deposits placed with banks	(19.67)	(13.23)	
	Investment in term deposits with maturity 3 to 12 months	(290.00)	(207.14)	
	Acquisition of Intangible assets	(0.79)	(0.13)	
	Addition in Capital work in progress	(65.38)	(75.39)	
	Acquisition of Intangible assets under development	(0.62)	(2.97)	
	Proceeds from sale of property plant and equipment	11.98	22.27	
	Financial assets(Investment in Bonds/Equity shares)	101.81	(8.21)	
	Interest received	292.24	183.33	
	Dividend received	14.11	14.07	
	Net cash generated from/(used in)	(683.17)	(603.64)	
	Investing activities	(002.17)	(000.01)	
C.	Cash flow from Financing Activities:			
	Dividend paid	(670.21)	(731.12)	
	Payment of Lease liability	(134.30)	(107.93)	
	Interest paid	(0.14)	(0.11)	
	Corporate dividend tax paid	-	<u>-</u>	
	Net cash generated from /(used in) financing activities	(804.65)	(839.16)	
	Net Increase/ (Decrease) in cash & cash equivalents	(118.67)	(60.34)	
	Cash and cash equivalents as at 1st April (Opening Balance)	308.49	368.83	
	Cash and cash equivalents as at 31st March (Closing Balance)	189.82	308.49	

Notes:

The above statement of Cash flows has been prepared in accordance with the "Indirect Method" prescribed in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind-AS)-7 on "Statement of Cash Flows".

2 Cash and Bank balances included in the cash flow statement comprise the following:

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Cash	anu	Casn	cuuiva		COMINIA

Cash & cheques in hand	1.91	0.50
Balance with Banks		
- in current accounts	61.61	191.75
- in Flexi Fixed Deposit Accounts	126.30	116.24
- in deposit accounts with original maturity upto 3 months	-	-
	189.82	308.49

For HEM SANDEEP &Co. Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

FRN-009907N

Himanshu Saxena	(Sanjay Swarup)	(Manoj K. Dubey)	(Harish Chandra)
Partner	Chairman & Managing	Director (Finance) &	Executive Director (Finance)
Membership no. 546385	Director	CFO (DIN:07518387)	& Company Secretary
	(DIN:05159435)		

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16th May, 2024



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

(in Indian Rupees crore, unless otherwise stated)

a. Equity share capital

Particulars Particulars	Number of Shares	Equity share capital	
	50.02	204.55	
Issued and paid up capital at April 1, 2022	60.93	304.65	
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period error	-	-	
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	60.93	304.65	
Changes in equity share capital during the year (Bonus Share)	-	-	
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>60.93</u>	<u>304.65</u>	
Issued and paid up capital at April 1, 2023	60.93	304.65	
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period error	-	-	
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	60.93	304.65	
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-	
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>60.93</u>	<u>304.65</u>	

b. Other Equity

Particular	General Reserves	Retained earnings	Other Comprehensive Income arising from remeasurement of defined benefit obligation net of income tax	Total
Balance at April 01, 2022	1,341.97	9,148.30	(17.62)	10,472.65
Profit for the year	-	1,169.08	-	1,169.08
Other Comprehensive Income arising from remeasurement of defined benefit obligation net of income tax	-	-	29.75	29.75
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	1,341.97	10,317.38	12.13	11,671.48
Payment of dividends	-	(731.15)	-	(731.15)
Tax on Dividend	-	-	-	-
Amount transferred from retained earnings to General Reserve	116.91	(116.91)	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2023	1,458.88	9,469.32	12.13	10,940.33
Balance at April 01, 2023	1,458.88	9,469.32	12.13	10,940.33
Profit for the year	-	1,230.79	-	1,230.79
Other Comprehensive Income arising from remeasurement of defined benefit				-
obligation net of income tax			6.78	6.78
Total Comprehensive Income for the year Issue of Bonus Shares	1,458.88	10,700.11	18.91	12,177.90 -
Payment of dividends Tax on Dividend	-	(670.21)	-	(670.21)
Amount transferred from retained earnings to General Reserve	123.08	(123.08)	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2024	1,581.96 205	9,906.82	18.91	11,507.69



Accompanying notes to the Standalone Financial Statements 1 to 69

In terms of our report attached

For HEM SANDEEP & Co.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants

FRN-009907N

Himanshu Saxena (Sanjay Swarup) (Manoj K. Dubey) (Harish Chandra)

Partner Chairman & Managing Director Director (Finance) & CFO Executive Director (Finance)

Membership no. 546385 (DIN:05159435) (DIN:07518387) & Company Secretary

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16th May, 2024



NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Corporate Information

Container Corporation of India Limited (CONCOR), was incorporated on 10 March 1988 under the Companies Act with registration number 030915, and commenced its operation from November 1989 taking over the existing network of 7 ICDs from the Indian Railways. The shares of the Company are listed on two stock exchanges in India i.e. National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) and BSE Limited (BSE).

From its humble beginning, it is now an undisputed market leader having the largest network of 66 ICDs/CFSs/Strategic Tie-ups in India. In addition to providing inland transport by rail for containers, it has also expanded to cover management of Ports, air cargo complexes and establishing cold-chain. It has and will continue to play the role of promoting containerization of India by virtue of its modern rail wagon fleet, customer friendly commercial practices and extensively used Information Technology. The company developed multimodal logistics support for India's International and Domestic containerization and trade. Though rail is the main stay of our transportation plan, road transportation is and also provided to cater the need of door-to-door services both in the International and Domestic business segment.

2. Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind ASs') notified by the Central Government under section 133 of the Indian Companies Act, 2013 as Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and as amended from time to time.

3. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values at the end of each reporting period. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in the financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of IND AS 116 and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

4. Recent pronouncements

There were no recent pronouncements notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA").

5. Property, plant and equipment:

(i) Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price or construction cost, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, the initial estimate of any decommissioning obligation, if any, and, for assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, finance costs. Cost includes net of interest on capital advances and is inclusive of freight, duties, taxes and other incidental expenses. In respect of assets due for capitalization, where final bills/claims are to be received/passed, the capitalisation is based on the engineering estimates. Final adjustments, for costs and depreciation are made retrospectively in the year of ascertainment of actual cost and finalisation of claim. Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment are recognised in accordance with this Ind AS 16 when they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment.



- (ii) Capital work in progress includes the cost of fixed assets that are not yet ready for their intended use and the cost of assets not put to use before the Balance Sheet date.
 - The expenditure incurred on survey, evaluation & investigation of projects, is booked under Capital Work-in Progress. However, at any stage, if management decides to abandon a project the expenditure incurred thereon is charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss at that stage.
- (iii) Provision for stamp duty at the prevailing rate is made by the company at the time of capitalization of the amount paid for acquisition of land & is capitalised as part of the cost of Land.

Depreciation/Amortization:

- (iv) Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over its useful life and in the manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013, other than as prescribed below:
 - Assets constructed on leasehold land, other than perpetual leases are depreciated over the period of lease or useful life of such assets, as prescribed under Schedule II of Companies Act 2013, whichever is less.
 - In respect of assets whose useful lives has been revised, the unamortised depreciable amount is charged over the revised remaining useful lives of the assets.
- (v) Capital expenditure on enabling assets, like roads, culverts & electricity transmissions etc., the ownership of which is not with the Company are charged off to revenue in the accounting period of incurrence of such expenditure. However, capital expenditure on enabling assets, ownership of which rests with the company and which have been created on land not belonging to the Company is written off to the Statement of Profit & Loss over its approximate period of utility or over a period of 5 years, whichever is less. For this purpose, land is not considered to be belonging to the company, if the same is not owned or leased/licensed to the company.
- (vi)An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.
- (vii) Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as assets held for sale when a sale is considered highly probable and their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current asset (or disposal groups) classified as held for sale are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are not depreciated or amortized once classified as held for sale.

6. Intangible Assets:

Expenditure on computer software, which is not an integral part of hardware, is capitalised as an intangible asset. The cost of software includes license fee and implementation cost and is capitalised in the year of its implementation. Software is amortized over five years being management's estimate of life of assets over which economic benefits will be derived. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

7. Impairment of Non-financial Asset:

At the end of each reporting period, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual



cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest Component of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

8. Inventories:

Stores and spare parts are valued at cost on weighted average basis or Net Realizable Value (NRV) whichever is lower. Provision for obsolescence is made, whenever required.

9. Employee Benefits:

(i) Liability for gratuity, leave salary and post retirement medical benefits payable to employees is provided for on accrual basis using the Projected Accrued Benefit Method (Projected Unit Credit Method with control period of one year) done by an independent actuary as at the Balance Sheet date. Contributions are made to approved gratuity fund created in a separate trust set up by the company for this purpose.

Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorized as follows:

- service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- net interest expense or income; and
- remeasurement.

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item ['employee benefits expenses]. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in the company's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

Termination benefits are immediately recognised in the statement of profit or loss account .A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the entity recognises any related restructuring costs.

- (ii) Contribution to defined contribution plans such as Provident Fund, Pension Fund and Family Pension Fund are charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss as and when accrued.
- (iii) The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid for the services rendered are recognized as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.



10. Foreign Currency Transactions:

Functional currency: The functional currency of the Company is the Indian Rupee. These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees.

- (i) Income, Expenditure & Assets denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction.
- (ii) Loans, Current liabilities and Current assets in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the end of financial year.
- (iii) Gains or losses due to foreign exchange fluctuations are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss.
- (iv) Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not translated.
- (v) The date of transaction (which includes receipt or payment of advance consideration in a foreign currency) for the purpose of determining the exchange rate, is the date of initial recognition of the non monetary asset or non monetary liability. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, a date of transaction is established for each payment or receipt.

11. Revenue Recognition:

- 1. <u>Basic principal</u> for Revenue Recognition
 - i. Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of each performance obligation (distinct services) as per the terms of the contract.
 - ii. Performance obligations are treated as distinct obligation:
 - a) When it is identifiable separately from other obligations in the contract;
 - b) Its progress can be measured separately;
 - c) Transaction price to the performance obligation can be allocated;
 - d) The customer will not be required to re-perform the services already performed in case it decides to terminate the contract at that stage;
 - e) There will not be any impairment in the value of services already performed; and
 - f) The customer can get the rest of the performance without intervention of CONCOR.
 - iii. Satisfaction of performance obligation: Container movement between two destinations is considered distinct performance obligation under each contract and the contract is treated as 'over the period contract'.
 - iv. Transaction price for each primary obligation is fixed at the time of entering into contract. Rates at which incidental services are charged are also known at the time of entering into contract. Therefore "output method" of revenue recognition is applied.
 - v. Volume discount scheme (VDS) is in the nature of variable consideration. Since, VDS is not universally applicable to all contracts, fair estimate is made of such consideration payable in specific cases and is deducted from Gross Revenue to reflect revenue net of variable consideration on the reporting date.
- 2. <u>Rail Freight Income:</u> Rail freight income and charges for incidental services and related expenses are accounted for on satisfaction of performance obligation i.e., transportation of container to the destination terminal/port/customer's premises (in case of chassis delivery) after providing all incidental services required in the course of primary obligation of transportation like loading & unloading etc. to make the container/cargo ready for delivery.
- 3. <u>Road Freight Income:</u> Road freight income and charges for incidental services and related expenses are accounted for on satisfaction of performance obligation i.e., transportation of container to the destination



terminal/port/customer's premises after providing all incidental services required in the course of primary obligation of transportation like loading & unloading etc. to make the container/cargo ready for delivery.

However, in case of door to door delivery via rail movement, road freight income and charges for incidental services are accounted for on arrival of container at the originating CONCOR Terminal from customer premises.

4. Warehousing Income:

- a) Warehousing Charges in domestic segment are recognized on accrual basis.
- b) Warehousing Charges in EXIM segment are recognized at the time of release of cargo to the customer.

5. Terminal service charges:

- a) Terminal Service Charges (TSC) on empty containers and loaded domestic containers are recognized on accrual basis
- b) Terminal Service Charges (TSC) on EXIM loaded containers are recognized at the time of release of containers.
- 6. <u>Dividend income</u> is recognized when the company's right to receive the dividend is established.
- 7. <u>Interest income from deposits</u> is recognized on accrual basis.
- 8. Interest on income tax refunds are accounted for on the finalization of assessments.

12. Claims/Counter-claims/Penalties/Awards:

Claims/counter-claims/penalties/awards are accounted for in the year of its settlement.

13. Taxes on Income:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.



Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

14. Investment in equity instrument of consolidated entities

The Company's investment in equity instruments of subsidiaries and joint ventures are accounted for at cost.

15. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities & Contingent Assets:

a. **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

b. Onerous contracts

Onerous Contracts: A contract is considered as onerous when the expected economic benefits to be derived by the company from the contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision for an onerous contract is measured at the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the company recognises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

c. Contingent Liabilities

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non- occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

d. Contingent Assets

Contingent assets are not recognized in the Financial Statements. However they are disclosed when the possible right to receive exists.

16. Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share ('EPS') is computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is computed using the weighted average number of equity and dilutive equity equivalent shares outstanding during the period except where the result would be anti-dilutive.



17. Cash and Cash Equivalent

In the cash flow statement cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

18. Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

The Company accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract and allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand -alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

The Company as a Lessee

At the date of the commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use assets ('ROU') and a corresponding lease liability for all the lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short term leases) and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

In determining the lease term, Company considers the Option to extend/terminate the lease, wherever it is reasonably certain to exercise such option.

Lease liability is initially measured at the present value of future Lease payments due to the lessor over the lease term, with the discount rate determined by reference to the rate implicit in the lease and in case it is not determinable, Company's incremental borrowing rate on commencement of the lease is used. For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Company, on a lease by lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole.

The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. The Company only include variable lease payments in measurement of the lease liability if they depend on index or rate. Other variable lease payments are charged to statement of profit & loss. The lease liability is subsequently re-measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The Company recognizes the amount of the re-measurement of lease liability due to reassessment/ modification as an adjustment to the rightof-use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of reassessment/modification. However, lease modification is accounted as separate lease if the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets and the consideration for lease increases by an amount commensurate with stand-alone price for the increase in the scope.

The cost of the right-of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any re- measurement of the lease liability.



Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term or remaining useful life of the underlying assets as prescribed in IND AS 16 (PPE)/Schedule II of Companies Act 2013, whichever is shorter.

The Company as a Lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

For operating leases, the rental income/lease payments received are recognized on straight-line basis over the lease term.

For finance leases, finance income is recognized over the lease term based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment in the lease. When the Company is an intermediate lessor it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. The Company assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. However, if a head lease is a short term lease, wherein the Company has accounted lease payments on straight line basis, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

19. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Fair value of financial instruments that are quoted in active markets using the quoted bid prices (financial assets held) or quoted ask prices (financial liabilities held) and using valuation techniques for other instruments. Valuation techniques include discounted cash flow method and other valuation models.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset is also adjusted.

Subsequent measurement

- i. **Debt instrument/Tax free bonds at amortised cost** A debt instrument at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:
 - a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
 - b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

ii. Equity instruments – All equity instruments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL). For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).



iii. Mutual Funds – All mutual funds in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at amortised cost and the (FVTPL) since they could be readily available for sales with significant change in value of the cash inflows.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities is also adjusted. These liabilities are classified at amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. This category generally applies to long-term payables and deposits.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts issued by a Company entity are initially measured at their fair values and, if not designated as at FVTPL, are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of loss allowance determined in accordance with impairment requirements of Ind AS 109; and
- the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of Ind AS 18.

20. Impairment of financial asset

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider –

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Trade receivable

As a practical expedient the Company has adopted 'simplified approach' using the provision matrix method for recognition of expected loss on trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on historical default rate observed



over the expected life of the trade receivable and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. Further receivables are segmented for this analysis where the credit risk characteristics of the receivables are similar.

Other financial assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, impairment loss is provided.

21. Registration Fee:

Registration fee paid to Ministry of Railways (MOR) for movement of container trains on Indian Railways Network and running of Private Freight Terminals (PFT) is shown as Prepaid Expenditure under 'Current Assets' and 'Non Current Assets'. The registration fee is amortized over the period covered by the respective agreements with Indian Railways.

22. Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

Significant management Judgements

When preparing the financial statements, management undertakes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The following are significant management judgements in applying the accounting policies of the Company that have the most significant effect on the financial statements.

Recognition of deferred tax assets: The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability of the Company's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised.

Estimation certainty

Information about estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided below. Actual result may be substantially different.

<u>Defined benefit obligation</u>: Management estimates of these obligation is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the defined benefit obligation amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

<u>Provisions</u>: At each balance sheet date based on management judgement, changes in facts and legal aspects, the Company assesses the requirement of provisions against the outstanding warranties and guarantees. However the actual future outcome may be deferent from this judgement.

23. Grants:

Grants are recognized when there is a reasonable assurance that the company has complied with the conditions attached to them and it is reasonably certain that the ultimate realization and utilization will be made. Grants which are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the company, with no future related costs are recognized in the statement of profit & loss of the period in which they have accrued.

Grants related to depreciable assets including non-monetary grants (at fair value), are presented in the balance sheet as "Deferred Income" of the period, in which they become receivable. Such grants are usually recognized in the statement of profit & Loss over the periods in the proportions, in which depreciation expense on those assets is recognized.



The grants under 'Served from India Scheme (SFIS)' are recognized at the time of utilization of SFIS Scrip towards procurement of assets and inventories. Such assets/inventories have been capitalized with a gross value from transaction date based on deemed cost exemption availed by the Company.

The grants under 'Service Export from India Scheme (SEIS)' are recognized when the conditions attached with the grant have been satisfied and there is reasonable assurance that the grants will be received. These are recognized in the period in which the right to receive the same is established i.e. the year during which the services eligible for grant of SEIS have been performed.

24. Segment reporting

The Company's segmental reporting is in accordance with Ind AS 108 Operating Segments. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the board of directors, which is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, and has been identified as the chief operating decision maker.

25. Borrowing Cost:

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.



Note 2: Property, plant and equipment

(₹in Crores)

	(till Clores)			
Particulars	As at	As at		
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023		
Carrying amount of:				
Freehold Land (Refer Note 2.1)	464.82	451.23		
Leasehold Land (Refer Note 2.2&2.4)	862.73	892.86		
Buildings (Refer Note 2.3&2.4)	1,161.86	1,200.38		
Plant and machinery (Refer Note 2.4)	2,687.57	2,278.65		
Furniture & fixtures	99.41	109.12		
Office equipments	87.53	95.51		
Vehicles (Refer Note 2.4)	59.22	4.73		
Railway Siding	294.63	288.82		
Others*	-	-		
	5,717.77	5,321.30		

Particulars	Freehold Land	Leasehold Land	Building	Plant and Machinery	Furniture & Fixtures	Office equipments	Vehicles	Railway Siding	Others	Total
At cost or deemed cost										
Balance at April 1, 2022	449.13	1,056.38	1,983.20	4,168.69	164.23	246.92	4.42	306.39	12.88	8,392.24
Additions	2.10	6.36	91.31	245.29	27.80	18.00	3.41	98.39		492.66
Disposals		(2.50)		(15.75)		(5.80)			(4.76)	(28.81)
Changes due to revaluation (if change is 10% or more)										-
Adjustment/Inter Unit transfer	•		(1.01)	3.04		0.09				2.12
Balance at March 31, 2023	451.23	1,060.24	2,073.50	4,401.27	192.03	259.21	7.83	404.78	8.12	8,858.21



Particulars	Freehold Land	Leasehold Land	Building	Plant and Machinery	Furniture & Fixtures	Office equipments	Vehicles	Railway Siding	Others	Total
Accumulated depreciation										
Balance at April 1, 2022	-	136.84	742.68	1,821.67	63.34	141.81	2.01	87.66	11.93	3,007.94
Eliminated on disposals of assets	-	(2.49)	-	(1.89)	(0.01)	(2.60)	-		(4.12)	(11.11)
Depreciation expense	-	33.03	130.03	312.10	19.58	27.04	1.16	28.30	0.31	551.55
Changes due to revaluation (if change is 10% or more)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment/Inter Unit transfer	-	-	0.41	(9.26)	-	(2.55)	(0.07)	-		(11.47)
Balance at March 31, 2023	-	167.38	873.12	2,122.62	82.91	163.70	3.10	115.96	8.12	3,536.91

Particulars	Freehold Land	Leasehold Land	Building	Plant and Machinery	Furniture & Fixtures	Office equipments	Vehicles	Railway Siding	Others	Total
At cost or deemed cost										
Balance at April 1, 2023	451.23	1,060.24	2,073.50	4,401.27	192.03	259.21	7.83	404.78	8.12	8,858.21
Additions	13.59	2.67	89.41	769.50	8.30	23.08	58.93	35.01		1,000.49
Disposals	-		(0.09)	(46.69)	(0.02)	(4.31)	-	-		(51.11)
Changes due to revaluation (if change is 10% or more)	-	-		-	-		-	-		
Adjustment/Inter Unit transfer	_	-		0.94		0.41		(0.09)		1.26
Balance at March 31, 2024	464.82	1,062.91	2,162.82	5,125.02	200.31	278.39	66.76	439.70	8.12	9,808.85



Particulars	Freehold Land	Leasehold Land	Building	Plant and Machinery	Furniture & Fixtures	Office equipments	Vehicles	Railway Siding	Others	Total
Accumulated depreciation										
Balance at April 1, 2023	-	167.38	873.12	2,122.62	82.91	163.70	3.10	115.96	8.12	3,536.91
Eliminated on disposals of assets	-	-	(0.09)	(39.53)	(0.01)	(0.85)	-	-	-	(40.48)
Depreciation expense	-	32.80	127.93	355.38	18.00	30.78	4.52	29.20	-	598.61
Changes due to revaluation (if change is 10% or more)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment/Inter Unit transfer	-	-	-	(1.02)	-	(2.77)	(0.08)	(0.09)	-	(3.96)
Balance at March 31, 2024	-	200.18	1,000.96	2,437.45	100.90	190.86	7.54	145.07	8.12	4,091.08

* Others includes other capital expenditure [Refer note no. 44]

- 2.1 Gross Block of Freehold land include assets valuing ₹51.78 crore (As at March 31,2023: ₹ 51.85 crore) in respect of which sale/lease deeds are yet to be executed.
- 2.2 Gross Block of Leasehold land (ROU assets) include assets valuing ₹44.39 crore (As at March 31, 2023: ₹ 258.45 crore) in respect of which sale/ lease deeds are yet to be executed.
- 2.3 Gross Block of Buildings include assets valuing ₹6.48crore (As at March 31, 2023: ₹6.48 crore) in respect of which sale/lease deeds are yet to be executed.
- 2.4 Gross Block of Leasehold land, Buildings, Plant & Machinery and Vehicles includes ROU assets valuing ₹1,049.89 crore, ₹59.94 crore, ₹482.56 crore & ₹7.69 crore respectively (As at March 31, 2023: ₹1,047.22 crore, ₹ 60.03 crore, ₹ 256.51 crore & ₹7.41 crore respectively).
- 2.5 The above Assets (Net block) includes ₹2.61 crore (As at March 31, 2023: ₹4.41 crore) on account of assets retired from Active use and not held for sale.
- 2.6 Contractual Commitments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment are ₹619.49 crore (As at March 31, 2023: ₹1,101.25 crore)



Note 3: Capital work-in-progress

(₹in Crores)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Capital work in progress*	878.15	812.77
	878.15	812.77

^{*}Figures is after considering provision of ₹ 0.79 crore provided against Projects temporarily suspended (As at March 31, 2023: ₹ 0.79 crore).

In on-going engineering projects of the Company, provision for work completed is done on the basis of last measurement in all respects in terms of the contract for the said project supported by bills and same is shown under capital work in progress.

(a) CWIP aging schedule

As at 31st March 2024 (₹ in Crores)

CWIP	Am	Amount in CWIP for a period of				
	4	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than		
Projects in progress	1 year 341.20	204.90	97.53	3 years 233.73	877.36	
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	0.79	0.79	

As at 31st March 2023
(₹ in Crores)

CWIP	Am	Total			
	Less than	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than	
	1 year			3 years	
Projects in progress	347.76	175.98	80.01	208.23	811.98
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	0.26	0.53	0.79

(b) Capital-work-in-progress, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan:

As at 31st March 2024

CWIP	To be completed in				Remarks
	Less than	1-2	2-3	More than	
	1 year	years	years	3 years	
MMLP Paradip-Civil Work	70.14	120.01	-	-	DOC Overdue
MMLP Jajpur-Civil Work	33.10	21.38	-	-	DOC Overdue
SIC of pitless in- motion railway					
electronic weighbridge AT Various					
Locations	0.15	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
MMLP Vernama-Civil Work	27.40	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
Design, Supply, Installation, testing and					
commissioning of Indoor and Outdoor					
Signalling and Telecommunication work					
for Track Work at MMLP Dahej	0.61	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
ICD-Swarupganj-Civil Work	6.70	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
Procurement of Containers	0.32	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
Work w.r.t DR Site-MMLP Mihan	61.22	-	-	-	DOC Overdue



MMLP Mihan-Civil Work Tihi-Civil Work	33.86 5.06	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
SITC of High Mast Towers -Bhopal	0.35	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
CWIP -Bulk Movement Plant &					
Machinery	1.10	-	-	-	DOC Overdue

There is no CWIP whose cost has exceeded its original project completion cost.

As at 31st March 2023 (₹ in Crores)

					(Vin Crores)
CWIP		To be completed in			Remarks
	Less than	1-2	2-3	More than	
	1 year	years	years	3 years	
Warehouse – ICD/Dadri	13.61	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
MMLP Paradip-Civil Work	164.56	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
MMLP Jajpur -Civil Work	49.86	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
Const. of Road Under Bridge-MMLP Barhi	0.25	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
SIC of pitless in- motion railway					
electronic weighbridge at Various					
Locations	-	-	0.14	-	DOC Overdue
ICD-Irugur (Coimbatore)-Civil Work	1.85	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
ICD-Swarupganj-Civil work	2.07	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
OHE, track electrification- work at					
MMLP Dahej, Gujrat	1.70	-	-	-	DOC Overdue
MMLP -TIHI -Civil work	1.05	-	-	-	DOC Overdue

There is no CWIP whose cost has exceeded its original project completion cost.

Note 4: Other intangible assets						
		(₹in Crores)				
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023				
Carrying amount of:	,	,				
Computer software	2.59	4.07				
-	2.59	4.07				
At Cost or deemed cost						
Balance at April 1	32.12	31.99				
Additions	0.79	0.13				
Disposals	-	-				
Changes due to revaluation (if						
change is 10% or more)	-	-				
Balance at March 31	32.91	32.12				
Accumulated amortisation						
Balance at April 1	28.05	25.51				
Amortisation expense	2.27	2.54				
Disposals	-	-				
Changes due to revaluation (if						
change is 10% or more)	-	-				
Balance at March 31	30.32	28.05				

4.1 Significant intangible assets



A primary component of CONCOR's overall business strategy has been the development of an advanced information system. CONCOR is using various online applications like Export/Import Terminal Management System (ETMS), Domestic Terminal Management System (DTMS), Oracle Financials-ERP, CCLS (Container and Cargo Logistic System) for electronic filing of commercial documents and others, which are based on Centralized architecture deployed through Citrix environment and running over VSAT based hybrid network.

The carrying amount of significant software material for the operations of the company is₹2.02crore (As at March, 2023: ₹3.72crore) will be fully amortized in 5 years as tabulated below:

Years	2023-24	2022-23
0-1	1.62	1.97
1-2	0.28	1.55
2-3	0.08	0.20
3-4	0.04	-
4-5	-	-
Total	2.02	3.72

Note 4(a): Intangible assets under development

(₹in Crores)

		(1111 010105)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Intangible assets under development	14.32	13.70
	14.32	13.70

(a) Intangible assets under development aging schedule

As at 31st March 2024

(₹ in Crores)

Intangible assets under	Amount in CWIP for a period of			od of	Total
development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	2.09	2.39	8.64	1.20	14.32
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

As at 31st March 2023

(₹ in Crores)

Intangible assets under	An	Amount in CWIP for a period of			Total
development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	3.64	8.82	0.69	0.55	13.70
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

(b) Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan:

As at 31st March 2024

(₹ in Crores)

Intangible assets under	To be completed in			
development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years
Project 1	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Project 2	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

As at 31st March 2023 (₹ in Crores)



Intangible assets under	To be completed in			
development	Less than	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than
	1 year			3 years
Project 1	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Project 2	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Note 5: Financial assets: Investments

Non-current investments

		(lin Crores)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
A. Quoted investments (all fully paid)		
Investment in Bonds (at cost)		
IRFC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-convertible Bonds in the		
nature of debentures of ₹1,000/- each	50.00	50.00
REC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the		
nature of Debentures-series 3-B of ₹.10,00,000/- each	21.00	21.00
IIFCL Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-convertible Bonds in the		
nature of Debentures-series VI B of ₹.10,00,000/- each	50.00	50.00
PFC Tax Free Bonds in nature of Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible	41.70	41.50
Debenture-Series 2 A of ₹.1,000/- each	41.78	41.78
NHPC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the	7.20	7.20
nature of Debenture-Series 2A of ₹.1,000/- each.	7.39	7.39
NHPC Tax Free. Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the	7.20	7.20
nature of Debenture-Series 3A of ₹.1,000/- each.	7.39	7.39
IRFC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible, Non-Cumulative	50.00	50.00
Bonds in the nature of Debentures-Series-89th A of ₹.10,00,000/- each.	50.00	50.00
NHAI Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the nature of Debentures-Series II A of ₹.1,000/- each.	50.00	50.00
NHB Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds-Tranche-II-		30.00
Series 2A of ₹.5,000/- each.	31.92	31.92
HUDCO Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the		31.92
nature of Debentures of ₹10,00,000/- each.	30.00	30.00
IRFC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the	30.00	30.00
nature of Debentures of ₹ 10,00,000/- each.	80.00	80.00
IRFC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the	00.00	00.00
nature of Debentures of ₹ 1,000/- each.	60.40	60.40
IRFC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the	000	000
nature of Debentures of ₹ 1,000/- each.	11.75	11.75
Total aggregate quoted investments (A)	491.63	491.63
B. Unquoted investments (all fully paid, at cost)		
(a) Other investment in Joint venture (at cost)		
With Hindustan Aeronautics Limited having 50% share by the name of	3.19	
"HALCON"	3.19	3.19
With Central Warehousing Corporation having 50% share by the name		1 16
of "Pipavav Integrated Logistics-HUB (PILH)"[Refer Note No. 55(c)].	-	1.46
	3.19	4.65
(b) Investment in equity shares of Joint venture (at cost)		
Equity shares of ₹10/- each fully paid up in Star Track Terminals		
Private Limited	4.71	4.71

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Equity shares of ₹10/- each fully paid up in Transworld Terminals Dadri Private Limited (formerly known as Albatross Inland Ports		
Private Limited) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Gateway Terminals India	5.38	5.38
Private Limited Equity shares of ₹10/- each fully paid up in CMA-CGM Logistics Park	120.25	120.25
(Dadri) Private Limited Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in India Gateway	2.05	2.05
Terminal Private Limited Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in TCI CONCOR Multi	54.60	54.60
Modal Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as Infinite Logistics	2.42	2.42
Solutions Private Limited) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Container Gateway	3.43	3.43
Limited Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Allcargo Logistics Park	0.05	0.05
Private Limited Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Angul Sukinda Railway	3.71	3.71
Limited	208.00 402.18	208.00 402.18
(c) Investment in shares of foreign Joint venture(at cost) Equity shares of Nepalese Rupiah 100/- (Equivalent INR 62.50) each fully paid up		
in Himalayan Terminals Private Limited, Nepal	0.50 0.50	0.50 0.50
(d) Investment in subsidiaries(at cost) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Fresh and Healthy Enterprises Limited		
Enterprises Limited Less: provision for impairment of investment [Refer	229.64	229.64
Note No. 55(a)] Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in CONCOR Air Limited Less: provision for impairment of investment [Refer	(30.69) 36.65	(25.61) 36.65
Note No. 55(c)] Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in SIDCUL CONCOR Infra	(2.28)	(1.25)
Company Limited Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Punjab Logistics	74.00	74.00
Infrastructure Limited	103.25 410.57	103.25 416.68
(e) Investment in subsidiaries(at cost)-Preference shares Preference shares of ₹ 10/ each fully poid up in Punish I existing	120.07	120100
Preference shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited	25.50	5.10
	25.50	5.10
Total aggregate unquoted investments (B)	841.94	829.11
Total investments (A) + (B)	1,333.57	1,320.74
Aggregate value of unquoted investments	841.94	829.11
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments Aggregate value of quoted investments	32.97 491.63	26.86 491.63
Market value of quoted investments	563.97	567.43
Non-current	1,333.57	1320.74
	1,333.57	1320.74

Note no. 5.1 - Details of investments in subsidiaries:



Name of subsidiary		Place of incorporation	interest and vo	of ownership ting power held Company	
				As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Fresh and Healthy enterprises Limited	Cold Chain business for fruits and vegetables	Equity shares	CONCOR Bhawan, C-3, Mathura Road, New Delhi – 110076	100%	100%
CONCOR Air Limited	Handling of Air Cargo	Equity shares	CONCOR Bhawan, C-3, Mathura Road, New Delhi – 110076	100%	100%
SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Limited	Transportation and Handling of Containers(Rail & Road)	Equity shares	Sidcul, Rudrapur, Udham Singh Nagar, Uttarakhand, 263153	74%	74%
Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited	Transportation and Handling of Containers(Rail & Road)	Equity shares	SCO-119-120, Sector 17- B,Chandigarh- 160017	51%	51%
Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited	Transportation and Handling of Containers(Rail & Road)	Preference shares	SCO-119-120, Sector 17- B,Chandigarh- 160017	51%	51%

Note no. 5.2 - Details of investments in Joint ventures:

Name of Joint venture	Principal activity	Type of security	Place of incorporation	Proportion of interest and vot by the C	~ <u>-</u>
				As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Star Track	Container handling,	Equity	ICD	49%	49%
Terminals Private	customs bonded	Shares	Dadri,Tilpata		
Limited	warehousing and value		Road, Greater		
	added services to the		Noida, Uttar		
	containerized trade		Pradesh -		
			201307		



Transworld Terminals Dadri Private Limited (formerly known as Albatross Inland Ports Private Limited)	To set up, manage and operate Container Freight Stations (CFS's).	Equity Shares	4th Floor, Geet Mala Building, Deonar Village Road, Govandi(East) , Mumbai Maharashtra - 400088	49%	49%
Gateway Terminals India Private Limited	To build and operate for the next 30 years container terminal at Nhava Sheva.	Equity Shares	GTI House, JNPT, Sheva, Taluka Uran,Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra – 400707	26%	26%
CMA-CGM Logistics Park (Dadri) Private Limited	To provide CFS facilities within ICD Dadri of CONCOR	Equity Shares	Tilpata Road, ICD Dadri, Greater Noida, Uttar Pradesh -201311	49%	49%
India Gateway Terminal Private Limited	To construct, operate, develop and manage Container Terminal Port at Cochin	Equity Shares	Administratio n Building, ICTT,Vallarpa dam SEZ, Mulavukadu Village,Ernak ulam, Kerala – 682504.	11.87%	11.87%
TCI CONCOR Multi Modal Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as Infinite Logistics Solutions Private Limited)	To provide integrated logistics services	Equity Shares	DPT-625/626, DLF Prime Tower, Okhla Phase-1, New Delhi - 110020	49%	49%
Container Gateway Limited	To set up, manage and operate Container Freight Stations (CFS's) and manage road/rail linked container terminal at GarhiHarsaru	Equity Shares	Via Pataudi Road, Wazirpur Morh, GarhiHarsru, Gurgaon, Haryana – 122505	49%	49%
Allcargo Logistics Park Private Limited	To set up, manage and operate Container Freight Stations (CFS's)	Equity Shares	5th Floor, Avashya House, CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra – 400098.	49%	49%



Angul Sukinda	Construction of new	Equity	Plot No.	26%	26%
Railway Limited	railway line from Angul	Shares	7622/4706,		
	to Sukinda on East		Mauza-		
	Coast Railways		Gadakana		
			Press Chhaka,		
			Bhubaneswar,		
			Orissa –		
			751005		
Himalayan	To Provide Logistics	Equity	Dryport,	40%	40%
Terminals Private	Services	Shares	Birganj,		
Limited			Sirsiya Parsa,		
			Nepal		

Note 6: Loans						
		(₹in Crores)				
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023				
Other Loans	, , ,	, , , , ,				
(a) Loans to employees (Secured)	45.55	41.29				
	45.55	41.29				

	Note 7: Other Non Curre	ent Financial Assets	
			(₹in Crores)
	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(a)	Security deposits(Unsecured-considered good)		
	Government Authorities	11.57	16.39
	Others	15.33	9.98
(b)	(i) Bank Deposits with maturity of more than 12 months	-	-
	(ii) Bank Deposits Held as margin money or as security against		
	- Guarantee *	8.74	20.76
	- Letter of credit**	28.39	26.57
(c)	Interest accrued on fixed deposits	0.78	1.08
(d)	Other advances recoverable		
	Unsecured – considered good	4.45	4.09
		69.26	78.87

^{*} Guarantee given in respect of various contracts/tenders submitted with the respective parties with maturity of more than 12 months

Letter of credit is given for the payment to be made against Model concession agreement for TMS (Terminal Management System) with Northern Railways.

^{**} Letter of credit



Note 8: Non Current Tax Assets						
(₹in Crores)						
As at As at Particulars March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023						
Advance income tax / Tax Deducted at Source (TDS) (net of provisions)	309.07	281.93				
•	309.07	281.93				

Note 9: Other No	on Current Assets	
		(₹in Crores
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Capital advances (considered good)		
Secured	0 .97	0.40
Unsecured	1,052.77	1,103.31
Pre-payment for Leasehold land	98.54	101.24
Pre-payment registration fee*	6.16	8.77
Lease rent income equalization reserve	0.16	0.07
Provision for Deferred Expenses- SD Given	0.03	0.04
Deferred employee cost	17.91	16.46
Deferred employee cost-PRMS	36.08	26.60
Prepaid expenses	12.96	16.16
	1,225.58	1,273.05

^{*}Registration fees includes fee paid for running of container trains, registrations of Private Freight Terminals (PFT), etc.

Note 10: Inventories						
(₹in Crores)						
n	As at	As at				
Particulars Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023				
Stores and spares (at Cost or Net Realizable Value, whichever is less)	50.06	37.30				
Less: Allowance for obsolete stores	(0.12)	(0.12)				
	49.94	37.18				

Stores and spares include items costing $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 5.45 crore (2022-23: $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 5.54 crore), which have not been consumed during last three years. This includes $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 0.12 crore (2022-23: $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 0.12 crore) identified as obsolete spares and provided for. The management expects to use the remaining items in the operations and has not provided any allowance for such spares.

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the year was ₹ 23.96 crore (March 31, 2023: ₹28.67 crore). (Refer Note 30)



Note 11: Financial assets: Investments

		(₹in Crores)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Investment in Bonds (at cost)		
PFC Tax Free Bonds in nature of Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Debenture-Series 1 A of ₹.1,000/- each	-	41.78
NHAI Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the nature of Debentures-Series I A of ₹.1,000/-	-	50.00
each IRFC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible	-	
Bonds in the nature of Debentures Tranche-I series IA of ₹.1,000/- each		30.00
Total	-	121.78
Market value of quoted investments	-	128.24

Note 12: Financial assets: Trade receivables-Service Contract Receivables

(₹ in Crores)

		(X in Crores)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(a) Secured, considered good	<u>-</u>	-
(b) Unsecured, considered good(*)	329.45	213.10
(c) Trade Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-
(d) Unsecured, considered doubtful	4.34	4.54
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(4.34)	(4.54)
Total	329.45	213.10

(*) It includes Trade receivables of ₹232.35 crore (31st March, 2023: ₹131.54crore) secured against bank guarantee received from customers

Trade Receivables ageing schedule (As at 31.03.2024)

(₹ in crore)

						D=A+B+C		
Particulars	Unbilled Trade	Trade receivables	Less	6			More	Total
	receivables	not due	than 6 months	months – 1 year	years	years	than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed	-	272.80	25.68	2.37	2.99	5.84	7.81	317.49
Trade receivables – considered good								
ii) Undisputed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables –								
which have								
significant increase in credit risk								
(iii) Undisputed	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.60	3.60
Trade receivables –								
credit impaired								
(iv) Disputed Trade	-	-	-	-			11.96	11.96
receivables –								



considered good								
v) Disputed Trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
receivables -which								
have significant								
increase in credit								
risk								
(vi) Disputed Trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.74	0.74
receivables – credit								
impaired								
	-	272.80	25.68	2.37	2.99	5.84	24.11	333.79
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss							(4.34)	
					•		•	329.45

Trade Receivables ageing schedule (As at 31.03.2023)

(₹ in crore)

							(1	t in crore)
	A	В			C			D=A+B
								+ C
	Unbilled	Trade	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment			om due		
Particulars	Trade receivables	receivables not due	Less than 6 months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	146.81	36.97	5.93	4.34	2.19	4.01	200.25
ii) Undisputed Trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.79	3.79
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	12.85	12.85
v) Disputed Trade receivables –which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.75	0.75
	-	146.81	36.97	5.93	4.34	2.19	21.40	217.64
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss							(4.54)	
•						213.10		

12.1 Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. At the inception of a service contract, the Company collects the predetermined expected dues in advance. The balance of trade receivables represents the additional amounts charged to the customers over and above the amount already collected towards the expected dues in advance. For the recovery of balance contractual payments, the Company has a legal right to auction the material of the customers and recover the dues in terms of the provisions contained in Customs Act, 1962. Thus the Company has limited exposure to credit risk.



12.2 Credit risk concentration

The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the fact that the customer base is large and unrelated. Customers represent more than 5% of the total balance of trade receivables comprise of the following:

Particulars

- 1. M/s Western Carriers India Pvt Ltd.
- 2. M/s Hapag Lloyd India Pvt Ltd.
- 3. M/s Maersk Line India Pvt Ltd.
- 4. M/s Food Corporation of India

12.3 Allowance for expected credit loss

The Company has used a practical expedient by way for computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the days the receivables are due and the rates as given in the provision matrix. The movement in the expected credit loss allowance at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

(₹in Crores)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Movement in the expected credit loss allowance		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(4.54)	(4.09)
-Movement in allowance for expected credit loss calculated at lifetime expected credit losses	0.20	(0.45)
-Impairment losses recognised on receivables	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	(4.34)	(4.54)

Note 13: Financial Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents (₹in Crores) As at As at March 31, 2023 **Particulars** March 31, 2024 **Cash and Cash Equivalents** Cash on hand 0.10 0.11 Cheques and drafts on hand 1.81 0.39 Remittances in transit Bank balances: in current accounts 61.61 191.75 in Flexi Fixed Deposit Accounts 126.30 116.24 in deposits accounts with original maturity upto 3 months 189 82 308 49

	107.02	300.77				
Note 14: Financial Assets: Other Bank Balances						
		(₹in Crores)				
	As at	As at				
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023				
-Restricted Cash balances						
Earmarked bank balances						
Unclaimed dividend accounts#	0.30	0.30				
Unspent CSR account	28.16	20.84				

Bank Balances held as margin money or as security against



	3,049.06	2,739.39
Bank balances: in deposit accounts with maturity of more than three months but less than 12 months	3,000.00	2,710.00
Guarantees* Letters of credit**	20.60	8.25

#Unclaimed dividend accounts

If the dividend has not been paid or claimed within 30 days from the date of its declaration, the company is required to transfer the total amount of the dividend which remain unpaid or unclaimed, to a special account to be opened by the company in a scheduled bank to be called "Unpaid Dividend Account". The unclaimed dividend lying with company is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF), administered by the Central Government after a period of seven years from the date of transfer of such amount to unpaid dividend account.

An amount of ₹2,16,557 (As at March 31, 2023: ₹2,96,673) has been deposited timely in the Investor Education & Protection Fund.

Bank balances held as margin money or as security against:

*Guarantees

Guarantee given in respect of various contracts/tenders submitted with the respective parties.

**Letter of credit

Letter of credit is given for the payment to be made against Model concession agreement for TMS (Terminal Management System) with Northern Railways.

	Note 15: Financi	al Assets: Loans	
			(₹in Crores)
	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Carı	ried at amortized cost (considered-good)		
(a)	Loans to related parties (Unsecured) Loan given to Fresh and Healthy Enterprises Limited Loan given to CONCOR Air Limited	- -	-
(b)	Other loans (*) Loans to employees (Secured)	15.46	14.19
(c)	Loans Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
(d)	Loans Receivables – credit impaired	-	-
(e)	Interest receivable		
	-Interest accrued on loan given to Fresh and Healthy Enterprises Limited	-	-
		15.46	14.19

(*) Other loans

It includes loans given to employees for various purposes (e.g. vehicle loan, car loan, housing loan and multipurpose loan etc.), which are repayable in monthly installments as per the terms of the loan.



Note16: Other Financial Assets			
			(₹in Crores)
	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Car	ried at amortized cost		
(a)	Security deposits(Unsecured- considered good)		
()	Government Authorities	12.40	17.80
	Others	0.13	0.31
(b)	Advances to related parties (Unsecured- considered good)		
` ′	Advance to Related Parties	0.15	0.15
(c)	Other advances recoverable		
	Unsecured - considered good	74.28	29.86
	(i) Unsecured - considered doubtful-Indian Railway	77.08	77.41
	Less: Allowance for doubtful amount recoverable-Indian Railway [Refer note no. 16.1]	(77.08)	(77.41)
	(ii) Unsecured - considered doubtful	0.15	0.15
	Less: Allowance for doubtful advances	(0.15)	(0.15)
(d)	Other Receivables	1.83	1.83
	Less: Allowance for doubtful advances	(1.83)	(1.83)
(e)	Interest receivable		
	-Interest accrued on deposits	105.45	85.48
	-Interest accrued on investments in tax free bonds	21.54	25.33
		213.95	158.93

16.1 From 1st April 2020, Indian Railways has changed its Land License fee policy, due to which some of the Terminals were rendered unviable, which were handed over to Indian Railway along with un-amortized fixed assets available on them. The company has reduced its fixed Assets (Buildings, Roads & Pavements, electrical fittings and Railway Sidings) amounting to ₹ 77.08 crore (P.Y: ₹ 77.41 crore) and the same has been shown as recoverable from Indian Railway. Further, pending confirmation of the amount payable by Railways on this account the company has also provided the same as doubtful recovery from Indian Railway.

Note 17: Other Current Assets			
		(₹in Crores)	
	As at	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Pre-payment-Leasehold land	4.27	4.27	
Pre-payment registration fee (Refer Note 17.1)	2.61	2.61	
Pre-payment-Rail Freight	0.26	0.26	
Deferred Expense-Security Deposit Given	-	-	
Export incentive	861.05	861.05	
Less: Allowance for doubtful Export incentive			
(Refer Note 17.2)	(861.05)	(861.05)	
Deferred employee cost	2.92	2.77	
Lease rent income equalization reserve	0.03	0.05	
Other advances recoverable	311.58	425.69	
Unamortized Contract Cost	27.39	24.23	
	349.06	459.88	



17.1 Registration fees includes fee paid for running of container trains, registrations of Private Freight Terminals, (PFT), etc.

17.2 CONCOR had recognized during the financial year 2015-16 to 2018-19 an amount totalling to ₹1,044.03 crores as the income on account of benefit available under Service Export from India Scheme (SEIS). The availability of this benefit to CONCOR was also confirmed through legal opinions. In FY-2019-20 Directorate General of Foreign Trade (DGFT), disallowed ₹861.05 crores of claim for SEIS by stating that services towards customs transit of foreign liners sealed containers by rail transport placed under customs control to/from ICDs are not eligible for SEIS, for which provision was made by the company and it also filed appeal against the same at the appropriate level.



N	Note 18: Equity	
Equity Share Capital		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Authorised capital 800,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 5 each (As at March 31, 2023: 800,000,000 equity shares of ₹5 each) Issued, Subscribed and Paid up	400.00	400.00
609,294,348 equity shares of ₹ 5 each (As at 31 March ,2023: 609,294,348 equity shares of ₹ 5 each) fully paid up	304.65 304.65	304.65 304.65

(i) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period.

Particulars	Opening balance	No. of shares increased on account of Shares Split	Fresh issue (Bonus Share)	Closing balance
Equity shares Year ended March 31st,2024				
No. of Shares	60,92,94,348	-	_	60,92,94,348
Amount	304.65	-	-	304.65
Year ended March 31st, 2023	}			
No. of Shares	60,92,94,348	-	-	60,92,94,348
Amount	304.65	-	-	304.65

(ii) Rights, preferences and restriction attached to shares

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 5 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(iii) Equity shares held by the controlling entity

Particulars	No of shares Equity shares
As at March 31, 2024	
The President of India	33,38,84,975
As at March 31, 2023	
The President of India	33,38,84,975

(iv) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

(1) 2 compared notes of compared notes and compared to				
Particulars	As at March 31	1, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
	Number of shares	%	Number of shares	%
	held		held	
Equity shares				
The President of India	33,38,84,975	54.80%	33,38,84,975	54.80%
Life Insurance Corporation of	3,55,69,377	5.84%	1,48,88,442	2.44%
India				



(v) Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares (during 5 years immediately preceding March 31, 2024):

12,18,58,870 equity shares were issued on February 7, 2019 as fully paid Bonus shares, which were issued in the ratio of 1:4 (one bonus share for every four shares) by Capitalising ₹ 60.93 crores from the reserve and surplus of the company.

(vi)Shareholding of Promoters as under:

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year				% Change during the year
S. No	Promoter name	No. of Shares	%of total shares	
1	The President of India Through Ministry of Railways	33,38,84,975	54.80	No change
Total		33,38,84,975		

Note 19: Other Equity

(₹in Crores)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
General Reserve	1,581.96	1,458.88
Retained Earnings	9,925.73	9,481.45
_	11,507.69	10,940.33
19.1 General Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,458.88	1,341.97
Amount transferred from retained earnings	123.08	116.91
Bonus Shares Issued	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	1,581.96	1,458.88

The general reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. There is no policy of regular transfer. As the general reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

19.2 Retained Earnings

Balance at the beginning of the year	9,481.45	9,130.68
Effect due to change in HBA Policy	-	-
Profit for the year	1,230.79	1,169.08
Other Comprehensive Income arising from		
remeasurement of defined benefit obligation net of	6.78	29.75
income tax		
Payment of dividend	(670.21)	(731.15)
Tax on Dividend	-	-
Amount transferred to general reserve	(123.08)	(116.91)
Balance at the end of the year	9,925.73	9,481.45



The Company has paid an interim dividend of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{}}}$ on per equity share of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{}}}$ 5/- each (2022-23: $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{}}}$ 9/- on per equity share of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{}}}$ 5/- each (2022-23 $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{}}}$ 2 /- on per equity share of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{}}}$ 5/- each) for the year.

Note 20: Financia	al Liabilities – Lease liabilities	
		(₹ in Crores)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Lease liabilities – IND AS 116	722.68 722.68	594.10 594.10

		(₹ in Crores)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost		
Guarantee issued	-	0.29
Security Deposits	4.79	8.99
Others	8.87	37.18
	13.66	46.46

(₹in Crores) **Particulars** As at As at March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023 **Employee Benefits** Provision for employee benefits - Leave Encashment 74.18 70.77 - Leave Travel Concession - Long Term Medical Benefit (Refer note.31) 3.89 4.80 78.98 **74.66**

Note 21: Provisions

Note 22: Deferred Tax Assets/ (Liabilities) (net)

The following is the analysis of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) presented in the balance sheet:

		(₹in Crores)
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Deferred tax assets	289.99	299.63
Deferred tax liabilities	(217.68)	(219.69)
	72.31	79.94
Components of Deferred Tax Asset and Liability:		
Deferred Tax Liability		
Depreciation and Amortization expenses	(216.26)	(218.29)
Others	(1.42)	(1.40)
	(217.68)	(219.69)
Deferred Tax Asset:		
Expenditure covered by section 43B of I.T. Act, 1961	59.66	70.29
Provision for doubtful advances/debts/stores /impairment/export incentive	226.16	224.68
Others	4 .17	4.66
	289.99	299.63
Deferred tax Assets/ (liabilities) (net)	72.31	79.94



	2023-24							
Particulars	Opening Balance	Recognised in Profit or Loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance	Opening Balance	Recognised in Profit or Loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance
Deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets in								
relation to:								
Provision for doubtful advances/ debts/ stores	1.21	(0.05)	-	1.16	1.28	(0.07)	-	1.21
Security deposit received	(0.07)	_	_	(0.07)	(0.07)	_	_	(0.07)
Security deposit given	0.09	-	-	0.09	0.09	_	-	0.09
Employee loan at effective interest rate	0.10	(0.55)	-	(0.45)	0.56	(0.46)	-	0.10
Lease equilisation	2.72		-	2.72	2.72	-	-	2.72
Lease equilisation on rental income	(0.76)	(0.02)	-	(0.78)	(0.76)	-	-	(0.76)
Fair valuation of guarantee	0.03	(0.10)	-	(0.07)	0.06	(0.03)	-	0.03
Expenditure covered under section 43B	70.29	(8.35)	(2.28)	59.66	84.08	(3.79)	(10.00)	70.29
Others	1.73	0.15	-	1.88	3.27	(1.54)	-	1.73
Provisions for doubtful Export Benefits	216.71	-	-	216.71	216.71	-	-	216.71
Provisions for doubtful Investment	6.76	1.54	-	8.30	6.45	0.31	-	6.76
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	(218.29)	2.03	-	(216.26)	(223.25)	4.96	-	(218.29)
Fair valuation of guarantee investment	(0.58)			(0.58)	(0.58)			(0.58)
	79.94	(5.35)	(2.28)	72.31	90.56	(0.62)	(10.00)	79.94



Note 23: Other Non-Current liabilities					
(₹in Crore					
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023			
Lease Rent Expense Equalisation Reserve	-	-			
Provision for Deferred Income	0.81	0.69			
_	0.81	0.69			

Note 24: Financial liabilities – Lease liabilities				
(₹ in Crores)				
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023		
Lease Liabilities – IND AS 116	165.30	106.12		
	165.30	106.12		

Note 25: Financial liabilities: Trade payables				
		(₹in Crores)		
Particulars	As at	As at		
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023		
Due to Micro and Small enterprises (Refer Note 49)	11.48	10.98		
Others	276.05	366.04		
	287.53	377.02		

The Company pays its vendors immediately when the invoice is accounted and no interest during the year has been paid or is payable. (Refer Note no. 49 for disclosure made under terms of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006).

The Company has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the preagreed credit terms.

Trade Payable aging schedule (As at 31.03.2024)

(₹ in crore) C В D=A+B+CA Outstanding for following periods from due date **Total Unbilled** Trade of payment **Particulars** Trade payables More Less than 1 payables not due 1-2 years 2-3 years than 3 year years 9.22 (i) MSME 2.26 11.48 (ii) Others 158.90 48.81 43.55 275.90 24.64 (iii)Disputed dues -**MSME** (iv) Disputed 0.15 0.15 dues - Others

Trade Payable aging schedule (As at 31.03.2023)

							(₹ in crore)
	A	В		C			D=A+B+C
	Unbilled	Trade	Outstandin from d	g for follo ue date of	O -		Total
Particulars	Trade payables	payables not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	



(i) MSME	-	1.99	8.99	-	-	-	10.98
ii) Others	-	-	185.03	5 90.86	21.53	68.45	365.89
(iii) Disputed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
dues-MSME							
(iv) Disputed	-	-	-	-	-	0.15	0.15
dues - Others							

Note 25(a): Other Financial Liabilities						
		(₹in Crores)				
Particulars	As at	As at				
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023				
Unpaid dividend	0.30	0.30				
Related party	-	-				
Guarantee issued	-	0.09				
Due to Micro and Small enterprises (Refer Note 49)	14.49	15.00				
Others*	260.28	283.98				
	275.07	299.37				

^{*} It includes Employee related dues, Security deposits received & Other payables on account of Capital works/Revenue, etc.

Note 26: Other Current Liabilities							
(₹in Crores)							
Particulars	As at	As at					
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023					
Advances/deposits from customers(against services)	192.77	194.87					
Statutory dues	145.88	174.96					
Deferred Government Grant Income	48.10	53.16					
Deferred Income-Security Deposit Received	0.08	0.04					
Lease Rent Expense Equalisation Reserve	-	-					
Related party	-	-					
Unearned Revenue*	50.57	45.20					
_	437.40	468.23					

*Breakup of revenue recognized in the reporting period that was included in the contract liability at the beginning of year Opening Balance 45.20 67.02 Payanya recognized out of opening belongs during

opening Bulance	18.20	07.02
Revenue recognized out of opening balance during	45.20	67.02
the year	43.20	07.02
Closing Balance	50.57	45.20

The Company expect to complete performance obligation within duration of one or less than one year.

Note 27: Provisions					
		(₹in Crores)			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023			
Employee Benefits					
Provision for employee benefits					
- Leave Encashment	5.09	4.55			
- Leave Travel Concession	-	-			
- Gratuity	2.80	3.30			
- Long Term Medical Benefit(Refer note 31)	0.96	1.27			
- Performance related pay	54.50	52.09			



Other provisions

Provision for property tax	7.79	7.76
	71.14	68.97

Particulars	Property tax
Balance as at April 1, 2022	6.51
Additional provision recognised	2.10
Amount paid during the year	(0.85)
Unused amount reversed during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023	7.76

Particulars Particulars	Property tax
Balance as at April 1, 2023	7.76
Additional provision recognized	1.44
Amount paid during the year	(1.29)
Unused amount reversed during the year	(0.12)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	7.79



Note 28: Revenue from Operations

The following is an analysis of the company's revenue for the year from continuing operations:

(₹in Crores)

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31,2024	For the Year ended March 31,2023
Sale of Services:		
Rail Freight Income	6,555.14	6,098.18
Road Freight Income	356.26	273.18
Handling Income	1,022.17	996.80
Storage and Warehousing Income (Refer note i)	173.40	177.03
Other Operating Income:		
Export Incentive (Refer Note ii)	-	-
Other operating income (Refer note iii& iv)	683.38	698.62
Total Revenue from Operations	8,790.35	8,243.81
Less: Rebate/Discount	(157.86)	(140.41)
Net Revenue from Operations	8,632.49	8,103.40

Note

- (i) Storage and Warehousing income is net of waivers of ₹ 0.82crore (2022-23: ₹0.12 crore).
- (ii) Export Incentive includes ₹Nil crore (2022-23: ₹Nil crore) towards Grants under SFIS, which had been recognised at the time of utilisation of these scripts towards procurement of Assets and Inventories.
- (iii) Other operating income includes ₹8.21 crore (2022-23:₹8.45 crore) towards consultancy income, which has been received from M/s Gateway Terminals India Private Limited.
- (iv) Other operating income includes following income which exceeds one per cent of the revenue from operations or ₹10,00,000 whichever is higher:-

			(₹ in Crore)
Sl. No.	Name and Description of Income/ Service	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
(a)	Terminal Infra Charges	122.90	129.86
(b)	Equipment Imbalance Charge	121.39	129.81

- (v) Transaction price for all services e.g. Rail Transportation, Road Transportation, Handling, S&W etc. is as per the prevailing public tariff.
- (vi) Return/refunds and other similar obligations are as per approved policies.

Note 29: Other Income

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31,2024	For the Year ended March 31,2023
Interest income earned on financial assets		
carried at amortised cost		
On Loans given to employees*	17.90	(3.36)
On Loan to wholly owned subsidiary	-	-
Bank deposits	243.42	177.91
Tax Free Bonds	46.79	48.92
Interest on security deposit given	0.01	0.01
Interest on Income Tax Refunds	-	0.24



Other Income

Total Other Income	378.27	324.02
Miscellaneous income**	38.41	66.02
Rent income	15.72	13.95
Guarantee income	0.38	0.11
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	1.53	6.15
Share of Income from JV Company	-	-
Dividend Income from JV Company	14.11	14.07

*As per CONCOR House Building Advance Rules, CONCOR is providing House Building Advance (HBA) facility to all regular employees of the Corporation, who on the date of submitting application for advance have rendered not less than three years' continuous services. As per earlier HBA rules, simple interest @ 5% per annum on the loan amount up to ₹ 5.5 lakhs & interest @ 7.5% per annum on loans beyond ₹ 5.5 lakhs. Rebate was provided "in case of employees superannuating from CONCOR services or die in harness or become medically incapacitated for reasons not connected with intemperate habits or putting 10 years of minimum regular service from the date of availed of advance, a rebate @ 50% in the interest rates was allowed". During the Financial Year 2022-2023, the company has changed its policy and decided that interest @ 3 % will be charged on HBA's or where the HBA amount/interest is outstanding as on date or the rebate for the loan is yet to be availed. Resultantly HBA interest was recalculated from date of disbursement of loan & benefit of the same was passed on to employee amounting to ₹ 11.35 crores. Rebate on HBA amounting to ₹ 0.50 crores is for F.Y 2022- 23 & ₹ 10.85 crores for previous years. Hence, in F.Y. 2022-23 "Interest income earned on Financial

**Miscellaneous Income includes ₹ 22.97 crore received from Indian Farmers Fertiliser Cooperative (IFFCO) towards development of an area of 35.5 Acres exclusively dedicated to IFFCO for handling and warehousing of IFFCO cargo rakes at MMLP Paradip (Previous Year: ₹ 46.87crore).

assets carried at amortised cost" on loans given to employees is ₹ (3.36) crores.

Note 30: Terminal and Other Service Charges

(₹in Crores)

		(till eloles)
Particulars	For the Year ended March 31,2024	For the Year ended March 31,2023
Rail freight expenses	4,910.09	4,504.34
Road freight expenses	266.15	203.69
Handling expenses	295.76	325.69
Coastal Shipping expenses	-	-
Land license fee*	373.06	393.63
Other operating expenses	136.61	147.10
Total Terminal and other service charges	5,981.67	5,574.45

^{*} During the year, the Company has booked LLF amount of ₹ 373.06 crores (2022-23: ₹ 393.63 crores), which is net off past provisions of ₹ 68.20 crores (2022-23: ₹ 6.22 crores). (Refer note. 51)

(i) Handling & Other Operating expenses include ₹ 112.92 crore (2022-23: ₹116.07 crore) & ₹ 23.96 crore (2022-23: ₹ 28.67 crore) towards power & fuel and consumption of stores & spares respectively. Details of expenditure on consumption of imported & indigenous stores and spare are as follows:

Particulars		e Year ended rch 31,2024		e Year ended rch 31,2023
	Amount	Percentage(%)	Amount	Percentage(%)
Import	0.17	0.71	0.14	0.49
Indigenous	23.79	99.29	28.53	99.51



Note 31: Employee Benefits Expense			
		(₹in Crores)	
Particulars	For the Year ended March 31,2024	For the Year ended March 31,2023	
	Waten 31,2024	Widi ch 31,2023	
Salary, allowances and Other employee benefits	374.07	348.46	
Contribution to Provident Fund, Pension and other welfare funds	44.73	42.73	
Rent for Leased Accommodation (Net)	0.22	0.13	
Staff Welfare Expenses (*)	39.35	31.50	
Gratuity	3.38	4.39	
Staff Training	1.07	0.15	
Total Employee Benefit Expense	462.82	427.36	

(*)In the years prior to FY 2020-21, the Company has been providing liability for Post Retirement Medical Benefits for retired employees. However, from FY 2020-21 onwards, the actuarial valuation has been done for the expected liability for all employees of the Company, as all employees after superannuation or separation after rendering services for continued period of specified years are entitled for such benefits.

Due to this, an amount of ₹ -7.35crores (2022-23 :₹ -34.60crores) was provided: ₹ 1.09 crore(2022-23 :₹ 4.05crores) has been charged to Statement of Profit & Loss and ₹ 8.44crores (PY 2022-23: ₹ 38.65crores) has been included in Other Comprehensive Income.

Note 32: Depreciation	n and Amortisation Expense	
		(₹in Crores)
Particulars	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
	March 31,2024	March 31,2023
Depreciation *	598.61	551.55
Amortisation of intangible assets	2.27	2.54
Total depreciation and amortisation expense	600.88	554.09

^{*} It includes Depreciation on ROU Assets valuing ₹126.71crore (2022-23: ₹87.20crore).

No	te 33: Finance Cost	
		(₹in Crores)
Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
Interest on financial liabilities carried at amortised cost - security deposit received	0.14	0.11
Interest Exp-Lease Liability - IND AS 116	65.19	56.90
Others	-	-
Total	65.33	57.01

Note 34. Other Expenses							
Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	(₹in Crores) For the Year ended March 31, 2023					
Printing & Stationery	1.98	1.80					
Travelling and Conveyance(Including Directors' Travelling ₹0.46 crore (2022-23 : ₹ 0.45 crore)	19.29	20.46					
Rent and Licence fee for office building	3.95	3.60					



Total Other Expenses	258.44	259.53
Miscellaneous expenses	16.25	12.01
Project expenses written off	-	0.13
Loss on sale of fixed assets	0.18	1.46
Bad debts written off	-	-
Hazardous Waste Incineration	-	3.36
CSR expenses(Refer note 34.1)	17.52	19.57
Non-Moving projects	-	-
Obsolete Assets	-	-
Obsolete Stores	-	-
Doubtful Debts	0.05	0.45
Provision for:		
Auditors out-of-pocket expenses	0.01	0.02
For Other services	0.11	0.16
For Income Tax Audit	0.04	0.04
As Auditors	0.16	0.13
Auditors remuneration and out-of-pocket expenses:		
Rates and Taxes	6.77	11.04
Directors' Fees	0.36	0.31
Advertisement	1.64	1.75
Fees and Subscriptions	0.55	0.44
Insurance	6.82	4.80
Legal and Professional Charges	6.89	5.85
Bank Charges	0.55	0.79
Books and Periodicals	0.04	0.05
Postage, Telephone and Internet	4.77	4.15
Business Development	1.47	2.33
Terminal Support Services Vehicle Running and Maintenance Expenses	2.52	2.37
Security Expenses Terminal Support Services	23.65	23.59
Lease expenses-Ind AS 116	31.47	29.92
Amortisation of registration fees	0.14	0.15
	2.70	2.71
Repairs and maintenance - Others Amortisation of leasehold land	2.70	70.30 2.71
Repairs and maintenance - Plant and Machinery	10.80 66.84	7.02
Repairs and maintenance - Buildings Papairs and maintenance - Plant and Machinery	10.80	7.02
	14.10	12.65

34.1 The CSR expenditure comprises the following:

(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year: ₹57.90crore(2022-23 ₹49.26crore)

(b) Amount spent during the year on:

Sl. No.	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024			Year ended March 31, 2023		
			Yet to be		Yet to be		
		In Cash	paid in	Total	In Cash	paid in	Total
			cash			cash	
:	Construction/occupicition of any occat						



ii.	On purposes other than (i) above	10.79	6.73	17.52	10.42	9.15	19.57
	Total	10.79	6.73	17.52	10.42	9.15	19.57

34(a) Exceptional items

(₹in Crores)

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
Provision for impairment of investment in subsidiaries (M/s FHEL & CAL)- Refer note 55(a) & (b)	6.11	1.25
Investment Written off (M/s -PILH)- Refer note 55(c)	1.03	-
Total Exceptional Items	7.14	1.25

Note 35: Tax Expense

35.1 Income tax recognised in profit or loss

(₹in Crores)

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31,2024	For the Year ended March 31,2023
Current tax(In respect of the current year)	398.34	384.04
Deferred tax(In respect of the current year)	5.35	0.61
Tax adjustments for earlier years (Net)	-	-
Total income tax expense recognised in the current year	403.69	384.65
The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to	the accounting profit as follo	ows:
Profit before tax	1,634.48	1,553.73
Income tax expense	411.37	391.04
Effect of income that is exempt from taxation (Interest on Tax free bonds/Dividend)	(15.33)	(15.85)
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit (CSR Expenses etc.)	7.65	9.46
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	403.69	384.65
35.2 Income tax recognised in other comprehensive in Deferred tax	come	
Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income:		
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	2.28	10.00
Total income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Bifurcation of the income tax recognised in other	2.28	10.00
comprehensive income into:-		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	2.28	10.00
	2.28	10.00

The Company opted to exercise the option permitted under section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019 and has taken 25.168% rate of Corporate Tax in its accounts. Accordingly, the Company has recognized provision for income tax for the year ended 31st March 2024 & 31st March 2023 and re-measured its deferred tax assets/ liabilities on the basis of the above option.



36. Employee Benefit Plans

A. Defined Contribution Plans

a) Employers Contribution to Provident Fund

Company pays fixed contribution to Provident Fund at predetermined rates to a separate trust, which invests the fund in permitted securities. The contribution to the fund for the period is recognized as expense and is charged to the profit & loss account. The obligation of the company is limited to such fixed contribution. However, the trust is required to pay a minimum rate of interest on contributions to the members as specified by Government. As per actuarial valuation such liability is NIL as at March 31, 2024 (as at March 31, 2023: NIL).

(₹in Crores)

	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
During the year the Company has recognised the following amounts in the statement of profit and loss:-		
Employers Contribution to Provident Fund	22.69	21.39

B. State Plans

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
During the year the Company has recognised the following		
amounts as employer's contribution to state plans in the		
statement of profit and loss:-		
Employer contribution to Employee's Pension Scheme 1995.	1.73	1.95

C. Defined Benefit Plans and Other Long Term Benefits

a) Contribution to Gratuity Funds - Employee's Gratuity Fund.

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan, which is regulated as per the provisions of Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The scheme is funded by the company and is managed by a separate Approved Trust. The liability for the same is recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation.

b) Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence. :

The company has a defined benefit leave encashment plan for its employees. Under this plan, they are entitled to encashment of earned leaves and medical leaves subject to certain limits and other conditions specified for the same. The liabilities towards leave encashment have been provided on the basis of actuarial valuation.

c) Retirement Allowance:

The company has formed a medical trust, which takes care of medical needs of its employees after their retirement. Their entitlement for reimbursement of medical expenses is regulated as per the policy. The liability for the same is recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation.



These plans typically expose the company to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

Investment Risk The present value of the defined benefit plan liability (denominated in Indian Rupee) is calculated using a discount rate which is

determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds.

Interest Risk A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the

plan's debt investments.

Longevity Risk The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants

both during and after their employment. An increase in the life's expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

Salary Risk The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an

increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out as at March 31, 2024 by M/s SS Consultancy. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the projected unit credit method.

An actuarial valuation was carried out in respect of the aforesaid defined benefit plans and other long term benefits based on the following assumptions:

March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023								
	March 31, 2024				Wiarch 31, 2023			
Particulars	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Interest Guarantee Liability PF	Retirement Allowance	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Interest Guarantee Liability PF	Retirement Allowance
Economic Assumptions								
Discount rate (per annum)	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.30%	7.30%	7.30%	7.30%
					6.87% per	6.87% per		
Rate of increase in compensation levels	5% per annum	5% per annum			annum	annum		
Rate of return on plan assets	NA	7.15%	8.26%	7.15%	NA	7.30%	8.59%	7.30%
Demographic Assumptions								
Employee Turnover/Withdrawal Rate	2.33%	2.33%			2.41%	2.41%		
Retirement Age	60 years	60 years		60 years	60 years	60 years		60 years
Mortality		_		IIAM				IIAM (2012-
	IALM (2012-14)	IALM (2012-14)		(2012-15)	IALM (2012-14)	IALM (2012-14)		15)
Leave Availment Ratio	1.00%	NA		NA	1.00%	NA		NA

Estimates of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.



Amounts recognised in statement of profit or loss in respect of the defined benefit plans are as follows-

Particulars	March 31, 2024				March 31, 2023	(thi crores)
	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Retirement Allowance	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Retirement Allowance
Current service cost	6.12	3.32	3.03	4.03	3.95	3.35
Company's Contribution to Provident Fund						
Past Service Cost	-	-	ı	ı	-	-
Remeasurements	2.68	1	1	4.52	-	-
Net Interest cost	5.56	0.10	(1.94)	5.29	0.44	0.70
Net actuarial (Gains)/loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in profit or loss*	14.36	3.42	1.09	13.84	4.39	4.05
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability						
-Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense)	1	(1.20)	1.21	1	(0.56)	0.26
Actuarial (gains) / losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	1	(0.26)	0.33	1	1.72	(12.89)
-Actuarial (gains) / losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	-	(1.03)	(6.10)	-	(0.07)	(10.20)
-Actuarial (gains) / losses arising from experience adjustments	-	1.87	(3.88)	-	(2.18)	(15.82)
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in other comprehensive income(OCI)**	-	(0.62)	(8.44)	-	(1.09)	(38.65)
Total	14.36	2.80	(7.35)	13.84	3.30	(34.60)

^{*} Included in "Employee benefits expense" line item in the statement of profit and loss.

** Included in "Other Comprehensive Income"



Movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows-

(₹in Crores)

	Ma	arch 31, 2024			March 31, 2023	
Particulars	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Retirement Allowance	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Retirement Allowance
Present value of obligation as at beginning of the year	75.32	102.00	58.94	72.86	97.03	89.14
Adjustment in beginning balance				1	-	-
Interest cost	5.56	7.30	4.37	5.29	6.93	6.52
Past Service Cost		-	-	-	-	-
Current service cost	6.12	3.32	3.03	4.03	3.95	3.35
Contribution by plan participants				-	-	-
Benefits paid	(10.40)	(6.91)	(0.96)	(11.38)	(5.38)	(1.16)
Transfer In				-	-	-
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations due to remeasurements	-			-	-	-
a. Effect of change in Financial Assumptions	(11.83)	(1.03)	(6.10)	1.94	(0.07)	(10.20)
b. Effect of change in Demographic Assumptions	0.10	(0.26)	0 .33	(3.89)	1.72	(12.89)
c. Experience (Gain)/Losses	14.40	1.87	(3.88)	6.47	(2.18)	(15.82)
d . Past Service Cost (1st year no heading)	-			-	-	-
Present value of obligation as at the year end	79.27	106.29	55.73	75.32	102.00	58.94

Movement in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows

Particulars Particulars	March 3	1, 2024	March 31, 2023		
	Retirement Allowance	Employees Gratuity Fund	Retirement Allowance	Employees Gratuity Fund	
Fair value of Plan Assets as at beginning of the year	85.54	98.70	80.88	89.82	
Expected return on Plan Assets	6.30	7.21	5.82	6.49	
Employer contribution	2.13	3.29	0.26	7.21	
Benefits paid	(0.96)	(6.91)	(1.16)	(5.38)	
Transfer In	NA		NA		
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense)/ Acturial Gain (Losses)	(1.21)	1.20	(0.26)	0.56	
Fair value of plan assets as at the year end	91.80	103.49	85.54	98.70	



Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation and fair value of assets

(₹in Crores)

	N	Iarch 31, 2024		March 31, 2023			
Particulars	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Retirement Allowance	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Retirement Allowance	
Present value of obligation as at the year end	79.27	106.29	55.73	75.32	102.00	58.94	
Fair value of plan assets as at the year end	NA	103.49	91.80	NA	98.70	85.54	
Net (asset)/ liability recognised in balance sheet	79.27	2.80	(36.07)	75.32	3.30	(26.60)	
Classified as non- current	74.18	-	-	70.77	-	-	
Classified as current	5.09	2.80	(36.07)	4.55	3.30	(26.60)	
Total	79.27	2.80	(36.07)	75.32	3.30	(26.60)	

							(=	(Ein Crores)
	CONC	COR Employe	ees Gratuity Fu	nd	CONCOR Medical Trust			
Constitution of Plan Assets	March 31,		March 31,		March 31,		March 31,	
	2024	%	2023	%	2024	%	2023	%
(a) Central Government Securities	51.74	50.95%	49.28	52.79%	51.79	57.55%	49.29	59.33%
(b) State Government Securities								
(c) Corporate Bond/debentures	44.27	43.59%	41.29	44.24%	25.50	28.34%	22.10	26.60%
(d) Mutual Funds/Equity Investment	5.47	5.39%	2.70	2.89%				
(e) Fixed Deposit Receipts					12.70	14.11%	11.68	14.06%
(f) Others(Special Deposit Scheme)	0.07	0.07%	0.07	0.07%				
Total	101.55		93.34		89.99		83.07	

The return on the investment is the nominal yield available on the format of investment as applicable to Approved Gratuity Fund under Rule 101 of Income Tax Act 1961.

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.



Gratuity

- · If the discount rate is 100 basis points higher (lower), the defined benefit obligation would decrease by ₹6.59 crore (increase by ₹7.38crore) (as at March 31, 2023: decrease by ₹6.60 crore (increase by ₹7.40crore)).
- · If the expected salary growth increases (decreases) by 100 basis points, the defined benefit obligation would increase by ₹ 1.19crore (decrease by ₹ 1.22 crore) (as at March 31, 2023: increase by ₹ 1.25 crores (decrease by ₹ 1.21crores))

The estimated term of the benefit obligations in case of gratuity is 8.92 years (As at March 31, 2023: 9.10 years)

The company expects to contribute ₹ 5.66 crore to its gratuity plan in the next financial year.

Leave Encashment

- · If the discount rate is 100 basis points higher (lower), the defined benefit obligation would decrease by ₹ 5.69crore (increase by ₹ 6.46crore) (as at March 31, 2023 decrease by ₹ 5.87 crore (increase by ₹ 6.44 crore)
- · If the expected salary growth increases (decreases) by 100 basis points, the defined benefit obligation would increase by ₹ 6.62 crore (decrease by ₹ 5.93 crore) (as at March 31, 2023: increase by ₹ 6.59 crore (decrease by ₹ 5.93 crores)

The estimated term of the benefit obligations in case of Leave Encashment is 8.92 years (As at March 31, 2023: 9.10 years)

Post retirement Benefits

· If the discount rate is 100 basis points higher (lower), the defined benefit obligation would decrease by ₹ 8.98 crore (increase by ₹ 11.53 crore) (as at March 31, 2023: decrease by ₹ 10.01 crore (increase by ₹ 12.98 crore)).

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the balance sheet.

There has been no change in the process used by the Company to manage its risks from prior periods.



Note 37: Earning Per Share								
Particulars	As at March 31,2024	As at March 31,2023						
Basic and diluted earning per share (in ₹) (Face Value of ₹5/- per share)	20.20	19.19						
Total	20.20	19.19						

There are no dilutive instruments issued by the company

Basic and Diluted earning per share

The earnings and weighted average number of equity shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share are as follows.

(₹in Crores)

Particulars	As at March 31,2024	As at March 31,2023
Profit after tax for the year attributable to equity shareholders	1,230.79	1,169.08
Earnings used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share	1,230.79	1,169.08
Weighted average number of equity shares for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share	60.93	60.93
Face Value per equity share (₹)	5	5

Impact of changes in accounting policies

There are no changes in the accounting policies which had significant impact on the amounts reported for earning per share.



Note 38: Segment Information

Services from which reportable segments derive their revenues

The Segment reporting disclosed by the Company in this section is presented in accordance with the disclosures requirements of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment".

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker (CODM) for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the divisions operated in the company. There are two major operating divisions- EXIM and Domestic, which are organized on All India basis. The information is further analysed based on the different classes of customers. Both EXIM and Domestic divisions of the company are engaged in handling, transportation & warehousing activities. The Company has not aggregated any operating segments for presentation purposes.

As at March 31, 2024, the operating segment of the Company are as under:

- (a) The Company is organised into two major operating divisions- EXIM and Domestic. The divisions are the basis on which the Company reports its primary segment information. Segment revenue and expenses directly attributable to EXIM and Domestic segments are allocated to the two segments. Joint revenue and expenses have been allocated on a reasonable basis. Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and consist principally of inventories, sundry debtors, cash and bank balances, loans & advances, other current assets and fixed assets net of provisions. Similarly, segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of sundry creditors, advance/deposits from customers, other liabilities and provisions. Segment assets and liabilities do not, however, include provisions for taxes. Joint assets & liabilities have been allocated to segments on a reasonable basis.
- (b) As the operations of the Company are presently confined to the geographical territories of India, there are no reportable geographical segments.

(c) Segment revenue and results

The following is the analysis of the Company's revenue and results from operations by reportable segments:-

	EX	EXIM		nestic	Un-Allocable		Total	
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Revenue								
Segment Revenue								
Rail Freight Income	3,985.47	3,661.30	2,569.67	2,436.88	-	-	6,555.14	6,098.18
Road Freight Income	138.29	107.74	217.97	165.44	-	-	356.26	273.18
Handling Income	841.38	811.45	180.79	185.35	-	-	1,022.17	996.80

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Storage and Warehousing Income	126.41	133.09	46.99	43.94	-	-	173.40	177.03
Export Incentive	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other operating income	606.44	620.93	76.94	77.69	-	-	683.38	698.62
Total Revenue from Operations	5,697.99	5,334.51	3,092.36	2,909.30	-	-	8,790.35	8,243.81
Less: Rebate/Discount	(144.46)	(121.64)	(13.40)	(18.77)			(157.86)	(140.41)
Net Total Revenue from Operations	5,553.53	5,212.87	3,078.96	2,890.53	-	-	8,632.49	8,103.40
Result								
Segment Result	1,248.63	1,262.06	263.56	239.21			1,512.19	1,501.27
Corporate expenses	-	-	-	-	183.51	213.30	183.51	213.30
Interest Expenses	-	-	-	-	65.33	57.01	65.33	57.01
Exceptional item	-	-	-	-	7.14	1.25	7.14	1.25
Profit before tax and other	r income						1,256.21	1,229.71
Interest and other income	-	-	-	-	378.27	324.02	378.27	324.02
Income Taxes	-	-	-	-	403.69	384.65	403.69	384.65
Net Profit							1,230.79	1,169.08

(d) The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Company's accounting policies described in Note 1. Segment profit represents the profit before tax earned by each segment without allocation of central administration costs and directors' salaries, investment income, other gains and losses, as well as finance costs. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance. Revenue and expenses directly identifiable to the segments have been allocated to the relatively primary reportable segments.

Segment revenue and expenses which are not directly identifiable to the primary reportable segments have been disclosed under unallocable, which primarily includes interest and other income and Corporate Expenses. Other income includes Rent income, dividend income and Interest Income. Corporate Expenses includes Employee staff benefit expense, Administrative expense and Depreciation expense of Corporate office.



Segment assets and liabilities

(₹in Crores)

	EXIM		Dom	Domestic		Un-Allocable		egments
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Segment Assets	3,824.52	3,489.89	3,028.57	2,822.24			6,853.09	6,312.13
Unallocated Corporate Assets	-	-	-	-	7,011.82	6,968.47	7,011.82	6,968.47
Total Assets							13,864.91	13,280.60
Segment Liabilities	1,232.31	1,165.80	594.92	579.70			1,827.23	1,745.50
Unallocated Corporate Liabilities	-	-	-	-	12,037.68	11,535.10	12,037.68	11,535.10
Total Liabilities							13,864.91	13,280.60

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- a) all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than investments and assets of corporate office; and
- b) all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than share capital, other equity, deferred tax liabilities and other liabilities of corporate office. Unallocated corporate liabilities include ₹ 11,812.34crore (As at March 31 2023: ₹ 11,244.98crore) on account of Shareholder's funds.
- c) assets and liabilities which are not directly identifiable to the segments have been disclosed under unallocable.

Other segment information

Particulars	EX	EXIM		Domestic		Un-Allocable		Total Segments	
	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023							
Capital Expenditure	530.38	306.68	462.76	181.47	8.14	4.64	1,001.28	492.79	
Depreciation and amortisation Non cash expenses other than	330.11	300.43	243.20	226.97	27.57	26.69	600.88	554.09	
depreciation and amortisation	0.12	0.56	0.06	0.89	7.19	1.84	7.37	3.29	



Note:

Capital Expenditure includes addition during the year to property, plant and equipment & Other Intangible assets.

Revenue from major services

The following is the analysis of the company's revenue from its major services.

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Rail Freight Income	6,555.14	6,098.18
Road Freight Income	356.26	273.18
Handling Income	1,022.17	996.80
Storage and Warehousing Income	173.40	177.03
Export incentive	-	-
Other operating income	683.38	698.62
Gross Revenue from Operations	8,790.35	8,243.81
Less: Rebates & Discounts	(157.86)	(140.41)
Net Revenue from Operations	8,632.49	8,103.40

Information about major customers

No single customer contributed 10% or more to company's revenue during FY 2023-24 and during FY 2022-23.



Note 39: Lease Arrangements

As a lessee

The Company has entered into Operating leases arrangements for Land, Vehicles, Containers, Plant & Machinery, Railway Wagons/Rakes, Office Premises, Accommodation Provided to Staffs etc. with different lease terms.

The Company has accounted lease payment associates with short term leases (having lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets (less than ₹ 3.5 lakhs) as an expense on either a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis.

The Company has entered into agreement(s) with Indian Railways, for utilization of its land leased to CONCOR for setting up of Company's Terminals and carrying out Company's operations at such terminals.

In FY 2020-21, Ministry of Railways, Government of India vide its order no.2015/LML-II/13/4 dated 19.03.2020, had communicated that the Land License Fee (LLF) applicable on the Railway land leased to CONCOR shall be charged w.e.f. 01.04.2020 as per extant policy of Railways i.e. @6% of the value of land, which will be further increased 7% annually. Subsequently, superseding all previous policies/ guidelines, Railways has issued a Master Circular (MC) on Policy for Management of Railway Land on 4th October 2022. In the MC, it has been reiterated that annual LLF on the existing land will be payable @6% of Market Value (MV) of land with annual escalation of 7%. The MV will be the industrial rate specified in the State and when it is not specified in the State, then any other rate depending upon use of surrounding land as specified by the State/ Revenue Office, shall be considered.

On the basis of above MC of Railways, LLF for the FY 2023-24 has been booked on the MV of Railways' land parcels obtained by CONCOR. In some cases, where there is inconsistency in the assessment of land area and MV of land between the Company and the Railways, the same is being reconciled with the concerned divisional Railways. Further, in terms of the MC the new Agreement(s) with the Railways for the land parcels leased to CONCOR will be executed as and when the same are finalized by Railways.

In view of above, the quantification of company's potential exposure for land licensed by Indian Railways in future is not ascertainable. Therefore, the Company has not recognized Right of Use (ROU) Asset and Lease Liability for lands licensed by Indian Railways.

For the Year ended March 31, 2024: -

Particulars	Land	Building/ Office Premises	Plant & Machinery	Vehicles	Railway Wagon/Rake	Containers	Accommodation provided to Staff	Other (photo copier & printer)
Depreciation Charged	32.81	7.86	74.51	1.19	9.08	0.57	0.69	
Interest expense on Lease Liabilities	37.50	1.29	20.28	0.32	5.64	0.16		
Expense related to short term leases	0.04	1.75	6.40	4.09			0.32	0.14

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C	DN	co	R

Expense related to low value leases Expense related to variable lease payments Income from Sub-leasing right-of use assets	301.94	2.56	0.04	2.69				
Total Cash outflow for leases	453.14	12.25	90.92	7.92	14.10	0.28	0.32	0.13
Addition to Right of Use Assets	2.67		269.23	0.29				
Gains or Losses arising from sale and leaseback transactions			0.33					
Carrying amount of right-of-use assets at the end of the reporting period	849.82	6.46	286.67	3.74	41.16	1.95	14.09	

For the Year ended March 31, 2023: -

(₹in Crores)

Particulars	Land	Building/ Office Premises	Plant & Machinery	Vehicles	Railway Wagon/Rake	Containers	Accommodation provided to Staff	Other (photo copier & printer)
Depreciation Charged	33.01	7.87	35.11	1.12	9.07	0.32	0.70	
Interest expense on Lease Liabilities	40.12	2.10	8.06	0.22	6.29	0.11		
Expense related to short term leases	0.07	1.50	1.89	3.64			0.27	0.14
Expense related to low value leases	0.01							
Expense related to variable lease payments	382.34	2.27	0.03	2.58				
Income from Sub-leasing right-of use assets								
Total Cash outflow for leases	405.61	11.62	65.00	7.06	14.10	0.61	0.27	0.17
Addition to Right of Use Assets	6.36		91.64	3.37		2.56		
Gains or Losses arising from sale and leaseback transactions			(0.12)					
Carrying amount of right-of-use assets at the end of the reporting period	879.95	14.32	95.47	4.57	50.23	2.53	14.79	

The table below provided details un-discounted contractual maturity analysis of lease liabilities as at 31st March 2024: -

Particulars	Carrying Amount	Due in 1 st Year	Due in 2 nd Year	Due in 3 rd Year	Due in 4 th to 5 th Year	Due after 5 th Year	Total Contracted Cash flows
Lease Liabilities	887.98	190.48	145.54	126.80	121.59	1,254.38	1,838.79
			260				



The table below provided details un-discounted contractual maturity analysis of lease liabilities as at 31st March 2023: -

(₹in Crores)

Particulars	Carrying Amount	Due in 1 st Year	Due in 2 nd Year	Due in 3 rd Year	Due in 4 th to 5 th Year	Due after 5 th Year	Total Contracted Cash flows
Lease Liabilities	700.22	181.72	145.88	123.85	123.03	1,201.44	1,775.92

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and lease liabilities.

Disclosure in respect of future cash outflow of lease commitments for leases which are not yet commenced as at 31st March 2024: -

(₹in Crores)

Particulars	Lease period from 0-3 Yrs	Lease Period From 4-5 Yrs	Lease Period from 6-8 yrs	Lease period from more than 8 yrs
Disclosure in respect of future cash outflow of lease	-	-	-	-
commitments for leases which are not yet commenced				

Disclosure in respect of future cash outflow of lease commitments for leases which are not yet commenced as at 31st March 2023: -

(₹in Crores)

Particulars	Lease period from 0-3 Yrs	Lease Period From 4-5 Yrs	Lease Period from 6-8 yrs	Lease period from more than 8 yrs
Disclosure in respect of future cash outflow of lease	-	-	-	-
commitments for leases which are not yet commenced				

As a Lessor:

The Company has given certain office premises and warehouses on cancellable operating leases.

Payments recognised as an income:

For year ended March 31st 2024:

Particulars	Land	Building/Office Premises	Plant & Machinery	Vehicles	Railway Wagon/Rake	Warehouse	Accommodatio n provided to Staff	Others
Minimum lease payments received	0.74	15.31	0.30	-	-	44.61	0.10	-
Sub-lease recoveries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



For year ended March 31st 2023:

(₹in Crores)

Particulars	Land	Building/Office Premises	Plant & Machinery	Vehicles	Railway Wagon/Rake	Warehouse	Accommodatio n provided to Staff	Others
Minimum lease payments received	0.54	13.66	-	-	-	47.58	0.14	-
Sub-lease recoveries	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.03	-

Operating Leases

Maturity analysis of lease payments, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received.

As at 31st March 2024 (₹in Crores)

Particulars	Land	Building/Office Premises	Plant & Machinery	Vehicles	Railway Wagon/Rake	Warehouse	Accommodation provided to Staff
Lease Payment to be received							
1st Year	0.16	7.41	0.36	-	-	9.69	-
2nd Year	-	6.85	0.36	-	-	5.03	-
3rd Year	-	5.59	0.36	-	-	3.80	-
4th Year	-	4.51	0.06	-	-	3.04	-
5th Year	-	4.59	-	-	-	3.04	-
After 5 Years	0.01	15.68	-	-	-	3.99	-

As at 31st March 2023

Particulars	Land	Building/Office Premises	Plant & Machinery	Vehicles	Railway Wagon/Rake	Warehouse	Accommodation provided to Staff
Lease Payment to be received							
1st Year	0.19	5.86	-	-	-	11.42	-
2nd Year	-	5.23	-	-	-	3.81	-
3rd Year	-	4.37	-	-	-	3.01	-
4th Year	-	4.00	-	-	-	1.88	-
5th Year	-	4.07	-	-	-	1.96	-
After 5 Years	0.01	17.30	-	-	-	2.06	-



Note:-

- 1. Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date. The company has applied single discount rate of 8.50 % per annum for first half year and 8.55 % per annum for second half year as the same is review on half yearly basis for newly entered contract(s), if any.
- 2. Applied the exemption not to recognize right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term.

Note 40: Financial Instruments

(1) Capital management

The company manages it's capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the capital structure.

The capital structure of the Company consists of total equity. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

(i) Gearing ratio

The Company has no outstanding debt as at the end of reporting period. Accordingly, the Company has nil gearing ratio as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 respectively.

(ii) Categories of financial instruments

(₹in Crores)

		(XIII Crores)
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Recorded at Amortised cost		
Financial assets		
Cash and bank balances	3,238.88	3,047.88
Investments	1,333.57	1,442.52
Trade receivables	329.45	213.10
Loans	61.01	55.48
Other financial assets	283.21	237.80
Financial liabilities		
Trade payables	287.53	377.02
Other financial liabilities	1,176.71	1,046.05

(iii) Financial risk management objectives

The Company's corporate treasury function monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company by analyzing exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.



(iv)Market Risk

The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis.

There has been no change to the Company's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are being managed and measured.

(v) Foreign Currency risk management

The company is not subject to significant transactions denominated in foreign currencies. The company does not have earnings in foreign currency but the foreign currency outgo made during the year is ₹0.63crore (2022-23:₹0.50 crore) against which the net gain/(loss) on foreign currency transactions recorded in the books is insignificant. Consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations are limited.

(vi) Interest rate risk management

The Company has not availed borrowings, hence is not exposed to interest rate risk.

(vii) Other price risks

The company is not exposed to price risk as its investments in debt based marketable securities are held in a business model to collect contractual amounts at maturity and are carried at amortised costs. Thus the change in fair value of these investments does not impact the Company.

These investments are tradable in market. A 10% increase / decrease in the market price of these investments as at March 31 2024 will lead to ₹ 56.40 crore (As at March 31 2023: ₹ 69.57crore) increase / decrease in the fair value of these investment.

(viii) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company has limited exposure to credit risk owing to the balance of trade receivables as explained in Note no. 12. Company's bank balances and investments in marketable securities are held with a reputed and creditworthy banking institution resulting to limited credit risk from the counterparties.

The Company is exposed to credit risk in relation to letter of comfort given to banks on behalf of subsidiaries / joint venture companies. The Company's maximum exposure in this respect is the maximum amount the Company could have to pay if the guarantee is called on as at March 31, 2024 is ₹ 2.03crore (As at March 31, 2023: ₹ 51.31crore)

(ix)Liquidity risk management

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at March 31, 2024:



Particulars	Carrying amount	Due in 1st year	Due in 2nd year	Due in 3rd year	Due in 4th to 5th year	Due after 5th year	Total contracted cash flows
Financial Liabilities							
Trade payable	287.53	287.53					287.53
Borrowings	-	-					-
Other financial liabilities	1,176.71	440.37	127.97	104.15	80.01	424.21	1,176.71
Financial guarantee contracts*	-						-

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at March 31, 2023:

Particulars	Carrying amount	Due in 1st year	Due in 2nd year	Due in 3rd year	Due in 4th to 5th year	Due after 5th year	Total contracted cash flows
Financial Liabilities							
Trade payable	377.02	377.02					377.02
Borrowings	-	-					-
Other financial liabilities	1045.67	405.40	107.32	52.65	44.05	436.25	1045.67
Financial guarantee contracts*	0.38						-

^{*}Based on expectations at the end of the reporting period, the Company considers that it is more likely than not such an amount will be payable under the arrangement. The maximum amounts the Company could be forced to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount (letter of comfort) if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee is ₹ 2.03 crore (As at March 31 2023: ₹ 51.31 crore).

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial assets including estimated interest receipts as at March 31, 2024:

Particulars	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 year	4-5 year	More than 5 year	Total contracted cash flows
Non-current/Current investments**	513.17	38.91	175.02	352.80	91.78	658.51
Trade receivables	329.45	329.45				329.45
Loans	61.01	15.46	15.52	10.57	19.46	61.01
Other financial assets	261.67	192.41	47.03	3.20	19.03	261.67
			265			



The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial assets including estimated interest receipts as at March 31, 2023:

Particulars	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 year	4-5 year	More than 5 year	Total contracted cash flows
Non-current/Current investments**	638.74	168.54	182.91	111.67	364.03	827.15
Trade receivables	213.10	213.10				213.10
Loans	55.48	14.19	13.80	9.11	18.38	55.48
Other financial assets	212.47	133.60	56.95	7.22	14.70	212.47

(x) Fair value measurements

None of the company's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period.

(xi) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required)

		As at March 31,		As at March 31, 2023 Comming amount Fair value				
Particulars	Fair value hierarchy	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value			
Financial assets								
Non-current/current investments**	Level 2	513.17	563.97	638.74	695.67			
Employee Loan including interest	Level 2	61.01	61.01	55.48	55.48			
Loan to Subsidiaries including interest	Level 2	-	-	-	-			
Fixed Deposits with interest	Level 2	0.78	0 .78	1.08	1.08			
Trade receivables*	Level 2	329.45	329.45	213.10	213.10			
Others	Level 3	260.89	260.89	211.39	211.39			
Financial Liabilities								
Trade payables*	Level 2	287.53	287.53	377.02	377.02			
Borrowings	Level 2	-	-	-	-			
Other financial liabilities*	Level 2	1,176.71	1,176.71	1,046.05	1046.05			

^{*} There is no significant change in the fair value of these financial assets and financial liabilities, therefore fair value is equal to its carrying value.

^{**} These investments include investments made in tax free bonds only.



Note 41: Statement of Transactions with Related Parties

41.1. Name of related parties and description of relationship:

Joint Ventures

- 1. Star Track Terminals Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Transworld Terminals Dadri Private Limited (formerly known as Albatross Inland Ports Private Limited)
- 3. Gateway Terminals India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Himalayan Terminals Pvt. Ltd. (Foreign Joint Venture)
- 5. India Gateway Terminal Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. TCI-CONCOR Multimodal Solutions Pvt. Ltd. (formerly known as Infinite Logistics Solutions Private Limited)
- 7. Container Gateway Limited
- 8. Allcargo Logistics Park Pvt. Ltd.
- 9. CMA-CGM Logistics Park (Dadri) Pvt. Ltd.
- 10.Angul Sukinda Railway Ltd.
- 11.HALCON
- 12. Pipavav Integrated Logistics-HUB(PILH)

Subsidiaries

- 1. Fresh And Healthy Enterprises Ltd. (wholly owned)
- 2. CONCOR Air Limited. (wholly owned)
- 3. SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Ltd. (partly owned)
- 4. Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Ltd. (partly owned)

Trusts (including post retirement employee benefit trust) wherein CONCOR having control

- 1. CONCOR Employees Gratuity Fund
- 2. CONCOR Employees CPF Trust
- 3. CONCOR Post Retirement Medical Trust
- 4. CONCOR Superannuation Pension Trust

Whole Time Directors/ Key Managerial Personnel

- 1. Sh. Sanjay Swarup, Director (IM&O) (w.e.f. 01.09.2016 upto 30.09.2023) and Chairman & Managing Director (w.e.f 01.10.2023)
- 2. Sh. Manoj K. Dubey, Director (Finance) & CFO (w.e.f. 31.10.2018)
- 3. Sh. Ajit Kumar Panda, Director (Projects & Services) (w.e.f. 28.12.2022)



- 4. Sh. Mohammad Azhar Shams, Director Domestic (w.e.f. 01.02.2023)
- 5. Sh. Priya Ranjan Parhi, Director (IM&O)(additional charge) (w.e.f. 23.10.2023)
- 6. Sh. V. Kalyana Rama, Chairman & Managing Director (w.e.f. 01.10.2016 upto 30.09.2023)
- 7. Sh. Harish Chandra, Executive Director (Finance) & Company Secretary

Nominated/Independent Directors

- 1. Sh. Satendra Kumar (w.e.f. 09.11.2021)
- 2. Sh. Kedarashish Bapat (w.e.f. 09.11.2021)
- 3. Sh. Chesong Bikramsing Terang (w.e.f. 16.11.2021)
- 4. Smt. Chandra Rawat (w.e.f. 23.11.2021)
- 5. Sh. Amrendra Kumar Chandra (w.e.f. 16.03.2023 upto 29.02.2024)
- 6. Sh. Manoj Kumar Srivastava (w.e.f. 16.03.2023 upto 30.06.2023)
- 7. Sh. R. C. Paul Kanagaraj (w.e.f. 15.06.2023 upto 24.03.2024)
- 8. Sh. Rajesh Pathak (w.e.f. 11.09.2023 upto 21.03.2024)
- 9. Sh. Sandeep Jain (w.e.f. 20.03.2024)

Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel/Directors or their relatives:

- 1. Seshasaila Power and Engineering Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Seshasaila Logistics Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Seshasaila Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Seshasaila Power (Mandsaur) Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Seshasaila Power (Dhar) Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. AK-BIO Power (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Praja Engineering Services Pvt. Ltd.
- 8. Venran Biotech Pvt. Ltd.
- 9. Dronamraju Estates Pvt. Ltd.
- 10. Inteca Digi Technologies LLP
- 11. Pipehaul Logistics LLP
- 12. Central Railside Warehouse Company Limited
- 13. Pipavav Railway Corporation Limited
- 14. Satendra & Co., Chartered Accountants
- 15. Satyam Shree Build Home LLP
- 16. S.B. Dandekar & Co., Chartered Accountants
- 17. YU Technologies Private Limited
- 18. Quickgrow Vinimay Private Limited
- 19.AIKYA Investment Management Ltd.
- 20. Hassen Mangalore Rail Development Co. Ltd.



- 21. Chhattisgarh East West Railway Ltd.
- 22.Chhattisgarh East Railway Ltd.
- 23. Jharkhand Central Railway Ltd.
- 24.Mahanadi Coal Railway Ltd.
- 25.Konkan Railway Co. Ltd. 26.Maharashtra Metro Rail. Corp. Ltd.
- 27. Jharkhand Rail Infra Development Corp. Ltd.
- 28. Rites Limited

41.2. Details of Transactions:

(₹in Crores)

Particulars		d Healthy ises Ltd.	CONCO Limit			CONCOR	Infractru	Logistics ecture Ltd	To	tal
	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31 2023	Year ended ,March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
A. Revenue from operations	-	-	-	-		0.45	-	-		0.45
B. Rent, Maintenance charges, interest and dividend income	-	-		10.99	1 .87	1.10	1.09	1.08	2 .96	13.17
C. Income from leased assets	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-	-	0.30	-
D. Investment (Net) made during the year	ır	8.21	-	-	-	-	20.40	-	20.40	8.21
E. Other Expenditure	-	-	-	-	19.52	14.79	27.00	29.72	46.52	44.51

41.2.2. Outstanding balance with subsidiaries

Pa	articulars Fr	resh And Health	y CONC	OR Air	SIDCUL	CONCOR	Punjab l	Logistics	To	tal
	E	Enterprises Ltd	Limi	Limited		npany Ltd.	Infrastru	cture Ltd.		
	N	ear ended March 31,2024 Year ende Marc 31, 20	March	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31,2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31,2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31,2024	Year ended March 31, 2023



-Bank Guarantee/	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Bid Bonds										
- Trade Receivable	-	-	-	-	1.49	0.52	1.29	1.46	2 .78	1.98
- Other Payables	-	-	-	-	7.56	1.77	4.38	3.39	11.94	5.16
-Loans to/(from) subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Advances given	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Interest accrued on loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Investments (Gross)	229.64	229.64	36.65	36.65	74.00	74.00	128.75	108.35	469.04	448.64
- Fixed Assets given on lease (At Cost)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

41.2.3. Tran	1.2.3. Transactions with Joint Ventures Particulars Star Track Transworld Gateway TCI- Allcargo CMA- Angul HALCON Himalayan PILH																(₹ in crore)					
Particulars	Star T	rack	Trans	world	Gate	eway	TO	CI-	Allc	argo	CN	IA-	An	gul	HAL	CON	Hima	layan	PI	LH	Tot	al
	Term			ninals		inals		COR	_	istics	CG		Suk	inda				inals				
	Pvt. 1	Ltd.		dri	India			modal		Pvt.		stics					Pvt.	Ltd.				
				vate	Lt	d.		ns Pvt.	Lt	td.		rk										
			L1	td.			Li	td.				dri)										
	Year	Voor	Voor	Year	Voor	Voor	Year	Year	Voor	Year	Pvt.		Voor	Voor	Voor	Voor	Voor	Voor	Year	Voor	Year ended	Year
							ended															ended
								March													2024	March 31,
			-	h 31,	-		31,			-			-						h 31,			2023
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
A. Revenue	25.10	20.04	<i>c</i> 7 00	65 00	0.01	0.45	250.00	215.07	04.41	22.12	24.04	20. 42									411.45	260.00
from	25.10	28.04	67.99	65.88	8.21	8.45	250.90	215.07	24.41	23.13	34.84	29.42	-	-		-		-	-	-	411.45	369.99
operations D. Dont																						
B. Rent, Maintenanc																						
e charges,																						
interest and	0.78	0.74	9.90	8.29	1.28	0.99	2.52	1.65	0.52	5.13	5.14	2.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.14	18.87
dividend																						
income																						
C. Income																						
from leased																					-	_
assets																						



D. Share in the															
income/(loss)										-	-			-	_
recognized															
E. Investment															
(Net) made															
during the								_	_					-	
year															
E. Other expenditure	2.99	0.20		4.07	2.88	0.17	0.37							4.07	6.61

41.2.4. Outstanding balances with Joint Ventures

Particulars			Trans Term Da Priv Lt	inals dri vate	Term	inals Pvt.	TO CON Multin Solut Pvt.	COR modal tions	Logi Park	argo istics i Pvt. td.	CO Logi Pa (Da	stics rk dri)		gul inda	HAL	CON	layan iinals Ltd.	PII	LH	То	tal
	Year ended March 31,202	March	March	ended March	Year ended March 31,202	March	ended	March		March	ended	Year ended March		March		March	March			Year ended March 31,2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
-Security Deposit received	0.67	0.67	0.75	0.75	-	-	0.01	0.01	0.36	0.36	0.38	0.38								2.17	2.17
- Trade Receivable					-	-	4.89	4.72							0.15	0.15				5.04	4.87
- Other Payables	-	1.47	-	0.14			-	0.40	-	0.02	-	0.26	_	_						-	2.29
-Loans to/(from) joint ventures																				-	-
- Advances received	0.38	0.53	0.22	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.04	0.04	0.15	0.29	0.35	0.19								1.21	1.17
- Advances given					-	_														-	-



41.2.5. Transactions with Trusts

(₹ in crore)

Name of related party	Nature of transaction	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
A. Contribution to trust			
a) CONCOR Employees CPF Trust	Contribution to Provident Fund	68.65	52.99
b) CONCOR Employees Gratuity Trust	Contribution to Gratuity	3.33	7.21
c) CONCOR Post Retirement Medical Trust	Contribution to Medical Trust	1.93	0.07
d) CONCOR Superannuation Pension Trust	Contribution to Pension Trust	22.88	21.82

(₹in

crore)

B. Payable to trust	On account of	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
a) CONCOR Employees CPF Trust	Contribution to Provident Fund	4 .80	-
b) CONCOR Employees Gratuity Fund	Contribution to Gratuity	2 .76	3.29
c) CONCOR Post Retirement Medical Trust	Contribution to Medical Trust	-	-
d) CONCOR Superannuation Pension Trust	Contribution to Pension Trust	1.90	-

Compensation of Key Management Personnel:

A. Whole Time Directors and Company Secretary

Name of Key Managerial Personnel	Short-term benefits		Post-retirement benefits(Provident fund/Pension)		Other long-term benefits		Total	
	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Sh. V. Kalyana Rama (Ex CMD retired on 30.09.2023)	0.68	0.86	0.06	0.11	-	0.03	0.74	1.00
Sh. Pradip Kumar Agrawal, (Ex. DD retired on 31.01.2023) Sh. Sanjay	-	0.88	-	0.09	-	-	-	0.97
Swarup/CMD (CMD w.e.f. 01.10.2023 & Ex. DIMO upto 30.09.2023)	0.74	0.82	0.11	0.10	0.02	0.05	0.87	0.97



Total	4.45	4.24	0.61	0.53	0.25	0.14	5.31	4.91
Sh. Harish Chandra, ED (Fin. & CS)	0.80	0.75	0.11	0.10	0.02	0.01	0.93	0.86
Sh. Mohammad Azhar Shams/DD (w.e.f. 01.02.2023)	0.79	0.12	0.11	0.02	0.12	0.01	1.02	0.15
Sh. Ajit Kumar Panda/DPS (w.e.f. 28.12.2022)	0.58	0.13	0.09	0.02	0.06	-	0.73	0.15
Sh. Manoj Kumar Dubey/DF	0.86	0.68	0.13	0.09	0.03	0.04	1.02	0.81

B. Independent Directors

Sitting fees paid to nominated/independent directors for the period ended March 2024 is ₹ 0.35 crore (previous period: ₹ 0.30 crore)

41.3. Disclosure in respect of Government Controlled Entities

41.3.1. Name of Government controlled entities and description of relationship wherein significant amount of transaction carried out:

Government controlled entities

1. Indian Railways (54.80% shareholding)

41.3.2.	Transaction	ı with Governme	nt Controlled Entities
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Name of related party	Nature of transaction	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Services received from			
a) Indian Railways	Rail Freight	4910.08	4502.20
	Land License Fees	370.60	392.36
	Railway Cost Recoveries	8.99	9.93
	Container Rail Siding Access Charges	10.83	14.59
	Other Charges (Overweight, Demurage, rent etc.)	1.42	1.50
	Total	5,301.92	4,920.58
Services provided to			
a) Indian Railways	Terminal Charges PFT Indian Railways	4.06	2.34
		4.06	2.34
Purchase of property and other assets from	Nature of transaction	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
a) Indian Railways	Wagons	55.10	142.20
		55.12	142.39



	55.94	162.37
Loco	0.82	19.98

The above transactions (revenue/expenses) with the government related entities presented for the parties covering collectively upto 80% of total transactions (revenue/expenses). The Company has entered into transactions related to expenses such as telephone expenses, air travel, fuel purchase etc. with above mentioned and other various government controlled entities. These expenses are not material individually and collectively.

41.3.3. Outstanding balances with Government related entities

(₹ in crore)

Name of related party	Nature of transaction	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
A. Indian Railways	Advances (Net of Payables) - Non Financial Assets	882.88	938.47
B. Indian Railways	Advances (Net of Payables) - Financial Assets	(56.00)	(60.16)
C. Executive Engineer Narmada Project Canal	Advances (Net of Payables) - Non Financial Assets	0.18	0.18
D. Government of Gujarat	Advances (Net of Payables) - Financial Assets	43.50	22.64
E. Gujarat Industrial Development Corporation	Advances (Net of Payables)- Financial Assets	0.08	0.08
		870.64	901.21

The Company has also entered into transactions related to operational and other expenses such as telephone expenses, air travel, fuel purchase etc. with above mentioned and other various government related entities. These operational and other expenses are insignificant individually and collectively.

41.4. Disclosure of Subsidiaries that have Non Controlling Interest

(a) Details of the Group's subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Name of the Subsidiary	Toportion o		Controlling Interesting Rights As at March 31, 2023
SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Limited	Sidcul, Rudrapur, Udham Singh Nagar, Uttarakhand, 263153	26%	26%
Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited	SCO-119-120, Sector 17-B,Chandigarh- 160017	49%	49%

^{41.5} Related party transactions were made on arm's length.

41.6 Company's share of assets, liabilities, income, expenditure, contingent liabilities & capital commitments in the Subsidiaries, to the extent of information available, is as follows:

					(\ III \(\text{LIDIG} \)	
Particulars	Assets	Liabilities	Income	Expenditure	Contingent	
					Liabilities &	
					Capital	
					Commitments	



Punjab Logistics	111.25	30.12	20.02	19.95	2.53
Infrastructure Ltd.	(114.92)	(33.83)	(19.51)	(20.36)	(2.58)
SIDCUL CONCOR Infra	96.68	24.61	17.68	13.61	0 .51
Company Ltd.	(89.29)	(21.29)	(14.11)	(12.92)	(0.98)

In the above statement:

- Previous year figures are in brackets.

Note 42: Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
a. Outstanding Letters of Credit and bank guaranteesb. Bank guarantees/bid bonds for joint ventures & Subsidiaries	143.25	140.31
c. The Company has given Letter of Comfort to bank(s) on behalf of subsidiaries companies.	2.03	51.31
d. Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt, net of advances/payments under protest, arbitration, court orders, etc. [include claims of ₹835.34crore (2022-23 ₹641.54crore) pending in arbitration/courts pursuant to arbitration awards]*	1,348.04	1,044.11

- *The Management has assessed the above claims and recognized a provision of ₹ Nil crore (PY 0.24 crore based on probability of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits and estimated ₹ 1,348.04 crore (PY: ₹ 1,044.11 crore) as the amount of contingent liability including LLF demand from railways for few terminals i.e. amounts for which Company may be held contingently liable. In respect of such estimated contingent claims either outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable or a reliable estimate of the amount required for settling the obligation cannot be made. In respect of the rest of the claims/obligations, possibility of any outflow in settlement is considered as remote.
- e. Contingent liabilities are disclosed to the extent of claims received and include an amount of ₹40.12crore (2022-23 ₹ 30.53 crore), which may be reimbursable to the company. Any further interest demand on the basic claim is not considered where legal cases are pending, as the claim itself is not certain. No provision has been made for the contingent liabilities stated above, as on the basis of information available, careful evaluation of facts and past experience of legal aspects of the matters involved, it is not probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will take place.
- f. A demand of ₹ 158.84 crore received from SDMC towards property tax of ICD/Tughlakabad whereas as per the opinion of Advocate no provision of property tax was being made in the books earlier and no demand were ever received in this regard. Out of ₹ 158.84 crore an amount of ₹ ₹ 23.06 crore (2023-24: ₹3.55 crore, 2022-23: ₹7.25 crore & 2020-21: ₹10.76 crore& 2019-20: ₹1.50 crore) has been deposited with SDMC towards service charge as applicable on other PSU i.e M/s DMRC. Stay order has been granted by H'nable Delhi High Court & Final Order is awaited. ₹ 135.78 crore has been included in the contingent liability.
- g. Disallowance of SFIS Scrips For AY 2013-14 was quashed by Hon'ble ITAT/Delhi and Department has filed appeal against the orders with Hon'ble High Court/Delhi and the same is pending with Hon'ble High Court/Delhi.

In respect of AY 2008-09, department has filed a Miscellaneous application in ITAT for disallowance of 80IA-Rail System (Rolling Stock). The same matter has already been allowed in favor of CONCOR by Apex Court in case of AY 2003-04 to AY 2005-06. The case in respect of AY 2008-09 is pending for decision in ITAT.



In respect of AY 2014-15, CONCOR's appeal against "Disallowance of ₹ 5.46 Crores w.r.t. amortization of leasehold land" was allowed by ITAT and referred to AO for statistical purpose vide ITAT Order (ITA No. 2367/Del/2018) dated 10.03.2021.

Further, CONCOR's appeal against "Disallowance of ₹ 1.51 Crores w.r.t. Prior Period Expense" was allowed by CIT (A), Delhi-2 vide its order (10420/2019-20) dated31.10.2023

h. Disputed income tax/other tax liabilities (excluding interes	st) have been summarized as:	(7 ·
	,	(₹ in Crore)
Nature of Dispute	Assessment Year	Amount
{A} Regular Assessment	2008-09	96.59
	2013-14	48.55
	2020-21	0.50
Total (A)	145.64	
Nature of Dispute	Assessment Year	Amount
{B} Service Tax(i) One third share of service tax demand related to JWG-ACC	2002-2008	1.48
Total (B)		1.48
{C} Others:		
(i)) Water Tax dispute - Kanpur	2001-till Date	1.48
Total (C)		1.48
Total(A+B+C)		148.60

- (i) "The company entered into contract for supply of 1320 wagons by Hindustan engineering and Industries (HEI). After the supply of 1050 wagons, the contract was terminated during FY 2004-05, for non-fulfilment of obligation on the part of HEI. The company invoked the bank guarantee of ₹ 5.99 crore for refund of unadjusted advance and ₹ 7.37 crores towards performance guarantee for non fulfilment of terms of contract on the part of HEI. The matter was referred to an Arbitration Tribunal comprising three members, which has given majority award amounting to ₹ 39.58 Crores and interest @ 15% from date 22.05.2005 to 13.11.2013 amounting to ₹ 50.37 crore, totalling to ₹ 89.95 Crore + 18% interest p.a. from the date of award to the date of payment in favour of M/s Hindustan Engineering Industries on 13.11.2013. Minority award by Co-Arbitrator has been given amounting to ₹ 14.61 crore in favour of the company. The majority award given in favour of HEI has been challenged by the company under section 34 of Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 in the High Court of Delhi at New Delhi on dated 07.03.2014. Last hearing in this case was held on 24.04.2024 & next Hearing is schedule for 30.07.2024.
- (j) The Company has executed "Custodian cum Carrier Bonds" of ₹ 25139.69crore (Previous year: ₹ 26,588.19 crore) in favour of Customs Department under the Customs Act, 1962. These bonds are of continuing nature, for which claims may be lodged by the Custom Authorities. Claims lodged during the year Nil (previous year: NIL).
- (k)No further provision is considered necessary in respect of these matters as the company expects favourable outcome. It is not possible for the company to estimate the timing of further cash outflows, if any, in respect of these matters.
- (1) No contingent assets and contingent gains are probable to the company.



Note 43: Commitments for expenditure

Estimated amounts of contracts remaining to be executed on capital & other account (net of advances) and not provided for:

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
In relation to joint ventures & subsidiaries	68.72	89.12
On Capital Account	619.49	1,101.25
On Revenue Account	11.20	9.83

Note 44: Details of capital Expenditure on enabling assets created on land not belonging to the company are as under:					
Particulars As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2023					
Building	7.51	7.51			
Railway Siding	8.00	8.00			
Plant & Machinery	3.05	3.05			
Electrical Fittings	2.81	2.81			
Furniture	0.02	0.02			
Others 0.18 0.18					
Total 21.57 21.57					

Out of the above capital expenditure ₹ 21.57 crore (previous year: ₹ 21.57 crore) has already been charged to Statement of Profit & Loss as Depreciation. The Net Value of these assets in the books of accounts is NIL as on 31.03.2024.

Note 45: Disclosure as required by Regulation 34(3) and 53(f) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

(₹ in Crore)

				(X III Crore)
Subsidiary Company	Amount outstanding During the year ended		Outstanding	m Amount during the year ded
	March 31st, 2024	March 31st, 2023	March 31st, 2024	March 31st, 2023
CONCOR Air Ltd	-	-	-	-
Fresh and Healthy Enterprises Limited	-	-	-	-
SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Ltd. (partly owned)	-	-	-	-
Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Ltd. (partly owned)	-	-	-	-

Note 46: Value of imports calculated on C.I.F. basis

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
Raw materials	-	-
Capital goods	-	0.34
Stores & Spares	-	-



Note 47: Expenditure in foreign currency

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
Consultancy Charges	-	-
Research & Development	-	-
Travelling	0.19	0.07
Membership & Subscription	0.01	-
Training Expenses	0.43	-
Children Higher Education-Staff	-	0.09
Books & periodicals	-	-

Note 48

- (a) During the year, the company realised ₹ 10.00 crore (previous year ₹ 41.84crore) (net of auction expenses) from auction of unclaimed containers. Out of the amount realized, ₹ 2.67 crore (previous year ₹ 9.17 crore) is paid/payable as custom duty, ₹ 6.70 crore (previous year ₹ 32.13 crore) has been recognised as income and the balance of ₹ 0.63 crore (previous year ₹ 0.54 crore) has been shown under Current Liabilities.
- (b) Current liabilities include ₹ Nil crore (As at March 31 2023 ₹ Nil crore) towards unutilised capital grant received for acquisition of specific fixed assets in CONCOR/business arrangements. ₹ Nil crore has been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024 (previous year: ₹ Nil crore).
- (c) Current liabilities include ₹ 1.82 crore (As at March 31 2023 ₹ 1.82 crore) towards unutilised revenue grant received from National Horticulture Board for offsetting the freight for the Horticulture Projects.
- (d) Out of the capital grant of ₹ 51.39 crore (previous year: ₹ 56.17 crore), an amount of ₹ 5.11 crore (previous year: ₹ 4.78 crore) has been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and the balance of ₹ 46.28 crore (previous year: ₹ 51.39 crore) is shown under other current liabilities

Note 49: The Particulars of dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act,2006 ("MSMED Act")

(₹ in Crore)

		(till crore)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act at the year end [Refer note no 25&25(a)]	25.97	25.98

Note: The above information has been disclosed in respect of parties which have been identified on the basis of the information available with the Company.

Note 50: Remittance In Foreign Currency For Dividend

The company has not remitted any amount in foreign currency on account of dividend during the year.

Provisions relating to disclosure of information as required by Companies Act, 2013 in case of companies other than service companies are not applicable, as the company has no manufacturing, trading and financing activities.



Note 51

In FY 2020-21, Ministry of Railways, Government of India vide its order no.2015/LML-II/13/4 dated 19.03.2020, had communicated that the LLF applicable on the Railway land leased to CONCOR shall now be charged w.e.f. 01.04.2020 as per extant policy of Railways i.e. @6% of the value of land, which will be further increased 7% annually.

Accordingly, as per the company assessment, an amount of ₹ 373.06 crore (2022-23:₹393.63 crore) has been booked, net off past provisions of ₹ 68.20 crores (2022-23:₹ 6.22 crore) as Land License fee payable to Indian Railways in current financial year as per extant policy of Railways.

Note 52: Interest in Joint Ventures

a) Brief description of Joint Ventures of the Company where investments have been made are:

a) Brief description of Joint Ventures of the Company where investments have been made are:					
Particulars	Country of incorporation	(%) Holding			
Star Track Terminals Pvt. Ltd.: A Joint Venture with APM Terminals India Pvt. Ltd. (formerly known as Maersk India Pvt. Ltd.) for setting up and running a CFS at Dadri, U.P.	India	49			
Transworld Terminals Dadri Private Limited (formerly known as Albatross Inland Ports Private Limited): A Joint Venture with Transworld Terminals Private Limited for CFS at Dadri, U.P.	India	49			
Gateway Terminals India Pvt. Ltd.: A Joint Venture with APM Terminals Mauritius Ltd. for third berth at JN Port, Mumbai.	India	26			
CMA-CGM Logistics Park (Dadri) Pvt. Ltd: A Joint Venture with "CMA-CGM Agencies(India) Pvt. Ltd." for CFS at Dadri, UP.	India	49			
Himalayan Terminals Pvt. Ltd.: A Joint Venture with Nepalese Enterprises (Interstate Multimodal Transport Pvt. Ltd. of Nepal & Nepal Transit & Warehouse Co. Ltd.) & Transworld group of companies for management and operation of rail container terminal at Birgunj (Nepal).	Nepal	40			
HALCON: A business arrangement with Hindustan Aeronautics Ltd. for operating an air cargo complex & ICD at Ozar airport, Nasik.	India	50			
India Gateway Terminal Pvt. Ltd.: A Joint Venture with Hindustan Ports Pvt. Ltd. & others for setting up and managing Container Terminals at Cochin.	India	11.87			
TCI-CONCOR Multimodal Solutions Pvt. Ltd. (formerly known as Infinite Logistics Solutions Pvt. Ltd.): A Joint Venture with Transport Corporation of India Ltd.to establish logistics freight terminals and provide integrated logistics services across the country.	India	49			
Container Gateway Ltd.: A Joint Venture with Gateway Distriparks Ltd. (earlier Gateway Rail Freight Ltd.) for operations of existing rail/road container terminal at GarhiHarsaru, Gurgaon (Haryana)	India	49			
Allcargo Logistics Park Pvt. Ltd.: A Joint Venture with Allcargo Logistics Ltd. for setting up and running CFS at Dadri.	India	49			



Angul Sukinda Railway Ltd.: A Joint Venture with Rail Vikas India 26

Nigam Limited, Jindal Steel & Power Ltd., Odisha Mining
Corporation, Odisha Industrial Infrastructure Development
Corporation and Government of Odisha to develop the region of
Odisha.

Pipavav Integrated Logistics-HUB (PILH): A business
arrangement Central Warehousing Corporation to operate the
Logistics facility at Pipavav Port.

b) Brief description of subsidiaries of the Company where investments have been made are:

Particulars	Country of incorporation	(%) Holding
Fresh and Healthy Enterprises Limited	India	100
CONCOR AIR Limited	India	100
SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Ltd.: A Joint	India	74
Venture with SIIDCUL (State Infrastructure & Industrial Development Corporation of Uttrakhand).		
Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Ltd.: A Joint Venture with Punjab State Container & Warehousing Corporation Limited (CONWARE).	India	51

c) Company's share of assets, liabilities, income, expenditure, contingent liabilities & capital commitments in the Joint Ventures, to the extent of information available, is as follows:

Particulars	Assets	Liabilities	Income	Expenditure	Contingent Liabilities & Capital Commitments
1.Star Track Terminal	38.02	13.14	28.71	28.53	0.13
Pvt. Ltd. #	(33.15)	(8.46)	(31.19)	(28.87)	(0.13)
2.Transworld Terminals Dadri Private Limited (formerly known as	30.47	6.62	35.86	31.22	-
Albatross Inland Ports Private Limited)#	(34.94)	(7.64)	(37.55)	(32.26)	
3.Gateway Terminals	542.44	272.24	229.88	228.92	238.98
India Pvt. Ltd. #	(461.24)	(191.81)	(200.46)	(203.33)	(315.73)
4. Himalayan Terminals	8.44	7.72	0.29	0.19	3.38
Pvt. Ltd. #	(8.34)	(7.72)	(0.29)	(0.20)	-
5.CMA -CGM Logistics	26.87	6.48	39.48	34.88	-
Park (Dadri) Pvt. Ltd. #	(24.52)	(5.46)	(36.27)	(30.70)	(0.02)
6.HALCON	3.78	0.37	2.34	1.16	-
	(2.49)	(0.25)	(2.02)	(2.97)	-
7.India Gateway	116.56	106.65	50.64	40.85	129.28
Terminal Pvt. Ltd. #	(86.38)	(86.31)	(46.98)	(42.33)	(156.50)
8.Angul Sukinda Railway Ltd. #	873.17	607.62	71.80	71.68	104.29
	(770.83)	(531.45)	(136.91)	(136.80)	(158.25)



9.TCI-CONCOR	37.40	21.82	169.34	166.29	-
Multimodal Solutions					
Pvt. Ltd. (formerly					
known as Infinite	(23.21)	(10.18)	(149.31)	(146.62)	-
Logistics Solutions Pvt.	, ,	,	,	,	
Ltd.)					
10. Allcargo Logistics	27.54	4.93	25.55	19.96	0.04
Park Pvt. Ltd.#	(22.18)	(5.16)	(23.44)	(18.88)	(0.04)
11.Container Gateway	0.05	0.04	-	-	-
Ltd. #	(0.05)	(0.04)	-	-	-
12.Pipavav Integrated	-	-	-	-	-
Logistics Hub(PILH)#	(0.61)	(0.01)	-	(0.24)	-

In the above statement:

- Previous year figures are in brackets.
- # Current year figures are unaudited.

Note 53

Works carried out by Railways/its units for the company are accounted for on the basis of correspondence /estimates/advice etc.

Note 54

India Gateway Terminal (P) Ltd. (IGTPL) is a joint venture of CONCOR with Hindustan Ports Pvt. Ltd & others for setting up and managing of container terminal at Cochin. Though CONCOR's share in the accumulated losses (as per unaudited financial statements for FY 2023-24) of this JV are as at ₹ 44.69crores& does not exceeds its investment of ₹ 54.60 crores as on 31st March 2024, no provision for diminution in the value of investment has been made, as with the management's consistent review and implementation of appropriate business strategy, the company has already made a turnaround. The same is clearly established from the unaudited financial statements of IGTPL for FY 2023-24.

Management has also tested this investment for impairment in accordance with the conditions laid own under IND AS-36 "Impairment of Assets". As per the impairment testing carried out by the management, it has been established that the Value in Use i.e., the present value of future expected cash flows that will accrue from the improving/enhancing of its asset's performance exceed the carrying value of investment. IND AS-36 states that impairment needs to be provided if and only if the carrying value of investments exceeds its value in use or fair value.

Note 55

- (a). Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited (FHEL), is a wholly owned subsidiary of the company. The carrying amount of company's investment in FHEL as on 31.03.2024 is ₹ 204.03 crores in the books of the company. Impairment testing report of FHEL as on 31.03.2024 has indicated that recoverable value of assets of FHEL as on 31.03.2024 is ₹198.95 Crores against the carrying amount of FHEL investment in books of Container Corporation of India Ltd. of ₹ 204.03 Crores. Accordingly, an amount of ₹ 5.08 Cr. (Previous Year :Nil) has been recognised as impairment loss in profit & loss statement and the same has been recognised as exceptional item in statement of profit & loss.
- (b) CONCOR Air Limited (CAL), is a wholly owned subsidiary of the company. The carrying amount of company's investment in CAL as on 31.03.2024 is ₹ 35.40 crores in the books of the company. Impairment testing report of CAL as on 31.03.2024 has indicated that recoverable value of assets of CAL as on 31.03.2024 is ₹ 34.37 Crores against the carrying amount of CAL investment in books of Container Corporation of India Ltd. of ₹ 35.40



Crores. Accordingly, an amount of ₹ 1.03 Cr. (Previous Year :₹ 1.25 Cr.) has been recognised as impairment loss in profit & loss statement and the same has been recognised as exceptional item in statement of profit & loss.

(c) Pipavav Integrated Logistics Hub (PILH), a JWG (A business arrangement with Central Warehousing Corporation to operate the Logistics facility at Pipavav Port). The JWG so formed with an investment of ₹ 10 Crores (₹ 5 Crores each by both the parties equally i.e. CONCOR and CWC). In the initial phase of entity, there was no business in terms of TEUs. The operations started from Sep.2019, total TEUs handled during the FY 2019-20 was 911 TEUs. During the same year, due to the out-break of Covid-19 in December, 2019 operations were restricted. Thereafter, there was no volume/business on account of PILH due to COVID lockdown. Therefore, vide letter no. CON/IM/401/16 Dt.02.07.2020., it was decided to pre-close JWG agreement due to economic non-viability of the JWG-PILH and to terminate the agreement with effect from 02.07.2020. The carrying amount of company's investment in PILH have been ₹ 1.03 crores in the books of the company. Accordingly, the company has written off investment of ₹ 1.03 crore in M/s PILH and the same has been recognised as exceptional item in statement of profit & loss

Note 56

(a) In FY 2023-24, an amount of ₹ 17.52 crore (In FY 2022-23 ₹ 19.57 crore.) has been utilized on various social activities undertaken including development of aspirational districts adopted by CONCOR by taking up healthcare activities in districts, i.e., Chandauli, Chirtakoot, Uttar Pradesh under CONCOR CSR activities.

Apart from above activities in aspirational districts, CONCOR has undertaken various other activities as per its CSR policy and Companies Act 2013. Some of the major projects are related to creating infrastructure for schools and healthcare centre, procurement of medical equipment's, organization of health camps, sportfacilities, environment activities, installation of solar lights etc.

(b) Disclosure with regards to CSR activities under section 135 of the Companies Act:-

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March 2024	March 2023
(i) Amount required to be spent by the company during the year,	57.90	49.26
(ii) Amount of expenditure incurred (in cash FY 202324)	10.79	19.57
(iii) Shortfall at the end of the year.	47.11	29.69
(iv) Total of previous years shortfall,	28.16	20.84

(v) reason for shortfall,

Some amounts allocated for spending towards CSR could not be utilized during the year, mainly due to not completion of project on time by implementing agencies with whom CONCOR has signed MOU due to various reasons including non-availability of men & material in respect of construction works as well as shortage of required equipments/ goods which are to be supplied by implementing agencies to beneficiaries, etc.

(vi) nature of CSR activities

Company identified the areas of CSR activity as per provisions of schedule VII of Companies Act 2013, which include health & medical care, sanitation, education/literacy enhancement, community development, rural development, environment protection, conservation of natural resources, and infrastructure development.

- (vii) No transactions with related parties, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard.
- (viii) No provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation.



Note 57

Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Company

Relevant line item in the Balance sheet	Description of item of property	Gross carrying value	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/dir ector or employee of promoter/dir ector	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Kanakpura (Jaipur)	1,52,68,501	Indian Railway	Not Applicable	03 January 2002	Agreement not executed.
Others	Ravtha Road (Kota)	0	Indian Railway	Not Applicable	11 Novembe r 2013	Agreement executed, however period not mentioned in deed.
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Freehold Land at Varnama.	11,38,34,006	Land Owners- Farmers of Varanama Village	Not Applicable	2014 & 2019	Acquisition completed. Updation in Govt record is pending (7/12)
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Freehold Land at Varnama.	7,09,53,065	Land Owners- Farmers of Varanama Village	Not Applicable.	2022	Acquisition completed. Updation in Govt record is pending (7/12).
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Aurangabad 3- Housing flats Purchased from CIDCO	9,47,726	City and Industrial Development Corporation of	Not Applicable.	12 May 2000	Possession slips issued by City and Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Ltd., (CIDCO) for all the three flats



			Maharashtra Ltd., (CIDCO)			(no.5,9 &12 at N-4, Shopping Complex at Aurangabad) are in the name of Company
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Mumbai, Powai 10 LIG flats Purchased from MHADA	1,50,05,850	MHADA (Maharashtra Housing and Area Development Authority)	Not Applicable	01 May 1998	No title deed or agreement executed by MHADA & only allotment/ possession letter issued by MHADA is available.
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Building no. 19, Oshiwara, Mumbai- 2 MIG flats Purchased from MHADA	56,12,658	MHADA (Maharashtra Housing and Area Development Authority)	Not Applicable	01 May 1998	No title deed or agreement executed by MHADA & only allotment / possession letter issued by MHADA is available.
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Building no. 16, Oshiwara, Mumbai-2 MIG flats Purchased from MHADA	62,96,452	MHADA (Maharashtra Housing and Area Development Authority)	Not Applicable	01 May 1998	No title deed or agreement executed by MHADA & only allotment / possession letter issued by MHADA is available.
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Freehold Land at Krishnapatnam (Land Area- 141.95 Acs)	33,30,01,871	Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation	Not Applicable	21 March 2018	As per the clause 3 of the sale agreement, Sale deed can be executed only upon implementation and going into Commercial production. The commercial production is yet to commence.
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Leasehold Land as ROU Asset at Nagalapalle (0.28 acres)	8,85,542	South Central Railway	Not Applicable	01 April 2021	A draft agreement has been submitted by Railways and is still under process
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Leasehold at SRO (RAILWAY QUARTER)	1,30,00,000	Southern Railways	Not Applicable	2010	Lease agreement pending with Zonal Office, Southern Railway
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Leasehold at SRO (REGIONAL OFFICE BUILDING)	2,00,00,000	Southern Railway	Not Applicable	2014	Lease agreement pending with Zonal Office, Southern Railway



Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Residential Flat	17,00,000	Southern Railway	Not Applicable	11 June 1999	Lease agreement pending with Zonal Office, Southern Railway
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Residential Flat	22,00,000	Southern Railway	Not Applicable	01 June 1998	Lease agreement pending with Zonal Office, Southern Railway
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	LEASE HOLD LAND at MMLP Naya Raipur (land area 2.99 acres)		South East Central Railway	Not Applicable	Sep-22	In Sept-2022, the permanent connectivity has been made and connected with the newly commissioned Naya Raipur Railway Station. In this connection, to arrive an exact Railway area using by CONCOR, a joint survey has been carried out by Railways/CONCOR and submitted the Land Licensing Plan for approval to Railways. the revised land area is = 12598 Sqms. Once the land plan get approved, the land Licensing Agreement will be executed with Railways.
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	LEASE HOLD LAND at Sanathnagar (land area 9.24 acres)	-	South Central Railway	Not Applicable	23 May 2001	CONCOR had lease one of the parcel of railway land of 9.24acres at ICD Sanathnagar. The agreement for such land is not executed yet. Continuous follow up is going up with, Railways to finalise the draft agreement of lease at ICD/SNF
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Land taken on lease at CTKR Terminal from Syama Prasad Mookerjee Port Trust	42,77,24,119	Syama Prasad Mookerjee Port Trust	Not Applicable	25 February 2004	The Land Lease Agreement with Syama Prasad Mookerjee Port Trust for 85,500 Sq. metres of land taken on lease at CTKR Terminal got expired on 24-02-2019.CONCOR has requested and appealed to port authorities for 50% concession in lease rent but no formal decision has been received from the port authorities. The execution of the lease deed will be taken up after the response of port authorities.



Others	Land taken on lease at Shalimar Terminal from South Eastern Railways	- South Eastern Railways	Not Applicable	01 February 1992	CONCOR has taken a land on lease from South Eastern Railways measuring 15.01 Acres for a period of 30 years with effect from 01-02-1992. The Lease agreement got expired on31-01-2022 and pending for renewal as on the reporting date of the balance sheet for FY 2021-22. The lease agreement is pending on account of difference in the area of the land taken on lease as per South Eastern Railways and CONCOR. Once the issue in the area of land taken on lease is resolved, the lease agreement will be executed.
Others	Land taken on lease at MMLP Jharsuguda Terminal from South Eastern Railways	- South Eastern Railways	Not Applicable	26 August 2016	CONCOR has taken a land on lease from South Eastern Railways measuring 2.142 Acres for a period of 5 years with effect from 26-08-2016. The Lease agreement got expired on 25-08-2021 and pending for renewal as on the reporting date of the balance sheet for FY 2021-22. CONCOR has taken up the issue of non-execution of lease agreement with concerned railways and awaiting necessary action from railways side.
Others	Office Space taken on Lease at Shalimar Terminal from South Eastern Railways	- South Eastern Railways	Not Applicable	01 February 1992	CONCOR has taken an Office Space on rent from South Eastern Railways measuring 285 Sq. feet in respect of which no lease agreement has been entered. South Eastern Railways has raised Office rent invoices which are not inconsonance with the Railway board circular no.2010/LML/18/64 dated 11-07-2018. The Company has represented to revise the office rent invoice as per the said railway board circular. However, revised bill is awaited from railways. The Execution of the lease agreement will be taken upon receipt of office rent invoice in accordance with the railway board circular dated 11-07-2018.



Note 58

There are no Loans or Advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are:(a) repayable on demand; or(b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

Note 59: Key Ratios

The following are analytical ratio for the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023-

The following are an					
Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	Current	Previous	Remarks
(a) Current Ratio	Total current	Total Current	year 3.39	year 3.07	
(in times)	Assets	liabilities			
(b) Debt- Equity Ratio (in times)	Debts consists of lease liability	Total Equity	0.08	0.06	On account of increase in lease liability (ROU assets) as compare to previous FY
(c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	Earnings available for debt service= Net profit after taxes+Interest +Other non cash adjustments	Debt Services= Interest & lease payments	14.22	16.55	
(d) Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Net Profits after taxes less Preference Dividend (if any)	Average Shareholder's Equity	10.7%	10.6%	On account of higher PAT as compare to previous FY.
(e) Inventory turnover ratio (in times)	Cost of goods	Average Inventory	NA	NA	
(f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average Trade receivables	31.82	41.64	On account of increase in Revenue from operations
(g) Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	Terminal & other services charges+ other expenses	Average Trade Payables	18.78	14.57	On account of increase in operating expenses as compare to previous FY in line with increase in operating income.
(h) Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average working capital (i.e Total current Assets less Total current liabilities)	2.92	2.96	
(i) Net profit ratio (in %)	Profit for the year	Revenue from operations	14.3%	14.4%	On account of increase in depreciation & Staff cost as compare to previous FY.
(j) Return on Capital employed (in %)	Profit before tax and finance costs	Capital employed= Net worth+ Lease	13.4%	13.5%	On account of increase in lease liability (ROU Assets) as compare to previous FY.



Liabilities

(k) Return on Income Average investment (in %) generated from investments invested funds

4.4% 4.4%

Note 60

Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency:-

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

Note 61

Details of Benami Property held:-

The Company does not hold any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988. and no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company under the said Act.

Note 62

The Company does not have any borrowings outstanding as on 31.03.2024 and has not borrowed any funds from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets during Financial Year 2023-24. Considering the same, the company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender and no charges or satisfaction are yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

Note 63

Relationship with Struck off Companies:-

The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

Note 64

The company has complied with provision related to the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

Note 65

No Scheme of Arrangements has been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Note 66

The company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Note 67

The Company does not have any transaction not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Further, there were no previously unrecorded income and related assets which were required to be properly recorded in the books of account during the year.



Note 68

a) Unless otherwise stated, the figures are in rupees crore. Previous year's figures have been restated, regrouped and rearranged, wherever considered necessary.

Note 69

Approval of Financial statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors in its meeting held on 16th May, 2024.

In terms of our report attached

For HEM SANDEEP & CO. For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants

FRN-009907N

Himanshu Saxena (Sanjay Swarup) (Manoj K. Dubey) (Harish Chandra)
Partner Chairman & Managing Director (Finance) & CFO Executive Director (Finance)
Membership no.546385 (DIN05159435) (DIN:07518387) & Company Secretary

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16th May, 2024



HEM SANDEEP & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

1961, KATRA KHUSHAL RAI, KINARI BAZAR, CHANDNI CHOWK DELHI-110006

E-MAIL: hemsandeep@cahsc.in hemsandeep@yahoo.com

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

Report on the Audit of Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2024, its profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit of standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matters

We draw the attention to:

a) Refer Note no. 30, 39 and 51, which describe payment of Land License Fee to Indian Railways for land leased to it on the basis of company assessment in line with Master circular dated 04.10.2022 issued by Railway and is not final. In view of the uncertainty of the lease terms, no Right of Use (ROU) has been assessed as required under Ind AS 116.

Our conclusion is not modified in respect of these matters

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year ended 31st March 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our



audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be key audit matters to be communicated in our report

Key Audit Matter	How our Audit Addressed the Key Audit matter
Demand raised by Railways against the company:	Our audit procedures included the following:
The company has received demand against Land Licence fee for three terminals namely Phillaur for Rs.15.96 Crores, Tughlakabad for Rs.677.68 Crores and Moradabad for Rs.5.58 Crores.	 Discussion with the management on the policy matter of land licence fee (LLF) payable to Railway. The Railway Board As per Master Circular issued by Railways on 4.10.2022, the annual Land Licence fee will be payable @ 6% of market value of land with annual escalation of 7%. The market value is to be taken as Industrial land rate specified in the State(s). The company has assessed the liability of LLF based on the area of land measured under Joint inspection of company and Railway and calculated the LLF by applying industrial land rates taken from respective Land Revenue Authorities.
	 In said cases, the demand is mainly due to differences in assessment of land area and market value of land between the company and Indian Railways (IR). The same are being reconciled with respective Divisional offices of IR, which are under their consideration for necessary correction. We have obtained representation letter from the management on the assessment of these matters as per SA 580 (revised).

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management Discussion and Analysis, Director's Report including annexure to Director's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance, ten years Financial/physical performance and data and letter from CMD included in the annual report of the company, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to communicate the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial results, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate Internal Financial Control System in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
- d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based



on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements:

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. The Comptroller & Auditor General of India has issued directions indicating the areas to be examined in terms of Sub section (5) of Section 143 of the Act, compliance of which are set out in "Annexure-B".
- 3. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of accounts as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of accounts.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e. As per the notification number G.S.R. 463(E) dated 5th June, 2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, section 164(2) of the Act regarding the disqualifications of Directors is not applicable to the Company, since it is a Government Company.



- f. With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure C".
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report, as per notification number G.S.R. 463 (E) dated 5th June, 2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, section 197(16) of the Act regarding the Managerial Remuneration is not applicable to the Company, since it is a Government Company.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations/arbitrations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements. Refer note no. 42 to the standalone financial statements.
 - ii. The company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management of the Company have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity "Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or any of such subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The Management of the Company has represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company or any of such subsidiaries from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us on the Company, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule II (e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - v. As stated in Note 19.2 to the standalone financial statements:
 - a. The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act, as applicable.
 - b. The interim dividend declared and paid by the Company during the year and until the date of this report is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
 - c. The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.



vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023. Accordingly, based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail (Edit Log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded it the software.

For Hem Sandeep & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 009907N

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16.05.2024 (Himanshu Saxena) Partner M. No. 546385

UDIN: 24546385BKDOWA3433

Annexure - A to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to Paragraph – 1 under the "Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the Members of Container Corporation of India Limited of even date)

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- i. In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:
 - a. (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - b. The Company has a program of physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment and right-of use assets which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c. Based on our examination of the records of the company, we report that, the title in respect of self-constructed buildings and title deeds of all other immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in the financial statements included under Property, Plant and Equipment are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date except the cases given in Appendix-A where title deeds of immovable properties are not held in the name of the company.
 - d. The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
 - e. No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made there under.
- ii. (a) The Company has carried out physical verification of inventory at the year end. As per the information and explanations given to us, no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were



noticed during such verification, and as such no adjustments were required to be made in the books of accounts.

- (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. The Company, during the year, has made investment of Rs 20.40 crores by way of Cumulative Redeemable Preference shares in M/S Punjab Infrastructure Logistics Limited (PLIL), a subsidiary of the company. However, the company has not provided any security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties, in respect of which:
 - a. The Company had provided guarantee to HDFC Bank amounting to Rs 70 crores in past for loan given by HDFC Bank to M/S Punjab Infrastructure Logistics Limited (PLIL), a subsidiary of the company. Further, the company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loans or provided security to any other entity during the year. Details in respect of above is given below:
 - A. The aggregate amount of guarantee provided during the year is NIL and balance outstanding with respect to such guarantee is Rs 2.03 crores as on 31.03.2024
 - B. This sub-clause is not applicable.
 - b. In our opinion, the investments made during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
 - c. The company has not granted loans and advances, hence reporting under clauses 3(iii)(c), (d), (e) and (f) of the order are not applicable.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees and securities provided, as applicable.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi. The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Hence, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. In respect of statutory dues:
 - a. In our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities. There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b. Details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31,2024 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of	Nature of the	Amount	Period to which	Forum where	Status of Dispute
The	Dues	(Rs. in	the amount	dispute is	
Statute		crores)	relates	pending	



Service	Service tax	Rs. 1.48	Sept 2002 -	CESTAT	A Joint working
Tax	penalty	13. 1.40	June-2008	Bangalore	group (JWG) of
Tux	penarry		June 2000	Dangarore	HAL, CONCOR, &
					MSIL was
					established during
					the year 2001 with
					equal share and
					closed during the
					year 2011. The
					custodian of
					Accounts was M/s
					HAL. A service Tax
					demand is pending
					against the erstwhile
					JWG, against which
					1/3 rd share of
					CONCOR towards
					the service Tax
					demand amounting
					Rs. 1.48 crore has
					been withheld by
					M/s HAL. The case
					is still pending in CESTAT.
Income	Disallowance	Rs.	AY 2008-09	ITAT	An appeal was filed
Tax	of 80IA Rail	284.16			with CIT(A) against
	System	(excludin			the order passed by
		g interest			AO u/s 147/143(3).
		Rs. 96.59)			CIT(A) had passed
					order on 27/01/2017
					allowing the appeal
					in favour of
					CONCOR.
					CONCOR.
					Further, department
					filed an appeal
					before the ITAT
					against the order of
					CIT (A) which was
					dismissed by ITAT
					vide order dated 13-
					01-2020 based on
					the similar cases
					disallowed by
					HC/SC in earlier
					AYs.
					Department filed
					Misc application in



					ITAT on 27-12-2021 against the above ITAT order. No information regarding same was shared with Company. CONCOR got information about same only after receipt of Notice of hearing 07-11-2023.
					First date of hearing was 08-12-2023 and after 3 hearings, fourth hearing is on 26-07-2024.
Income Tax	Disallowance of deductions for: SFIS Scrips	Rs. 149.63 (excludin g Interest - Rs 48.55)	AY - 2013-14	Income tax Dept	CIT(A) vide order dated 22/07/2022 ordered to delete the addition of Rs.149.63 cr made to income for A.Y.2013-14 on account of SFIS Scrips and utilised for domestic purchases. DCIT has appealed with ITAT on 16.09.2022 vide IT Appeal No.2298/Del of 2022. ITAT vide order dated 12/07/2023 dismissed the appeal of the revenue (DCIT) and order has been pronounced in CONCOR's favour. No further communication received from IT department in this regard.



Tax of deductions for: Contribution to provident fund'superann uation fund Dept Income Tax Return submitted by Company for AY 2020-21, an Intimation order under section 143 (1) dated 24.12.2021 for AY 2020-21 which was serviced to the company (having DIN no CPC/2021/A6/1874 51475) on 22.07.2022 making adjustments amounting to Rs 1.75.61.660 on account of Employee contribution to superannuation fund not paid on or before due date. Disallowance of deductions for: Claimed under 800 of Income Tax Act AY - 2020-21 Income tax Dept Income	Income	Disallowance	Rs. 1.76	AY - 2020-21	Income tax	In response to the
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		Section 80(G).
		As per Assessment
		Order U/s 143(3) the
		same has been
		disallowed.
		CONCOR filed
		appeal with CIT(A)
		on 28.09.2022 with
		acknowledgement
		No.
		610627680011022.

- viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961(43 of 1961).
- ix. (a) The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender. Hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, funds have not been raised on short-term basis. Hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(d) of the order is not applicable.
 - (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
 - (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- x. (a) The Company, during the year, has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company, during the year, has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the order is not applicable.
- xi. (a) No fraud by the Company and no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(xi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in FormADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
 - (c) As per the information and explanations given to us, no whistle blower complaints have been received by the company during the year.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
 - xiii. In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) As per information and explanations given to us, the company has appointed independent firms of Chartered Accountants for conduct of Internal Audit. In our opinion, the internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.



- (b) We have considered the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xv. In our opinion, during the year, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. (a)There are no unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) on other than on-going projects requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act in compliance with second proviso to subsection (5) of Section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
 - (b) In respect of ongoing projects, the Company has transferred unspent Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) amount as at the end of the previous financial year, to a Special account within a period of 30 days from the end of the said financial year in compliance with the provision of section 135(6) of the Act.
- xxi. There have not been any qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements. In respect of Joint Venture companies, the Audit Reports of other Joint Ventures Companies have not been provided to us.

For Hem Sandeep & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 009907N

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16.05.2024 (Himanshu Saxena) Partner M. No. 546385

UDIN: 24546385BKDOWA3433



APPENDIX-A

Cases where title deeds of Immovable properties are not held in the name of the company.

Description of property	Gross carrying value	Held in name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative or employee of Promoter/ Director	Period held- indicate range, where appropriate	Reason for not being held in name of company
Kanakpura (Jaipur)	1,52,68,500.70	Indian Railway	Not Applicable	03 January 2002	Agreement not executed.
Ravtha Road (Kota)	-	Indian Railway	Not Applicable	11 November 2013	Agreement executed, however period not mentioned in deed.
Freehold Land at Varnama	11,38,34,006.00	Land Owners- Farmers of Varnama Vill.	Not Applicable	2014 & 2019	Acquisition completed. Updation in Govt. record is pending. (7/12)
Freehold Land at Varnama	7,09,53,065.00	Land Owners- Farmers of Varnama Vill.	Not Applicable	2022	Acquisition completed. Updation in Govt. record is pending. (7/12)
Aurangabad 3- Housing flats Purchased from CIDCO	9,47,726.00	City and Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Ltd., (CIDCO)	Not Applicable	12 May 2000	Possession slips issued by City and Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Ltd., (CIDCO) for all the three flats (no.5,9 &12 at N-4, Shopping Complex at Aurangabad) are in the name of Company.
Mumbai, Powai 10 LIG flats Purchased from MHADA	1,50,05,850.00	MHADA (Maharashtra Housing and Area Develop. Authority)	Not Applicable	01 May 1998	No title deed or agreement executed by MHADA & only allotment/possession letter issued by MHADA is available.
Building no. 19, Oshiwara, Mumbai- 2 MIG flats Purchased from MHADA	56,12,658.00	MHADA (Maharashtra Housing and Area Develop. Authority)	Not Applicable	01 May 1998	No title deed or agreement executed by MHADA & only allotment/possession letter issued by MHADA is available.
Building no. 16, Oshiwara, Mumbai- 2 MIG flats Purchased from MHADA	62,96,452.00	MHADA (Maharashtra Housing and Area Develop. Authority)	Not Applicable	01 May 1998	No title deed or agreement executed by MHADA & only allotment/possession letter issued by MHADA is available.
Freehold Land at Krishnapatnam (Land Area- 141.95 Acs)	33,30,01,871.00	Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation	Not Applicable	21 March 2018	As per the clause 3 of the sale agreement, Sale deed can be executed only upon implementation and going into Commercial production. The commercial production is yet to commence.
Leasehold Land as ROU Asset at Nagalapalle (0.28 acres)	8,85,542.06	South Central Railway	Not Applicable	01 April 2021	A draft agreement has been submitted by Railways and is still under process.
Leasehold at SRO (RAILWAY	1,30,00,000.00	Southern Railway	Not Applicable	2010	Lease agreement pending with Zonal Office, Southern



QUARTER)					Railway.
Leasehold at SRO (REGIONAL OFFICE BUILDING)	2,00,00,000.00	Southern Railway	Not Applicable	2014	Lease agreement pending with Zonal Office, Southern Railway.
Residential Flat	17,00,000.00	Southern Railway	Not Applicable	11 June 1999	Lease agreement pending with Zonal Office, Southern Railway.
Residential Flat	22,00,000.00	Southern Railway	Not Applicable	01 June 1998	Lease agreement pending with Zonal Office, Southern Railway.
LEASE HOLD LAND at MMLP Naya Raipur (land area 2.99 acres)	-	South East Central Railway	Not Applicable	Sep-22	In Sept-2022, the permanent connectivity has been made and connected with the newly commissioned Naya Raipur Railway Station. In this connection, to arrive an exact Railway area using by CONCOR, a joint survey has been carried out by Railways/CONCOR and submitted the Land Licensing Plan for approval to Railways. The revised land area is = 12598 Sq.ms. Once the land plan get approved, the land Licensing Agreement will be executed with Railways.
LEASE HOLD LAND at Sanathnagar (land area 9.24 acres)	-	South Central Railway	Not Applicable	23 May 2001	CONCOR has taken on lease one of the parcels of railway land of 9.24 acres at ICD Sanathnagar. The agreement for such land is not executed yet. Continuous follow up is going up with, Railways to finalise the draft agreement of lease at ICD/SNF
Land taken on lease at CTKR Terminal from Syama Prasad Mookerjee Port Trust	42,77,24,118.77	Syama Prasad Mookerjee Port Trust	Not Applicable	25 February 2004	The Land Lease Agreement with Syama Prasad Mookerjee Port Trust for 85,500 Sq. metres of land taken on lease at CTKR Terminal got expired on 24-02-2019. CONCOR has requested and appealed to port authorities for 50% concession in lease rent but no formal decision has been received from the port authorities. The execution of the lease deed will be taken up after the response of port authorities.
Land taken on lease at Shalimar Terminal from South Eastern Railways	-	South Eastern Railways	Not Applicable	01 February 1992	CONCOR has taken a land on lease from South Eastern Railways measuring 15.01 Acres for a period of 30 years with effect from 01-02-1992. The Lease agreement got



					expired on 31-01-2022 and pending for renewal as on the reporting date of the balance sheet for FY 2021-22. The lease agreement is pending on account of difference in the area of the land taken on lease as per South Eastern Railways and CONCOR. Once the issue in the area of land taken on lease is resolved, the lease agreement will be executed.
Land taken on lease at MMLP Jharsuguda Terminal from South Eastern Railways	-	South Eastern Railways	Not Applicable	26 August 2016	CONCOR has taken a land on lease from South Eastern Railways measuring 2.142 Acres for a period of 5 years with effect from 26-08-2016. The Lease agreement got expired on 25-08-2021 and pending for renewal as on the reporting date of the balance sheet for FY 2021-22. CONCOR has taken up the issue of non-execution of lease agreement with concerned railways and awaiting necessary action from railways side.
Office Space taken on Lease at Shalimar Terminal from South Eastern Railways		South Eastern Railways	Not Applicable	01 February 1992	CONCOR has taken an Office Space on rent from South Eastern Railways measuring 285 Sq. feet in respect of which no lease agreement has been entered. South Eastern Railways has raised Office rent invoices which are not in consonance with the Railway board circular no. 2010/LML/18/64 dated 11-07-2018. The Company has represented to revise the office rent invoice as per the said railway board circular. However, revised bill is awaited from railways. The Execution of the lease agreement will be taken upon receipt of office rent invoice in accordance with the railway board circular dated 11-07-2018.



ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to Paragraph 2 under the heading of "Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our Report of even date.

According to the information and explanations given to us we report as under:

SN	Areas Examined	Observations/ Findings	Impact on
			Financial Statement
1	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	The Company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system i.e. Oracle. The operational entries of the company like revenue, customer ledger account, pre deposits accounts etc. have been recorded in a separate IT system (viz. DTMS, ETMS and CCLS) other than financial reporting IT system (viz. Oracle). Further, payroll of the Company is maintained through HRMS system, payment to vendors/ contractor's bills is done in e-billing module and inventory of the Company is maintained through Maximo. Based on the audit procedure carried out and as per the information and explanations given to us, no accounting transactions have been processed/carried outside the IT system. Accordingly, there are no implications on the integrity of the accounts.	Statement
3	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver /write off of debts / loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a Government Company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender Company). Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received / receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its	According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of records of the Company, there has been no restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver /write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan. Based on the information and explanation furnished to us, the Company has not received (grant/subsidy etc.) towards any	
	agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	specific scheme from Central/State Government or its agencies by the Company during the financial year 2023- 24.	

For Hem Sandeep & Co. Chartered Accountants

FRN: 009907

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16.05.2024 (Himanshu Saxena)

Partner

M. No. 546385

UDIN: 24546385BKDOWA3433



ANNEXURE - C TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Referred to Paragraph -3(f) under the heading of "Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" our Report of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the Internal Financial Control over financial reporting of **CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED** ("the Company") as on 31st March, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's Internal financial controls over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail ,accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and 299 (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.



Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of Internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that internal financial controls over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Hem Sandeep & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 009907N

(Himanshu Saxena) Partner

M. No. 546385

UDIN: 24546385BKDOWA3433

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16.05.2024



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2024

(in Indian Rupees crore, unless otherwise stated)

		(in Indian Rupees crore, unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	Notes	As at	As at		
- 1.00mma	No.	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023		
I. ASSETS					
(1) Non-current assets					
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2	6,012.16	5,616.61		
(b) Capital work-in-progress	3	878.33	823.04		
(c) Other intangible assets	4	2.60	4.08		
(d) Intangible assets under development	4(a)	14.32	13.70		
(e) Financial assets					
(i) Investments	5	1,107.06	1,091.74		
(ii) Loans	6	45.55	41.29		
(iii) Other financial assets	7	70.02	92.19		
(f) Deferred tax asset (Net)	40	82.15	92.53		
(g) Non-current tax asset	8	310.09	284.19		
(h) Other non-current assets	9	1,229.79	1,277.83		
Total non-current assets		9,752.07	9,337.20		
(2) Current assets					
(a) Inventories	10	50.22	37.18		
(b) Financial assets					
(i) Investments	11	-	121.78		
(ii) Trade receivables	12	333.63	216.00		
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	13	193.47	343.74		
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	14	3,102.62	2,758.38		
(v) Loans	15	15.46	14.19		
(vi) Other financial assets	16	233.59	168.15		
(c) Current tax assets	17	1.69	1.52		
(d) Other current assets	18	355.29	467.06		
Total current assets		4,285.97	4,128.00		
TOTAL ASSETS	-	14,038.04	13,465.20		
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
(1) Equity					
(a) Equity share capital	19	304.65	304.65		
(b) Other equity	20	11,518.56	10,921.64		
Equity attributable to owners of the Compar		11,823.21	11,226.29		
(c) Non controlling	21	103.31	101.82		
Total Equity		11,926.52	11,328.11		



(2) Liabilities	š
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Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	22	24.22	49.13
(ia) Lease liabilities	23	746.11	615.86
(ii) Other financial liabilities(b) Provisions	23(a) 24	13.68 79.16	46.18 74.82
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	40	-	-
(d) Other non-current liabilities Total non-current liabilities	25	2.65 865.82	2.79 788.78
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	26	2.01	6.36
(ia) Lease liabilities	26(a)	166.36	106.79
(ii) Trade payables	27	11.05	11.10
(A) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprise and small enterprises		11.87	11.10
(B) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		269.14	371.02
(iii) Other financial liabilities	28	285.45	311.79
(b) Other current liabilities	29	439.71	472.26
(c) Provisions	30	71.16	68.99
Total current liabilities		1,245.70	1,348.31
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,111.52	2,137.09
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		14,038.04	13,465.20

Accompanying notes to the 1 to 73 consolidated financial statements

In terms of our report attached For HEM SANDEEP & CO

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants FRN-009907N

Himanshu Saxena (Sanjay Swarup) (Manoj K. Dubey) (Harish Chandra)
Partner Chairman & Managing Director (Finance) & CFO Executive Director (Finance)
Membership no. 546385 (DIN:05159435) (DIN:07518387) & Company Secretary

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16th May,2024



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2024

(in Indian Rupees crore, unless otherwise stated)

		_	e, unless otherwise stated
Particulars	Notes	For the Year ended March	For the Year ended
	No.	31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Revenue			
(I) Revenue from Operations	31	8,653.41	8,169.12
(II) Other income	32	370.34	313.40
(III) Total Income (I+II)		9,023.75	8,482.52
()		. ,	,
(IV) Expenses			
Terminal and other service charges	33	5,964.97	5,596.38
Employee benefits expense	34	463.13	430.80
Change in Inventories	35	1.26	-
Depreciation and amortisation expense	36	618.61	573.01
Finance cost	37	71.18	63.89
Other expenses	38	266.11	276.39
Total expenses (IV)		7,385.26	6,940.47
- · · · ·		•	•
(V) Share of profit related to joint ventu	ure	30.05	21.22
(VI) Profit before exceptional item and tax (III - IV + V= VI)		1,668.54	1,563.27
(VII) Exceptional items	38(a)	-	-
(VIII) Profit before tax (after Exception items)	nal	1,668.54	1563.27
(IX) Tax expense:	39		
(1) Current tax	39.1	398.34	384.04
(2) Deferred tax	39.1	8.11	5.68
Tax expense: (IX)		406.45	389.72
(X) Profit for the period (VIII - $IX = X$)		1,262.09	1,173.55
(XI) Other Comprehensive Income A(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
(a) Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation		9.06	39.75
(b) Share of OCI in associates and Joint Ventures, to the extent not to be classified into profit or loss		(0.31)	(0.19)
(c) Fair value changes in Financial Liabilities		(0.03)	(0.03)
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit and lossB(i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	39.2	(2.17)	(9.96)



(a) Share of OCI in associates and Joint Ventures, to the extent to be classified into profit or loss (net) Total Other Comprehensive Income ((net of tax)	•	6.55	29.57
(XII) Total Comprehensive Incomperiod (X + XI = XII) (Compris (Loss) and Other Comprehensive for the period)	ing Profit	1,268.64	1,203.12
Profit for the year attributable to:			
- Owners of the Company		1,260.59	1,173.95
- Non-controlling interests		1.50	(0.40)
Other comprehensive income for the year	ar:		
- Owners of the Company		6.56	29.58
- Non-controlling interests		(0.01)	(0.01)
Total comprehensive income for the year	r attributable to:		
- Owners of the Company		1,267.15	1,203.53
- Non-controlling interests		1.49	(0.41)
(XIII) Earnings per equity share (Fac ₹ 5/- per Share):	e value of		
1 Basic (in ₹)	44	20.71	19.26
2 Diluted (in ₹)	44	20.71	19.26
Accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements	1 to 73		

In terms of our report attached

For HEM SANDEEP & CO. For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants FRN-009907N

Himanshu Saxena (Sanjay Swarup) (Manoj K. Dubey) (Harish Chandra)
Partner Chairman & Managing Director Director (Finance) & CFO Executive Director (Finance)
Membership no.546385 (DIN:05159435) (DIN: 07518387) & Company Secretary

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16th May,2024



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2024

(in Indian Rupees crore, unless otherwise stated)

a. Equity share capital

Particulars	Number of Shares	Equity share capital
Balance at April 1, 2022	60.93	304.65
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	60.93	304.65
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2023	60.93	304.65
Balance at April 1, 2023	60.93	304.65
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	60.93	304.65
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2024	60.93	304.65

b. Other Equity: Reserves and Surplus

Particulars	General reserve	Retained earnings	Other Comprehensive Income arising from remeasurement of defined benefit obligation net of income tax	Share of OCI in associates and Joint Ventures, to the extent to be classified into profit or loss	Attributable to owners of the parent	Non- controlling interests	(₹ in crore) Total
Balance at April 1, 2022 Profit for the year	1,342.75	9,124.92 1,173.95	(18.65)	0.25	10,449.27 1,173.95	102.23 (0.40)	10,551.50 1,173.55
Other comprehensive income arising from remeasurement			29.59		29.59		29.59
			212				

CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDI ANNUAL REPORT 2023-24 of defined benefit obligation,	A LIMITED						कॉनकॉर concor
net of income tax Share of OCI in associates and Joint Ventures, to the extent to be classified into profit or loss(net)				-	-		-
Fair value changes in Financial Liabilities		(0.02)			(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.03)
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,342.75	10,298.85	10.94	0.25	11,652.79	101.82	11,754.61
Payment of dividends		(731.15)			(731.15)	-	(731.15)
Tax on Dividend	-	-			-	-	-
Transfer to Retained Earnings	116.91	(116.91)			-		-
Balance at March 31, 2023	1,459.66	9,450.79	10.94	0.25	10,921.64	101.82	11,023.46
Balance at April 1, 2023 Profit for the year	1,459.66	9,450.79 1,260.59	10.94	0.25	10,921.64 1,260.59	101.82 1.50	11,023.46 1,262.09
Other comprehensive income arising from remeasurement of defined benefit obligation, net of income tax Share of OCI in associates and Joint Ventures, to the extent to be classified into profit or loss(net)			6.57	-	6.57		6.57
Fair value changes in Financial Liabilities		(0.02)			(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.03)
Total comprehensive income for the year Payment of dividends Tax on Dividend	1,459.66	10,711.36 (670.22)	17.51	0.25	12,188.78 (670.22)	103.31	12,292.09 (670.22)



Transfer to Retained

Balance at March 31, 2024

123.08 **Earnings**

(123.08)

1,582.74

9,918.06

17.51

0.25

11,518.56

103.31

11,621.87

The general reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. There is no policy of regular transfer. As the general reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

In terms of our report attached For HEM SANDEEP & CO. **Chartered Accountants**

FRN--009907N

Himanshu Saxena

Partner Membership no. 546385

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16th May, 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Sanjay Swarup)) Chairman & Managing Director

(DIN:05159435)

(Manoj K. Dubey) Director (Finance) & CFO (DIN:07518387)

(Harish Chandra) Executive Director (Finance) & Company Secretary



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

For the year ended March 31st, 2024

For the year ended March 31, 2024 1,668.54 (30.05) (312.69)	March 31, 2023 1,563.27 (21.22)
(30.05) (312.69)	1,563.27 (21.22)
(30.05) (312.69)	(21.22)
(30.05) (312.69)	(21.22)
(312.69)	, ,
(312.69)	, ,
(312.69)	, ,
, ,	
(0.2.5)	(227.49)
(0.26)	(0.26)
(1.53)	(6.15)
	, ,
	570.47
	2.54
	63.89
0.19	1.46
2.70	0.13
	2.71
	2.65
0.00	0.73
0.05	0.45
-	-
	
2,019.40	1,953.18
(101.11)	(40.17)
33.36	(67.98)
2.17	(2.38)
13.40	27.85
(0.14)	(0.36)
(32.29)	35.90
	138.31
(117.68)	(35.46)
(13.04)	(6.50)
(4.26)	5.63
	(2.59)
· · ·	(18.40)
` '	(44.03)
21.87	(14.33)
(231.71)	(76.14)
(431./1)	1,011,
· ·	· · · ·
(1.94)	(20.45)
· ·	· · · ·
	33.36 2.17 13.40 (0.14) (32.29) 5 167.42 (117.68) (13.04) (4.26) (1.27) (47.78) 106.41



B Cash flow from Investing activities	š :
---------------------------------------	------------

Net cash generated from / (used in) Investing activities	(698.67)	(593.47)	
Interest received	295.32	187.85	
Financial assets (Investment in Bonds/Equity shares)	136.20	14.05	
Proceeds from sale of property plant and equipment	11.98	84.03	
Acquisition of Intangible assets under development	(0.62)	(2.97)	
Addition in Capital work in progress	(55.67)	(78.81)	
Acquisition of Intangible assets	(0.79)	(0.13)	
Investment in term deposits with maturity 3 to 12 months	(324.57)	(211.70)	
Earmarked deposits placed with banks	(19.67)	(13.23)	
Payment made for Property plant and equipment	(740.85)	(572.56)	
0			

C Cash flow from Financing Activities:

Dividend paid	(670.22)	(731.12)	
Payment of Lease liability	(137.05)	(111.46)	
Interest paid	(3.54)	(4.64)	
Corporate dividend tax paid	-	-	
Repayments of borrowings	(29.29)	(6.37)	
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities	(840.10)	(853.59)	

Net Increase / (Decrease) in cash & cash equivalents	(150.27)	(41.20)
Cash and cash equivalents as at 1 st April (Opening Balance)	343.74	384.94
Cash and cash equivalents as at 31st March (Closing Balance)	193.47	343.74

Notes:

- 1 The above Statement of Cash flows has been prepared in accordance with the "Indirect Method" prescribed in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)-7 on "Statement of Cash Flows".
- 2 Cash and Bank balances included in the cash flow statement comprise the following:

Cash and cash equivalents comprise

Cash & cheques in hand	1.92	0.52
Balance with banks		
in current accounts	63.15	203.25
in Flexi Fixed Deposit Accounts	126.30	116.24
in deposit accounts with original maturity upto 3 months	2.10	23.73
	193.47	343.74

For HEM SANDEEP & CO Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

FRN-009907N

Himanshu Saxena (Sanjay Swarup) (Manoj K. Dubey) (Harish Chandra)
Partner Chairman & Managing Director Director (Finance) & CFOExecutive Director (Finance)
Membership no. 546385 (DIN: 05159435) (DIN:07518387) & Company Secretary

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16th May, 2024



"NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS"

NOTE 1: MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Corporate Information

Container Corporation of India Limited (CONCOR), was incorporated on 10 March 1988 under the Companies Act with registration number 030915, and commenced its operation from November 1989 taking over the existing network of 7 ICDs from the Indian Railways. The shares of the Group are listed on two stock exchanges in India i.e. National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) and BSE Limited (BSE).

From its humble beginning, it is now an undisputed market leader having the largest network of 66 ICDs/CFSs/Strategic Tie-ups in India. In addition to providing inland transport by rail for containers, it has also expanded to cover management of Ports, air cargo complexes and establishing cold-chain. It has and will continue to play the role of promoting containerization of India by virtue of its modern rail wagon fleet, customer friendly commercial practices and extensively used Information Technology. The Group developed multimodal logistics support for India's International and Domestic containerization and trade. Though rail is the main stay of our transportation plan, road transportation is and also provided to cater the need of door-to-door services both in the International and Domestic business segment.

2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind ASs') notified by the Central Government under section 133 of the Indian Companies Act, 2013 as Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and as amended from time to time.

3 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except financial instruments that are measured at re valued amounts or fair values at the end of each reporting period. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in the financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of IND AS 116 and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

4 Recent pronouncements

There were no recent pronouncements notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA")

5 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Group and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Group:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

• the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders:



- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Group and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Group and to the non-controlling entities even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses, and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

5.1 Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Group.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable Ind AS). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under Ind AS 109, or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

6 Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.



7 Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates or joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with Ind AS 105. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated balance sheet at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. Distributions received from an associate or a joint venture reduce the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised directly in equity as capital reserve in the period in which the investment is acquired.

After application of the equity method of accounting, the Group determines whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the net investment in an associate or a joint venture and that event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows from the net investment that can be reliably estimated. If there exists such an objective evidence of impairment, then it is necessary to recognise impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate or a joint venture.

When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with Ind AS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with Ind AS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate or a joint venture, or when the investment is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with Ind AS 109. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to



profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

8 Property, plant and equipment:

- i. Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price or construction cost, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, the initial estimate of any decommissioning obligation, if any, and, for assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, finance costs. Cost includes net of interest on capital advances and is inclusive of freight, duties, taxes and other incidental expenses. In respect of assets due for capitalization, where final bills/claims are to be received/passed, the capitalisation is based on the engineering estimates. Final adjustments, for costs and depreciation are made retrospectively in the year of ascertainment of actual cost and finalisation of claim. Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment are recognised in accordance with this Ind AS 16 when they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment.
- **ii.** Capital work in progress includes the cost of fixed assets that are not yet ready for their intended use and the cost of assets not put to use before the Balance Sheet date.

The expenditure incurred on survey, evaluation & investigation of projects, is booked under Capital Workin Progress. However, at any stage, if management decides to abandon a project the expenditure incurred thereon is charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss at that stage.

iii. Provision for stamp duty at the prevailing rate is made by the Group at the time of capitalization of the amount paid for acquisition of land & is capitalised as part of the cost of Land.

Depreciation/Amortization:

iv. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over its useful life and in the manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013, other than as prescribed below:

Assets constructed on leasehold land, other than perpetual leases are depreciated over the period of lease or useful life of such assets, as prescribed under Schedule II of Companies Act 2013, whichever is less.

In respect of assets whose useful lives has been revised, the unamortized depreciable amount is charged over the revised remaining useful lives of the assets.

v. Capital expenditure on enabling assets, like roads, culverts & electricity transmissions etc., the ownership of which is not with the Group are charged off to revenue in the accounting period of incurrence of such expenditure. However, capital expenditure on enabling assets, ownership of which rests with the Group and which have been created on land not belonging to the Group is written off to the Statement of Profit & Loss



over its approximate period of utility or over a period of 5 years, whichever is less. For this purpose, land is not considered to be belonging to the Group, if the same is not owned or leased/licensed to the Group.

- vi. An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.
- vii.Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as assets held for sale when a sale is considered highly probable and their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current asset (or disposal groups) classified as held for sale are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are not depreciated or amortized once classified as held for sale.

9 Intangible Assets:

- a) Expenditure on computer software, which is not an integral part of hardware, is capitalised as an intangible asset. The cost of software includes license fee and implementation cost and is capitalised in the year of its implementation. Software is amortized over five years being management's estimate of life of assets over which economic benefits will be derived. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.
- b) Terminal Rights are expenditure on acquisition of right to construct, operate, maintain and develop an air cargo terminal incurred by way of stamp duty, registration fees, project bidding cost etc. is capitalized as an intangible asset. It is amortized over the contractual remaining period from the date of handing over the facilities.

10 Impairment of Non-financial Assets:

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest Component of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

11 Inventories:

Stores and spare parts are valued at cost on weighted average basis or Net Realizable Value (NRV) whichever is lower. Provision for obsolescence is made, whenever required.

12 Employee Benefits:

(i) Liability for gratuity, leave salary and post retirement medical benefits payable to employees is provided for on accrual basis using the Projected Accrued Benefit Method (Projected Unit Credit Method with



control period of one year) done by an independent actuary as at the Balance Sheet date. Contributions are made to approved gratuity fund created in a separate trust set up by the Group for this purpose.

Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorized as follows:

- service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- net interest expense or income; and
- remeasurement.

The Group presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item ['employee benefits expenses]. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Group's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

Termination benefits are immediately recognised in the statement of profit or loss account. A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the entity recognises any related restructuring costs.

- (ii) Contribution to defined contribution plans such as Provident Fund, Pension Fund and Family Pension Fund are charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss as and when accrued.
- (iii) The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid for the services rendered are recognized as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

13 Foreign Currency Transactions:

Functional currency: The functional currency of the Company is the Indian Rupee. These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees.

- (i) Income, Expenditure & Assets denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction.
- (ii) Loans, Current liabilities and Current assets in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the end of financial year.
- (iii) Gains or losses due to foreign exchange fluctuations are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss.
- (iv) Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not translated.
- (v) The date of transaction (which includes receipt or payment of advance consideration in a foreign currency) for the purpose of determining the exchange rate, is the date of initial recognition of the non monetary asset or non monetary liability. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, a date of transaction is established for each payment or receipt.

14 Revenue Recognition:

- 1. <u>Basic principal for Revenue Recognition</u>
 - i. Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of each performance obligation (distinct services) as per the terms of the contract.
 - ii. Performance obligations are treated as distinct obligation:



- a) When it is identifiable separately from other obligations in the contract;
- b) Its progress can be measured separately;
- c) Transaction price to the performance obligation can be allocated;
- d) The customer will not be required to re-perform the services already performed in case it decides to terminate the contract at that stage;
- e) There will not be any impairment in the value of services already performed; and
- f) The customer can get the rest of the performance without intervention of CONCOR.
- iii. Satisfaction of performance obligation: Container movement between two destinations is considered distinct performance obligation under each contract and the contract is treated as 'over the period contract'.
- iv. Transaction price for each primary obligation is fixed at the time of entering into contract. Rates at which incidental services are charged are also known at the time of entering into contract. Therefore "output method" of revenue recognition is applied.
- v. Volume discount scheme (VDS) is in the nature of variable consideration. Since, VDS is not universally applicable to all contracts, fair estimate is made of such consideration payable in specific cases and is deducted from Gross Revenue to reflect revenue net of variable consideration on the reporting date.
- 2. <u>Rail Freight Income</u>: Rail freight income and charges for incidental services and related expenses are accounted for on satisfaction of performance obligation i.e., transportation of container to the destination terminal/port/customer's premises (in case of chassis delivery) after providing all incidental services required in the course of primary obligation of transportation like loading & unloading etc. to make the container/cargo ready for delivery.
- 3. <u>Road Freight Income</u>: Road freight income and charges for incidental services and related expenses are accounted for on satisfaction of performance obligation i.e., transportation of container to the destination terminal/port/customer's premises after providing all incidental services required in the course of primary obligation of transportation like loading & unloading etc. to make the container/cargo ready for delivery.

However, in case of door to door delivery via rail movement, road freight income and charges for incidental services are accounted for on arrival of container at the originating CONCOR Terminal from customer premises.

4. Warehousing Income:

- a) Warehousing Charges in domestic segment are recognized on accrual basis.
- b) Warehousing Charges in EXIM segment are recognized at the time of release of cargo to the customer.

5. Terminal service charges:

- a) Terminal Service Charges (TSC) on empty containers and loaded domestic containers are recognized on accrual basis.
- b) Terminal Service Charges (TSC) on EXIM loaded containers are recognized at the time of release of containers.
- 6. Dividend income is recognized when the company's right to receive the dividend is established.
- 7. <u>Interest income from deposits</u> is recognized on accrual basis.
- 8. Interest on income tax refunds are accounted for on the finalization of assessments.

15 Claims/Counter-claims/Penalties/Awards:

Claims/counter-claims/penalties/awards are accounted for in the year of its settlement.

16 Taxes on Income:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.



Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the consolidated statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Minimum Alternate Tax ('MAT') under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 is recognised as current tax in the statement of profit and loss. The credit available under the Income Tax act, 1961 in respect of MAT paid is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the individual Company will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT credit recognised as an asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.



17 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities & Contingent Assets:

a. **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

b. Onerous contracts

Onerous Contracts: A contract is considered as onerous when the expected economic benefits to be derived by the Group from the contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision for an onerous contract is measured at the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Group recognises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

c. Contingent Liabilities

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non- occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

d. Contingent Assets

Contingent assets are not recognized in the Financial Statements. However they are disclosed when the possible right to receive exists.

18 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share ('EPS') is computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is computed using the weighted average number of equity and dilutive equity equivalent shares outstanding during the period except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

19 Cash and Cash Equivalent

In the consolidated cash flow statement cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

20 Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.



The Company accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract and allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand -alone price of the lease component and the aggregate standalone price of the non-lease components.

The Company as a Lessee

At the date of the commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use assets ('ROU') and a corresponding lease liability for all the lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short term leases) and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

In determining the lease term, Company considers the Option to extend/terminate the lease, wherever it is reasonably certain to exercise such option.

Lease liability is initially measured at the present value of future Lease payments due to the lessor over the lease term, with the discount rate determined by reference to the rate implicit in the lease and in case it is not determinable, Company's incremental borrowing rate on commencement of the lease is used. For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Company, on a lease by lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole.

The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. The Company only include variable lease payments in measurement of the lease liability if they depend on index or rate. Other variable lease payments are charged to statement of profit & loss. The lease liability is subsequently re-measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The Company recognizes the amount of the re-measurement of lease liability due to reassessment/ modification as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of reassessment/modification. However, lease modification is accounted as separate lease if the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets and the consideration for lease increases by an amount commensurate with stand-alone price for the increase in the scope.

The cost of the right-of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any re- measurement of the lease liability.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term or remaining useful life of the underlying assets as prescribed in IND AS 16 (PPE)/Schedule II of Companies Act 2013, whichever is shorter.

The Company as a Lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

For operating leases, the rental income/lease payments received are recognized on straight-line basis over the lease term.

For finance leases, finance income is recognized over the lease term based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment in the lease. When the Company is an intermediate lessor it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. The Company assesses the lease



classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. However, if a head lease is a short term lease, wherein the Company has accounted lease payments on straight line basis, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

21. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Fair value of financial instruments that are quoted in active markets using the quoted bid prices (financial assets held) or quoted ask prices (financial liabilities held) and using valuation techniques for other instruments. Valuation techniques include discounted cash flow method and other valuation models.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset is also adjusted.

Subsequent measurement

- **i. Debt instrument/Tax free bonds at amortised cost** A debt instrument at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:
 - a. The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
 - b. Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

- **ii. Equity instruments** All equity instruments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL). For all other equity instruments, the Group decides to classify the same either as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).
- **iii. Mutual Funds** All mutual funds in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at amortised cost and the (FVTPL) since they could be readily available for sales with significant change in value of the cash inflows.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities is also adjusted. These liabilities are classified at amortised cost.



Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. This category generally applies to long-term payables and deposits.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts issued by a Group entity are initially measured at their fair values and, if not designated as at FVTPL, are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of loss allowance determined in accordance with impairment requirements of Ind AS 109; and
- the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of Ind AS 18.

22. Impairment of financial asset

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Group applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. When estimating the cash flows, the Group is required to consider –

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Trade receivable

As a practical expedient the Group has adopted 'simplified approach' using the provision matrix method for recognition of expected loss on trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on historical default rate observed over the expected life of the trade receivable and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. Further receivables are segmented for this analysis where the credit risk characteristics of the receivables are similar.

Other financial assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, impairment loss is provided.

23. Registration Fee: Registration fee paid to Ministry of Railways (MOR) for movement of container trains on Indian Railways Network and running of Private Freight Terminals (PFT) is shown as Prepaid Expenditure



under 'Current Assets' and 'Non Current Assets'. The registration fee is amortized over the period covered by the respective agreements with Indian Railways.

24. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

25. Segment reporting

The Group's segmental reporting is in accordance with Ind AS 108 Operating Segments. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the board of directors, which is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, and has been identified as the chief operating decision maker.

26. Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

Significant management judgements

When preparing the financial statements, management undertakes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The following are significant management judgements in applying the accounting policies of the Group that have the most significant effect on the financial statements.

Recognition of deferred tax assets: The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability of the Group's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

Estimation certainty

Information about estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided below. Actual result may be substantially different.

Defined benefit obligation: Management estimates of these obligation is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the defined benefit obligation amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Provisions: At each balance sheet date based on management judgement, changes in facts and legal aspects, the Group assesses the requirement of provisions against the outstanding warranties and guarantees. However the actual future outcome may be deferent from this judgement.

Recoverability of deferred tax assets: The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the Company's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

Useful life of Property plant and Equipment and Intangible assets: As described at 3 and 4 above, the Group reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets at the end of each reporting period. The estimate of useful life may be different on account of change in business environment and change in technology which could have a material impact on the financial statement.



27. Grants:

Grants are recognized when there is a reasonable assurance that the company has complied with the conditions attached to them and it is reasonably certain that the ultimate realization and utilization will be made. Grants which are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the company, with no future related costs are recognized in the statement of profit & loss of the period in which they have accrued.

Grants related to depreciable assets including non-monetary grants (at fair value), are presented in the balance sheet as "Deferred Income" of the period, in which they become receivable. Such grants are usually recognized in the statement of profit & Loss over the periods in the proportions, in which depreciation expense on those assets is recognized.

The grants under 'Served from India Scheme (SFIS)' are recognized at the time of utilization of SFIS Scrip towards procurement of assets and inventories. Such assets/inventories have been capitalized with a gross value from transaction date based on deemed cost exemption availed by the Company.

The grants under 'Service Export from India Scheme (SEIS)' are recognized when the conditions attached with the grant have been satisfied and there is reasonable assurance that the grants will be received. These are recognized in the period in which the right to receive the same is established i.e. the year during which the services eligible for grant of SEIS have been performed.



(₹ in crore)

Note 2: Property, plant and equipment

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Carrying amounts of:		
Freehold land (Refer Note 2.1)	595.98	582.30
Leasehold land (Refer note 2.2 & 2.4)	882.28	913.13
Buildings (Refer note 2.3 & 2.4)	1,259.54	1,297.00
Plant and machinery (Refer Note 2.4)	2,701.42	2,290.34
Furniture and fixtures	102.50	113.00
Office equipments	88.59	96.33
Vehicles (Refer Note 2.4)	59.22	4.73
Railway Siding	322.63	319.78
Others*	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	6.012.16	5.616.61

TOTAL 6,012.16 5,616.61

Particulars	Freehold land	Leasehold Land	Building	Plant and Machinery	Furniture and Fixtures	Office equipments	Vehicles	Railway Siding	Others	Total
At cost or deemed cost										
Balance at April 1, 2022	580.03	1,092.06	2,201.53	4,214.97	173.06	253.50	4.43	358.30	12.92	8,890.80
Additions	2.27	11.55	91.31	247.53	27.80	18.01	3.41	98.39		500.27
Disposals		(20.05)	(35.15)	(19.50)	(0.36)	(10.61)	-		(4.80)	(90.47)
Change due to revaluation (if change is 10% or more)										-
Adjustments			(1.01)	3.04	-	0.09	-			2.12
Balance at March 31, 2023	582.30	1,083.56	2,256.68	4,446.04	200.50	260.99	7.84	456.69	8.12	9,302.72
Balance at April 1, 2023	582.30	1,083.56	2,256.68	4,446.04	200.50	260.99	7.84	456.69	8.12	9,302.72
Additions	13.68	3.02	101.76	772.71	8.31	23.55	58.93	35.35		1,017.31
Disposals		-	(0.09)	(46.70)	(0.02)	(4.32)			-	(51.13)
Change due to revaluation (if change is 10% or more)										-



Adjustments	-	-	-	0.94		0.41		(0.09)		1.26
Balance at March 31, 2024	595.98	1,086.58	2,358.35	5,172.99	208.79	280.63	66.77	491.95	8.12	10,270.16
Accumulated depreciation										
Balance at April 1, 2022	-	146.95	840.61	1,853.84	67.38	146.49	2.02	105.33	11.96	3,174.58
Eliminated on disposals of assets		(2.50)		(1.88)	(0.01)	(2.60)			(4.14)	(11.13)
Adjustments Change due to revaluation (if change is 10% or more)		(7.87)	(21.91)	(11.33)	(0.23)	(6.38)	(0.07)		(0.02)	(47.81)
Depreciation expense		33.85	140.98	315.07	20.36	27.15	1.16	31.58	0.32	570.47
Balance at March 31, 2023	-	170.43	959.68	2,155.70	87.50	164.66	3.11	136.91	8.12	3,686.11
Balance at April 1, 2023	-	170.43	959.68	2,155.70	87.50	164.66	3.11	136.91	8.12	3,686.11
Eliminated on disposals of assets		-	(0.09)	(39.54)	(0.01)	(0.85)			-	(40.49)
Adjustments Change due to revaluation (if change is 10% or more)		-		(1.02)	-	(2.77)	(0.08)	(0.09)	-	(3.96)
Depreciation expense		33.87	139.22	356.43	18.80	31.00	4.52	32.50	_	616.34
Balance at March 31, 2024	-	204.30	1,098.81	2,471.57	106.29	192.04	7.55	169.32	8.12	4,258.00

^{*} Others includes other capital expenditure (refer note no. 50)

- 2.3 Gross Block of Buildings include assets valuing ₹ 6.48 crore (As at March 31, 2023: ₹ 6.48 crore) in respect of which sale/lease deeds are yet to be executed.
- 2.4 Gross Block of Leasehold land, Buildings, Plant & Machinery & Vehicles includes ROU assets valuing ₹1073.56 crore, ₹ 59.94 crore, ₹ 491.32 crore & ₹ 7.69 crore (As at March 31, 2023: ₹ 1070.54 crore, ₹ 60.03 crore, ₹ 262.84 crore & ₹7.41 crore) respectively.
- 2.5 The above Assets (Net block) includes ₹ 2.61 crore (As at March 31, 2023: ₹ 4.41 crore) on account of assets retired from Active use and not held for sale.
- 2.6 Contractual Commitments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment are ₹ 624.45 crore (As at March 31, 2023: ₹ 1108.13 crore)

^{2.1} Gross Block of Freehold land include assets valuing ₹ 51.78 crore (As at March 31,2023: ₹ 51.85 crore) in respect of which sale/lease deeds are yet to be executed

^{2.2} Gross Block of Leasehold land (including ROU assets) include assets valuing ₹ 44.39 crore (As at March 31, 2023 : ₹ 258.45 crore,) in respect of which sale/lease deeds are yet to be executed.



Note 3: Capital Work-In-Progress

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Capital work in progress*	878.33	823.04
	878.33	823.04

^{*}Figure is after considering provision of ₹0.79 crore provided against Projects temporarily suspended (As at March 31, 2023 : ₹ 0.79 crore).

In on-going engineering projects of the Company, provision for work completed is done on the basis of last measurement in all respects in terms of the contract for the said project supported by bills and same is shown under capital work in progress.

(a) CWIP aging schedule (As at 31.03.2024)

(₹ in crore)

	Amount in CWIP for a period of					
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Projects in progress	341.20	204.90	97.53	233.85	877.48	
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	0.85	0.85	

CWIP aging schedule (As at 31.03.2023)

(₹ in crore)

	Am	ount in CWIP	for a period o	f	
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	350.82	181.23	81.43	208.71	822.19
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	0.26	0.59	0.85

(b) Capital-work-in progress, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan:

(As at 31.03.2024) ₹ in crore

		To be comp	leted in		
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Remarks
MMLP Paradip-Civil Work	70.14	120.01			DOC overdue
MMLP Jajpur-Civil Work	33.10	21.38			DOC overdue
SIC of pitless in- motion Railway electronic	0.15				DOC overdue



Weighbridge at Various Locations			
MMLP Vernama-Civil Work	27.40		DOC overdue
Design, Supply, Installation, testing	0.61		DOC overdue
and commissioning of Indoor and			
Outdoor Signalling and			
Telecommunication work for Track			
Work at MMLP Dahej			
ICD-Swarupganj-Civil work	6.70		DOC overdue
Procurment of Containers	0.32		DOC overdue
Work w.r.t DR Site-MMLP Mihan	61.22		DOC overdue
MMLP Mihan-Civil Work	33.86		DOC overdue
Tihi-Civil Work	5.06		DOC overdue
SITC of high mast Towers-Bhopal	0.35		DOC overdue
CWIP -Bulk Movement Plant & Ma	chinery	1.10	DOC overdue

There is no CWIP whose cost has exceeded its original project completion cost.

(As at 31.03.2023) ₹ in crore

(115 40 6 1000 12 0 2 6)		To be comp	oleted in		
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Remarks
Warehouse-ICD/Dadri	13.61	-	-	-	DOC overdue
MMLP Paradip-Civil Work	164.56	-	-	-	DOC overdue
MMLP Jajpur-Civil Work	49.86	-	-	-	DOC overdue
CONST. OF ROAD	0.25	-	-	-	
UNDER BRIDGE-MMLP Barhi					DOC overdue
SIC of pitless in- motion railway electronic weighbridge at Various Locations	-	-	0.14	-	DOC overdue
ICD-Irugur(Coimbatore)- Civil Work	1.85	-	-	-	DOC overdue
ICD-Swarupganj-Civil work	2.07	-	-	-	DOC overdue
OHE, track electrification- work at MMLP Dahej, Gujrat	1.70	-	-	-	DOC overdue
MMLP -TIHI -Civil work	1.05	-	-	-	DOC overdue
Phase-II Civil work- Warehouse at FHEL	1.65	-	-	-	DOC overdue

There is no CWIP whose cost has exceeded its original project completion cost.



Note 4: Other Intangible Assets					
		(₹ in Crore			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023			
C	Waren 31, 2024	March 31, 2023			
Carrying amounts of:	2.50	4.00			
Computer software	2.60	4.08			
Terminal rights	-	4.00			
	2.60	4.08			
At Cost or deemed cost	Computer Software	Terminal Rights			
Balance at April 1, 2022	32.05	1.40			
Additions	0.13	-			
Disposals	-	-			
Changes due to revaluation (if change is 10%	-	_			
or more)	22.10	1.40			
Balance at March 31, 2023	32.18	1.40			
Balance at April 1, 2023	32.18	1.40			
Additions	0.79	-			
Disposals	-	-			
Changes due to revaluation (if change is 10%	_	_			
or more)					
Balance at March 31, 2024	32.97	1.40			
Accumulated amortisation					
Balance at April 1, 2022	25.56	1.40			
Amortisation expense	2.54	-			
Disposals	-	-			
Changes due to revaluation (if change is 10%	_	-			
or more)	20.10	4.40			
Balance at March 31, 2023	28.10	1.40			
Balance at April 1, 2023	28.10	1.40			
Amortisation expense	2.27	-			
Disposals	-	-			
Changes due to revaluation (if change is 10%	-	-			
or more)	20.25	1 40			
Balance at March 31, 2024	30.37	1.40			

4.1 Significant intangible assets

A primary component of CONCOR's overall business strategy has been the development of an advanced information system. CONCOR is using various online applications like Export/Import Terminal Management System (ETMS), Domestic Terminal Management System (DTMS), Oracle Financials-ERP, CCLS (Container and Cargo Logistic System) for electronic filing of commercial documents and others, which are based on Centralized architecture deployed through Citrix environment and running over VSAT based hybrid network.

The carrying amount of significant software material for the operations of the company is ₹ 2.02 crore (As at March 31,2023: ₹3.72 crore) will be fully amortized in 5 years as tabulated below:



Years	2023-24	2022-23
0-1	1.62	1.97
1-2	0.28	1.55
2-3	0.08	0.20
3-4	0.04	-
4-5	-	-
Total	2,02	3.72

Note 4(a): Intangible Assets Under Development					
		(₹ in crore)			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023			
Intangible assets under development	14.32	13.70			
	14.32	13.70			

(a) Intangible assets under development aging schedule:

As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in crore)

T.,4	An	Total			
Intangible assets under development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	2.09	2.39	8.64	1.20	14.32
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

As at 31.03.2023 (₹ in crore)

	Amount in CWIP for a period of						
Intangible assets under development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
Projects in progress	3.64	8.82	0.69	0.55	13.70		
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-		

(b) Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan:

As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in crore)

T-4	To be completed in				
Intangible assets under development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Project 1	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Project 2	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	

As at 31.03.2023 (₹ in crore)

Intangible assets under development	Less than 1 year	To be completed i 1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years
Project 1	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Project 2	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil



Note 5: Financial Assets: Investments

Note 5: Financial Assets: Investments Non-Current Investments						
		(₹ in crore)				
Particulars Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023				
A. Quoted investments (all fully paid)						
Investment in Bonds (at cost) IRFC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-convertible Bonds in the nature of debentures of ₹.1,000/- each	50.00	50.00				
REC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the nature of Debentures-series 3-B of ₹.10,00,000/- each	21.00	21.00				
IIFCL Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-convertible Bonds in the nature of Debentures-series VI B of ₹.10,00,000/- each	50.00	50.00				
PFC Tax Free Bonds in nature of Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Debenture-Series 2 A of ₹.1,000/- each	41.78	41.78				
NHPC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the nature of Debenture-Series 2A of ₹.1,000/-each.	7.39	7.39				
NHPC Tax Free. Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the nature of Debenture-Series 3A of ₹.1,000/-each.	7.39	7.39				
IRFC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible, Non-Cumulative Bonds in the nature of Debentures-Series-89th A of ₹.10,00,000/- each.	50.00	50.00				
NHAI Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the nature of Debentures-Series II A of ₹.1,000/-each.	50.00	50.00				
NHB Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds-Tranche-II-Series 2A of ₹.5,000/- each.	31.92	31.92				
HUDCO Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the nature of Debentures of ₹.10,00,000/- each.	30.00	30.00				
IRFC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the nature of Debentures of ₹.10,00,000/- each.	80.00	80.00				
IRFC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the nature of Debentures of ₹.1,000/- each.	60.40	60.40				
IRFC Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the nature of Debentures of ₹.1,000/- each.	11.75	11.75				
Total aggregate quoted investments (A)	491.63	491.63				
B. Unquoted investments (all fully paid, at cost)						
(a) Other investment in joint venture(at cost) With Hindustan Aeronautics Limited having 50% share by the name of "HALCON"	3.09	1.92				
With Central Warehousing Corporation having 50% share by the name of "PILH".	-	0.60				
	3.09	2.52				
(b) Investment in equity shares of joint venture (at cost) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Star Track Terminals Private Limited	26.44	26.25				



Equity shares of ₹10/- each fully paid up in Transworld Terminals Dadri Private Limited (formerly known as Albatross Inland Ports Private Limited)	25.91	30.15
Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Gateway Terminals India Private Limited	272.68	271.91
Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in CMA-CGM Logistics Park (Dadri) Private Limited	22.22	22.33
Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in India Gateway Terminal Private Limited	(7.08)	(16.87)
Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in TCI CONCOR Multi Modal Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as Infinite Logistics Solutions Private Limited)	15.77	13.23
Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Container Gateway Limited	0.01	0.01
Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Allcargo Logistics Park Private Limited	22.85	17.26
Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Angul Sukinda Railway Limited	229.92	229.80
Summa Tan way Emilied	608.72	594.07
(c) Investment in shares of foreign joint venture Equity shares of Nepalese Rupiah 100/- (Equivalent INR 62.50) each fully paid up in Himalayan Terminals Private Limited, Nepal	3.62	3.52
,	3.62	3.52
Total aggregate unquoted investments (B)	615.43	600.11
Total investments $(A) + (B)$	1,107.06	1,091.74
Aggregate value of unquoted investments	615.43	600.11
Aggregate value of quoted investments	491.63	491.63
Market value of quoted investments	563.97	567.43
Non-current	1,107.06	1,091.74
	1,107.06	1,091.74

Note no. 5.1 - Details of investments in Joint Ventures:

Name of joint venture	Principal activity	Type of security	Place of incorporation	Proportion of ownersh power held by	• 0
				As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Star Track Terminals Private Limited	Container handling, customs bonded warehousing and value added services to the containerized trade	Equity Shares	ICD Dadri, Tilpata Road, Gautam Budh Nagar, Greater Noida, Uttar Pradesh - 201307	49%	49%



Transworld Terminals Dadri Private Limited (formerly known as Albatross Inland Ports Private Limited)	To set up, manage and operate Container Freight Stations (CFS's).	Equity Shares	4th Floor, Geet Mala Building, Next to Shah Indus. Estate, Deonar Village Road, Govandi(East), Mumbai Maharashtra - 400088	49%	49%
Gateway Terminals India Private Limited	To build and operate for the next 30 years container terminal at Nhava Sheva.	Equity Shares	GTI House, JNPT, Sheva, Taluka Uran,Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra – 400707	26%	26%
CMA-CGM Logistics Park (Dadri) Private Limited	To provide CFS facilities within ICD- Dadri of CONCOR	Equity Shares	Tilpata Road, ICD Dadri, Greater Noida, Uttar Pradesh - 201311	49%	49%
India Gateway Terminal Private Limited	To construct, operate, develop and manage Container Terminal Port at Cochin	Equity Shares	Administration Building, ICTT, Vallarpadam SEZ, Mulavukadu Village, Ernakulam, Kerala – 682504.	11.87%	11.87%
TCI CONCOR Multi Modal Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as Infinite Logistics Solutions Private Limited)	To provide integrated logistics services	Equity Shares	DPT-625/626, DLF Prime Tower, Okhla Phase -1, New Delhi - 110020	49%	49%
Container Gateway Limited	To set up, manage and operate Container Freight Stations (CFS's) and manage road/rail linked container	Equity Shares	Via Patudi Road, WazirpurMorh, Near Garhi Harsaru Railway Station, Garhi Harsru, Gurgaon, Haryana – 122505	49%	49%



	terminal at Garhi Harsaru				
Allcargo Logistics Park Private Limited	To set up, manage and operate Container Freight Stations (CFS's).	Equity Shares	5th Floor, Avashya House, CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra – 400098.	49%	49%
Angul Sukinda Railway Limited	Construction of new railway line from Angul to Sukinda on East Coast Railways	Equity Shares	Plot No. 7622/4706, Mauza- Gadakana Press Chhaka, Bhubaneswar, Orissa – 751005	26%	26%
Himalayan Terminals Private Limited	To provide Logistics Services	Equity Shares	Dryport, Birganj, SirsiyaParsa, Nepal	40%	40%

Note no. 5.2 - Aggregate information of joint ventures that are not individually material

	For the year ended as on March 31, 2024	For the year ended as on March 31, 2023
The Group's share of profit/ (loss)	30.05	21.22
The Group's share of other comprehensive income	(0.31)	(0.19)
The Group's share of total other comprehensive income	29.74	21.03

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Aggregate carrying amount of the Company interests in these joint ventures	615.43	600.11

Note 6: 1	Loans	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	(₹ in crore) As at March 31, 2023
Other Loans (a) Loans to employees (Secured)	45.55 45.55	41.29

Note 7: Other Financial Assets (₹ in crore)								
	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023					
(a)	Security deposits (unsecured, considered good)							
	Government Authorities	12.33	17.14					
	Others	15.33	9.98					



(b)	(i) Bank Deposits with maturity of more than 12 months(ii) Bank Deposits Held as margin money or as security against	0.00	12.57
	- Guarantee *	8.74	20.76
	- Letter of credit**	28.39	26.57
(c)	Interest accrued on fixed deposits	0.78	1.08
(d)	Other advances recoverable Unsecured- considered good	4.45	4.09
		70.02	92.19

^{*}Guarantee given in respect of various contracts/tenders submitted with the respective parties with maturity of more than 12 months.

^{**}Letter of credit is given for the payment to be made against Model concession agreement for TMS (Terminal Management System) with Northern Railways.

Note 8: Non Current Tax Assets							
		(₹ in crore)					
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023					
Advance income tax / Tax Deducted at Source (TDS) (net of provisions)	310.09	284.19					
	310.09	284.19					

Note 9: Other Non-Current Assets						
		(₹ in crore)				
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at 31 March 2023				
Capital advances						
Secured - considered good	0.97	0.40				
Unsecured - considered good	1,055.55	1,106.09				
Pre-payment-Leasehold land	98.73	101.43				
Pre-payment registration fee (Refer note 9.1)	6.86	9.52				
Pre-payment revenue share	0.00	0.00				
Pre-paid expenses	13.42	17.22				
Lease rent income equalisation reserve	0.24	0.07				
Provision for Deferred Expenses SD Given	0.03	0.04				
Deferred employee cost-PRMS	36.08	26.60				
Deferred employee cost	17.91	16.46				
	1,229.79	1,277.83				

^{9.1} Registration fees includes fee paid for running of container trains, registrations of Private Freight Terminals (PFT), etc.



Note 10: Inventories	S	
		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Stores and spares (at Cost or Net Realisable Value, whichever is less)	50.34	37.30
Less: Allowance for obsolete stores	(0.12)	(0.12)
	50.22	37.18

Stores and spares include items costing $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 5.45 crore (2022-23: $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 5.54 crore), which have not been consumed during last three years. This includes $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 0.12 crore (2022-23: $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 0.12 crore) identified as obsolete spares and provided for. The management expects to use the remaining items in the operations and has not provided any allowance for such spares.

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the year was ₹ 23.96 crore (March 31, 2023: ₹ 28.67 crore). [Refer Note 33 (ii)]

Note 11: Financial Assets: Inv	vestments	
		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Investment in Bonds (at cost)		
PFC Tax Free Bonds in nature of Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Debenture-Series 1 A of ₹.1,000/- each	-	41.78
NHAI Tax Free, Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Bonds in the nature of Debentures-Series I A of ₹.1,000/- each	-	50.00
Bonds in the nature of Debentures Tranche-I series IA of ₹.1,000/- each	-	30.00
Total	-	121.78
Market value of quoted investments	-	128.24

Note 12: Financial Assets: Trade Receivables							
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	(₹ in crore) As at March 31, 2023					
(a) Secured, considered good	-	-					
(b) Unsecured, considered good(*)	333.63	216.00					
(c) Trade Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	0.00	0.00					
(d) Unsecured, considered doubtful	4.34	4.54					
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(4.34)	(4.54)					
Total	333.63	216.00					

^(*) It includes Trade receivables of ₹232.35crore (31st March, 2023: ₹131.54crore) secured against bank guarantee received from customers.



Trade Receivables ageing schedule (As at 31.03.2024)

(₹ in Crore)

	A Unbilled	B Trade	Outstandi	ng for follow	C	rom due date	of payment	D=A+B+C
Particulars	Trade Receivable	Receivable not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		272.80	27.52	2.41	3.10	5.86	7.84	319.53
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good (v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk			0.12	0.13	0.39	-	3.60 13.46	3 .60 14.10
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired							0.74	0.74
Less: Allowance for e	xpected cred	272.80 lit loss	27.64	2.54	3.49	5.86	25.64	337.97 (4.34) 333.63

Trade Receivables ageing schedule (As at 31.03.2023)		(₹ in Crore)
, p	a	D + D C

	A	В			C			D=A+B+C
Particulars	Unbilled Trade Receivable	Trade Receivable not due	Outstandi	ng for follov	lue date of			
			Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed	-	146.81	37.85	6.65	3.76	2.24	3.94	201.25
Trade Receivables – credit impaired (iv) Disputed Trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 .79	3.79
Receivables— considered good	-	-	0.13	0.17	0.10	-	14.35	14.75



								216.00
Less: Allowance for	expected	credit loss						(4.54)
	-	146.81	37.98	6.82	3.86	2.24	22.83	220.54
in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.75	0.75
which have significant increase	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables –								

12.1 Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. At the inception of a service contract, the Group collects the predetermined expected dues in advance. The balance of trade receivables represents the additional amounts charged to the customers over and above the amount already collected towards the expected dues in advance. For the recovery of balance contractual payments, the Group has a legal right to auction the material of the customers and recover the dues in terms of the provisions contained in Customs Act, 1962.

Thus, the Group has limited exposure to credit risk.

12.2 Credit risk concentration

The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the fact that the customer base is large and unrelated. Customers represent more than 5% of the total balance of trade receivables comprise of the following:

Particulars

- 1. M/s Western Carriers India Pvt Ltd.
- 2. M/s Hapag Lloyd India Pvt Ltd.
- 3. M/s Maersk Line India Pvt Ltd.
- 4.M/s Food Corporation of India.

12.3 Allowance for expected credit loss

The Group has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the days the receivables are due and the rates as given in the provision matrix. The movement in the expected credit loss allowance at the end of the reporting period is as follows

(₹ in crore)

Movement in the expected credit loss allowance

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	(4.54)	(4.17)
 -Movement in allowance for expected credit loss calculated at lifetime expected credit losses 	0.20	(0.37)
-Impairment losses recognised on receivables	<u> </u>	-
Balance at the end of the year	(4.34)	(4.54)



Note 13: Financial Assets: Cash an	na Cash Equivalents
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		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash on hand	0.11	0.13
Cheques and drafts on hand	1.81	0.39
Bank balances:		
In current accounts	63.15	203.25
In Flexi Fixed Deposit Accounts	126.30	116.24
In deposit accounts with maturity upto 3 months	2.10	23.73
	193.47	343.74

Note 14: Financial Assets: Other Bank Balances

(₹ in crore) As at As at **Particulars** March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023 -Restricted Cash balances Earmarked bank balances Unclaimed dividend accounts* 0.30 0.30 Unspent CSR account 28.16 20.84 2.28 2.28 Deposits against government grant** Bank balances: in deposit accounts with maturity of more than three 3.051.22 2,726.65

*Unclaimed dividend accounts

Guarantees #
Letters of credit***

months but less than 12 months

If the dividend has not been paid or claimed within 30 days from the date of its declaration, the company is required to transfer the total amount of the dividend which remain unpaid or unclaimed, to a special account to be opened by the company in a scheduled bank to be called "Unpaid Dividend Account". The unclaimed dividend lying with company is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF), administered by the Central Government after a period of seven years from the date of transfer of such amount to unpaid dividend account.

20.66

3,102.62

8.31

2,758.38

An amount of ₹2,16,557 (As at March 31, 2023: ₹2,96,673) has been deposited timely in the Investor Education & Protection Fund.

**Deposits against government grant

The amount in deposit accounts represents the restricted balance in respect of Government grants.

Bank balances held as margin money or as security against

Bank Balances held as margin money or as security against

Guarantees

Guarantee given in respect of various contracts/tenders submitted with the respective parties.

***Letter of credit

Letter of credit is given for the payment to be made against Model concession agreement for TMS (Terminal Management System) with Northern Railways.



Note 15: Financial Assets: Loans

			(₹ in crore)
	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Carri	ed at amortised cost (considered-good)		
(a)	Other loans (*) Loans to employees (Secured)	15.46	14.19
(b)	Loans Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
(c)	Loans Receivables – credit impaired	-	
		15.46	14.19

(*) Other loans

It includes loans given to employees for various purposes (e.g. vehicle loan, car loan, housing loan and multipurpose loan etc.), which are repayable in monthly instalments as per the terms of the loan.

Note 16: Other financial assets

(₹ in crore)

			(₹ in crore)
	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Carr	ied at amortised cost		
(a)	Security deposits (Unsecured- considered good)		
	Government Authorities	13.39	18.79
	Others	0.18	0.31
(b)	Advances to related parties		
	HALCON	0.15	0.15
(c)	Other advances recoverable in cash		
	Unsecured – considered good	74.48	30.06
	(i) Unsecured – considered doubtful-Indian Railway	77.08	77.41
	Less: Allowance for doubtful amount recoverable- Indian Railway [Refer note no.16.1]	(77.08)	(77.41)
	(ii) Unsecured – considered doubtful	0.15	0.15
	Less: Allowance for doubtful advances	(0.15)	(0.15)
(d)	Claims recoverable	0.06	0.06
(e)	Other Receivables		
	Unsecured – considered doubtful	1.83	1.83
	Less: Allowance for doubtful advances	(1.83)	(1.83)
(f)	Fixed Deposits with Original Maturity of more than		
	one year but Remaining Maturity of less than 12 months	15.48	6.60
(g)	Interest receivable		
	-Interest accrued on deposits	108.31	86.85
	-Interest accrued on investments in tax free bonds	21.54	25.33
		233.59	168.15

16.1 From 1st April 2020, Indian Railways has changed its Land Licence fee policy, due to which some of the Terminals were rendered unviable, which were handed over to Indian Railway along with un-amortized fixed assets available on them. The company has reduced its fixed Assets (Buildings, Roads & Pavements, electrical fittings and Railway Sidings) amounting to ₹ 77.08crore (P.Y: ₹ 77.41 crore) and the same has been shown as recoverable from Indian Railway. Further, pending confirmation of the amount payable by Railways on this account the company has also provided the same as doubtful recovery from Indian Railway.



Note 17. Current Tax Assets			
	(₹ in crore)		
Particulars Particulars	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Advance income tax / TDS (net of provisions)	1.69	1.52	
Income Tax Refund receivable	-	-	
	1.69	1.52	

Note 18. Other Current Assets			
		(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Pre-payment-Leasehold land	4.27	4.27	
Pre-payment registration fee (Refer note 18.1)	2.65	2.65	
Pre-payment-Rail Freight	0.26	0.26	
Other advances recoverable	311.58	425.69	
Deferred employee cost	2.92	2.77	
Balance with government authorities	4.95	4.93	
Prepaid expenses	1.00	1.16	
Lease rent income equalization reserve	0.03	0.05	
Export Incentives	861.05	861.05	
Less: Allowance for doubtful Export incentive [Refer Note 18.2]	(861.05)	(861.05)	
Deferred Expenses Security Deposit Given	-	-	
Unamortized Contract Cost	27.39	24.23	
Others	0.24	1.05	
	355.29	467.06	

- 18.1 Registration fees includes fee paid for running of container trains, registrations of Private Freight Terminals (PFT), etc.
- 18.2 CONCOR had recognized during the financial year 2015-16 to 2018-19 an amount totaling to ₹1044.03 crores as the income on account of benefit available under Service Export from India Scheme (SEIS). The availability of this benefit to CONCOR was also confirmed through legal opinions. In FY-2019-20 Directorate General of Foreign Trade (DGFT), disallowed ₹861.05 crores of claim for SEIS by stating that services towards customs transit of foreign liners sealed containers by rail transport placed under customs control to/from ICDs are not eligible for SEIS, for which provision was made by the company and it also filed appeal against the same at the appropriate level.



Note 19. Equity

Equity Share capital

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Authorised capital 800,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 5 each (As at March 31, 2023: 800,000,000 equity shares of ₹5 each) Issued, Subscribed and Paid up	400.00	400.00
609,294,348 equity shares of ₹ 5 each (As at 31 March ,2023: 609,294,348 equity shares of ₹ 5 each) fully paid up	304.65	304.65
	304.65	304.65

(i) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period.

Particulars	Opening balance	No. of shares increased on account of Shares Split	Fresh issue (Bonus Share)	Closing balance		
Equity shares						
Year ended March 31st,2024						
No. of Shares	609,294,348	-	-	609,294,348		
Amount	304.65	-	-	304.65		
Year ended March 31st, 2023						
No. of Shares	609,294,348	-	-	609,294,348		
Amount	304.65	-	-	304.65		

(ii) Rights, preferences and restriction attached to shares

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 5 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuingAnnual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(iii) Equity shares held by the controlling entity

Particulars	No of shares Equity shares
As at March 31, 2024	
The President of India	333,884,975
As at March 31, 2023	
The President of India	333,884,975

(iv) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

(11) = 000115 01 511010 55 00011 51	(11) Details of Shares here by each shareholder holding more than 2 70 shares in the company.					
Particulars	As at March 31,	2024	As at March 31, 2023			
	Number of shares held	%	Number of shares held	%		
Equity shares						
The President of India	333,884,975	54.80%	333,884,975	54.80%		
Life Insurance Corporation of India	3,55,69,377	5.84%	1,48,88,442	2.44%		



(v) Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares (during 5 years immediately preceding March 31, 2024):

12,18,58,870 equity shares were issued on February 7, 2019 as fully paid Bonus shares, which were issued in the ration of 1:4 (one bonus share for every four shares) by Capitalising ₹ 60.93 crores from the reserve and surplus of the company.

(vi) Shareholding of Promoters as under:

	Shares held by promote	% Change during the year		
S. No	Promoter name	No. of Shares	%of total shares	
1	The President of India Through Ministry of Railways	33,38,84,975	54.80	No change
Total		33,38,84,975		

Note 20.	Other Equity Exclu	ding Non- Controlling Interests	
			(₹ in crore)
Particul	ars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
General Reserve		1,582.74	1,459.66
Retained Earnings		9,935.82	9,461.98
		11,518.56	10,921.64

20.1 General Reserve

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,459.66	1,342.75
Amount transferred from retained earnings	123.08	116.91
Issue of Bonus Shares	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	1,582.74	1,459.66

The general reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. There is no policy of regular transfer. As the general reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

20.2 Retained Earnings

(₹ in crore)

	(XIII CI OI C)
As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
9,461.98	9,106.52
-	-
1,260.59	1,173.95
6.57	29.59
-	-
(0.02)	(0.02)
(670.22)	(731.15)
	March 31, 2024 9,461.98 - 1,260.59 6.57 - (0.02)



Balance at the end of the year	9,935.82	9,461.98
Amount transferred to general reserve	(123.08)	(116.91)
Tax on Dividend	-	-

The Company has paid an interim dividend of ₹9/- on per equity share of ₹5/- each (2022-23: ₹9/- on per equity share of ₹5/- each) and proposed final dividend of ₹ 2.50/- on per equity share of ₹5 /- each. (2022-23: ₹2/- on per equity share of ₹5/- each) for the year.

Note 21. Non- Controlling Interests			
		(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
Balance at the beginning of the year	101.82	102.23	
Share of profit for the year	1.50	(0.40)	
Share of OCI for the year	(0.01)	(0.01)	
Non-controlling interests arising on the additional investment made in subsidiaries	-	-	
Balance at the end of the year	103.31	101.82	

(a) Details of Non-Wholly Owned Subsidiaries that have Non Controlling Interest

Name of the Subsidiary	Place of Incorporation and Place of Operation	Ownershi and voting by non co inter	ontrolling rests	allocate controllin	(Loss) d to non ng interest	Controllin	lated non ng Interest
		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Limited	SIDCUL, Rudrapur, Udham Singh Nagar, Uttarakhand, 263153.	26%	26%	1.43	0.42	25.34	23.91
Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited	SCO-119-120, Sector 17-B, Chandigarh- 160017	49%	49%	0.06	(0.83)	77.97	77.91
Total				1.49	(0.41)	103.31	101.82

(b) Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiaries that has non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

Particulars	SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Limited		Limited	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Current Assets	59.27	32.30	8 .02	6.38
Non Current Assets Current Liabilities	71.38 8.25	88.36 6 .25	210.12 9 .33	218.95 12.11

CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED **ANNUAL REPORT 2023-24** 25.00 22.52 49.72 54.23 Non Current Liabilities Equity Interest Attributable to the 72.08 68.00 81.14 81.08 owners 25.32 Non Controlling Interest 23.89 77.95 77.90 38.26 23.89 19.07 39.25 Revenue **Expenses** (17.21)(17.01)(39.06)(39.91)Profit / (Loss) for the year 6.68 2.06 0.19 (1.65)**Exceptional item** Tax expense (0.45)(0.05)(0.02)(1.17)Profit/ (loss) after tax 0.14 5.51 1.61 (1.67)Profit / (Loss) attributable to the 4.08 1.19 0.07 (0.85)owners of the Company Profit / (Loss) attributable to the non 1.43 0.42 0.07 (0.82)controlling interest Profit / (Loss) for the year 0.14 5.51 1.61 (1.67)Other Comprehensive Income (0.02)(0.02)attributable to the owners of the Company Other Comprehensive Income Profit / (0.01)(0.01)(Loss) attributable to the non controlling interest **Other Comprehensive Income** (0.03)(0.03)Total Other Comprehensive Income 4.08 1.19 0.05 (0.87)attributable to the owners of the Company 0.42 0.06 Total Other Comprehensive Income 1.43 (0.83)Profit / (Loss) attributable to the non controlling interest **Total Other Comprehensive Income** 5.51 1.61 0.11 (1.70)Dividends paid to non controlling interest 6.97 Net Cash Flow from operating 9.41 11.78 12.47 activities Net Cash Flow from investing 5.56 (6.42)(0.04)(0.13)activities Net Cash Flow from financing (2.92)(3.40)(7.95)(10.89)activities **Net Cash inflow (outflow)** 12.05 1.96 (1.02)1.45

(c) Changes in Ownership interest

There are no changes in the ownership interest in the subsidiaries having non- controlling interest.

Note 22. Borrowi	ngs	
		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Carried at amortised cost		
Term loan from HDFC Bank Limited (Refer note 22.1)	0.00	44.55
Redeemable Preference Shares-unsecured (Refer note 22.2)		
5% Cumulative Redeemable, 5,00,00,000 Preference shares		
@ ₹ 10/- per share	24.22	4.58
	24.22	49.13



22.1 Summary of borrowing arrangements

The subsidiary in the Group (Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited) has taken term loan from HDFC Bank of ₹ 70 crore on march 10,2016 at the rate of interest of 9.70% per annum for part project funding for Multi-Modal Logistics Park (MMLP) being set up near Mandi, Ahmadgarh Station, Ludhiana, Punjab (" the Project"). Rate of interest at the end of reporting date is 9.35% p.a.

This loan is secured against first charge by way of equitable mortgage on all the present and future fixed assets of the project of as well as hypothecation of all current and movable fixed assets of the project.

The entire loan will be repayable in 44 equal quarterly instalments over a period of 11 years with a moratorium period of 4 years and first instalment was paid on June 10th, 2020The subsidiary in the Group (Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited) has paid ₹ 67.99 Crores till 31.03.2024. Pending ₹ 2.01Crores will be paid in the next FY 2024-25.

22.2 Summary of 5% Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares-Unsecured

During FY 2020-2021, the subsidiary company M/s Punjab logistics Infrastructure Limited has issued 5% cumulative redeemable preference shares (Non participating; Non convertible) of 1,00,00,000 each having a face value of ₹ 10/each for general corporate purpose, working capital requirements and prepayment/repayment of debt. And

During FY 2023-2024, the subsidiary company M/s Punjab logistics Infrastructure Limited has issued has issued 5% cumulative redeemable preference shares (Non participating; Non convertible) of4,00,00,000 each having a face value of ₹ 10/- each for general corporate purpose, working capital requirements and prepayment/repayment of debt.

The said preference share has been issued to existing shareholders CONCOR & CONWARE in the proportion of 51:49 for the tenure of 10 Years from the date of allotment.

Redemption Amount: Face Value of ₹ 10 per share plus any dividend accrued but not paid on any previous year, dividend payment as well as dividend accrued upto redemption date. The Cumulative redeemable preference shares shall be redeemed out of profits of the company which would otherwise be available for dividend. (Include share issue expenses (FY 2020-2021: ₹ 37,50,000). Financial Liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium or fee or costs that are integral part of EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance costs in statement of Profit and loss. Financial liability shown to the extent of preference share held by CONWARE having significant influence on subsidiary M/s Punjab logistics Infrastructure Limited.

Note 23. Non Current Financial I	Liabilities-Lease Liabilities	
		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Lease Liability- Ind AS 116	746.11 746.11	615.86 615.86

Note 23(a). Other Non Curi	rent Financial Liabilities	
		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost		
Security Deposits	4.81	9.00
Others	8.87	37.18
	13.68	46.18



Note 24	. Provisions	
		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Employee Benefits		
Provision for employee benefits	79.16	74.82
	79.16	74.82

25. Other Non-Current Liabilities (₹ in crore) As at As at **Particulars** March 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 Deferred Government grant (Refer note 25.1) 1.84 2.10 Lease equalisation reserve Provision for Deferred Income 0.81 0.69 2.65 2.79

Note 25.1: The State Government after recognition of the benefits of the MMLP project has approved ₹ 4.40 crore under the ASIDE assistance to be utilised towards development of Rail Linked Logistics Park at Pantnagar. The amount of grant is utilised for the construction of property, plant and equipment related to the Rail linked Logistics Park and included in non - current liabilities as deferred income for the extent unamortised and are credited to Profit and Loss on a straight line basis over the useful life of the related asset.

Note 26. Borrow	ings	
		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Current maturities of Long Term Debt (HDFC Bank Term		
Loan)*	2.01	6.36
	2.01	6.36

^{*} The subsidiary in the Group (Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited) has availed ₹ 70 Crores term Loan and out of which company has paid ₹ 67.99 Crores till 31.03.2024 by the way of prepayment. Pending ₹ 2.01Crores will be paid in the next FY 24-25. Therefore shown in short term borrowings.

Note 26(a).	Lease Liabilities	
		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Lease Liability- IND AS 116	166.36	106.79
	166.36	106.79

Note 27. Financiai nabint	ies: Trade payables	
		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at	As at
1 at ucuiats	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Due to Micro and Small enterprises (Refer Note 54)	11.87	11.10
Others	269.14	371.02
	281.01	382.12



The Group pays its vendors immediately when the invoice is accounted and no interest during the year has been paid or is payable. (Refer Note no. 54 for disclosure made under terms of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006).

The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the pre-agreed credit terms.

Trade Payables aging schedule (As at 31.03.2024)							(₹ in crore)
	A	В		C			D=A+B+C
Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment			rom due			
	Trade payable	payable not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME (ii) Others (iii) Disputed dues – MSME (iv)Disputed dues - Others		2.26	9 .55 151.84	24.64	48.84	43.67 0.06 0.15	11.81 268.99 0 .06 0.15

Trade Payables aging schedule (As at 31.03.2023) (₹							(₹ in crore)
	A	В		C			D=A+B+C
Particulars	Unbilled	Outstanding for following periods from due Trade date of payment				rom due	
2 uz vaculur p	Trade payable	payable not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME		1.99	9.05				11.04
(ii) Others			189.90	90.85	21.55	68.57	370.87
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME						0.06	0.06
(iv)Disputed dues - Others						0.15	0.15

Note 28. Other Current Financial Liabilities				
		(₹ in crore)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023		
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	0.02	0.40		
Dividend accrued on Redeemable Preference Shares	1.14	0.50		
Due to Micro and Small enterprises (Refer note 54)	14.52	15.03		
Payable for capital works	0.40	0.78		
Unpaid dividend	0.30	0.30		
Deferred government grant (Refer note 28.1)	2.28	2.28		
Others*	266.79	292.50		
	285.45	311.79		

^{*} It includes Employee related dues, Security deposits received &Other payables on account of Capital works/Revenue, etc.



Note 28.1:

During FY 2015-16, the company had received ₹8.73 crore from Ministry of Commerce and Industry under Assistance to States for Development of Export Infrastructure and Allied Activities Scheme (ASIDE scheme) for construction of Road Over Bridge (ROB) to facilitate the Multi Modal Logistics Park (MMLP) project led by the company. However, as the ROB project is long pending and no development in the project is seen in spite of all the sincere efforts by the management, the said amount was not utilised till date for the project and therefore the management has refunded ₹7.50 crore during financial year 2017-18.

The MOCI demanded the interest on the grant amount and the company had not acknowledged the interest as debt in earlier years but requested for the waiver of the interest. The same is being pursued with the MOCI pending any decision from MOCI, A provision of ₹1.05 crore has been made in the books of Accounts in FY 2019-20.

Note 29. Other current		(₹ in crore
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Advances/deposits from customers (against services)	193.24	195.68
Statutory dues	147.06	177.74
Deferred Government Grant Income	48.36	53.42
Deferred Income-SD Received	0.08	0.04
Unearned Revenue*	50.97	45.38
_	439.71	472.26
*Breakup of revenue recognized in the reporting period the beginning of year	at was included in the co	ntract liability at the
Opening Balance	45.38	67.21
Revenue recognized out of opening balance during the year	45.38	67.21
Closing Balance	50.97	45.38

The Company expect to complete performance obligation within duration of one or less than one year.

Note 30. Provisions				
		(₹ in crore)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023		
Provision for employee benefits	63.37	61.23		
Provision for property tax	7.79	7.76		
	71.16	68,99		

Other Provisions

Particulars Particulars	Property Tax
Balance as at 1 April 2022	6.51
Additional provision recognised	2.10
Amount paid during the year	(0.85)
Unused amount reversed during the year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Balance as 31st March 2023	7.76
Balance as at 1 April 2023	7.76
Additional provision recognised	1 .44
Amount paid during the year	(1.29)
Unused amount reversed during the year	(0.12)
Balance as 31st March 2024	7.79



Note 31. Revenue from Operations

The following is an analysis of the company's revenue for the year from continuing operations:

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Sale of Services:		
Rail Freight Income	6,555.14	6,098.18
Road Freight Income	367.55	277.50
Handling Income	1,024.70	1,035.86
Storage and Warehousing Income (Refer note i)	176.28	178.51
Other Operating Income:		
Export Incentive (Refer note ii)	-	-
Other operating income (Refer note iii & iv)	683.90	701.78
Less: Rebate/Discount	(158.92)	(141.24)
Sub-total	8,648.65	8,150.59
Demurrage Income	-	0.34
Screening charges	-	14.00
Cooling charges	4.76	4.19
Sale of Cartons	-	-
Total	8,653.41	8,169.12

Note:

- (i) Storage and Warehousing income is net of waivers of ₹ 0.82 crore (2022-23: ₹ 0.12 crore)
- (ii) Export Incentive includes ₹ Nil crore (2022-23: ₹Nil crore) towards Grants under SFIS, which had been recognised at the time of utilisation of these scripts towards procurement of Assets and Inventories.
- (iii) Other operating income includes ₹ 8.21 crore (2022-23: ₹ 8.45 crore) towards consultancy income, which has been received from M/s Gateway Terminals India Private Limited.
- (iv) Other operating income includes following income which exceeds one per cent of the revenue from operations or ₹ 10,00,000 whichever is higher:

(₹ in crore)

Sl. No.	Name and Description of Income/ Service	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
(a)	Terminal Infra Charges	122.90	129.86
(b)	Equipment Imbalance Charge	121.39	129.81

- (v) Transaction price for all services e.g. Rail Transportation, Road Transportation, Handling, S&W etc. is as per the prevailing public tariff.
- (vi) Return/refunds and other similar obligations are as per approved policies.



Note 32. Other Income				
		(₹ in crore)		
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023		
Interest income earned on financial assets carried at amortised cost	,	,		
On Loans given to employees*	17.90	(3.36)		
Bank deposits	246.61	179.82		
Tax free Bonds	46.79	48.92		
Interest on security deposit given	0.01	0.01		
Interest earned on Short Term Bank Deposits /ICDs	1.31	0.85		
Interest on Income Tax Refunds	0.05	0.30		
Interest income on security deposit	-	0.92		
Other interest income	0.02	0.03		
Other non-operating income	0.04	0.32		
Rent income	15.53	17.01		
Amortisation of Grant income (Refer note 25.1)	0.26	0.26		
Profit on sale of capital assets	1.53	6.15		
(net of loss on assets sold /scrapped / written off)				
Guarantee income	-	-		
Miscellaneous income**	40.29	62.17		
Total Other Income	370.34	313.40		

^{*} As per CONCOR House Building Advance Rules, CONCOR is providing House Building Advance (HBA) facility to all regular employees of the Corporation, who on the date of submitting application for advance have rendered not less than three years' continuous services. As per earlier HBA rules, simple interest @ 5% per annum on the loan amount up to ₹ 5.5 lakhs & interest @ 7.5% per annum on loans beyond ₹ 5.5 lakhs. Rebate was provided "in case of employees superannuating from CONCOR services or die in harness or become medically incapacitated for reasons not connected with intemperate habits or putting 10 years of minimum regular service from the date of availed of advance, a rebate @ 50% in the interest rates was allowed". During the Financial year 2022-23, the company has changed its policy and decided that interest @ 3 % will be charged on HBA's or where the HBA amount/interest is outstanding as on date or the rebate for the loan is yet to be availed. Resultantly HBA interest was recalculated from date of disbursement of loan & benefit of the same was passed on to employee amounting to ₹ 11.35 crores. Rebate on HBA amounting to ₹ 0.50 crores is for F.Y 2022-23 & ₹ 10.85 crores for previous years. Hence, in. F.Y. 2022-23 "Interest income earned on Financial assets carried at amortised cost" on loans given to employees is ₹ (3.36) crores.

^{**}Miscellaneous Income includes ₹ 22.97 crore received from Indian Farmers Fertiliser Cooperative (IFFCO) towards development of an area of 35.5 Acres exclusively dedicated to IFFCO for handling and warehousing of IFFCO cargo rakes at MMLP Paradip (Previous Year: ₹46.87 crore).



Note 33.	Terminal	and O	ther Serv	vice Charges
11000000	T CI IIIIII	ullu O	the bei	vice Ciluiges

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Rail freight expenses	4,910.09	4,504.34
Revenue share [Refer note 33(i)]	-	23.55
Road freight expenses	269.86	200.92
Concession arrangement amortisation expense [Refer note 33(i)]	-	-
Handling expenses	280.59	327.31
Land license fee*	373.20	393.76
Other operating expenses	131.23	146.50
Total Terminal and other service charges	5,964.97	5,596.38

^{*}During the year, the Company has booked LLF amount of ₹ 373.20 crores (2022-23: ₹ 393.76 crores), which is net off past provisions of ₹ 68.20 crores (2022-23: ₹ 6.22 crores) (Refer note no. 58).

33(i) The subsidiary- M/s Concor Air Limited (CAL) in the Group had entered into concession agreements with Mumbai International Airport Private Limited (MIAL) for operation and management of the domestic cargo facilities and provision of the cargo handling and related services. In consideration of the grant of the concession by the MIAL to the Company, Company was required to pay to MIAL a fee that is higher of minimum monthly guarantee fee or revenue share of 42% of gross revenue for domestic operations. The Contract period is up to Jan. 2026 but in the interest of CONCOR Air Ltd., the termination is done before the expiry of the Concession period. CAL was running the facility on the request of MIAL for the period upto 31st March 2023. As per the agreed terms and conditions the surplus over and above the cost is payable to MIAL.

33(ii) Handling & Other Operating expenses include ₹ 112.92 crore (2022-23: ₹ 116.07 crore) & ₹ 23.96 crore (2022-23: ₹ 28.67 crore) towards power & fuel and consumption of stores & spare respectively. Details of expenditure on consumption of imported & indigenous stores and spare are as follows:

	Particulars	Marc	year ended h 31, 2024 Percentage (%)	Marc	e year ended ch 31, 2023 Percentage (%)
Import		0.17	0.71	0.14	0.49
Indigenous		23.79	99.29	28.53	99.51

Note 34. Employee Benefit Expenses

(₹ in crore)

		(X III CI OI C)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Salary, allowances and other employee benefits	374.30	351.84
Contribution to Provident Fund, Pension and other welfare funds	44.75	42.76
Rent for Leased Accommodation (Net)	0.22	0.13
Staff Welfare Expenses (*)	39.40	31.52
Gratuity	3.39	4.40
Staff Training	1.07	0.15
Total Employee Benefit Expense	463.13	430.80

(*) In the years prior to FY 2020-21, the Company has been providing liability for Post Retirement Medical Benefits for retired employees. However, from FY 2020-21 onwards, the actuarial valuation has been done for the expected



liability for all employees of the Company, as all employees after superannuation or separation after rendering services for continued period of specified years are entitled for such benefits.

Due to this, during the year, an amount of ₹ -7.35 crores (2022-23: ₹ -34.60 crores) was provided: ₹ 1.09 crores (2022-23: ₹ 4.05 crores) has been charged to Statement of Profit & Loss and ₹ 8.44 crores (2022-23: ₹ 38.65 crores) has been included in Other Comprehensive Income.

Note 35. Changes in Inventories							
(₹ in crore)							
	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023				
Opening stock							
Stores and spares		1.54	0.00				
Closing stock		1.54	0.00				
Stores and spares		0.28	0.00				
Total		1.26	0.00				

110000000000000000000000000000000000000	m and amorusation expense	(₹ in crore)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Depreciation*	616.34	570.47
Amortisation of intangible assets	2.27	2.54
Total	618.61	573.01

^{*} It includes Depreciation on ROU Assets valuing ₹128.05crore (2022-23: ₹98.71 crore).

Note 37. Finance Cost								
(₹ in crore)								
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023						
Interest on financial liabilities carried at amortised cost- Security Deposit Received	0 .14	0.11						
Interest Exp-Lease Liability - IND AS 116	67.38	58.97						
Interest on Term loan (*)	2 .97	4.49						
Dividend on redeemable preference shares (**)	0 .63	0.25						
Others	0.06	0.07						
Total	71.18	63.89						

^(*) The subsidiary in the Group (Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited) has taken term loan from HDFC Bank on March 10,2016 at the rate of interest of 9.70% per annum for part project funding for Multi-Modal Logistics Park (MMLP) being set up near Mandi Ahmadgarh Station, Ludhiana, Punjab ("the Project"). Rate of interest at the end of reporting date is 9.35% p.a.

^(**) Dividend on redeemable preference shares has been computed by using effective interest rate (EIR) after taking into account the costs that are integral part of EIR.



Note 38. Other Expenses							
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	(₹ in crore) For the year ended March 31, 2023					
Printing and Stationery	2.00	1.85					
Travelling and Conveyance	19.57	20.75					
(Including Directors' Travelling ₹0.46 crore (2022-23: ₹0.45)							
Rent and Licence fee for office building	3.99	3.64					
Electricity and Water	14.68	14.71					
Repairs and maintenance - Buildings	14.25	13.08					
Repairs and maintenance - Plant and Machinery	10.95	8.41					
Repairs and maintenance - Others	67.19	71.66					
Amortisation of leasehold land	2.70	2.71					
Amortisation of registration fees	2.66	2.65					
Lease expenses-Ind AS 116	0.14	0.15					
Security Expenses	32.73	32.72					
Ferminal Support Services	23.65	23.59					
Vehicle Running and Maintenance Expenses	2.55	2.42					
Business Development	2.33 1.49	2.42					
•	4.84	4.39					
Postage, Telephone and Internet							
Horticulture and Conservancy expenses	0.25	0.27					
Books and Periodicals	0.04	0.05					
Bank Charges	0.55	0.79					
Legal and Professional Charges	7.05	6.03					
nsurance	7.21	5.39					
Fees and Subscriptions	0.55	0.44					
Advertisement	1.72	1.88					
Directors' Fees	0.36	0.31					
Rates and Taxes	6.81	14.17					
Bad debts written off	0.00	0.73					
Manpower expense (Refer note 38.1)	3.08	3.41					
Manpower Welfare and Medical Expenses	-	-					
As Auditors							
Statutory audit fees	0.21	0.19					
For Taxation matters For Other services	0.04	0.04					
Auditors out-of-pocket expenses	0.12 0.01	0.18 0.02					
Provision for:	0.01	0.02					
Doubtful Debts	0.05	0.45					
Obsolete Assets	-	-					
Obsolete Stores	-	-					
Non-moving projects	0.10	1 4 2					
Loss on sale of fixed assets	0.19	1.46					
Project expenses written off	15.50	0.13					
CSR Expenses (Refer note 38.2)	17.52	19.59					
Miscellaneous Expenses	16.96	12.43					
Hazardous Waste Incineration		3.36					
Total Other Expenses	266.11	276.39					



- **38.1** This cost represents cost of staff seconded as well as other staffs hired on contract basis.
- **38.2** The CSR expenditure comprises the following:
 - (a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year: ₹ 57.90 crore (2022-23: ₹ 49.28 crore)
 - (b) Amount spent during the year on:

Sl.	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024			Year ended March 31, 2023			
No.		In Cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total	In Cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total	
i.	Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ii.	On purposes other than (i) above	10.79	6.73	17.52	10.44	9.15	19.59	
	Total	10.79	6.73	17.52	10.44	9.15	19.59	

Note 38(a). Exceptional Items							
(₹ in crore)							
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended					
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023					
NIL	-	-					
Total Exceptional Items	-	-					

Note 39. Tax Expense

39.1 Income tax recognised in profit or loss

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Current tax		
In respect of the current year	398.34	384.04
In respect of the previous year	-	-
	398.34	384.04
Deferred tax		
In respect of the current year	8.11	5.68
	8.11	5.68
Total income tax expense recognised in the current year	406.45	389.72
The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:		
Profit before tax	1,668.54	1,563.27
The tax rate used for the 2023-24 and 2022-23 reconciliations above is the effective corporate tax rate of 25.168%(22*110%*104%)for CONCOR & for CONCOR Air Ltd and 26% for SCICL & PLIL)	411.53	389.94
Effect of income that is exempt from taxation	(15.33)	(15.85)
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	10.85	14.57
Income tax not recognised on losses	(0.16)	0.67



Effect of unused tax losses not recognised as deferred tax asset	(0.44)	0.39
	406.45	389.72
Amount of tax of current year recognised in next financial year	-	-
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	406.45	389.72
39.2 Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income		
Deferred tax		
Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income:		
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	(2.17)	(9.96)
	(2.17)	(9.96)
Total income tax recognised in other comprehensive income	(2.17)	(9.96)
Bifurcation of the income tax recognised in other comprehensive income into:		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(2.17)	(9.96)
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss		-
	(2.17)	(9.96)

The Company opted to exercise the option permitted under section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019 and has taken 25.168% rate of Corporate Tax in its accounts. Accordingly, the Company has recognized provision for income tax for the year ended 31st March 2024 & 31st March 2023 and remeasured its deferred tax assets/liabilities on the basis of the above option.



Note 40. Deferred Tax Assets/ (Liabilities) (Net)

The following is the analysis of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) presented in the balance sheet:

 (₹ in crore)

 As at March 31, 2024
 As at March 31, 2023

 Deferred tax assets
 299.83
 312.22

 Deferred tax liabilities
 (217.68)
 (219.69)

 82.15
 92.53

Particulars		For the	year ended March 3	1, 2023			For the	year ended March 3	1, 2024	
	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised directly in equity	Closing balance	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised directly in equity	Closing balance
<u>Deferred tax</u>										
(liabilities)/assets in										
relation to:										
Provision for doubtful advances/debts/stores	1.29	(0.07)			1.22	1.22	(0.05)			1.17
Security deposit received	(0.52)	0.44			(0.08)	(0.08)				(0.08)
Security deposit given	0.39	(0.30)			0.09	0.09				0.09
Employee loan at	0.56	(0.46)			0.10	0.10	(0.55)			(0.45)
effective interest rate		((/			(/
Lease equilisation	2.72				2.72	2.72				2.72
Lease equilisation on rental income	(0.76)				(0.76)	(0.76)	(0.02)			(0.78)
Fair valuation of guarantee	0.10	(0.03)			0.07	0.07	(0.10)			(0.03)
Expenditure covered under section 43B	88.31	(6.15)	(10.00)		72.16	72.16	(8.35)	(2.28)		61.53
Others	4.03	(1.53)			2.50	2.50	0.15			2.65
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	(223.04)	2.29			(220.75)	(220.75)	1.19			(219.56)
Tax losses	21.16	0.12			21.28	21.28	(0.37)			20.91

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Provisions for doubtful Export Benefits	216.71			216.71	216.71			216.71
Unrealised profits of joint ventures and subsidiaries	(1.75)			(1.75)	(1.75)			(1.75)
Fair valuation of guarantee investment	(0.62)			(0.62)	(0.62)			(0.62)
Share issue expenses	0.10			0.10	0.10			0.10
Minimum Alternate Tax	0.16			0.16	0.16			0.16
Others	(0.62)			(0.62)	(0.62)			(0.62)
_	108.22	(5.69)	(10.00)	- 92.53	92.53	(8.10)	(2.28)	- 82.15

40.1 Unrecognised deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses

			(₹ in crore)
Particulars	Unused tax losses will expire in	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses in FHEL for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised are attributable to the following:			
- tax losses A/Y 2015-16	A/Y 2022-23	-	13.14
- tax losses A/Y 2016-17	A/Y 2023-24	24.10	24.10
- tax losses A/Y 2017-18	A/Y 2024-25	11.21	11.21
- tax losses A/Y 2018-19	A/Y 2025-26	8.41	8.41
- tax losses A/Y 2019-20	A/Y 2026-27	4.93	4.93
- tax losses A/Y 2020-21	A/Y 2027-28	3.55	3.55
- tax losses A/Y 2021-22	A/Y 2028-29	2.48	2.48
-tax losses A/Y 2022-23	A/Y 2029-30	1.34	1.34
-tax losses A/Y 2023-24	A/Y 2030-31	2.10	-
Total		58.12	69.16



Note 41. Employee Benefit Plans

A. Defined Contribution Plans

a) Employers Contribution to Provident Fund

Group pays fixed contribution to Provident Fund at predetermined rates to a separate trust, which invests the fund in permitted securities. The contribution to the fund for the period is recognized as expense and is charged to the profit & loss account. The obligation of the Group is limited to such fixed contribution. However, the trust is required to pay a minimum rate of interest on contributions to the members as specified by Government. As per actuarial valuation such liability is NIL as at March 31,2024, (As at March 31, 2023: NIL)

		(< in crore)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
During the year the Group has recognised the following amounts in the statement of profit and loss:-		
Employers Contribution to Provident Fund	22.71	21.41

B. State Plans

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
During the year the Group has recognised the following amounts as employer's contribution to state plans		
in the statement of profit and loss:-		
Employers contribution to Employee's Pension Scheme 1995.	1.73	1.95

C. Defined Benefit Plans and Other Long Term Benefits

a) Contribution to Gratuity Funds - Employee's Gratuity Fund

The Group has a defined benefit gratuity plan, which is regulated as per the provisions of Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The scheme is funded by the Group and is managed by a separate Approved Trust. The liability for the same is recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation. However, the Group does not sponsor the funded defined benefit plans for any of its subsidiaries.

b) Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence.

The company has a defined benefit leave encashment plan for its employees. Under this plan, they are entitled to encashment of earned leaves and medical leaves subject to certain limits and other conditions specified for the same. The liabilities towards leave encashment have been provided on the basis of actuarial valuation.

c) Retirement Allowance



The Group has formed a medical trust, which takes care of medical needs of its employees after their retirement. Their entitlement for reimbursement of medical expenses is regulated as per the policy. The liability for the same is recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation.

These plans typically expose the Group to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

Investment Risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability (denominated in Indian Rupee) is calculated using a discount rate which is determined
	by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds.
Interest Risk	A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the
	plan's debt investments.
Longevity Risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both
	during and after their employment. An increase in the life's expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
Salary Risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase
	in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the projected unit credit method.

An actuarial valuation was carried out in respect of the aforesaid defined benefit plans and other long term benefits based on the following assumptions.

		31.03.20	024			31.03.2023				
Da4'	Leave	Employees	Interest	Retirement	Leave	Employees	Interest	Retirement		
Particulars	Encashment/ Compensate	Gratuity Fund(Funded/	Guarantee Liability PF	Allowance	Encashment/ Compensated	Gratuity Fund(Funded/N	Guarantee Liability PF	Allowance		
	d Absence	Non-Funded)	Zidolitej 11		Absence	on-Funded)	Ziuoiity 11			
Economic Assumptions										
Discount rate (per annum)	7.15%-7.23%	7.15%-7.23%	7.15%-	7.15%-	7.30%-7.51%	7.30%-7.51%	7.30%-	7.30%-		
_			7.23%	7.23%			7.51%	7.51%		
Rate of increase in	5% per annum	5% per annum			6.87% per	6.87% per annum				
compensation levels	(5.50% for	(5.50% for			annum (5.50%	(5.50% for				
	subsidiary)	subsidiary)			for subsidiary)	subsidiary)				
Rate of return on plan assets	NA	7.15%	8.26%	7.15%	NA	7.30%	8.59%	7.30%		
Demographic Assumptions										
Employee	2.33%	2.33%			2.41%	2.41%				
Turnover/Withdrawal Rate										
Retirement Age	60 years	60 years		60 years	60 years	60 years		60 years		



Mortality	IALM	IALM	I	IIAM (2012-	IALM	IALM	IIAM
	(2012-14)	(2012-14)		15)	(2012-14)	(2012-14)	(2012-15)
Leave Availment Ratio	1.00%	NA		NA	1.00%	NA	NA

Estimates of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Amounts recognised in statement of profit or loss in respect of the defined benefit plans are as follows:

	For the	year ended March 3	1, 2024	For the	ne year ended March 31, 2023				
Particulars	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Retirement Allowance	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Retirement Allowance			
Current service cost	6.13	3.33	3.03	4.04	3.96	3.35			
Group's Contribution to Provident Fund									
Past Service Cost									
Remeasurements	2.68			4.52					
Net Interest cost	5.56	0.10	(1.94)	5.29	0.44	0.70			
Net actuarial (Gains)/loss									
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in profit or loss*	14.37	3.43	1 .09	13.85	4.40	4.05			
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability									
-Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense)		(1.20)	1.21		(0.56)	0.26			
-Actuarial (gains) / losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions		(0.26)	0 .33		1.72	(12.89)			
-Actuarial (gains) / losses arising from changes in financial assumptions		(1.03)	(6.10)		(0.07)	(10.20)			



-Actuarial (gains) / losses arising		1.87	(3.88)		(2.18)	(15.82)
from experience adjustments						
Components of defined benefit costs	-	(0.62)	(8.44)	-	(1.09)	(38.65)
recognised in other comprehensive						
income(OCI)**						
<u>Total</u>	14.37	2 .81	(7.35)	13.85	3.31	(34.60)

^{*} Included in "Employee benefits expense" line item in the statement of profit and loss. ** Included in "Other Comprehensive Income"

Movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows-

		31.03.2024			31.03.2023			
Particulars	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Retirement Allowance	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Retirement Allowance		
Present value of obligation as at beginning	75.38	102.08	5 8.94	72.93	97.10	89.14		
of the year								
Adjustment in beginning balance								
Interest cost	5.56	7.30	4 .37	5.29	6.93	6.52		
Past Service Cost								
Current service cost	6.13	3.33	3 .03	4.04	3.96	3.35		
Benefits paid	(10.41)	(6.91)	(0.96)	(11.40)	(5.38)	(1.16)		
Transfer In								
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations due to remeasurements								
a. Effect of change in Financial Assumptions	(11.83)	(1.03)	(6.10)	1.94	(0.07)	(10.20)		
b. Effect of change in Demographic Assumptions	0.10	(0.26)	0 .33	(3.89)	1.72	(12.89)		
c. Experience (Gain)/Losses	14.41	1.87	(3.88)	6.47	(2.18)	(15.82)		
d . Past Service Cost (lst year no heading)								
Present value of obligation as at the year	79.34	106.38	55.73	75.38	102.08	58.94		
end								



Movement in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows:

(₹ in crore)

	31.03.20	24	31.03.2023		
Particulars	Retirement Allowance	Employees Gratuity Fund	Retirement Allowance	Employees Gratuity Fund	
Fair value of Plan Assets as at beginning of the year	85.54	98.70	80.88	89.82	
Expected return on Plan Assets	6.30	7.21	5.82	6.49	
Employer contribution	2.13	3.29	0.26	7.21	
Benefits paid	(0.96)	(6.91)	(1.16)	(5.38)	
Transfer In	NA		NA		
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest					
expense)/ Actuarial Gain (Losses)	(1.21)	1.20	(0.26)	0.56	
Fair value of plan assets as at the year end	91.80	103.49	85.54	98.70	

Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation and fair value of assets:

	31.03.2024							31.03.2023					
Particulars	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Employees Gratuity Fund (Non- Funded)	Retirement Allowance	Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence	Employees Gratuity Fund	Employees Gratuity Fund (Non- Funded)	Retirement Allowance					
Present value of obligation as at the year end	79.34	106.29	0.09	5 5.73	75.38	102.00	0.08	58.94					
Fair value of plan assets as at the year end	NA	103.49		9 1.80	NA	98.70		85.54					
Net (asset)/ liability recognised in balance sheet	79.34	2.80	0.09	(36.07)	75.38	3.30	0.08	(26.60)					
Classified as non- current	74.25		0.09		70.84		0.08						
Classified as current	5.09	2.80		(36.07)	4.55	3.30		(26.60)					
Total	79.34	2.80	0.09	(36.07)	75.39	3.30	0.08	(26.60)					



(₹ in crore)

							(,
Constitution of Plan Assets	CONCO	OR Employ	ees Gratuity Fund			CONCOR Medical Trust		
	March 31, 2024	%	March 31, 2023	%	March 31, 2024	%	March 31, 2023	%
(a) Central Government Securities	51.74	50.95%	49.28	52.80%	51.79	57.55%	49.29	59.33%
(b) State Government Securities								
(c) Corporate Bond/debentures	44.27	43.59%	41.29	44.24%	25.50	28.34%	22.10	26.60%
(d) Mutual Funds/Equity Investment	5.47	5.39%	2.70	2.89%				
(e) Fixed Deposit Receipts					12.70	14.11%	11.68	14.06%
(f) Others (Special Deposit Scheme)	0.07	0.07%	0.07	0.07%				
Total	101.55	•	93.33		89.99		83.07	

The return on the investment is the nominal yield available on the format of investment as applicable to Approved Gratuity Fund under Rule 101 of Income Tax Act 1961.

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024					As at March 31, 2023					
	Employees	Employees	Leave	Leave Trave	Post	Employees	Employees	Leave	Leave	Post	
	Gratuity	Gratuity	Encashment	Concession	retirement	Gratuity (Noi	Gratuity	Encashment	Travel	retirement	
	(Non-funded	Fund			benefits	funded)	Fund		Concession	benefits	
Discount rate is 100 basis points	(0.01)	(6.59)	(5.59)	NA	(8.98)	(0.01)	(6.60)	(5.87)	NA	(10.01)	
higher											
Discount rate is 100 basis points	0.01	7.38	6.46	NA	11.53	0.01	7.40	6.44	NA	12.98	
lower											
Expected salary growth increases	0.01	1.19	6.62	NA		0.01	1.25	6.59	NA		
by 1% Expected salary growth decreases by 1%	(0.01)	(1.22)	(5.93)	NA		(0.01)	(1.21)	(5.93)	NA		



The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the balance sheet.

There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

Gratuity

The estimated term of the benefit obligations in case of gratuity is 8.92 years (As at march 31, 2023: 9.10 years)

The Group expects to contribute ₹ 5.66 crore to its gratuity plan in the next financial year

Leave Encashment

The estimated term of the benefit obligations in case of leave encashment is 8.92 years (As at March 31, 2023: 9.10 years)

Leave Travel Concession

The estimated term of the benefit obligations in case of leave travel concession is NA (As at March 31, 2023: NA)

There has been no change in the process used by the Group to manage its risks from prior periods.

Note 42. Segment information

42.1 Services from which reportable segments derive their revenues

The Segment reporting disclosed by the Group in this section is presented in accordance with the disclosures requirements of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment".

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker (CODM) for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the divisions operated in the Group and in respect of two major operating divisions- EXIM and Domestic, which are organized on All India basis. The information is further analysed based on the different classes of customers. Both EXIM and Domestic divisions of the companies in the Group are engaged in handling, transportation and warehousing activities. No operating segments have been aggregated in arriving at the reportable segments of the Group.

As at March 31, 2024, the operating segment of the Group are as under:

The companies in the group are organised into two major operating divisions- EXIM and Domestic. The divisions are the basis on which the Company reports its primary segment information for the Group. Segment revenue and expenses directly attributable to EXIM and Domestic segments are allocated to the two



segments. Joint revenue and expenses have been allocated on a reasonable basis. Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and consist principally of inventories, sundry debtors, cash and bank balances, loans, advances, other current assets and fixed assets net of provisions. Similarly, segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of sundry creditors, advance/deposits from customers, other liabilities and provisions. Segment assets and liabilities do not, however, include provisions for taxes. Joint assets and liabilities have been allocated to segments on a reasonable basis.

The operations of the Group are presently confined to the geographical territories of India. Therefore, there are no reportable geographical segments.

42.2 Segment revenue and results

The following is the analysis of the Group's revenue and results from operations by reportable segments.

								(₹ in crore)
Particulars	E	XIM	Do	mestic	Un-allo	ocable	Total	Segments
	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31,	March 31, 2023	March 31,	March 31, 2023	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	March 31, 2023
D.	2024		2024		2024	2023	2024	
Revenue								
Segment Revenue								
Rail Freight Income	3,985.47	3,661.30	2,569.67	2,436.88	-	-	6,555.14	6,098.18
Road Freight Income	138.29	107.74	229.26	169.76	-	-	367.55	277.50
Handling Income	841.62	811.53	183.08	224.33	-	-	1,024.70	1,035.86
Storage and Warehousing Income	126.98	133.87	49.30	44.64	-	-	176.28	178.51
Export Incentive	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Other operating income	606.43	620.94	77.47	80.84	-	-	683.90	701.78
Total Revenue from Operations	5,698.79	5,335.38	3,108.78	2,956.45	-	-	8,807.57	8,291.83
Less: Rebate/Discount	(144.46)	(121.64)	(14.46)	(19.60)	-	_	(158.92)	(141.24)
Net Total Revenue from			2.004.22	2.026.05			0.640.6	0.450.50
Operations	5,554.33	5,213.74	3,094.32	2,936.85	-	-	8,648.65	8,150.59
Demmurrage Income			-	0.34	-	_	_	0.34
Screening charges			_	14.00	_	_	-	14.00
Cooling charges			4.76	4.19	_	_	4.76	4.19
Sale of Cartons			_	_	-	_	_	-
			4.76	18.53	-	-	4.76	18.53
Segment Revenue	5,554.33	5,213.74	3,099.08	2,955.38	-	-	8,653.41	8,169.12



Result								
Segment Result	1,248.67	1,261.62	273.90	235.74	_	-	1,522.57	1,497.36
Corporate expenses	-		-		183.24	204.82	183.24	204.82
Interest Expenses	-		-		71.18	63.89	71.18	63.89
Exceptional item					-	-	-	-
Profit before tax and other								
income							1,268.15	1,228.65
Interest and other income					400.39	334.62	400.39	334.62
Income Taxes					406.45	389.72	406.45	389.72
Net Profit						_	1,262.09	1,173.55

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 1. Segment profit represents the profit before tax earned by each segment without allocation of central administration costs and directors' salaries, investment income, other gains and losses, as well as finance costs. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

Revenue and expenses directly identifiable to the segments have been allocated to the relatively primary reportable segments.

Segment revenue and expenses which are not directly identifiable to the primary reportable segments have been disclosed under unallocable, which primarily includes interest and other income and Corporate Expenses. Other income includes Rent income, dividend income and Interest Income. Corporate Expenses includes Employee staff benefit expense, Administrative expense and Depreciation expense of Corporate office.

42.3 Segment assets and liabilities

Particulars	EX	KIM	Domesti	c	locable	Total Segments				
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023		
Segment Assets Unallocated Corporate Assets	3,828.25	3,494.89	3,412.95	3,207.03	6,796.84	6763.28	7,241.20 6,796.84	6,701.92 6,763.28		
Total Assets							14,038.04	13,465.20		



Total Liabilities							14,038.04	13,465.20
Liabilities					12,125.33	11,612.37	12,125.33	11,612.37
Corporate								
Unallocated								
Segment Liabilities	1,232.49	1,166.21	680.22	686.62			1,912.71	1,852.83

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- a) all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than investments and assets of corporate office; and
- b) all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than share capital, other equity, deferred tax liabilities and other liabilities of corporate office. Un-allocated corporate liabilities include ₹ 11,926.52crore, (As at March 2023: ₹ 11,328.11crore) on account of Shareholder's funds.
- c) assets and liabilities which are not directly identifiable to the segments have been disclosed under unallocated.

42.4 Other segment information

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	EXI	\mathbf{M}	Dom	estic	Un-allo	ocable	Total Segments		
	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	
	March 31,	March31,	March31,	March 31,	March31,	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Capital Expenditure	530.38	306.68	479.58	189.07	8.14	4.65	1,018.10	500.40	
Depreciation and amortisation	330.25	300.83	260.79	245.49	27.57	26.69	618.61	573.01	
Non cash expenses other than	0.12	0.56	0.07	0.89	0.05	1.32	0.24	2.77	
depreciation and amortisation									

Note: Capital Expenditure includes addition during the year to property, plant and equipment & Other Intangible assets.

42.5 Revenue from major services

The following is the analysis of the Group's revenue from its major services.

		(X III CI OI C)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Sale of Services:		
Rail Freight Income	6,555.14	6,098.18
Road Freight Income	367.55	277.50
Handling Income	1,024.70	1,035.86
Storage and Warehousing Income	176.28	178.51
Other Operating Income:		



Export Incentive	-	-
Other operating income	683.90	701.78
Less: Rebate/Discount	(158.92)	(141.24)
Sub-total	8,648.65	8,150.59
Demurrage Income	-	0.34
Screening charges	-	14.00
Cooling charges	4.76	4.19
Sale of Cartons	-	-
Total Revenue from Operations	8,653.41	8,169.12

42.6 Information about major customersNo single customer contributed 10% or more to company's revenue during FY 2023-24 and during FY 2022-23.



Note 43: Statement of Transactions with Related Parties

43.1. Name of related parties and description of relationship:

Joint Ventures

- 1. Star Track Terminals Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Transworld Terminals Dadri Private Limited (formerly known as Albatross Inland Ports Private Limited)
- 3. Gateway Terminals India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Himalayan Terminals Pvt. Ltd. (Foreign Joint Venture)
- 5. India Gateway Terminal Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. TCI-CONCOR Multimodal Solutions Pvt. Ltd. (formerly known as Infinite Logistics Solutions Private Limited)
- 7. Container Gateway Limited
- 8. Allcargo Logistics Park Pvt. Ltd.
- 9. CMA-CGM Logistics Park (Dadri) Pvt. Ltd.
- 10.Angul Sukinda Railway Ltd.
- 11.HALCON
- 12. Pipavav Integrated Logistics-HUB(PILH)

Trusts (including post retirement employee benefit trust) wherein CONCOR having control

- 1. CONCOR Employee Gratuity Trust
- 2. CONCOR Employee CPF Trust
- 3. CONCOR Post Retirement Medical Trust
- 4. CONCOR Superannuation Pension Trust

Whole Time Directors/Key Managerial Personnel

- 1. Sh. Sanjay Swarup, Director (IM&O) (w.e.f. 01.09.2016 upto 30.09.2023) and Chairman & Managing Director (w.e.f. 01.10.2023)
- 2. Sh. Manoj K. Dubey, Director (Finance) & CFO (w.e.f. 31.10.2018)
- 3. Sh. Ajit Kumar Panda, Director (Projects & Services) (w.e.f. 28.12.2022)
- 4. Sh. Mohammad Azhar Shams, Director Domestic (w.e.f. 01.02.2023)
- 5. Sh. Priya Ranjan Parhi, Director (IM&O)(additional charge) (w.e.f. 23.10.2023)
- 6. Sh. V. Kalyana Rama, Chairman & Managing Director (w.e.f. 01.10.2016 upto 30.09.2023)

Nominated/Independent Directors

- 1. Sh. Satendra Kumar (w.e.f. 09.11.2021)
- 2. Sh. Kedarashish Bapat (w.e.f. 09.11.2021)
- 3. Sh. Chesong Bikramsing Terang (w.e.f. 16.11.2021)
- 4. Smt. Chandra Rawat (w.e.f. 23.11.2021)
- 5. Sh. Amrendra Kumar Chandra (w.e.f. 16.03.2023 upto 29.02.2024)
- 6. Sh. Manoj Kumar Srivastava (w.e.f. 16.03.2023 upto 30.06.2023)
- 7. Sh. R. C. Paul Kanagaraj (w.e.f. 15.06.2023 upto 24.03.2024)
- 8. Sh. Rajesh Pathak (w.e.f. 11.09.2023 upto 21.03.2024)
- 9. Sh. Sandeep Jain (w.e.f. 20.03.2024)

Company Secretary

1. Sh. Harish Chandra, ED (Finance and CS)

Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel/Directors or their relatives:

- 1. Seshasaila Power and Engineering Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Seshasaila Logistics Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Seshasaila Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Seshasaila Power (Mandsaur) Pvt. Ltd.



- 5. Seshasaila Power (Dhar) Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. AK-BIO Power (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Praja Engineering Services Pvt. Ltd.
- 8. Venran Biotech Pvt. Ltd.
- 9. Dronamraju Estates Pvt. Ltd.
- 10. Inteca Digi Technologies LLP
- 11. Pipehaul Logistics LLP
- 12. Central Railside Warehouse Company Limited
- 13. Pipavav Railway Corporation Limited
- 14. Satendra & Co., Chartered Accountants
- 15. Satyam Shree Build Home LLP
- 16. S.B. Dandekar & Co., Chartered Accountants
- 17. YU Technologies Private Limited
- 18. Quickgrow Vinimay Private Limited
- 19.AIKYA Investment Management Ltd.
- 20. Hassen Mangalore Rail Development Co. Ltd.
- 21. Chhattisgarh East West Railway Ltd.
- 22. Chhattisgarh East Railway Ltd.
- 23. Jharkhand Central Railway Ltd.
- 24. Mahanadi Coal Railway Ltd.
- 25.Konkan Railway Co. Ltd.
- 26. Maharashtra Metro Rail. Corp. Ltd.
- 27. Jharkhand Rail Infra Development Corp. Ltd.
- 28. Rites Limited



43.2. Details of Transactions:

43.2.1. Transactions with Joint Ventures

Particulars	Term	Terminals Pvt. Ltd. Dadri Private Limited (formerly known as Albatross Inland Ports Pvt. Ltd.)		ninals Ltd. Dadri Private Limited (formerly known as Albatross Inland Ports Pvt. Ltd.)		Terminals Dadri Private Limited (formerly known as Albatross nland Ports Pvt. Ltd.) Terminals India Pvt. Ltd.		CONCOR L Multimodal Pa Solutions Pvt. Ltd.		Logi Park Lt	Allcargo Logistics Park Pvt. Ltd.		CMA-CGM Logistics Park (Dadri) Pvt. Ltd.		gul inda	HAL	CON	Term Pvt.	Ltd.	To	
	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	
A. Revenue from operations	25.10	28.04	67.99	65.88	8.21	8.45	250.90	215.07	24.41	23.13	34.84	29.42	-	-	-	-			411.45	369.99	
B. Rent, Maintena nce charges, interest and dividend income	0.78	0.74	9.90	8.29	1.28	0.99	2.52	1.65	0.52	5.13	5.14	2.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.14	18.87	
C. Income from leased assets																			-		
D. Share in the																-			-	-	



income/(lo													
ss)													
recognized													
E.													
Investmen													1
t (Net)													1
made									_			-	-
during the													1
year													
F. Other		2.99	0.20		4.07	2.88	0.17	0.37				4.07	6.61
expenditure	-	2.99	0.20		4.07	2.00	0.17	0.57				4.07	0.01

43.2.2. Outstanding balances with Joint Ventures

																			(₹ in	crore)
Particulars	Star Track Terminals Pvt. Ltd. Private Limited (formerly known as Albatross Inland Ports Pvt. Ltd.) Year Year Year Year Year		ninals dri vate ited nerly vn as tross l Ports	Terr Indi	eway ninals a Pvt. td.	HAL	CON	TCI- CONCOR Multimodal Solutions Pvt. Ltd.		Allcargo Logistics Park Pvt. Ltd.		CMA-CGM Logistics Park (Dadri) Pvt. Ltd.		Angul Sukinda		Himalayan Terminals Pvt. Ltd.		Total		
	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023			Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
-Security Deposit received	0.67	0.67	0.75	0.75	1	-	1	1	0.01	0.01	0.36	0.36	0.38	0.38		-		-	2.17	2.17
- Trade Receivable						-	0.15	0.15	4.89	4.72									5.04	4.87
- Other Payables	-	1.47	-	0.14					-	0.40	-	0.02	-	0.26		-			-	2.29



-Loans to/(from) joint ventures																-	-
- Advances received	0.38	0.53	0.22	0.05	0.07	0.07		0.04	0.04	0.15	0.29	0.35	0.19			1.21	1.17
- Advances given					1	-										-	-



43.2.3. Transactions with Trusts

Name of related party	Nature of transaction	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
A. Contribution to trust			
a) CONCOR Employees CPF Trust	Contribution to Provident Fund	68.65	52.99
b) CONCOR Employees Gratuity Fund	Contribution to Gratuity	3.33	7.21
c) CONCOR Post Retirement Medical	Contribution to Medical Trust	1.93	0.07
Trust d) CONCOR Superanuation Pension Trust	Contribution to Pension Trust	22.88	21.82

Name of related party	On account of	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
B. Payable to trust			
a) CONCOR Employees CPF Trust	Contribution to Provident Fund	4.80	-
b) CONCOR Employees Gratuity	Contribution to Gratuity	2.76	3.29
Trust			
c) CONCOR Post Retirement Medical	Contribution to Medical Trust	-	-
Trust			
d) CONCOR Superanuation Pension	Contribution to Pension Trust	1.90	-
Trust			

43.2.4 Compensation of Key Management Personnel:

A. Whole Time Directors and Company Secretary

A. Whole Time Direc								in crore)
	Short	-term	Post-ret	irement	Other lo	ng-term	Tot	al
Name of Key	ben	efits	ben	efits	ben	efits		
Managerial				rident				
Personnel			fund/P					
reisonnei	X 7	X 7			% 7	X 7	₹7	X 7
	Year ended							
	March	March	March	March	March	March	March 31,	March
	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023	2024	31, 2023
Sh.V.Kalyana Rama,	0.68	0.86	0.06	0.11	-	0.03	0.74	1.00
(Ex CMD retired on	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11		0.02	0., .	1.00
30.09.2023)								
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0.88		0.09				0.97
Sh. Pradip Kumar	-	0.88	-	0.09	-	-	-	0.97
Agrawal/ DD (Retr.								
on 31.01.2023)								
Sh. Sanjay Swarup	0 .74	0.82	0.11	0.10	0.02	0.05	0.87	0 .97
CMD (CMD w.e.f								
01.10.2023 & DIMO								
upto 30.09.2023)								
Sh. Manoj Kumar	0.86	0.68	0.13	0.09	0.03	0.04	1.02	0.81
Dubey/DF								
Sh. Ajit Kumar	0.58	0.13	0.09	0.02	0.06	_	0.73	0.15
Panda/DPS (w.e.f.								
28.12.2022)								
Sh. Mohammad	0.79	0.12	0.11	0.02	0.12	0.01	1.02	0.15
Azhar Shams/DD				****				
(w.e.f. 01.02.2023)								
Sh. Harish Chandra,	0.80	0.75	0.11	0.10	0.02	0.01	0.93	0 .86
ED (Fin. & CS)	0.00	0.75	0.11	0.10	0.02	0.01	0.73	0.00
	4.45	4.0.4	0.61	0.50	0.05	0.4.4	- 21	4.04
Total	4.45	4.24	0.61	0.53	0.25	0.14	5.31	4.91



B. Independent Directors

Sitting fees paid to nominated/independent directors for the year is ₹ 0.35 crore (previous year: ₹ 0.30 crore)

43.3. Disclosure in respect of Government Controlled Entities

43.3.1. Name of Government controlled entities and description of relationship wherein significant amount of transaction carried out:

Government controlled entities

1. Indian Railways

2. Punjab State Power Corporation Limited

3.State Infrastructure & Industrial Development Corporation of Uttarakhand Limited (SIIDCUL)

Ministry of Railways

Punjab State owned entity

Uttaranchal State owned entity

43.3.2. Transaction with Government Controlled Entities

(₹ in crore)

Name of related party	Nature of transaction	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Services received from			
a) Indian Railways	Rail Freight	4,910.08	4,502.20
	Land License Fees	370.73	392.49
	Railway Cost Recoveries	9.77	10.70
	Container Rail Siding Access charges	10.83	14.59
	Other charges (Overweight, Demurrage, rent etc.)	1.42	1.50
b) Punjab State Power Corporation Ltd.	Amount paid on account of electricity charges	0.26	0.18
c)State Infrastructure & Industrial	License Fees expenses	2.79	2.52
Development Corporation of Uttarakhand Limited (SIIDCUL)	Maintenance charge expenses	0.08	0.07

Name of Related Party	Nature of transaction	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Services Provided To:			
(a) Indian Railways	Terminal charged PFT- Indian Railways	4.06	2.34
	Ž	4.06	2.34
Purchase of Property and oth	er assets from:		
(a) Indian Railways	Wagons	55.12	142.39
•	Loco	0.82	19.98
		55.94	162.37

The above transactions (revenue/expenses) with the government related entities presented for the parties covering collectively upto 80% of total transactions (revenue/expenses). The Company has entered into transactions related



to expenses such as telephone expenses, air travel, fuel purchase etc. with above mentioned and other various government controlled entities. These expenses are not material individually and collectively.

43.3.3. Outstanding balances with Government related entities

(₹ in crore)

			(X III CI OI C)
Name of related party	Nature of transaction	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
A. Indian Railways	Advances (Net of Payables) - Non Financial Assets	886.86	943.92
B. Indian Railways	Advances (Net of Payables) - Financial Assets	(55.01)	(59.17)
C. Executive Engineer Narmada Project Canal	Advances (Net of Payables) - Non Financial Assets	0.18	0.18
D. Government of Gujarat	Advances (Net of Payables) - Financial Assets	43.50	22.64
E. Gujarat Industrial Development Corporation.	Advances (Net of Payables) - Financial Assets	0.08	0.08
F. Punjab State Power Corporation Ltd.	Security Deposit for Metering Equipment and Electricity Connection	0.04	0.04
		875.65	907.69

The Company has also entered into transactions related to operational and other expenses such as telephone expenses, air travel, fuel purchase etc. with above mentioned and other various government related entities. These operational and other expenses are insignificant individually and collectively.

Note 44 Earning	g per share	
		(in ₹)
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Basic and diluted earning per share (In ₹)	20.71	19.26
(Face value of ₹5/- per Share)		
Total	20.71	19.26

There are no dilutive instruments issued by the company.

Basic and diluted earning per share

The earnings and weighted average number of equity shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share are as follows.

		(x in crore)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Profit for the year attributable to:		
- Owners of the Company	1,262.09	1,173.55
Weighted average number of equity shares for the purposes of basic	60.93	60.93
and diluted earnings per share		
Face Value per equity share (In ₹)	5	5



Impact of changes in accounting policies

There are no changes in the accounting policies which had significant impact on the amounts reported for earning per share.

Note 45. Disclosure of interest in Subsidiaries and interest of Non Controlling Interest

45.1 (a) Details of the Group's subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Name of the Subsidiary	Principal Activity	Place of Incorporation and Place of Operation	Propor Ownershi and Votin held by th	p Interest ng power	Quoted (Y/N)	Non Con Inter	U
		· France	As at	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Fresh and Healthy enterprises Limited	Cold Chain business for fruits and vegetables	CONCOR Bhawan C-3 Mathura Road Opp. Apollo Hospital, New Delhi – 110076	100%	100%	N	0%	0%
CONCOR Air Limited	Handling of Air Cargo	CONCOR Bhawan C-3 Mathura Road Opp. Apollo Hospital, New Delhi – 110076	100%	100%	N	0%	0%
SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Limited	Transportation and Handling of Containers(Rail & Road)	Sidcul, Rudrapur, Udham Singh Nagar, Uttarakhand, 263153	74%	74%	N	26%	26%
Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited	Transportation and Handling of Containers (Rail & Road)	SCO-119-120, Sector 17- B,Chandigarh- 160017	51%	51%	N	49%	49%

(b) Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's wholly owned subsidiaries is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

Particulars	Fresh and Healthy enterprises Limited		CONCOR Ai	r Limited
	As at March 31,	As at March 31,	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current Assets	6.19	7.60	29.86	37.09
Non Current Assets	37.41	35.74	0.32	1.10
Current Liabilities	2.58	2.91	3.92	15.05
Non Current Liabilities	1.47	1.51	-	-
Equity Interest Attributable	39.55	38.92	26.26	23.14
to the owners				
Revenue	8.02	6.13	3.21	59.25
Expenses	(7.39)	(8.70)	(0.08)	(56.06)
Profit / (Loss) for the year	0.63	(2.57)	3.13	3.19
Exceptional item				
Tax expense	-	-	-	4.29
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	_
Total Comprehensive Income	0.63	(2.57)	3.13	(1.10)



Net Cash Flow from operating activities	0.38	0.44	(5.66)	1.28
Net Cash Flow from			,	
investing activities	(3.23)	(6.08)	(21.85)	18.01
Net Cash Flow from				
financing activities	(0.14)	8.09	-	-
Net Cash inflow (outflow)	(2.99)	2.45	(27.51)	19.29

(c) Changes in Ownership interest

During the year, there are no changes in the ownership interest of the Group in the wholly owned subsidiaries mentioned above.

45.2 The summarised financial information of subsidiaries having non-controlling interest have been disclosed separately in Note No. 21.

45.3 Information about the composition of the Group at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

Principal activity	Place of	Number of wholly owned subsidiaries		
	incorporation and	As at As at		
	operation	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Cold Chain business for fruits and vegetables	India	1	1	
Handling of Air Cargo	India	1	1	
		2	2	

Principal activity	Place of incorporation and	Number of non-wholly owned subsidiaries	
	operation	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Transportation and Handling of Containers (Rail & Road)	India	2	2
		2	2



Note 46. Lease Arrangements

As a lessee

The Company has entered into Operating leases arrangements for Land, Vehicles, Containers, Plant & Machinery, Railway Wagons/Rakes, Office Premises, Accommodation Provided to Staffs etc. with different lease terms.

The Company has accounted lease payment associates with short term leases (having lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets (less than ₹ 3.5 lakhs) as an expense on either a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis.

The Company has entered into agreement(s) with Indian Railways, for utilization of its land leased to CONCOR for setting up of Company's Terminals and carrying out Company's operations at such terminals.

In FY 2020-21, Ministry of Railways, Government of India vide its order no.2015/LML-II/13/4 dated 19.03.2020, had communicated that the Land License Fee (LLF) applicable on the Railway land leased to CONCOR shall be charged w.e.f. 01.04.2020 as per extant policy of Railways i.e. @6% of the value of land, which will be further increased 7% annually. Subsequently, superseding all previous policies/ guidelines, Railways has issued a Master Circular (MC) on Policy for Management of Railway Land on 4th October 2022. In the MC, it has been reiterated that annual LLF on the existing land will be payable @6% of Market Value (MV) of land with annual escalation of 7%. The MV will be the industrial rate specified in the State and when it is not specified in the State, then any other rate depending upon use of surrounding land as specified by the State/ Revenue Office, shall be considered.

On the basis of above MC of Railways, LLF for the FY 2023-24 has been booked on the MV of Railways' land parcels obtained by CONCOR. In some cases, where there is inconsistency in the assessment of land area and MV of land between the Company and the Railways, the same is being reconciled with the concerned divisional Railways. Further, in terms of the MC the new Agreement(s) with the Railways for the land parcels leased to CONCOR will be executed as and when the same are finalized by Railways.

In view of above, the quantification of company's potential exposure for land licensed by Indian Railways in future is not ascertainable. Therefore, the Company has not recognized Right of Use (ROU) Asset and Lease Liability for lands licensed by Indian Railways

For the Year ended March 31, 2024: -

Particulars Land	Building/O ffice Premises Plant & Machinery	Railway Vehicles Wagon/Rak Containers e	Accommodatio Other (photo copier & printer)
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Depreciation Charged	33.88	7.86	74.78	1.19	9.08	0.57	0.69	
Interest expense on Lease Liabilities	39.52	1.29	20.45	0.32	5.64	0.16		
Expense related to short term leases	0.04	1.75	6.40	4.09			0.32	0.14
Expense related to low value leases Expense related to variable lease	301.95	2.56	0.04	2.69				
payments Income from Sub-leasing right-of use assets	-	-	-	-				
Total Cash outflow for leases	455.57	12.25	91.54	7.92	14.10	0.28	0.32	0.13
Addition to Right of Use Assets Gains or Losses arising from sale and leaseback transactions	3.02		271.67 0.33	0.29		-		
Carrying amount of right-of-use assets at the end of the reporting period	869.37	6.46	288.84	3.74	41.16	1.95	14.09	

For the Year ended March 31, 2023: -

Particulars	Land	Building/ Office Premises	Plant & Machinery	Vehicles	Railway Wagon/ Rake	Containers	Accommodation provided to Staff	Other (photo copier & printer)
Depreciation Charged	43.50	7.87	36.13	1.12	9.07	0.32	0.70	-
Interest expense on Lease Liabilities	42.15	2.10	8.10	0.22	6.29	0.11		-
Expense related to short term leases	0.07	1.50	2.88	3.64			0.27	0.14
Expense related to low value leases	0.01	-	-	-				
Expense related to variable lease payments	382.34	2.27	0.08	2.58				
Income from Sub-leasing right-of use assets	-	-	-	-				
Total Cash outflow for leases	407.91	11.62	66.23	7.06	14.10	0.61	0.04	0.17
Addition to Right of Use Assets	11.55		91.64	3.37		2.56		-
Gains or Losses arising from sale and leaseback transactions			(0.12)					-



Carrying amount of right-of-use assets at the end of the reporting period

900.22

14.32

95.47

4.57

50.23

2.53

14.79

1

The table below provided details un-discounted contractual maturity analysis of lease liabilities as at 31st March 2024 -

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Carrying Amount	Due in 1st Year	Due in 2nd Year	Due in 3rd Year	Due in 4th to 5th Year	Due after 5th Year	Total Contracted Cash flows
Lease Liabilities	912.47	193.53	148.59	129.85	129.60	1,293.63	1,895.20

The table below provided details un-discounted contractual maturity analysis of lease liabilities as at 31st March 2023: -

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Carrying Amount	Due in 1st Year	Due in 2nd Year	Due in 3rd Year	Due in 4th to 5th Year	Due after 5th Year	Total Contracted Cash flows
Lease Liabilities	722.65	184.16	148.32	126.29	130.01	1,244.73	1,833.51

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and lease liabilities.

Disclosure in respect of future cash outflow of lease commitments for leases which are not yet commenced at 31 March 2024 :-

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Lease period from 0-3 Yrs	Lease Period From 4-5 Yrs	Lease Period from 6-8 yrs	Lease period from more than 8 yrs
Disclosure in respect of future cash outflow of lease commitments for leases which are not yet commenced	-	-	-	-

Disclosure in respect of future cash outflow of lease commitments for leases which are not yet commenced at 31 March 2023: -

Particulars	Lease period from 0-3 Yrs	Lease Period From 4-5 Yrs	Lease Period from 6-8 yrs	Lease period from more than 8 yrs
Disclosure in respect of future cash outflow of lease	_	_	_	_
commitments for leases which are not yet commenced	-	-	-	



As a Lessor:

The Company has given certain office premises and warehouses on cancellable operating leases. Payments recognised as an income.

For the year ended March 31st, 2024

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Land	Building/Office Premises	Plant & Machinery	Vehicles	Railway Wagon/ Rake	Warehouse	Accommodation provided to Staff	Others
Minimum lease payments received	0.74	15.31	-	-	-	46.26	0.10	-
Sub-lease recoveries	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

For the year ended March 31st, 2023

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Land	Building/Office Premises	Plant & Machinery	Vehicles	Railway Wagon/ Rake	Warehouse	Accommodation provided to Staff	Others
Minimum lease payments received	0.54	13.66	-	-	-	47.63	0.14	-
Sub-lease recoveries	-	-	-	-	-	_	0.03	-

Operating Leases

Maturity analysis of lease payments, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received:

As at March 31st, 2024

Particulars	Land	Building/Office Premises	Plant & Machinery	Vehicles	Railway Wagon/Rake	Warehouse	Accommodation provided to Staff
Lease Payment to be received			_		-		
1st Year	0.16	7 .41	-	-	-	11.44	-
2nd Year	-	6.85	-	-	-	6.78	-
3rd Year	-	5 .59	-	-	-	5.55	-
4th Year	-	4 .51	-	-	-	4.83	-
5th Year	-	4 .59	-	-	-	4.97	-
After 5 Years	0.01	15.68	-	-	-	11.23	-



3.75

11.23

As at March 31st, 2023

5th Year After 5 Years

(₹ in crore) **Particulars Building/Office** Plant & Vehicles Railway Warehouse Accommodation Land **Premises** Machinery Wagon/Rake provided to Staff Lease Payment to be received 1st Year 0.19 5.86 13.17 2nd Year 5.23 5.56 3rd Year 4.37 4.76 4.00 3.63 4th Year

4.07

17.30

Note:-

2. Applied the exemption not to recognize right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term.

0.01

^{1.} Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date. The company has applied single discount rate of 8.50 % per annum for first half year and 8.55 % per annum for second half year as the same is review on half yearly basis for newly entered contract(s), if any.



Note 47. Financial Instruments

(1) Capital management

The Group's risk management committee reviews the capital structure on an annual basis or frequently as and when need arises. As part of this review, the committee considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on this, the Group determines the amount of capital required for annual and long-term operating plans. The funding requirements are met through equity and borrowings. The Group monitors the capital structure on the basis of Net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Group.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt (borrowings as detailed in note. 22 are offset by cash and bank balances) and total equity of the Group.

The gearing ratio enables investors to see how significant net debt is relative to equity from shareholders. After the infusion of debt during 2015-16, the subsidiary in the Group is subject to externally imposed capital requirements against the term loan borrowed from HDFC Bank from the third year of its operations. As per the financial covenants exposed by bank, the subsidiary in the Group has to maintain tangible net worth below 2 and total debt service coverage ratio (DSCR) should be greater than 1.25.

47.1 (i) Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

(₹ in crore)

		(- 111 - 01 - 01 - 0)
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Debt *	26.23	55.49
Cash and bank balances	3,296.09	3,102.12
Net debt	(3,269.86)	(3,046.63)
Equity**	11,926.52	11,328.11
Net debt to equity ratio	(0.27)	(0.27)

^{*}Debt is defined as long-term and short-term borrowings.

(ii) Categories of financial instruments

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Recorded at amortised cost	·	·
Financial assets		
Cash and bank balances	3,296.09	3,102.12
Investments	1,107.06	1,213.52
Trade receivables	333.63	216.00
Loans	61.01	55.48
Other financial assets	303.61	260.34
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings	26.23	55.49
Trade payables	281.01	382.12
Other financial liabilities	1,211.60	1,080.62

(iii) Financial risk management objectives

The Group's corporate treasury function monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group by analysing exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including

^{**}Equity includes all capital and reserves of the Group that are managed as capital.



currency risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

(iv) Market Risk

The Group's activities is exposed primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis.

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are being managed and measured.

(v) Foreign Currency risk management

The company is not subject to significant transactions denominated in foreign currencies. The company does not have earnings in foreign currency but the foreign currency outgo made during the year is $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 0.63 crore (2022-23: $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 0.50 crore) against which the net gain/(loss) on foreign currency transactions recorded in the books is insignificant. Consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations are limited.

(vi) Interest rate risk management

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk because the Group has borrowed the funds at floating interest rate in the Financial year 2015-16. The current effective interest rate used by the Group is bank's base rate as per bank advice to record interest expense till the moratorium period of 4 years. However after moratorium period, the bank will charge at its bank base rate and spread which shall be reset on yearly basis from the date of first draw down.

The Group is exposed to the change in bank base rate as well as additional spread if reset by the bank during the tenure of the loan. A 50 basis points increase / decrease in the interest rate as at 31 March 2024 will lead to ₹ 0.01 crore (31 March 2023 will lead to ₹ 0.25 crore) increase/ decrease in the profit recorded during that period.

(vii) Other price risks

The company is not exposed to price risk as its investments in debt based marketable securities are held in a business model to collect contractual amounts at maturity and are carried at amortised costs. Thus the change in fair value of these investments does not impact the Company.

(viii) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company has limited exposure to credit risk owing to the balance of trade receivables as explained in Note no. 12. Company's bank balances and investments in marketable securities are held with a reputed and creditworthy banking institution resulting to limited credit risk from the counterparties.

(ix) Liquidity risk management

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at March 31, 2024;

(₹ in crore) Due in 4th **Particulars** Due in Due in 2nd Due after Total contracted Carrying to 3rd year to 5th year cash flows amount 1st vear 5th year Financial Liabilities Borrowings and 27.39 2.03 25.36 27.39 interest thereon Trade payable 281.01 281.01 281.01 Other financial 1.210.44 450.65 238.36 88.04 513.18 1.290.23 liabilities



The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at March 31, 2023;

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Carrying amount	Due in 1st year	Due in 2nd to 3rd year	Due in 4th to 5th year	Due after 5th year	Total contracted Cash Flows
Financial Liabilities Borrowings and interest thereon	56.39	6.63	11.03	8.58	9.35	35.59
Trade payable Other financial liabilities	382.12 1,079.72	382.12 417.68	164.86	51.03	- 479.41	382.12 1,112.98

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial assets including estimated interest receipts as at March 31, 2024:

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 year	3-5 year	More than 5 year	Total contracted cash flows	
Non- current/current investments** Trade	513.17	38.91	175.02	352.80	91.78	658.51	
receivables	333.63	333.63	-	-	-	333.63	
Loans Other financial	61.01	15.46	15.52	10.57	19.46	61.01	
assets	282.07	212.05	47.03	3.20	19.79	282.07	

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial assets including estimated interest receipts as at March 31, 2023:

(₹ in crore)

						(X III CI OI C
Particulars	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 year	3-5 year	More than 5 year	Total contracted cash flows
Non-current/current investments**	638.74	168.54	182.91	111.67	364.03	827.15
Trade receivables	216.00	216.00	-	-	-	216.00
Loans	55.48	14.19	13.80	9.11	18.38	55.48
Other financial assets	235.01	142.82	69.80	7.22	15.17	235.01

(x)Financing facilities

		(1111010	
Particulars	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Term loan facility, reviewed annually and payable at call*	150	150	
amount used	70	70	
amount unused	80	80	
Total	150	150	

^{*}The Group had been sanctioned a term loan of ₹150.00 crores by HDFC Bank Limited for a capital outlay of ₹280.00 crores for funding the Multi Modal Logistics Park being set up in district Ludhiana vide their sanction letter dated 31.07.2015. The bank had disbursed of ₹70.00 crores against the sanctioned loan.



(xi) Fair value measurements

None of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period.

(xii) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required).

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Fair value hierarchy	As at Iarch 31, 202 Carrying amount	24 Fair value		s at 31, 2023 Fair value
Financial assets					
Non-current/current investments**	Level 2	513.17	563.97	638.74	695.67
Employee Loan including interest*	Level 2	61.01	61.01	55.48	55.48
Fixed Deposits with interest*	Level 2	0.78	0.78	13.65	13.65
Trade receivables*	Level 2	333.63	333.63	216.00	216.00
Other financial assets*	Level 2	281.28	281.28	221.36	221.36
Financial Liabilities					
Borrowings	Level 2	27.39	27.39	56.39	56.39
Trade payables*	Level 2	281.01	281.01	382.12	282.12
Other financial liabilities*	Level 2	1,210.44	1,210.44	1,079.72	1,079.72

^{*} There is no significant change in the fair value of these financial assets and financial liabilities, therefore fair value is equal to its carrying value.

The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities included in the level 2 categories above have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant inputs being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.

Note 48. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets							
		(₹ in crore))				
Particulars Particulars	As at	As at					
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023					
a). Outstanding Letters of Credit and bank guarantees	143.27	140.33					
b). Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt, net of	1,373.58	1,058.22					
advances/payments under protest, arbitration, court orders, etc.							
[include claims of ₹ 839.79 crore (2022-23: ₹644.82 crore) pending							
in arbitration/courts pursuant to arbitration awards] *							

^{*}The Management has assessed the above claims and recognized a provision of ₹Nil (PY: 0.24 crore) based on probability of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits and estimated ₹ 1373.58 crore (PY: ₹ 1058.22 crore as the amount of contingent liability including LLF Demand from railways for few terminals i.e. amounts for which Company may be held contingently liable. In respect of such estimated contingent claims either outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable or a reliable estimate of the amount required for settling the obligation cannot be made. In respect of the rest of the claims/obligations, possibility of any outflow in settlement is considered as remote.

c). Contingent liabilities are disclosed to the extent of claims received and include an amount of ₹ 42.68 crore (2022-23: ₹ 33.09 crore), which may be reimbursable to the company. Any further interest demand on the basic claim is not considered where legal cases are pending, as the claim itself is not certain. No provision has been made for the contingent liabilities stated above, as on the basis of information available, careful

^{**} These investments include investments made in tax free bonds only.



evaluation of facts and past experience of legal aspects of the matters involved, it is not probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will take place.

- d). A demand of ₹ 158.84 crore received from SDMC towards property tax of ICD/Tughlakabad whereas as per the opinion of Advocate no provision of property tax was being made in the books earlier and no demand were ever received in this regard. Out of ₹158.84 crore an amount of ₹ 23.06 crore (2023-24: ₹3.55 crore, 2022-23: ₹7.25 crore, 2020-21: ₹10.76 crore & 2019-20: ₹1.50 crore) has been deposited with SDMC towards service charge as applicable on other PSU i.e M/s DMRC. Stay order has been granted by H'nable Delhi High Court & Final Order is awaited. ₹ 135.78 crore has been included in the contingent liability.
- e). Disallowance of SFIS Scrips For AY 2013-14 was quashed by Hon'ble ITAT/Delhi and Department has filed appeal against the orders with Hon'ble High Court/Delhi and the same is pending with Hon'ble High Court/Delhi.

In respect of AY 2008-09, department has filed a Miscellaneous application in ITAT for disallowance of 801A-Rail System (Rolling Stock). The same matter has already been allowed in favor of CONCOR by Apex Court in case of AY 2003-04 to AY 2005-06. The case in respect of AY 2008-09 is pending for decision in ITAT.

In respect of AY 2014-15, CONCOR'S appeal against "Disallowance of ₹ 5.46 Crores w.r.t. amortisation of leasehold land" was allowed by ITAT and referred to AO for statistical purpose vide ITAT Order (ITA No. 2367/Del/2018) dated 10.03.2021.

Further, CONCOR's appeal against "Disallowance of ₹ 1.51 Crores w.r.t. Prior Period Expense" was allowed by CIT (A), Delhi-2 vide its order (10420/2019-20) dated 31.10.2023 .

f). Disputed income tax/other tax liabilities (excluding interest) have been summarized as:

(₹ in crore) **Nature of Dispute Assessment Year Amount** {A} Regular Assessment 2008-09 96.59 2013-14 48.55 2020-21 050 Total (A) 145.64 {B} Service Tax (i) One third share of service tax demand related to 2002-2008 1.48 JWG-ACC Total (B) 1.48 {C} Others: 2001-till Date (i) Water Tax dispute – Kanpur 1.48 Total (C) 1.48 Total (A+B+C) 148.60

g). The company entered into contract for supply of 1320 wagons by Hindustan engineering and Industries (HEI). After the supply of 1050 wagons, the contract was terminated during FY 2004-05, for non-fulfillment of obligation on the part of HEI. The company invoked the bank guarantee of ₹ 5.99 crore for refund of unadjusted advance and ₹ 7.37 crores towards performance guarantee for non fulfillment of terms of contract on the part of HEI. The matter was referred to an Arbitration Tribunal comprising three members, which has given majority award amounting to ₹ 39.58 Crores and interest @ 15% from date 22.05.2005 to 13.11.2013 amounting to ₹ 50.37 crore, totaling to ₹ 89.95 Crore + 18% interest p.a. from the date of award to the date of payment in favor of M/s Hindustan Engineering Industries on 13.11.2013. Minority award by Co-Arbitrator



has been given amounting to ₹ 14.61 crore in favor of the company. The majority award given in favor of HEI has been challenged by the company under section 34 of Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 in the High Court of Delhi at New Delhi on dated 07.03.2014. Last hearing in this case was held on 24.04.2024 & next Hearing is schedule for 30.07.2024

- h). The Company has executed "Custodian cum Carrier Bonds" of ₹25,139.69 crore (Previous year: ₹ 26,588.19 crore) in favour of Customs Department under the Customs Act, 1962. These bonds are of continuing nature, for which claims may be lodged by the Custom Authorities. Claims lodged during the year Nil (previous year: NIL).
- i). No further provision is considered necessary in respect of these matters as the company expects favourable outcome. It is not possible for the company to estimate the timing of further cash outflows, if any, in respect of these matters.
- j). During the year, the subsidiary in the Group (CONCOR Air) has the following contingent liabilities:

(₹ in crore) **Particulars** As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2023 Claims against company not acknowledged as Interest Levied by MCGM on Property Tax Claims by Contractors 0.16 0.16 GST demand as per intimation FY 2017-18 7.65 3.36 Service tax (CERA audit demand / SCN received) 3.36 3.52 11.17

- k). During the year, the subsidiary in the Group (FHEL) has the following contingent liabilities.
 - (i) Carrots were stored by M/s GAPL in FHEL's facility. M/s GAPL disputed the rental and requested for arbitration. FHEL approached arbitrator to recover rental charge and handling charge of ₹0.87 crore and M/s GAPL approached Arbitrator for claim of ₹4.59 crore on quality issues. Arbitrator awarded ₹0.87 crore in favour of FHEL and ₹0.80 crore in favour of M/s GAPL. Both approached Hon'ble High Court and filed appeal against the Arbitrator award. The case is pending in High Court, Delhi.
 - (ii) A Claim of ₹ 0.53 crore (Previous year: ₹ 0.53 crore) against FHEL has been filed by the Growers of Shimla area which is under arbitration proceeding. A counter claim of ₹1.69 crore (Previous year: ₹1.69 crore) has also been filed by the Company.
 - (iii) M/s Pulkit Industries have invoked arbitration clause for 2 tenders. The claim amount is ₹ 0.19 crore plus interest. The arbitrator has awarded in favour of M/s Pulkit Industries which has been challenged by the FHEL and the matter has been pending with Patiala House Court.
 - (iv) M/s J. Papyrus Packaging Pvt. Ltd. has filed an execution petition as per the arbitration award of ₹0.09 crore. As per the directions of the court an amount of ₹ 0.04 crore has been deposited with the Court Additional District Judge- District Court- Sonepat. FHEL has challenged the award and also the execution petition at Sonepat court.
 - (v) HSIIDC vide its letter dated 26.09.2018 has communicated that they have revised the monthly lease rental from ₹ 1.50 per sq. mtr per month to ₹ 15/- per Sq. mtr per month with annual increase of 10% every year w.e.f. 26.03.2018. However, HSIIDC has been requested to maintain the rental rate @₹ 1.50 per sq. mtr per month till FHEL starts earning profit. Thus, in case of any revision of rental rate to ₹ 15/- per sq mtr per month with annual increase of 10% every year w.e.f. 26.03.2018, there may arrive liability of ₹ 9.24 crore.



- (vi) Mr. Surjeet Singh Rana prop. M/s Madadh Poultry Farm have file a recovery suit against FHEL Claiming an amount of ₹0.19 crore plus interest @18% which has been challenged by FHEL and the matter is pending with District Court, Sonipat.
- vii) Madadh Poultry farm C/o Sushil Jindal have file a recovery suit against FHEL Claiming an amount of ₹ 0.18 crore plus interest @ 18% which has been challenged by FHEL and the matter is pending with District Court, Sonipat.
- viii) M/s SRF International & M/s SFA Enterprises had filed a recover suit against FHEL claiming an amount of ₹ 2.50 crore plus interest @ 24%, which has been challenged by FHEL and the matter is pending with High Court, New Delhi.
- l). During the year, the subsidiary in the group (SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Limited) has the following contingent liabilities.

Particular

As at March 31, 2024

Claims against company not acknowledged as debt

Court case of M/s. Garg Builder v/s SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Ltd. (Claim by Contractor)

(₹ in crore)

As at March 31, 2024

As at March 31, 2023

1.33

m). No contingent assets and contingent gains are probable to the Group.

Note 49. Commitments for expenditure

Estimated amounts of contracts remaining to be executed on capital & other account (net of advances) and not provided for:

Particulars
For the Year ended March 31, 2024
In relation to joint ventures and subsidiaries
On Capital Account
On Revenue Account

(₹ in crore)
For the Year ended March 31, 2024
March 31, 2023

89.12

11.20
9.83

Note 50.

Details of capital Expenditure on enabling assets created on land not belonging to the Group are as under:

(₹ in crore) **Particulars** As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2023 **Building** 7.51 7.51 Railway Siding 8.00 8.00 Plant & Machinery 3.05 3.05 **Electrical Fittings** 2.81 2.81 **Furniture** 0.02 0.02 Others 0.18 0.18 21.57 Total 21.57

Out of the above capital expenditure ₹ 21.57 crore (previous year: ₹ 21.57 crore) has already been charged to Statement of Profit & Loss as Depreciation. The Net Value of these assets in the books of accounts is NIL as on 31.03.2024.



Note 51. Value of imports calculated on C.I.F. basis									
		(₹ in crore)							
Particulars	For the Year ended	For the Year ended							
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023							
Raw materials	-	-							
Capital goods	-	0.34							
Stores & Spares	-	-							

Note 52. Expenditure in foreign currency								
		(₹ in crore)						
Particulars	For the Year ended	For the Year ended						
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023						
Travelling	0.19	0.07						
Training	0.43	-						
Children Higher Education-Staff	-	0.09						
Membership & Subscription	0.01	-						
Consultancy Charges	-	-						

Note 53

- (a) During the year, the company realized ₹ 10.00 crore (previous year ₹ 41.84 crore) (net of auction expenses) from auction of unclaimed containers. Out of the amount realized, ₹ 2.67 crore (previous year ₹ 9.17 crore) is paid/payable as custom duty, ₹ 6.70 crore (previous year ₹ 32.13 crore) has been recognised as income and the balance of ₹ 0.63 crore (previous year ₹ 0.54 crore) has been shown under Current Liabilities.
- (b) Current liabilities include ₹ Nil crore (As at March 31 2023 ₹ Nil crore) towards un utilized capital grant received for acquisition of specific fixed assets in CONCOR/business arrangements. ₹ Nil crore has been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024 (previous year: ₹ Nil crore).
- (c) Current liabilities include ₹ 1.82 crore (As at March 31 2023 ₹ 1.82 crore) towards un utilized revenue grant received from National Horticulture Board for offsetting the freight for the Horticulture Projects.
- (d) Out of the capital grant of ₹ 51.39 crore (previous year: ₹ 56.17 crore), an amount of ₹ 5.11 crore (previous year: ₹ 4.78 crore) has been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and the balance of ₹ 46.28 crore (previous year: ₹ 51.39 crore) is shown under other current liabilities.

Note 54.

The Particulars of dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act")

	crore	

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act at the	26.39	26.13
year end. (Refer Note 27 & 28)		

Note: The above information has been disclosed in respect of parties which have been identified on the basis of the information available with the Company.



Note 55. Remittance in foreign currency for dividend

The company has not remitted any amount in foreign currency on account of dividend during the year.

Provisions relating to disclosure of information as required by Companies Act, 2013 in case of companies other than service companies are not applicable, as the company has no manufacturing, trading and financing activities.

Note 56

56. Works carried out by Railways/its units for the company are accounted for on the basis of correspondence /estimates/advice etc.

Note 57

57. India Gateway Terminal (P) Ltd. (IGTPL) is a joint venture of CONCOR with Hindustan Ports Pvt. Ltd & others for setting up and managing of container terminal at Cochin. Though CONCOR's share in the accumulated losses (as per unaudited financial statements for FY 2023-24) of this JV are as at ₹ 44.69 crores & does not exceeds its investment of ₹ 54.60 crores as on 31st March 2024, no provision for diminution in the value of investment has been made, as with the management's consistent review and implementation of appropriate business strategy, the company has already made a turnaround. The same is clearly established from the unaudited financial statements of IGTPL for FY 2023-24..

Management has also tested this investment for impairment in accordance with the conditions laid own under IND AS-36 "Impairment of Assets". As per the impairment testing carried out by the management, it has been established that the Value in Use i.e., the present value of future expected cash flows that will accrue from the improving/enhancing of its asset's performance exceed the carrying value of investment. IND AS-36 states that impairment needs to be provided if and only if the carrying value of investments exceeds its value in use or fair value.

Note 58

58. In FY 2020-21, Ministry of Railways, Government of India vide its order no.2015/LML-II/13/4 dated 19.03.2020, had communicated that the LLF applicable on the Railway land leased to CONCOR shall now be charged w.e.f. 01.04.2020 as per extant policy of Railways i.e. @6% of the value of land, which will be further increased 7% annually.

Accordingly, as per the company assessment, an amount of ₹ 373.20 crore (2022-23: ₹393.76 crore) has been booked, net off past provisions of ₹ 68.20 crores (2022-23: ₹ 6.22 crore) as Land License fee payable to Indian Railways in current financial year as per extant policy of Railways.



59. Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the company

Relevant line item in the Balance sheet	Description of item of property	Gross carrying value	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Kanakpura (Jaipur)	1,52,68,500.70	Indian Railway	Not Applicable	03 January 2002	Agreement not executed.
Others	Ravtha Road (Kota)	0	Indian Railway	Not Applicable	11 November 2013	Agreement executed, however period not mentioned in deed
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Freehold Land at Varnama	11,38,34,006	Land Owners- Farmers of Varanama Village	Not Applicable	2014 & 2019	Acquisition completed. Updation in Govt record is pending (7/12)
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Freehold Land at Varnama	7,09,53,065	Land Owners- Farmers of Varanama Village	Not Applicable	2022	Acquisition completed. Updation in Govt record is pending (7/12)
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Aurangabad 3-Housing flats Purchased from CIDCO	9,47,726	City and Industrial Development Corportion of Maharashtra Ltd., (CIDCO)	Not Applicable	12 May 2000	Possession slips issued by City and Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Ltd., (CIDCO) for all the three flats (no.5,9 &12 at N-4, Shopping Complex at Aurangabad) are in the name of Company.
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Mumbai, Powai 10 LIG flats Purchased from MHADA	1,50,05,850	MHADA (Maharashtra Housing and Area Development Authority)	Not Applicable	01 May 1998	No title deed or agreement executed by MHADA & only allotment / possession letter issued by MHADA is available.



Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Building no. 19, Oshiwara, Mumbai- 2 MIG flats Purchased from MHADA	56,12,658	MHADA (Maharashtra Housing and Area Development Authority)	Not Applicable	01 May 1998	No title deed or agreement executed by MHADA & only allotment / possession letter issued by MHADA is available.
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Building no. 16, Oshiwara, Mumbai-2 MIG flats Purchased from MHADA	62,96,452	MHADA (Maharashtra Housing and Area Development Authority	Not Applicable	01 May 1998	No title deed or agreement executed by MHADA & only allotment / possession letter issued by MHADA is available.
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Freehold Land at Krishnapatnam (Land Area- 141.95 Acrs)	33,30,01,871	Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation	Not Applicable	21 March 2018	As per the clause 3 of the sale agreement, Sale deed can be executed only upon implementation and going into Commercial production. The commercial production is yet to commence.
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Leasehold Land as ROU Asset at Nagalapalle (0.28 acres)	8,85,542	South Central Railway	Not Applicable	01 April 2021	A draft agreement has been submitted by Railways and is still under process
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Leasehold at SRO (RAILWAY QUARTER)	1,30,00,000	Southern Railway	Not Applicable	2010	Lease agreement pending with Zonal Office, Southern Railway
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Leasehold at SRO (REGIONAL OFFICE BUILDING)	2,00,00,000	Southern Railway	Not Applicable	2014	Lease agreement pending with Zonal Office, Southern Railway
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Residential Flat	17,00,000	Southern Railway	Not Applicable	11 June 1999	Lease agreement pending with Zonal Office, Southern Railwayrent
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Residential Flat	22,00,000	Southern Railway	Not Applicable	01 June 1998	Lease agreement pending with Zonal Office, Southern Railway



Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	LEASE HOLD LAND at MMLP Naya Raipur (land area 2.99 acres)	-	South East Central Railway	Not Applicable	Sep-22	In Sept-2022, the permanent connectivity has been made and connected with the newly commissioned Naya Raipur Railway Station. In this connection, to arrive an exact Railway area using by CONCOR, a joint survey has been carried out by Railways/CONCOR and submitted the Land Licensing Plan for approval to Railways. the revised land area is = 12598 Sqms. Once the land plan get approved, the land Licensing Agreement will be executed with Railways.
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	LEASE HOLD LAND at Sanathnagar (land area 9.24 acres)	-	South Central Railway	Not Applicable	23 May 2001	CONCOR had lease one of the parcel of railway land of 9.24 acres at ICD Sanathnagar. The agreement for such land is not executed yet. Continuous follow up is going up with, Railways to finalize the draft agreement of lease at ICD/SNF
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	Land taken on lease at CTKR Terminal from Syama Prasad Mookerjee Port Trust	42,77,24,119	Syama Prasad Mookerjee Port Trust	Not Applicable	25 February 2004	The Land Lease Agreement with Syama Prasad Mookerjee Port Trust for 85,500 Sq. metres of land taken on lease at CTKR Terminal got expired on 24-02-2019. CONCOR has requested and appealed to port authorities for 50% concession in lease rent but no formal decision has been



						received from the port authorities. The execution of the lease deed will be taken up after the response of port authorities.
Others	Land taken on lease at Shalimar Terminal from South Eastern Railways	-	South Eastern Railways	Not Applicable	01 February 1992	CONCOR has taken a land on lease from South Eastern Railways measuring 15.01 Acres for a period of 30 years with effect from 01-02-1992. The Lease agreement got expired on 31-01-2022 and pending for renewal as on the reporting date of the balance sheet for FY 2021-22. The lease agreement is pending on account of difference in the area of the land taken on lease as per South Eastern Railways and CONCOR. Once the issue in the area of land taken on lease is resolved, the lease agreement will be executed.
Others	Land taken on lease at MMLP Jharsuguda Terminal from South Eastern Railways	-	South Eastern Railways	Not Applicable	26 August 2016	CONCOR has taken a land on lease from South Eastern Railways measuring 2.142 Acres for a period of 5 years with effect from 26-08-2016. The Lease agreement got expired on 25-08-2021 and pending for renewal as on the reporting date of the balance sheet for FY 2021-22. CONCOR has taken up the issue of non-execution of lease



						agreement with concerned railways and awaiting necessary action from railways side. CONCOR has taken an Office
Others	Office Space taken on Lease at Shalimar Terminal from South Eastern Railways	-	South Eastern Railways	Not Applicable	01 February 1992	Space on rent from South Eastern Railways measuring 285 Sq. feet in respect of which no lease agreement has been entered. South Eastern Railways has raised Office rent invoices which are not in consonance with the Railway board circular no. 2010/LML/18/64 dated 11-07-2018. The Company has represented to revise the office rent invoice as per the said railway board circular. However, revised bill is awaited from railways. The Execution of the lease agreement will be taken upon receipt of office rent invoice in accordance with the railway board circular dated 11-07-2018.



- **60.** There are no Loans or Advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are:(a) repayable on demand; or (b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- 61. Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency:- The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- **62.** Details of Benami Property held:- The Company does not hold any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988. and no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company under the said Act.
- **63.** The Company does not have any borrowings outstanding as on 31.03.2024 and has not borrowed any funds from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets during Financial Year 2023-24. Considering the same, the company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender and no charges or satisfaction are yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- **64.** Relationship with Struck off Companies: "The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- **65.** The company has complied with provision related to the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017
- **66.** No Scheme of Arrangements has been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- **67.** The company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- **68.** The Company does not have any transaction not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Further, there were no previously unrecorded income and related assets which were required to be properly recorded in the books of account during the year.
- 69.(a) Unless otherwise stated, the figures are in rupees crore. Previous year's figures have been restated, regrouped and rearranged, wherever considered necessary.
 - (b) Balances of Sundry Debtors, Sundry Creditors and advances to other parties including Railways shown in financial statements are subject to confirmation/reconciliation. In the opinion of the management, there shall not be material liability.
- **70.** (a) In FY 2023-24, an amount of ₹ 17.52 crore (In FY 2022-23 ₹ 19.59 crore.) has been utilized on various social activities undertaken including development of aspirational districts adopted by CONCOR by taking up healthcare activities in districts, i.e., Chandauli, Chirtakoot, Uttar Pradesh under CONCOR CSR activities. Apart from above activities in aspirational districts, CONCOR has undertaken various other activities as per its CSR policy and Companies Act 2013. Some of the major projects



are related to creating infrastructure for schools and healthcare centre, procurement of medical equipment's, organization of health camps, sport facilities, environment activities, installation of solar lights etc.

(b) Disclosure with regard to CSR activities under section 135 of the Companies Act:-

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
(i) Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	57.90	49.28
(ii) Amount of expenditure incurred (in cash FY 2023-24)	10.79	19.59
(iii) Shortfall at the end of the year	47.11	29.69
(iv) Total of previous years shortfall	28.16	20.84

- (v) Reason for shortfall: Some amounts allocated for spending towards CSR could not be utilized during the year, mainly due to not completion of project on time by implementing agencies with whom CONCOR has signed MOU due to various reasons including non-availability of men & material in respect of construction works as well as shortage of required equipments/ goods which are to be supplied by implementing agencies to beneficiaries, etc.
- (vi) Nature of CSR activities: Company identified the areas of CSR activity as per provisions of schedule VII of Companies Act 2013, which include health & medical care, sanitation, education/literacy enhancement, community development, rural development, environment protection, conservation of natural resources, and infrastructure development.
- (vii) No transactions with related parties, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard.
- (viii) No provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation.

71.(a) Additional information pursuant to para 2 of general instructions for the preparation of consolidated financial statements:

(₹ in crore)

Name of the entity in the Group	Proportion of	The state of the s	/ / /								
	ownership interest as on 31.03.2024	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of total comprehensi ve income	Amount		
Container Corporation of India											
Limited		99.04	11,812.34	97.52	1,230.79	103.51	6.78	97.55	1,237.57		
Subsidiaries											
Indian	Indian										
1. Fresh and Healthy Enterprises	_			·							
Ltd. (wholly owned)	100%	0.33	39.55	0.05	0.63	-	-	0.05	0.63		



2. CONCOR Air Limited.													
(wholly owned)	100%	0.22	26.26	0.25	3.13	-	-	0.25	3.13				
3. SIDCUL CONCOR Infra													
Company Ltd. (partly owned)	74%	0.60	72.08	0.32	4.08	-	_	0.32	4.08				
4. Punjab Logistics													
Infrastructure Ltd. (partly	-	0.50	04.44	0.01	0.0=	(0.22)	(0.00)	0.00	0.05				
owned)	51%	0.68	81.14	0.01	0.07	(0.23)	(0.02)	0.00	0.05				
Sub Total			12,031.37		1,238.70		6.76		1,245.46				
Adjustment arising out of													
consolidation		(7.25	(865.23)	(0.65)	(8.16)		(0.01)	(0.64)	(8.17)				
Non-controlling Interests in all													
subsidiaries		0.87	103.31	0.12	1.50	(0.15)	(0.01)	0.12	1.49				
Associates (Investment as per the equity method)													
Indian													
1. HALCON													
	50%	0.03	3.41	0.09	1.18	-	-	0.09	1.18				
2. Pipavav Integrated Logistics-													
HUB (PILH)	50%	-	-	(0.01)	(0.17)	-	-	(0.01)	(0.17)				
		• •											
Joint Ventures (Investment as pe	er the equity metl	hod)											
Indian		1						T					
1. Star Track Terminals Pvt.	400/	0.21	24.00	0.01	0.15	0.20	0.02	0.02	0.10				
Ltd.	49%	0.21	24.88	0.01	0.17	0.30	0.02	0.02	0.19				
2. Transworld Terminals Dadri													
Private Limited (formerly													
known as Albatross Inland Ports	400/	0.20	22.06	0.27	1.61			0.27	1 61				
Private Limited)	49%	0.20	23.86	0.37	4.64	-	-	0.37	4 .64				
3. Gateway Terminals India Pvt.	260/	2 27	270.10	0.08	0.06	(2.21)	(0.20)	0.00	0.76				
Ltd.	26%	2.27	270.19	0.08	0.96	(3.31)	(0.20)	0.06	0.76				
4. India Gateway Terminal Pvt. Ltd.	11.87%	0.08	0.01	0.78	9.80			0.77	0.90				
5. TCI-CONCOR Multimodal	11.8/%	0.08	9.91	0.78	9.80	-	-	0.77	9 .80				
Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	49%	0.13	15.57	0.24	3.05			0.24	2 05				
Solutions PVt. Ltd.	49%	0.13	15.57	0.24	3.03	-	_	0.24	3 .05				



6. Container Gateway Limited	49%	0.00	0.00					-	-
7. Allcargo Logistics Park Pvt.									
Ltd.	49%	0.19	22.60	0.44	5.60	(0.15)	(0.01)	0.44	5.39
8. CMA-CGM Logistics Park									
(Dadri) Pvt. Ltd.	49%	0.17	20.38	0.36	4.60	-	-	0.36	4.60
9. Angul Sukinda Railway Ltd.	26%	2.23	265.55	0.01	0.12	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.12
Foreign									
1. Himalayan Terminals Pvt. Ltd.	40%	0.01	0.72	0.01	0.10	-	-	0.01	0.10
Total		100.00	11,926.52	100.00	1,262.09	100.00	6.55	100.00	1,268.64

71(b) In respect of M/s PLIL, restatement of Balances has been done due to prior period expenses/income amount to Rs.0.76 Crores during FY 2022-23. The same has not been considered material to the group while preparing Consolidated Financial Statements in FY 2022-23.



72. In respect of JV Gateway Terminals India Private Limited, Company share is 26%. As reported previously, the Companies revenue is determined by Tariff Authority for Major Parts (TAMP) based on the applicable tariff guidelines. TAMP notified a reduction of tariff by 44.28% as compared to the existing rates vide its order dated July 2, 2012 w.e.f. February 12, 2012.

The said order was challenged by the company and against which Bombay High Court issued an interim order on July 2, 2012 stating "Pending further orders the petitioners shall be permitted to charge and collect the tariff at the rates prevailing prior to impugned order dated January 19, 2012. However the petitioners shall keep the account of every such transaction and in the event of the petitioners not succeeding in the writ petition, collection of any amounts by the petitioners over and above the tariff prescribed by the impugned order, shall be subject to the further orders of this court." A petition has also been filed by the Indian Private Ports & Terminals Association at Delhi high court, which is being heard. The Company has been legally advised on the matter on the merits of the case and also the Company's right to use the Tariff Differential collected for the operations of the Company. Based on legal advice obtained, the Company had recognized revenue at gross level in the books and utilized the Tariff Differential collected on the invoice raised, for the day to day operation of the Company.

The Company also paid revenue share to Jawaharlal Nehru Port Trust (now known as Jawaharlal Nehru Port Authority) on the Tariff Differential collected based on the MOU entered between both the parties.

Income from Port Services for the year includes revenues of ₹ Nil crore (previous year: ₹ Nil crore) pertaining to differential tariff. Appropriation of income to JNPT for the year includes ₹ Nil crore (previous year ₹ Nil crore) pertaining to differential tariff. As at March 31, 2024, the Company has accounted revenue of ₹2457.26 crore (Previous year: ₹ 2457.26 crore) pertaining to differential tariff and has appropriated income to JNPT of ₹872.40 crore (as at March 31, 2023: ₹ 872.40 crore) on the above differential tariff for the period February 23, 2012 to April 01, 2020.

73. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors in its meeting held on 16th May, 2024.

In terms of our report attached

For HEM SANDEEP & CO. Chartered Accountants FRN-009907N For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Himanshu Saxena (Sanjay Swarup) (Manoj K. Dubey) (Harish Chandra)
Partner Chairman & Managing Director Director (Finance) & CFO Executive Director (Finance)
Membership no: 546385 (DIN:05159435) (DIN:07518387) & Company Secretary

Place: Greater Noida Date: 16th May,2024



HEM SANDEEP & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

1961, KATRA KHUSHAL RAI, KINARI BAZAR, CHANDNI CHOWK DELHI-110006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED** ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), its associates and jointly controlled entities, which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2024, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities as at March 31, 2024 and their consolidated profit (including other comprehensive income), their consolidated changes in equity and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, its associates and jointly controlled entities in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year ended 31st March 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be key audit matters to be communicated in our report.



Key Audit Matter	How our Audit Addressed the Key Audit matter		
Demand raised by Railways against the company:	Our audit procedures included the following:		
The company has received demand against Land Licence fee for three terminals namely Phillaur for Rs.15.96 Crores, Tughlakabad for Rs.677.68 Crores and Moradabad for Rs.5.58 Crores.	 Discussion with the management on the policy matter of land licence fee (LLF) payable to Railway. The Railway Board As per Master Circular issued by Railways on 4.10.2022, the annual Land Licence fee will be payable @ 6% of market value of land with annual escalation of 7%. The market value is to be taken as Industrial land rate specified in the State(s). The company has assessed the liability of LLF based on the area of land measured under Joint inspection of company and Railway and calculated the LLF by applying industrial land rates taken from respective Land Revenue Authorities. In said cases, the demand is mainly due to differences in assessment of land area and market value of land between the company and Indian Railways (IR). The same are being 		
	 reconciled with respective Divisional offices of IR, which are under their consideration for necessary correction. We have obtained representation letter from the management on the assessment of these matters as per SA 580 (revised). 		

Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The holding company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management Discussion and Analysis, Director's Report including annexure to Director's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance, ten years Financial/physical performance and data and letter from Chairman & Managing Director are included in the annual report of the holding company but do not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Consolidated Financial Statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance (including other comprehensive income), consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its Associates and Jointly controlled entities in



accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors ' of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities to continue as a going concern disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SA's, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated financial statements whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- b. Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- c. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- d. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to cease to continue as a going concern.



- e. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- f. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that individually or in aggregate makes it probable that the economic decisions of reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and where applicable related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw the attention to the following:

1. Container Corporation of India Limited

a) Refer Note 33, 46 and 58, which describe payment of Land Licence Fee to Indian Railways for land leased to it on the basis of the company assessment in line with master circular dated 04.10.2022 issued by Railway and is not final. In view of the uncertainty of the lease terms, no Right of Use (ROU) has been assessed as required under Ind AS 116.

2. Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited

- a) Note No. 8(c) of their financial statements in respect of sundry debtors there is uncertainty related to the outcome of the lawsuit filed against various sundry debtors. The company has taken appropriate action in this respect.
- b) Note No. 8(a) of their financial statements, include amount recoverable from the customer (i) M/S Elements Exports Rs 10,92,656/- and (ii) M/S SRC Overseas Rs 70,037/- which are outstanding for more than 1 year. No recovery suit has been filed by the company against them.



3. CONCOR Air Limited

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern: -

We draw attention to Note No. 41 of the financial statements, which indicates that Board has decided to Transfer and Sell the Concessional Rights and Fixed assets of CONCOR AIR Ltd. to MIAL as per Agreed Terms and Conditions. The Contract period is up to Jan.2026 but in the interest of CONCOR Air Ltd., the termination is done before the expiry of the Concession period. This will have the major impact on the Business of the Company in Future. At present, the company has no other customer/buyer. Therefore, as stated in the point, this event indicate that material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the financial statements of the company have been prepared on a going concern basis and our opinion is not modified in respect of the matter.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above stated matters..

Other Matter

1. Container Corporation of India Limited

We did not audit the financial statements / financial information of four (4) subsidiaries, whose financial statements/ financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 422.57 Crores as at 31st March 2024, total revenues of Rs. 74.37 Crores and net cash flow amounting to Rs. 31.60 Crores for the year ended on that date as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit of Rs. 4.23 Crores for the year ended 31st March 2024 as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of two (2) jointly controlled entities, whose financial statements/ financial information have not been audited by us. These Financial statements / financial information have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements in so for as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities and our report in terms of subsections (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit of Rs. 25.63 Crores for the year ended 31st March 2024 as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of ten (10) jointly controlled entities, whose financial statements / financial information have not been audited by us. These financial statements / financial information are unaudited and have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these jointly controlled entities and our report in terms of sub sections (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act in so far so it relates to the aforesaid jointly controlled entities, is based solely on such unaudited financial statements / financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, this financial statements / financial information is not material to the Group.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements / financial information certified by the Management.

2. SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Limited

The preparation of Ind AS financial Statement is the management responsibility, where in during the course of Audit, below matters, although appropriately presented or disclosed in the financial statements, that is of such importance that it is fundamental to users' understanding of the financial statements are stated as under.

a) Reference: - Note 22: Other current financial liabilities



The Balances payables for Other Current Financial liabilities such as Payable against Capital Purchase and Other Current Payables are outstanding for long period of time which are considered good and undisputed as per information and details representation by Management.

Details	As at March	Less than	1-2 Years	2-3	More than
	31, 2024	1 Year		Years	3 Years
Payable against capital purchase	0.31	0.01	0.17	0.10	0.03
Other Current Liabilities	0.26	0.11	0.01	0.02	0.12
Total	0.57	0.12	0.18	0.12	0.15

(Amount in Crores)

b) Reference: - Note 42: Trade Payables aging schedule as at 31.03.2024

The balance of Trade Payable Other than MSME, depicted as Others in Schedule 42 for Rs 13,347.30 (Amount in Thousands '000), consist of Expenses Payable for UPCL amounting to Rs 681.72 (Amount in Thousands '000) for a temporary connection (Category Tariff - RTS -7 having Load 355 KVA for KNO-LP 427 with Connection number T-159).-

Wherein the Company has collected amounts from various vendors on account of electricity expenses during the Year 2015 to Year 2018, which is payable to UPCL for electricity bill against the temporary connection, the billing for which is not received since March 2015 to date of disconnection and according not paid by the company till date.

Management is requested to take sufficient and appropriate action for either payment to UPCL against the payables outstanding in books since Year 2015 or refund of money collected from vendor on account of electricity charges.

c) Trade Receivables & Trade Payables

Balance confirmation for Receivables and Payables are not available with the entity, Advance collected from many customers amounting to Rs 5,910.77 (Amount in Thousands '000), Including VDS are not confirmed from vendors. There should be proper mechanism for balance confirmations to be maintained for the stakeholders.

Furthermore, We do not qualify our audit opinion due to aforementioned other matters.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1) As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so for as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
- c. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Consolidated statement of changes in equity and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d. In our opinion the aforesaid consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standard specified under section 133 of the Act.
- e. As per notification number G.S.R. 463(E) dated 5th June 2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, section 164(2) of the Act regarding the disqualification of Directors is not applicable to the holding company since it is a Government Company. On the basis of reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies,



associate companies and jointly controlled companies incorporated in India none of the directors of the Group companies, its associate companies and jointly controlled companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31st March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

- f. With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls refer to our separate report in "Annexure A".
- g. Compliance of directions issued by Comptroller & Auditor General of India in terms of Sub section (5) of Section 143 of the Act is attached as 'Annexure B'.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report as per notification number G.S.R. 463(E) dated 5th June, 2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs section 197(16) of the Act regarding the Managerial remuneration is not applicable to the holding company since it is a Government Company. On the basis of reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies, Associate companies and jointly controlled companies incorporated in India, the remuneration paid by the respective companies to their directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- i. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group its associates and jointly controlled entities- Refer Note 48 to the consolidated financial statements.
 - ii. The Group, its associates and jointly controlled entities did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, associate companies and jointly controlled companies incorporated in India.
- iv. (a)The management of the Company has represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company or any of such subsidiaries or jointly controlled entities to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or any of such subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The management of the Company has represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company or any of such subsidiaries or jointly controlled entities from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company or any of such subsidiaries shall, directly or indirectly, lend or investing other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (c)Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us on the Company, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11 (e), as provided under (a)and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. As stated in Note 20.2 to the consolidated financial statements,



- The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act, as applicable.
- The interim dividend declared and paid by the Company during the year and until the date of this report is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
- The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.
- Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023. Accordingly, based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail (Edit Log) facility and the sane has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded it the software.

For Hem Sandeep & Co **Chartered Accountants**

FRN: 009907N

Date: 16th May 2024 Place: Greater Noida

Himanshu Saxena

Partner

M. No. 546385

UDIN: 24546385BKDOC0B8056



Annexure - A to the Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to Paragraph 1 (f) under the heading of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial control over financial reporting of **CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED** ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), its associates and jointly controlled entities which are companies incorporated in India as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Respective Board of Directors/Management of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies, its associates and jointly controlled entities which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI").

These responsibilities include the design implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities, based on our audit we conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial control system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting assessing the risk that a material weakness exists and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

According to the Annexure-A of Independent Auditor's Report of Concor Air Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the holding company, following material weaknesses have been identified by the auditor: -

Whereas the company has developed some internal financial control systems over financial reporting and such internal financial control over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31.03.2024, there is an urgent need for development of a comprehensive Internal Financial Control Manual based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Control over financial reporting issued by the institute of Chartered Accountants of India and devising process for periodic verification of the various modules of the referred Manual. The above inference is drawn based on the following weaknesses observed: -

- 1) The Company is running standalone IT system for revenue Accounting and for accounting of receivables etc., which is not integrated with the financial package Tally. The company needs to integrate the two and incorporate internal control and audit system to verify the correctness of data.
- 2) System of reconciling the input Taxes with GST Returns and information available on the portal needs strengthening.

Except to the matters mentioned above in respect of CONCOR Air Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary company of the holding company, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Holding Company, its other subsidiary companies, its associates and jointly controlled entities which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3) (i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting in so far as it relates to four (4) subsidiaries and two (2) Jointly



Controlled Entities audited by other auditors, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies and in respect of ten (10) jointly controlled entities, is based on the certification provided by the management. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

For Hem Sandeep & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 009907N

Date: 16th May 2024
Place: Greater Noida

(Himanshu Saxena)
Partner
M. No. 546385

UDIN:

24546385BKDOCB8056

Annexure - B to the Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to Paragraph 1 (g) under the heading of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date

According to the information and explanations given to us we report as under:

SN	Directions u/s 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013	Observations/Findings	Impact on Financial
	00 pu 001200		Statement
1	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the Integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	The Holding Company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system i.e. Oracle. The operational entries of the Holding Company like revenue, customer ledger account, pre-deposits accounts etc. have been recorded in a separate IT system (viz. DTMS, ETMS and CCLS) other than financial reporting IT system (viz. Oracle). Further, payroll of the Holding Company is maintained through HRMS system, payment to vendors/contractor's bills is done in e-billing module and spares inventory of the Company is maintained through Maximo. Based on the audit procedures carried out and as per the information and explanations given to us, no accounting transactions have been processed/carried outside the IT system. Accordingly, there are no implications on the integrity of the accounts.	
		The Subsidiary M/s Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited:	
		The Company has system in place to process accounting transactions through IT System. The operational entries of the Company like revenue, customer ledger accounts etc., have been recorded in Tally Prime. The payments and Company accounts are maintained in Tally Prime. The income generated through commercial software is transferred to accounting software through separate	



entries at monthly intervals. However, the Company has adequate internal control and audit systems to verify correctness of the entries collated and posted in Tally Prime Edit Log Gold.

Based on the audit procedures carried out and as per the information and explanations given to us, no accounting transactions have been processed/carried outside the IT system. Accordingly, there are no implications on the integrity of the accounts.

The Subsidiary -M/s CONCOR Air Ltd.:

The Company is running standalone IT system for revenue accounting and for accounting of receivables etc., which is not integrated with the financial package "Tally". The Company needs to integrate the two and incorporate internal control and audit system to verify the correctness of data.

The Subsidiary- M/s Punjab Logistics & Infrastructure Limited:

The Company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system. The operational entries of the company like revenue, customer ledger account, pre-deposits accounts etc. have been recorded in 2 separate IT systems (viz. DTMS) other than financial reporting IT system (viz. Tally ERP 9). The payments and company accounts are maintained in Tally ERP 9. The income generated through commercial software is transferred to accounting software through separate entries at monthly intervals.

The Subsidiary - SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Limited:

The Company has system in place to process accounting transactions through IT System. The operational entries of the Company like revenue, customer ledger accounts, pre-deposit accounts etc., have been recorded in 3 separate IT system (viz. DTMS & ETMS) other than financial reporting IT System (viz. Tally ERP 9). The payments and Company accounts are maintained in Tally ERP 9. The income generated through commercial software is transferred to accounting software through separate entries at monthly intervals. However, the Company has adequate internal control and audit systems to verify correctness of the entries collated and posted in Oracle.



2	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a Government Company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender Company).	Based on the audit procedures carried out and as per the information and explanations given to us, some loose spare tools were not recorded in the IT system and are directly purchase from the holding company, Which was duly recorded in books of accounts and the same is reconciled during the stock audit done by Internal Auditor. According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of records of the Holding Company, there has been no restructuring of existing loans or cases of waiver /write off of debts/loans /interest etc. made by the lender to the company due to the Company's inability to repay the loan. The Subsidiary M/s Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Ltd.: According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of records of the company, there are no restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan. Further, no loan has been availed during the FY 2023-24. The Subsidiary M/s CONCOR Air Ltd.: Based on the information and explanation furnished to us by the management, there were no such cases of restructuring of loans or waivers/written off debts/loans/interest, etc. made by the Company during the financial year 2023-24. The Subsidiary M/s Punjab Logistics and Infrastructure Limited: Based on the verification of records and according to the information and explanations provided to us, there is no restructuring of an existing loan (or) waiver/write off debts/loans/interest etc., made by the lender due to Company's inability to pay.	
		Based on the information and explanation furnished to us by the management, there were no such cases of restructuring of loans or waivers/written off debts/loans/interest, etc. made by the Company during the financial year 2023-24.	
3	Whether funds (grants/ subsidy etc.) received/receivable for specific	Based on the information and explanation furnished to us, the Holding Company has not received	



schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for /utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation. (grant/ subsidy etc.) towards any specific scheme from Central/State Government or its agencies by the Company during the financial year 2023-24.

The Subsidiary M/s Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited:

Based on the information and explanation furnished to us, there are no funds grant/subsidy etc.) received/receivable in the Company and no assets received from Government or other authorities. Hence, not applicable.

The Subsidiary M/s CONCOR Air Limited:

Based on the information and explanations furnished to us, there were no such funds received/receivable for specific schemes from central/state agencies by the Company during the Financial Year 2023-24.

The Subsidiary M/s Punjab Logistics and Infrastructure Limited:

Based on the information and explanations furnished to us, there were no such funds received/receivable towards any specific schemes from Central/State agencies.

The Subsidiary SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Limited:

Based on the information and explanations furnished to us, there were no such funds received/receivable towards any specific schemes from Central/State agencies by the Company during the FY 2023-24.

For Hem Sandeep & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 009907N

Date: 16thMay 2024 Place: Greater Noida

Himanshu Saxena

Partner

M. No. 546385

UDIN: 24546385BKDPC0B8056





महानिदेशक लेखापरीक्षा का कार्यालय रेलवे वाणिज्यिक, नई दिल्ली C/O भारत के नियंत्रक और महालेखा परीक्षक

Office of the Director General of Audit Railway Commercial, New Delhi c/o Comptroller and Auditor General of India



दिनांक: 02.08.2024

लोकहितार्थ सत्यनिष्ठा Dedicated to Truth in Public Interest 4, दीनदयाल उपाध्याय मार्ग, नई दिल्ली 4, Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Marg, New Delhi-110002

संख्या/ डी.जी. ए/आर.सी/AA-CONCOR/83-33/2024-25/252

सेवामें.

अध्यक्ष एवं प्रबंध निदेशक,

कंटेनर कॉर्पोरेशन ऑफ इंडिया लिमिटेड, कॉनकॉर भवन, सी-3, मथुरा रोड, नईदिल्ली- 110076.

महोदय,

विषय: 31 मार्च 2024 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए कंटेनर कॉर्पोरेशन ऑफ इंडिया लिमिटेड के वित्तीय विवरणों (Standalone Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements) पर कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143(6)(b) के अंतर्गत भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ।

मैं, कंटेनर कॉर्पोरेशन ऑफ इंडिया लिमिटेड (Standalone Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements) के 31 मार्च 2024 को समाप्त वर्ष के वित्तीय विवरणों पर कंपनी अधिनियम, 2013 की धारा 143 (6) (b) के अंतर्गत भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ अग्रेषित कर रहा हूँ |

कृप्या इस पत्र की संलग्नकों सहित प्राप्ति की पावती भेजी जाए |

भवदीय,

संलग्न: यथोपरी

हस्ता./-

(डॉ. नीलोत्पल गोस्वामी) महानिदेशक (रेलवे वाणिज्यक)



COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

The preparation of financial statements of **Container Corporation of India Limited** for the year ended 31 March 2024 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the Company. The Statutory Auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under Section139 (5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under Section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 16 May 2024.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of **Container Corporation of India Limited** for the year ended 31 March 2024 under Section 143(6)(a) of the Act. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the Statutory Auditor and is limited primarily to inquiries of the Statutory Auditor and Company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

On the basis of my supplementary audit nothing significant has come to my knowledge which would give rise to any comment upon or supplement to Statutory Auditor's report under Section 143(6)(b) of the Act.

For and on the behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

sd/-

(Dr. Nilotpal Goswami) Director General of Audit Railway Commercial, New Delhi

Place: New Delhi Dated: 02.08.2024



COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6)(b) READ WITH SECTION 129(4) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

The preparation of consolidated financial statements of **Container Corporation of India Limited** for the year ended 31 March 2024 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The Statutory Auditors appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under Section 139(5) read with Section 129(4) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under Section 143 read with Section 129(4) of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 16 May 2024.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the consolidated financial statements of **Container Corporation of India Limited** for the year ended 31 March 2024 under Section 143(6)(a) read with Section129(4) of the Act. We conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of CONCOR Air Limited, SIDCUL CONCOR Infra Company Limited, Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited and Punjab Logistics Infrastructure Limited but did not conduct supplementary audit of the financial statements of Angul Sukinda Railway Company Limited for the year ended on that date. Further, Section 139(5) and 143(6)(a) of the Act are not applicable to the Joint Ventures (as per annexure) being private entities, for appointment of their Statutory Auditor and for conduct of supplementary audit. Accordingly, Comptroller and Auditor General of India has neither appointed the Statutory Auditors nor conducted the supplementary audit of these companies. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the Statutory Auditors and is limited primarily to inquiries of the Statutory Auditors and Company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

On the basis of my supplementary audit nothing significant has come to my knowledge which would give rise to any comment upon or supplement to Statutory Auditor's report under Section 143(6)(b) of the Act.

For and on the behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

sd/-

(Dr. Nilotpal Goswami) Director General of Audit Railway Commercial, New Delhi

Place: New Delhi Dated: 02.08.2024



ANNEXURE

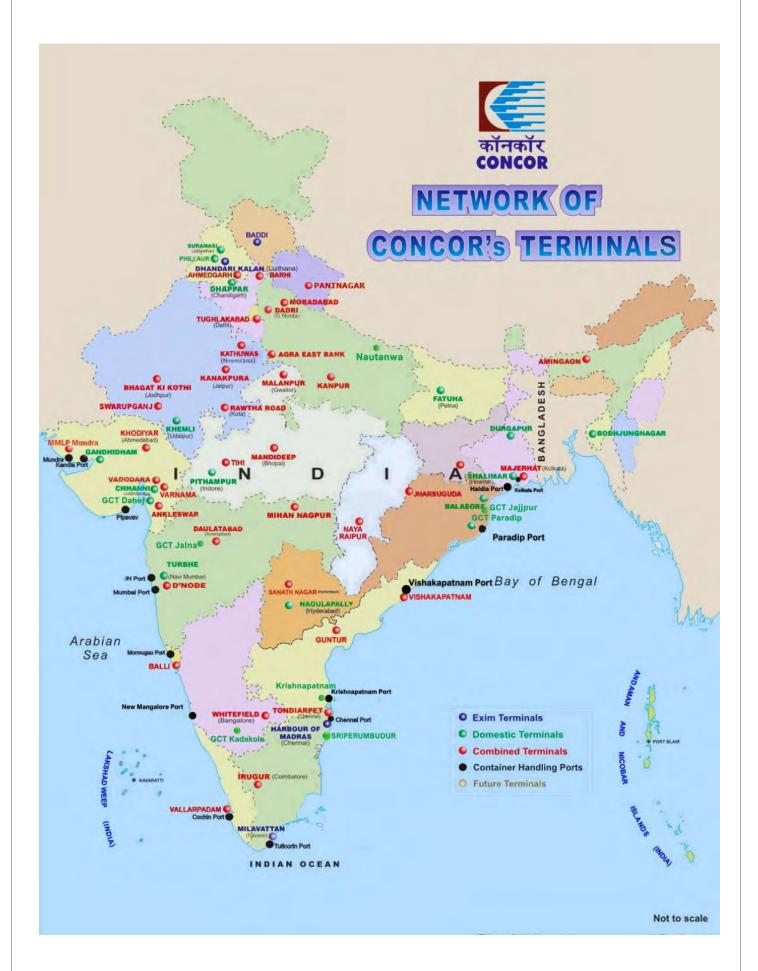
List of Subsidiaries, Associate company and Joint Ventures of CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED, New Delhi for which supplementary audit was not conducted under section 143(6)(a) read with section 129(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the year 2023-24.

Associate Company/ Joint Ventures

- 1. Star Track Terminals Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Transworld Terminals Dadri Private Limited
- 3. Gateway Terminals India Private Ltd.
- 4. Himalayan Terminals Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. India Gateway Terminal Private Ltd.
- 6. TCI-CONCOR Multimodal Solutions Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Container Gateway Ltd.
- 8. Allcargo Logistics Park Pvt. Ltd.
- 9. CMA-CGM Logistics Park (Dadri) Pvt. Ltd.
- 10. HALCON
- 11. Pipavav Integrated Logistics-HUB (PILH)

Sr. Audit Officer (Co-ordination) Railway Commercial



















भारतीय कंटेनर निगम लिमिटेड

(भारत सरकार का एक नवरत्न उपक्रम)

CONTAINER CORPORATION OF INDIA LTD.

(A Navratna Undertaking of Government of India)
A Multi-Modal Logistics Company

Reg. Office. CONCOR Bhawan, C-3 Mathura Road, Opp. Apollo Hospital, New Delhi-110076

CIN:L63011DL1988GOI030915 Tel.:011- 41222500/600/700

Email: investorrelations@concorindia.com Website: www.concorindia.co.in